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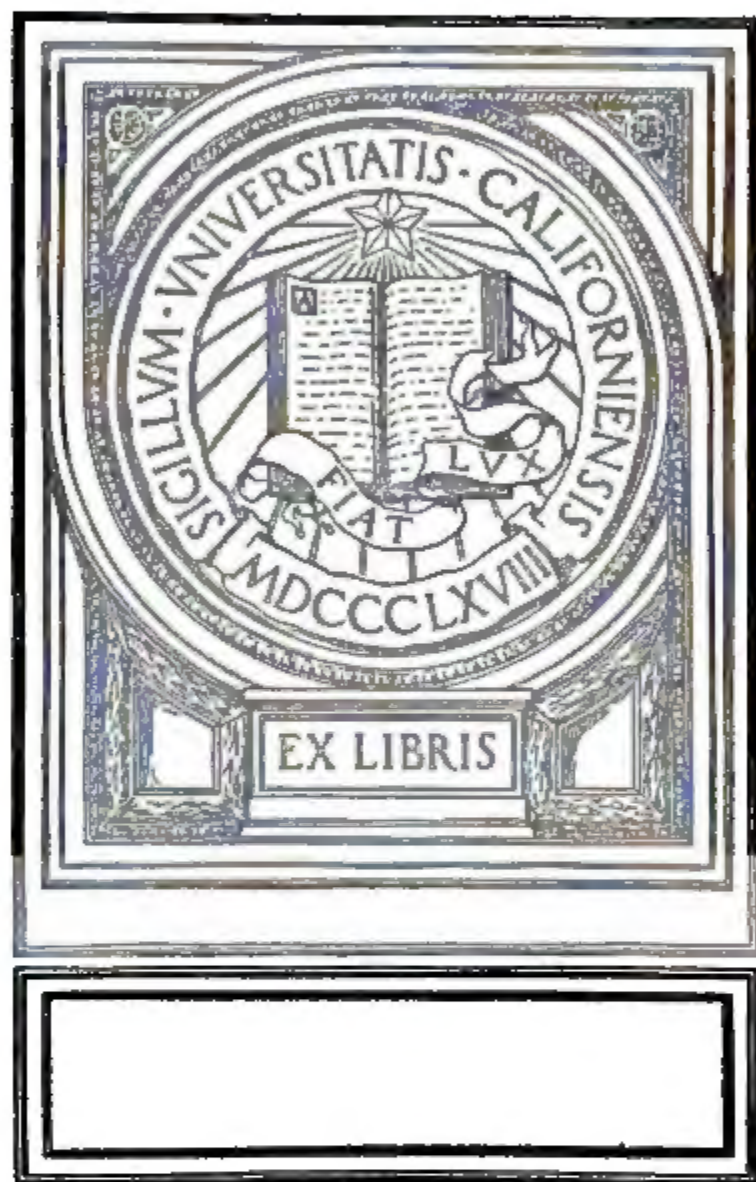
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C. C. Jones
1877

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THE HISTORY
OF
WINNEBAGO COUNTY, ILL.,
ITS
PAST AND PRESENT,

CONTAINING

A HISTORY OF THE COUNTY—ITS CITIES, TOWNS, ETC., A BIOGRAPHICAL
DIRECTORY OF ITS CITIZENS, WAR RECORD OF ITS VOLUNTEERS IN
THE LATE REBELLION, PORTRAITS OF EARLY SETTLERS AND
PROMINENT MEN, GENERAL AND LOCAL STATISTICS,
HISTORY OF THE NORTHWEST, HISTORY OF ILLINOIS,
CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES, MAP OF
WINNEBAGO COUNTY, MISCELLANEOUS
MATTERS, ETC., ETC.

ILLUSTRATED.

CHICAGO:
H. F. KETT & CO., COR. 5TH AVE. AND WASHINGTON ST.
1877.

PREFACE.

Less than fifty years ago, the Rock River country, now so replete with all the more advanced accomplishments of civilization and intelligence, was an unbroken and undisturbed Indian wild—the hunting grounds of that tribe of red men from whom the County of Winnebago derives its name. The only white man known to have had a home here, previous to the Fall of 1834, was STEPHEN MACK, a son of Vermont, who, with that spirit and love of adventure peculiarly characteristic of the pioneers of the Great West, appears to have drifted into the valley of Rock River, and found a home within the limits of the County of Winnebago, as early as 1829. Five years later, in the month of August, 1834, two other sons of the Eastern States, GERMANICUS KENT and THATCHER BLAKE, born and raised in almost adjoining states—Connecticut and Maine—but never knowing each other until they met at Galena, both *en route* for the same objective point, anchored their light canoe at the mouth of a small creek that now bears the name of one of these men, (Kent,) and stepped ashore to consecrate the grove-besprinkled and flower-bedecked prairies to the uses of the white man.

The lapse of time in the intervening years since the date of these events, the changes that have followed, have not been without their history: a history full of important events, and fraught with interest to the sons and daughters of those who followed in the footsteps of STEPHEN MACK, GERMANICUS KENT and THATCHER BLAKE from the old homes in the New England States to the haunts of the Winnebagoes, and whose energy, enterprise and industry have made the fertile valleys, prairies and grove-covered hillsides of half a century ago to abound with modern acquirements, intelligence, wealth and prosperity.

To preserve this history to the literature of the county, and thus hand it down to posterity as a completing link in the history of that great country of which Winnebago County is an integral part, has been the object of this undertaking. And while the publishers do not arrogate to themselves a degree of accuracy beyond criticism, they hope to be found measurably correct in their compilation and arrangement of the almost innumerable incidents that have been swallowed up in the PAST, and that enter so largely into the PRESENT of the community in whose interest this volume is written.

Without the aid and assistance of the survivors of the pioneers of 1834-5, or of their immediate descendants, and numerous notes from their carefully written and well preserved diaries, our task would have been far more arduous and difficult. To the patriarchs of the PAST, who have so favored us, as well as to the representative men of the PRESENT, we tender our grateful acknowledgements. Among these we take especial pleasure in mentioning the names of THATCHER BLAKE (the only male survivor of the settlers of 1834), JAMES B. MARTYN (of Belvidere), THOMAS D. ROBERTSON, SELDEN M. CHURCH, GOODYEAR A. SANFORD, H. R. ENOCH, Esq., Editor of the *Rockford Journal*, JOHN H. THURSTON and A. I. ENOCH, whose retentive memories have added largely to whatever of interest may be accredited to this volume.

The undertaking of the publishers completed, it only remains for them to tender to the people of Winnebago County in general their obligations and acknowledgements for the uniform kindness and courtesy extended to them, and their representatives and agents, during the preparation of these annals, as well as for their liberal patronage, without which this history would have been left buried beneath the *debris* of time, unwritten and unpreserved.

Respectfully,

H. F. KETT & Co.,

CHICAGO, November, 1877.

Publishers.

CONTENTS.

HISTORICAL.

	PAGE.
History Northwest Territory..	19
Geographical Position.....	19
Early Explorations	20
Discovery of the Ohio.....	33
English Explorations and Settlements	35
American Settlements.....	60
Division of the Northwest Territory	66
Tecumseh and the War of 1812	70
Black Hawk and the Black Hawk War.....	74
Other Indian Troubles.....	79
Present Condition of the Northwest.....	87
Illinois.....	99
Indiana.....	101
Iowa.....	102
Michigan.....	103
Wisconsin.....	104
Minnesota.....	106
Nebraska.....	107

	PAGE.
History of Illinois.....	109
Coal.....	123
Compact of 1787.....	117
Chicago.....	139
Early Discoveries.....	109
Early Settlements.....	115
Education.....	129
French Occupation.....	112
Genius of La Salle.....	113
Material Resources.....	124
Massacre at Ft. Dearborn.....	141
Physical Features.....	121
Progress of Development.....	123
Religion and Morals.....	128
War Record.....	130
History of Winnebago Co.....	221
Physical Geography.....	226
Geological Formations.....	227
Economical Geology.....	231
Indian Antiquities.....	232
General History.....	234
Agricultural.....	285
War Record.....	310

	PAGE.
History of Winnebago Co.	
Old Settler's Association.....	349
River Improvements.....	354
Educational.....	354
Religious Interests.....	359
Court House.....	362
Official Record.....	386
Vote of County.....	394 and 395
Property Statement.....	396
History of Towns:	
Argyle.....	454
Cherry Valley.....	443
Durand.....	451
Guilford.....	453
Harrison.....	453
Harlem.....	455
New Milford.....	455
Pecatonica.....	439
Rockford.....	399
Rockton.....	445
Roscoe.....	449
Shirland.....	454
Winnebago.....	430

ILLUSTRATIONS.

	PAGE.
Mouth of the Mississippi.....	21
Source of the Mississippi.....	21
Wild Prairie.....	23
La Salle Landing on the Shore of Green Bay.....	25
Buffalo Hunt.....	27
Trapping.....	29
Hunting.....	32
Iroquois Chief.....	34
Pontiac, the Ottawa Chieftain.....	43
Indians Attacking Frontiers- men.....	56
A Prairie Storm.....	59
A Pioneer Dwelling.....	61
Breaking Prairie.....	63
Tecumseh, the Shawnee Chief- tain.....	69

	PAGE.
Indians Attacking a Stockade.....	72
Black Hawk, the Sac Chieftain.....	75
Big Eagle.....	80
Captain Jack, the Modoc Chief- tain.....	83
Kinzie House.....	85
Village Residence.....	86
A Representative Pioneer.....	87
Lincoln Monument, Spring- field, Ill.....	88
A Pioneer School House.....	89
Farm View in the Winter.....	90
Spring Scene.....	91
Pioneers' First Winter.....	92
Apple Harvest.....	94
Great Iron Bridge of C. R. I.....	

	PAGE.
and P. R. R., Crossing the Mississippi at Davenport, Iowa.....	96
A Western Dwelling.....	100
Hunting Prairie Wolves in an Early Day.....	108
Starved Rock, on the Illinois River, La Salle Co., Ill.....	110
An Early Settlement.....	116
Chicago in 1833.....	133
Old Fort Dearborn, 1830.....	136
Present Site Lake St. Bridge, Chicago, 1833.....	136
Ruins of Chicago.....	142
View of the City of Chicago.....	144
Shabbona.....	149

LITHOGRAPHIC PORTRAITS.

	PAGE.
lake, Thatcher.....	147
hurch, S. M.....	219
arpenter, Jno. H.....	317
arpenter, Mary L.....	387
rons, R. J.....	317
ochran, Geo.....	407
ampbell, David.....	609
unwell, C. A.....	347
noch, H. R.....	183
erguson, Duncan.....	467
rench, Irvin.....	567

	PAGE.
George, Sampson.....	297
Hooker, Harley.....	287
Herring, Jno.....	417
Hollister, Geo. H.....	447
Haskell, Geo.....	457
Hussey, D. J.....	505
Jones, J. P.....	547
Keith, Lewis.....	367
Lake, Jno.....	397
Lowry, M. L.....	577
Manny, Jno. P.....	165

	PAGE.
Patterson, A.....	337
Perley, Putnam.....	437
Smith, A. E.....	201
Talcott, Wm.....	237
Talcott, H. W.....	247
Talcott, Wait.....	257
Talcott, Thos. B.....	267
Talcott, Sylvester.....	277
Thompson, N. C.....	477
Vansickle, Jno.....	327

WINNEBAGO COUNTY WAR RECORD.

	PAGE.
Infantry.....	315
8th.....	315
11th.....	315
15th.....	319
44th.....	320
45th.....	322
52d.....	324
55th.....	325

	PAGE.
Infantry.....	
67th.....	326
74th.....	329
90th.....	336
141st.....	339
146th.....	339
147th.....	340
153d.....	341

	PAGE.
Miscellaneous Infantry.....	342
Cavalry.....	343
8th.....	343
11th.....	344
12th.....	344
17th.....	345
Miscellaneous Cavalry.....	346
Artillery.....	346

CONTENTS.

DIRECTORY.

	PAGE.		PAGE.		PAGE.
Burritt Township.....	581	Laona Township.....	632	Rockton Township.....	652
Cherry Valley Township.....	589	New Milford Township.....	555	Roscoe ".....	618
Durand ".....	608	Owen ".....	628	Seward ".....	573
Guilford ".....	549	Pecatonica ".....	562	Shirland ".....	663
Harrison ".....	594	Rockford City.....	456	Winnebago ".....	635
Harlem ".....	628	Rockford Township.....	537		

ABSTRACT OF ILLINOIS STATE LAWS.

	PAGE.	Forms:	PAGE.		PAGE.
Adoption of Children.....	160	Bonds.....	176	Game.....	158
Bills of Exchange and Prom- issory Notes.....	151	Chattel Mortgages.....	177	Interest.....	151
County Courts.....	155	Codicil.....	189	Jurisdiction of Courts.....	154
Conveyances.....	164	Lease of Farm and B'ld'gs.....	179	Limitation of Action.....	155
Church Organization.....	189	Lease of House.....	180	Landlord and Tenant.....	169
Descent.....	151	Landlord's Agreement.....	180	Liens.....	172
Deeds and Mortgages.....	157	Notes.....	174	Married Women.....	155
Drainage.....	163	Notice Tenant to Quit.....	181	Millers.....	159
Damages from Trespass.....	169	Orders.....	174	Marks and Brands.....	159
Definition of Com'rcial Terms.....	173	Quit Claim Deed.....	185	Paupers.....	164
Exemptions from Forced Sale.....	156	Receipt.....	174	Roads and Bridges.....	161
Estrays.....	157	Real Estate Mortgage to secure paym't of Money.....	181	Surveyors and Surveys.....	160
Fences.....	168	Release.....	186	Suggestion to Persons purchas- ing Books by Subscription.....	190
Forms:		Tenant's Agreement.....	180	Taxes.....	154
Articles of Agreement.....	175	Tenant's Notice to Quit.....	181	Wills and Estates.....	152
Bills of Purchase.....	174	Warranty Deed.....	182	Weights and Measures.....	158
Bills of Sale.....	176	Will.....	187	Wolf Scalps.....	164

MISCELLANEOUS.

	PAGE.		PAGE.		PAGE.
Map of Winnebago Co.....	Front.	Surveyors Measure.....	211	Population of Fifty Principal Cities of the U. S.....	214
Constitution of United States.....	192	How to keep accounts.....	211	Population and Area of the United States.....	215
Electors of President and Vice-President, 1876.....	206	Interest Table.....	212	Population of the Principal Countries in the World.....	215
Practical Rules for every day use.....	207	Miscellaneous Table.....	212	Population Illinois.....	216 & 217
U. S. Government Land Meas- ure.....	210	Names of the States of the Union and their Significa- tions.....	218	Agricultural Productions of Illinois by Counties 1870.....	218
		Population of the U. S.....	214		

TOO LATES AND ERRATA.....668

THE NORTHWEST TERRITORY.

GEOGRAPHICAL POSITION.

When the Northwestern Territory was ceded to the United States by Virginia in 1784, it embraced only the territory lying between the Ohio and the Mississippi Rivers, and north to the northern limits of the United States. It coincided with the area now embraced in the States of Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, and that portion of Minnesota lying on the east side of the Mississippi River. The United States itself at that period extended no farther west than the Mississippi River; but by the purchase of Louisiana in 1803, the western boundary of the United States was extended to the Rocky Mountains and the Northern Pacific Ocean. The new territory thus added to the National domain, and subsequently opened to settlement, has been called the "New Northwest," in contradistinction from the old "Northwestern Territory."

In comparison with the old Northwest this is a territory of vast magnitude. It includes an area of 1,887,850 square miles; being greater in extent than the united areas of all the Middle and Southern States, including Texas. Out of this magnificent territory have been erected eleven sovereign States and eight Territories, with an aggregate population, at the present time, of 13,000,000 inhabitants, or nearly one third of the entire population of the United States.

Its lakes are fresh-water seas, and the larger rivers of the continent flow for a thousand miles through its rich alluvial valleys and far-stretching prairies, more acres of which are arable and productive of the highest percentage of the cereals than of any other area of like extent on the globe.

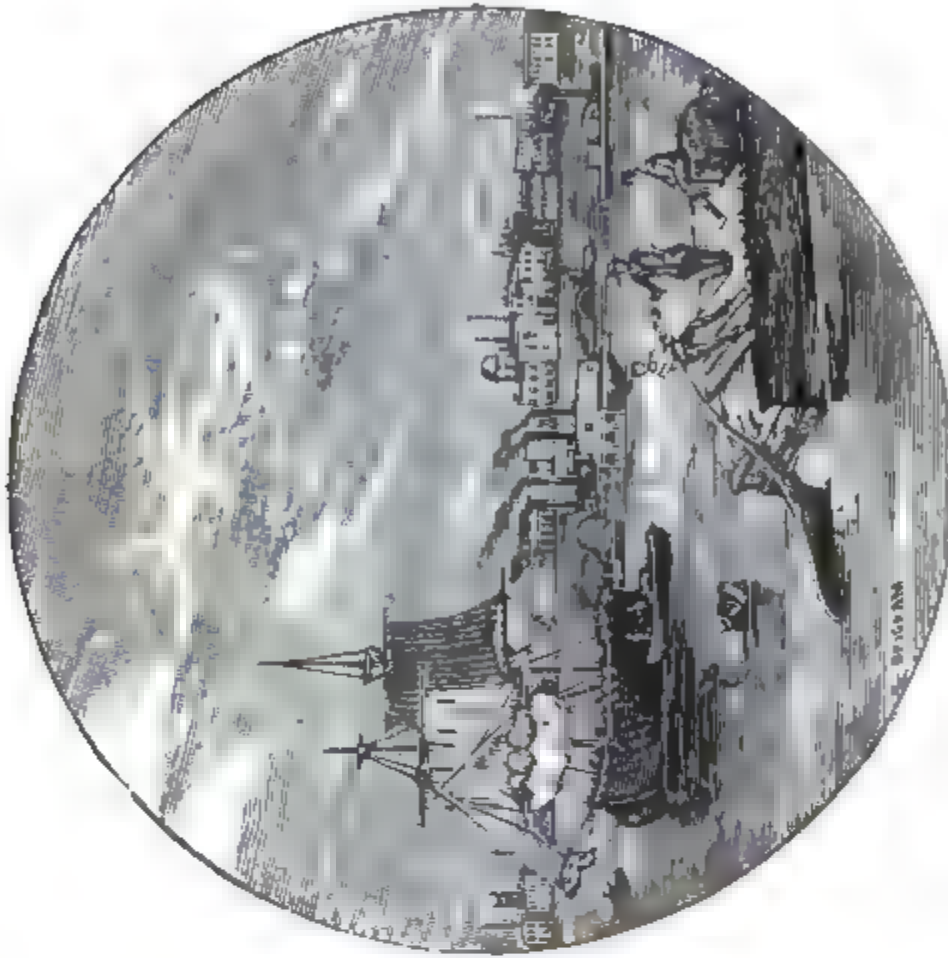
For the last twenty years the increase of population in the Northwest has been about as three to one in any other portion of the United States.

EARLY EXPLORATIONS.

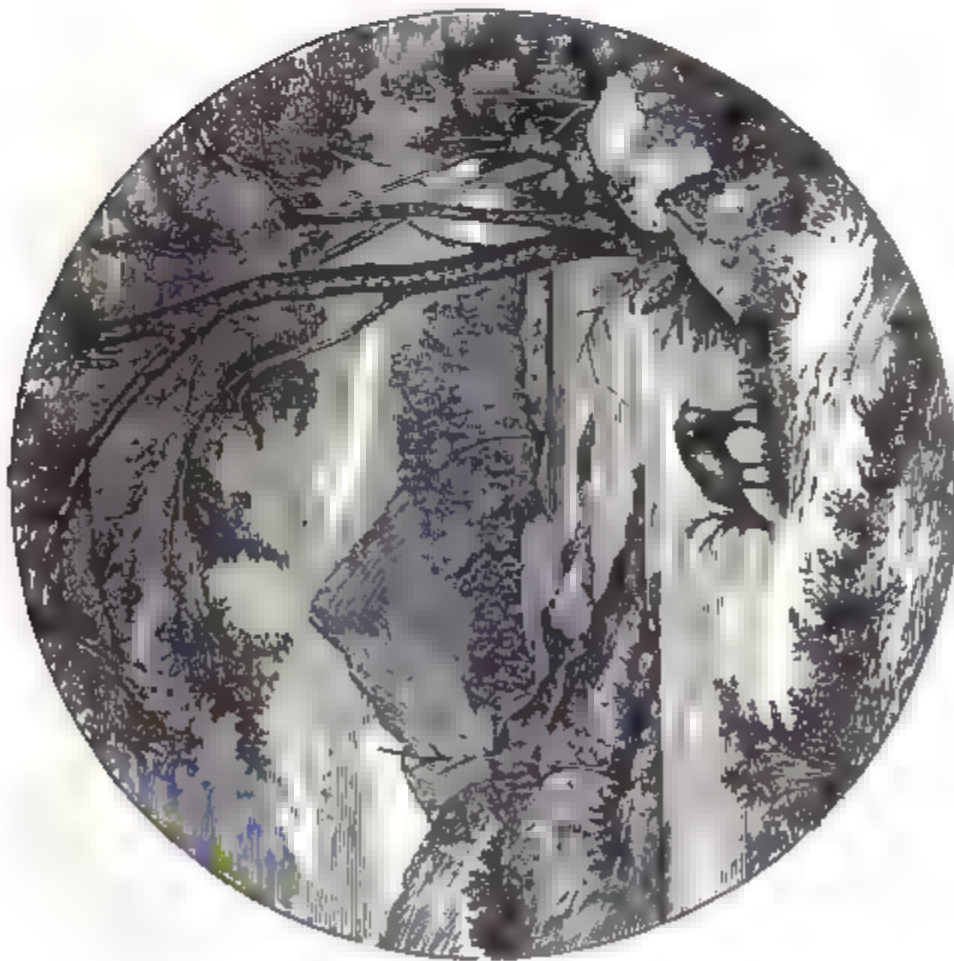
In the year 1541, DeSoto first saw the Great West in the New World. He, however, penetrated no farther north than the 35th parallel of latitude. The expedition resulted in his death and that of more than half his army, the remainder of whom found their way to Cuba, thence to Spain, in a famished and demoralized condition. DeSoto founded no settlements, produced no results, and left no traces, unless it were that he awakened the hostility of the red man against the white man, and disheartened such as might desire to follow up the career of discovery for better purposes. The French nation were eager and ready to seize upon any news from this extensive domain, and were the first to profit by DeSoto's defeat. Yet it was more than a century before any adventurer took advantage of these discoveries.

In 1616, four years before the pilgrims "moored their bark on the wild New England shore," Le Caron, a French Franciscan, had penetrated through the Iroquois and Wyandots (Hurons) to the streams which run into Lake Huron; and in 1634, two Jesuit missionaries founded the first mission among the lake tribes. It was just one hundred years from the discovery of the Mississippi by DeSoto (1541) until the Canadian envoys met the savage nations of the Northwest at the Falls of St. Mary, below the outlet of Lake Superior. This visit led to no permanent result; yet it was not until 1659 that any of the adventurous fur traders attempted to spend a Winter in the frozen wilds about the great lakes, nor was it until 1660 that a station was established upon their borders by Mesnard, who perished in the woods a few months after. In 1665, Claude Allouez built the earliest lasting habitation of the white man among the Indians of the Northwest. In 1668, Claude Dablon and James Marquette founded the mission of Sault Ste. Marie at the Falls of St. Mary, and two years afterward, Nicholas Perrot, as agent for M. Talon, Governor General of Canada, explored Lake Illinois (Michigan) as far south as the present City of Chicago, and invited the Indian nations to meet him at a grand council at Sault Ste. Marie the following Spring, where they were taken under the protection of the king, and formal possession was taken of the Northwest. This same year Marquette established a mission at Point St. Ignatius, where was founded the old town of Michillimackinac.

During M. Talon's explorations and Marquette's residence at St. Ignatius, they learned of a great river away to the west, and fancied—as all others did then—that upon its fertile banks whole tribes of God's children resided, to whom the sound of the Gospel had never come. Filled with a wish to go and preach to them, and in compliance with a



MOUTH OF THE MISSISSIPPI.



SOURCE OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

request of M. Talon, who earnestly desired to extend the domain of his king, and to ascertain whether the river flowed into the Gulf of Mexico or the Pacific Ocean, Marquette with Joliet, as commander of the expedition, prepared for the undertaking.

On the 13th of May, 1673, the explorers, accompanied by five assistant French Canadians, set out from Mackinaw on their daring voyage of discovery. The Indians, who gathered to witness their departure, were astonished at the boldness of the undertaking, and endeavored to dissuade them from their purpose by representing the tribes on the Mississippi as exceedingly savage and cruel, and the river itself as full of all sorts of frightful monsters ready to swallow them and their canoes together. But, nothing daunted by these terrific descriptions, Marquette told them he was willing not only to encounter all the perils of the unknown region they were about to explore, but to lay down his life in a cause in which the salvation of souls was involved; and having prayed together they separated. Coasting along the northern shore of Lake Michigan, the adventurers entered Green Bay, and passed thence up the Fox River and Lake Winnebago to a village of the Miamis and Kickapoos. Here Marquette was delighted to find a beautiful cross planted in the middle of the town ornamented with white skins, red girdles and bows and arrows, which these good people had offered to the Great Manitou, or God, to thank him for the pity he had bestowed on them during the Winter in giving them an abundant "chase." This was the farthest outpost to which Dablon and Allouez had extended their missionary labors the year previous. Here Marquette drank mineral waters and was instructed in the secret of a root which cures the bite of the venomous rattlesnake. He assembled the chiefs and old men of the village, and, pointing to Joliet, said: "My friend is an envoy of France, to discover new countries, and I am an ambassador from God to enlighten them with the truths of the Gospel." Two Miami guides were here furnished to conduct them to the Wisconsin River, and they set out from the Indian village on the 10th of June, amidst a great crowd of natives who had assembled to witness their departure into a region where no white man had ever yet ventured. The guides, having conducted them across the portage, returned. The explorers launched their canoes upon the Wisconsin, which they descended to the Mississippi and proceeded down its unknown waters. What emotions must have swelled their breasts as they struck out into the broadening current and became conscious that they were now upon the bosom of the Father of Waters. The mystery was about to be lifted from the long-sought river. The scenery in that locality is beautiful, and on that delightful seventeenth of June must have been clad in all its primeval loveliness as it had been adorned by the hand of

Nature. Drifting rapidly, it is said that the bold bluffs on either hand "reminded them of the castled shores of their own beautiful rivers of France." By-and-by, as they drifted along, great herds of buffalo appeared on the banks. On going to the heads of the valley they could see a country of the greatest beauty and fertility, apparently destitute of inhabitants yet presenting the appearance of extensive manors, under the fastidious cultivation of lordly proprietors.



THE WILD PRAIRIE.

On June 25, they went ashore and found some fresh traces of men upon the sand, and a path which led to the prairie. The men remained in the boat, and Marquette and Joliet followed the path till they discovered a village on the banks of a river, and two other villages on a hill, within a half league of the first, inhabited by Indians. They were received most hospitably by these natives, who had never before seen a white person. After remaining a few days they re-embarked and descended the river to about latitude 33°, where they found a village of the Arkansas, and being satisfied that the river flowed into the Gulf of Mexico, turned their course

up the river, and ascending the stream to the mouth of the Illinois, rowed up that stream to its source, and procured guides from that point to the lakes. "Nowhere on this journey," says Marquette, "did we see such grounds, meadows, woods, stags, buffaloes, deer, wildcats, bustards, swans, ducks, parroquets, and even beavers, as on the Illinois River." The party, without loss or injury, reached Green Bay in September, and reported their discovery—one of the most important of the age, but of which no record was preserved save Marquette's, Joliet losing his by the upsetting of his canoe on his way to Quebec. Afterward Marquette returned to the Illinois Indians by their request, and ministered to them until 1675. On the 18th of May, in that year, as he was passing the mouth of a stream—going with his boatmen up Lake Michigan—he asked to land at its mouth and celebrate Mass. Leaving his men with the canoe, he retired a short distance and began his devotions. As much time passed and he did not return, his men went in search of him, and found him upon his knees, dead. He had peacefully passed away while at prayer. He was buried at this spot. Charlevoix, who visited the place fifty years after, found the waters had retreated from the grave, leaving the beloved missionary to repose in peace. The river has since been called Marquette.

While Marquette and his companions were pursuing their labors in the West, two men, differing widely from him and each other, were preparing to follow in his footsteps and perfect the discoveries so well begun by him. These were Robert de LaSalle and Louis Hennepin.

After LaSalle's return from the discovery of the Ohio River (see the narrative elsewhere), he established himself again among the French trading posts in Canada. Here he mused long upon the pet project of those ages—a short way to China and the East, and was busily planning an expedition up the great lakes, and so across the continent to the Pacific, when Marquette returned from the Mississippi. At once the vigorous mind of LaSalle received from his and his companions' stories the idea that by following the Great River northward, or by turning up some of the numerous western tributaries, the object could easily be gained. He applied to Frontenac, Governor General of Canada, and laid before him the plan, dim but gigantic. Frontenac entered warmly into his plans, and saw that LaSalle's idea to connect the great lakes by a chain of forts with the Gulf of Mexico would bind the country so wonderfully together, give unmeasured power to France, and glory to himself, under whose administration he earnestly hoped all would be realized.

LaSalle now repaired to France, laid his plans before the King, who warmly approved of them, and made him a Chevalier. He also received from all the noblemen the warmest wishes for his success. The Chev-

alier returned to Canada, and busily entered upon his work. He at once rebuilt Fort Frontenac and constructed the first ship to sail on these fresh-water seas. On the 7th of August, 1679, having been joined by Hennepin, he began his voyage in the Griffin up Lake Erie. He passed over this lake, through the straits beyond, up Lake St. Clair and into Huron. In this lake they encountered heavy storms. They were some time at Michillimackinac, where LaSalle founded a fort, and passed on to Green Bay, the "Baie des Puans" of the French, where he found a large quantity of furs collected for him. He loaded the Griffin with these, and placing her under the care of a pilot and fourteen sailors,



LA SALLE LANDING ON THE SHORE OF GREEN BAY.

started her on her return voyage. The vessel was never afterward heard of. He remained about these parts until early in the Winter, when, hearing nothing from the Griffin, he collected all his men—thirty working men and three monks—and started again upon his great undertaking.

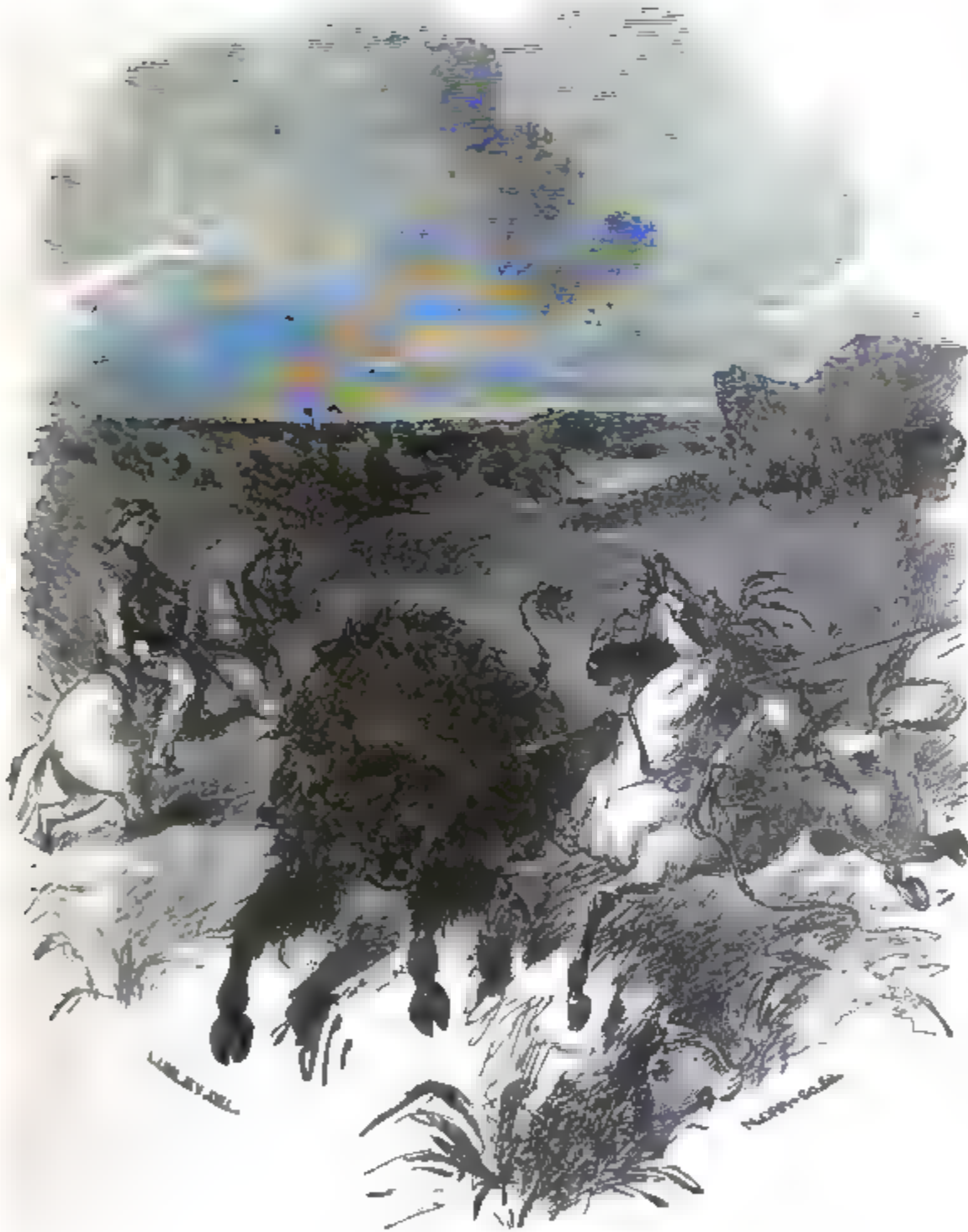
By a short portage they passed to the Illinois or Kankakee, called by the Indians, "Theakeke," *wolf*, because of the tribes of Indians called by that name, commonly known as the Mahingans, dwelling there. The French pronounced it *Kiatiki*, which became corrupted to Kankakee. "Falling down the said river by easy journeys, the better to observe the country," about the last of December they reached a village of the Illinois Indians, containing some five hundred cabins, but at that moment

no inhabitants. The *Seur de LaSalle* being in want of some breadstuffs, took advantage of the absence of the Indians to help himself to a sufficiency of maize, large quantities of which he found concealed in holes under the wigwams. This village was situated near the present village of Utica in LaSalle County, Illinois. The corn being securely stored, the voyagers again betook themselves to the stream, and toward evening, on the 4th day of January, 1680, they came into a lake which must have been the lake of Peoria. This was called by the Indians *Pim-i-te-wi*, that is, *a place where there are many fat beasts*. Here the natives were met with in large numbers, but they were gentle and kind, and having spent some time with them, LaSalle determined to erect another fort in that place, for he had heard rumors that some of the adjoining tribes were trying to disturb the good feeling which existed, and some of his men were disposed to complain, owing to the hardships and perils of the travel. He called this fort "*Crevecœur*" (broken-heart), a name expressive of the very natural sorrow and anxiety which the pretty certain loss of his ship, Griffin, and his consequent impoverishment, the danger of hostility on the part of the Indians, and of mutiny among his own men, might well cause him. His fears were not entirely groundless. At one time poison was placed in his food, but fortunately was discovered.

While building this fort, the Winter wore away, the prairies began to look green, and LaSalle, despairing of any reinforcements, concluded to return to Canada, raise new means and new men, and embark anew in the enterprise. For this purpose he made Hennepin the leader of a party to explore the head waters of the Mississippi, and he set out on his journey. This journey was accomplished with the aid of a few persons, and was successfully made, though over an almost unknown route, and in a bad season of the year. He safely reached Canada, and set out again for the object of his search.

Hennepin and his party left Fort Crevecœur on the last of February, 1680. When LaSalle reached this place on his return expedition, he found the fort entirely deserted, and he was obliged to return again to Canada. He embarked the third time, and succeeded. Seven days after leaving the fort, Hennepin reached the Mississippi, and paddling up the icy stream as best he could, reached no higher than the Wisconsin River by the 11th of April. Here he and his followers were taken prisoners by a band of Northern Indians, who treated them with great kindness. Hennepin's comrades were Anthony Auguel and Michael Ako. On this voyage they found several beautiful lakes, and "saw some charming prairies." Their captors were the Isaute or Sauteurs, Chippewas, a tribe of the Sioux nation, who took them up the river until about the first of May, when they reached some falls, which Hennepin christened Falls of St. Anthony

in honor of his patron saint. Here they took the land, and traveling nearly two hundred miles to the northwest, brought them to their villages. Here they were kept about three months, were treated kindly by their captors, and at the end of that time, were met by a band of Frenchmen,



BUFFALO HUNT.

headed by one *Seur de Luth*, who, in pursuit of trade and game, had penetrated thus far by the route of Lake Superior; and with these fellow-countrymen *Hennepin* and his companions were allowed to return to the borders of civilized life in November, 1680, just after *LaSalle* had returned to the wilderness on his second trip. *Hennepin* soon after went to France, where he published an account of his adventures.

The Mississippi was first discovered by De Soto in April, 1541, in his vain endeavor to find gold and precious gems. In the following Spring, De Soto, weary with hope long deferred, and worn out with his wanderings, he fell a victim to disease, and on the 21st of May died. His followers, reduced by fatigue and disease to less than three hundred men, wandered about the country nearly a year, in the vain endeavor to rescue themselves by land, and finally constructed seven small vessels, called brigantines, in which they embarked, and descending the river, supposing it would lead them to the sea, in July they came to the sea (Gulf of Mexico), and by September reached the Island of Cuba.

They were the first to see the great outlet of the Mississippi; but, being so weary and discouraged, made no attempt to claim the country, and hardly had an intelligent idea of what they had passed through.

To La Salle, the intrepid explorer, belongs the honor of giving the first account of the mouths of the river. His great desire was to possess this entire country for his king, and in January, 1682, he and his band of explorers left the shores of Lake Michigan on their third attempt, crossed the portage, passed down the Illinois River, and on the 6th of February, reached the banks of the Mississippi.

On the 13th they commenced their downward course, which they pursued with but one interruption, until upon the 6th of March they discovered the three great passages by which the river discharges its waters into the gulf. La Salle thus narrates the event:

“We landed on the bank of the most western channel, about three leagues (nine miles) from its mouth. On the seventh, M. de LaSalle went to reconnoiter the shores of the neighboring sea, and M. de Tonti meanwhile examined the great middle channel. They found the main outlets beautiful, large and deep. On the 8th we reascended the river, a little above its confluence with the sea, to find a dry place beyond the reach of inundations. The elevation of the North Pole was here about twenty-seven degrees. Here we prepared a column and a cross, and to the column were affixed the arms of France with this inscription:

Louis Le Grand, Roi De France et de Navarre, regne; Le neuvieme Avril, 1682.

The whole party, under arms, chanted the *Te Deum*, and then, after a salute and cries of “*Vive le Roi*,” the column was erected by M. de LaSalle, who, standing near it, proclaimed in a loud voice the authority of the King of France. LaSalle returned and laid the foundations of the Mississippi settlements in Illinois, thence he proceeded to France, where another expedition was fitted out, of which he was commander, and in two succeeding voyages failed to find the outlet of the river by sailing along the shore of the gulf. On his third voyage he was killed, through the

treachery of his followers, and the object of his expeditions was not accomplished until 1699, when D'Iberville, under the authority of the crown, discovered, on the second of March, by way of the sea, the mouth of the "Hidden River." This majestic stream was called by the natives "*Malbouchia*," and by the Spaniards, "*la Palissade*," from the great



TRAPPING.

number of trees about its mouth. After traversing the several outlets, and satisfying himself as to its certainty, he erected a fort near its western outlet, and returned to France.

An avenue of trade was now opened out which was fully improved. In 1718, New Orleans was laid out and settled by some European colonists. In 1762, the colony was made over to Spain, to be regained by France under the consulate of Napoleon. In 1803, it was purchased by

the United States for the sum of fifteen million dollars, and the territory of Louisiana and commerce of the Mississippi River came under the charge of the United States. Although LaSalle's labors ended in defeat and death, he had not worked and suffered in vain. He had thrown open to France and the world an immense and most valuable country; had established several ports, and laid the foundations of more than one settlement there. "Peoria, Kaskaskia and Cahokia, are to this day monuments of LaSalle's labors; for, though he had founded neither of them (unless Peoria, which was built nearly upon the site of Fort Crevecoeur,) it was by those whom he led into the West that these places were peopled and civilized. He was, if not the discoverer, the first settler of the Mississippi Valley, and as such deserves to be known and honored."

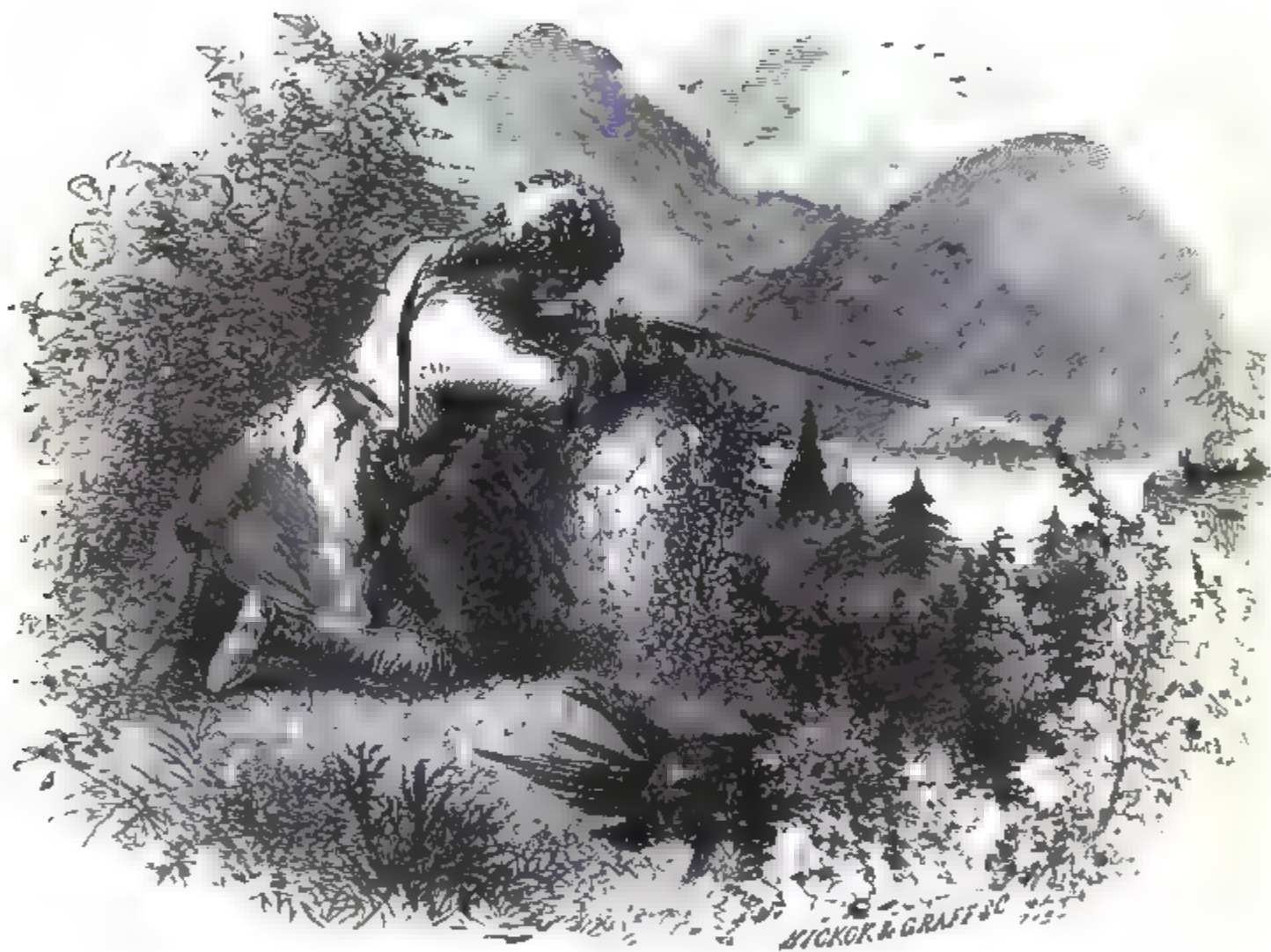
The French early improved the opening made for them. Before the year 1698, the Rev. Father Gravier began a mission among the Illinois, and founded Kaskaskia. For some time this was merely a missionary station, where none but natives resided, it being one of three such villages, the other two being Cahokia and Peoria. What is known of these missions is learned from a letter written by Father Gabriel Marest, dated "Aux Cascaskias, autrement dit de l'Immaculate Conception de la Sainte Vierge, le 9 Novembre, 1712." Soon after the founding of Kaskaskia, the missionary, Pinet, gathered a flock at Cahokia, while Peoria arose near the ruins of Fort Crevecoeur. This must have been about the year 1700. The post at Vincennes on the Oubache river, (pronounced Wă-bă, meaning *summer cloud moving swiftly*) was established in 1702, according to the best authorities.* It is altogether probable that on LaSalle's last trip he established the stations at Kaskaskia and Cahokia. In July, 1701, the foundations of Fort Ponchartrain were laid by De la Motte Cadillac on the Detroit River. These stations, with those established further north, were the earliest attempts to occupy the Northwest Territory. At the same time efforts were being made to occupy the Southwest, which finally culminated in the settlement and founding of the City of New Orleans by a colony from England in 1718. This was mainly accomplished through the efforts of the famous Mississippi Company, established by the notorious John Law, who so quickly arose into prominence in France, and who with his scheme so quickly and so ignominiously passed away.

From the time of the founding of these stations for fifty years the French nation were engrossed with the settlement of the lower Mississippi, and the war with the Chicasaws, who had, in revenge for repeated

* There is considerable dispute about this date, some asserting it was founded as late as 1742. When the new court house at Vincennes was erected, all authorities on the subject were carefully examined, and 1702 fixed upon as the correct date. It was accordingly engraved on the corner-stone of the court house.

injuries, cut off the entire colony at Natchez. Although the company did little for Louisiana, as the entire West was then called, yet it opened the trade through the Mississippi River, and started the raising of grains indigenous to that climate. Until the year 1750, but little is known of the settlements in the Northwest, as it was not until this time that the attention of the English was called to the occupation of this portion of the New World, which they then supposed they owned. Vivier, a missionary among the Illinois, writing from "Aux Illinois," six leagues from Fort Chartres, June 8, 1750, says: "We have here whites, negroes and Indians, to say nothing of cross-breeds. There are five French villages, and three villages of the natives, within a space of twenty-one leagues situated between the Mississippi and another river called the Karkadaid (Kaskaskias). In the five French villages are, perhaps, eleven hundred whites, three hundred blacks and some sixty red slaves or savages. The three Illinois towns do not contain more than eight hundred souls all told. Most of the French till the soil; they raise wheat, cattle, pigs and horses, and live like princes. Three times as much is produced as can be consumed; and great quantities of grain and flour are sent to New Orleans." This city was now the seaport town of the Northwest, and save in the extreme northern part, where only furs and copper ore were found, almost all the products of the country found their way to France by the mouth of the Father of Waters. In another letter, dated November 7, 1750, this same priest says: "For fifteen leagues above the mouth of the Mississippi one sees no dwellings, the ground being too low to be habitable. Thence to New Orleans, the lands are only partially occupied. New Orleans contains black, white and red, not more, I think, than twelve hundred persons. To this point come all lumber, bricks, salt-beef, tallow, tar, skins and bear's grease; and above all, pork and flour from the Illinois. These things create some commerce, as forty vessels and more have come hither this year. Above New Orleans, plantations are again met with; the most considerable is a colony of Germans, some ten leagues up the river. At Point Coupee, thirty-five leagues above the German settlement, is a fort. Along here, within five or six leagues, are not less than sixty habitations. Fifty leagues farther up is the Natchez post, where we have a garrison, who are kept prisoners through fear of the Chickasaws. Here and at Point Coupee, they raise excellent tobacco. Another hundred leagues brings us to the Arkansas, where we have also a fort and a garrison for the benefit of the river traders. * * * From the Arkansas to the Illinois, nearly five hundred leagues, there is not a settlement. There should be, however, a fort at the Oubache (Ohio), the only path by which the English can reach the Mississippi. In the Illinois country are numberless mines, but no one to

work them as they deserve." Father Marest, writing from the post at Vincennes in 1812, makes the same observation. Vivier also says: "Some individuals dig lead near the surface and supply the Indians and Canada. Two Spaniards now here, who claim to be adepts, say that our mines are like those of Mexico, and that if we would dig deeper, we should find silver under the lead; and at any rate the lead is excellent. There is also in this country, beyond doubt, copper ore, as from time to time large pieces are found in the streams."



HUNTING.

At the close of the year 1750, the French occupied, in addition to the lower Mississippi posts and those in Illinois, one at Du Quesne, one at the Maumee in the country of the Miamis, and one at Sandusky in what may be termed the Ohio Valley. In the northern part of the Northwest they had stations at St. Joseph's on the St. Joseph's of Lake Michigan, at Fort Ponchartrain (Detroit), at Michillimackinac or Massillimacanae, Fox River of Green Bay, and at Sault Ste. Marie. The fondest dreams of LaSalle were now fully realized. The French alone were possessors of this vast realm, basing their claim on discovery and settlement. Another nation, however, was now turning its attention to this extensive country,

and hearing of its wealth, began to lay plans for occupying it and for securing the great profits arising therefrom.

The French, however, had another claim to this country, namely, the

DISCOVERY OF THE OHIO.

This "Beautiful" river was discovered by Robert Cavalier de LaSalle in 1669, four years before the discovery of the Mississippi by Joliet and Marquette.

While LaSalle was at his trading post on the St. Lawrence, he found leisure to study nine Indian dialects, the chief of which was the Iroquois. He not only desired to facilitate his intercourse in trade, but he longed to travel and explore the unknown regions of the West. An incident soon occurred which decided him to fit out an exploring expedition.

While conversing with some Senecas, he learned of a river called the Ohio, which rose in their country and flowed to the sea, but at such a distance that it required eight months to reach its mouth. In this statement the Mississippi and its tributaries were considered as one stream. LaSalle believing, as most of the French at that period did, that the great rivers flowing west emptied into the Sea of California, was anxious to embark in the enterprise of discovering a route across the continent to the commerce of China and Japan.

He repaired at once to Quebec to obtain the approval of the Governor. His eloquent appeal prevailed. The Governor and the Intendant, Talon, issued letters patent authorizing the enterprise, but made no provision to defray the expenses. At this juncture the seminary of St. Sulpice decided to send out missionaries in connection with the expedition, and LaSalle offering to sell his improvements at LaChine to raise money, the offer was accepted by the Superior, and two thousand eight hundred dollars were raised, with which LaSalle purchased four canoes and the necessary supplies for the outfit.

On the 6th of July, 1669, the party, numbering twenty-four persons, embarked in seven canoes on the St. Lawrence; two additional canoes carried the Indian guides. In three days they were gliding over the bosom of Lake Ontario. Their guides conducted them directly to the Seneca village on the bank of the Genesee, in the vicinity of the present City of Rochester, New York. Here they expected to procure guides to conduct them to the Ohio, but in this they were disappointed.

The Indians seemed unfriendly to the enterprise. LaSalle suspected that the Jesuits had prejudiced their minds against his plans. After waiting a month in the hope of gaining their object, they met an Indian

from the Iroquois colony at the head of Lake Ontario, who assured them that they could there find guides, and offered to conduct them thence.

On their way they passed the mouth of the Niagara River, when they heard for the first time the distant thunder of the cataract. Arriving



IROQUOIS CHIEF.

among the Iroquois, they met with a friendly reception, and learned from a Shawanee prisoner that they could reach the Ohio in six weeks. Delighted with the unexpected good fortune, they made ready to resume their journey; but just as they were about to start they heard of the arrival of two Frenchmen in a neighboring village. One of them proved to be Louis Joliet, afterwards famous as an explorer in the West. He

had been sent by the Canadian Government to explore the copper mines on Lake Superior, but had failed, and was on his way back to Quebec. He gave the missionaries a map of the country he had explored in the lake region, together with an account of the condition of the Indians in that quarter. This induced the priests to determine on leaving the expedition and going to Lake Superior. LaSalle warned them that the Jesuits were probably occupying that field, and that they would meet with a cold reception. Nevertheless they persisted in their purpose, and after worship on the lake shore, parted from LaSalle. On arriving at Lake Superior, they found, as LaSalle had predicted, the Jesuit Fathers, Marquette and Dablon, occupying the field.

These zealous disciples of Loyola informed them that they wanted no assistance from St. Sulpice, nor from those who made him their patron saint; and thus repulsed, they returned to Montreal the following June without having made a single discovery or converted a single Indian.

After parting with the priests, LaSalle went to the chief Iroquois village at Onondaga, where he obtained guides, and passing thence to a tributary of the Ohio south of Lake Erie, he descended the latter as far as the falls at Louisville. Thus was the Ohio discovered by LaSalle, the persevering and successful French explorer of the West, in 1669.

The account of the latter part of his journey is found in an anonymous paper, which purports to have been taken from the lips of LaSalle himself during a subsequent visit to Paris. In a letter written to Count Frontenac in 1667, shortly after the discovery, he himself says that he discovered the Ohio and descended it to the falls. This was regarded as an indisputable fact by the French authorities, who claimed the Ohio Valley upon another ground. When Washington was sent by the colony of Virginia in 1753, to demand of Gordeur de St. Pierre why the French had built a fort on the Monongahela, the haughty commandant at Quebec replied: "We claim the country on the Ohio by virtue of the discoveries of LaSalle, and will not give it up to the English. Our orders are to make prisoners of every Englishman found trading in the Ohio Valley."

ENGLISH EXPLORATIONS AND SETTLEMENTS.

When the new year of 1750 broke in upon the Father of Waters and the Great Northwest, all was still wild save at the French posts already described. In 1749, when the English first began to think seriously about sending men into the West, the greater portion of the States of Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Minnesota were yet under the dominion of the red men. The English knew, however, pretty

conclusively of the nature of the wealth of these wilds. As early as 1710, Governor Spotswood, of Virginia, had commenced movements to secure the country west of the Alleghenies to the English crown. In Pennsylvania, Governor Keith and James Logan, secretary of the province, from 1719 to 1731, represented to the powers of England the necessity of securing the Western lands. Nothing was done, however, by that power save to take some diplomatic steps to secure the claims of Britain to this unexplored wilderness.

England had from the outset claimed from the Atlantic to the Pacific, on the ground that the discovery of the seacoast and its possession was a discovery and possession of the country, and, as is well known, her grants to the colonies extended "from sea to sea." This was not all her claim. She had purchased from the Indian tribes large tracts of land. This latter was also a strong argument. As early as 1684, Lord Howard, Governor of Virginia, held a treaty with the six nations. These were the great Northern Confederacy, and comprised at first the Mohawks, Oneidas, Onondagas, Cayugas, and Senecas. Afterward the Tuscaroras were taken into the confederacy, and it became known as the SIX NATIONS. They came under the protection of the mother country, and again in 1701, they repeated the agreement, and in September, 1726, a formal deed was drawn up and signed by the chiefs. The validity of this claim has often been disputed, but never successfully. In 1744, a purchase was made at Lancaster, Pennsylvania, of certain lands within the "Colony of Virginia," for which the Indians received £200 in gold and a like sum in goods, with a promise that, as settlements increased, more should be paid. The Commissioners from Virginia were Colonel Thomas Lee and Colonel William Beverly. As settlements extended, the promise of more pay was called to mind, and Mr. Conrad Weiser was sent across the mountains with presents to appease the savages. Col. Lee, and some Virginians accompanied him with the intention of sounding the Indians upon their feelings regarding the English. They were not satisfied with their treatment, and plainly told the Commissioners why. The English did not desire the cultivation of the country, but the monopoly of the Indian trade. In 1748, the Ohio Company was formed, and petitioned the king for a grant of land beyond the Alleghenies. This was granted, and the government of Virginia was ordered to grant to them a half million acres, two hundred thousand of which were to be located at once. Upon the 12th of June, 1749, 800,000 acres from the line of Canada north and west was made to the Loyal Company, and on the 29th of October, 1751, 100,000 acres were given to the Greenbriar Company. All this time the French were not idle. They saw that, should the British gain a foothold in the West, especially upon the Ohio, they might not only prevent the French

settling upon it, but in time would come to the lower posts and so gain possession of the whole country. Upon the 10th of May, 1774, Vaudreuil, Governor of Canada and the French possessions, well knowing the consequences that must arise from allowing the English to build trading posts in the Northwest, seized some of their frontier posts, and to further secure the claim of the French to the West, he, in 1749, sent Louis Celeron with a party of soldiers to plant along the Ohio River, in the mounds and at the mouths of its principal tributaries, plates of lead, on which were inscribed the claims of France. These were heard of in 1752, and within the memory of residents now living along the "Oyo," as the beautiful river was called by the French. One of these plates was found with the inscription partly defaced. It bears date August 16, 1749, and a copy of the inscription with particular account of the discovery of the plate, was sent by DeWitt Clinton to the American Antiquarian Society, among whose journals it may now be found.* These measures did not, however, deter the English from going on with their explorations, and though neither party resorted to arms, yet the conflict was gathering, and it was only a question of time when the storm would burst upon the frontier settlements. In 1750, Christopher Gist was sent by the Ohio Company to examine its lands. He went to a village of the Twigtwees, on the Miami, about one hundred and fifty miles above its mouth. He afterward spoke of it as very populous. From there he went down the Ohio River nearly to the falls at the present City of Louisville, and in November he commenced a survey of the Company's lands. During the Winter, General Andrew Lewis performed a similar work for the Greenbriar Company. Meanwhile the French were busy in preparing their forts for defense, and in opening roads, and also sent a small party of soldiers to keep the Ohio clear. This party, having heard of the English post on the Miami River, early in 1652, assisted by the Ottawas and Chippewas, attacked it, and, after a severe battle, in which fourteen of the natives were killed and others wounded, captured the garrison. (They were probably garrisoned in a block house). The traders were carried away to Canada, and one account says several were burned. This fort or post was called by the English Pickawillany. A memorial of the king's ministers refers to it as "Pickawillanes, in the center of the territory between the Ohio and the Wabash. The name is probably some variation of Pickaway or Picqua in 1773, written by Rev. David Jones Pickaweke."

* The following is a translation of the inscription on the plate: "In the year 1749, reign of Louis XV., King of France, we, Celeron, commandant of a detachment by Monsieur the Marquis of Gallisoniere, commander-in-chief of New France, to establish tranquillity in certain Indian villages of these cantons, have buried this plate at the confluence of the Toradakoin, this twenty-ninth of July, near the river Ohio, otherwise Beautiful River, as a monument of renewal of possession which we have taken of the said river, and all its tributaries; inasmuch as the preceding Kings of France have enjoyed it, and maintained it by their arms and treaties; especially by those of Ryswick, Utrecht, and Aix La Chapelle."

This was the first blood shed between the French and English, and occurred near the present City of Piqua, Ohio, or at least at a point about forty-seven miles north of Dayton. Each nation became now more interested in the progress of events in the Northwest. The English determined to purchase from the Indians a title to the lands they wished to occupy, and Messrs. Fry (afterward Commander-in-chief over Washington at the commencement of the French War of 1775-1763), Lomax and Patton were sent in the Spring of 1752 to hold a conference with the natives at Logstown to learn what they objected to in the treaty of Lancaster already noticed, and to settle all difficulties. On the 9th of June, these Commissioners met the red men at Logstown, a little village on the north bank of the Ohio, about seventeen miles below the site of Pittsburgh. Here had been a trading point for many years, but it was abandoned by the Indians in 1750. At first the Indians declined to recognize the treaty of Lancaster, but, the Commissioners taking aside Montour, the interpreter, who was a son of the famous Catharine Montour, and a chief among the six nations, induced him to use his influence in their favor. This he did, and upon the 13th of June they all united in signing a deed, confirming the Lancaster treaty in its full extent, consenting to a settlement of the southeast of the Ohio, and guaranteeing that it should not be disturbed by them. These were the means used to obtain the first treaty with the Indians in the Ohio Valley.

Meanwhile the powers beyond the sea were trying to out-manceuvre each other, and were professing to be at peace. The English generally outwitted the Indians, and failed in many instances to fulfill their contracts. They thereby gained the ill-will of the red men, and further increased the feeling by failing to provide them with arms and ammunition. Said an old chief, at Easton, in 1758: "The Indians on the Ohio left you because of your own fault. When we heard the French were coming, we asked you for help and arms, but we did not get them. The French came, they treated us kindly, and gained our affections. The Governor of Virginia settled on our lands for his own benefit, and, when we wanted help, forsook us."

At the beginning of 1653, the English thought they had secured by title the lands in the West, but the French had quietly gathered cannon and military stores to be in readiness for the expected blow. The English made other attempts to ratify these existing treaties, but not until the Summer could the Indians be gathered together to discuss the plans of the French. They had sent messages to the French, warning them away; but they replied that they intended to complete the chain of forts already begun, and would not abandon the field.

Soon after this, no satisfaction being obtained from the Ohio regard-

ing the positions and purposes of the French, Governor Dinwiddie of Virginia determined to send to them another messenger and learn from them, if possible, their intentions. For this purpose he selected a young man, a surveyor, who, at the early age of nineteen, had received the rank of major, and who was thoroughly posted regarding frontier life. This personage was no other than the illustrious George Washington, who then held considerable interest in Western lands. He was at this time just twenty-two years of age. Taking Gist as his guide, the two, accompanied by four servitors, set out on their perilous march. They left Will's Creek on the 10th of November, 1753, and on the 22d reached the Monongahela, about ten miles above the fork. From there they went to Logstown, where Washington had a long conference with the chiefs of the Six Nations. From them he learned the condition of the French, and also heard of their determination not to come down the river till the following Spring. The Indians were non-committal, as they were afraid to turn either way, and, as far as they could, desired to remain neutral. Washington, finding nothing could be done with them, went on to Venango, an old Indian town at the mouth of French Creek. Here the French had a fort, called Fort Machault. Through the rum and flattery of the French, he nearly lost all his Indian followers. Finding nothing of importance here, he pursued his way amid great privations, and on the 11th of December reached the fort at the head of French Creek. Here he delivered Governor Dinwiddie's letter, received his answer, took his observations, and on the 16th set out upon his return journey with no one but Gist, his guide, and a few Indians who still remained true to him, notwithstanding the endeavors of the French to retain them. Their homeward journey was one of great peril and suffering from the cold, yet they reached home in safety on the 6th of January, 1754.

From the letter of St. Pierre, commander of the French fort, sent by Washington to Governor Dinwiddie, it was learned that the French would not give up without a struggle. Active preparations were at once made in all the English colonies for the coming conflict, while the French finished the fort at Venango and strengthened their lines of fortifications, and gathered their forces to be in readiness.

The Old Dominion was all alive. Virginia was the center of great activities; volunteers were called for, and from all the neighboring colonies men rallied to the conflict, and everywhere along the Potomac men were enlisting under the Governor's proclamation—which promised two hundred thousand acres on the Ohio. Along this river they were gathering as far as Will's Creek, and far beyond this point, whither Trent had come for assistance for his little band of forty-one men, who were

working away in hunger and want, to fortify that point at the fork of the Ohio, to which both parties were looking with deep interest.

“The first birds of Spring filled the air with their song; the swift river rolled by the Allegheny hillsides, swollen by the melting snows of Spring and the April showers. The leaves were appearing; a few Indian scouts were seen, but no enemy seemed near at hand; and all was so quiet, that Frazier, an old Indian scout and trader, who had been left by Trent in command, ventured to his home at the mouth of Turtle Creek, ten miles up the Monongahela. But, though all was so quiet in that wilderness, keen eyes had seen the low intrenchment rising at the fork, and swift feet had borne the news of it up the river; and upon the morning of the 17th of April, Ensign Ward, who then had charge of it, saw upon the Allegheny a sight that made his heart sink—sixty batteaux and three hundred canoes filled with men, and laden deep with cannon and stores. * * * That evening he supped with his captor, Contrecoeur, and the next day he was bowed off by the Frenchman, and with his men and tools, marched up the Monongahela.”

The French and Indian war had begun. The treaty of Aix la Chapelle, in 1748, had left the boundaries between the French and English possessions unsettled, and the events already narrated show the French were determined to hold the country watered by the Mississippi and its tributaries; while the English laid claims to the country by virtue of the discoveries of the Cabots, and claimed all the country from Newfoundland to Florida, extending from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The first decisive blow had now been struck, and the first attempt of the English, through the Ohio Company, to occupy these lands, had resulted disastrously to them. The French and Indians immediately completed the fortifications begun at the Fork, which they had so easily captured, and when completed gave to the fort the name of DuQuesne. Washington was at Will's Creek when the news of the capture of the fort arrived. He at once departed to recapture it. On his way he entrenched himself at a place called the “Meadows,” where he erected a fort called by him Fort Necessity. From there he surprised and captured a force of French and Indians marching against him, but was soon after attacked in his fort by a much superior force, and was obliged to yield on the morning of July 4th. He was allowed to return to Virginia.

The English Government immediately planned four campaigns; one against Fort DuQuesne; one against Nova Scotia; one against Fort Niagara, and one against Crown Point. These occurred during 1755–6, and were not successful in driving the French from their possessions. The expedition against Fort DuQuesne was led by the famous General Braddock, who, refusing to listen to the advice of Washington and those

acquainted with Indian warfare, suffered such an inglorious defeat. This occurred on the morning of July 9th, and is generally known as the battle of Monongahela, or "Braddock's Defeat." The war continued with various vicissitudes through the years 1756-7; when, at the commencement of 1758, in accordance with the plans of William Pitt, then Secretary of State, afterwards Lord Chatham, active preparations were made to carry on the war. Three expeditions were planned for this year: one, under General Amherst, against Louisburg; another, under Abercrombie, against Fort Ticonderoga; and a third, under General Forbes, against Fort DuQuesne. On the 26th of July, Louisburg surrendered after a desperate resistance of more than forty days, and the eastern part of the Canadian possessions fell into the hands of the British. Abercrombie captured Fort Frontenac, and when the expedition against Fort DuQuesne, of which Washington had the active command, arrived there, it was found in flames and deserted. The English at once took possession, rebuilt the fort, and in honor of their illustrious statesman, changed the name to Fort Pitt.

The great object of the campaign of 1759, was the reduction of Canada. General Wolfe was to lay siege to Quebec; Amherst was to reduce Ticonderoga and Crown Point, and General Prideaux was to capture Niagara. This latter place was taken in July, but the gallant Prideaux lost his life in the attempt. Amherst captured Ticonderoga and Crown Point without a blow; and Wolfe, after making the memorable ascent to the Plains of Abraham, on September 13th, defeated Montcalm, and on the 18th, the city capitulated. In this engagement Montcalm and Wolfe both lost their lives. De Levi, Montcalm's successor, marched to Sillery, three miles above the city, with the purpose of defeating the English, and there, on the 28th of the following April, was fought one of the bloodiest battles of the French and Indian War. It resulted in the defeat of the French, and the fall of the City of Montreal. The Governor signed a capitulation by which the whole of Canada was surrendered to the English. This practically concluded the war, but it was not until 1763 that the treaties of peace between France and England were signed. This was done on the 10th of February of that year, and under its provisions all the country east of the Mississippi and north of the Iberville River, in Louisiana, were ceded to England. At the same time Spain ceded Florida to Great Britain.

On the 13th of September, 1760, Major Robert Rogers was sent from Montreal to take charge of Detroit, the only remaining French post in the territory. He arrived there on the 19th of November, and summoned the place to surrender. At first the commander of the post, Beletre, refused, but on the 29th, hearing of the continued defeat of the

French arms, surrendered. Rogers remained there until December 23d under the personal protection of the celebrated chief, Pontiac, to whom, no doubt, he owed his safety. Pontiac had come here to inquire the purposes of the English in taking possession of the country. He was assured that they came simply to trade with the natives, and did not desire their country. This answer conciliated the savages, and did much to insure the safety of Rogers and his party during their stay, and while on their journey home.

Rogers set out for Fort Pitt on December 23, and was just one month on the way. His route was from Detroit to Maumee, thence across the present State of Ohio directly to the fort. This was the common trail of the Indians in their journeys from Sandusky to the fork of the Ohio. It went from Fort Sandusky, where Sandusky City now is, crossed the Huron river, then called Bald Eagle Creek, to "Mohickon John's Town" on Mohickon Creek, the northern branch of White Woman's River, and thence crossed to Beaver's Town, a Delaware town on what is now Sandy Creek. At Beaver's Town were probably one hundred and fifty warriors, and not less than three thousand acres of cleared land. From there the track went up Sandy Creek to and across Big Beaver, and up the Ohio to Logstown, thence on to the fork.

The Northwest Territory was now entirely under the English rule. New settlements began to be rapidly made, and the promise of a large trade was speedily manifested. Had the British carried out their promises with the natives none of those savage butcheries would have been perpetrated, and the country would have been spared their recital.

The renowned chief, Pontiac, was one of the leading spirits in these atrocities. We will now pause in our narrative, and notice the leading events in his life. The earliest authentic information regarding this noted Indian chief is learned from an account of an Indian trader named Alexander Henry, who, in the Spring of 1761, penetrated his domains as far as Missillimacnac. Pontiac was then a great friend of the French, but a bitter foe of the English, whom he considered as encroaching on his hunting grounds. Henry was obliged to disguise himself as a Canadian to insure safety, but was discovered by Pontiac, who bitterly reproached him and the English for their attempted subjugation of the West. He declared that no treaty had been made with them; no presents sent them, and that he would resent any possession of the West by that nation. He was at the time about fifty years of age, tall and dignified, and was civil and military ruler of the Ottawas, Ojibwas and Pottawatamies.

The Indians, from Lake Michigan to the borders of North Carolina, were united in this feeling, and at the time of the treaty of Paris, ratified February 10, 1763, a general conspiracy was formed to fall suddenly



PONTIAC, THE OTTAWA CHIEFTAIN.

upon the frontier British posts, and with one blow strike every man dead. Pontiac was the marked leader in all this, and was the commander of the Chippewas, Ottawas, Wyandots, Miamis, Shawanese, Delawares and Mingoes, who had, for the time, laid aside their local quarrels to unite in this enterprise.

The blow came, as near as can now be ascertained, on May 7, 1763. Nine British posts fell, and the Indians drank, "scooped up in the hollow of joined hands," the blood of many a Briton.

Pontiac's immediate field of action was the garrison at Detroit. Here, however, the plans were frustrated by an Indian woman disclosing the plot the evening previous to his arrival. Everything was carried out, however, according to Pontiac's plans until the moment of action, when Major Gladwyn, the commander of the post, stepping to one of the Indian chiefs, suddenly drew aside his blanket and disclosed the concealed musket. Pontiac, though a brave man, turned pale and trembled. He saw his plan was known, and that the garrison were prepared. He endeavored to exculpate himself from any such intentions; but the guilt was evident, and he and his followers were dismissed with a severe reprimand, and warned never to again enter the walls of the post.

Pontiac at once laid siege to the fort, and until the treaty of peace between the British and the Western Indians, concluded in August, 1764, continued to harass and besiege the fortress. He organized a regular commissariat department, issued bills of credit written out on bark, which, to his credit, it may be stated, were punctually redeemed. At the conclusion of the treaty, in which it seems he took no part, he went further south, living many years among the Illinois.

He had given up all hope of saving his country and race. After a time he endeavored to unite the Illinois tribe and those about St. Louis in a war with the whites. His efforts were fruitless, and only ended in a quarrel between himself and some Kaskaskia Indians, one of whom soon afterwards killed him. His death was, however, avenged by the northern Indians, who nearly exterminated the Illinois in the wars which followed.

Had it not been for the treachery of a few of his followers, his plan for the extermination of the whites, a masterly one, would undoubtedly have been carried out.

It was in the Spring of the year following Rogers' visit that Alexander Henry went to Missillimacnac, and everywhere found the strongest feelings against the English, who had not carried out their promises, and were doing nothing to conciliate the natives. Here he met the chief, Pontiac, who, after conveying to him in a speech the idea that their French father would awake soon and utterly destroy his enemies, said: "Englishman, although you have conquered the French, you have not

yet conquered us ! We are not your slaves ! These lakes, these woods, these mountains, were left us by our ancestors. They are our inheritance, and we will part with them to none. Your nation supposes that we, like the white people, can not live without bread and pork and beef. But you ought to know that He, the Great Spirit and Master of Life, has provided food for us upon these broad lakes and in these mountains."

He then spoke of the fact that no treaty had been made with them, no presents sent them, and that he and his people were yet for war. Such were the feelings of the Northwestern Indians immediately after the English took possession of their country. These feelings were no doubt encouraged by the Canadians and French, who hoped that yet the French arms might prevail. The treaty of Paris, however, gave to the English the right to this vast domain, and active preparations were going on to occupy it and enjoy its trade and emoluments.

In 1762, France, by a secret treaty, ceded Louisiana to Spain, to prevent it falling into the hands of the English, who were becoming masters of the entire West. The next year the treaty of Paris, signed at Fontainebleau, gave to the English the domain of the country in question. Twenty years after, by the treaty of peace between the United States and England, that part of Canada lying south and west of the Great Lakes, comprehending a large territory which is the subject of these sketches, was acknowledged to be a portion of the United States ; and twenty years still later, in 1803, Louisiana was ceded by Spain back to France, and by France sold to the United States.

In the half century, from the building of the Fort of Crevecœur by LaSalle, in 1680, up to the erection of Fort Chartres, many French settlements had been made in that quarter. These have already been noticed, being those at St. Vincent (Vincennes), Kohokia or Cahokia, Kaskaskia and Prairie du Rocher, on the American Bottom, a large tract of rich alluvial soil in Illinois, on the Mississippi, opposite the site of St. Louis.

By the treaty of Paris, the regions east of the Mississippi, including all these and other towns of the Northwest, were given over to England ; but they do not appear to have been taken possession of until 1765, when Captain Stirling, in the name of the Majesty of England, established himself at Fort Chartres bearing with him the proclamation of General Gage, dated December 30, 1764, which promised religious freedom to all Catholics who worshiped here, and a right to leave the country with their effects if they wished, or to remain with the privileges of Englishmen. It was shortly after the occupancy of the West by the British that the war with Pontiac opened. It is already noticed in the sketch of that chieftain. By it many a Briton lost his life, and many a frontier settle-

ment in its infancy ceased to exist. This was not ended until the year 1764, when, failing to capture Detroit, Niagara and Fort Pitt, his confederacy became disheartened, and, receiving no aid from the French, Pontiac abandoned the enterprise and departed to the Illinois, among whom he afterward lost his life.

As soon as these difficulties were definitely settled, settlers began rapidly to survey the country and prepare for occupation. During the year 1770, a number of persons from Virginia and other British provinces explored and marked out nearly all the valuable lands on the Monongahela and along the banks of the Ohio as far as the Little Kanawha. This was followed by another exploring expedition, in which George Washington was a party. The latter, accompanied by Dr. Craik, Capt. Crawford and others, on the 20th of October, 1770, descended the Ohio from Pittsburgh to the mouth of the Kanawha; ascended that stream about fourteen miles, marked out several large tracts of land, shot several buffalo, which were then abundant in the Ohio Valley, and returned to the fort.

Pittsburgh was at this time a trading post, about which was clustered a village of some twenty houses, inhabited by Indian traders. This same year, Capt. Pittman visited Kaskaskia and its neighboring villages. He found there about sixty-five resident families, and at Cahokia only forty-five dwellings. At Fort Chartres was another small settlement, and at Detroit the garrison were quite prosperous and strong. For a year or two settlers continued to locate near some of these posts, generally Fort Pitt or Detroit, owing to the fears of the Indians, who still maintained some feelings of hatred to the English. The trade from the posts was quite good, and from those in Illinois large quantities of pork and flour found their way to the New Orleans market. At this time the policy of the British Government was strongly opposed to the extension of the colonies west. In 1763, the King of England forbade, by royal proclamation, his colonial subjects from making a settlement beyond the sources of the rivers which fall into the Atlantic Ocean. At the instance of the Board of Trade, measures were taken to prevent the settlement without the limits prescribed, and to retain the commerce within easy reach of Great Britain.

The commander-in-chief of the king's forces wrote in 1769: "In the course of a few years necessity will compel the colonists, should they extend their settlements west, to provide manufactures of some kind for themselves, and when all connection upheld by commerce with the mother country ceases, an *independency* in their government will soon follow."

In accordance with this policy, Gov. Gage issued a proclamation in 1772, commanding the inhabitants of Vincennes to abandon their settlements and join some of the Eastern English colonies. To this they

strenuously objected, giving good reasons therefor, and were allowed to remain. The strong opposition to this policy of Great Britain led to its change, and to such a course as to gain the attachment of the French population. In December, 1773, influential citizens of Quebec petitioned the king for an extension of the boundary lines of that province, which was granted, and Parliament passed an act on June 2, 1774, extending the boundary so as to include the territory lying within the present States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Michigan.

In consequence of the liberal policy pursued by the British Government toward the French settlers in the West, they were disposed to favor that nation in the war which soon followed with the colonies; but the early alliance between France and America soon brought them to the side of the war for independence.

In 1774, Gov. Dunmore, of Virginia, began to encourage emigration to the Western lands. He appointed magistrates at Fort Pitt under the pretense that the fort was under the government of that commonwealth. One of these justices, John Connelly, who possessed a tract of land in the Ohio Valley, gathered a force of men and garrisoned the fort, calling it Fort Dunmore. This and other parties were formed to select sites for settlements, and often came in conflict with the Indians, who yet claimed portions of the valley, and several battles followed. These ended in the famous battle of Kanawha in July, where the Indians were defeated and driven across the Ohio.

During the years 1775 and 1776, by the operations of land companies and the perseverance of individuals, several settlements were firmly established between the Alleghanies and the Ohio River, and western land speculators were busy in Illinois and on the Wabash. At a council held in Kaskaskia on July 5, 1773, an association of English traders, calling themselves the "Illinois Land Company," obtained from ten chiefs of the Kaskaskia, Cahokia and Peoria tribes two large tracts of land lying on the east side of the Mississippi River south of the Illinois. In 1775, a merchant from the Illinois Country, named Viviat, came to Post Vincennes as the agent of the association called the "Wabash Land Company." On the 8th of October he obtained from eleven Piankeshaw chiefs, a deed for 37,497,600 acres of land. This deed was signed by the grantors, attested by a number of the inhabitants of Vincennes, and afterward recorded in the office of a notary public at Kaskaskia. This and other land companies had extensive schemes for the colonization of the West; but all were frustrated by the breaking out of the Revolution. On the 20th of April, 1780, the two companies named consolidated under the name of the "United Illinois and Wabash Land Company." They afterward made

strenuous efforts to have these grants sanctioned by Congress, but all signally failed.

When the War of the Revolution commenced, Kentucky was an unorganized country, though there were several settlements within her borders.

In Hutchins' Topography of Virginia, it is stated that at that time "Kaskaskia contained 80 houses, and nearly 1,000 white and black inhabitants—the whites being a little the more numerous. Cahokia contains 50 houses and 300 white inhabitants, and 80 negroes. There were east of the Mississippi River, about the year 1771"—when these observations were made—"300 white men capable of bearing arms, and 230 negroes."

From 1775 until the expedition of Clark, nothing is recorded and nothing known of these settlements, save what is contained in a report made by a committee to Congress in June, 1778. From it the following extract is made:

"Near the mouth of the River Kaskaskia, there is a village which appears to have contained nearly eighty families from the beginning of the late revolution. There are twelve families in a small village at la Prairie du Rochers, and near fifty families at the Kahokia Village. There are also four or five families at Fort Chartres and St. Philips, which is five miles further up the river."

St. Louis had been settled in February, 1764, and at this time contained, including its neighboring towns, over six hundred whites and one hundred and fifty negroes. It must be remembered that all the country west of the Mississippi was now under French rule, and remained so until ceded again to Spain, its original owner, who afterwards sold it and the country including New Orleans to the United States. At Detroit there were, according to Capt. Carver, who was in the Northwest from 1766 to 1768, more than one hundred houses, and the river was settled for more than twenty miles, although poorly cultivated—the people being engaged in the Indian trade. This old town has a history, which we will here relate.

It is the oldest town in the Northwest, having been founded by Antoine de Lamotte Cadillac, in 1701. It was laid out in the form of an oblong square, of two acres in length, and an acre and a half in width. As described by A. D. Frazer, who first visited it and became a permanent resident of the place, in 1778, it comprised within its limits that space between Mr. Palmer's store (Conant Block) and Capt. Perkins' house (near the Arsenal building), and extended back as far as the public barn, and was bordered in front by the Detroit River. It was surrounded by oak and cedar pickets, about fifteen feet long, set in the ground, and had four gates—east, west, north and south. Over the first three of these

gates were block houses provided with four guns apiece, each a six-pounder. Two six-gun batteries were planted fronting the river and in a parallel direction with the block houses. There were four streets running east and west, the main street being twenty feet wide and the rest fifteen feet, while the four streets crossing these at right angles were from ten to fifteen feet in width.

At the date spoken of by Mr. Frazer, there was no fort within the enclosure, but a citadel on the ground corresponding to the present northwest corner of Jefferson Avenue and Wayne Street. The citadel was inclosed by pickets, and within it were erected barracks of wood, two stories high, sufficient to contain ten officers, and also barracks sufficient to contain four hundred men, and a provision store built of brick. The citadel also contained a hospital and guard-house. The old town of Detroit, in 1778, contained about sixty houses, most of them one story, with a few a story and a half in height. They were all of logs, some hewn and some round. There was one building of splendid appearance, called the "King's Palace," two stories high, which stood near the east gate. It was built for Governor Hamilton, the first governor commissioned by the British. There were two guard-houses, one near the west gate and the other near the Government House. Each of the guards consisted of twenty-four men and a subaltern, who mounted regularly every morning between nine and ten o'clock. Each furnished four sentinels, who were relieved every two hours. There was also an officer of the day, who performed strict duty. Each of the gates was shut regularly at sunset; even wicket gates were shut at nine o'clock, and all the keys were delivered into the hands of the commanding officer. They were opened in the morning at sunrise. No Indian or squaw was permitted to enter town with any weapon, such as a tomahawk or a knife. It was a standing order that the Indians should deliver their arms and instruments of every kind before they were permitted to pass the sentinel, and they were restored to them on their return. No more than twenty-five Indians were allowed to enter the town at any one time, and they were admitted only at the east and west gates. At sundown the drums beat, and all the Indians were required to leave town instantly. There was a council house near the water side for the purpose of holding council with the Indians. The population of the town was about sixty families, in all about two hundred males and one hundred females. This town was destroyed by fire, all except one dwelling, in 1805. After which the present "new" town was laid out.

On the breaking out of the Revolution, the British held every post of importance in the West. Kentucky was formed as a component part of Virginia, and the sturdy pioneers of the West, alive to their interests,

and recognizing the great benefits of obtaining the control of the trade in this part of the New World, held steadily to their purposes, and those within the commonwealth of Kentucky proceeded to exercise their civil privileges, by electing John Todd and Richard Gallaway, burgesses to represent them in the Assembly of the parent state. Early in September of that year (1777) the first court was held in Harrodsburg, and Col. Bowman, afterwards major, who had arrived in August, was made the commander of a militia organization which had been commenced the March previous. Thus the tree of loyalty was growing. The chief spirit in this far-out colony, who had represented her the year previous east of the mountains, was now meditating a move unequalled in its boldness. He had been watching the movements of the British throughout the Northwest, and understood their whole plan. He saw it was through their possession of the posts at Detroit, Vincennes, Kaskaskia, and other places, which would give them constant and easy access to the various Indian tribes in the Northwest, that the British intended to penetrate the country from the north and south, and annihilate the frontier fortresses. This moving, energetic man was Colonel, afterwards General, George Rogers Clark. He knew the Indians were not unanimously in accord with the English, and he was convinced that, could the British be defeated and expelled from the Northwest, the natives might be easily awed into neutrality; and by spies sent for the purpose, he satisfied himself that the enterprise against the Illinois settlements might easily succeed. Having convinced himself of the certainty of the project, he repaired to the Capital of Virginia, which place he reached on November 5th. While he was on his way, fortunately, on October 17th, Burgoyne had been defeated, and the spirits of the colonists greatly encouraged thereby. Patrick Henry was Governor of Virginia, and at once entered heartily into Clark's plans. The same plan had before been agitated in the Colonial Assemblies, but there was no one until Clark came who was sufficiently acquainted with the condition of affairs at the scene of action to be able to guide them.

Clark, having satisfied the Virginia leaders of the feasibility of his plan, received, on the 2d of January, two sets of instructions—one secret, the other open—the latter authorized him to proceed to enlist seven companies to go to Kentucky, subject to his orders, and to serve three months from their arrival in the West. The secret order authorized him to arm these troops, to procure his powder and lead of General Hand at Pittsburgh, and to proceed at once to subjugate the country.

With these instructions Clark repaired to Pittsburgh, choosing rather to raise his men west of the mountains, as he well knew all were needed in the colonies in the conflict there. He sent Col. W. B. Smith to Hol-

ston for the same purpose, but neither succeeded in raising the required number of men. The settlers in these parts were afraid to leave their own firesides exposed to a vigilant foe, and but few could be induced to join the proposed expedition. With three companies and several private volunteers, Clark at length commenced his descent of the Ohio, which he navigated as far as the Falls, where he took possession of and fortified Corn Island, a small island between the present Cities of Louisville, Kentucky, and New Albany, Indiana. Remains of this fortification may yet be found. At this place he appointed Col. Bowman to meet him with such recruits as had reached Kentucky by the southern route, and as many as could be spared from the station. Here he announced to the men their real destination. Having completed his arrangements, and chosen his party, he left a small garrison upon the island, and on the 24th of June, during a total eclipse of the sun, which to them augured no good, and which fixes beyond dispute the date of starting, he with his chosen band, fell down the river. His plan was to go by water as far as Fort Massac or Massacre, and thence march direct to Kaskaskia. Here he intended to surprise the garrison, and after its capture go to Cahokia, then to Vincennes, and lastly to Detroit. Should he fail, he intended to march directly to the Mississippi River and cross it into the Spanish country. Before his start he received two good items of information: one that the alliance had been formed between France and the United States; and the other that the Indians throughout the Illinois country and the inhabitants, at the various frontier posts, had been led to believe by the British that the "Long Knives" or Virginians, were the most fierce, bloodthirsty and cruel savages that ever scalped a foe. With this impression on their minds, Clark saw that proper management would cause them to submit at once from fear, if surprised, and then from gratitude would become friendly if treated with unexpected leniency.

The march to Kaskaskia was accomplished through a hot July sun, and the town reached on the evening of July 4. He captured the fort near the village, and soon after the village itself by surprise, and without the loss of a single man or by killing any of the enemy. After sufficiently working upon the fears of the natives, Clark told them they were at perfect liberty to worship as they pleased, and to take whichever side of the great conflict they would, also he would protect them from any barbarity from British or Indian foe. This had the desired effect, and the inhabitants, so unexpectedly and so gratefully surprised by the unlooked for turn of affairs, at once swore allegiance to the American arms, and when Clark desired to go to Cahokia on the 6th of July, they accompanied him, and through their influence the inhabitants of the place surrendered, and gladly placed themselves under his protection. Thus

the two important posts in Illinois passed from the hands of the English into the possession of Virginia.

In the person of the priest at Kaskaskia, M. Gibault, Clark found a powerful ally and generous friend. Clark saw that, to retain possession of the Northwest and treat successfully with the Indians within its boundaries, he must establish a government for the colonies he had taken. St. Vincent, the next important post to Detroit, remained yet to be taken before the Mississippi Valley was conquered. M. Gibault told him that he would alone, by persuasion, lead Vincennes to throw off its connection with England. Clark gladly accepted his offer, and on the 14th of July, in company with a fellow-townsmen, M. Gibault started on his mission of peace, and on the 1st of August returned with the cheerful intelligence that the post on the "Oubache" had taken the oath of allegiance to the Old Dominion. During this interval, Clark established his courts, placed garrisons at Kaskaskia and Cahokia, successfully re-enlisted his men, sent word to have a fort, which proved the germ of Louisville, erected at the Falls of the Ohio, and dispatched Mr. Rocheblave, who had been commander at Kaskaskia, as a prisoner of war to Richmond. In October the County of Illinois was established by the Legislature of Virginia, John Todd appointed Lieutenant Colonel and Civil Governor, and in November General Clark and his men received the thanks of the Old Dominion through their Legislature.

In a speech a few days afterward, Clark made known fully to the natives his plans, and at its close all came forward and swore allegiance to the Long Knives. While he was doing this Governor Hamilton, having made his various arrangements, had left Detroit and moved down the Wabash to Vincennes intending to operate from that point in reducing the Illinois posts, and then proceed on down to Kentucky and drive the rebels from the West. Gen. Clark had, on the return of M. Gibault, dispatched Captain Helm, of Fauquier County, Virginia, with an attendant named Henry, across the Illinois prairies to command the fort. Hamilton knew nothing of the capitulation of the post, and was greatly surprised on his arrival to be confronted by Capt. Helm, who, standing at the entrance of the fort by a loaded cannon ready to fire upon his assailants, demanded upon what terms Hamilton demanded possession of the fort. Being granted the rights of a prisoner of war, he surrendered to the British General, who could scarcely believe his eyes when he saw the force in the garrison.

Hamilton, not realizing the character of the men with whom he was contending, gave up his intended campaign for the Winter, sent his four hundred Indian warriors to prevent troops from coming down the Ohio,

and to annoy the Americans in all ways, and sat quietly down to pass the Winter. Information of all these proceedings having reached Clark, he saw that immediate and decisive action was necessary, and that unless he captured Hamilton, Hamilton would capture him. Clark received the news on the 29th of January, 1779, and on February 4th, having sufficiently garrisoned Kaskaskia and Cahokia, he sent down the Mississippi a "battoe," as Major Bowman writes it, in order to ascend the Ohio and Wabash, and operate with the land forces gathering for the fray.

On the next day, Clark, with his little force of one hundred and twenty men, set out for the post, and after incredible hard marching through much mud, the ground being thawed by the incessant spring rains, on the 22d reached the fort, and being joined by his "battoe," at once commenced the attack on the post. The aim of the American backwoodsman was unerring, and on the 24th the garrison surrendered to the intrepid boldness of Clark. The French were treated with great kindness, and gladly renewed their allegiance to Virginia. Hamilton was sent as a prisoner to Virginia, where he was kept in close confinement. During his command of the British frontier posts, he had offered prizes to the Indians for all the scalps of Americans they would bring to him, and had earned in consequence thereof the title "Hair-buyer General," by which he was ever afterward known.

Detroit was now without doubt within easy reach of the enterprising Virginian, could he but raise the necessary force. Governor Henry being apprised of this, promised him the needed reinforcement, and Clark concluded to wait until he could capture and sufficiently garrison the posts. Had Clark failed in this bold undertaking, and Hamilton succeeded in uniting the western Indians for the next Spring's campaign, the West would indeed have been swept from the Mississippi to the Allegheny Mountains, and the great blow struck, which had been contemplated from the commencement, by the British.

"But for this small army of dripping, but fearless Virginians, the union of all the tribes from Georgia to Maine against the colonies might have been effected, and the whole current of our history changed."

At this time some fears were entertained by the Colonial Governments that the Indians in the North and Northwest were inclining to the British, and under the instructions of Washington, now Commander-in-Chief of the Colonial army, and so bravely fighting for American independence, armed forces were sent against the Six Nations, and upon the Ohio frontier, Col. Bowman, acting under the same general's orders, marched against Indians within the present limits of that State. These expeditions were in the main successful, and the Indians were compelled to sue for peace.

During this same year (1779) the famous "Land Laws" of Virginia were passed. The passage of these laws was of more consequence to the pioneers of Kentucky and the Northwest than the gaining of a few Indian conflicts. These laws confirmed in main all grants made, and guaranteed to all actual settlers their rights and privileges. After providing for the settlers, the laws provided for selling the balance of the public lands at forty cents per acre. To carry the Land Laws into effect, the Legislature sent four Virginians westward to attend to the various claims, over many of which great confusion prevailed concerning their validity. These gentlemen opened their court on October 13, 1779, at St. Asaphs, and continued until April 26, 1780, when they adjourned, having decided three thousand claims. They were succeeded by the surveyor, who came in the person of Mr. George May, and assumed his duties on the 10th day of the month whose name he bore. With the opening of the next year (1780) the troubles concerning the navigation of the Mississippi commenced. The Spanish Government exacted such measures in relation to its trade as to cause the overtures made to the United States to be rejected. The American Government considered they had a right to navigate its channel. To enforce their claims, a fort was erected below the mouth of the Ohio on the Kentucky side of the river. The settlements in Kentucky were being rapidly filled by emigrants. It was during this year that the first seminary of learning was established in the West in this young and enterprising Commonwealth.

The settlers here did not look upon the building of this fort in a friendly manner, as it aroused the hostility of the Indians. Spain had been friendly to the Colonies during their struggle for independence, and though for a while this friendship appeared in danger from the refusal of the free navigation of the river, yet it was finally settled to the satisfaction of both nations.

The Winter of 1779-80 was one of the most unusually severe ones ever experienced in the West. The Indians always referred to it as the "Great Cold." Numbers of wild animals perished, and not a few pioneers lost their lives. The following Summer a party of Canadians and Indians attacked St. Louis, and attempted to take possession of it in consequence of the friendly disposition of Spain to the revolting colonies. They met with such a determined resistance on the part of the inhabitants, even the women taking part in the battle, that they were compelled to abandon the contest. They also made an attack on the settlements in Kentucky, but, becoming alarmed in some unaccountable manner, they fled the country in great haste.

About this time arose the question in the Colonial Congress concerning the western lands claimed by Virginia, New York, Massachusetts

and Connecticut. The agitation concerning this subject finally led New York, on the 19th of February, 1780, to pass a law giving to the delegates of that State in Congress the power to cede her western lands for the benefit of the United States. This law was laid before Congress during the next month, but no steps were taken concerning it until September 6th, when a resolution passed that body calling upon the States claiming western lands to release their claims in favor of the whole body. This basis formed the union, and was the first after all of those legislative measures which resulted in the creation of the States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota. In December of the same year, the plan of conquering Detroit again arose. The conquest might have easily been effected by Clark had the necessary aid been furnished him. Nothing decisive was done, yet the heads of the Government knew that the safety of the Northwest from British invasion lay in the capture and retention of that important post, the only unconquered one in the territory.

Before the close of the year, Kentucky was divided into the Counties of Lincoln, Fayette and Jefferson, and the act establishing the Town of Louisville was passed. This same year is also noted in the annals of American history as the year in which occurred Arnold's treason to the United States.

Virginia, in accordance with the resolution of Congress, on the 2d day of January, 1781, agreed to yield her western lands to the United States upon certain conditions, which Congress would not accede to, and the Act of Cession, on the part of the Old Dominion, failed, nor was anything farther done until 1783. During all that time the Colonies were busily engaged in the struggle with the mother country, and in consequence thereof but little heed was given to the western settlements. Upon the 16th of April, 1781, the first birth north of the Ohio River of American parentage occurred, being that of Mary Heckewelder, daughter of the widely known Moravian missionary, whose band of Christian Indians suffered in after years a horrible massacre by the hands of the frontier settlers, who had been exasperated by the murder of several of their neighbors, and in their rage committed, without regard to humanity, a deed which forever afterwards cast a shade of shame upon their lives. For this and kindred outrages on the part of the whites, the Indians committed many deeds of cruelty which darken the years of 1771 and 1772 in the history of the Northwest.

During the year 1782 a number of battles among the Indians and frontiersmen occurred, and between the Moravian Indians and the Wyandots. In these, horrible acts of cruelty were practised on the captives, many of such dark deeds transpiring under the leadership of the notorious

frontier outlaw, Simon Girty, whose name, as well as those of his brothers, was a terror to women and children. These occurred chiefly in the Ohio valleys. Cotemporary with them were several engagements in Kentucky, in which the famous Daniel Boone engaged, and who, often by his skill and knowledge of Indian warfare, saved the outposts from cruel destruc-



INDIANS ATTACKING FRONTIERSMEN.

tion. By the close of the year victory had perched upon the American banner, and on the 30th of November, provisional articles of peace had been arranged between the Commissioners of England and her unconquerable colonies. Cornwallis had been defeated on the 19th of October preceding, and the liberty of America was assured. On the 19th of April following, the anniversary of the battle of Lexington, peace was

proclaimed to the army of the United States, and on the 3d of the next September, the definite treaty which ended our revolutionary struggle was concluded. By the terms of that treaty, the boundaries of the West were as follows: On the north the line was to extend along the center of the Great Lakes; from the western point of Lake Superior to Long Lake; thence to the Lake of the Woods; thence to the head of the Mississippi River; down its center to the 31st parallel of latitude, then on that line east to the head of the Appalachicola River; down its center to its junction with the Flint; thence straight to the head of St. Mary's River, and thence down along its center to the Atlantic Ocean.

Following the cessation of hostilities with England, several posts were still occupied by the British in the North and West. Among these was Detroit, still in the hands of the enemy. Numerous engagements with the Indians throughout Ohio and Indiana occurred, upon whose lands adventurous whites would settle ere the title had been acquired by the proper treaty.

To remedy this latter evil, Congress appointed commissioners to treat with the natives and purchase their lands, and prohibited the settlement of the territory until this could be done. Before the close of the year another attempt was made to capture Detroit, which was, however, not pushed, and Virginia, no longer feeling the interest in the Northwest she had formerly done, withdrew her troops, having on the 20th of December preceding authorized the whole of her possessions to be deeded to the United States. This was done on the 1st of March following, and the Northwest Territory passed from the control of the Old Dominion. To Gen. Clark and his soldiers, however, she gave a tract of one hundred and fifty thousand acres of land, to be situated any where north of the Ohio wherever they chose to locate them. They selected the region opposite the falls of the Ohio, where is now the dilapidated village of Clarksville, about midway between the Cities of New Albany and Jeffersonville, Indiana.

While the frontier remained thus, and Gen. Haldimand at Detroit refused to evacuate alleging that he had no orders from his King to do so, settlers were rapidly gathering about the inland forts. In the Spring of 1784, Pittsburgh was regularly laid out, and from the journal of Arthur Lee, who passed through the town soon after on his way to the Indian council at Fort McIntosh, we suppose it was not very prepossessing in appearance. He says:

“Pittsburgh is inhabited almost entirely by Scots and Irish, who live in paltry log houses, and are as dirty as if in the north of Ireland or even Scotland. There is a great deal of trade carried on, the goods being bought at the vast expense of forty-five shillings per pound from Phila-

delphia and Baltimore. They take in the shops flour, wheat, skins and money. There are in the town four attorneys, two doctors, and not a priest of any persuasion, nor church nor chapel."

Kentucky at this time contained thirty thousand inhabitants, and was beginning to discuss measures for a separation from Virginia. A land office was opened at Louisville, and measures were adopted to take defensive precaution against the Indians who were yet, in some instances, incited to deeds of violence by the British. Before the close of this year, 1784, the military claimants of land began to occupy them, although no entries were recorded until 1787.

The Indian title to the Northwest was not yet extinguished. They held large tracts of lands, and in order to prevent bloodshed Congress adopted means for treaties with the original owners and provided for the surveys of the lands gained thereby, as well as for those north of the Ohio, now in its possession. On January 31, 1786, a treaty was made with the Wabash Indians. The treaty of Fort Stanwix had been made in 1784. That at Fort McIntosh in 1785, and through these much land was gained. The Wabash Indians, however, afterward refused to comply with the provisions of the treaty made with them, and in order to compel their adherence to its provisions, force was used. During the year 1786, the free navigation of the Mississippi came up in Congress, and caused various discussions, which resulted in no definite action, only serving to excite speculation in regard to the western lands. Congress had promised bounties of land to the soldiers of the Revolution, but owing to the unsettled condition of affairs along the Mississippi respecting its navigation, and the trade of the Northwest, that body had, in 1783, declared its inability to fulfill these promises until a treaty could be concluded between the two Governments. Before the close of the year 1786, however, it was able, through the treaties with the Indians, to allow some grants and the settlement thereon, and on the 14th of September Connecticut ceded to the General Government the tract of land known as the "Connecticut Reserve," and before the close of the following year a large tract of land north of the Ohio was sold to a company, who at once took measures to settle it. By the provisions of this grant, the company were to pay the United States one dollar per acre, subject to a deduction of one-third for bad lands and other contingencies. They received 750,000 acres, bounded on the south by the Ohio, on the east by the seventh range of townships, on the west by the sixteenth range, and on the north by a line so drawn as to make the grant complete without the reservations. In addition to this, Congress afterward granted 100,000 acres to actual settlers, and 214,285 acres as army bounties under the resolutions of 1789 and 1790.

While Dr. Cutler, one of the agents of the company, was pressing its claims before Congress, that body was bringing into form an ordinance for the political and social organization of this Territory. When the cession was made by Virginia, in 1784, a plan was offered, but rejected. A motion had been made to strike from the proposed plan the prohibition of slavery, which prevailed. The plan was then discussed and altered, and finally passed unanimously, with the exception of South Carolina. By this proposition, the Territory was to have been divided into states



A PRAIRIE STORM.

by parallels and meridian lines. This, it was thought, would make ten states, which were to have been named as follows—beginning at the northwest corner and going southwardly: Sylvania, Michigania, Chersonesus, Assenisipia, Metropotamia, Illenoia, Saratoga, Washington, Polyptamia and Pelisipia.

There was a more serious objection to this plan than its category of names,—the boundaries. The root of the difficulty was in the resolution of Congress passed in October, 1780, which fixed the boundaries of the ceded lands to be from one hundred to one hundred and fifty miles

square. These resolutions being presented to the Legislatures of Virginia and Massachusetts, they desired a change, and in July, 1786, the subject was taken up in Congress, and changed to favor a division into not more than five states, and not less than three. This was approved by the State Legislature of Virginia. The subject of the Government was again taken up by Congress in 1786, and discussed throughout that year and until July, 1787, when the famous "Compact of 1787" was passed, and the foundation of the government of the Northwest laid. This compact is fully discussed and explained in the history of Illinois in this book, and to it the reader is referred.

The passage of this act and the grant to the New England Company was soon followed by an application to the Government by John Cleves Symmes, of New Jersey, for a grant of the land between the Miamis. This gentleman had visited these lands soon after the treaty of 1786, and, being greatly pleased with them, offered similar terms to those given to the New England Company. The petition was referred to the Treasury Board with power to act, and a contract was concluded the following year. During the Autumn the directors of the New England Company were preparing to occupy their grant the following Spring, and upon the 23d of November made arrangements for a party of forty-seven men, under the superintendency of Gen. Rufus Putnam, to set forward. Six boat-builders were to leave at once, and on the first of January the surveyors and their assistants, twenty-six in number, were to meet at Hartford and proceed on their journey westward; the remainder to follow as soon as possible. Congress, in the meantime, upon the 3d of October, had ordered seven hundred troops for defense of the western settlers, and to prevent unauthorized intrusions; and two days later appointed Arthur St. Clair Governor of the Territory of the Northwest.

AMERICAN SETTLEMENTS.

The civil organization of the Northwest Territory was now complete, and notwithstanding the uncertainty of Indian affairs, settlers from the East began to come into the country rapidly. The New England Company sent their men during the Winter of 1787-8 pressing on over the Alleghenies by the old Indian path which had been opened into Braddock's road, and which has since been made a national turnpike from Cumberland westward. Through the weary winter days they toiled on, and by April were all gathered on the Yohiogany, where boats had been built, and at once started for the Muskingum. Here they arrived on the 7th of that month, and unless the Moravian missionaries be regarded as the pioneers of Ohio, this little band can justly claim that honor.

Gen. St. Clair, the appointed Governor of the Northwest, not having yet arrived, a set of laws were passed, written out, and published by being nailed to a tree in the embryo town, and Jonathan Meigs appointed to administer them.

Washington in writing of this, the first American settlement in the Northwest, said: "No colony in America was ever settled under such favorable auspices as that which has just commenced at Muskingum. Information, property and strength will be its characteristics. I know many of its settlers personally, and there never were men better calculated to promote the welfare of such a community."



A PIONEER DWELLING.

On the 2d of July a meeting of the directors and agents was held on the banks of the Muskingum, "for the purpose of naming the new-born city and its squares." As yet the settlement was known as the "Muskingum," but that was now changed to the name Marietta, in honor of Marie Antoinette. The square upon which the block-houses stood was called "*Campus Martius*;" square number 19, "*Capitolium*;" square number 61, "*Cecilia*;" and the great road through the covert way, "*Sacra Via*." Two days after, an oration was delivered by James M. Varnum, who with S. H. Parsons and John Armstrong had been appointed to the judicial bench of the territory on the 16th of October, 1787. On July 9, Gov. St. Clair arrived, and the colony began to assume form. The act of 1787 provided two district grades of government for the Northwest,

under the first of which the whole power was invested in the hands of a governor and three district judges. This was immediately formed upon the Governor's arrival, and the first laws of the colony passed on the 25th of July. These provided for the organization of the militia, and on the next day appeared the Governor's proclamation, erecting all that country that had been ceded by the Indians east of the Scioto River into the County of Washington. From that time forward, notwithstanding the doubts yet existing as to the Indians, all Marietta prospered, and on the 2d of September the first court of the territory was held with imposing ceremonies.

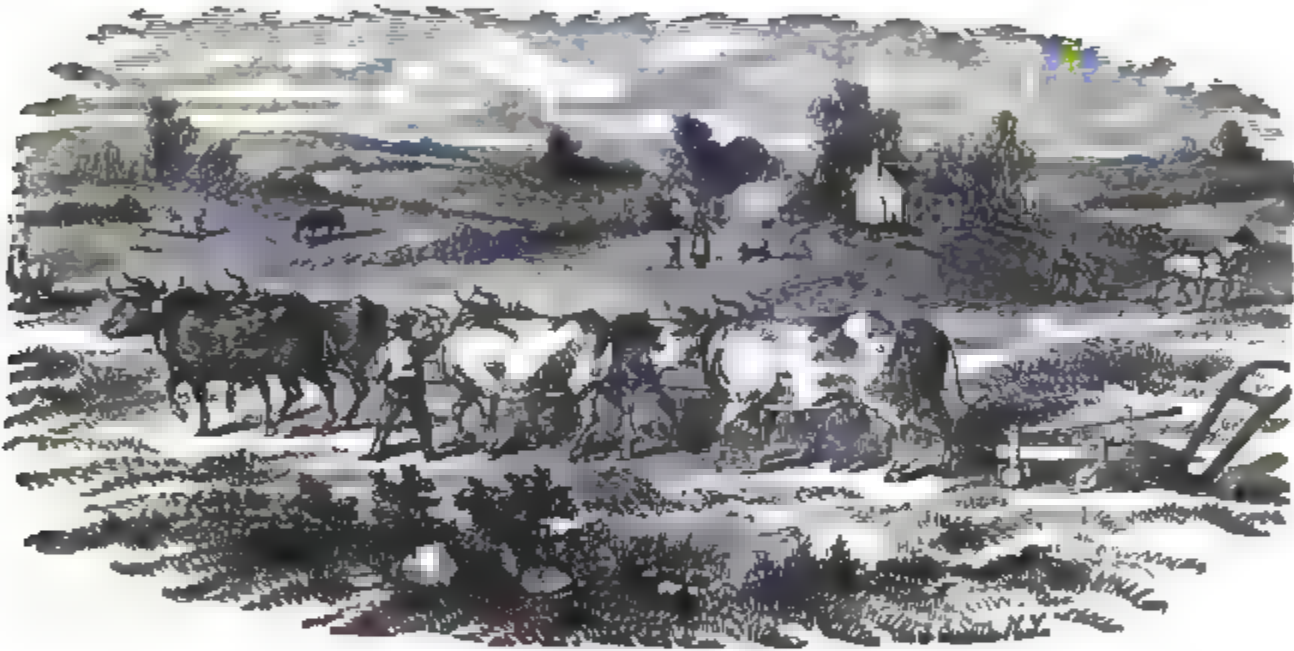
The emigration westward at this time was very great. The commander at Fort Harmer, at the mouth of the Muskingum, reported four thousand five hundred persons as having passed that post between February and June, 1788—many of whom would have purchased of the "Associates," as the New England Company was called, had they been ready to receive them.

On the 26th of November, 1787, Symmes issued a pamphlet stating the terms of his contract and the plan of sale he intended to adopt. In January, 1788, Matthias Denman, of New Jersey, took an active interest in Symmes' purchase, and located among other tracts the sections upon which Cincinnati has been built. Retaining one-third of this locality, he sold the other two-thirds to Robert Patterson and John Filson, and the three, about August, commenced to lay out a town on the spot, which was designated as being opposite Licking River, to the mouth of which they proposed to have a road cut from Lexington. The naming of the town is thus narrated in the "Western Annals":—"Mr. Filson, who had been a schoolmaster, was appointed to name the town, and, in respect to its situation, and as if with a prophetic perception of the mixed race that were to inhabit it in after days, he named it Losantiville, which, being interpreted, means: *ville*, the town; *anti*, against or opposite to; *os*, the mouth; *L.* of Licking."

Meanwhile, in July, Symmes got thirty persons and eight four-horse teams under way for the West. These reached Limestone (now Maysville) in September, where were several persons from Redstone. Here Mr. Symmes tried to found a settlement, but the great freshet of 1789 caused the "Point," as it was and is yet called, to be fifteen feet under water, and the settlement to be abandoned. The little band of settlers removed to the mouth of the Miami. Before Symmes and his colony left the "Point," two settlements had been made on his purchase. The first was by Mr. Stiltes, the original projector of the whole plan, who, with a colony of Redstone people, had located at the mouth of the Miami, whither Symmes went with his Maysville colony. Here a clearing had

been made by the Indians owing to the great fertility of the soil. Mr. Stiltes with his colony came to this place on the 18th of November, 1788, with twenty-six persons, and, building a block-house, prepared to remain through the Winter. They named the settlement Columbia. Here they were kindly treated by the Indians, but suffered greatly from the flood of 1789.

On the 4th of March, 1789, the Constitution of the United States went into operation, and on April 30, George Washington was inaugurated President of the American people, and during the next Summer, an Indian war was commenced by the tribes north of the Ohio. The President at first used pacific means; but these failing, he sent General Harmer against the hostile tribes. He destroyed several villages, but



BREAKING PRAIRIE.

was defeated in two battles, near the present City of Fort Wayne, Indiana. From this time till the close of 1795, the principal events were the wars with the various Indian tribes. In 1796, General St. Clair was appointed in command, and marched against the Indians; but while he was encamped on a stream, the St. Mary, a branch of the Maumee, he was attacked and defeated with the loss of six hundred men.

General Wayne was now sent against the savages. In August, 1794, he met them near the rapids of the Maumee, and gained a complete victory. This success, followed by vigorous measures, compelled the Indians to sue for peace, and on the 30th of July, the following year, the treaty of Greenville was signed by the principal chiefs, by which a large tract of country was ceded to the United States.

Before proceeding in our narrative, we will pause to notice Fort Washington, erected in the early part of this war on the site of Cincinnati. Nearly all of the great cities of the Northwest, and indeed of the

whole country, have had their *nuclei* in those rude pioneer structures, known as forts or stockades. Thus Forts Dearborn, Washington, Ponchartrain, mark the original sites of the now proud Cities of Chicago, Cincinnati and Detroit. So of most of the flourishing cities east and west of the Mississippi. Fort Washington, erected by Doughty in 1790, was a rude but highly interesting structure. It was composed of a number of strongly-built hewed log cabins. Those designed for soldiers' barracks were a story and a half high, while those composing the officers quarters were more imposing and more conveniently arranged and furnished. The whole were so placed as to form a hollow square, enclosing about an acre of ground, with a block house at each of the four angles.

The logs for the construction of this fort were cut from the ground upon which it was erected. It stood between Third and Fourth Streets of the present city (Cincinnati) extending east of Eastern Row, now Broadway, which was then a narrow alley, and the eastern boundary of of the town as it was originally laid out. On the bank of the river, immediately in front of the fort, was an appendage of the fort, called the Artificer's Yard. It contained about two acres of ground, enclosed by small contiguous buildings, occupied by workshops and quarters of laborers. Within this enclosure there was a large two-story frame house, familiarly called the "Yellow House," built for the accommodation of the Quartermaster General. For many years this was the best finished and most commodious edifice in the Queen City. Fort Washington was for some time the headquarters of both the civil and military governments of the Northwestern Territory.

Following the consummation of the treaty various gigantic land speculations were entered into by different persons, who hoped to obtain from the Indians in Michigan and northern Indiana, large tracts of lands. These were generally discovered in time to prevent the outrageous schemes from being carried out, and from involving the settlers in war. On October 27, 1795, the treaty between the United States and Spain was signed, whereby the free navigation of the Mississippi was secured.

No sooner had the treaty of 1795 been ratified than settlements began to pour rapidly into the West. The great event of the year 1796 was the occupation of that part of the Northwest including Michigan, which was this year, under the provisions of the treaty, evacuated by the British forces. The United States, owing to certain conditions, did not feel justified in addressing the authorities in Canada in relation to Detroit and other frontier posts. When at last the British authorities were called to give them up, they at once complied, and General Wayne, who had done so much to preserve the frontier settlements, and who, before the year's close, sickened and died near Erie, transferred his head-

quarters to the neighborhood of the lakes, where a county named after him was formed, which included the northwest of Ohio, all of Michigan, and the northeast of Indiana. During this same year settlements were formed at the present City of Chillicothe, along the Miami from Middletown to Piqua, while in the more distant West, settlers and speculators began to appear in great numbers. In September, the City of Cleveland was laid out, and during the Summer and Autumn, Samuel Jackson and Jonathan Sharpless erected the first manufactory of paper—the “Redstone Paper Mill”—in the West. St. Louis contained some seventy houses, and Detroit over three hundred, and along the river, contiguous to it, were more than three thousand inhabitants, mostly French Canadians, Indians and half-breeds, scarcely any Americans venturing yet into that part of the Northwest.

The election of representatives for the territory had taken place, and on the 4th of February, 1799, they convened at Losantiville—now known as Cincinnati, having been named so by Gov. St. Clair, and considered the capital of the Territory—to nominate persons from whom the members of the Legislature were to be chosen in accordance with a previous ordinance. This nomination being made, the Assembly adjourned until the 16th of the following September. From those named the President selected as members of the council, Henry Vandenburg, of Vincennes, Robert Oliver, of Marietta, James Findlay and Jacob Burnett, of Cincinnati, and David Vance, of Vanceville. On the 16th of September the Territorial Legislature met, and on the 24th the two houses were duly organized, Henry Vandenburg being elected President of the Council.

The message of Gov. St. Clair was addressed to the Legislature September 20th, and on October 13th that body elected as a delegate to Congress Gen. Wm. Henry Harrison, who received eleven of the votes cast, being a majority of one over his opponent, Arthur St. Clair, son of Gen. St. Clair.

The whole number of acts passed at this session, and approved by the Governor, were thirty-seven—eleven others were passed, but received his veto. The most important of those passed related to the militia, to the administration, and to taxation. On the 19th of December this protracted session of the first Legislature in the West was closed, and on the 30th of December the President nominated Charles Willing Bryd to the office of Secretary of the Territory *vice* Wm. Henry Harrison, elected to Congress. The Senate confirmed his nomination the next day.

DIVISION OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORY.

The increased emigration to the Northwest, the extent of the domain, and the inconvenient modes of travel, made it very difficult to conduct the ordinary operations of government, and rendered the efficient action of courts almost impossible. To remedy this, it was deemed advisable to divide the territory for civil purposes. Congress, in 1800, appointed a committee to examine the question and report some means for its solution. This committee, on the 3d of March, reported that:

“In the three western countries there has been but one court having cognizance of crimes, in five years, and the immunity which offenders experience attracts, as to an asylum, the most vile and abandoned criminals, and at the same time deters useful citizens from making settlements in such society. The extreme necessity of judiciary attention and assistance is experienced in civil as well as in criminal cases. * * * * To minister a remedy to these and other evils, it occurs to this committee that it is expedient that a division of said territory into two distinct and separate governments should be made; and that such division be made by a line beginning at the mouth of the Great Miami River, running directly north until it intersects the boundary between the United States and Canada.”

The report was accepted by Congress, and, in accordance with its suggestions, that body passed an Act extinguishing the Northwest Territory, which Act was approved May 7. Among its provisions were these:

“That from and after July 4 next, all that part of the Territory of the United States northwest of the Ohio River, which lies to the westward of a line beginning at a point on the Ohio, opposite to the mouth of the Kentucky River, and running thence to Fort Recovery, and thence north until it shall intersect the territorial line between the United States and Canada, shall, for the purpose of temporary government, constitute a separate territory, and be called the Indiana Territory.”

After providing for the exercise of the civil and criminal powers of the territories, and other provisions, the Act further provides:

“That until it shall otherwise be ordered by the Legislatures of the said Territories, respectively, Chillicothe on the Scioto River shall be the seat of government of the Territory of the United States northwest of the Ohio River; and that St. Vincennes on the Wabash River shall be the seat of government for the Indiana Territory.”

Gen. Wm. Henry Harrison was appointed Governor of the Indiana Territory, and entered upon his duties about a year later. Connecticut also about this time released her claims to the reserve, and in March a law

was passed accepting this cession. Settlements had been made upon thirty-five of the townships in the reserve, mills had been built, and seven hundred miles of road cut in various directions. On the 3d of November the General Assembly met at Chillicothe. Near the close of the year, the first missionary of the Connecticut Reserve came, who found no township containing more than eleven families. It was upon the first of October that the secret treaty had been made between Napoleon and the King of Spain, whereby the latter agreed to cede to France the province of Louisiana.

In January, 1802, the Assembly of the Northwestern Territory chartered the college at Athens. From the earliest dawn of the western colonies, education was promptly provided for, and as early as 1787, newspapers were issued from Pittsburgh and Kentucky, and largely read throughout the frontier settlements. Before the close of this year, the Congress of the United States granted to the citizens of the Northwestern territory the formation of a State government. One of the provisions of the "compact of 1787" provided that whenever the number of inhabitants within prescribed limits exceeded 45,000, they should be entitled to a separate government. The prescribed limits of Ohio contained, from a census taken to ascertain the legality of the act, more than that number, and on the 30th of April, 1802, Congress passed the act defining its limits, and on the 29th of November the Constitution of the new State of Ohio, so named from the beautiful river forming its southern boundary, came into existence. The exact limits of Lake Michigan were not then known, but the territory now included within the State of Michigan was wholly within the territory of Indiana.

Gen. Harrison, while residing at Vincennes, made several treaties with the Indians, thereby gaining large tracts of lands. The next year is memorable in the history of the West for the purchase of Louisiana from France by the United States for \$15,000,000. Thus by a peaceful mode, the domain of the United States was extended over a large tract of country west of the Mississippi, and was for a time under the jurisdiction of the Northwest government, and, as has been mentioned in the early part of this narrative, was called the "New Northwest." The limits of this history will not allow a description of its territory. The same year large grants of land were obtained from the Indians, and the House of Representatives of the new State of Ohio signed a bill respecting the College Township in the district of Cincinnati.

Before the close of the year, Gen. Harrison obtained additional grants of lands from the various Indian nations in Indiana and the present limits of Illinois, and on the 18th of August, 1804, completed a treaty at St. Louis, whereby over 51,000,000 acres of lands were obtained from the

aborigines. Measures were also taken to learn the condition of affairs in and about Detroit.

C. Jouett, the Indian agent in Michigan, still a part of Indiana Territory, reported as follows upon the condition of matters at that post:

"The Town of Detroit.—The charter, which is for fifteen miles square, was granted in the time of Louis XIV. of France, and is now, from the best information I have been able to get, at Quebec. Of those two hundred and twenty-five acres, only four are occupied by the town and Fort Lenault. The remainder is a common, except twenty-four acres, which were added twenty years ago to a farm belonging to Wm. Macomb. * * * A stockade incloses the town, fort and citadel. The pickets, as well as the public houses, are in a state of gradual decay. The streets are narrow, straight and regular, and intersect each other at right angles. The houses are, for the most part, low and inelegant."

During this year, Congress granted a township of land for the support of a college, and began to offer inducements for settlers in these wilds, and the country now comprising the State of Michigan began to fill rapidly with settlers along its southern borders. This same year, also, a law was passed organizing the Southwest Territory, dividing it into two portions, the Territory of New Orleans, which city was made the seat of government, and the District of Louisiana, which was annexed to the domain of Gen. Harrison.

On the 11th of January, 1805, the Territory of Michigan was formed, Wm. Hull was appointed governor, with headquarters at Detroit, the change to take effect on June 30. On the 11th of that month, a fire occurred at Detroit, which destroyed almost every building in the place. When the officers of the new territory reached the post, they found it in ruins, and the inhabitants scattered throughout the country. Rebuilding, however, soon commenced, and ere long the town contained more houses than before the fire, and many of them much better built.

While this was being done, Indiana had passed to the second grade of government, and through her General Assembly had obtained large tracts of land from the Indian tribes. To all this the celebrated Indian, Tecumthe or Tecumseh, vigorously protested, and it was the main cause of his attempts to unite the various Indian tribes in a conflict with the settlers. To obtain a full account of these attempts, the workings of the British, and the signal failure, culminating in the death of Tecumseh at the battle of the Thames, and the close of the war of 1812 in the Northwest, we will step aside in our story, and relate the principal events of his life, and his connection with this conflict.



TECUMSEH, THE SHAWANOE CHIEFTAIN.

TECUMSEH, AND THE WAR OF 1812.

This famous Indian chief was born about the year 1768, not far from the site of the present City of Piqua, Ohio. His father, Puckeshinwa, was a member of the Kisopok tribe of the Swanoese nation, and his mother, Methontaske, was a member of the Turtle tribe of the same people. They removed from Florida about the middle of the last century to the birthplace of Tecumseh. In 1774, his father, who had risen to be chief, was slain at the battle of Point Pleasant, and not long after Tecumseh, by his bravery, became the leader of his tribe. In 1795 he was declared chief, and then lived at Deer Creek, near the site of the present City of Urbana. He remained here about one year, when he returned to Piqua, and in 1798, he went to White River, Indiana. In 1805, he and his brother, Laulewasikan (Open Door), who had announced himself as a prophet, went to a tract of land on the Wabash River, given them by the Pottawatomies and Kickapoos. From this date the chief comes into prominence. He was now about thirty-seven years of age, was five feet and ten inches in height, was stoutly built, and possessed of enormous powers of endurance. His countenance was naturally pleasing, and he was, in general, devoid of those savage attributes possessed by most Indians. It is stated he could read and write, and had a confidential secretary and adviser, named Billy Caldwell, a half-breed, who afterward became chief of the Pottawatomies. He occupied the first house built on the site of Chicago. At this time, Tecumseh entered upon the great work of his life. He had long objected to the grants of land made by the Indians to the whites, and determined to unite all the Indian tribes into a league, in order that no treaties or grants of land could be made save by the consent of this confederation.

He traveled constantly, going from north to south; from the south to the north, everywhere urging the Indians to this step. He was a matchless orator, and his burning words had their effect.

Gen. Harrison, then Governor of Indiana, by watching the movements of the Indians, became convinced that a grand conspiracy was forming, and made preparations to defend the settlements. Tecumseh's plan was similar to Pontiac's, elsewhere described, and to the cunning artifice of that chieftain was added his own sagacity.

During the year 1809, Tecumseh and the prophet were actively preparing for the work. In that year, Gen. Harrison entered into a treaty with the Delawares, Kickapoos, Pottawatomies, Miamis, Eel River Indians and Weas, in which these tribes ceded to the whites certain lands upon the Wabash, to all of which Tecumseh entered a bitter protest, averring

as one principal reason that he did not want the Indians to give up any lands north and west of the Ohio River.

Tecumseh, in August, 1810, visited the General at Vincennes and held a council relating to the grievances of the Indians. Becoming unduly angry at this conference he was dismissed from the village, and soon after departed to incite the southern Indian tribes to the conflict.

Gen. Harrison determined to move upon the chief's headquarters at Tippecanoe, and for this purpose went about sixty-five miles up the Wabash, where he built Fort Harrison. From this place he went to the prophet's town, where he informed the Indians he had no hostile intentions, provided they were true to the existing treaties. He encamped near the village early in October, and on the morning of November 7, he was attacked by a large force of the Indians, and the famous battle of Tippecanoe occurred. The Indians were routed and their town broken up. Tecumseh returning not long after, was greatly exasperated at his brother, the prophet, even threatening to kill him for rashly precipitating the war, and foiling his (Tecumseh's) plans.

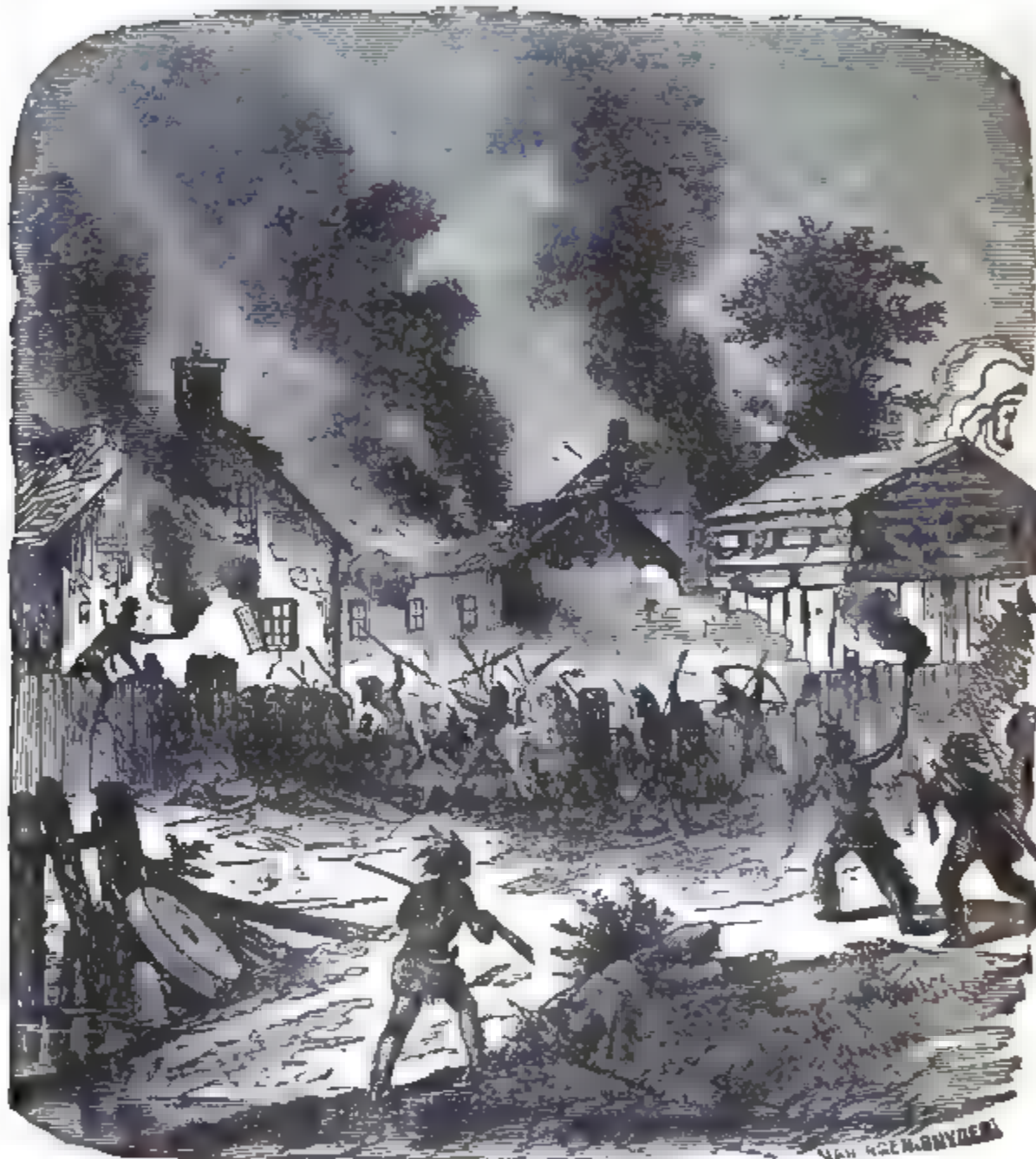
Tecumseh sent word to Gen. Harrison that he was now returned from the South, and was ready to visit the President as had at one time previously been proposed. Gen. Harrison informed him he could not go as a chief, which method Tecumseh desired, and the visit was never made.

In June of the following year, he visited the Indian agent at Fort Wayne. Here he disavowed any intention to make a war against the United States, and reproached Gen. Harrison for marching against his people. The agent replied to this; Tecumseh listened with a cold indifference, and after making a few general remarks, with a haughty air drew his blanket about him, left the council house, and departed for Fort Malden, in Upper Canada, where he joined the British standard.

He remained under this Government, doing effective work for the Crown while engaged in the war of 1812 which now opened. He was, however, always humane in his treatment of the prisoners, never allowing his warriors to ruthlessly mutilate the bodies of those slain, or wantonly murder the captive.

In the Summer of 1813, Perry's victory on Lake Erie occurred, and shortly after active preparations were made to capture Malden. On the 27th of September, the American army, under Gen. Harrison, set sail for the shores of Canada, and in a few hours stood around the ruins of Malden, from which the British army, under Proctor, had retreated to Sandwich, intending to make its way to the heart of Canada by the Valley of the Thames. On the 29th Gen. Harrison was at Sandwich, and Gen. McArthur took possession of Detroit and the territory of Michigan.

On the 2d of October, the Americans began their pursuit of Proctor, whom they overtook on the 5th, and the battle of the Thames followed. Early in the engagement, Tecumseh who was at the head of the column of Indians was slain, and they, no longer hearing the voice of their chief-tain, fled. The victory was decisive, and practically closed the war in the Northwest.



INDIANS ATTACKING A STOCKADE.

Just who killed the great chief has been a matter of much dispute ; but the weight of opinion awards the act to Col. Richard M. Johnson, who fired at him with a pistol, the shot proving fatal.

In 1805 occurred Burr's Insurrection. He took possession of a beautiful island in the Ohio, after the killing of Hamilton, and is charged by many with attempting to set up an independent government. His plans were frustrated by the general government, his property confiscated and he was compelled to flee the country for safety.

In January, 1807, Governor Hull, of Michigan Territory, made a treaty with the Indians, whereby all that peninsula was ceded to the United States. Before the close of the year, a stockade was built about Detroit. It was also during this year that Indiana and Illinois endeavored to obtain the repeal of that section of the compact of 1787, whereby slavery was excluded from the Northwest Territory. These attempts, however, all signally failed.

In 1809 it was deemed advisable to divide the Indiana Territory. This was done, and the Territory of Illinois was formed from the western part, the seat of government being fixed at Kaskaskia. The next year, the intentions of Tecumseh manifested themselves in open hostilities, and then began the events already narrated.

While this war was in progress, emigration to the West went on with surprising rapidity. In 1811, under Mr. Roosevelt of New York, the first steamboat trip was made on the Ohio, much to the astonishment of the natives, many of whom fled in terror at the appearance of the "monster." It arrived at Louisville on the 10th day of October. At the close of the first week of January, 1812, it arrived at Natchez, after being nearly overwhelmed in the great earthquake which occurred while on its downward trip.

The battle of the Thames was fought on October 6, 1813. It effectually closed hostilities in the Northwest, although peace was not fully restored until July 22, 1814, when a treaty was formed at Greenville, under the direction of General Harrison, between the United States and the Indian tribes, in which it was stipulated that the Indians should cease hostilities against the Americans if the war were continued. Such, happily, was not the case, and on the 24th of December the treaty of Ghent was signed by the representatives of England and the United States. This treaty was followed the next year by treaties with various Indian tribes throughout the West and Northwest, and quiet was again restored in this part of the new world.

On the 18th of March, 1816, Pittsburgh was incorporated as a city. It then had a population of 8,000 people, and was already noted for its manufacturing interests. On April 19, Indiana Territory was allowed to form a state government. At that time there were thirteen counties organized, containing about sixty-three thousand inhabitants. The first election of state officers was held in August, when Jonathan Jennings was chosen Governor. The officers were sworn in on November 7, and on December 11, the State was formally admitted into the Union. For some time the seat of government was at Corydon, but a more central location being desirable, the present capital, Indianapolis (City of Indiana), was laid out January 1, 1825.

On the 28th of December the Bank of Illinois, at Shawneetown, was chartered, with a capital of \$300,000. At this period all banks were under the control of the States, and were allowed to establish branches at different convenient points.

Until this time Chillicothe and Cincinnati had in turn enjoyed the privileges of being the capital of Ohio. But the rapid settlement of the northern and eastern portions of the State demanded, as in Indiana, a more central location, and before the close of the year, the site of Columbus was selected and surveyed as the future capital of the State. Banking had begun in Ohio as early as 1808, when the first bank was chartered at Marietta, but here as elsewhere it did not bring to the state the hoped-for assistance. It and other banks were subsequently unable to redeem their currency, and were obliged to suspend.

In 1818, Illinois was made a state, and all the territory north of her northern limits was erected into a separate territory and joined to Michigan for judicial purposes. By the following year, navigation of the lakes was increasing with great rapidity and affording an immense source of revenue to the dwellers in the Northwest, but it was not until 1826 that the trade was extended to Lake Michigan, or that steamships began to navigate the bosom of that inland sea.

Until the year 1832, the commencement of the Black Hawk War, but few hostilities were experienced with the Indians. Roads were opened, canals were dug, cities were built, common schools were established, universities were founded, many of which, especially the Michigan University, have achieved a world wide-reputation. The people were becoming wealthy. The domains of the United States had been extended, and had the sons of the forest been treated with honesty and justice, the record of many years would have been that of peace and continuous prosperity.

BLACK HAWK AND THE BLACK HAWK WAR.

This conflict, though confined to Illinois, is an important epoch in the Northwestern history, being the last war with the Indians in this part of the United States.

Ma-ka-tai-me-she-kia-kiah, or Black Hawk, was born in the principal Sac village, about three miles from the junction of Rock River with the Mississippi, in the year 1767. His father's name was Py-e-sa or Pahaes; his grandfather's, Na-na-ma-kee, or the Thunderer. Black Hawk early distinguished himself as a warrior, and at the age of fifteen was permitted to paint and was ranked among the braves. About the year 1783, he went on an expedition against the enemies of his nation, the Osages, one



BLACK HAWK, THE SAUK CHIEFTAIN.

of whom he killed and scalped, and for this deed of Indian bravery he was permitted to join in the scalp dance. Three or four years after he, at the head of two hundred braves, went on another expedition against the Osages, to avenge the murder of some women and children belonging to his own tribe. Meeting an equal number of Osage warriors, a fierce battle ensued, in which the latter tribe lost one-half their number. The Sacs lost only about nineteen warriors. He next attacked the Cherokees for a similar cause. In a severe battle with them, near the present City of St. Louis, his father was slain, and Black Hawk, taking possession of the "Medicine Bag," at once announced himself chief of the Sac nation. He had now conquered the Cherokees, and about the year 1800, at the head of five hundred Sacs and Foxes, and a hundred Iowas, he waged war against the Osage nation and subdued it. For two years he battled successfully with other Indian tribes, all of whom he conquered.

Black Hawk does not at any time seem to have been friendly to the Americans. When on a visit to St. Louis to see his "Spanish Father," he declined to see any of the Americans, alleging, as a reason, he did not want *two* fathers.

The treaty at St. Louis was consummated in 1804. The next year the United States Government erected a fort near the head of the Des Moines Rapids, called Fort Edwards. This seemed to enrage Black Hawk, who at once determined to capture Fort Madison, standing on the west side of the Mississippi above the mouth of the Des Moines River. The fort was garrisoned by about fifty men. Here he was defeated. The difficulties with the British Government arose about this time, and the War of 1812 followed. That government, extending aid to the Western Indians, by giving them arms and ammunition, induced them to remain hostile to the Americans. In August, 1812, Black Hawk, at the head of about five hundred braves, started to join the British forces at Detroit, passing on his way the site of Chicago, where the famous Fort Dearborn Massacre had a few days before occurred. Of his connection with the British Government but little is known. In 1813 he with his little band descended the Mississippi, and attacking some United States troops at Fort Howard was defeated.

In the early part of 1815, the Indian tribes west of the Mississippi were notified that peace had been declared between the United States and England, and nearly all hostilities had ceased. Black Hawk did not sign any treaty, however, until May of the following year. He then recognized the validity of the treaty at St. Louis in 1804. From the time of signing this treaty in 1816, until the breaking out of the war in 1832, he and his band passed their time in the common pursuits of Indian life.

Ten years before the commencement of this war, the Sac and Fox

Indians were urged to join the Iowas on the west bank of the Father of Waters. All were agreed, save the band known as the British Band, of which Black Hawk was leader. He strenuously objected to the removal, and was induced to comply only after being threatened with the power of the Government. This and various actions on the part of the white settlers provoked Black Hawk and his band to attempt the capture of his native village now occupied by the whites. The war followed. He and his actions were undoubtedly misunderstood, and had his wishes been acquiesced in at the beginning of the struggle, much bloodshed would have been prevented.

Black Hawk was chief now of the Sac and Fox nations, and a noted warrior. He and his tribe inhabited a village on Rock River, nearly three miles above its confluence with the Mississippi, where the tribe had lived many generations. When that portion of Illinois was reserved to them, they remained in peaceable possession of their reservation, spending their time in the enjoyment of Indian life. The fine situation of their village and the quality of their lands incited the more lawless white settlers, who from time to time began to encroach upon the red men's domain. From one pretext to another, and from one step to another, the crafty white men gained a foothold, until through whisky and artifice they obtained deeds from many of the Indians for their possessions. The Indians were finally induced to cross over the Father of Waters and locate among the Iowas. Black Hawk was strenuously opposed to all this, but as the authorities of Illinois and the United States thought this the best move, he was forced to comply. Moreover other tribes joined the whites and urged the removal. Black Hawk would not agree to the terms of the treaty made with his nation for their lands, and as soon as the military, called to enforce his removal, had retired, he returned to the Illinois side of the river. A large force was at once raised and marched against him. On the evening of May 14, 1832, the first engagement occurred between a band from this army and Black Hawk's band, in which the former were defeated.

This attack and its result aroused the whites. A large force of men was raised, and Gen. Scott hastened from the seaboard, by way of the lakes, with United States troops and artillery to aid in the subjugation of the Indians. On the 24th of June, Black Hawk, with 200 warriors, was repulsed by Major Demont between Rock River and Galena. The American army continued to move up Rock River toward the main body of the Indians, and on the 21st of July came upon Black Hawk and his band, and defeated them near the Blue Mounds.

Before this action, Gen. Henry, in command, sent word to the main army by whom he was immediately rejoined, and the whole crossed the

Wisconsin in pursuit of Black Hawk and his band who were fleeing to the Mississippi. They were overtaken on the 2d of August, and in the battle which followed the power of the Indian chief was completely broken. He fled, but was seized by the Winnebagoes and delivered to the whites.

On the 21st of September, 1832, Gen. Scott and Gov. Reynolds concluded a treaty with the Winnebagoes, Sacs and Foxes by which they ceded to the United States a vast tract of country, and agreed to remain peaceable with the whites. For the faithful performance of the provisions of this treaty on the part of the Indians, it was stipulated that Black Hawk, his two sons, the prophet Wabokieshiek, and six other chiefs of the hostile bands should be retained as hostages during the pleasure of the President. They were confined at Fort Barracks and put in irons.

The next Spring, by order of the Secretary of War, they were taken to Washington. From there they were removed to Fortress Monroe, "there to remain until the conduct of their nation was such as to justify their being set at liberty." They were retained here until the 4th of June, when the authorities directed them to be taken to the principal cities so that they might see the folly of contending against the white people. Everywhere they were observed by thousands, the name of the old chief being extensively known. By the middle of August they reached Fort Armstrong on Rock Island, where Black Hawk was soon after released to go to his countrymen. As he passed the site of his birth-place, now the home of the white man, he was deeply moved. His village where he was born, where he had so happily lived, and where he had hoped to die, was now another's dwelling place, and he was a wanderer.

On the next day after his release, he went at once to his tribe and his lodge. His wife was yet living, and with her he passed the remainder of his days. To his credit it may be said that Black Hawk always remained true to his wife, and served her with a devotion uncommon among the Indians, living with her upward of forty years.

Black Hawk now passed his time hunting and fishing. A deep melancholy had settled over him from which he could not be freed. At all times when he visited the whites he was received with marked attention. He was an honored guest at the old settlers' reunion in Lee County, Illinois, at some of their meetings, and received many tokens of esteem. In September, 1838, while on his way to Rock Island to receive his annuity from the Government, he contracted a severe cold which resulted in a fatal attack of bilious fever which terminated his life on October 3. His faithful wife, who was devotedly attached to him, mourned deeply during his sickness. After his death he was dressed in the uniform presented to him by the President while in Washington. He was buried in a grave six feet in depth, situated upon a beautiful eminence. "The

body was placed in the middle of the grave, in a sitting posture, upon a seat constructed for the purpose. On his left side, the cane, given him by Henry Clay, was placed upright, with his right hand resting upon it. Many of the old warrior's trophies were placed in the grave, and some Indian garments, together with his favorite weapons."

No sooner was the Black Hawk war concluded than settlers began rapidly to pour into the northern parts of Illinois, and into Wisconsin, now free from Indian depredations. Chicago, from a trading post, had grown to a commercial center, and was rapidly coming into prominence. In 1835, the formation of a State Government in Michigan was discussed, but did not take active form until two years later, when the State became a part of the Federal Union.

The main attraction to that portion of the Northwest lying west of Lake Michigan, now included in the State of Wisconsin, was its alluvial wealth. Copper ore was found about Lake Superior. For some time this region was attached to Michigan for judiciary purposes, but in 1836 was made a territory, then including Minnesota and Iowa. The latter State was detached two years later. In 1848, Wisconsin was admitted as a State, Madison being made the capital. We have now traced the various divisions of the Northwest Territory (save a little in Minnesota) from the time it was a unit comprising this vast territory, until circumstances compelled its present division.

OTHER INDIAN TROUBLES.

Before leaving this part of the narrative, we will narrate briefly the Indian troubles in Minnesota and elsewhere by the Sioux Indians.

In August, 1862, the Sioux Indians living on the western borders of Minnesota fell upon the unsuspecting settlers, and in a few hours massacred ten or twelve hundred persons. A distressful panic was the immediate result, fully thirty thousand persons fleeing from their homes to districts supposed to be better protected. The military authorities at once took active measures to punish the savages, and a large number were killed and captured. About a year after, Little Crow, the chief, was killed by a Mr. Lampson near Scattered Lake. Of those captured, thirty were hung at Mankato, and the remainder, through fears of mob violence, were removed to Camp McClellan, on the outskirts of the City of Davenport. It was here that Big Eagle came into prominence and secured his release by the following order :



BIG EAGLE.

“Special Order, No. 430.

“WAR DEPARTMENT,

“ADJUTANT GENERAL’S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, Dec. 3, 1864.

“Big Eagle, an Indian now in confinement at Davenport, Iowa, will, upon the receipt of this order, be immediately released from confinement and set at liberty.

“By order of the President of the United States.

“Official:

“E. D. TOWNSEND, *Ass’t Adj’t Gen.*

“CAPT. JAMES VANDERVENTER, *Com’y Sub. Vols.*

“Through Com’g Gen’l, Washington, D. C.”

Another Indian who figures more prominently than Big Eagle, and who was more cowardly in his nature, with his band of Modoc Indians, is noted in the annals of the New Northwest: we refer to Captain Jack. This distinguished Indian, noted for his cowardly murder of Gen. Canby, was a chief of a Modoc tribe of Indians inhabiting the border lands between California and Oregon. This region of country comprises what is known as the “Lava Beds,” a tract of land described as utterly impenetrable, save by those savages who had made it their home.

The Modocs are known as an exceedingly fierce and treacherous race. They had, according to their own traditions, resided here for many generations, and at one time were exceedingly numerous and powerful. A famine carried off nearly half their numbers, and disease, indolence and the vices of the white man have reduced them to a poor, weak and insignificant tribe.

Soon after the settlement of California and Oregon, complaints began to be heard of massacres of emigrant trains passing through the Modoc country. In 1847, an emigrant train, comprising eighteen souls, was entirely destroyed at a place since known as “Bloody Point.” These occurrences caused the United States Government to appoint a peace commission, who, after repeated attempts, in 1864, made a treaty with the Modocs, Snakes and Klamaths, in which it was agreed on their part to remove to a reservation set apart for them in the southern part of Oregon.

With the exception of Captain Jack and a band of his followers, who remained at Clear Lake, about six miles from Klamath, all the Indians complied. The Modocs who went to the reservation were under chief Schonchin. Captain Jack remained at the lake without disturbance until 1869, when he was also induced to remove to the reservation. The Modocs and the Klamaths soon became involved in a quarrel, and Captain Jack and his band returned to the Lava Beds.

Several attempts were made by the Indian Commissioners to induce them to return to the reservation, and finally becoming involved in a

difficulty with the commissioner and his military escort, a fight ensued, in which the chief and his band were routed. They were greatly enraged, and on their retreat, before the day closed, killed eleven inoffensive whites.

The nation was aroused and immediate action demanded. A commission was at once appointed by the Government to see what could be done. It comprised the following persons: Gen. E. R. S. Canby, Rev. Dr. E. Thomas, a leading Methodist divine of California; Mr. A. B. Meacham, Judge Rosborough, of California, and a Mr. Dyer, of Oregon. After several interviews, in which the savages were always aggressive, often appearing with scalps in their belts, Bogus Charley came to the commission on the evening of April 10, 1873, and informed them that Capt. Jack and his band would have a "talk" to-morrow at a place near Clear Lake, about three miles distant. Here the Commissioners, accompanied by Charley, Riddle, the interpreter, and Boston Charley repaired. After the usual greeting the council proceedings commenced. On behalf of the Indians there were present: Capt. Jack, Black Jim, Schnac Nasty Jim, Ellen's Man, and Hooker Jim. They had no guns, but carried pistols. After short speeches by Mr. Meacham, Gen. Canby and Dr. Thomas, Chief Schonchin arose to speak. He had scarcely proceeded when, as if by a preconcerted arrangement, Capt. Jack drew his pistol and shot Gen. Canby dead. In less than a minute a dozen shots were fired by the savages, and the massacre completed. Mr. Meacham was shot by Schonchin, and Dr. Thomas by Boston Charley. Mr. Dyer barely escaped, being fired at twice. Riddle, the interpreter, and his squaw escaped. The troops rushed to the spot where they found Gen. Canby and Dr. Thomas dead, and Mr. Meacham badly wounded. The savages had escaped to their impenetrable fastnesses and could not be pursued.

The whole country was aroused by this brutal massacre; but it was not until the following May that the murderers were brought to justice. At that time Boston Charley gave himself up, and offered to guide the troops to Capt. Jack's stronghold. This led to the capture of his entire gang, a number of whom were murdered by Oregon volunteers while on their way to trial. The remaining Indians were held as prisoners until July when their trial occurred, which led to the conviction of Capt. Jack, Schonchin, Boston Charley, Hooker Jim, Broncho, *alias* One-Eyed Jim, and Slotuck, who were sentenced to be hanged. These sentences were approved by the President, save in the case of Slotuck and Broncho whose sentences were commuted to imprisonment for life. The others were executed at Fort Klamath, October 3, 1873.

These closed the Indian troubles for a time in the Northwest, and for several years the borders of civilization remained in peace. They were again involved in a conflict with the savages about the country of the



CAPTAIN JACK, THE MODOC CHIEFTAIN.

Black Hills, in which war the gallant Gen. Custer lost his life. Just now the borders of Oregon and California are again in fear of hostilities; but as the Government has learned how to deal with the Indians, they will be of short duration. The red man is fast passing away before the march of the white man, and a few more generations will read of the Indians as one of the nations of the past.

The Northwest abounds in memorable places. We have generally noticed them in the narrative, but our space forbids their description in detail, save of the most important places. Detroit, Cincinnati, Vincennes, Kaskaskia and their kindred towns have all been described. But ere we leave the narrative we will present our readers with an account of the Kinzie house, the old landmark of Chicago, and the discovery of the source of the Mississippi River, each of which may well find a place in the annals of the Northwest.

Mr. John Kinzie, of the Kinzie house, represented in the illustration, established a trading house at Fort Dearborn in 1804. The stockade had been erected the year previous, and named Fort Dearborn in honor of the Secretary of War. It had a block house at each of the two angles, on the southern side a sallyport, a covered way on the north side, that led down to the river, for the double purpose of providing means of escape, and of procuring water in the event of a siege.

Fort Dearborn stood on the south bank of the Chicago River, about half a mile from its mouth. When Major Whistler built it, his soldiers hauled all the timber, for he had no oxen, and so economically did he work that the fort cost the Government only fifty dollars. For a while the garrison could get no grain, and Whistler and his men subsisted on acorns. Now Chicago is the greatest grain center in the world.

Mr. Kinzie bought the hut of the first settler, Jean Baptiste Point au Sable, on the site of which he erected his mansion. Within an inclosure in front he planted some Lombardy poplars, seen in the engraving, and in the rear he soon had a fine garden and growing orchard.

In 1812 the Kinzie house and its surroundings became the theater of stirring events. The garrison of Fort Dearborn consisted of fifty-four men, under the charge of Capt. Nathan Heald, assisted by Lieutenant Lenai T. Helm (son-in-law to Mrs. Kinzie), and Ensign Ronan. The surgeon was Dr. Voorhees. The only residents at the post at that time were the wives of Capt. Heald and Lieutenant Helm and a few of the soldiers, Mr. Kinzie and his family, and a few Canadian voyagers with their wives and children. The soldiers and Mr. Kinzie were on the most friendly terms with the Pottawatomies and the Winnebagoes, the principal tribes around them, but they could not win them from their attachment to the British.

After the battle of Tippecanoe it was observed that some of the leading chiefs became sullen, for some of their people had perished in that conflict with American troops.

One evening in April, 1812, Mr. Kinzie sat playing his violin and his children were dancing to the music, when Mrs. Kinzie came rushing into the house pale with terror, and exclaiming, "The Indians! the Indians!" "What? Where?" eagerly inquired Mr. Kinzie. "Up at Lee's, killing and scalping," answered the frightened mother, who, when the alarm was given, was attending Mrs. Burns, a newly-made mother, living not far off.



KINZIE HOUSE.

Mr. Kinzie and his family crossed the river in boats, and took refuge in the fort, to which place Mrs. Burns and her infant, not a day old, were conveyed in safety to the shelter of the guns of Fort Dearborn, and the rest of the white inhabitants fled. The Indians were a scalping party of Winnebagoes, who hovered around the fort some days, when they disappeared, and for several weeks the inhabitants were not disturbed by alarms.

Chicago was then so deep in the wilderness, that the news of the declaration of war against Great Britain, made on the 19th of June, 1812, did not reach the commander of the garrison at Fort Dearborn till the 7th of August. Now the fast mail train will carry a man from New York to Chicago in twenty-seven hours, and such a declaration might be sent, every word, by the telegraph in less than the same number of minutes.



VILLAGE RESIDENCE.

PRESENT CONDITION OF THE NORTHWEST.

Preceding chapters have brought us to the close of the Black Hawk war, and we now turn to the contemplation of the growth and prosperity of the Northwest under the smile of peace and the blessings of our civilization. The pioneers of this region date events back to the deep snow



A REPRESENTATIVE PIONEER.

of 1831, no one arriving here since that date taking first honors. The inciting cause of the immigration which overflowed the prairies early in the '30s was the reports of the marvelous beauty and fertility of the region distributed through the East by those who had participated in the Black Hawk campaign with Gen. Scott. Chicago and Milwaukee then had a few hundred inhabitants, and Gurdon S. Hubbard's trail from the former city to Kaskaskia led almost through a wilderness. Vegetables and clothing were largely distributed through the regions adjoining the

lakes by steamers from the Ohio towns. There are men now living in Illinois who came to the state when barely an acre was in cultivation, and a man now prominent in the business circles of Chicago looked over the swampy, cheerless site of that metropolis in 1818 and went southward into civilization. Emigrants from Pennsylvania in 1830 left behind



LINCOLN MONUMENT, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS.

them but one small railway in the coal regions, thirty miles in length, and made their way to the Northwest mostly with ox teams, finding in Northern Illinois petty settlements scores of miles apart, although the southern portion of the state was fairly dotted with farms. The water courses of the lakes and rivers furnished transportation to the second great army of immigrants, and about 1850 railroads were pushed to that extent that the crisis of 1837 was precipitated upon us.

from the effects of which the Western country had not fully recovered at the outbreak of the war. Hostilities found the colonists of the prairies fully alive to the demands of the occasion, and the honor of recruiting



A PIONEER SCHOOL HOUSE.

the vast armies of the Union fell largely to Gov. Yates, of Illinois, and Gov. Morton, of Indiana. To recount the share of the glories of the campaign won by our Western troops is a needless task, except to mention the fact that Illinois gave to the nation the President who saved

it, and sent out at the head of one of its regiments the general who led its armies to the final victory at Appomattox. The struggle, on the



FARM VIEW IN WINTER.

whole, had a marked effect for the better on the new Northwest, giving it an impetus which twenty years of peace would not have produced. In a large degree this prosperity was an inflated one, and with the rest of the Union we have since been compelled to atone therefor by four



SPRING SCENE.

PIONEERS' FIRST WINTER.



years of depression of values, of scarcity of employment, and loss of fortune. To a less degree, however, than the manufacturing or mining regions has the West suffered during the prolonged panic now so near its end. Agriculture, still the leading feature in our industries, has been quite prosperous through all these dark years, and the farmers have cleared away many incumbrances resting over them from the period of fictitious values. The population has steadily increased, the arts and sciences are gaining a stronger foothold, the trade area of the region is becoming daily more extended, and we have been largely exempt from the financial calamities which have nearly wrecked communities on the seaboard dependent wholly on foreign commerce or domestic manufacture.

At the present period there are no great schemes broached for the Northwest, no propositions for government subsidies or national works of improvement, but the capital of the world is attracted hither for the purchase of our products or the expansion of our capacity for serving the nation at large. A new era is dawning as to transportation, and we bid fair to deal almost exclusively with the increasing and expanding lines of steel rail running through every few miles of territory on the prairies. The lake marine will no doubt continue to be useful in the warmer season, and to serve as a regulator of freight rates; but experienced navigators forecast the decay of the system in moving to the seaboard the enormous crops of the West. Within the past five years it has become quite common to see direct shipments to Europe and the West Indies going through from the second-class towns along the Mississippi and Missouri.

As to popular education, the standard has of late risen very greatly, and our schools would be creditable to any section of the Union.

More and more as the events of the war pass into obscurity will the fate of the Northwest be linked with that of the Southwest, and the next Congressional apportionment will give the valley of the Mississippi absolute control of the legislation of the nation, and do much toward securing the removal of the Federal capitol to some more central location.

Our public men continue to wield the full share of influence pertaining to their rank in the national autonomy, and seem not to forget that for the past sixteen years they and their constituents have dictated the principles which should govern the country.

In a work like this, destined to lie on the shelves of the library for generations, and not doomed to daily destruction like a newspaper, one can not indulge in the same glowing predictions, the sanguine statements of actualities that fill the columns of ephemeral publications. Time may bring grief to the pet projects of a writer, and explode castles erected on a pedestal of facts. Yet there are unmistakable indications before us of



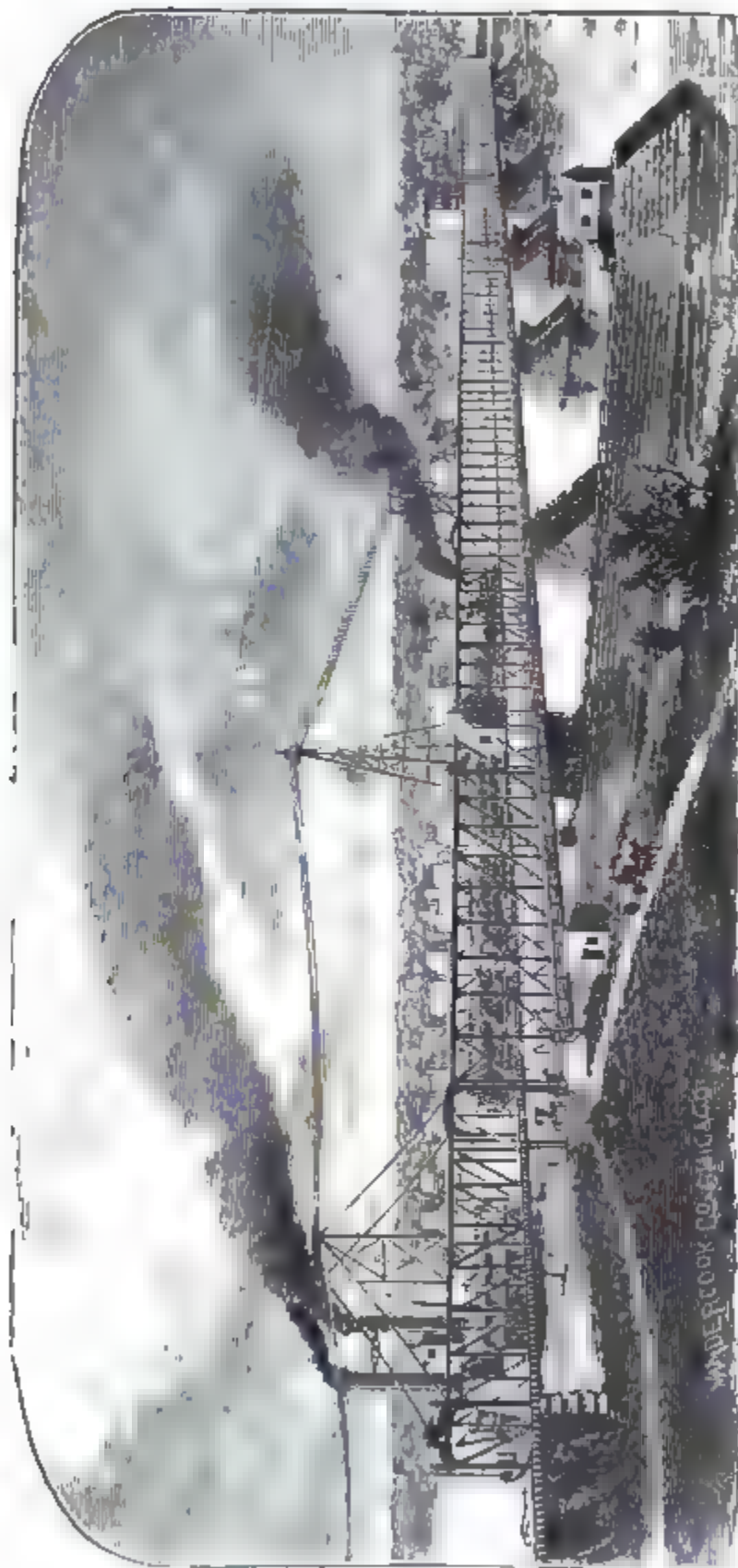
the same radical change in our great Northwest which characterizes its history for the past thirty years. Our domain has a sort of natural geographical border, save where it melts away to the southward in the cattle raising districts of the southwest.

Our prime interest will for some years doubtless be the growth of the food of the world, in which branch it has already outstripped all competitors, and our great rival in this duty will naturally be the fertile plains of Kansas, Nebraska and Colorado, to say nothing of the new empire so rapidly growing up in Texas. Over these regions there is a continued progress in agriculture and in railway building, and we must look to our laurels. Intelligent observers of events are fully aware of the strides made in the way of shipments of fresh meats to Europe, many of these ocean cargoes being actually slaughtered in the West and transported on ice to the wharves of the seaboard cities. That this new enterprise will continue there is no reason to doubt. There are in Chicago several factories for the canning of prepared meats for European consumption, and the orders for this class of goods are already immense. English capital is becoming daily more and more dissatisfied with railway loans and investments, and is gradually seeking mammoth outlays in lands and live stock. The stock yards in Chicago, Indianapolis and East St. Louis are yearly increasing their facilities, and their plant steadily grows more valuable. Importations of blooded animals from the progressive countries of Europe are destined to greatly improve the quality of our beef and mutton. Nowhere is there to be seen a more enticing display in this line than at our state and county fairs, and the interest in the matter is on the increase.

To attempt to give statistics of our grain production for 1877 would be useless, so far have we surpassed ourselves in the quantity and quality of our product. We are too liable to forget that we are giving the world its first article of necessity — its food supply. An opportunity to learn this fact so it never can be forgotten was afforded at Chicago at the outbreak of the great panic of 1873, when Canadian purchasers, fearing the prostration of business might bring about an anarchical condition of affairs, went to that city with coin in bulk and foreign drafts to secure their supplies in their own currency at first hands. It may be justly claimed by the agricultural community that their combined efforts gave the nation its first impetus toward a restoration of its crippled industries, and their labor brought the gold premium to a lower depth than the government was able to reach by its most intense efforts of legislation and compulsion. The hundreds of millions about to be disbursed for farm products have already, by the anticipation common to all commercial

nations, set the wheels in motion, and will relieve us from the perils so long shadowing our efforts to return to a healthy tone.

Manufacturing has attained in the chief cities a foothold which bids fair to render the Northwest independent of the outside world. Nearly



GREAT IRON BRIDGE OF C. R. I. & P. R.R., CROSSING MISSISSIPPI RIVER AT DAVENPORT.

our whole region has a distribution of coal measures which will in time support the manufactures necessary to our comfort and prosperity. As to transportation, the chief factor in the production of all articles except food, no section is so magnificently endowed, and our facilities are yearly increasing beyond those of any other region.

The period from a central point of the war to the outbreak of the panic was marked by a tremendous growth in our railway lines, but the depression of the times caused almost a total suspension of operations. Now that prosperity is returning to our stricken country we witness its anticipation by the railroad interest in a series of projects, extensions, and leases which bid fair to largely increase our transportation facilities. The process of foreclosure and sale of incumbered lines is another matter to be considered. In the case of the Illinois Central road, which formerly transferred to other lines at Cairo the vast burden of freight destined for the Gulf region, we now see the incorporation of the tracks connecting through to New Orleans, every mile co-operating in turning toward the northwestern metropolis the weight of the inter-state commerce of a thousand miles or more of fertile plantations. Three competing routes to Texas have established in Chicago their general freight and passenger agencies. Four or five lines compete for all Pacific freights to a point as far as the interior of Nebraska. Half a dozen or more splendid bridge structures have been thrown across the Missouri and Mississippi Rivers by the railways. The Chicago and Northwestern line has become an aggregation of over two thousand miles of rail, and the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul is its close rival in extent and importance. The three lines running to Cairo *via* Vincennes form a through route for all traffic with the states to the southward. The chief projects now under discussion are the Chicago and Atlantic, which is to unite with lines now built to Charleston, and the Chicago and Canada Southern, which line will connect with all the various branches of that Canadian enterprise. Our latest new road is the Chicago and Lake Huron, formed of three lines, and entering the city from Valparaiso on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago track. The trunk lines being mainly in operation, the progress made in the way of shortening tracks, making air-line branches, and running extensions does not show to the advantage it deserves, as this process is constantly adding new facilities to the established order of things. The panic reduced the price of steel to a point where the railways could hardly afford to use iron rails, and all our northwestern lines report large relays of Bessemer track. The immense crops now being moved have given a great rise to the value of railway stocks, and their transportation must result in heavy pecuniary advantages.

Few are aware of the importance of the wholesale and jobbing trade of Chicago. One leading firm has since the panic sold \$24,000,000 of dry goods in one year, and they now expect most confidently to add seventy per cent. to the figures of their last year's business. In boots and shoes and in clothing, twenty or more great firms from the east have placed here their distributing agents or their factories; and in groceries

Chicago supplies the entire Northwest at rates presenting advantages over New York.

Chicago has stepped in between New York and the rural banks as a financial center, and scarcely a banking institution in the grain or cattle regions but keeps its reserve funds in the vaults of our commercial institutions. Accumulating here throughout the spring and summer months, they are summoned home at pleasure to move the products of the prairies. This process greatly strengthens the northwest in its financial operations, leaving home capital to supplement local operations on behalf of home interests.

It is impossible to forecast the destiny of this grand and growing section of the Union. Figures and predictions made at this date might seem ten years hence so ludicrously small as to excite only derision.



ILLINOIS.

Length, 380 miles, mean width about 156 miles. Area, 55,410 square miles, or 35,462,400 acres. Illinois, as regards its surface, constitutes a table-land at a varying elevation ranging between 350 and 800 feet above the sea level; composed of extensive and highly fertile prairies and plains. Much of the south division of the State, especially the river-bottoms, are thickly wooded. The prairies, too, have oasis-like clumps of trees scattered here and there at intervals. The chief rivers irrigating the State are the Mississippi—dividing it from Iowa and Missouri—the Ohio (forming its south barrier), the Illinois, Wabash, Kaskaskia, and Sangamon, with their numerous affluents. The total extent of navigable streams is calculated at 4,000 miles. Small lakes are scattered over various parts of the State. Illinois is extremely prolific in minerals, chiefly coal, iron, copper, and zinc ores, sulphur and limestone. The coal-field alone is estimated to absorb a full third of the entire coal-deposit of North America. Climate tolerably equable and healthy; the mean temperature standing at about 51° Fahrenheit. As an agricultural region, Illinois takes a competitive rank with neighboring States, the cereals, fruits, and root-crops yielding plentiful returns; in fact, as a grain-growing State, Illinois may be deemed, in proportion to her size, to possess a greater area of lands suitable for its production than any other State in the Union. Stock-raising is also largely carried on, while her manufacturing interests in regard of woolen fabrics, etc., are on a very extensive and yearly expanding scale. The lines of railroad in the State are among the most extensive of the Union. Inland water-carriage is facilitated by a canal connecting the Illinois River with Lake Michigan, and thence with the St. Lawrence and Atlantic. Illinois is divided into 102 counties; the chief towns being Chicago, Springfield (capital), Alton, Quincy, Peoria, Galena, Bloomington, Rock Island, Vandalia, etc. By the new Constitution, established in 1870, the State Legislature consists of 51 Senators, elected for four years, and 153 Representatives, for two years; which numbers were to be decennially increased thereafter to the number of six per every additional half-million of inhabitants. Religious and educational institutions are largely diffused throughout, and are in a very flourishing condition. Illinois has a State Lunatic and a Deaf and Dumb Asylum at Jacksonville; a State Penitentiary at Joliet; and a Home for

Soldiers' Orphans at Normal. On November 30, 1870, the public debt of the State was returned at \$4,870,937, with a balance of \$1,808,833 unprovided for. At the same period the value of assessed and equalized property presented the following totals: assessed, \$840,031,703; equalized \$480,664,058. The name of Illinois, through nearly the whole of the eighteenth century, embraced most of the known regions north and west of Ohio. French colonists established themselves in 1673, at Cahokia and Kaskaskia, and the territory of which these settlements formed the nucleus was, in 1763, ceded to Great Britain in conjunction with Canada, and ultimately resigned to the United States in 1787. Illinois entered the Union as a State, December 8, 1818; and now sends 19 Representatives to Congress. Population, 2,589,891, in 1870.



A WESTERN DWELLING.

INDIANA.

The profile of Indiana forms a nearly exact parallelogram, occupying one of the most fertile portions of the great Mississippi Valley. The greater extent of the surface embraced within its limits consists of gentle undulations rising into hilly tracts toward the Ohio bottom. The chief rivers of the State are the Ohio and Wabash, with their numerous affluents. The soil is highly productive of the cereals and grasses—most particularly so in the valleys of the Ohio, Wabash, Whitewater, and White Rivers. The northeast and central portions are well timbered with virgin forests, and the west section is notably rich in coal, constituting an offshoot of the great Illinois carboniferous field. Iron, copper, marble, slate, gypsum, and various clays are also abundant. From an agricultural point of view, the staple products are maize and wheat, with the other cereals in lesser yields; and besides these, flax, hemp, sorghum, hops, etc., are extensively raised. Indiana is divided into 92 counties, and counts among her principal cities and towns, those of Indianapolis (the capital), Fort Wayne, Evansville, Terre Haute, Madison, Jeffersonville, Columbus, Vincennes, South Bend, etc. The public institutions of the State are many and various, and on a scale of magnitude and efficiency commensurate with her important political and industrial status. Upward of two thousand miles of railroads permeate the State in all directions, and greatly conduce to the development of her expanding manufacturing interests. Statistics for the fiscal year terminating October 31, 1870, exhibited a total of receipts, \$3,896,541 as against disbursements, \$3,532,406, leaving a balance, \$364,135 in favor of the State Treasury. The entire public debt, January 5, 1871, \$3,971,000. This State was first settled by Canadian voyageurs in 1702, who erected a fort at Vincennes; in 1763 it passed into the hands of the English, and was by the latter ceded to the United States in 1783. From 1788 till 1791, an Indian warfare prevailed. In 1800, all the region west and north of Ohio (then formed into a distinct territory) became merged in Indiana. In 1809, the present limits of the State were defined, Michigan and Illinois having previously been withdrawn. In 1811, Indiana was the theater of the Indian War of Tecumseh, ending with the decisive battle of Tippecanoe. In 1816 (December 11), Indiana became enrolled among the States of the American Union. In 1834, the State passed through a monetary crisis owing to its having become mixed up with railroad, canal, and other speculations on a gigantic scale, which ended, for the time being, in a general collapse of public credit, and consequent bankruptcy. Since that time, however, the greater number of the public

works which had brought about that imbroglio — especially the great Wabash and Erie Canal — have been completed, to the great benefit of the State, whose subsequent progress has year by year been marked by rapid strides in the paths of wealth, commerce, and general social and political prosperity. The constitution now in force was adopted in 1851. Population, 1,680,637.

I O W A .

In shape, Iowa presents an almost perfect parallelogram; has a length, north to south, of about 300 miles, by a pretty even width of 208 miles, and embraces an area of 55,045 square miles, or 35,228,800 acres. The surface of the State is generally undulating, rising toward the middle into an elevated plateau which forms the "divide" of the Missouri and Mississippi basins. Rolling prairies, especially in the south section, constitute a regnant feature, and the river bottoms, belted with woodlands, present a soil of the richest alluvion. Iowa is well watered; the principal rivers being the Mississippi and Missouri, which form respectively its east and west limits, and the Cedar, Iowa, and Des Moines, affluents of the first named. Mineralogically, Iowa is important as occupying a section of the great Northwest coal field, to the extent of an area estimated at 25,000 square miles. Lead, copper, zinc, and iron, are also mined in considerable quantities. The soil is well adapted to the production of wheat, maize, and the other cereals; fruits, vegetables, and esculent roots; maize, wheat, and oats forming the chief staples. Wine, tobacco, hops, and wax, are other noticeable items of the agricultural yield. Cattle-raising, too, is a branch of rural industry largely engaged in. The climate is healthy, although liable to extremes of heat and cold. The annual gross product of the various manufactures carried on in this State approximate, in round numbers, a sum of \$20,000,000. Iowa has an immense railroad system, besides over 500 miles of water-communication by means of its navigable rivers. The State is politically divided into 99 counties, with the following centers of population: Des Moines (capital), Iowa City (former capital), Dubuque, Davenport, Burlington, Council Bluffs, Keokuk, Muscatine, and Cedar Rapids. The State institutions of Iowa—religious, scholastic, and philanthropic—are on a par, as regards number and perfection of organization and operation, with those of her Northwest sister States, and education is especially well cared for, and largely diffused. Iowa formed a portion of the American territorial acquisitions from France, by the so-called Louisiana purchase in 1803, and was politically identified with Louisiana till 1812,

when it merged into the Missouri Territory; in 1834 it came under the Michigan organization, and, in 1836, under that of Wisconsin. Finally, after being constituted an independent Territory, it became a State of the Union, December 28, 1846. Population in 1860, 674,913; in 1870, 1,191,792, and in 1875, 1,353,118.

MICHIGAN.

United area, 56,243 square miles, or 35,995,520 acres. Extent of the Upper and smaller Peninsula—length, 316 miles; breadth, fluctuating between 36 and 120 miles. The south division is 416 miles long, by from 50 to 300 miles wide. Aggregate lake-shore line, 1,400 miles. The Upper, or North, Peninsula consists chiefly of an elevated plateau, expanding into the Porcupine mountain-system, attaining a maximum height of some 2,000 feet. Its shores along Lake Superior are eminently bold and picturesque, and its area is rich in minerals, its product of copper constituting an important source of industry. Both divisions are heavily wooded, and the South one, in addition, boasts of a deep, rich, loamy soil, throwing up excellent crops of cereals and other agricultural produce. The climate is generally mild and humid, though the Winter colds are severe. The chief staples of farm husbandry include the cereals, grasses, maple sugar, sorghum, tobacco, fruits, and dairy-stuffs. In 1870, the acres of land in farms were: improved, 5,096,939; unimproved woodland, 4,080,146; other unimproved land, 842,057. The cash value of land was \$398,240,578; of farming implements and machinery, \$13,711,979. In 1869, there were shipped from the Lake Superior ports, 874,582 tons of iron ore, and 45,762 of smelted pig, along with 14,188 tons of copper (ore and ingot). Coal is another article largely mined. Inland communication is provided for by an admirably organized railroad system, and by the St. Mary's Ship Canal, connecting Lakes Huron and Superior. Michigan is politically divided into 78 counties; its chief urban centers are Detroit, Lansing (capital), Ann Arbor, Marquette, Bay City, Niles, Ypsilanti, Grand Haven, etc. The Governor of the State is elected biennially. On November 30, 1870, the aggregate bonded debt of Michigan amounted to \$2,385,028, and the assessed valuation of land to \$266,929,278, representing an estimated cash value of \$800,000,000. Education is largely diffused and most excellently conducted and provided for. The State University at Ann Arbor, the colleges of Detroit and Kalamazoo, the Albion Female College, the State Normal School at Ypsilanti, and the State Agricultural College at Lansing, are chief among the academic institutions. Michigan (a term of Chippeway origin, and

signifying "Great Lake), was discovered and first settled by French Canadians, who, in 1670, founded Detroit, the pioneer of a series of trading-posts on the Indian frontier. During the "Conspiracy of Pontiac," following the French loss of Canada, Michigan became the scene of a sanguinary struggle between the whites and aborigines. In 1796, it became annexed to the United States, which incorporated this region with the Northwest Territory, and then with Indiana Territory, till 1803, when it became territorially independent. Michigan was the theater of warlike operations during the war of 1812 with Great Britain, and in 1819 was authorized to be represented by one delegate in Congress; in 1837 she was admitted into the Union as a State, and in 1869 ratified the 15th Amendment to the Federal Constitution. Population, 1,184,059.

WISCONSIN.

It has a mean length of 260 miles, and a maximum breadth of 215. Land area, 53,924 square miles, or 34,511,360 acres. Wisconsin lies at a considerable altitude above sea-level, and consists for the most part of an upland plateau, the surface of which is undulating and very generally diversified. Numerous local eminences called mounds are interspersed over the State, and the Lake Michigan coast-line is in many parts characterized by lofty escarped cliffs, even as on the west side the banks of the Mississippi form a series of high and picturesque bluffs. A group of islands known as The Apostles lie off the extreme north point of the State in Lake Superior, and the great estuary of Green Bay, running far inland, gives formation to a long, narrow peninsula between its waters and those of Lake Michigan. The river-system of Wisconsin has three outlets — those of Lake Superior, Green Bay, and the Mississippi, which latter stream forms the entire southwest frontier, widening at one point into the large watery expanse called Lake Pepin. Lake Superior receives the St. Louis, Burnt Wood, and Montreal Rivers; Green Bay, the Menomonee, Peshtigo, Oconto, and Fox; while into the Mississippi empty the St. Croix, Chippewa, Black, Wisconsin, and Rock Rivers. The chief interior lakes are those of Winnebago, Horicon, and Court Oreilles, and smaller sheets of water stud a great part of the surface. The climate is healthful, with cold Winters and brief but very warm Summers. Mean annual rainfall 31 inches. The geological system represented by the State, embraces those rocks included between the primary and the Devonian series, the former containing extensive deposits of copper and iron ore. Besides these minerals, lead and zinc are found in great quantities, together with kaolin, plumbago, gypsum,

and various clays. Mining, consequently, forms a prominent industry, and one of yearly increasing dimensions. The soil of Wisconsin is of varying quality, but fertile on the whole, and in the north parts of the State heavily timbered. The agricultural yield comprises the cereals, together with flax, hemp, tobacco, pulse, sorghum, and all kinds of vegetables, and of the hardier fruits. In 1870, the State had a total number of 102,904 farms, occupying 11,715,321 acres, of which 5,899,343 consisted of improved land, and 3,437,442 were timbered. Cash value of farms, \$300,414,064; of farm implements and machinery, \$14,239,364. Total estimated value of all farm products, including betterments and additions to stock, \$78,027,032; of orchard and dairy stuffs, \$1,045,933; of lumber, \$1,327,618; of home manufactures, \$338,423; of all live-stock, \$45,310,882. Number of manufacturing establishments, 7,136, employing 39,055 hands, and turning out productions valued at \$85,624,966. The political divisions of the State form 61 counties, and the chief places of wealth, trade, and population, are Madison (the capital), Milwaukee, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Prairie du Chien, Janesville, Portage City, Racine, Kenosha, and La Crosse. In 1870, the total assessed valuation reached \$333,209,838, as against a true valuation of both real and personal estate aggregating \$602,207,329. Treasury receipts during 1870, \$886,696; disbursements, \$906,329. Value of church property, \$4,749,983. Education is amply provided for. Independently of the State University at Madison, and those of Galesville and of Lawrence at Appleton, and the colleges of Beloit, Racine, and Milton, there are Normal Schools at Platteville and Whitewater. The State is divided into 4,802 common school districts, maintained at a cost, in 1870, of \$2,094,160. The charitable institutions of Wisconsin include a Deaf and Dumb Asylum, an Institute for the Education of the Blind, and a Soldiers' Orphans' School. In January, 1870, the railroad system ramified throughout the State totalized 2,779 miles of track, including several lines far advanced toward completion. Immigration is successfully encouraged by the State authorities, the larger number of yearly new-comers being of Scandinavian and German origin. The territory now occupied within the limits of the State of Wisconsin was explored by French missionaries and traders in 1639, and it remained under French jurisdiction until 1703, when it became annexed to the British North American possessions. In 1796, it reverted to the United States, the government of which latter admitted it within the limits of the Northwest Territory, and in 1809, attached it to that of Illinois, and to Michigan in 1818. Wisconsin became independently territorially organized in 1836, and became a State of the Union, March 3, 1847. Population in 1870, 1,064,985, of which 2,113 were of the colored race, and 11,521 Indians, 1,206 of the latter being out of tribal relations.

MINNESOTA.

Its length, north to south, embraces an extent of 380 miles; its breadth one of 250 miles at a maximum. Area, 84,000 square miles, or 54,760,000 acres. The surface of Minnesota, generally speaking, consists of a succession of gently undulating plains and prairies, drained by an admirable water-system, and with here and there heavily-timbered bottoms and belts of virgin forest. The soil, corresponding with such a superficies, is exceptionally rich, consisting for the most part of a dark, calcareous sandy drift intermixed with loam. A distinguishing physical feature of this State is its riverine ramifications, expanding in nearly every part of it into almost innumerable lakes—the whole presenting an aggregate of water-power having hardly a rival in the Union. Besides the Mississippi—which here has its rise, and drains a basin of 800 miles of country—the principal streams are the Minnesota (334 miles long), the Red River of the North, the St. Croix, St. Louis, and many others of lesser importance; the chief lakes are those called Red, Cass, Leech, Mille Lacs, Vermillion, and Winibigosh. Quite a concatenation of sheets of water fringe the frontier line where Minnesota joins British America, culminating in the Lake of the Woods. It has been estimated, that of an area of 1,200,000 acres of surface between the St. Croix and Mississippi Rivers, not less than 73,000 acres are of lacustrine formation. In point of minerals, the resources of Minnesota have as yet been very imperfectly developed; iron, copper, coal, lead—all these are known to exist in considerable deposits; together with salt, limestone, and potter's clay. The agricultural outlook of the State is in a high degree satisfactory; wheat constitutes the leading cereal in cultivation, with Indian corn and oats in next order. Fruits and vegetables are grown in great plenty and of excellent quality. The lumber resources of Minnesota are important; the pine forests in the north region alone occupying an area of some 21,000 square miles, which in 1870 produced a return of scaled logs amounting to 313,116,416 feet. The natural industrial advantages possessed by Minnesota are largely improved upon by a railroad system. The political divisions of this State number 78 counties; of which the chief cities and towns are: St. Paul (the capital), Stillwater, Red Wing, St. Anthony, Fort Snelling, Minneapolis, and Mankato. Minnesota has already assumed an attitude of high importance as a manufacturing State; this is mainly due to the wonderful command of water-power she possesses, as before spoken of. Besides her timber-trade, the milling of flour, the distillation of whisky, and the tanning of leather, are prominent interests, which, in 1869, gave returns to the amount of \$14,831,043.

Education is notably provided for on a broad and catholic scale, the entire amount expended scholastically during the year 1870 being \$857,816; while on November 30 of the preceding year the permanent school fund stood at \$2,476,222. Besides a University and Agricultural College, Normal and Reform Schools flourish, and with these may be mentioned such various philanthropic and religious institutions as befit the needs of an intelligent and prosperous community. The finances of the State for the fiscal year terminating December 1, 1870, exhibited a balance on the right side to the amount of \$136,164, being a gain of \$44,000 over the previous year's figures. The earliest exploration of Minnesota by the whites was made in 1680 by a French Franciscan, Father Hennepin, who gave the name of St. Antony to the Great Falls on the Upper Mississippi. In 1763, the Treaty of Versailles ceded this region to England. Twenty years later, Minnesota formed part of the Northwest Territory transferred to the United States, and became herself territorialized independently in 1849. Indian cessions in 1851 enlarged her boundaries, and, May 11, 1857, Minnesota became a unit of the great American federation of States. Population, 439,706.

NEBRASKA.

Maximum length, 412 miles; extreme breadth, 208 miles. Area, 75,905 square miles, or 48,636,800 acres. The surface of this State is almost entirely undulating prairie, and forms part of the west slope of the great central basin of the North American Continent. In its west division, near the base of the Rocky Mountains, is a sandy belt of country, irregularly defined. In this part, too, are the "dunes," resembling a wavy sea of sandy billows, as well as the Mauvaises Terres, a tract of singular formation, produced by eccentric disintegrations and denudations of the land. The chief rivers are the Missouri, constituting its entire east line of demarcation; the Nebraska or Platte, the Niobrara, the Republican Fork of the Kansas, the Elkhorn, and the Loup Fork of the Platte. The soil is very various, but consisting chiefly of rich, bottomy loam, admirably adapted to the raising of heavy crops of cereals. All the vegetables and fruits of the temperate zone are produced in great size and plenty. For grazing purposes Nebraska is a State exceptionally well fitted, a region of not less than 23,000,000 acres being adaptable to this branch of husbandry. It is believed that the, as yet, comparatively infertile tracts of land found in various parts of the State are susceptible of productivity by means of a properly conducted system of irrigation. Few minerals of moment have so far been found within the limits of

Nebraska, if we may except important saline deposits at the head of Salt Creek in its southeast section. The State is divided into 57 counties, independent of the Pawnee and Winnebago Indians, and of unorganized territory in the northwest part. The principal towns are Omaha, Lincoln (State capital), Nebraska City, Columbus, Grand Island, etc. In 1870, the total assessed value of property amounted to \$53,000,000, being an increase of \$11,000,000 over the previous year's returns. The total amount received from the school-fund during the year 1869-70 was \$77,999. Education is making great onward strides, the State University and an Agricultural College being far advanced toward completion. In the matter of railroad communication, Nebraska bids fair to soon place herself on a par with her neighbors to the east. Besides being intersected by the Union Pacific line, with its off shoot, the Fremont and Blair, other tracks are in course of rapid construction. Organized by Congressional Act into a Territory, May 30, 1854, Nebraska entered the Union as a full State, March 1, 1867. Population, 122,993.



HUNTING PRAIRIE WOLVES IN AN EARLY DAY.

EARLY HISTORY OF ILLINOIS.

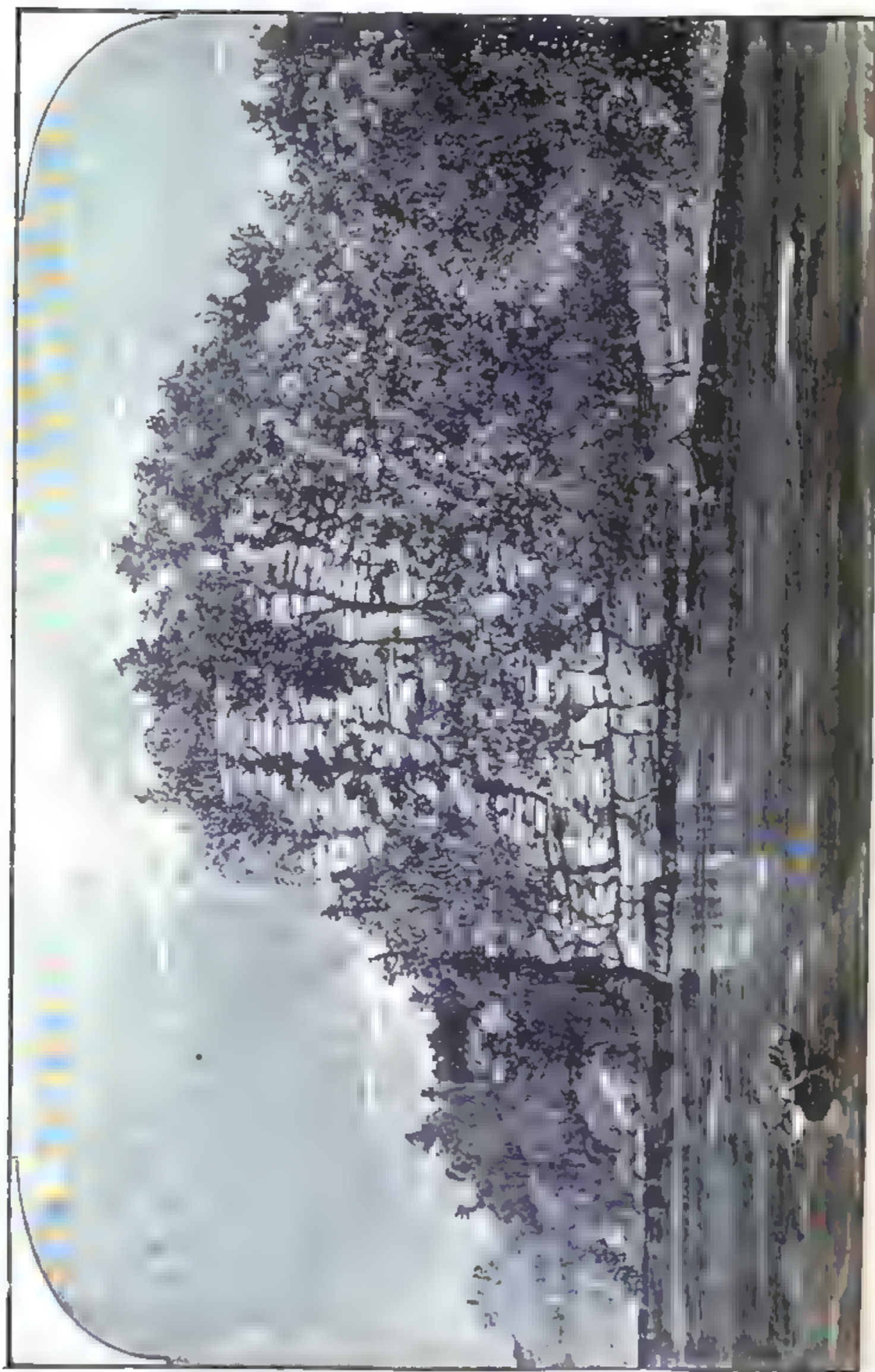
The name of this beautiful Prairie State is derived from *Illini*, a Delaware word signifying Superior Men. It has a French termination, and is a symbol of how the two races—the French and the Indians—were intermixed during the early history of the country.

The appellation was no doubt well applied to the primitive inhabitants of the soil whose prowess in savage warfare long withstood the combined attacks of the fierce Iroquois on the one side, and the no less savage and relentless Sacs and Foxes on the other. The Illinois were once a powerful confederacy, occupying the most beautiful and fertile region in the great Valley of the Mississippi, which their enemies coveted and struggled long and hard to wrest from them. By the fortunes of war they were diminished in numbers, and finally destroyed. “Starved Rock,” on the Illinois River, according to tradition, commemorates their last tragedy, where, it is said, the entire tribe starved rather than surrender.

EARLY DISCOVERIES.

The first European discoveries in Illinois date back over two hundred years. They are a part of that movement which, from the beginning to the middle of the seventeenth century, brought the French Canadian missionaries and fur traders into the Valley of the Mississippi, and which, at a later period, established the civil and ecclesiastical authority of France from the Gulf of St. Lawrence to the Gulf of Mexico, and from the foot-hills of the Alleghanies to the Rocky Mountains.

The great river of the West had been discovered by DeSoto, the Spanish conqueror of Florida, three quarters of a century before the French founded Quebec in 1608, but the Spanish left the country a wilderness, without further exploration or settlement within its borders, in which condition it remained until the Mississippi was discovered by the agents of the French Canadian government, Joliet and Marquette, in 1673. These renowned explorers were not the first white visitors to Illinois. In 1671—two years in advance of them—came Nicholas Perrot to Chicago. He had been sent by Talon as an agent of the Canadian government to



—CYPRESS TREE IN LAKE OF THE GREAT SWAMP, ILL. (SEE PAGE 100 AND 101)

call a great peace convention of Western Indians at Green Bay, preparatory to the movement for the discovery of the Mississippi. It was deemed a good stroke of policy to secure, as far as possible, the friendship and co-operation of the Indians, far and near, before venturing upon an enterprise which their hostility might render disastrous, and which their friendship and assistance would do so much to make successful; and to this end Perrot was sent to call together in council the tribes throughout the Northwest, and to promise them the commerce and protection of the French government. He accordingly arrived at Green Bay in 1671, and procuring an escort of Pottawattamies, proceeded in a bark canoe upon a visit to the Miamis, at Chicago. Perrot was therefore the first European to set foot upon the soil of Illinois.

Still there were others before Marquette. In 1672, the Jesuit missionaries, Fathers Claude Allouez and Claude Dablon, bore the standard of the Cross from their mission at Green Bay through western Wisconsin and northern Illinois, visiting the Foxes on Fox River, and the Masquettines and Kickapoos at the mouth of the Milwaukee. These missionaries penetrated on the route afterwards followed by Marquette as far as the Kickapoo village at the head of Lake Winnebago, where Marquette, in his journey, secured guides across the portage to the Wisconsin.

The oft-repeated story of Marquette and Joliet is well known. They were the agents employed by the Canadian government to discover the Mississippi. Marquette was a native of France, born in 1637, a Jesuit priest by education, and a man of simple faith and of great zeal and devotion in extending the Roman Catholic religion among the Indians. Arriving in Canada in 1666, he was sent as a missionary to the far Northwest, and, in 1668, founded a mission at Sault Ste. Marie. The following year he moved to La Pointe, in Lake Superior, where he instructed a branch of the Hurons till 1670, when he removed south, and founded the mission at St. Ignace, on the Straits of Mackinaw. Here he remained, devoting a portion of his time to the study of the Illinois language under a native teacher who had accompanied him to the mission from La Pointe, till he was joined by Joliet in the Spring of 1673. By the way of Green Bay and the Fox and Wisconsin Rivers, they entered the Mississippi, which they explored to the mouth of the Arkansas, and returned by the way of the Illinois and Chicago Rivers to Lake Michigan.

On his way up the Illinois, Marquette visited the great village of the Kaskaskias, near what is now Utica, in the county of LaSalle. The following year he returned and established among them the mission of the Immaculate Virgin Mary, which was the first Jesuit mission founded in Illinois and in the Mississippi Valley. The intervening winter he had spent in a hut which his companions erected on the Chicago River, a few leagues from its mouth. The founding of this mission was the last

act of Marquette's life. He died in Michigan, on his way back to Green Bay, May 18, 1675.

FIRST FRENCH OCCUPATION.

The first French occupation of the territory now embraced in Illinois was effected by LaSalle in 1680, seven years after the time of Marquette and Joliet. LaSalle, having constructed a vessel, the "*Griffin*," above the falls of Niagara, which he sailed to Green Bay, and having passed thence in canoes to the mouth of the St. Joseph River, by which and the Kankakee he reached the Illinois, in January, 1680, erected Fort *Crevecœur*, at the lower end of Peoria Lake, where the city of Peoria is now situated. The place where this ancient fort stood may still be seen just below the outlet of Peoria Lake. It was destined, however, to a temporary existence. From this point, LaSalle determined to descend the Mississippi to its mouth, but did not accomplish this purpose till two years later—in 1682. Returning to Fort Frontenac for the purpose of getting materials with which to rig his vessel, he left the fort in charge of Touti, his lieutenant, who during his absence was driven off by the Iroquois Indians. These savages had made a raid upon the settlement of the Illinois, and had left nothing in their track but ruin and desolation. Mr. Davidson, in his History of Illinois, gives the following graphic account of the picture that met the eyes of LaSalle and his companions on their return :

"At the great town of the Illinois they were appalled at the scene which opened to their view. No hunter appeared to break its death-like silence with a salutatory whoop or welcome. The plain on which the town had stood was now strewn with charred fragments of lodges, which had so recently swarmed with savage life and hilarity. To render more hideous the picture of desolation, large numbers of skulls had been placed on the upper extremities of lodge-poles which had escaped the devouring flames. In the midst of these horrors was the rude fort of the spoilers, rendered frightful by the same ghastly relics. A near approach showed that the graves had been robbed of their bodies, and swarms of buzzards were discovered glutting their loathsome stomachs on the reeking corruption. To complete the work of destruction, the growing corn of the village had been cut down and burned, while the pits containing the products of previous years, had been rifled and their contents scattered with wanton waste. It was evident the suspected blow of the Iroquois had fallen with relentless fury."

Tonti had escaped LaSalle knew not whither. Passing down the lake in search of him and his men, LaSalle discovered that the fort had been destroyed, but the vessel which he had partly constructed was still

on the stocks, and but slightly injured. After further fruitless search, failing to find Tonti, he fastened to a tree a painting representing himself and party sitting in a canoe and bearing a pipe of peace, and to the painting attached a letter addressed to Tonti.

Tonti had escaped, and, after untold privations, taken shelter among the Pottawattamies near Green Bay. These were friendly to the French. One of their old chiefs used to say, "There were but three great captains in the world, himself, Tonti and LaSalle."

GENIUS OF LASALLE.

We must now return to LaSalle, whose exploits stand out in such bold relief. He was born in Rouen, France, in 1643. His father was wealthy, but he renounced his patrimony on entering a college of the Jesuits, from which he separated and came to Canada a poor man in 1666. The priests of St. Sulpice, among whom he had a brother, were then the proprietors of Montreal, the nucleus of which was a seminary or convent founded by that order. The Superior granted to LaSalle a large tract of land at LaChine, where he established himself in the fur trade. He was a man of daring genius, and outstripped all his competitors in exploits of travel and commerce with the Indians. In 1669, he visited the headquarters of the great Iroquois Confederacy, at Onondaga, in the heart of New York, and, obtaining guides, explored the Ohio River to the falls at Louisville.

In order to understand the genius of LaSalle, it must be remembered that for many years prior to his time the missionaries and traders were obliged to make their way to the Northwest by the Ottawa River (of Canada) on account of the fierce hostility of the Iroquois along the lower lakes and Niagara River, which entirely closed this latter route to the Upper Lakes. They carried on their commerce chiefly by canoes, paddling them through the Ottawa to Lake Nipissing, carrying them across the portage to French River, and descending that to Lake Huron. This being the route by which they reached the Northwest, accounts for the fact that all the earliest Jesuit missions were established in the neighborhood of the Upper Lakes. LaSalle conceived the grand idea of opening the route by Niagara River and the Lower Lakes to Canadian commerce by sail vessels, connecting it with the navigation of the Mississippi, and thus opening a magnificent water communication from the Gulf of St. Lawrence to the Gulf of Mexico. This truly grand and comprehensive purpose seems to have animated him in all his wonderful achievements and the matchless difficulties and hardships he surmounted. As the first step in the accomplishment of this object he established himself on Lake Ontario, and built and garrisoned Fort Frontenac, the site of the present

city of Kingston, Canada. Here he obtained a grant of land from the French crown and a body of troops by which he beat back the invading Iroquois and cleared the passage to Niagara Falls. Having by this masterly stroke made it safe to attempt a hitherto untried expedition, his next step, as we have seen, was to advance to the Falls with all his outfit for building a ship with which to sail the lakes. He was successful in this undertaking, though his ultimate purpose was defeated by a strange combination of untoward circumstances. The Jesuits evidently hated LaSalle and plotted against him, because he had abandoned them and co-operated with a rival order. The fur traders were also jealous of his superior success in opening new channels of commerce. At LaChine he had taken the trade of Lake Ontario, which but for his presence there would have gone to Quebec. While they were plodding with their bark canoes through the Ottawa he was constructing sailing vessels to command the trade of the lakes and the Mississippi. These great plans excited the jealousy and envy of the small traders, introduced treason and revolt into the ranks of his own companions, and finally led to the foul assassination by which his great achievements were prematurely ended.

In 1682, LaSalle, having completed his vessel at Peoria, descended the Mississippi to its confluence with the Gulf of Mexico. Erecting a standard on which he inscribed the arms of France, he took formal possession of the whole valley of the mighty river, in the name of Louis XIV., then reigning, in honor of whom he named the country LOUISIANA.

LaSalle then went to France, was appointed Governor, and returned with a fleet and immigrants, for the purpose of planting a colony in Illinois. They arrived in due time in the Gulf of Mexico, but failing to find the mouth of the Mississippi, up which LaSalle intended to sail, his supply ship, with the immigrants, was driven ashore and wrecked on Matagorda Bay. With the fragments of the vessel he constructed a stockade and rude huts on the shore for the protection of the immigrants, calling the post Fort St. Louis. He then made a trip into New Mexico, in search of silver mines, but, meeting with disappointment, returned to find his little colony reduced to forty souls. He then resolved to travel on foot to Illinois, and, starting with his companions, had reached the valley of the Colorado, near the mouth of Trinity river, when he was shot by one of his men. This occurred on the 19th of March, 1687.

Dr. J. W. Foster remarks of him: "Thus fell, not far from the banks of the Trinity, Robert Cavalier de la Salle, one of the grandest characters that ever figured in American history—a man capable of originating the vastest schemes, and endowed with a will and a judgment capable of carrying them to successful results. Had ample facilities been placed by the King of France at his disposal, the result of the colonization of this continent might have been far different from what we now behold."

EARLY SETTLEMENTS.

A temporary settlement was made at Fort St. Louis, or the old Kaskaskia village, on the Illinois River, in what is now LaSalle County, in 1682. In 1690, this was removed, with the mission connected with it, to Kaskaskia, on the river of that name, emptying into the lower Mississippi in St. Clair County. Cahokia was settled about the same time, or at least, both of these settlements began in the year 1690, though it is now pretty well settled that Cahokia is the older place, and ranks as the oldest permanent settlement in Illinois, as well as in the Mississippi Valley. The reason for the removal of the old Kaskaskia settlement and mission, was probably because the dangerous and difficult route by Lake Michigan and the Chicago portage had been almost abandoned, and travelers and traders passed down and up the Mississippi by the Fox and Wisconsin River route. They removed to the vicinity of the Mississippi in order to be in the line of travel from Canada to Louisiana, that is, the lower part of it, for it was all Louisiana then south of the lakes.

During the period of French rule in Louisiana, the population probably never exceeded ten thousand, including whites and blacks. Within that portion of it now included in Indiana, trading posts were established at the principal Miami villages which stood on the head waters of the Maumee, the Wea villages situated at Ouiatenon, on the Wabash, and the Piankeshaw villages at Post Vincennes; all of which were probably visited by French traders and missionaries before the close of the seventeenth century.

In the vast territory claimed by the French, many settlements of considerable importance had sprung up. Biloxi, on Mobile Bay, had been founded by D'Iberville, in 1699; Antoine de Lamotte Cadillac had founded Detroit in 1701; and New Orleans had been founded by Bien-ville, under the auspices of the Mississippi Company, in 1718. In Illinois also, considerable settlements had been made, so that in 1730 they embraced one hundred and forty French families, about six hundred "converted Indians," and many traders and voyageurs. In that portion of the country, on the east side of the Mississippi, there were five distinct settlements, with their respective villages, viz.: Cahokia, near the mouth of Cahokia Creek and about five miles below the present city of St. Louis; St. Philip, about forty-five miles below Cahokia, and four miles above Fort Chartres; Fort Chartres, twelve miles above Kaskaskia; Kaskaskia, situated on the Kaskaskia River, five miles above its confluence with the Mississippi; and Prairie du Rocher, near Fort Chartres. To these must be added St. Genevieve and St. Louis, on the west side of the Mississippi. These, with the exception of St. Louis, are among



AN EARLY SETTLEMENT.

the oldest French towns in the Mississippi Valley. Kaskaskia, in its best days, was a town of some two or three thousand inhabitants. After it passed from the crown of France its population for many years did not exceed fifteen hundred. Under British rule, in 1773, the population had decreased to four hundred and fifty. As early as 1721, the Jesuits had established a college and a monastery in Kaskaskia.

Fort Chartres was first built under the direction of the Mississippi Company, in 1718, by M. de Boisbriant, a military officer, under command of Bienville. It stood on the east bank of the Mississippi, about eighteen miles below Kaskaskia, and was for some time the headquarters of the military commandants of the district of Illinois.

In the Centennial Oration of Dr. Fowler, delivered at Philadelphia, by appointment of Gov. Beveridge, we find some interesting facts with regard to the State of Illinois, which we appropriate in this history:

In 1682 Illinois became a possession of the French crown, a dependency of Canada, and a part of Louisiana. In 1765 the English flag was run up on old Fort Chartres, and Illinois was counted among the treasures of Great Britain.

In 1779 it was taken from the English by Col. George Rogers Clark. This man was resolute in nature, wise in council, prudent in policy, bold in action, and heroic in danger. Few men who have figured in the history of America are more deserving than this colonel. Nothing short of first-class ability could have rescued Vincennes and all Illinois from the English. And it is not possible to over-estimate the influence of this achievement upon the republic. In 1779 Illinois became a part of Virginia. It was soon known as Illinois County. In 1784 Virginia ceded all this territory to the general government, to be cut into States, to be republican in form, with "the same right of sovereignty, freedom, and independence as the other States."

In 1787 it was the object of the wisest and ablest legislation found in any merely human records. No man can study the secret history of

THE "COMPACT OF 1787,"

and not feel that Providence was guiding with sleepless eye these unborn States. The ordinance that on July 13, 1787, finally became the incorporating act, has a most marvelous history. Jefferson had vainly tried to secure a system of government for the northwestern territory. He was an emancipationist of that day, and favored the exclusion of slavery from the territory Virginia had ceded to the general government; but the South voted him down as often as it came up. In 1787, as late as July 10, an organizing act without the anti-slavery clause was pending. This concession to the South was expected to carry it. Congress was in

session in New York City. On July 5, Rev. Dr. Manasseh Cutler, of Massachusetts, came into New York to lobby on the northwestern territory. Everything seemed to fall into his hands. Events were ripe.

The state of the public credit, the growing of Southern prejudice, the basis of his mission, his personal character, all combined to complete one of those sudden and marvelous revolutions of public sentiment that once in five or ten centuries are seen to sweep over a country like the breath of the Almighty. Cutler was a graduate of Yale—received his A.M. from Harvard, and his D.D. from Yale. He had studied and taken degrees in the three learned professions, medicine, law, and divinity. He had thus America's best indorsement. He had published a scientific examination of the plants of New England. His name stood second only to that of Franklin as a scientist in America. He was a courtly gentleman of the old style, a man of commanding presence, and of inviting face. The Southern members said they had never seen such a gentleman in the North. He came representing a company that desired to purchase a tract of land now included in Ohio, for the purpose of planting a colony. It was a speculation. Government money was worth eighteen cents on the dollar. This Massachusetts company had collected enough to purchase 1,500,000 acres of land. Other speculators in New York made Dr. Cutler their agent (lobbyist). On the 12th he represented a demand for 5,500,000 acres. This would reduce the national debt. Jefferson and Virginia were regarded as authority concerning the land Virginia had just ceded. Jefferson's policy wanted to provide for the public credit, and this was a good opportunity to do something.

Massachusetts then owned the territory of Maine, which she was crowding on the market. She was opposed to opening the northwestern region. This fired the zeal of Virginia. The South caught the inspiration, and all exalted Dr. Cutler. The English minister invited him to dine with some of the Southern gentlemen. He was the center of interest.

The entire South rallied round him. Massachusetts could not vote against him, because many of the constituents of her members were interested personally in the western speculation. Thus Cutler, making friends with the South, and, doubtless, using all the arts of the lobby, was enabled to command the situation. True to deeper convictions, he dictated one of the most compact and finished documents of wise statesmanship that has ever adorned any human law book. He borrowed from Jefferson the term "Articles of Compact," which, preceding the federal constitution, rose into the most sacred character. He then followed very closely the constitution of Massachusetts, adopted three years before. Its most marked points were:

1. The exclusion of slavery from the territory forever.
2. Provision for public schools, giving one township for a seminary,

and every section numbered 16 in each township; that is, one-thirty-sixth of all the land, for public schools.

3. A provision prohibiting the adoption of any constitution or the enactment of any law that should nullify pre-existing contracts.

Be it forever remembered that this compact declared that "Religion, morality, and knowledge being necessary to good government and the happiness of mankind, schools and the means of education shall always be encouraged."

Dr. Cutler planted himself on this platform and would not yield. Giving his unqualified declaration that it was that or nothing—that unless they could make the land desirable they did not want it—he took his horse and buggy, and started for the constitutional convention in Philadelphia. On July 13, 1787, the bill was put upon its passage, and was unanimously adopted, every Southern member voting for it, and only one man, Mr. Yates, of New York, voting against it. But as the States voted as States, Yates lost his vote, and the compact was put beyond repeal.

Thus the great States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin—a vast empire, the heart of the great valley—were consecrated to freedom, intelligence, and honesty. Thus the great heart of the nation was prepared for a year and a day and an hour. In the light of these eighty-nine years I affirm that this act was the salvation of the republic and the destruction of slavery. Soon the South saw their great blunder, and tried to repeal the compact. In 1803 Congress referred it to a committee of which John Randolph was chairman. He reported that this ordinance was a compact, and opposed repeal. Thus it stood a rock, in the way of the on-rushing sea of slavery.

With all this timely aid it was, after all, a most desperate and protracted struggle to keep the soil of Illinois sacred to freedom. It was the natural battle-field for the irrepressible conflict. In the southern end of the State slavery preceded the compact. It existed among the old French settlers, and was hard to eradicate. The southern part of the State was settled from the slave States, and this population brought their laws, customs, and institutions with them. A stream of population from the North poured into the northern part of the State. These sections misunderstood and hated each other perfectly. The Southerners regarded the Yankees as a skinning, tricky, penurious race of peddlers, filling the country with tinware, brass clocks, and wooden nutmegs. The Northerner thought of the Southerner as a lean, lank, lazy creature, burrowing in a hut, and rioting in whisky, dirt and ignorance. These causes aided in making the struggle long and bitter. So strong was the sympathy with slavery that, in spite of the ordinance of 1787, and in spite of the deed of cession, it was determined to allow the old French settlers to retain their slaves. Planters from the slave States might bring their

slaves, if they would give them a chance to choose freedom or years of service and bondage for their children till they should become thirty years of age. If they chose freedom they must leave the State in sixty days or be sold as fugitives. Servants were whipped for offenses for which white men are fined. Each lash paid forty cents of the fine. A negro ten miles from home without a pass was whipped. These famous laws were imported from the slave States just as they imported laws for the inspection of flax and wool when there was neither in the State.

These Black Laws are now wiped out. A vigorous effort was made to protect slavery in the State Constitution of 1817. It barely failed. It was renewed in 1825, when a convention was asked to make a new constitution. After a hard fight the convention was defeated. But slaves did not disappear from the census of the State until 1850. There were mobs and murders in the interest of slavery. Lovejoy was added to the list of martyrs—a sort of first-fruits of that long life of immortal heroes who saw freedom as the one supreme desire of their souls, and were so enamored of her that they preferred to die rather than survive her.

The population of 12,282 that occupied the territory in A.D. 1800, increased to 45,000 in A.D. 1818, when the State Constitution was adopted, and Illinois took her place in the Union, with a star on the flag and two votes in the Senate.

Shadrach Bond was the first Governor, and in his first message he recommended the construction of the Illinois and Michigan Canal.

The simple economy in those days is seen in the fact that the entire bill for stationery for the first Legislature was only \$13.50. Yet this simple body actually enacted a very superior code.

There was no money in the territory before the war of 1812. Deer skins and coon skins were the circulating medium. In 1821, the Legislature ordained a State Bank on the credit of the State. It issued notes in the likeness of bank bills. These notes were made a legal tender for every thing, and the bank was ordered to loan to the people \$100 on personal security, and more on mortgages. They actually passed a resolution requesting the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States to receive these notes for land. The old French Lieutenant Governor, Col. Menard, put the resolution as follows: “Gentlemen of the Senate: It is moved and seconded *dat de notes of dis bank* be made land-office money. All in favor of dat motion say aye; all against it say no. It is decided in de affirmative. Now, gentlemen, I bet you one hundred dollar he never be land-office money!” Hard sense, like hard money, is always above par.

This old Frenchman presents a fine figure up against the dark background of most of his nation. They made no progress. They clung to their earliest and simplest implements. They never wore hats or caps

They pulled their blankets over their heads in the winter like the Indians, with whom they freely intermingled.

Demagogism had an early development. One John Grammar (only in name), elected to the Territorial and State Legislatures of 1816 and 1836, invented the policy of opposing every new thing, saying, "If it succeeds, no one will ask who voted against it. If it proves a failure, he could quote its record." In sharp contrast with Grammar was the character of D. P. Cook, after whom the county containing Chicago was named. Such was his transparent integrity and remarkable ability that his will was almost the law of the State. In Congress, a young man, and from a poor State, he was made Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee. He was pre-eminent for standing by his committee, regardless of consequences. It was his integrity that elected John Quincy Adams to the Presidency. There were four candidates in 1824, Jackson, Clay, Crawford, and John Quincy Adams. There being no choice by the people, the election was thrown into the House. It was so balanced that it turned on his vote, and that he cast for Adams, electing him; then went home to face the wrath of the Jackson party in Illinois. It cost him all but character and greatness. It is a suggestive comment on the times, that there was no legal interest till 1830. It often reached 150 per cent., usually 50 per cent. Then it was reduced to 12, and now to 10 per cent.

PHYSICAL FEATURES OF THE PRAIRIE STATE.

In area the State has 55,410 square miles of territory. It is about 150 miles wide and 400 miles long, stretching in latitude from Maine to North Carolina. It embraces wide variety of climate: It is tempered on the north by the great inland, saltless, tideless sea, which keeps the thermometer from either extreme. Being a table land, from 600 to 1,600 feet above the level of the sea, one is prepared to find on the health maps, prepared by the general government, an almost clean and perfect record. In freedom from fever and malarial diseases and consumptions, the three deadly enemies of the American Saxon, Illinois, as a State, stands without a superior. She furnishes one of the essential conditions of a great people—sound bodies. I suspect that this fact lies back of that old Delaware word, *Illini*, superior men.

The great battles of history that have been determinative of dynasties and destinies have been strategical battles, chiefly the question of position. Thermopylæ has been the war-cry of freemen for twenty-four centuries. It only tells how much there may be in position. All this advantage belongs to Illinois. It is in the heart of the greatest valley in the world, the vast region between the mountains—a valley that could

feed mankind for one thousand years. It is well on toward the center of the continent. It is in the great temperate belt, in which have been found nearly all the aggressive civilizations of history. It has sixty-five miles of frontage on the head of the lake. With the Mississippi forming the western and southern boundary, with the Ohio running along the southeastern line, with the Illinois River and Canal dividing the State diagonally from the lake to the Lower Mississippi, and with the Rock and Wabash Rivers furnishing altogether 2,000 miles of water-front, connecting with, and running through, in all about 12,000 miles of navigable water.

But this is not all. These waters are made most available by the fact that the lake and the State lie on the ridge running into the great valley from the east. Within cannon-shot of the lake the water runs away from the lake to the Gulf. The lake now empties at both ends, one into the Atlantic and one into the Gulf of Mexico. The lake thus seems to hang over the land. This makes the dockage most serviceable; there are no steep banks to damage it. Both lake and river are made for use.

The climate varies from Portland to Richmond; it favors every product of the continent, including the tropics, with less than half a dozen exceptions. It produces every great nutriment of the world except bananas and rice. It is hardly too much to say that it is the most productive spot known to civilization. With the soil full of bread and the earth full of minerals; with an upper surface of food and an under layer of fuel; with perfect natural drainage, and abundant springs and streams and navigable rivers; half way between the forests of the North and the fruits of the South; within a day's ride of the great deposits of iron, coal, copper, lead, and zinc; containing and controlling the great grain, cattle, pork, and lumber markets of the world, it is not strange that Illinois has the advantage of position.

This advantage has been supplemented by the character of the population. In the early days when Illinois was first admitted to the Union, her population were chiefly from Kentucky and Virginia. But, in the conflict of ideas concerning slavery, a strong tide of emigration came in from the East, and soon changed this composition. In 1870 her non-native population were from colder soils. New York furnished 133,290; Ohio gave 162,623; Pennsylvania sent on 98,352; the entire South gave us only 206,734. In all her cities, and in all her German and Scandinavian and other foreign colonies, Illinois has only about one-fifth of her people of foreign birth.

PROGRESS OF DEVELOPMENT.

One of the greatest elements in the early development of Illinois is the Illinois and Michigan Canal, connecting the Illinois and Mississippi Rivers with the lakes. It was of the utmost importance to the State. It was recommended by Gov. Bond, the first governor, in his first message. In 1821, the Legislature appropriated \$10,000 for surveying the route. Two bright young engineers surveyed it, and estimated the cost at \$600,000 or \$700,000. It finally cost \$8,000,000. In 1825, a law was passed to incorporate the Canal Company, but no stock was sold. In 1826, upon the solicitation of Cook, Congress gave 800,000 acres of land on the line of the work. In 1828, another law—commissioners appointed, and work commenced with new survey and new estimates. In 1834–35, George Farquhar made an able report on the whole matter. This was, doubtless, the ablest report ever made to a western legislature, and it became the model for subsequent reports and action. From this the work went on till it was finished in 1848. It cost the State a large amount of money; but it gave to the industries of the State an impetus that pushed it up into the first rank of greatness. It was not built as a speculation any more than a doctor is employed on a speculation. But it has paid into the Treasury of the State an average annual net sum of over \$111,000.

Pending the construction of the canal, the land and town-lot fever broke out in the State, in 1834–35. It took on the malignant type in Chicago, lifting the town up into a city. The disease spread over the entire State and adjoining States. It was epidemic. It cut up men's farms without regard to locality, and cut up the purses of the purchasers without regard to consequences. It is estimated that building lots enough were sold in Indiana alone to accommodate every citizen then in the United States.

Towns and cities were exported to the Eastern market by the ship-load. There was no lack of buyers. Every up-ship came freighted with speculators and their money.

This distemper seized upon the Legislature in 1836–37, and left not one to tell the tale. They enacted a system of internal improvement without a parallel in the grandeur of its conception. They ordered the construction of 1,300 miles of railroad, crossing the State in all directions. This was surpassed by the river and canal improvements. There were a few counties not touched by either railroad or river or canal, and those were to be comforted and compensated by the free distribution of \$200,000 among them. To inflate this balloon beyond credence it was ordered that work should be commenced on both ends of

each of these railroads and rivers, and at each river-crossing, all at the same time. The appropriations for these vast improvements were over \$12,000,000, and commissioners were appointed to borrow the money on the credit of the State. Remember that all this was in the early days of railroading, when railroads were luxuries; that the State had whole counties with scarcely a cabin; and that the population of the State was less than 400,000, and you can form some idea of the vigor with which these brave men undertook the work of making a great State. In the light of history I am compelled to say that this was only a premature throb of the power that actually slumbered in the soil of the State. It was Hercules in the cradle.

At this juncture the State Bank loaned its funds largely to Godfrey Gilman & Co., and to other leading houses, for the purpose of drawing trade from St. Louis to Alton. Soon they failed, and took down the bank with them.

In 1840, all hope seemed gone. A population of 480,000 were loaded with a debt of \$14,000,000. It had only six small cities, really only towns, namely: Chicago, Alton, Springfield, Quincy, Galena, Nauvoo. This debt was to be cared for when there was not a dollar in the treasury, and when the State had borrowed itself out of all credit, and when there was not good money enough in the hands of all the people to pay the interest of the debt for a single year. Yet, in the presence of all these difficulties, the young State steadily refused to repudiate. Gov. Ford took hold of the problem and solved it, bringing the State through in triumph.

Having touched lightly upon some of the more distinctive points in the history of the development of Illinois, let us next briefly consider the

MATERIAL RESOURCES OF THE STATE.

It is a garden four hundred miles long and one hundred and fifty miles wide. Its soil is chiefly a black sandy loam, from six inches to sixty feet thick. On the American bottoms it has been cultivated for one hundred and fifty years without renewal. About the old French towns it has yielded corn for a century and a half without rest or help. It produces nearly everything green in the temperate and tropical zones. She leads all other States in the number of acres actually under plow. Her products from 25,000,000 of acres are incalculable. Her mineral wealth is scarcely second to her agricultural power. She has coal, iron, lead, copper, zinc, many varieties of building stone, fire clay, cuma clay, common brick clay, sand of all kinds, gravel, mineral paint—every thing needed for a high civilization. Left to herself, she has the elements of all greatness. The single item of coal is too vast for an appreciative

handling in figures. We can handle it in general terms like algebraical signs, but long before we get up into the millions and billions the human mind drops down from comprehension to mere symbolic apprehension.

When I tell you that nearly four-fifths of the entire State is underlaid with a deposit of coal more than forty feet thick on the average (now estimated, by recent surveys, at seventy feet thick), you can get some idea of its amount, as you do of the amount of the national debt. There it is! 41,000 square miles—one vast mine into which you could put any of the States; in which you could bury scores of European and ancient empires, and have room enough all round to work without knowing that they had been sepulchered there.

Put this vast coal-bed down by the other great coal deposits of the world, and its importance becomes manifest. Great Britain has 12,000 square miles of coal; Spain, 3,000; France, 1,719; Belgium, 578; Illinois about twice as many square miles as all combined. Virginia has 20,000 square miles; Pennsylvania, 16,000; Ohio, 12,000. Illinois has 41,000 square miles. One-seventh of all the known coal on this continent is in Illinois.

Could we sell the coal in this single State for one-seventh of one cent a ton it would pay the national debt. Converted into power, even with the wastage in our common engines, it would do more work than could be done by the entire race, beginning at Adam's wedding and working ten hours a day through all the centuries till the present time, and right on into the future at the same rate for the next 600,000 years.

Great Britain uses enough mechanical power to-day to give to each man, woman, and child in the kingdom the help and service of nineteen untiring servants. No wonder she has leisure and luxuries. No wonder the home of the common artisan has in it more luxuries than could be found in the palace of good old King Arthur. Think, if you can conceive of it, of the vast army of servants that slumber in the soil of Illinois, impatiently awaiting the call of Genius to come forth to minister to our comfort.

At the present rate of consumption England's coal supply will be exhausted in 250 years. When this is gone she must transfer her dominion either to the Indies, or to British America, which I would not resist; or to some other people, which I would regret as a loss to civilization.

COAL IS KING.

At the same rate of consumption (which far exceeds our own) the deposit of coal in Illinois will last 120,000 years. And her kingdom shall be an everlasting kingdom.

Let us turn now from this reserve power to the *annual products* of

the State. We shall not be humiliated in this field. Here we strike the secret of our national credit. Nature provides a market in the constant appetite of the race. Men must eat, and if we can furnish the provisions we can command the treasure. All that a man hath will he give for his life.

According to the last census Illinois produced 30,000,000 of bushels of wheat. That is more wheat than was raised by any other State in the Union. She raised In 1875, 130,000,000 of bushels of corn—twice as much as any other State, and one-sixth of all the corn raised in the United States. She harvested 2,747,000 tons of hay, nearly one-tenth of all the hay in the Republic. It is not generally appreciated, but it is true, that the hay crop of the country is worth more than the cotton crop. The hay of Illinois equals the cotton of Louisiana. Go to Charleston, S. C., and see them peddling handfuls of hay or grass, almost as a curiosity, as we regard Chinese gods or the cryolite of Greenland; drink your coffee and *condensed milk*; and walk back from the coast for many a league through the sand and burs till you get up into the better atmosphere of the mountains, without seeing a waving meadow or a grazing herd; then you will begin to appreciate the meadows of the Prairie State, where the grass often grows sixteen feet high.

The value of her farm implements is \$211,000,000, and the value of her live stock is only second to the great State of New York. in 1875 she had 25,000,000 hogs, and packed 2,113,845, about one-half of all that were packed in the United States. This is no insignificant item. Pork is a growing demand of the old world. Since the laborers of Europe have gotten a taste of our bacon, and we have learned how to pack it dry in boxes, like dry goods, the world has become the market.

The hog is on the march into the future. His nose is ordained to uncover the secrets of dominion, and his feet shall be guided by the star of empire.

Illinois marketed \$57,000,000 worth of slaughtered animals—more than any other State, and a seventh of all the States.

Be patient with me, and pardon my pride, and I will give you a list of some of the things in which Illinois excels all other States.

Depth and richness of soil; per cent. of good ground; acres of improved land; large farms—some farms contain from 40,000 to 60,000 acres of cultivated land, 40,000 acres of corn on a single farm; number of farmers; amount of wheat, corn, oats and honey produced; value of animals for slaughter; number of hogs; amount of pork; number of horses—three times as many as Kentucky, the horse State.

Illinois excels all other States in miles of railroads and in miles of postal service, and in money orders sold per annum, and in the amount of lumber sold in her markets.

Illinois is only second in many important matters. This sample list comprises a few of the more important: Permanent school fund (good for a young state); total income for educational purposes; number of publishers of books, maps, papers, etc.; value of farm products and implements, and of live stock; in tons of coal mined.

The shipping of Illinois is only second to New York. Out of one port during the business hours of the season of navigation she sends forth a vessel every ten minutes. This does not include canal boats, which go one every five minutes. No wonder she is only second in number of bankers and brokers or in physicians and surgeons.

She is third in colleges, teachers and schools; cattle, lead, hay, flax, sorghum and beeswax.

She is fourth in population, in children enrolled in public schools, in law schools, in butter, potatoes and carriages.

She is fifth in value of real and personal property, in theological seminaries and colleges exclusively for women, in milk sold, and in boots and shoes manufactured, and in book-binding.

She is only seventh in the production of wood, while she is the twelfth in area. Surely that is well done for the Prairie State. She now has much more wood and growing timber than she had thirty years ago.

A few leading industries will justify emphasis. She manufactures \$205,000,000 worth of goods, which places her well up toward New York and Pennsylvania. The number of her manufacturing establishments increased from 1860 to 1870, 300 per cent.; capital employed increased 850 per cent., and the amount of product increased 400 per cent. She issued 5,500,000 copies of commercial and financial newspapers—only second to New York. She has 6,759 miles of railroad, thus leading all other States, worth \$636,458,000, using 3,245 engines, and 67,712 cars, making a train long enough to cover one-tenth of the entire roads of the State. Her stations are only five miles apart. She carried last year 15,795,000 passengers, an average of $36\frac{1}{2}$ miles, or equal to taking her entire population twice across the State. More than two-thirds of her land is within five miles of a railroad, and less than two per cent. is more than fifteen miles away.

The State has a large financial interest in the Illinois Central railroad. The road was incorporated in 1850, and the State gave each alternate section for six miles on each side, and doubled the price of the remaining land, so keeping herself good. The road received 2,595,000 acres of land, and pays to the State one-seventh of the gross receipts. The State receives this year \$350,000, and has received in all about \$7,000,000. It is practically the people's road, and it has a most able and gentlemanly management. Add to this the annual receipts from the canal, \$111,000, and a large per cent. of the State tax is provided for.

THE RELIGION AND MORALS

of the State keep step with her productions and growth. She was born of the missionary spirit. It was a minister who secured for her the ordinance of 1787, by which she has been saved from slavery, ignorance, and dishonesty. Rev. Mr. Wiley, pastor of a Scotch congregation in Randolph County, petitioned the Constitutional Convention of 1818 to recognize Jesus Christ as king, and the Scriptures as the only necessary guide and book of law. The convention did not act in the case, and the old Covenanters refused to accept citizenship. They never voted until 1824, when the slavery question was submitted to the people; then they all voted against it and cast the determining votes. Conscience has predominated whenever a great moral question has been submitted to the people.

But little mob violence has ever been felt in the State. In 1817 regulators disposed of a band of horse-thieves that infested the territory. The Mormon indignities finally awoke the same spirit. Alton was also the scene of a pro-slavery mob, in which Lovejoy was added to the list of martyrs. The moral sense of the people makes the law supreme, and gives to the State unruffled peace.

With \$22,300,000 in church property, and 4,298 church organizations, the State has that divine police, the sleepless patrol of moral ideas, that alone is able to secure perfect safety. Conscience takes the knife from the assassin's hand and the bludgeon from the grasp of the highwayman. We sleep in safety, not because we are behind bolts and bars—these only fence against the innocent; not because a lone officer drowzes on a distant corner of a street; not because a sheriff may call his posse from a remote part of the county; but because *conscience* guards the very portals of the air and stirs in the deepest recesses of the public mind. This spirit issues within the State 9,500,000 copies of religious papers annually, and receives still more from without. Thus the crime of the State is only one-fourth that of New York and one-half that of Pennsylvania.

Illinois never had but one duel between her own citizens. In Belleville, in 1820, Alphonso Stewart and William Bennett arranged to vindicate injured honor. The seconds agreed to make it a sham, and make them shoot blanks. Stewart was in the secret. Bennett mistrusted something, and, unobserved, slipped a bullet into his gun and killed Stewart. He then fled the State. After two years he was caught, tried, convicted, and, in spite of friends and political aid, was hung. This fixed the code of honor on a Christian basis, and terminated its use in Illinois.

The early preachers were ignorant men, who were accounted eloquent according to the strength of their voices. But they set the style for all public speakers. Lawyers and political speakers followed this rule. Gov.

Ford says: "Nevertheless, these first preachers were of incalculable benefit to the country. They inculcated justice and morality. To them are we indebted for the first Christian character of the Protestant portion of the people."

In education Illinois surpasses her material resources. The ordinance of 1787 consecrated one thirty-sixth of her soil to common schools, and the law of 1818, the first law that went upon her statutes, gave three per cent. of all the rest to

EDUCATION.

The old compact secures this interest forever, and by its yoking morality and intelligence it precludes the legal interference with the Bible in the public schools. With such a start it is natural that we should have 11,050 schools, and that our illiteracy should be less than New York or Pennsylvania, and only about one-half of Massachusetts. We are not to blame for not having more than one-half as many idiots as the great States. These public schools soon made colleges inevitable. The first college, still flourishing, was started in Lebanon in 1828, by the M. E. church, and named after Bishop McKendree. Illinois College, at Jacksonville, supported by the Presbyterians, followed in 1830. In 1832 the Baptists built Shurtleff College, at Alton. Then the Presbyterians built Knox College, at Galesburg, in 1838, and the Episcopalians built Jubilee College, at Peoria, in 1847. After these early years colleges have rained down. A settler could hardly encamp on the prairie but a college would spring up by his wagon. The State now has one very well endowed and equipped university, namely, the Northwestern University, at Evanston, with six colleges, ninety instructors, over 1,000 students, and \$1,500,000 endowment.

Rev. J. M. Peck was the first educated Protestant minister in the State. He settled at Rock Spring, in St. Clair County, 1820, and left his impress on the State. Before 1837 only party papers were published, but Mr. Peck published a *Gazetteer of Illinois*. Soon after John Russell, of Bluffdale, published essays and tales showing genius. Judge James Hall published *The Illinois Monthly Magazine* with great ability, and an annual called *The Western Souvenir*, which gave him an enviable fame all over the United States. From these beginnings Illinois has gone on till she has more volumes in public libraries even than Massachusetts, and of the 44,500,000 volumes in all the public libraries of the United States, she has one-thirteenth. In newspapers she stands fourth. Her increase is marvelous. In 1850 she issued 5,000,000 copies; in 1860, 27,590,000; in 1870, 113,140,000. In 1860 she had eighteen colleges and seminaries; in 1870 she had eighty. That is a grand advance for the war decade.

This brings us to a record unsurpassed in the history of any age,

THE WAR RECORD OF ILLINOIS.

I hardly know where to begin, or how to advance, or what to say. I can at best give you only a broken synopsis of her deeds, and you must put them in the order of glory for yourself. Her sons have always been foremost on fields of danger. In 1832-33, at the call of Gov. Reynolds, her sons drove Blackhawk over the Mississippi.

When the Mexican war came, in May, 1846, 8,370 men offered themselves when only 3,720 could be accepted. The fields of Buena Vista and Vera Cruz, and the storming of Cerro Gordo, will carry the glory of Illinois soldiers along after the infamy of the cause they served has been forgotten. But it was reserved till our day for her sons to find a field and cause and foemen that could fitly illustrate their spirit and heroism. Illinois put into her own regiments for the United States government 256,000 men, and into the army through other States enough to swell the number to 290,000. This far exceeds all the soldiers of the federal government in all the war of the revolution. Her total years of service were over 600,000. She enrolled men from eighteen to forty-five years of age when the law of Congress in 1864—the test time—only asked for those from twenty to forty-five. Her enrollment was otherwise excessive. Her people wanted to go, and did not take the pains to correct the enrollment. Thus the basis of fixing the quota was too great, and then the quota itself, at least in the trying time, was far above any other State.

Thus the demand on some counties, as Monroe, for example, took every able-bodied man in the county, and then did not have enough to fill the quota. Moreover, Illinois sent 20,844 men for ninety or one hundred days, for whom no credit was asked. When Mr. Lincoln's attention was called to the inequality of the quota compared with other States, he replied, "The country needs the sacrifice. We must put the whip on the free horse." In spite of all these disadvantages Illinois gave to the country 73,000 years of service above all calls. With one-thirteenth of the population of the loyal States, she sent regularly one-tenth of all the soldiers, and in the peril of the closing calls, when patriots were few and weary, she then sent one-eighth of all that were called for by her loved and honored son in the white house. Her mothers and daughters went into the fields to raise the grain and keep the children together, while the fathers and older sons went to the harvest fields of the world. I knew a father and four sons who agreed that one of them must stay at home; and they pulled straws from a stack to see who might go. The father was left. The next day he came into the camp, saying: "Mother says she can get the crops in, and I am going, too." I know large Methodist churches from which every male member went to the army. Do you want to know

what these heroes from Illinois did in the field? Ask any soldier with a good record of his own, who is thus able to judge, and he will tell you that the Illinois men went in to win. It is common history that the greater victories were won in the West. When everything else looked dark Illinois was gaining victories all down the river, and dividing the confederacy. Sherman took with him on his great march forty-five regiments of Illinois infantry, three companies of artillery, and one company of cavalry. He could not avoid

GOING TO THE SEA.

If he had been killed, I doubt not the men would have gone right on. Lincoln answered all rumors of Sherman's defeat with, "It is impossible; there is a mighty sight of fight in 100,000 Western men." Illinois soldiers brought home 300 battle-flags. The first United States flag that floated over Richmond was an Illinois flag. She sent messengers and nurses to every field and hospital, to care for her sick and wounded sons. She said, "These suffering ones are my sons, and I will care for them."

When individuals had given all, then cities and towns came forward with their credit to the extent of many millions, to aid these men and their families.

Illinois gave the country the great general of the war—Ulysses S. Grant—since honored with two terms of the Presidency of the United States.

One other name from Illinois comes up in all minds, embalmed in all hearts, that must have the supreme place in this story of our glory and of our nation's honor; that name is Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois.

The analysis of Mr. Lincoln's character is difficult on account of its symmetry.

In this age we look with admiration at his uncompromising honesty. And well we may, for this saved us. Thousands throughout the length and breadth of our country who knew him only as "Honest Old Abe," voted for him on that account; and wisely did they choose, for no other man could have carried us through the fearful night of the war. When his plans were too vast for our comprehension, and his faith in the cause too sublime for our participation; when it was all night about us, and all dread before us, and all sad and desolate behind us; when not one ray shone upon our cause; when traitors were haughty and exultant at the South, and fierce and blasphemous at the North; when the loyal men here seemed almost in the minority; when the stoutest heart quailed, the bravest, cheek paled; when generals were defeating each other for place, and contractors were leeching out the very heart's blood of the prostrate republic: when every thing else had failed us, we looked at this calm, patient man standing like a rock in the storm, and said: "Mr. Lincoln

is honest, and we can trust him still." Holding to this single point with the energy of faith and despair we held together, and, under God, he brought us through to victory.

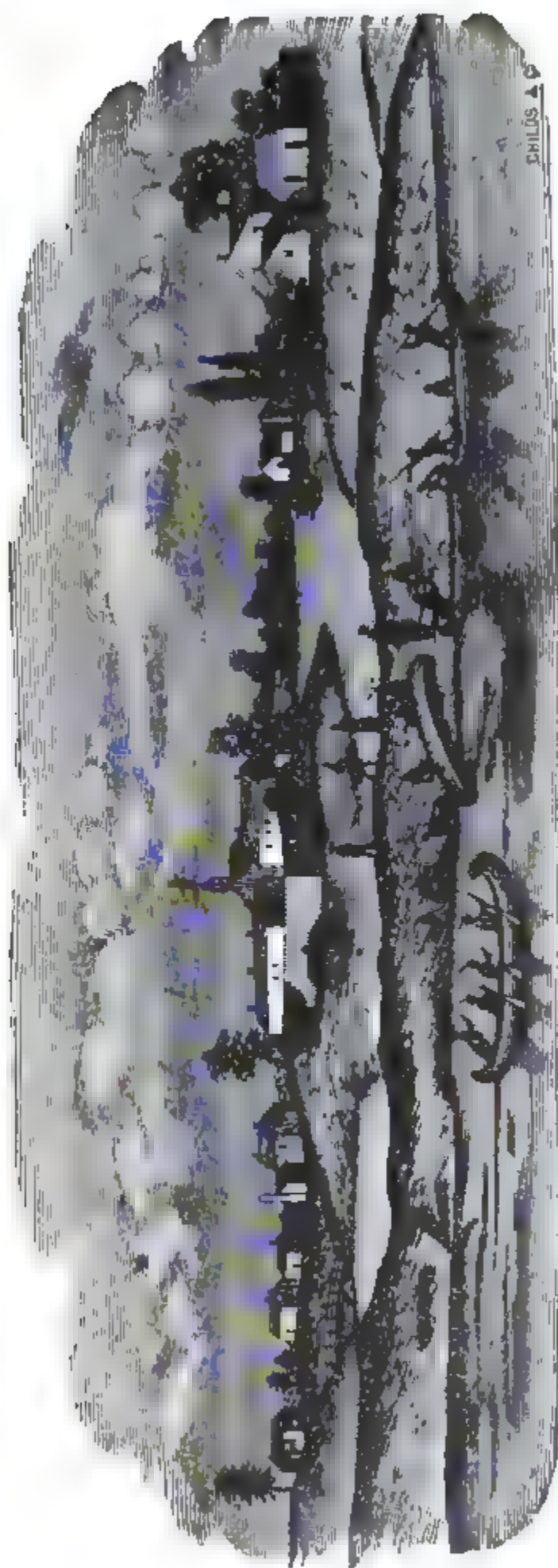
His practical wisdom made him the wonder of all lands. With such certainty did Mr. Lincoln follow causes to their ultimate effects, that his foresight of contingencies seemed almost prophetic.

He is radiant with all the great virtues, and his memory shall shed a glory upon this age that shall fill the eyes of men as they look into history. Other men have excelled him in some point, but, taken at all points, all in all, he stands head and shoulders above every other man of 6,000 years. An administrator, he saved the nation in the perils of unparalleled civil war. A statesman, he justified his measures by their success. A philanthropist, he gave liberty to one race and salvation to another. A moralist, he bowed from the summit of human power to the foot of the Cross, and became a Christian. A mediator, he exercised mercy under the most absolute abeyance to law. A leader, he was no partisan. A commander, he was untainted with blood. A ruler in desperate times, he was unsullied with crime. A man, he has left no word of passion, no thought of malice, no trick of craft, no act of jealousy, no purpose of selfish ambition. Thus perfected, without a model, and without a peer, he was dropped into these troubled years to adorn and embellish all that is good and all that is great in our humanity, and to present to all coming time the representative of the divine idea of free government.

It is not too much to say that away down in the future, when the republic has fallen from its niche in the wall of time; when the great war itself shall have faded out in the distance like a mist on the horizon; when the Anglo-Saxon language shall be spoken only by the tongue of the stranger; then the generations looking this way shall see the great president as the supreme figure in this vortex of history

CHICAGO.

It is impossible in our brief space to give more than a meager sketch of such a city as Chicago, which is in itself the greatest marvel of the Prairie State. This mysterious, majestic, mighty city, born first of water, and next of fire; sown in weakness, and raised in power; planted among the willows of the marsh, and crowned with the glory of the mountains; sleeping on the bosom of the prairie, and rocked on the bosom of the sea; the youngest city of the world, and still the eye of the prairie, as Damascus, the oldest city of the world, is the eye of the desert. With a commerce far exceeding that of Corinth on her isthmus, in the highway to the East; with the defenses of a continent piled around her by the thousand miles, making her far safer than Rome on the banks of the Tiber;



CHICAGO IN 1833.

with schools eclipsing Alexandria and Athens; with liberties more conspicuous than those of the old republics; with a heroism equal to the first Carthage, and with a sanctity scarcely second to that of Jerusalem—set your thoughts on all this, lifted into the eyes of all men by the miracle of its growth, illuminated by the flame of its fall, and transfigured by the divinity of its resurrection, and you will feel, as I do, the utter impossibility of compassing this subject as it deserves. Some impression of her importance is received from the shock her burning gave to the civilized world.

When the doubt of her calamity was removed, and the horrid fact was accepted, there went a shudder over all cities, and a quiver over all lands. There was scarcely a town in the civilized world that did not shake on the brink of this opening chasm. The flames of our homes reddened all skies. The city was set upon a hill, and could not be hid. All eyes were turned upon it. To have struggled and suffered amid the scenes of its fall is as distinguishing as to have fought at Thermopylæ, or Salamis, or Hastings, or Waterloo, or Bunker Hill.

Its calamity amazed the world, because it was felt to be the common property of mankind.

The early history of the city is full of interest, just as the early history of such a man as Washington or Lincoln becomes public property, and is cherished by every patriot.

Starting with 560 acres in 1833, it embraced and occupied 23,000 acres in 1869, and, having now a population of more than 500,000, it commands general attention.

The first settler—Jean Baptiste Pointe au Sable, a mulatto from the West Indies—came and began trade with the Indians in 1796. John Kinzie became his successor in 1804, in which year Fort Dearborn was erected.

A mere trading-post was kept here from that time till about the time of the Blackhawk war, in 1832. It was not the city. It was merely a cock crowing at midnight. The morning was not yet. In 1833 the settlement about the fort was incorporated as a town. The voters were divided on the propriety of such corporation, twelve voting for it and one against it. Four years later it was incorporated as a city, and embraced 560 acres.

The produce handled in this city is an indication of its power. Grain and flour were imported from the East till as late as 1837. The first exportation by way of experiment was in 1839. Exports exceeded imports first in 1842. The Board of Trade was organized in 1848, but it was so weak that it needed nursing till 1855. Grain was purchased by the wagon-load in the street.

I remember sitting with my father on a load of wheat, in the long

line of wagons along Lake street, while the buyers came and untied the bags, and examined the grain, and made their bids. That manner of business had to cease with the day of small things. Now our elevators will hold 15,000,000 bushels of grain. The cash value of the produce handled in a year is \$215,000,000, and the produce weighs 7,000,000 tons or 700,000 car loads. This handles thirteen and a half ton each minute, all the year round. One tenth of all the wheat in the United States is handled in Chicago. Even as long ago as 1853 the receipts of grain in Chicago exceeded those of the goodly city of St. Louis, and in 1854 the exports of grain from Chicago exceeded those of New York and doubled those of St. Petersburg, Archangel, or Odessa, the largest grain markets in Europe.

The manufacturing interests of the city are not contemptible. In 1873 manufactories employed 45,000 operatives; in 1876, 60,000. The manufactured product in 1875 was worth \$177,000,000.

No estimate of the size and power of Chicago would be adequate that did not put large emphasis on the railroads. Before they came thundering along our streets canals were the hope of our country. But who ever thinks now of traveling by canal packets? In June, 1852, there were only forty miles of railroad connected with the city. The old Galena division of the Northwestern ran out to Elgin. But now, who can count the trains and measure the roads that seek a terminus or connection in this city? The lake stretches away to the north, gathering in to this center all the harvests that might otherwise pass to the north of us. If you will take a map and look at the adjustment of railroads, you will see, first, that Chicago is the great railroad center of the world, as New York is the commercial city of this continent; and, second, that the railroad lines form the iron spokes of a great wheel whose hub is this city. The lake furnishes the only break in the spokes, and this seems simply to have pushed a few spokes together on each shore. See the eighteen trunk lines, exclusive of eastern connections.

Pass round the circle, and view their numbers and extent. There is the great Northwestern, with all its branches, one branch creeping along the lake shore, and so reaching to the north, into the Lake Superior regions, away to the right, and on to the Northern Pacific on the left, swinging around Green Bay for iron and copper and silver, twelve months in the year, and reaching out for the wealth of the great agricultural belt and isothermal line traversed by the Northern Pacific. Another branch, not so far north, feeling for the heart of the Badger State. Another pushing lower down the Mississippi—all these make many connections, and tapping all the vast wheat regions of Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, and all the regions this side of sunset. There is that elegant road, the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, running out a goodly number of



OLD FORT DEARBORN, 1830.



PRESENT SITE OF LAKE STREET BRIDGE, CHICAGO, IN 1833.

branches, and reaping the great fields this side of the Missouri River. I can only mention the Chicago, Alton & St. Louis, *our* Illinois Central, described elsewhere, and the Chicago & Rock Island. Further around we come to the lines connecting us with all the eastern cities. The Chicago, Indianapolis & St. Louis, the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, and the Michigan Central and Great Western, give us many highways to the seaboard. Thus we reach the Mississippi at five points, from St. Paul to Cairo and the Gulf itself by two routes. We also reach Cincinnati and Baltimore, and Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, and New York. North and south run the water courses of the lakes and the rivers, broken just enough at this point to make a pass. Through this, from east to west, run the long lines that stretch from ocean to ocean.

This is the neck of the glass, and the golden sands of commerce must pass into our hands. Altogether we have more than 10,000 miles of railroad, directly tributary to this city, seeking to unload their wealth in our coffers. All these roads have come themselves by the infallible instinct of capital. Not a dollar was ever given by the city to secure one of them, and only a small per cent. of stock taken originally by her citizens, and that taken simply as an investment. Coming in the natural order of events, they will not be easily diverted.

There is still another showing to all this. The connection between New York and San Francisco is by the middle route. This passes inevitably through Chicago. St. Louis wants the Southern Pacific or Kansas Pacific, and pushes it out through Denver, and so on up to Cheyenne. But before the road is fairly under way, the Chicago roads shove out to Kansas City, making even the Kansas Pacific a feeder, and actually leaving St. Louis out in the cold. It is not too much to expect that Dakota, Montana, and Washington Territory will find their great market in Chicago.

But these are not all. Perhaps I had better notice here the ten or fifteen new roads that have just entered, or are just entering, our city. Their names are all that is necessary to give. Chicago & St. Paul, looking up the Red River country to the British possessions; the Chicago, Atlantic & Pacific; the Chicago, Decatur & State Line; the Baltimore & Ohio; the Chicago, Danville & Vincennes; the Chicago & LaSalle Railroad; the Chicago, Pittsburgh & Cincinnati; the Chicago and Canada Southern; the Chicago and Illinois River Railroad. These, with their connections, and with the new connections of the old roads, already in process of erection, give to Chicago not less than 10,000 miles of new tributaries from the richest land on the continent. Thus there will be added to the reserve power, to the capital within reach of this city, not less than \$1,000,000,000.

Add to all this transporting power the ships that sail one every nine minutes of the business hours of the season of navigation ; add, also, the canal boats that leave one every five minutes during the same time—and you will see something of the business of the city.

THE COMMERCE OF THIS CITY

has been leaping along to keep pace with the growth of the country around us. In 1852, our commerce reached the hopeful sum of \$20,000,000. In 1870 it reached \$400,000,000. In 1871 it was pushed up above \$450,000,000. And in 1875 it touched nearly double that.

One-half of our imported goods come directly to Chicago. Grain enough is exported directly from our docks to the old world to employ a semi-weekly line of steamers of 3,000 tons capacity. This branch is not likely to be greatly developed. Even after the great Welland Canal is completed we shall have only fourteen feet of water. The great ocean vessels will continue to control the trade.

The banking capital of Chicago is \$24,431,000. Total exchange in 1875, \$659,000,000. Her wholesale business in 1875 was \$294,000,000. The rate of taxes is less than in any other great city.

The schools of Chicago are unsurpassed in America. Out of a population of 300,000 there were only 186 persons between the ages of six and twenty-one unable to read. This is the best known record.

In 1831 the mail system was condensed into a half-breed, who went on foot to Niles, Mich., once in two weeks, and brought back what papers and news he could find. As late as 1846 there was often only one mail a week. A post-office was established in Chicago in 1833, and the post-master nailed up old boot-legs on one side of his shop to serve as boxes for the nabobs and literary men. -

It is an interesting fact in the growth of the young city that in the active life of the business men of that day the mail matter has grown to a daily average of over 6,500 pounds. It speaks equally well for the intelligence of the people and the commercial importance of the place, that the mail matter distributed to the territory immediately tributary to Chicago is seven times greater than that distributed to the territory immediately tributary to St. Louis.

The improvements that have characterized the city are as startling as the city itself. In 1831, Mark Beaubien established a ferry over the river, and put himself under bonds to carry all the citizens free for the privilege of charging strangers. Now there are twenty-four large bridges and two tunnels.

In 1833 the government expended \$30,000 on the harbor. Then commenced that series of manœuvres with the river that has made it one

of the world's curiosities. It used to wind around in the lower end of the town, and make its way rippling over the sand into the lake at the foot of Madison street. They took it up and put it down where it now is. It was a narrow stream, so narrow that even moderately small crafts had to go up through the willows and cat's tails to the point near Lake street bridge, and back up one of the branches to get room enough in which to turn around.

In 1844 the quagmires in the streets were first pontooned by plank roads, which acted in wet weather as public squirt-guns. Keeping you out of the mud, they compromised by squirting the mud over you. The wooden-block pavements came to Chicago in 1857. In 1840 water was delivered by peddlers in carts or by hand. Then a twenty-five horsepower engine pushed it through hollow or bored logs along the streets till 1854, when it was introduced into the houses by new works. The first fire-engine was used in 1835, and the first steam fire-engine in 1859. Gas was utilized for lighting the city in 1850. The Young Men's Christian Association was organized in 1858, and horse railroads carried them to their work in 1859. The museum was opened in 1863. The alarm telegraph adopted in 1864. The opera-house built in 1865. The city grew from 560 acres in 1833 to 23,000 in 1869. In 1834, the taxes amounted to \$48.90, and the trustees of the town borrowed \$60 more for opening and improving streets. In 1835, the legislature authorized a loan of \$2,000, and the treasurer and street commissioners resigned rather than plunge the town into such a gulf.

Now the city embraces 36 square miles of territory, and has 30 miles of water front, besides the outside harbor of refuge, of 400 acres, inclosed by a crib sea-wall. One-third of the city has been raised up an average of eight feet, giving good pitch to the 263 miles of sewerage. The water of the city is above all competition. It is received through two tunnels extending to a crib in the lake two miles from shore. The closest analysis fails to detect any impurities, and, received 35 feet below the surface, it is always clear and cold. The first tunnel is five feet two inches in diameter and two miles long, and can deliver 50,000,000 of gallons per day. The second tunnel is seven feet in diameter and six miles long, running four miles under the city, and can deliver 100,000,000 of gallons per day. This water is distributed through 410 miles of water-mains.

The three grand engineering exploits of the city are: First, lifting the city up on jack-screws, whole squares at a time, without interrupting the business, thus giving us good drainage; second, running the tunnels under the lake, giving us the best water in the world; and third, the turning the current of the river in its own channel, delivering us from the old abominations, and making decency possible. They redound about

equally to the credit of the engineering, to the energy of the people, and to the health of the city.

That which really constitutes the city, its indescribable spirit, its soul, the way it lights up in every feature in the hour of action, has not been touched. In meeting strangers, one is often surprised how some homely women marry so well. Their forms are bad, their gait uneven and awkward, their complexion is dull, their features are misshapen and mismatched, and when we see them there is no beauty that we should desire them. But when once they are aroused on some subject, they put on new proportions. They light up into great power. The real person comes out from its unseemly ambush, and captures us at will. They have power. They have ability to cause things to come to pass. We no longer wonder why they are in such high demand. So it is with our city.

There is no grand scenery except the two seas, one of water, the other of prairie. Nevertheless, there is a spirit about it, a push, a breadth, a power, that soon makes it a place never to be forsaken. One soon ceases to believe in impossibilities. Balaams are the only prophets that are disappointed. The bottom that has been on the point of falling out has been there so long that it has grown fast. It can not fall out. It has all the capital of the world itching to get inside the corporation.

The two great laws that govern the growth and size of cities are, first, the amount of territory for which they are the distributing and receiving points; second, the number of medium or moderate dealers that do this distributing. Monopolists build up themselves, not the cities. They neither eat, wear, nor live in proportion to their business. Both these laws help Chicago.

The tide of trade is eastward—not up or down the map, but across the map. The lake runs up a wingdam for 500 miles to gather in the business. Commerce can not ferry up there for seven months in the year, and the facilities for seven months can do the work for twelve. Then the great region west of us is nearly all good, productive land. Dropping south into the trail of St. Louis, you fall into vast deserts and rocky districts, useful in holding the world together. St. Louis and Cincinnati, instead of rivaling and hurting Chicago, are her greatest sureties of dominion. They are far enough away to give sea-room,—farther off than Paris is from London,—and yet they are near enough to prevent the springing up of any other great city between them.

St. Louis will be helped by the opening of the Mississippi, but also hurt. That will put New Orleans on her feet, and with a railroad running over into Texas and so West, she will tap the streams that now crawl up the Texas and Missouri road. The current is East, not North, and a sea-port at New Orleans can not permanently help St. Louis.

Chicago is in the field almost alone, to handle the wealth of one-

fourth of the territory of this great republic. This strip of seacoast divides its margins between Portland, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Savannah, or some other great port to be created for the South in the next decade. But Chicago has a dozen empires casting their treasures into her lap. On a bed of coal that can run all the machinery of the world for 500 centuries; in a garden that can feed the race by the thousand years; at the head of the lakes that give her a temperature as a summer resort equaled by no great city in the land; with a climate that insures the health of her citizens; surrounded by all the great deposits of natural wealth in mines and forests and herds, Chicago is the wonder of to-day, and will be *the city of the future*.

MASSACRE AT FORT DEARBORN.

During the war of 1812, Fort Dearborn became the theater of stirring events. The garrison consisted of fifty-four men under command of Captain Nathan Heald, assisted by Lieutenant Helm (son-in-law of Mrs. Kinzie) and Ensign Ronan. Dr. Voorhees was surgeon. The only residents at the post at that time were the wives of Captain Heald and Lieutenant Helm, and a few of the soldiers, Mr. Kinzie and his family, and a few Canadian *voyageurs*, with their wives and children. The soldiers and Mr. Kinzie were on most friendly terms with the Pottawattamies and Winnebagos, the principal tribes around them, but they could not win them from their attachment to the British.

One evening in April, 1812, Mr. Kinzie sat playing on his violin and his children were dancing to the music, when Mrs. Kinzie came rushing into the house, pale with terror, and exclaiming: "The Indians! the Indians!" "What? Where?" eagerly inquired Mr. Kinzie. "Up at Lee's, killing and scalping," answered the frightened mother, who, when the alarm was given, was attending Mrs. Barnes (just confined) living not far off. Mr. Kinzie and his family crossed the river and took refuge in the fort, to which place Mrs. Barnes and her infant not a day old were safely conveyed. The rest of the inhabitants took shelter in the fort. This alarm was caused by a scalping party of Winnebagos, who hovered about the fort several days, when they disappeared, and for several weeks the inhabitants were undisturbed.

On the 7th of August, 1812, General Hull, at Detroit, sent orders to Captain Heald to evacuate Fort Dearborn, and to distribute all the United States property to the Indians in the neighborhood—a most insane order. The Pottawattamie chief, who brought the dispatch, had more wisdom than the commanding general. He advised Captain Heald not to make the distribution. Said he: "Leave the fort and stores as they are, and let the Indians make distribution for themselves; and while they are engaged in the business, the white people may escape to Fort Wayne."



RUINS OF CHICAGO.

Captain Heald held a council with the Indians on the afternoon of the 12th, in which his officers refused to join, for they had been informed that treachery was designed—that the Indians intended to murder the white people in the council, and then destroy those in the fort. Captain Heald, however, took the precaution to open a port-hole displaying a cannon pointing directly upon the council, and by that means saved his life.

Mr. Kinzie, who knew the Indians well, begged Captain Heald not to confide in their promises, nor distribute the arms and munitions among them, for it would only put power into their hands to destroy the whites. Acting upon this advice, Heald resolved to withhold the munitions of war; and on the night of the 13th, after the distribution of the other property had been made, the powder, ball and liquors were thrown into the river, the muskets broken up and destroyed.

Black Partridge, a friendly chief, came to Captain Heald, and said: "Linden birds have been singing in my ears to-day: be careful on the march you are going to take." On that dark night vigilant Indians had crept near the fort and discovered the destruction of their promised booty going on within. The next morning the powder was seen floating on the surface of the river. The savages were exasperated and made loud complaints and threats.

On the following day when preparations were making to leave the fort, and all the inmates were deeply impressed with a sense of impending danger, Capt. Wells, an uncle of Mrs. Heald, was discovered upon the Indian trail among the sand-hills on the borders of the lake, not far distant, with a band of mounted Miamis, of whose tribe he was chief, having been adopted by the famous Miami warrior, Little Turtle. When news of Hull's surrender reached Fort Wayne, he had started with this force to assist Heald in defending Fort Dearborn. He was too late. Every means for its defense had been destroyed the night before, and arrangements were made for leaving the fort on the morning of the 15th.

It was a warm bright morning in the middle of August. Indications were positive that the savages intended to murder the white people; and when they moved out of the southern gate of the fort, the march was like a funeral procession. The band, feeling the solemnity of the occasion, struck up the Dead March in Saul.

Capt. Wells, who had blackened his face with gun-powder in token of his fate, took the lead with his band of Miamis, followed by Capt. Heald, with his wife by his side on horseback. Mr. Kinzie hoped by his personal influence to avert the impending blow, and therefore accompanied them, leaving his family in a boat in charge of a friendly Indian, to be taken to his trading station at the site of Niles, Michigan, in the event of his death.



VIEW OF THE CITY OF CHICAGO

The procession moved slowly along the lake shore till they reached the sand-hills between the prairie and the beach, when the Pottawattamie escort, under the leadership of Blackbird, filed to the right, placing those hills between them and the white people. Wells, with his Miamis, had kept in the advance. They suddenly came rushing back, Wells exclaiming, "They are about to attack us; form instantly." These words were quickly followed by a storm of bullets, which came whistling over the little hills which the treacherous savages had made the covert for their murderous attack. The white troops charged upon the Indians, drove them back to the prairie, and then the battle was waged between fifty-four soldiers, twelve civilians and three or four women (the cowardly Miamis having fled at the outset) against five hundred Indian warriors. The white people, hopeless, resolved to sell their lives as dearly as possible. Ensign Ronan wielded his weapon vigorously, even after falling upon his knees weak from the loss of blood. Capt. Wells, who was by the side of his niece, Mrs. Heald, when the conflict began, behaved with the greatest coolness and courage. He said to her, "We have not the slightest chance for life. We must part to meet no more in this world. God bless you." And then he dashed forward. Seeing a young warrior, painted like a demon, climb into a wagon in which were twelve children, and tomahawk them all, he cried out, unmindful of his personal danger, "If that is your game, butchering women and children, I will kill too." He spurred his horse towards the Indian camp, where they had left their squaws and papooses, hotly pursued by swift-footed young warriors, who sent bullets whistling after him. One of these killed his horse and wounded him severely in the leg. With a yell the young braves rushed to make him their prisoner and reserve him for torture. He resolved not to be made a captive, and by the use of the most provoking epithets tried to induce them to kill him instantly. He called a fiery young chief a *squaw*, when the enraged warrior killed Wells instantly with his tomahawk, jumped upon his body, cut out his heart, and ate a portion of the warm morsel with savage delight!

In this fearful combat women bore a conspicuous part. Mrs. Heald was an excellent equestrian and an expert in the use of the rifle. She fought the savages bravely, receiving several severe wounds. Though faint from the loss of blood, she managed to keep her saddle. A savage raised his tomahawk to kill her, when she looked him full in the face, and with a sweet smile and in a gentle voice said, in his own language, "Surely you will not kill a *squaw*!" The arm of the savage fell, and the life of the heroic woman was saved.

Mrs. Helm, the step-daughter of Mr. Kinzie, had an encounter with a stout Indian, who attempted to tomahawk her. Springing to one side, she received the glancing blow on her shoulder, and at the same instant

seized the savage round the neck with her arms and endeavored to get hold of his scalping knife, which hung in a sheath at his breast. While she was thus struggling she was dragged from her antagonist by another powerful Indian, who bore her, in spite of her struggles, to the margin of the lake and plunged her in. To her astonishment she was held by him so that she would not drown, and she soon perceived that she was in the hands of the friendly Black Partridge, who had saved her life.

The wife of Sergeant Holt, a large and powerful woman, behaved as bravely as an Amazon. She rode a fine, high-spirited horse, which the Indians coveted, and several of them attacked her with the butts of their guns, for the purpose of dismounting her; but she used the sword which she had snatched from her disabled husband so skillfully that she foiled them; and, suddenly wheeling her horse, she dashed over the prairie, followed by the savages shouting, "The brave woman! the brave woman! Don't hurt her!" They finally overtook her, and while she was fighting them in front, a powerful savage came up behind her, seized her by the neck and dragged her to the ground. Horse and woman were made captives. Mrs. Holt was a long time a captive among the Indians, but was afterwards ransomed.

In this sharp conflict two-thirds of the white people were slain and wounded, and all their horses, baggage and provision were lost. Only twenty-eight straggling men now remained to fight five hundred Indians rendered furious by the sight of blood. They succeeded in breaking through the ranks of the murderers and gaining a slight eminence on the prairie near the Oak Woods. The Indians did not pursue, but gathered on their flanks, while the chiefs held a consultation on the sand-hills, and showed signs of willingness to parley. It would have been madness on the part of the whites to renew the fight; and so Capt. Heald went forward and met Blackbird on the open prairie, where terms of surrender were soon agreed upon. It was arranged that the white people should give up their arms to Blackbird, and that the survivors should become prisoners of war, to be exchanged for ransoms as soon as practicable. With this understanding captives and captors started for the Indian camp near the fort, to which Mrs. Helm had been taken bleeding and suffering by Black Partridge, and had met her step-father and learned that her husband was safe.

A new scene of horror was now opened at the Indian camp. The wounded, not being included in the terms of surrender, as it was interpreted by the Indians, and the British general, Proctor, having offered a liberal bounty for American scalps, delivered at Malden, nearly all the wounded men were killed and scalped, and the price of the trophies was afterwards paid by the British government.



THATCHER BLAKE ESQ.
ROCKFORD ILL



SHABBONA.

This celebrated Indian chief, whose portrait appears in this work, deserves more than a passing notice. Although Shabbona was not so conspicuous as Tecumseh or Black Hawk, yet in point of merit he was superior to either of them.

Shabbona was born at an Indian village on the Kankakee River, now in Will County, about the year 1775. While young he was made chief of the band, and went to Shabbona Grove, now DeKalb County, where they were found in the early settlement of the county.

In the war of 1812 Shabbona with his warriors joined Tecumseh, was

aid to that great chief, and stood by his side when he fell at the battle of the Thames. At the time of the Winnebago war, in 1827, he visited almost every village among the Pottawatomies, and by his persuasive arguments prevented them from taking part in the war. By request of the citizens of Chicago, Shabbona, accompanied by Billy Caldwell (Sauganash), visited Big Foot's village at Geneva Lake, in order to pacify the warriors, as fears were entertained that they were about to raise the tomahawk against the whites. Here Shabbona was taken prisoner by Big Foot, and his life threatened, but on the following day was set at liberty. From that time the Indians (through reproach) styled him "the white man's friend," and many times his life was endangered.

Before the Black Hawk war, Shabbona met in council at two different times, and by his influence prevented his people from taking part with the Sacs and Foxes. After the death of Black Partridge and Senachwine, no chief among the Pottawatomies exerted so much influence as Shabbona. Black Hawk, aware of this influence, visited him at two different times, in order to enlist him in his cause, but was unsuccessful. While Black Hawk was a prisoner at Jefferson Barracks, he said, had it not been for Shabbona the whole Pottawatomie nation would have joined his standard, and he could have continued the war for years.

To Shabbona many of the early settlers of Illinois owe the preservation of their lives, for it is a well-known fact, had he not notified the people of their danger, a large portion of them would have fallen victims to the tomahawk of savages. By saving the lives of whites he endangered his own, for the Sacs and Foxes threatened to kill him, and made two attempts to execute their threats. They killed Pypeogee, his son, and Pyps, his nephew, and hunted him down as though he was a wild beast.

Shabbona had a reservation of two sections of land at his Grove, but by leaving it and going west for a short time, the Government declared the reservation forfeited, and sold it the same as other vacant land. On Shabbona's return, and finding his possessions gone, he was very sad and broken down in spirit, and left the Grove for ever. The citizens of Ottawa raised money and bought him a tract of land on the Illinois River, above Seneca, in Grundy County, on which they built a house, and supplied him with means to live on. He lived here until his death, which occurred on the 17th of July, 1859, in the eighty-fourth year of his age, and was buried with great pomp in the cemetery at Morris. His squaw, Pokanoka, was drowned in Mazon Creek, Grundy County, on the 30th of November, 1864, and was buried by his side.

In 1861 subscriptions were taken up in many of the river towns, to erect a monument over the remains of Shabbona, but the war breaking out, the enterprise was abandoned. Only a plain marble slab marks the resting-place of this friend of the white man.

ABSTRACT OF ILLINOIS STATE LAWS.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND PROMISSORY NOTES.

No *promissory note, check, draft, bill of exchange, order, or note, negotiable instrument* payable at sight, or on demand, or on presentment, shall be entitled to *days of grace*. All other bills of exchange, drafts or notes are entitled to *three days of grace*. All the above mentioned paper falling due on *Sunday, New Years' Day, the Fourth of July, Christmas*, or any day appointed or recommended by the *President of the United States* or the *Governor of the State* as a day of *fast or thanksgiving*, shall be deemed as due on the day previous, and should two or more of these days come together, then such instrument shall be treated as due on the day *previous* to the first of said days. No defense can be made against a *negotiable instrument (assigned before due)* in the hands of the assignee without notice, *except fraud was used* in obtaining the same. To hold an *indorser*, due *diligence* must be used *by suit*, in collecting of the maker, unless suit would have been unavailing. Notes payable to *person named* or to order, in order to absolutely *transfer title*, must be indorsed by the *payee*. Notes payable to *bearer* may be *transferred by delivery*, and when so payable *every indorser* thereon is held as a *guarantor of payment* unless otherwise expressed.

In computing interest or discount on negotiable instruments, a *month* shall be considered a *calendar month or twelfth of a year*, and for less than a month, a day shall be figured a *thirtieth* part of a month. Notes *only bear interest* when so expressed, but after due they draw the legal interest, even if not stated.

INTEREST.

The *legal rate* of interest is *six per cent*. Parties may agree in *writing* on a rate not exceeding *ten per cent*. If a rate of interest greater than ten per cent. is contracted for, it works a *forfeiture of the whole of said interest*, and only the principal can be recovered.

DESCENT.

When *no will is made*, the property of a deceased person is distributed as follows:

First. To his or her children and their descendants in equal parts; the descendants of the deceased child or grandchild taking the share of their deceased parents in equal parts among them.

Second. Where there is no child, nor descendant of such child, and no widow or surviving husband, then to the parents, brothers and sisters of the deceased, and their descendants, in equal parts, the surviving parent, if either be dead, taking a double portion; and if there is no parent living, then to the brothers and sisters of the intestate and their descendants.

Third. When there is a widow or surviving husband, and no child or children, or descendants of the same, then one-half of the real estate and the whole of the personal estate shall descend to such widow or surviving husband, absolutely, and the other half of the real estate shall descend as in other cases where there is no child or children or descendants of the same.

Fourth. When there is a widow or surviving husband and also a child or children, or descendants of the latter, then one third of all the personal estate to the widow or surviving husband absolutely.

Fifth. If there is no child, parent, brother or sister, or descendants of either of them, and no widow or surviving husband, then in equal parts to the next of kin to the intestate in equal degree. Collaterals shall not be represented except with the descendants of brothers and sisters of the intestate, and there shall be no distinction between kindred of the whole and the half blood.

Sixth. If any intestate leaves a widow or surviving husband and no kindred, then to such widow or surviving husband; and if there is no such widow or surviving husband, it shall escheat to and vest in the county where the same, or the greater portion thereof, is situated.

WILLS AND ESTATES OF DECEASED PERSONS.

No exact form of words are necessary in order to make a will good at law. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years, and every female of the age of eighteen years, of sound mind and memory, can make a valid will; it must be in writing, signed by the testator or by some one in his or her presence and by his or her direction, and attested by two or more credible witnesses. Care should be taken that the witnesses are not interested in the will. Persons knowing themselves to have been named in the will or appointed executor, must within thirty days of the death of deceased cause the will to be proved and recorded in the proper county, or present it, and refuse to accept; on failure to do so are liable to forfeit the sum of twenty dollars per month. Inventory to be made by executor or administrator within three months from date of letters testamentary or

of administration. Executors' and administrators' *compensation* not to exceed six per cent. on amount of personal estate, and three per cent. on money realized from real estate, with such additional allowance as shall be reasonable for extra services. *Appraisers' compensation* \$2 per day.

Notice requiring all claims to be presented against the estate shall be given by the executor or administrator *within six months* of being qualified. Any person having a claim *and not presenting it* at the time fixed by said notice is required to have summons issued notifying the executor or administrator of his having filed his claim in court; in such cases the costs have to be paid by the claimant. *Claims* should be filed within *two years* from the time *administration* is granted on an estate, as after that time they are *forever barred*, unless *other estate is found* that was not inventoried. *Married women, infants, persons insane, imprisoned* or without the United States, in the employment of the United States, or of this State, have *two years* after their disabilities are removed to file claims.

Claims are classified and paid out of the estate in the following manner:

First. Funeral expenses.

Second. The widow's award, if there is a widow; or *children* if there are children, *and no widow*.

Third. Expenses attending the last illness, not including physician's bill.

Fourth. Debts due the common school or township fund.

Fifth. All expenses of *proving the will* and taking out letters testamentary or administration, and settlement of the estate, and the *physician's bill* in the last illness of deceased.

Sixth. Where the *deceased* has received *money in trust* for any purpose, his executor or administrator shall pay out of his estate the amount received and not accounted for.

Seventh. All other debts and demands of whatsoever kind, without regard to *quality or dignity*, which shall be exhibited to the court within *two years* from the granting of letters.

Award to Widow and Children, exclusive of debts and legacies or bequests, except funeral expenses:

First. The family pictures and wearing apparel, jewels and ornaments of herself and minor children.

Second. School books and the family library of the value of \$100.

Third. One sewing machine.

Fourth. Necessary beds, bedsteads and bedding for herself and family.

Fifth. The stoves and pipe used in the family, with the necessary cooking utensils, or in case they have none, \$50 in money.

Sixth. Household and kitchen furniture to the value of \$100.

Seventh. One milch cow and calf for every four members of her family.

Eighth. Two sheep for each member of her family, and the fleeces taken from the same, and one horse, saddle and bridle.

Ninth. Provisions for herself and family for one year.

Tenth. Food for the stock above specified for six months.

Eleventh. Fuel for herself and family for three months.

Twelfth. One hundred dollars worth of other property suited to her condition in life, to be selected by the widow.

The widow if she elects may have in lieu of the said award, the same personal property or money in place thereof as is or may be exempt from execution or attachment against the head of a family.

TAXES.

The owners of real and personal property, on the *first day of May* in each year, are liable for the taxes thereon.

Assessments should be completed before the *fourth Monday in June*, at which time the town board of review meets to examine assessments, hear objections, and make such changes as ought to be made. The county board have also power to correct or change assessments.

The tax books are placed in the hands of the town collector on or before the tenth day of December, who retains them until the tenth day of March following, when he is required to return them to the county treasurer, who then collects all delinquent taxes.

No costs accrue on real estate taxes till advertised, which takes place the first day of April, when three weeks' notice is required before judgment. Cost of advertising, twenty cents each tract of land, and ten cents each lot.

Judgment is usually obtained at *May term* of County Court. Costs six cents each tract of land, and five cents each lot. Sale takes place in June. Costs in addition to those before mentioned, twenty-eight cents each tract of land, and twenty-seven cents each town lot.

Real estate sold for taxes may be redeemed any time before the expiration of two years from the date of sale, by payment to the County Clerk of the amount for which it was sold and twenty-five per cent. thereon if redeemed within six months, fifty per cent. if between six and twelve months, if between twelve and eighteen months seventy-five per cent., and if between eighteen months and two years one hundred per cent., and in addition, all subsequent taxes paid by the purchaser, with ten per cent. interest thereon, also one dollar each tract if notice is given by the purchaser of the sale, and a fee of twenty-five cents to the clerk for his certificate.

JURISDICTION OF COURTS.

Justices have jurisdiction in all civil cases on contracts for the recovery of moneys for damages for injury to real property, or taking, detaining, or

injuring personal property; for rent; for all cases to recover damages done real or personal property by railroad companies, in actions of replevin, and in actions for damages for fraud in the sale, purchase, or exchange of personal property, when the amount claimed as due is not over \$200. They have also jurisdiction in all cases for violation of the ordinances of cities, towns or villages. A justice of the peace may orally order an officer or a private person to arrest any one committing or attempting to commit a criminal offense. He also upon complaint can issue his warrant for the arrest of any person accused of having committed a crime, and have him brought before him for examination.

COUNTY COURTS

Have jurisdiction in all *matters of probate* (except in counties having a population of one hundred thousand or over), settlement of estates of *deceased persons*, appointment of *guardians and conservators*, and settlement of their accounts; all matters relating to *apprentices*; proceedings for the *collection of taxes and assessments*, and in proceedings of *executors, administrators, guardians and conservators for the sale of real estate*. In *law cases* they have concurrent jurisdiction with Circuit Courts in all cases where justices of the peace now have, or hereafter may have, jurisdiction when the amount claimed shall not exceed \$1,000, and in all criminal offenses where the punishment is *not imprisonment in the penitentiary, or death*, and in all cases of appeals from justices of the peace and police magistrates; *excepting* when the county judge is sitting as a justice of the peace. *Circuit Courts* have unlimited jurisdiction.

LIMITATION OF ACTION.

Accounts five years. Notes and written contracts ten years. Judgments twenty years. Partial payments or new promise in writing, within or after said period, will *revive the debt*. Absence from the State deducted, and when the cause of action is barred by the law of another State, it has the same effect here. *Slander and libel, one year. Personal injuries, two years. To recover land or make entry thereon, twenty years. Action to foreclose mortgage or trust deed, or make a sale, within ten years.*

All persons in *possession of land*, and *paying taxes for seven consecutive years*, with color of title, and all persons paying taxes for seven consecutive years, with color of title, on vacant land, shall be held to be the *legal owners to the extent of their paper title*.

MARRIED WOMEN

May sue and be sued. Husband and wife not liable for each other's debts, either before or after marriage, but both are liable for expenses and education of the family.

She may contract the same as if unmarried, except that in a partnership business she can not, without consent of her husband, *unless he has abandoned or deserted her*, or is idiotic or insane, or confined in penitentiary; she is entitled and can recover her own earnings, but neither husband nor wife is entitled to compensation for any services rendered for the other. At the death of the husband, in addition to widow's award, a married woman has a dower interest (one-third) in all real estate owned by her husband after their marriage, and which has not been released by her, and the husband has the same interest in the real estate of the wife at her death.

EXEMPTIONS FROM FORCED SALE.

Home worth \$1,000, and the following Personal Property: Lot of ground and buildings thereon, occupied as a residence by the debtor, being a householder and having a family, to the value of \$1,000. *Exemption continues after the death* of the householder for the benefit of widow and family, some one of them occupying the homestead until *youngest child shall become twenty-one years of age, and until death of widow*. There is no exemption from sale for taxes, assessments, debt or liability incurred for the *purchase or improvement of said homestead*. No release or waiver of exemption is valid, unless in writing, and subscribed by such householder and wife (if he have one), and acknowledged as conveyances of real estate are required to be acknowledged. The *following articles of personal property* owned by the debtor, are exempt from *execution, writ of attachment, and distress for rent*: The necessary *wearing apparel*, Bibles, school books and family pictures of every person; and, 2d, one hundred dollars worth of other property to be selected by the debtor, and, in addition, when the debtor is the head of a family and resides with the same, three hundred dollars worth of other property to be selected by the debtor; provided that such selection and exemption shall not be made by the debtor or allowed to him or her from any money, salary or wages due him or her from any person or persons or corporations whatever.

When the head of a family shall die, desert or not reside with the same, the family shall be entitled to and receive all the benefit and privileges which are by this act conferred upon the head of a family residing with the same. No personal property is exempt from execution when judgment is obtained for the *wages of laborers or servants*. Wages of a laborer who is the head of a family can not be garnisheed, except the sum due him be in excess of \$25.

DEEDS AND MORTGAGES.

To be valid there must be a valid consideration. Special care should be taken to have them signed, sealed, delivered, and properly acknowledged, with the proper seal attached. *Witnesses* are not required. The *acknowledgement* must be made in this state, before *Master in Chancery, Notary Public, United States Commissioner, Circuit or County Clerk, Justice of Peace, or any Court of Record having a seal, or any Judge, Justice, or Clerk of any such Court.* When taken before a *Notary Public, or United States Commissioner,* the same shall be *attested* by his *official seal,* when taken before a *Court or the Clerk* thereof, the same shall be attested by the *seal* of such *Court,* and when taken before a *Justice of the Peace* residing out of the county where the real estate to be conveyed lies, there shall be added a certificate of the *County Clerk* under his seal of office, *that he was a Justice of the Peace* in the county at the time of taking the same. A deed is good without such certificate attached, but can not be used in evidence unless such a certificate is produced or other competent evidence introduced. Acknowledgements made out of the state must either be executed according to the laws of this state, or there should be attached a certificate that it is in conformity with the laws of the state or country where executed. Where this is not done the same may be proved by any other legal way. Acknowledgments where the *Homestead* rights are to be waived must state as follows: "Including the release and waiver of the right of homestead."

Notaries Public can take acknowledgements any where in the state.

Sheriffs, if authorized by the mortgagor of real or personal property in his mortgage, may sell the property mortgaged.

In the case of the *death of grantor or holder of the equity of redemption* of real estate mortgaged, or conveyed by deed of trust where equity of redemption is waived, and it contains power of sale, must be foreclosed in the same manner as a common mortgage in court.

ESTRAYS.

Horses, mules, asses, neat cattle, swine, sheep, or goats found straying at any time during the year, in counties where such animals are not allowed to run at large, or between the last day of October and the 15th day of April in other counties, *the owner thereof being unknown, may be taken up as estrays.*

No person *not a householder* in the county where estray is found can lawfully take up an estray, and then only *upon or about his farm* or place of residence. *Estrays should not be used before advertised,* except animals giving milk, which may be milked for their benefit.

Notices must be posted up within five (5) days in three (3) of the most public places in the town or precinct in which estray was found, giving the residence of the taker up, and a particular description of the estray, its age, color, and marks natural and artificial, and stating before what justice of the peace in such town or precinct, and at what time, not less than ten (10) nor more than fifteen (15) days from the time of posting such notices, he will apply to have the estray appraised.

A copy of such notice should be filed by the taker up with the *town clerk*, whose duty it is to enter the same at large, *in a book* kept by him for that purpose.

If the *owner* of estray shall not have appeared and *proved ownership*, and taken the same away, first paying the taker up his reasonable charges for taking up, keeping, and advertising the same, the taker up shall appear before the justice of the peace mentioned in above mentioned notice, and make an affidavit as required by law.

As the *affidavit has to be made before the justice*, and all other steps as to appraisement, etc., are before him, who is familiar therewith, they are therefore omitted here.

Any person taking up an estray at any other place than about or upon his farm or residence, or *without complying with the law*, shall forfeit and pay a fine of ten dollars with costs.

Ordinary diligence is required in *taking care of estrays*, but in case they die or get away the taker is not liable for the same.

GAME.

It is *unlawful* for any person to kill, or attempt to kill or destroy, in any manner, any *prairie hen or chicken* or *woodcock* between the 15th day of January and the 1st day of September; or any *deer, fawn, wild-turkey, partridge* or *pheasant* between the 1st day of February and the 1st day of October; or any quail between the 1st day of February and 1st day of November; or any wild goose, duck, snipe, brant or other water fowl between the 1st day of May and 15th day of August in each year. Penalty: Fine not less than \$5 nor more than \$25, for each bird or animal, and costs of suit, and stand committed to county jail until fine is paid, but not exceeding ten days. *It is unlawful* to hunt with *gun, dog* or *net* within the inclosed grounds or lands of another *without permission*. Penalty: Fine not less than \$3 nor more than \$100, to be paid into school fund.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Whenever any of the following articles shall be contracted for, or sold or delivered, and no special contract or agreement shall be made to the contrary, the weight per bushel shall be as follows, to-wit:

	Pounds.		Pounds.
Stone Coal, - - -	80	Buckwheat, - ' - -	52
Unslacked Lime, - - -	80	Coarse Salt, - - -	50
Corn in the ear, - - -	70	Barley, - - -	48
Wheat, - - -	60	Corn Meal, - - -	48
Irish Potatoes, - - -	60	Castor Beans, - - -	46
White Beans, - - -	60	Timothy Seed, - - -	45
Clover Seed, - - -	60	Hemp Seed, - - -	44
Onions, - - -	57	Malt, - - -	38
Shelled Corn, - - -	56	Dried Peaches, - - -	33
Rye, - - -	56	Oats, - - -	32
Flax Seed, - - -	56	Dried Apples, - - -	24
Sweet Potatoes, - - -	55	Bran, - - -	20
Turnips, - - -	55	Blue Grass Seed, - - -	14
Fine Salt, - - -	55	Hair (plastering), - - -	8

Penalty for giving less than the above standard is double the amount of property wrongfully not given, and ten dollars addition thereto.

MILLERS.

The owner or occupant of every public grist mill in this state shall grind all grain brought to his mill in its turn. The *toll* for both *steam* and *water* mills, is, for grinding and bolting *wheat*, *rye*, or *other grain*, one *eighth part*; for grinding *Indian corn*, *oats*, *barley* and *buckwheat* not required to be *bolting*, one *seventh part*; for grinding *malt*, and *chopping* all kinds of grain, one *eighth part*. It is the duty of every miller when his mill is in repair, to *aid* and *assist* in *loading* and *unloading* all grain brought to him to be ground, and he is also required to keep an accurate *half bushel measure*, and an accurate set of *toll dishes* or *scales* for weighing the grain. The *penalty* for neglect or refusal to comply with the law is \$5, to the use of any person to sue for the same, to be recovered before any justice of the peace of the county where penalty is incurred. Millers are accountable for the safe keeping of all grain left in his mill for the purpose of being ground, with bags or casks containing same (except it results from unavoidable accidents), provided that such bags or casks are distinctly marked with the initial letters of the owner's name.

MARKS AND BRANDS.

Owners of cattle, horses, hogs, sheep or goats may have *one ear mark* and one brand, but which shall be *different* from his *neighbor's*, and may be *recorded* by the county clerk of the county in which such property is kept. The *fee* for such record is fifteen cents. The *record* of such shall be *open* to examination free of charge. In cases of *disputes* as to marks or brands, such *record* is *prima facie evidence*. Owners of cattle, horses, hogs, sheep or goats that may have been branded by the *former owner*,

may be re-branded in presence of one or more of his neighbors, who shall certify to the facts of the marking or branding being done, when done, and in what brand or mark they were re-branded or re-marked, which certificate may also be recorded as before stated.

ADOPTION OF CHILDREN.

Children may be adopted by any resident of this state, by filing a petition in the Circuit or County Court of the county in which he resides, asking leave to do so, and if desired may ask that the name of the child be changed. Such petition, if made by a person having a husband or wife, will not be granted, unless the husband or wife joins therein, as the adoption must be by them jointly.

The petition shall state name, sex, and age of the child, and the new name, if it is desired to change the name. Also the name and residence of the parents of the child, if known, and of the guardian, if any, and whether the parents or guardians consent to the adoption.

The court must find, before granting decree, that the *parents of the child*, or the survivors of them, have *deserted his or her family* or such child for one year next preceding the application, or if neither are living, the guardian; if no guardian, the next of kin in this state capable of giving consent, has had notice of the presentation of the petition and consents to such adoption. If the child is of the *age of fourteen years* or upwards, the adoption *can not* be made *without its consent*.

SURVEYORS AND SURVEYS.

There is in every county elected a surveyor known as county surveyor, who has power to appoint deputies, for whose official acts he is responsible. It is the *duty* of the *county surveyor*, either by himself or his deputy, to make *all surveys* that he may be called upon to make within his county as soon as may be after application is made. The necessary chainmen and other assistance must be employed by the person requiring the same to be done, and to be by him paid, unless otherwise agreed; but the chainmen must be disinterested persons and approved by the surveyor and sworn by him to measure justly and impartially.

The County Board in each county is required by law to provide a copy of the United States field notes and plats of their surveys of the lands in the county to be kept in the recorder's office subject to examination by the public, and the county surveyor is required to make his surveys in conformity to said notes, plats and the laws of the United States governing such matters. The surveyor is also required to keep a record of all surveys made by him, which shall be subject to inspection by any one interested, and shall be delivered up to his successor in office. A

certified copy of the said surveyor's record shall be *prima facie* evidence of its contents.

The fees of county surveyors are six dollars per day. The county surveyor is also *ex officio inspector of mines*, and as such, assisted by some practical miner selected by him, shall once each year inspect all the mines in the county, for which they shall each receive such compensation as may be fixed by the County Board, not exceeding \$5 a day, to be paid out of the county treasury.

ROADS AND BRIDGES.

Where practicable from the nature of the ground, persons traveling in any kind of vehicle, *must turn to the right* of the center of the road, so as to permit each carriage to pass without interfering with each other. The *penalty* for a violation of this provision is \$5 for every offense, to be recovered by the *party injured*; but to recover, there must have occurred some injury to person or property resulting from the violation. The *owners* of any carriage traveling upon any road in this State for the conveyance of passengers who shall *employ* or continue in his employment as driver any person who is addicted to *drunkenness*, or the excessive use of spiritous liquors, after he has had notice of the same, *shall forfeit*, at the rate of \$5 per day, and if any *driver* while actually engaged in driving any such carriage, shall be guilty of *intoxication* to such a degree as to *endanger* the safety of *passengers*, it shall be the duty of the owner, on receiving *written notice* of the fact, signed by one of the *passengers*, and *certified* by him *on oath*, forthwith to discharge such driver. If such owner shall have such driver in his *employ within three months* after such notice, he is liable for \$5 per day for the time he shall keep said driver in his employment after receiving such notice.

Persons *driving* any *carriage* on any public highway are prohibited from *running their horses* upon any occasion under a *penalty* of a fine not exceeding \$10, or imprisonment not exceeding sixty days, at the discretion of the court. Horses *attached* to any *carriage* used to convey *passengers* for hire must be *properly hitched* or the lines placed in the hands of some other person before the driver leaves them for any purpose. For violation of this provision each driver shall *forfeit twenty dollars*, to be recovered by action, to be commenced within six months. It is understood by the *term carriage* herein to mean any carriage or vehicle used for the transportation of passengers or goods or either of them.

The commissioners of highways in the different towns have the care and superintendence of highways and bridges therein. They have all the powers necessary to lay out, vacate, regulate and repair all roads, build and repair bridges. In addition to the above, it is their duty to erect and keep in repair at the forks or crossing-place of the most

important roads post and guide boards with plain inscriptions, giving directions and distances to the most noted places to which such road may lead; also to make provisions to prevent thistles, burdock, and cockle burrs, mustard, yellow dock, Indian mallow and jimson weed from seeding, and to extirpate the same as far as practicable, and to prevent all rank growth of vegetation on the public highways so far as the same may obstruct public travel, and it is in their discretion to erect watering places for public use for watering teams at such points as may be deemed advisable.

The Commissioners, on or before the 1st day of May of each year, shall make out and deliver to their treasurer a list of all able-bodied men in their town, *excepting* paupers, idiots, lunatics, and such others as are exempt by law, and assess against each the sum of two dollars as a poll tax for highway purposes. Within thirty days after such list is delivered they shall cause a written or printed notice to be given to each person so assessed, notifying him of the time when and place where such tax must be paid, or its equivalent in labor performed; they may contract with persons owing such poll tax to perform a certain amount of labor on any road or bridge in payment of the same, and if such tax is not paid nor labor performed by the first Monday of July of such year, or within ten days after notice is given after that time, they shall bring suit therefor against such person before a justice of the peace, who shall hear and determine the case according to law for the offense complained of, and shall forthwith issue an execution, directed to any constable of the county where the delinquent shall reside, who shall forthwith collect the moneys therein mentioned.

The Commissioners of Highways of each town shall annually ascertain, as near as practicable, how much money must be raised by tax on real and personal property for the making and repairing of roads, only, to any amount they may deem necessary, not exceeding forty cents on each one hundred dollars' worth, as valued on the assessment roll of the previous year. The tax so levied on property lying within an incorporated village, town or city, shall be paid over to the corporate authorities of such town, village or city. Commissioners shall receive \$1.50 for each day necessarily employed in the discharge of their duty.

Overseers. At the first meeting the Commissioners shall choose one of their number to act General Overseer of Highways in their township, whose duty it shall be to take charge of and safely keep all tools, implements and machinery belonging to said town, and shall, by the direction of the Board, have general supervision of all roads and bridges in their town.

As all township and county officers are familiar with their duties, it is only intended to give the points of the law that the public should be familiar with. The manner of laying out, altering or vacating roads, etc., will not be here stated, as it would require more space than is contemplated in a work of this kind. It is sufficient to state that, the first step is by petition, addressed to the Commissioners, setting out what is prayed for, giving the names of the owners of lands if known, if not known so state, over which the road is to pass, giving the general course, its place of beginning, and where it terminates. It requires not less than twelve *freeholders* residing within three miles of the road who shall sign the petition. Public roads must not be less than fifty feet wide, nor more than sixty feet wide. Roads not exceeding two miles in length, if petitioned for, may be laid out, not less than forty feet. Private roads for private and public use, may be laid out of the width of three rods, on petition of the person directly interested; the damage occasioned thereby shall be paid by the premises benefited thereby, and before the road is opened. If not opened in two years, the order shall be considered rescinded. Commissioners in their discretion may permit persons who live on or have private roads, to work out their road tax thereon. Public roads must be opened in five days from date of filing order of location, or be deemed vacated.

DRAINAGE.

Whenever one or more owners or occupants of land *desire to construct a drain* or ditch across the land of others for *agricultural, sanitary or mining purposes*, the proceedings are as follows:

File a petition in the Circuit or County Court of the county in which the proposed ditch or drain is to be constructed, setting forth the necessity for the same, with a description of its proposed starting point, route and terminus, and if it shall be necessary for the drainage of the land or coal mines or for sanitary purposes, that a drain, ditch, levee or similar work be constructed, a description of the same. It shall also set forth the names of all persons owning the land over which such drain or ditch shall be constructed, or if unknown stating that fact.

No private property shall be taken or damaged for the purpose of constructing a ditch, drain or levee, without compensation, if claimed by the owner, the same to be ascertained by a jury; but if the construction of such ditch, drain or levee shall be a benefit to the owner, the same shall be a set off against such compensation.

If the proceedings seek to affect the property of a minor, lunatic or married woman, the guardian, conservator or husband of the same shall be made party defendant. The petition may be amended and parties made defendants at any time when it is necessary to a fair trial.

When the petition is presented to the judge, he shall note thereon when he will hear the same, and order the issuance of summonses and the publication of notice to each non-resident or unknown defendant.

The petition may be heard by such judge in vacation as well as in term time. Upon the trial, the jury shall ascertain the just compensation to each owner of the property sought to be damaged by the construction of such ditch, drain or levee, and truly report the same.

As it is only contemplated in a work of this kind to give an abstract of the laws, and as the parties who have in charge the execution of the further proceedings are likely to be familiar with the requirements of the statute, the necessary details are not here inserted.

WOLF SCALPS.

The County Board of any county in this State may hereafter allow such bounty on *wolf scalps* as the board may deem reasonable.

Any person claiming a bounty shall produce the scalp or scalps with the ears thereon, within sixty days after the wolf or wolves shall have been caught, to the Clerk of the County Board, who shall administer to said person the following oath or affirmation, to-wit: "You do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be), that the scalp or scalps here produced by you was taken from a wolf or wolves killed and first captured by yourself within the limits of this county, and within the sixty days last past."

CONVEYANCES.

When the reversion expectant on a lease of any tenements or hereditaments of any tenure shall be surrendered or merged, the estate which shall for the time being confer as against the tenant under the same lease the next vested right to the same tenements or hereditaments, shall, to the extent and for the purpose of preserving such incidents to and obligations on the same reversion, as but for the surrender or merger thereof, would have subsisted, be deemed the reversion expectant on the same lease.

PAUPERS.

Every poor person who shall be unable to earn a livelihood in consequence of any *bodily infirmity, idiocy, lunacy* or *unavoidable cause*, shall be supported by the father, grand-father, mother, grand-mother, children, grand-children, brothers or sisters of such poor person, if they or either of them be of sufficient ability; but if any of such dependent class shall have become so from *intemperance* or other *bad conduct*, they shall not be entitled to support from any relation except parent or child.



John P. Murray
ROCKFORD

The children shall first be called on to support their parents, if they are able; but if not, the parents of such poor person shall then be called on, if of sufficient ability; and if there be no parents or children able, then the brothers and sisters of such dependent person shall be called upon; and if there be no brothers or sisters of sufficient ability, the grand-children of such person shall next be called on; and if they are not able, then the grand-parents. Married females, while their husbands live, shall not be liable to contribute for the support of their poor relations except out of their separate property. It is the duty of the state's (county) attorney, to make complaint to the County Court of his county against all the relatives of such paupers in this state liable to his support and prosecute the same. In case the state's attorney neglects, or refuses, to complain in such cases, then it is the duty of the overseer of the poor to do so. The person called upon to contribute shall have at least ten days' notice of such application by summons. The court has the power to determine the kind of support, depending upon the circumstances of the parties, and may also order two or more of the different degrees to maintain such poor person, and prescribe the proportion of each, according to their ability. The court may specify the time for which the relative shall contribute—in fact has control over the entire subject matter, with power to enforce its orders. Every county (except those in which the poor are supported by the towns, and in such cases the towns are liable) is required to relieve and support all poor and indigent persons *lawfully* resident therein. Residence means the *actual* residence of the party, or the place where he was employed; or in case he was in no employment, then it shall be the place where he made his home. When any person becomes chargeable as a pauper in any county or town who did not reside at the commencement of six months immediately preceding his becoming so, but did at that time reside in some other county or town in this state, then the county or town, as the case may be, becomes liable for the expense of taking care of such person until removed, and it is the duty of the overseer to notify the proper authorities of the fact. If any person shall bring and leave any pauper in any county in this state where such pauper had no legal residence, knowing him to be such, he is liable to a fine of \$100. In counties under township organization, the supervisors in each town are ex-officio overseers of the poor. The overseers of the poor act under the directions of the County Board in taking care of the poor and granting of temporary relief; also, providing for non-resident persons not paupers who may be taken sick and not able to pay their way, and in case of death cause such person to be decently buried.

The residence of the inmates of poorhouses and other charitable institutions for voting purposes is their former place of abode.

FENCES.

In counties under township organization, the *town assessor* and commissioner of highways are the fence-viewers in their respective towns. In other counties the County Board appoints three in each precinct annually. *A lawful fence is four and one-half feet high*, in good repair, consisting of rails, timber, boards, stone, hedges, or whatever the fence-viewers of the town or precinct where the same shall lie, shall consider equivalent thereto, but in counties under township organization the annual town meeting may establish any other kind of fence as such, or the County Board in other counties may do the same. Division fences shall be made and maintained in just proportion by the adjoining owners, except when the owner shall choose to let his land lie open, but after a division fence is built by agreement or otherwise, neither party can remove his part of such fence so long as he may crop or use such land for farm purposes, or without giving the other party one year's notice in writing of his intention to remove his portion. When any person shall enclose his land upon the enclosure of another, he shall refund the owner of the adjoining lands a just proportion of the value at that time of such fence. The value of fence and the just proportion to be paid or built and maintained by each is to be ascertained by two fence-viewers in the town or precinct. Such fence-viewers have power to settle all disputes between different owners as to fences built or to be built, as well as to repairs to be made. Each party chooses one of the viewers, but if the other party neglects, after eight days' notice in writing, to make his choice, then the other party may select both. It is sufficient to notify the tenant or party in possession, when the owner is not a resident of the town or precinct. The two fence-viewers chosen, after viewing the premises, shall hear the statements of the parties, in case they can't agree, they shall select another fence-viewer to act with them, and the decision of any two of them is final. The decision must be reduced to writing, and should plainly set out description of fence and all matters settled by them, and must be filed in the office of the town clerk in counties under township organization, and in other counties with the county clerk.

Where any person is liable to contribute to the erection or the repairing of a division fence, neglects or refuses so to do, the party injured, after giving sixty days notice in writing when a fence is to be erected, or ten days when it is only repairs, may proceed to have the work done at the expense of the party whose duty it is to do it, to be recovered from him with costs of suit, and the party so neglecting shall also be liable to the party injured for all damages accruing from such neglect or refusal, to be determined by any two fence-viewers selected as before provided, the appraisement to be reduced to writing and signed.

Where a person shall conclude to remove his part of a division fence, and let his land lie open, and having given the year's notice required, the adjoining owner may cause the value of said fence to be ascertained by fence-viewers as before provided, and on payment or tender of the amount of such valuation to the owner, it shall prevent the removal. A party removing a division fence without notice is liable for the damages accruing thereby.

Where a fence has been built on the land of another through mistake, the owner may enter upon such premises and remove his fence and material within six months after the division line has been ascertained. Where the material to build such a fence has been taken from the land on which it was built, then before it can be removed, the person claiming must first pay for such material to the owner of the land from which it was taken, nor shall such a fence be removed at a time when the removal will throw open or expose the crops of the other party; a reasonable time must be given beyond the six months to remove crops.

The compensation of fence-viewers is one dollar and fifty cents a day each, to be paid in the first instance by the party calling them, but in the end all expenses, including amount charged by the fence-viewers, must be paid equally by the parties, except in cases where a party neglects or refuses to make or maintain a just proportion of a division fence, when the party in default shall pay them.

DAMAGES FROM TRESPASS.

Where stock of any kind breaks into any person's enclosure, the fence being *good* and *sufficient*, the owner is liable for the damage done; but where the damage is done by stock *running at large, contrary to law*, the owner is liable where there is not such a fence. Where stock is found trespassing on the enclosure of another as aforesaid, the owner or occupier of the premises may take possession of such stock and keep the same until damages, with reasonable charges for keeping and feeding and all costs of suit, are paid. Any person taking or rescuing such stock so held without his consent, shall be liable to a fine of not less than three nor more than five dollars for each animal rescued, to be recovered by suit before a justice of the peace for the use of the school fund. Within twenty-four hours after taking such animal into his possession, the person taking it up must give notice of the fact to the owner, if known, or if unknown, notices must be posted in some public place near the premises.

LANDLORD AND TENANT.

The owner of lands, or his legal representatives, can sue for and recover rent therefor, in any of the following cases:

First. When rent is due and in arrears on a lease for life or lives.

Second. When lands are held and occupied by any person without any special agreement for rent.

Third. When possession is obtained under an agreement, written or verbal, for the purchase of the premises and before deed given, the right to possession is terminated by forfeiture on con-compliance with the agreement, and possession is wrongfully refused or neglected to be given upon demand made in writing by the party entitled thereto. Provided that all payments made by the vendee or his representatives or assigns, may be set off against the rent.

Fourth. When land has been sold upon a judgment or a decree of court, when the party to such judgment or decree, or person holding under him, wrongfully refuses, or neglects, to surrender possession of the same, after demand in writing by the person entitled to the possession.

Fifth. When the lands have been sold upon a mortgage or trust deed, and the mortgagor or grantor or person holding under him, wrongfully refuses or neglects to surrender possession of the same, after demand in writing by the person entitled to the possession.

If any tenant, or any person who shall come into possession from or under or by collusion with such tenant, shall willfully hold over any lands, etc., after the expiration the term of their lease, and *after demand made in writing* for the possession thereof, is liable to pay *double rent*. A tenancy from year to year requires sixty days notice in writing, to terminate the same at the end of the year; such notice can be given at any time within four months preceding the last sixty days of the year.

A tenancy by the month, or less than a year, where the tenant holds over without any special agreement, the landlord may terminate the tenancy, by thirty days notice in writing.

When rent is due, the landlord may serve a notice upon the tenant, stating that unless the rent is paid within not less than five days, his lease will be terminated; if the rent is not paid, the landlord may consider the lease ended. When default is made in any of the terms of a lease, it shall not be necessary to give more than ten days notice to quit or of the termination of such tenancy; and the same may be terminated on giving such notice to quit, at any time after such default in any of the terms of such lease; which notice may be substantially in the following form, viz:

To —, You are hereby notified that, in consequence of your default in (here insert the character of the default), of the premises now occupied by you, being etc. (here describe the premises), I have elected to determine your lease, and you are hereby notified to quit and deliver up possession of the same to me within ten days of this date (dated, etc.)

The above to be signed by the lessor or his agent, and no other notice or demand of possession or termination of such tenancy is necessary.

Demand may be made, or notice served, by delivering a written or

printed, or partly either, copy thereof to the tenant, or leaving the same with some person above the age of twelve years residing on or in possession of the premises; and in case no one is in the actual possession of the said premises, then by posting the same on the premises. When the tenancy is for a certain time, and the term expires by the terms of the lease, the tenant is then bound to surrender possession, and no notice to quit or demand of possession is necessary.

Distress for rent.—In all cases of distress for rent, the landlord, by himself, his agent or attorney, may seize for rent any personal property of his tenant that may be found in the county where the tenant resides; the property of any other person, even if found on the premises, is not liable.

An inventory of the property levied upon, with a statement of the amount of rent claimed, should be at once filed with some justice of the peace, if not over \$200; and if above that sum, with the clerk of a court of record of competent jurisdiction. Property may be released, by the party executing a satisfactory bond for double the amount.

The landlord may distrain for rent, any time within *six months* after the expiration of the term of the lease, or when terminated.

In all cases where the premises rented shall be sub-let, or the lease assigned, the landlord shall have the same right to enforce lien against such lessee or assignee, that he has against the tenant to whom the premises were rented.

When a tenant abandons or removes from the premises or any part thereof, the landlord, or his agent or attorney, may seize upon any grain or other crops grown or growing upon the premises, or part thereof so abandoned, whether the rent is due or not. If such grain, or other crops, or any part thereof, is not fully grown or matured, the landlord, or his agent or attorney, shall cause the same to be properly cultivated, harvested or gathered, and may sell the same, and from the proceeds pay all his labor, expenses and rent. The tenant may, before the sale of such property, redeem the same by tendering the rent and reasonable compensation for work done, or he may replevy the same.

Exemption.—The same articles of personal property which are by law exempt from execution, except the crops as above stated, is also exempt from distress for rent.

If any tenant is about to or shall permit or attempt to sell and remove from the premises, without the consent of his landlord, such portion of the crops raised thereon as will endanger the lien of the landlord upon such crops, for the rent, it shall be lawful for the landlord to distress before rent is due.

LIENS.

Any person who shall by *contract*, express or implied, or partly both, with the owner of any lot or tract of land, furnish labor or material, or services as an architect or superintendent, in building, altering, repairing or ornamenting any house or other building or appurtenance thereto on such lot, or upon any street or alley, and connected with such improvements, shall have a lien upon the whole of such lot or tract of land, and upon such house or building and appurtenances, for the amount due to him for such labor, material or services. If the contract is *expressed*, and the time for the *completion* of the work is *beyond three years* from the commencement thereof; or, if the time of payment is beyond one year from the time stipulated for the completion of the work, then no lien exists. If the contract is *implied*, then no lien exists, unless the work be done or material is furnished within one year from the commencement of the work or delivery of the materials. As between different creditors having liens, no preference is given to the one whose contract was first made; but each shares pro-rata. Incumbrances existing on the lot or tract of the land at the time the contract is made, do not operate on the improvements, and are only preferred to the extent of the value of the land at the *time of making the contract*. The above lien can not be enforced *unless suit is commenced* within *six months* after the last payment for labor or materials shall have become due and payable. Sub-contractors, mechanics, workmen and other persons furnishing any material, or performing any labor for a contractor as before specified, have a lien to the extent of the amount due the contractor at the time the following notice is served upon the owner of the land who made the contract:

To —, You are hereby notified, that I have been employed by—— (here state whether to labor or furnish material, and substantially the nature of the demand) upon your (here state in general terms description and situation of building), and that I shall hold the (building, or as the case may be), and your interest in the ground, liable for the amount that may (is or may become) due me on account thereof. Signature, ——
Date, ——

If there is a contract in writing between contractor and sub-contractor, a copy of it should be served with above notice, and said notice must be served within forty days from the completion of such sub-contract, if there is one; if not, then from the time payment should have been made to the person performing the labor or furnishing the material. If the owner is not a resident of the county, or can not be found therein, then the above notice must be filed with the clerk of the Circuit Court, with his fee, fifty cents, and a copy of said notice must be published in a newspaper published in the county, for four successive weeks.

When the owner or agent is notified as above, he can retain any money due the contractor sufficient to pay such claim ; if more than one claim, and not enough to pay all, they are to be paid pro rata.

The owner has the right to demand in writing, a statement of the contractor, of what he owes for labor, etc., from time to time as the work progresses, and on his failure to comply, forfeits to the owner \$50 for every offense.

The liens referred to cover any and all estates, whether in fee for life, for years, or any other interest which the owner may have.

To enforce the lien of *sub-contractors*, suit must be commenced within *three months* from the time of the performance of the sub-contract, or during the work or furnishing materials.

Hotel, inn and boarding-house keepers, have a lien upon the baggage and other valuables of their guests or boarders, brought into such hotel, inn or boarding-house, by their guests or boarders, for the proper charges due from such guests or boarders for their accommodation, board and lodgings, and such *extras* as are furnished at their request.

Stable-keepers and other persons have a lien upon the horses, carriages and harness kept by them, for the proper charges due for the keeping thereof and expenses bestowed thereon at the request of the owner or the person having the possession of the same.

Agisters (persons who take care of cattle belonging to others), and persons keeping, yarding, feeding or pasturing domestic animals, shall have a lien upon the animals agistered, kept, yarded or fed, for the proper charges due for such service.

All persons who may furnish any railroad corporation in this state with fuel, ties, material, supplies or any other article or thing necessary for the construction, maintenance, operation or repair of its road by contract, or may perform work or labor on the same, is entitled to be paid as part of the current expenses of the road, and have a lien upon all its property. Sub-contractors or laborers have also a lien. The conditions and limitations both as to contractors and sub-contractors, are about the same as herein stated as to general liens.

DEFINITION OF COMMERCIAL TERMS.

\$—— means *dollars*, being a contraction of U. S., which was formerly placed before any denomination of money, and meant, as it means now, United States Currency.

£—— means *pounds*, English money.

@ stands for *at* or *to*. lb for *pound*, and bbl. for *barrel*; ¢ for *per* or *by the*. Thus, Butter sells at 20@30c ¢ lb, and Flour at \$8@12 ¢ bbl.

% for *per cent* and # for *number*.

May 1.—Wheat sells at \$1.20@1.25, “seller June.” *Seller June*

means that the person who sells the wheat has the privilege of delivering it at any time during the month of June.

Selling *short*, is contracting to deliver a certain amount of grain or stock, at a fixed price, within a certain length of time, when the seller has not the stock on hand. It is for the interest of the person selling "short," to depress the market as much as possible, in order that he may buy and fill his contract at a profit. Hence the "shorts" are termed "bears."

Buying *long*, is to contract to purchase a certain amount of grain or shares of stock at a fixed price, deliverable within a stipulated time, expecting to make a profit by the rise of prices. The "longs" are termed "bulls," as it is for their interest to "operate" so as to "toss" the prices upward as much as possible.

NOTES.

Form of note is legal, worded in the simplest way, so that the amount and time of payment are mentioned.

\$100. Chicago, Ill., Sept. 15, 1876.
Sixty days from date I promise to pay to E. F. Brown,
or order, One Hundred dollars, for value received.
L. D. LOWRY.

A note to be payable in any thing else than money needs only the facts substituted for money in the above form.

ORDERS.

Orders should be worded simply, thus:
Mr. F. H. COATS: Chicago, Sept. 15, 1876.
Please pay to H. Birdsall, Twenty-five dollars, and charge to
F. D. SILVA.

RECEIPTS.

Receipts should always state when received and what for, thus:
\$100. Chicago, Sept. 15, 1876.
Received of J. W. Davis, One Hundred dollars, for services
rendered in grading his lot in Fort Madison, on account.
THOMAS BRADY.

If receipt is in full it should be so stated.

BILLS OF PURCHASE.

W. N. MASON, Salem, Illinois, Sept. 15, 1876.
Bought of A. A. GRAHAM.
4 Bushels of Seed Wheat, at \$1.50 - - - - \$6.00
2 Seamless Sacks " .30 - - - - .60
Received payment, \$6.60
A. A. GRAHAM.

ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT.

An agreement is where one party promises to another to do a certain thing in a certain time for a stipulated sum. Good business men always reduce an agreement to writing, which nearly always saves misunderstandings and trouble. No particular form is necessary, but the facts must be clearly and explicitly stated, and there must, to make it valid, be a reasonable consideration.

GENERAL FORM OF AGREEMENT.

THIS AGREEMENT, made the Second day of October, 1876, between John Jones, of Aurora, County of Kane, State of Illinois, of the first part, and Thomas Whiteside, of the same place, of the second part —

WITNESSETH, that the said John Jones, in consideration of the agreement of the party of the second part, hereinafter contained, contracts and agrees to and with the said Thomas Whiteside, that he will deliver, in good and marketable condition, at the Village of Batavia, Ill., during the month of November, of this year, One Hundred Tons of Prairie Hay, in the following lots, and at the following specified times; namely, twenty-five tons by the seventh of November, twenty-five tons additional by the fourteenth of the month, twenty-five tons more by the twenty-first, and the entire one hundred tons to be all delivered by the thirtieth of November.

And the said Thomas Whiteside, in consideration of the prompt fulfillment of this contract, on the part of the party of the first part, contracts to and agrees with the said John Jones, to pay for said hay five dollars per ton, for each ton as soon as delivered.

In case of failure of agreement by either of the parties hereto, it is hereby stipulated and agreed that the party so failing shall pay to the other, One Hundred Dollars, as fixed and settled damages.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands the day and year first above written.

JOHN JONES,

THOMAS WHITESIDE.

AGREEMENT WITH CLERK FOR SERVICES.

THIS AGREEMENT, made the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, between Reuben Stone, of Chicago, County of Cook, State of Illinois, party of the first part, and George Barclay, of Englewood, County of Cook, State of Illinois, party of the second part —

WITNESSETH, that said George Barclay agrees faithfully and diligently to work as clerk and salesman for the said Reuben Stone, for and during the space of one year from the date hereof, should both live such length of time, without absenting himself from his occupation;

during which time he, the said Barclay, in the store of said Stone, of Chicago, will carefully and honestly attend, doing and performing all duties as clerk and salesman aforesaid, in accordance and in all respects as directed and desired by the said Stone.

In consideration of which services, so to be rendered by the said Barclay, the said Stone agrees to pay to said Barclay the annual sum of one thousand dollars, payable in twelve equal monthly payments, each upon the last day of each month; provided that all dues for days of absence from business by said Barclay, shall be deducted from the sum otherwise by the agreement due and payable by the said Stone to the said Barclay.

Witness our hands.

REUBEN STONE.

GEORGE BARCLAY.

BILLS OF SALE.

A bill of sale is a written agreement to another party, for a consideration to convey his right and interest in the personal property. The purchaser must take actual possession of the property. Juries have power to determine upon the fairness or unfairness of a bill of sale.

COMMON FORM OF BILL OF SALE.

KNOW ALL MEN by this instrument, that I, Louis Clay, of Princeton, Illinois, of the first part, for and in consideration of Five Hundred and Ten dollars, to me paid by John Floyd, of the same place, of the second part, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, have sold, and by this instrument do convey unto the said Floyd, party of the second part, his executors, administrators, and assigns, my undivided half of ten acres of corn, now growing on the farm of Thomas Tyrrell, in the town above mentioned; one pair of horses, sixteen sheep, and five cows, belonging to me, and in my possession at the farm aforesaid; to have and to hold the same unto the party of the second part, his executors and assigns, forever. And I do, for myself and legal representatives, agree with the said party of the second part, and his legal representatives, to warrant and defend the sale of the afore-mentioned property and chattels unto the said party of the second part, and his legal representatives, against all and every person whatsoever.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto affixed my hand, this tenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six.

LOUIS CLAY.

BONDS.

A bond is a written admission on the part of the maker in which he pledges a certain sum to another, at a certain time.

ABSTRACT OF ILLINOIS STATE LAWS.

COMMON FORM OF BOND.

KNOW ALL MEN by this instrument, that I, George Edgerton, of Watseka, Iroquois County, State of Illinois, am firmly bound unto Peter Kirchoff, of the place aforesaid, in the sum of five hundred dollars, to be paid to the said Peter Kirchoff, or his legal representatives; to which payment, to be made, I bind myself, or my legal representatives, by this instrument.

Sealed with my seal, and dated this second day of November, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

The condition of this bond is such that if I, George Edgerton, my heirs, administrators, or executors, shall promptly pay the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars in three equal annual payments from the date hereof, with annual interest, then the above obligation to be of no effect; otherwise to be in full force and valid.

Sealed and delivered in

presence of

WILLIAM TURNER.

GEORGE EDGERTON. [L.S.]

CHATTEL MORTGAGES.

A chattel mortgage is a mortgage on personal property for payment of a certain sum of money, to hold the property against debts of other creditors. The mortgage must describe the property, and must be acknowledged before a justice of the peace in the township or precinct where the mortgagee resides, and entered upon his docket, and must be recorded in the recorder's office of the county.

GENERAL FORM OF CHATTEL MORTGAGE.

THIS INDENTURE, made and entered into this first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, between Theodore Lottinville, of the town of Geneseo in the County of Henry, and State of Illinois, party of the first part, and Paul Henshaw, of the same town, county, and State, party of the second part.

Witnesseth, that the said party of the first part, for and in consideration of the sum of one thousand dollars, in hand paid, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, does hereby grant, sell, convey, and confirm unto the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns forever, all and singular the following described goods and chattels, to wit:

Two three-year old roan-colored horses, one Burdett organ, No. 987, one Brussels carpet, 15x20 feet in size, one marble-top center table, one Home Comfort cooking stove, No. 8, one black walnut bureau with mirror attached, one set of parlor chairs (six in number), upholstered in green rep, with lounge corresponding with same in style and color of upholstery, now in possession of said Lottinville, at No. 4 Prairie Ave., Geneseo, Ill.;

Together with all and singular, the appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in any wise appertaining; to have and to hold the above described goods and chattels, unto the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, forever.

Provided, always, and these presents are upon this express condition, that if the said Theodore Lottinville, his heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, shall, on or before the first day of January, A.D., one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, pay, or cause to be paid, to the said Paul Ranslow, or his lawful attorney or attorneys, heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, the sum of One Thousand dollars, together with the interest that may accrue thereon, at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, from the first day of January, A.D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, until paid, according to the tenor of one promissory note bearing even date herewith for the payment of said sum of money, that then and from thenceforth, these presents, and everything herein contained, shall cease, and be null and void, anything herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided, also, that the said Theodore Lottinville may retain the possession of and have the use of said goods and chattels until the day of payment aforesaid; and also, at his own expense, shall keep said goods and chattels; and also at the expiration of said time of payment, if said sum of money, together with the interest as aforesaid, shall not be paid, shall deliver up said goods and chattels, in good condition, to said Paul Ranslow, or his heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns.

And provided, also, that if default in payment as aforesaid, by said party of the first part, shall be made, or if said party of the second part shall at any time before said promissory note becomes due, feel himself unsafe or insecure, that then the said party of the second part, or his attorney, agent, assigns, or heirs, executors, or administrators, shall have the right to take possession of said goods and chattels, wherever they may or can be found, and sell the same at public or private sale, to the highest bidder for cash in hand, after giving ten days' notice of the time and place of said sale, together with a description of the goods and chattels to be sold, by at least four advertisements, posted up in public places in the vicinity where said sale is to take place, and proceed to make the sum of money and interest promised as aforesaid, together with all reasonable costs, charges, and expenses in so doing; and if there shall be any overplus, shall pay the same without delay to the said party of the first part, or his legal representatives.

In testimony whereof, the said party of the first part has hereunto set his hand and affixed his seal, the day and year first above written.

Signed, sealed and delivered in

presence of
SAMUEL J. TILDEN.

THEODORE LOTTINVILLE. [L.S.]

LEASE OF FARM AND BUILDINGS THEREON.

THIS INDENTURE, made this second day of June, 1875, between David Patton of the Town of Bisbee, State of Illinois, of the first part, and John Doyle of the same place, of the second part,

Witnesseth, that the said David Patton, for and in consideration of the covenants hereinafter mentioned and reserved, on the part of the said John Doyle, his executors, administrators, and assigns, to be paid, kept, and performed, hath let, and by these presents doth grant, demise, and let, unto the said John Doyle, his executors, administrators, and assigns, all that parcel of land situate in Bisbee aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

[Here describe the land.]

Together with all the appurtenances appertaining thereto. To have and to hold the said premises, with appurtenances thereto belonging, unto the said Doyle, his executors, administrators, and assigns, for the term of five years, from the first day of October next following, at a yearly rent of Six Hundred dollars, to be paid in equal payments, semi-annually, as long as said buildings are in good tenantable condition.

And the said Doyle, by these presents, covenants and agrees to pay all taxes and assessments, and keep in repair all hedges, ditches, rail, and other fences; (the said David Patton, his heirs, assigns and administrators, to furnish all timber, brick, tile, and other materials necessary for such repairs.)

Said Doyle further covenants and agrees to apply to said land, in a farmer-like manner, all manure and compost accumulating upon said farm, and cultivate all the arable land in a husbandlike manner, according to the usual custom among farmers in the neighborhood; he also agrees to trim the hedges at a seasonable time, preventing injury from cattle to such hedges, and to all fruit and other trees on the said premises. That he will seed down with clover and timothy seed twenty acres yearly of arable land, ploughing the same number of acres each Spring of land now in grass, and hitherto unbroken.

It is further agreed, that if the said Doyle shall fail to perform the whole or any one of the above mentioned covenants, then and in that case the said David Patton may declare this lease terminated, by giving three months' notice of the same, prior to the first of October of any year, and may distrain any part of the stock, goods, or chattels, or other property in possession of said Doyle, for sufficient to compensate for the non-performance of the above written covenants, the same to be determined, and amounts so to be paid to be determined, by three arbitrators, chosen as follows: Each of the parties to this instrument to choose one,

and the two so chosen to select a third ; the decision of said arbitrators to be final.

In witness whereof, we have hereto set our hands and seals.

Signed, sealed, and delivered

in presence of
JAMES WALDRON.

DAVID PATTON. [L.S.]

JOHN DOYLE. [L.S.]

FORM OF LEASE OF A HOUSE.

THIS INSTRUMENT, made the first day of October, 1875, witnesseth that Amos Griest of Yorkville, County of Kendall, State of Illinois, hath rented from Aaron Young of Logansport aforesaid, the dwelling and lot No. 13 Ohio Street, situated in said City of Yorkville, for five years from the above date, at the yearly rental of Three Hundred dollars, payable monthly, on the first day of each month, in advance, at the residence of said Aaron Young.

At the expiration of said above mentioned term, the said Griest agrees to give the said Young peaceable possession of the said dwelling, in as good condition as when taken, ordinary wear and casualties excepted.

In witness whereof, we place our hands and seals the day and year aforesaid.

Signed, sealed and delivered

in presence of

NICKOLAS SCHUTZ,
Notary Public.

AMOS GRIEST. [L.S.]

AARON YOUNG. [L.S.]

LANDLORD'S AGREEMENT.

THIS certifies that I have let and rented, this first day of January, 1876, unto Jacob Schmidt, my house and lot, No. 15 Erie Street, in the City of Chicago, State of Illinois, and its appurtenances ; he to have the free and uninterrupted occupation thereof for one year from this date, at the yearly rental of Two Hundred dollars, to be paid monthly in advance ; rent to cease if destroyed by fire, or otherwise made untenable.

PETER FUNK.

TENANT'S AGREEMENT.

THIS certifies that I have hired and taken from Peter Funk, his house and lot, No. 15 Erie Street, in the City of Chicago, State of Illinois, with appurtenances thereto belonging, for one year, to commence this day, at a yearly rental of Two Hundred dollars, to be paid monthly in advance ; unless said house becomes untenable from fire or other causes, in which case rent ceases ; and I further agree to give and yield said premises one year from this first day of January 1876, in as good condition as now, ordinary wear and damage by the elements excepted.

Given under my hand this day.

JACOB SCHMIDT.

NOTICE TO QUIT.

To F. W. ARLEN,

Sir: Please observe that the term of one year, for which the house and land, situated at No. 6 Indiana Street, and now occupied by you, were rented to you, expired on the first day of October, 1875, and as I desire to repossess said premises, you are hereby requested and required to vacate the same.

Respectfully Yours,

P. T. BARNUM.

LINCOLN, NEB., October 4, 1875.

TENANT'S NOTICE OF LEAVING.

DEAR SIR:

The premises I now occupy as your tenant, at No. 6 Indiana Street, I shall vacate on the first day of November, 1875. You will please take notice accordingly.

Dated this tenth day of October, 1875.

F. W. ARLEN.

To P. T. BARNUM, Esq.

REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE TO SECURE PAYMENT OF MONEY.

THIS INDENTURE, made this sixteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, between William Stocker, of Peoria, County of Peoria, and State of Illinois, and Olla, his wife, party of the first part, and Edward Singer, party of the second part.

Whereas, the said party of the first part is justly indebted to the said party of the second part, in the sum of Two Thousand dollars, secured to be paid by two certain promissory notes (bearing even date herewith) the one due and payable at the Second National Bank in Peoria, Illinois, with interest, on the sixteenth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three; the other due and payable at the Second National Bank at Peoria, Ill., with interest, on the sixteenth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

Now, therefore, this indenture witnesseth, that the said party of the first part, for the better securing the payment of the money aforesaid, with interest thereon, according to the tenor and effect of the said two promissory notes above mentioned; and, also in consideration of the further sum of one dollar to them in hand paid by the said party of the second part, at the delivery of these presents, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, have granted, bargained, sold, and conveyed, and by these presents do grant, bargain, sell, and convey, unto the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, forever, all that certain parcel of land, situate, etc.

[*Describing the premises.*]

To have and to hold the same, together with all and singular the Tenements, Hereditaments, Privileges and Appurtenances thereunto

ABSTRACT OF ILLINOIS STATE LAWS.

belonging or in any wise appertaining. And also, all the estate, interest, and claim whatsoever, in law as well as in equity which the party of the first part have in and to the premises hereby conveyed unto the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, and to their only proper use, benefit and behoof. And the said William Stocker, and Olla, his wife, party of the first part, hereby expressly waive, relinquish, release, and convey unto the said party of the second part, his heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, all right, title, claim, interest, and benefit whatever, in and to the above described premises, and each and every part thereof, which is given by or results from all laws of this state pertaining to the exemption of homesteads.

Provided always, and these presents are upon this express condition, that if the said party of the first part, their heirs, executors, or administrators, shall well and truly pay, or cause to be paid, to the said party of the second part, his heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, the aforesaid sums of money, with such interest thereon, at the time and in the manner specified in the above mentioned promissory notes, according to the true intent and meaning thereof, then in that case, these presents and every thing herein expressed, shall be absolutely null and void.

In witness whereof, the said party of the first part hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of

JAMES WHITEHEAD,
FRED. SAMUELS.

WILLIAM STOCKER. [L.S.]
OLLA STOCKER. [L.S.]

WARRANTY DEED WITH COVENANTS.

THIS INDENTURE, made this sixth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, between Henry Best of Lawrence, County of Lawrence, State of Illinois, and Belle, his wife, of the first part, and Charles Pearson of the same place, of the second part.

Witnesseth, that the said party of the first part, for and in consideration of the sum of Six Thousand dollars in hand paid by the said party of the second part, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, have granted, bargained, and sold, and by these presents do grant, bargain, and sell, unto the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, all the following described lot, piece, or parcel of land, situated in the City of Lawrence, in the County of Lawrence, and State of Illinois, to wit:

[Here describe the property.]

Together with all and singular the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues, and profits thereof; and all the estate, right, title, interest, claim, and demand whatsoever, of the said party of the first part, either in law or equity, of, in, and to the



Herbert R. Enoch,
EDITOR JOURNAL, ROCKFORD



above bargained premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances. To have and to hold the said premises above bargained and described, with the appurtenances, unto the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, forever. And the said Henry Best, and Belle, his wife, parties of the first part, hereby expressly waive, release, and relinquish unto the said party of the second part, his heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, all right, title, claim, interest, and benefit whatever, in and to the above described premises, and each and every part thereof, which is given by or results from all laws of this state pertaining to the exemption of homesteads.

And the said Henry Best, and Belle, his wife, party of the first part, for themselves and their heirs, executors, and administrators, do covenant, grant, bargain, and agree, to and with the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, that at the time of the ensealing and delivery of these presents they were well seized of the premises above conveyed, as of a good, sure, perfect, absolute, and indefeasible estate of inheritance in law, and in fee simple, and have good right, full power, and lawful authority to grant, bargain, sell, and convey the same, in manner and form aforesaid, and that the same are free and clear from all former and other grants, bargains, sales, liens, taxes, assessments, and encumbrances of what kind or nature soever; and the above bargained premises in the quiet and peaceable possession of the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, against all and every person or persons lawfully claiming or to claim the whole or any part thereof, the said party of the first part shall and will warrant and forever defend.

In testimony whereof, the said parties of the first part have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Signed, sealed and delivered

in presence of
JERRY LINKLATER.

HENRY BEST, [L.S.]
BELLE BEST. [L.S.]

QUIT-CLAIM DEED.

THIS INDENTURE, made the eighth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, between David Tour, of Plano, County of Kendall, State of Illinois, party of the first part, and Larry O'Brien, of the same place, party of the second part,

Witnesseth, that the said party of the first part, for and in consideration of Nine Hundred dollars in hand paid by the said party of the second part, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, and the said party of the second part forever released and discharged therefrom, has remised, released, sold, conveyed, and quit-claimed, and by these presents. does remise, release, sell, convey, and quit-claim, unto the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, forever, all the right, title, interest,

claim, and demand, which the said party of the first part has in and to the following described lot, piece, or parcel of land, to wit:

[Here describe the land.]

To have and to hold the same, together with all and singular the appurtenances and privileges thereunto belonging, or in any wise thereunto appertaining, and all the estate, right, title, interest, and claim whatever, of the said party of the first part, either in law or equity, to the only proper use, benefit, and behoof of the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns forever.

In witness whereof the said party of the first part hereunto set his hand and seal the day and year above written.

Signed, sealed and delivered

DAVID TOUR. [L.S.]

in presence of

THOMAS ASHLEY.

The above forms of Deeds and Mortgage are such as have heretofore been generally used, but the following are much shorter, and are made equally valid by the laws of this state.

WARRANTY DEED.

The grantor (here insert name or names and place of residence), for and in consideration of (here insert consideration) in hand paid, conveys and warrants to (here insert the grantee's name or names) the following described real estate (here insert description), situated in the County of — in the State of Illinois.

Dated this — day of — A. D. 18—.

QUIT CLAIM DEED.

The grantor (here insert grantor's name or names and place of residence), for the consideration of (here insert consideration) convey and quit-claim to (here insert grantee's name or names) all interest in the following described real estate (here insert description), situated in the County of — in the State of Illinois.

Dated this — day of — A. D. 18—.

MORTGAGE.

The mortgagor (here insert name or names) mortgages and warrants to (here insert name or names of mortgagee or mortgagees), to secure the payment of (here recite the nature and amount of indebtedness, showing when due and the rate of interest, and whether secured by note or otherwise), the following described real estate (here insert description thereof), situated in the County of — in the State of Illinois.

Dated this — day of — A. D. 18—.

RELEASE.

KNOW ALL MEN by these presents, that I, Peter Ahlund, of Chicago, of the County of Cook, and State of Illinois, for and in consideration of One dollar, to me in hand paid, and for other good and valuable considera-

tions, the receipt whereof is hereby confessed, do hereby grant, bargain, remise, convey, release, and quit-claim unto Joseph Carlin of Chicago, of the County of Cook, and State of Illinois, all the right, title, interest, claim, or demand whatsoever, I may have acquired in, through, or by a certain Indenture or Mortgage Deed, bearing date the second day of January, A. D. 1871, and recorded in the Recorder's office of said county, in book A of Deeds, page 46, to the premises therein described, and which said Deed was made to secure one certain promissory note, bearing even date with said deed, for the sum of Three Hundred dollars.

Witness my hand and seal, this second day of November, A. D. 1874.

PETER AHLUND. [L.S.]

State of Illinois,
Cook County.

} ss.

I, George Saxton, a Notary Public in and for said county, in the state aforesaid, do hereby certify that Peter Ahlund, personally known to me as the same person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing Release, appeared before me this day in person, and acknowledged that he signed, sealed, and delivered the said instrument of writing as his free and voluntary act, for the uses and purposes therein set forth.

[NOTARIAL
SEAL]

Given under my hand and seal, this second day of November, A. D. 1874.

GEORGE SAXTON, N. P.

GENERAL FORM OF WILL FOR REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

I, Charles Mansfield, of the Town of Salem, County of Jackson, State of Illinois, being aware of the uncertainty of life, and in failing health, but of sound mind and memory, do make and declare this to be my last will and testament, in manner following, to wit:

First. I give, devise and bequeath unto my oldest son, Sidney H. Mansfield, the sum of Two Thousand Dollars, of bank stock, now in the Third National Bank of Cincinnati, Ohio, and the farm owned by myself in the Town of Buskirk, consisting of one hundred and sixty acres, with all the houses, tenements, and improvements thereunto belonging; to have and to hold unto my said son, his heirs and assigns, forever.

Second. I give, devise and bequeath to each of my daughters, Anna Louise Mansfield and Ida Clara Mansfield, each Two Thousand dollars in bank stock, in the Third National Bank of Cincinnati, Ohio, and also each one quarter section of land, owned by myself, situated in the Town of Lake, Illinois, and recorded in my name in the Recorder's office in the county where such land is located. The north one hundred and sixty acres of said half section is devised to my eldest daughter, Anna Louise.

Third. I give, devise and bequeath to my son, Frank Alfred Mansfield, Five shares of Railroad stock in the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and my one hundred and sixty acres of land and saw mill thereon, situated in Manistee, Michigan, with all the improvements and appurtenances thereunto belonging, which said real estate is recorded in my name in the county where situated.

Fourth. I give to my wife, Victoria Elizabeth Mansfield, all my household furniture, goods, chattels, and personal property, about my home, not hitherto disposed of, including Eight Thousand dollars of bank stock in the Third National Bank of Cincinnati, Ohio, Fifteen shares in the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and the free and unrestricted use, possession, and benefit of the home farm, so long as she may live, in lieu of dower, to which she is entitled by law; said farm being my present place of residence.

Fifth. I bequeath to my invalid father, Elijah H. Mansfield, the income from rents of my store building at 145 Jackson Street, Chicago, Illinois, during the term of his natural life. Said building and land therewith to revert to my said sons and daughters in equal proportion, upon the demise of my said father.

Sixth. It is also my will and desire that, at the death of my wife, Victoria Elizabeth Mansfield, or at any time when she may arrange to relinquish her life interest in the above mentioned homestead, the same may revert to my above named children, or to the lawful heirs of each.

And lastly. I nominate and appoint as executors of this my last will and testament, my wife, Victoria Elizabeth Mansfield, and my eldest son, Sidney H. Mansfield.

I further direct that my debts and necessary funeral expenses shall be paid from moneys now on deposit in the Savings Bank of Salem, the residue of such moneys to revert to my wife, Victoria Elizabeth Mansfield, for her use forever.

In witness whereof, I, Charles Mansfield, to this my last will and testament, have hereunto set my hand and seal, this fourth day of April, eighteen hundred and seventy-two.

Signed, sealed, and declared by Charles Mansfield, as and for his last will and testament, in the presence of us, who, at his request, and in his presence, and in the presence of each other, have subscribed our names hereunto as witnesses thereof.

PETER A. SCHENCK, Sycamore, Ills.

FRANK E. DENT, Salem, Ills.

CHARLES MANSFIELD. [L.S.]

CODICIL.

Whereas I, Charles Mansfield, did, on the fourth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, make my last will and testament, I do now, by this writing, add this codicil to my said will, to be taken as a part thereof.

Whereas, by the dispensation of Providence, my daughter, Anna Louise, has deceased November fifth, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, and whereas, a son has been born to me, which son is now christened Richard Albert Mansfield, I give and bequeath unto him my gold watch, and all right, interest, and title in lands and bank stock and chattels bequeathed to my deceased daughter, Anna Louise, in the body of this will.

In witness whereof, I hereunto place my hand and seal, this tenth day of March, eighteen hundred and seventy-five.

Signed, sealed, published, and declared to us by the testator, Charles Mansfield, as and for a codicil to be annexed to his last will and testament. And we, at his request, and in his presence, and in the presence of each other, have subscribed our names as witnesses thereto, at the date hereof.

CHARLES MANSFIELD. [L.S.]

FRANK E. DENT, Salem, Ills.

JOHN C. SHAY, Salem, Ills.

CHURCH ORGANIZATIONS

May be legally made by *electing* or *appointing*, according to the *usages* or *customs* of the body of which it is a part, at any meeting held for that purpose, *two* or *more* of its *members* as trustees, wardens or vestrymen, and may adopt a *corporate* name. The chairman or secretary of such meeting shall, as soon as possible, make and file in the office of the recorder of deeds of the county, an affidavit substantially in the following form :

STATE OF ILLINOIS, }
 _____ County. } ss.

I, _____, do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be), that at a meeting of the members of the (here insert the name of the church, society or congregation as known before organization), held at (here insert place of meeting), in the County of _____, and State of Illinois, on the _____ day of _____, A.D. 18—, for that purpose, the following persons were elected (or appointed) [*here insert their names*] trustees, wardens, vestrymen, (or officers by whatever name they may choose to adopt, with powers similar to trustees) according to the rules and usages of such (church, society or congregation), and said _____

adopted as its corporate name (here insert name), and at said meeting this affiant acted as (chairman or secretary, as the case may be).

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this ____ day of _____, A.D. 18—.

Name of Affiant _____

which affidavit must be recorded by the recorder, and shall be, or a certified copy made by the recorder, received as evidence of such an incorporation.

No certificate of election after the first need be filed for record.

The term of office of the trustees and the general government of the society can be determined by the rules or by-laws adopted. Failure to elect trustees at the time provided does not work a dissolution, but the old trustees hold over. A trustee or trustees may be removed, in the same manner by the society as elections are held by a meeting called for that purpose. The property of the society vests in the corporation. The corporation may hold, or acquire by purchase or otherwise, land not exceeding ten acres, for the purpose of the society. The trustees have the care, custody and control of the property of the corporation, and can, *when directed* by the society, erect houses or improvements, and repair and alter the same, and may also when so directed by the society, mortgage, encumber, sell and convey any real or personal estate belonging to the corporation, and make all proper contracts in the name of such corporation. But they are prohibited by law from encumbering or interfering with any property so as to destroy the effect of any gift, grant, devise or bequest to the corporation; but such gifts, grants, devises or bequests, must in all cases be used so as to carry out the object intended by the persons making the same. Existing societies may organize in the manner herein set forth, and have all the advantages thereof.

SUGGESTIONS TO THOSE PURCHASING BOOKS BY SUBSCRIPTION.

The business of *publishing books by subscription* having so often been brought into disrepute by agents making representations and declarations *not authorized by the publisher*; in order to prevent that as much as possible, and that there may be more general knowledge of the relation such agents bear to their principal, and the law governing such cases, the following statement is made :

A subscription is in the nature of a contract of mutual promises, by which the subscriber agrees to pay a certain sum for the work described; the consideration is concurrent that the publisher shall publish the book named, and deliver the same, for which the subscriber is to pay the price named. The nature and character of the work is described in the prospectus and by the sample shown. These should be carefully examined before subscribing, as they are the basis and consideration of the promise to pay,

and not the too often exaggerated statements of the agent, who is merely employed to solicit subscriptions, for which he is usually paid a commission for each subscriber, and has no authority to change or alter the conditions upon which the subscriptions are authorized to be made by the publisher. Should the agent assume to agree to make the subscription conditional or modify or change the agreement of the publisher, as set out by prospectus and sample, in order to bind the principal, the subscriber should see that such conditions or changes are stated over or in connection with his signature, so that the publisher may have notice of the same.

All persons making contracts in reference to matters of this kind, or any other business, should remember that the law as to written contracts is, that they can not be varied, altered or rescinded verbally, but if done at all, must be done in writing. It is therefore important that all persons contemplating subscribing should distinctly understand that all talk before or after the subscription is made, is not admissible as evidence, and is no part of the contract.

Persons employed to solicit subscriptions are known to the trade as canvassers. They are agents appointed to do a particular business in a prescribed mode, and have no authority to do it in any other way to the prejudice of their principal, nor can they bind their principal in any other matter. They can not collect money, or agree that payment may be made in anything else but money. They can not extend the time of payment beyond the time of delivery, nor bind their principal for the payment of expenses incurred in their business.

It would save a great deal of trouble, and often serious loss, if persons, before signing their names to any subscription book, or any written instrument, would examine carefully what it is; if they can not read themselves, should call on some one disinterested who can.

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND ITS AMENDMENTS.

We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

SEC. 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several states, and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature.

No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each state shall have at least one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made the State of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, and Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the Executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SEC. 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each state, chosen by the Legislature thereof for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expira-

tion of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the Legislature of any state, the Executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

The Vice-President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

The Senate shall choose their other officers, and also a President *pro tempore*, in the absence of the Vice-President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried the Chief Justice shall preside. And no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment, in cases of impeachment, shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust, or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment, and punishment according to law.

SEC. 4. The times, places and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives shall be prescribed in each state by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing Senators.

The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SEC. 5. Each house shall be the judge of the election, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members in such manner and under such penalties as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may, in their judgment, require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SEC. 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall in all cases, except treason,

felony, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SEC. 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the President of the United States; if he approve he shall sign it; but if not he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted), after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution, or vote to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment), shall be presented to the President of the United States, and before the same shall take effect shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be re-passed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SEC. 8. The Congress shall have power—

To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts, and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts, and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

To borrow money on the credit of the United States;

To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian tribes;

To establish a uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States;

To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures;

To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States;

To establish post offices and post roads;

To promote the progress of sciences and useful arts, by securing, for limited times, to authors and inventors, the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries ;

To constitute tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court ;

To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offenses against the law of nations ;

To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water ;

To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years ;

To provide and maintain a navy ;

To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces ;

To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions ;

To provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states respectively the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress ;

To exercise legislation in all cases whatsoever over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular states, and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of the government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the Legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock yards, and other needful buildings ; and

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SEC. 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or *ex post facto* law shall be passed.

No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state.

No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one state over those of another ; nor shall vessels bound to or from one state be obliged to enter, clear, or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law ; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expeditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States: and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emolument, office, or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

SEC. 10. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, *ex post facto* law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility.

No state shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any impost or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws, and the net produce of all duties and imposts laid by any state on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the Congress.

No state shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty on tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The Executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the Vice-President chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a number of Electors, equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the state may be entitled in the Congress; but no Senator or Representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an Elector.

[* The Electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of Electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for President; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said House shall in like manner choose the President. But in choosing the President, the vote shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President,

* This clause between brackets has been superseded and annulled by the Twelfth amendment.

the person having the greatest number of votes of the Electors shall be the Vice-President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the Senate shall choose from them by ballot the Vice-President.]

The Congress may determine the time of choosing the Electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice-President, and the Congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the President and Vice-President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States or any of them.

Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution of the United States."

SEC. 2. The President shall be commander in chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardon for offenses against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice of the Senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the Supreme Court, and all other officers of the United States whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law; but the Congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper in the President alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

The President shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SEC. 3. He shall from time to time give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may on extraordinary

occasions convene both houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

SEC. 4. The President, Vice-President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION I. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and such inferior courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The Judges, both of the Supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SEC. 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this Constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more states; between a state and citizens of another state; between citizens of different states; between citizens of the same state claiming lands under grants of different states, and between a state or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens, or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls, and those in which a state shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction.

In all the other cases before mentioned, the Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions and under such regulations as the Congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the Congress may by law have directed.

SEC. 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The Congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state. And

the Congress may, by general laws, prescribe the manner in which such acts, records, and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SEC. 2. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

A person charged in any state with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one state, under the laws thereof escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on the claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SEC. 3. New states may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state; nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states, or parts of states, without the consent of the Legislatures of the states concerned, as well as of the Congress.

The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States or of any particular state.

SEC. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the Legislature, or of the Executive (when the Legislature can not be convened), against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this Constitution, or, on the application of the Legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress. Provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into before the adoption of this Constitution shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution as under the Confederation.

This Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the Judges in every state shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the mem-

bers of the several state Legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation to support this Constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the Conventions of nine states shall be sufficient for the establishment of this Constitution between the states so ratifying the same.

Done in convention by the unanimous consent of the states present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America the twelfth. In witness whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names.

GEO. WASHINGTON,
President and Deputy from Virginia.

New Hampshire.

JOHN LANGDON,
NICHOLAS GILMAN.

Massachusetts.

NATHANIEL GORHAM,
RUFUS KING.

Connecticut.

WM. SAM'L JOHNSON,
ROGER SHERMAN.

New York.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

New Jersey.

WIL. LIVINGSTON,
WM. PATERSON,
DAVID BREARLEY,
JONA. DAYTON.

Pennsylvania.

B. FRANKLIN,
ROBT. MORRIS,
THOS. FITZSIMONS,
JAMES WILSON,
THOS. MIFFLIN,
GEO. CLYMER,
JARED INGERSOLL,
GOUV. MORRIS.

Delaware.

GEO. READ,
JOHN DICKINSON,
JACO. BROOM,
GUNNING BEDFORD, JR.,
RICHARD BASSETT.

Maryland.

JAMES M'HENRY,
DANL. CARROLL,
DAN. OF ST. THOS. JENIFER.

Virginia.

JOHN BLAIR,
JAMES MADISON, JR.

North Carolina.

WM. BLOUNT,
HU. WILLIAMSON,
RICH'D DOBBS SPAIGHT.

South Carolina.

J. RUTLEDGE,
CHARLES PINCKNEY,
CHAS. COTESWORTH PINCKNEY,
PIERCE BUTLER.

Georgia.

WILLIAM FEW,
ABR. BALDWIN.

WILLIAM JACKSON, *Secretary.*



Abraham E. Smith

**PROPRIETOR GAZETTE AND POSTMASTER
ROCKFORD ILL.**

ARTICLES IN ADDITION TO AND AMENDATORY OF THE CONSTITUTION
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

*Proposed by Congress and ratified by the Legislatures of the several states,
pursuant to the fifth article of the original Constitution.*

ARTICLE I.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.

A well regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.

No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrants shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor; and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

ARTICLE VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact

tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States than according to the rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.

The enumeration, in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

ARTICLE XII.

The Electors shall meet in their respective states and vote by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person to be voted for as president, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice-President, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice-President, and of the number of votes for each, which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of Electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest number not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice-President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President. The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice-President, shall be the Vice-President, if such number be the majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a major-

ity, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall choose the Vice-President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice-President of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII.

SECTION 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SEC. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XIV.

SECTION 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SEC. 2. Representatives shall be appointed among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed; but when the right to vote at any election for the choice of Electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crimes, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such state.

SEC. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or Elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who, having previously taken an oath as a Member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any state Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability.

SEC. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any state shall pay any debt or obligation incurred in the aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any loss or emancipation of any slave, but such debts, obligations, and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SEC. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this act.

ARTICLE XV.

SECTION 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any state, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

SEC. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT.

NOVEMBER 7, 1876.

COUNTIES.	Hayes and Wheeler, Republican.	Tilden and Hendricks, Democrat.	Peter Cooper Greenback.	Smith Prohibition.	Anti-Secret Societies.	COUNTIES.	Hayes and Wheeler, Republican.	Tilden and Hendricks, Democrat.	Peter Cooper Greenback.	Smith Prohibition.	Anti-Secret Societies.
Adams	4953	6808	41	17		Livingston	3550	2154	1170		
Alexander	1219	1280				Logan	2788	2595	257		
Bond	1526	1142	17			Macon	3120	2762	268	16	
Boone	1965	363	49	3		Macoupin	3567	4076	114		
Brown	944	1495	188	1		Madison	4554	4730	39	1	
Bureau	8719	2218	145	2	11	Marion	2009	2444	209		
Calhoun	441	900				Marshall	1553	1430	135		1
Carroll	2251	918	111	1	3	Mason	1586	1939	85	3	
Cass	1209	1618	74	7		Massac	1231	793	20		
Champaign	4530	3103	604		1	McDonough	2852	2811	347		
Christian	2501	3287	207	1	6	McHenry	3455	1874	84		
Clark	1814	2197	236		9	McLean	6368	4410	518	8	
Clay	1416	1541	112			Menard	1115	1657	10		
Clinton	1929	1989	132			Mercer	2209	1428	90		3
Coles	2957	2822	132			Monroe	845	1651	7		
Cook	36548	39240	277			Montgomery	2486	3013	201		
Crawford	1355	1643	36			Morgan	3069	3174	109		3
Cumberland	1145	1407	129			Moultrie	1245	1672	28		
De Kalb	3678	1413	85		3	Ogle	3633	1921	104		8
De Witt	1926	1174	746	10	3	Peoria	4865	5443	25		
Douglas	1691	1357	94			Pope	1319	800	6		
DuPage	2129	1278	25		8	Perry	1541	1583	48		
Edgar	2715	2833	161			Platt	1807	1316	117		
Edwards	970	486	61			Pike	3055	4040	35	1	4
Elkhart	1145	2265	43			Pulaski	1043	772			
Fayette	1881	2421	57			Putnam	646	459	14		
Fora	1601	742	204			Randolph	2357	2589	9		
Franklin	986	1302	391			Richland	1410	1552	55		
Fulton	4187	4689	89		1	Rock Island	3912	2832	27		
Gallatin	708	1140	282	2		Saline	980	1081	641		
Greene	1695	3160	1		9	Sangamon	4851	5847	29		
Grunty	1996	1142	108			Schuyler	1522	1804	115		
Hamilton	627	1433	770		4	Scott	910	1269	182		
Hancock	3496	4207				Shelby	2069	3553	341		
Hardin	330	611	134			Stark	1140	786	96		
Henderson	1315	1015	1			St. Clair	4708	6891	99		1
Henry	4177	1928	340	4	6	Stephenson	3198	2758	26		3
Iroquois	3768	2578	249	14	1	Tazewell	2850	3171	44	2	3
Jackson	2040	2071	106			Union	978	2153	3		
Jasper						Vermillion	4372	3031	285		9
Jefferson	1346	1667	647			Wabash	650	936	207		
Jersey	1345	2166		12		Warren	2795	1984	136		1
Jo Daviess	2907	2276	140	2	3	Washington	1911	1871	89		
Johnson	1987	893	61			Wayne	1570	1751	482		
Kane	5396	2850	172		5	White	1297	2086	469		4
Kankakee	2827	1363	26		2	Whiteside	5851	2131	133	8	1
Kendall	1800	524	308			Will	4770	3999	677		
Knox	6216	2832	141		1	Williamson	1672	1644	41		
Lake	2519	1847	55		1	Winnebago	4605	1568	70	13	2
LaSalle	6277	6001	514		15	Woodford	1733	2105	237	1	4
Lawrence	1198	1829	27								
Lee	3087	2080	100	2	6	Total	275958	257099	16981	120	127

PRACTICAL RULES FOR EVERY DAY USE.

How to find the gain or loss per cent. when the cost and selling price are given.

RULE.—Find the difference between the cost and selling price, which will be the gain or loss.

Annex two ciphers to the gain or loss, and divide it by the cost price ; the result will be the gain or loss per cent.

How to change gold into currency.

RULE.—Multiply the given sum of gold by the price of gold:

How to change currency into gold.

Divide the amount in currency by the price of gold.

How to find each partner's share of the gain or loss in a copartnership business.

RULE.—Divide the whole gain or loss by the entire stock, the quotient will be the gain or loss per cent.

Multiply each partner's stock by this per cent., the result will be each one's share of the gain or loss.

How to find gross and net weight and price of hogs.

A short and simple method for finding the net weight, or price of hogs, when the gross weight or price is given, and vice versa.

NOTE.—It is generally assumed that the gross weight of Hogs diminished by 1-5 or 20 per cent. of itself gives the net weight, and the net weight increased by $\frac{1}{4}$ or 25 per cent. of itself equals the gross weight.

To find the net weight or gross price.

Multiply the given number by .8 (tenths.)

To find the gross weight or net price.

Divide the given number by .8 (tenths.)

How to find the capacity of a granary, bin, or wagon-bed.

RULE.—Multiply (by short method) the number of cubic feet by 6308, and point off ONE decimal place—the result will be the correct answer in bushels and tenths of a bushel.

For only an approximate answer, multiply the cubic feet by 8, and point off one decimal place.

How to find the contents of a corn-crib.

RULE.—Multiply the number of cubic feet by 54, short method, or

by $4\frac{1}{2}$ ordinary method, and point off ONE decimal place—the result will be the answer in bushels.

NOTE.—In estimating corn in the ear, the quality and the time it has been cribbed must be taken into consideration, since corn will shrink considerably during the Winter and Spring. This rule generally holds good for corn measured at the time it is cribbed, provided it is sound and clean.

How to find the contents of a cistern or tank.

RULE.—Multiply the square of the mean diameter by the depth (all in feet) and this product by 5681 (short method), and point off ONE decimal place—the result will be the contents in barrels of $31\frac{1}{2}$ gallons.

How to find the contents of a barrel or cask.

RULE.—Under the square of the mean diameter, write the length (all in inches) in REVERSED order, so that its UNITS will fall under the TENS; multiply by short method, and this product again by 430; point off one decimal place, and the result will be the answer in wine gallons.

How to measure boards.

RULE.—Multiply the length (in feet) by the width (in inches) and divide the product by 12—the result will be the contents in square feet.

How to measure scantlings, joists, planks, sills, etc.

RULE.—Multiply the width, the thickness, and the length together (the width and thickness in inches, and the length in feet), and divide the product by 12—the result will be square feet.

How to find the number of acres in a body of land.

RULE.—Multiply the length by the width (in rods), and divide the product by 160 (carrying the division to 2 decimal places if there is a remainder); the result will be the answer in acres and hundredths.

When the opposite sides of a piece of land are of unequal length, add them together and take one-half for the mean length or width.

How to find the number of square yards in a floor or wall.

RULE.—Multiply the length by the width or height (in feet), and divide the product by 9, the result will be square yards.

How to find the number of bricks required in a building.

RULE.—Multiply the number of cubic feet by $22\frac{1}{2}$.

The number of cubic feet is found by multiplying the length, height and thickness (in feet) together.

Bricks are usually made 8 inches long, 4 inches wide, and two inches thick; hence, it requires 27 bricks to make a cubic foot without mortar, but it is generally assumed that the mortar fills $\frac{1}{6}$ of the space.

How to find the number of shingles required in a roof.

RULE.—Multiply the number of square feet in the roof by 8, if the shingles are exposed $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches, or by 7 $\frac{1}{5}$ if exposed 5 inches.

To find the number of square feet, multiply the length of the roof by twice the length of the rafters.

To find the length of the rafters, at ONE-FOURTH pitch, multiply the width of the building by .56 (hundredths); at ONE-THIRD pitch, by .6 (tenths); at TWO-FIFTHS pitch, by .64 (hundredths); at ONE-HALF pitch, by .71 (hundredths). This gives the length of the rafters from the apex to the end of the wall, and whatever they are to project must be taken into consideration.

NOTE.—By $\frac{1}{4}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$ pitch is meant that the apex or comb of the roof is to be $\frac{1}{4}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$ the width of the building higher than the walls or base of the rafters.

How to reckon the cost of hay.

RULE.—Multiply the number of pounds by half the price per ton, and remove the decimal point three places to the left.

How to measure grain.

RULE.—Level the grain; ascertain the space it occupies in cubic feet; multiply the number of cubic feet by 8, and point off one place to the left.

NOTE.—Exactness requires the addition to every three hundred bushels of one extra bushel.

The foregoing rule may be used for finding the number of gallons, by multiplying the number of bushels by 8.

If the corn in the box is in the ear, divide the answer by 2, to find the number of bushels of shelled corn, because it requires 2 bushels of ear corn to make 1 of shelled corn.

Rapid rules for measuring land without instruments.

In measuring land, the first thing to ascertain is the contents of any given plot in square yards; then, given the number of yards, find out the number of rods and acres.

The most ancient and simplest measure of distance is a step. Now, an ordinary-sized man can train himself to cover one yard at a stride, on the average, with sufficient accuracy for ordinary purposes.

To make use of this means of measuring distances, it is essential to walk in a straight line; to do this, fix the eye on two objects in a line straight ahead, one comparatively near, the other remote; and, in walking, keep these objects constantly in line.

Farmers and others by adopting the following simple and ingenious contrivance, may always carry with them the scale to construct a correct yard measure.

Take a foot rule, and commencing at the base of the little finger of the left hand, mark the quarters of the foot on the outer borders of the left arm, pricking in the marks with indelible ink.

To find how many rods in length will make an acre, the width being given.

RULE.—Divide 160 by the width, and the quotient will be the answer.

How to find the number of acres in any plot of land, the number of rods being given.

RULE.—Divide the number of rods by 8, multiply the quotient by 5, and remove the decimal point two places to the left.

The diameter being given, to find the circumference.

RULE.—Multiply the diameter by 3 1-7.

How to find the diameter, when the circumference is given.

RULE.—Divide the circumference by 3 1-7.

To find how many solid feet a round stick of timber of the same thickness throughout will contain when squared.

RULE.—Square half the diameter in inches, multiply by 2, multiply by the length in feet, and divide the product by 144.

General rule for measuring timber, to find the solid contents in feet.

RULE.—Multiply the depth in inches by the breadth in inches, and then multiply by the length in feet, and divide by 144.

To find the number of feet of timber in trees with the bark on.

RULE.—Multiply the square of one-fifth of the circumference in inches, by twice the length, in feet, and divide by 144. Deduct 1-10 to 1-15 according to the thickness of the bark.

Howard's new rule for computing interest.

RULE.—The reciprocal of the rate is the time for which the interest on any sum of money will be shown by simply removing the decimal point two places to the left; for ten times that time, remove the point one place to the left; for 1-10 of the same time, remove the point three places to the left.

Increase or diminish the results to suit the time given.

NOTE.—The reciprocal of the rate is found by inverting the rate; thus 3 per cent. per month, inverted, becomes $\frac{1}{3}$ of a month, or 10 days.

When the rate is expressed by one figure, always write it thus: 3-1, three ones.

Rule for converting English into American currency.

Multiply the pounds, with the shillings and pence stated in decimals, by 400 plus the premium in fourths, and divide the product by 90.

U. S. GOVERNMENT LAND MEASURE.

A township—36 sections each a mile square.

A section—640 acres.

A quarter section, half a mile square—160 acres.

An eighth section, half a mile long, north and south, and a quarter of a mile wide—80 acres.

A sixteenth section, a quarter of a mile square—40 acres.

The sections are all numbered 1 to 36, commencing at the north-east corner.

The sections are divided into quarters, which are named by the cardinal points. The quarters are divided in the same way. The description of a forty acre lot would read: The south half of the west half of the south-west quarter of section 1 in township 24, north of range 7 west, or as the case might be; and sometimes will fall short and sometimes overrun the number of acres it is supposed to contain.

The nautical mile is 795 4-5 feet longer than the common mile.

SURVEYORS' MEASURE.

7 92-100 inches.....	make 1 link.
25 links.....	" 1 rod.
4 rods.....	" 1 chain.
80 chains..	" 1 mile.

NOTE.—A chain is 100 links, equal to 4 rods or 66 feet.

Shoemakers formerly used a subdivision of the inch called a barley-corn; three of which made an inch.

Horses are measured directly over the fore feet, and the standard of measure is four inches—called a hand.

In Biblical and other old measurements, the term span is sometimes used, which is a length of nine inches.

The sacred cubit of the Jews was 24.024 inches in length.

The common cubit of the Jews was 21.704 inches in length.

A pace is equal to a yard or 36 inches.

A fathom is equal to 6 feet.

A league is three miles, but its length is variable, for it is strictly speaking a nautical term, and should be three geographical miles, equal to 3.45 statute miles, but when used on land, three statute miles are said to be a league.

In cloth measure an aune is equal to 1½ yards, or 45 inches.

An Amsterdam ell is equal to 26.796 inches.

A Trieste ell is equal to 25.284 inches.

A Brabant ell is equal to 27.116 inches.

HOW TO KEEP ACCOUNTS.

Every farmer and mechanic, whether he does much or little business, should keep a record of his transactions in a clear and systematic manner. For the benefit of those who have not had the opportunity of acquiring a primary knowledge of the principles of book-keeping, we here present a simple form of keeping accounts which is easily comprehended, and well adapted to record the business transactions of farmers, mechanics and laborers.

1875.		A. H. JACKSON.	Dr.	Cr.
Jan.	10	To 7 bushels Wheat.....at \$1.25	\$8 75	
"	17	By shoeing span of Horses.....		\$2 50
Feb.	4	To 14 bushels Oats.....at \$.45	6 30	
"	4	To 5 lbs. Butter.....at .25	1 25	
March	8	By new Harrow.....		18 00
"	8	By sharpening 2 Plows.....		40
"	13	By new Double-Tree.....		2 25
"	27	To Cow and Calf.....	48 00	
April	9	To half ton of Hay.....	6 25	
"	9	By Cash.....		25 00
May	6	By repairing Corn-Planter.....		4 75
"	24	To one Sow with Pigs.....	17 50	
July	4	By Cash, to balance account.....		35 15
			\$88 05	\$88 05

1875.		CASSA MASON.	Dr.	Cr.
March	21	By 3 days' labor.....at \$1.25		\$3 75
"	21	To 2 Shoats.....at 3.00	\$6 00	
"	23	To 18 bushels Corn.....at .45	8 10	
May	1	By 1 month's Labor.....		25 00
"	1	To Cash.....	10 00	
June	19	By 8 days' Mowing.....at \$1.50		12 00
"	26	To 50 lbs. Flour.....	2 75	
July	10	To 27 lbs. Meat.....at \$.10	2 70	
"	29	By 9 days' Harvesting.....at 2.00		18 00
Aug.	12	By 6 days' Labor.....at 1.50		9 00
"	12	To Cash.....	20 00	
Sept.	1	To Cash to balance account.....	18 20	
			\$67 75	\$67 75

INTEREST TABLE.

A SIMPLE RULE FOR ACCURATELY COMPUTING INTEREST AT ANY GIVEN PER CENT. FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME.

Multiply the *principal* (amount of money at interest) by the *time reduced to days*; then divide this *product* by the *quotient* obtained by dividing 360 (the number of days in the interest year) by the *per cent.* of interest, and the *quotient thus obtained* will be the required interest.

ILLUSTRATION.

Require the interest of \$462.50 for one month and eighteen days at 6 per cent. An interest month is 30 days; one month and eighteen days equal 48 days. \$462.50 multiplied by .48 gives \$222.0000; 360 divided by 6 (the per cent. of interest) gives 60, and \$222.0000 divided by 60 will give you the exact interest, which is \$3.70. If the rate of interest in the above example were 12 per cent., we would divide the \$222.0000 by 30 (because 360 divided by 12 gives 30); if 4 per cent., we would divide by 90; if 8 per cent., by 45; and in like manner for any other per cent.

Solution.

\$462.50
.48

870000
60) 870000
185000

60) \$222.0000 (\$3.70
180

420
420

00

MISCELLANEOUS TABLE.

12 units, or things, 1 Dozen.	196 pounds, 1 Barrel of Flour.	24 sheets of paper, 1 Quire.
12 dozen, 1 Gross.	200 pounds, 1 Barrel of Pork.	20 quires paper 1 Ream.
20 things, 1 Score.	56 pounds, 1 Firkin of Butter.	4 ft. wide, 4 ft. high, and 8 ft. long, 1 Cord Wood.

NAMES OF THE STATES OF THE UNION, AND THEIR SIGNIFICATIONS.

Virginia.—The oldest of the States, was so called in honor of Queen Elizabeth, the “Virgin Queen,” in whose reign Sir Walter Raleigh made his first attempt to colonize that region.

Florida.—Ponce de Leon landed on the coast of Florida on Easter Sunday, and called the country in commemoration of the day, which was the Pasqua Florida of the Spaniards, or “Feast of Flowers.”

Louisiana was called after Louis the Fourteenth, who at one time owned that section of the country.

Alabama was so named by the Indians, and signifies “Here we Rest.”

Mississippi is likewise an Indian name, meaning “Long River.”

Arkansas, from Kansas, the Indian word for “smoky water.” Its prefix was really *arc*, the French word for “bow.”

The *Carolinas* were originally one tract, and were called “Carolana,” after Charles the Ninth of France.

Georgia owes its name to George the Second of England, who first established a colony there in 1732.

Tennessee is the Indian name for the “River of the Bend,” *i. e.*, the Mississippi which forms its western boundary.

Kentucky is the Indian name for “at the head of the river.”

Ohio means “beautiful;” *Iowa*, “drowsy ones;” *Minnesota*, “cloudy water,” and *Wisconsin*, “wild-rushing channel.”

Illinois is derived from the Indian word *illini*, men, and the French suffix *ois*, together signifying “tribe of men.”

Michigan was called by the name given the lake, *fish-weir*, which was so styled from its fancied resemblance to a fish trap.

Missouri is from the Indian word “muddy,” which more properly applies to the river that flows through it.

Oregon owes its Indian name also to its principal river.

Cortes named *California*.

Massachusetts is the Indian for “The country around the great hills.”

Connecticut, from the Indian Quon-ch-ta-Cut, signifying “Long River.”

Maryland, after Henrietta Maria, Queen of Charles the First, of England.

New York was named by the Duke of York.

Pennsylvania means “Penn’s woods,” and was so called after William Penn, its original owner.

Delaware after Lord De La Ware.

New Jersey, so called in honor of Sir George Carteret, who was Governor of the Island of Jersey, in the British Channel.

Maine was called after the province of Maine in France, in compliment of Queen Henrietta of England, who owned that province.

Vermont, from the French word *Vert Mont*, signifying Green Mountain.

New Hampshire, from Hampshire county in England. It was formerly called Laconia.

The little State of *Rhode Island* owes its name to the Island of Rhodes in the Mediterranean, which domain it is said to greatly resemble.

Texas is the American word for the Mexican name by which all that section of the country was called before it was ceded to the United States.

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Total Population.
Alabama.....	896,882
Arkansas.....	484,471
California.....	560,247
Connecticut.....	537,454
Delaware.....	125,016
Florida.....	187,748
Georgia.....	1,184,109
Illinois.....	2,539,891
Indiana.....	1,680,637
Iowa.....	1,191,793
Kansas.....	364,399
Kentucky.....	1,321,011
Louisiana.....	726,915
Maine.....	626,915
Maryland.....	760,894
Massachusetts.....	1,457,351
Michigan.....	1,184,059
Minnesota.....	439,708
Mississippi.....	827,923
Missouri.....	1,721,295
Nebraska.....	122,993
Nevada.....	42,491
New Hampshire.....	818,300
New Jersey.....	906,098
New York.....	4,382,759
North Carolina.....	1,071,581
Ohio.....	2,665,260
Oregon.....	90,923
Pennsylvania.....	6,531,791
Rhode Island.....	217,353
South Carolina.....	705,606
Tennessee.....	1,258,520
Texas.....	818,579
Vermont.....	330,551
Virginia.....	1,225,163
West Virginia.....	442,014
Wisconsin.....	1,034,670
Total States.....	38,113,258
Arizona.....	9,658
Colorado.....	39,864
Dakota.....	14,161
District of Columbia.....	131,700
Idaho.....	14,999
Montana.....	90,595
New Mexico.....	91,874
Utah.....	86,786
Washington.....	23,953
Wyoming.....	9,118
Total Territories.....	442,730
Total United States.....	38,556,988

POPULATION OF FIFTY PRINCIPAL CITIES.

CITIES.	Aggregate Population.
New York, N. Y.....	942,292
Philadelphia, Pa.....	674,022
Brooklyn, N. Y.....	396,099
St. Louis, Mo.....	310,854
Chicago, Ill.....	298,977
Baltimore, Md.....	267,354
Boston, Mass.....	250,526
Cincinnati, Ohio.....	218,239
New Orleans, La.....	191,418
San Francisco, Cal.....	149,473
Buffalo, N. Y.....	117,714
Washington, D. C.....	109,199
Newark, N. J.....	105,059
Louisville, Ky.....	100,753
Cleveland, Ohio.....	92,829
Pittsburg, Pa.....	86,076
Jersey City, N. J.....	82,546
Detroit, Mich.....	79,571
Milwaukee, Wis.....	71,440
Albany, N. Y.....	69,422
Providence, R. I.....	68,904
Rochester, N. Y.....	62,396
Allegheny, Pa.....	59,180
Richmond, Va.....	51,038
New Haven, Conn.....	50,840
Charleston, S. C.....	48,958
Indianapolis, Ind.....	48,244
Troy, N. Y.....	45,465
Syracuse, N. Y.....	43,051
Worcester, Mass.....	41,105
Lowell, Mass.....	40,928
Memphis, Tenn.....	40,226
Cambridge, Mass.....	39,634
Hartford, Conn.....	37,180
Scranton, Pa.....	36,092
Reading, Pa.....	33,920
Paterson, N. J.....	33,579
Kansas City, Mo.....	32,260
Mobile, Ala.....	32,034
Toledo, Ohio.....	31,584
Portland, Me.....	31,418
Columbus, Ohio.....	31,274
Wilmington, Del.....	30,841
Dayton, Ohio.....	30,473
Lawrence, Mass.....	28,921
Utica, N. Y.....	28,804
Charlestown, Mass.....	28,323
Savannah, Ga.....	28,235
Lynn, Mass.....	28,233
Fall River, Mass.....	26,766

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES.

STATES AND TERRITORIES	Area in square Miles.	POPULATION.		Miles R. R. 1872	STATES AND TERRITORIES	Area in square Miles.	POPULATION.		Miles R. R. 1872
		1870.	1875.				1870.	1875.	
<i>States.</i>					<i>States.</i>				
Alabama	50,722	996,902		1,671	Pennsylvania	46,000	3,521,791		5,113
Arkansas	52,198	484,471		25	Rhode Island	1,306	217,353	258,239	136
California	158,681	560,247		1,013	South Carolina	29,383	705,606	925,145	1,201
Connecticut	4,974	537,454		826	Tennessee	45,609	1,358,520		1,520
Delaware	2,120	125,015		227	Texas	297,504	818,579		865
Florida	5,128	187,748		469	Vermont	10,212	340,551		675
Georgia	58,000	1,141,109		2,108	Virginia	40,004	1,223,163		1,490
Illinois	55,400	2,509,891		5,904	West Virginia	23,000	442,014		485
Indiana	33,809	1,680,637		5,529	Wisconsin	53,924	1,054,670	1,286,729	1,725
Iowa	55,000	1,191,792	1,350,544	3,160	<i>Total States</i>				
Kansas	81,316	364,499	539,349	1,760		1,950,171	38,118,253		59,587
Kentucky	47,000	1,321,011		1,123	<i>Territories.</i>				
Louisiana	41,346	726,915	857,039	549	Arizona	113,916	9,658		
Maine	31,770	626,915		871	Colorado	104,500	39,864		392
Maryland	11,184	780,894		920	Dakota	147,490	14,181		
Massachusetts	7,800	1,457,151	1,651,912	1,606	Dist. of Columbia	80	181,700		
Michigan	56,451	1,141,059	1,344,031	2,235	Idaho	90,932	14,999		
Minnesota	83,531	439,706	598,429	1,613	Montana	143,776	20,595		
Mississippi	47,156	827,922		990	New Mexico	121,401	91,874		
Missouri	65,450	1,721,285		2,588	Utah	80,056	86,786		875
Nebraska	76,985	124,993	246,280	638	Washington	69,944	23,985		
Nevada	112,000	42,491	62,540	593	Wyoming	98,107	9,118		498
New Hampshire	9,280	318,400		190	<i>Total Territories.</i>				
New Jersey	8,320	906,086	1,028,502	1,265		965,032	442,780		1,265
New York	47,000	4,382,759	4,705,208	4,470	<i>Aggregate of U. S.</i>				
North Carolina	50,704	1,071,361		1,190		2,915,208	38,553,983		60,852
Ohio	39,984	2,565,260		3,710					
Oregon	95,244	90,923		109					

* Last Census of Michigan taken in 1874.

* Included in the Railroad Mileage of Maryland.

* Last Census of Michigan taken in 1874.

* Included in the Railroad Mileage of Maryland.

PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD;
POPULATION AND AREA.

COUNTRIES.	Population	Date of Census.	Area in square Miles.	Inhabitants to square Mile.	CAPITALS.	Population.
China	446,500,000	1871	3,741,846	119.3	Pekin	1,648,800
British Empire	228,217,108	1871	4,677,432	48.6	London	3,251,800
Russia	81,925,490	1871	8,003,776	10.2	St. Petersburg	667,000
United States with Alaska	88,825,600	1870	4,603,884	7.78	Washington	109,199
France	36,468,800	1866	204,091	178.7	Paris	1,825,300
Austria and Hungary	35,904,400	1869	240,348	149.4	Vienna	833,900
Japan	34,785,300	1871	149,999	232.8	Yeddo	1,554,900
Great Britain and Ireland	31,817,100	1871	121,815	262.3	London	3,251,800
German Empire	29,906,092	1871	141,207	187	Berlin	825,400
Italy	27,439,321	1871	116,847	230.9	Rome	244,484
Spain	16,642,000	1867	195,775	85	Madrid	832,000
Brazil	10,000,000		3,253,029	3.07	Rio Janeiro	420,000
Turkey	16,463,300		672,621	24.4	Constantinople	1,075,000
Mexico	9,173,000	1869	761,526		Mexico	210,300
Sweden and Norway	5,921,500	1870	292,871	20	Stockholm	136,900
Persia	5,000,000	1870	635,964	7.8	Teheran	120,000
Belgium	5,021,300	1869	11,373	441.5	Brussels	214,100
Bavaria	4,861,400	1871	28,292	169.9	Munich	169,500
Portugal	3,995,200	1868	84,494	115.8	Lisbon	224,063
Holland	3,668,800	1870	12,680	280.9	Hague	90,100
New Grenada	3,000,000	1870	357,157	8.4	Bogota	45,000
Chili	2,000,000	1869	132,616	15.1	Santiago	115,400
Switzerland	2,669,100	1870	15,992	166.9	Berne	86,000
Peru	2,500,000	1871	471,838	6.8	Lima	180,100
Bolivia	2,000,000		497,321	4	Chuquisaca	25,000
Argentine Republic	1,812,000	1869	871,848	2.1	Buenos Ayres	177,800
Wurtemberg	1,818,500	1871	7,593	241.4	Stuttgart	91,800
Denmark	1,784,700	1870	14,753	120.9	Copenhagen	162,042
Venezuela	1,500,000		368,238	4.2	Caracas	47,000
Baden	1,461,400	1871	5,912	247	Carlsruhe	86,600
Greece	1,457,900	1870	19,358	75.3	Athens	48,400
Guatemala	1,180,000	1871	40,879	28.9	Guatemala	40,000
Ecuador	1,300,000		218,928	5.9	Quito	70,000
Paraguay	1,000,000	1871	63,787	15.6	Asuncion	48,000
Hesse	828,138		2,969	277	Darmstadt	30,000
L. Peria	718,000	1871	9,576	74.9	Monrovia	3,000
San Salvador	600,000	1871	7,325	81.8	San Salvador	15,000
Haiti	572,000		10,205	56	Port au Prince	20,000
Nicaragua	350,000	1871	58,171	6	Managua	10,000
Uruguay	300,000	1871	86,722	6.5	Monte Video	44,500
Honduras	350,000	1871	47,082	7.4	Comayagua	12,000
San Domingo	186,000		17,827	7.6	San Domingo	20,000
Costa Rica	165,000	1870	21,605	7.7	San Jose	2,000
Hawaii	62,950		7,633	80	Honolulu	7,643

POPULATION OF ILLINOIS, By COUNTIES.

COUNTIES.	AGGREGATE.					
	1870.	1860.	1850.	1840.	1830.	1820.
Adams.....	56362	41323	26508	14476	2186	-----
Alexander.....	10564	4707	2484	3313	1390	626
Bond.....	13152	9815	6144	5060	3124	2931
Boone.....	12942	11678	7624	1705	-----	-----
Brown.....	12205	9938	7198	4183	-----	-----
Bureau.....	32415	26426	8841	3067	-----	-----
Calhoun.....	6562	5144	3231	1741	1090	-----
Carroll.....	16705	11733	4586	1023	-----	-----
Cass.....	11580	11325	7253	2981	-----	-----
Champaign.....	32737	14629	2649	1475	-----	-----
Christian.....	20363	10492	3203	1878	-----	-----
Clark.....	18719	14987	9532	7453	3940	931
Clay.....	15875	9336	4289	3228	755	-----
Clinton.....	16285	10941	5139	3718	2330	-----
Coles.....	25235	14203	9335	9616	-----	-----
Cook.....	349966	144954	43385	10201	-----	-----
Crawford.....	13889	11551	7135	4422	3117	*23
Cumberland.....	12223	8311	3718	-----	-----	2999
De Kalb.....	23265	19086	7540	1697	-----	-----
De Witt.....	14768	10820	5002	3247	-----	-----
Douglas.....	13484	7140	-----	-----	-----	-----
Du Page.....	16685	14701	9290	3535	-----	-----
Edgar.....	21450	16925	10692	8225	4071	-----
Edwards.....	7565	5454	3524	3070	1649	3444
Effingham.....	15653	7816	3799	1675	-----	-----
Fayette.....	19638	11189	8075	6328	2704	-----
Ford.....	9103	1979	-----	-----	-----	-----
Franklin.....	12652	9393	5681	3682	4083	1763
Fulton.....	38291	33338	22508	13142	1841	-----
Gallatin.....	11134	8055	5448	10760	7405	3155
Greene.....	20277	16093	12429	11951	7674	-----
Grundy.....	14938	10379	3023	-----	-----	-----
Hamilton.....	13014	9915	6362	3945	2616	-----
Hancock.....	35935	29061	14652	9946	483	-----
Hardin.....	5113	3759	2887	1378	-----	-----
Henderson.....	12582	9501	4612	-----	-----	-----
Henry.....	35506	20660	3807	1260	41	-----
Iroquois.....	25782	12325	4149	1695	-----	-----
Jackson.....	19634	9589	5862	3566	1828	1542
Jasper.....	11234	8364	3220	1472	-----	-----
Jefferson.....	17864	12965	8109	5762	2555	691
Jersey.....	15054	12051	7354	4535	-----	-----
Jo Daviess.....	27820	27325	18604	6180	2111	-----
Johnson.....	11248	9342	4114	3626	1596	843
Kane.....	39091	30062	16703	6501	-----	-----
Kankakee.....	24352	15412	-----	-----	-----	-----
Kendall.....	12399	13074	7730	-----	-----	-----
Knox.....	39522	28663	13279	7060	274	-----
Lake.....	21014	18257	14226	2634	-----	-----
La Salle.....	60792	48332	17815	9348	-----	-----
Lawrence.....	12533	9214	6121	7092	3668	-----
Lee.....	27171	17651	5292	2035	-----	-----
Livingston.....	31471	11637	1553	759	-----	-----
Logan.....	23053	14272	5128	2333	-----	-----

POPULATION OF ILLINOIS—CONCLUDED.

COUNTIES.	AGGREGATE.					
	1870.	1880.	1890.	1900.	1910.	1920.
Macon	26481	13738	3988	3039	1122	-----
Macoupin	32726	24602	12355	7926	1990	-----
Madison	44131	31251	20441	14433	6221	13550
Marion	20622	12739	6720	4742	2125	-----
Marshall	16950	13437	5180	1849	-----	-----
Mason	16184	10931	5921	-----	-----	-----
Massac	9581	6213	4092	-----	-----	-----
McDonough	26509	20069	7616	5308	(b)	-----
McHenry	23762	22089	14978	2578	-----	-----
McLean	53988	28772	10163	6565	-----	-----
Menard	11735	9584	6349	4431	-----	-----
Mercer	18769	15042	5246	2352	26	-----
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	*21
Monroe	12982	12832	7679	4481	2000	1516
Montgomery	25314	13979	6277	4490	2953	-----
Morgan	28463	22112	16064	19547	12714	-----
Moultrie	10385	6385	3234	-----	-----	-----
Ogle	27492	22888	10020	3479	-----	-----
Peoria	47540	36601	17547	6153	(c)	-----
Perry	13723	9552	5278	3222	1215	-----
Piatt	10953	6127	1606	-----	-----	-----
Pike	30768	27249	18819	11728	2396	-----
Pope	11437	6742	3975	4094	3316	2610
Pulaski	8754	3943	2265	-----	-----	-----
Putnam	6280	5587	3924	2131	1310	-----
Randolph	20859	17205	11079	7944	4429	3492
Richland	12803	9711	4012	-----	-----	-----
Rock Island	29783	21005	6937	2610	-----	-----
Saline	12714	9331	5588	-----	-----	-----
Sangamon	46352	32274	19228	14716	12960	-----
Schuyler	17419	14684	10573	6972	62959	-----
Scott	10530	9069	7914	6215	-----	-----
Shelby	25476	14613	7807	6659	2972	-----
Stark	10751	9004	3710	1573	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	*5
St. Clair	51068	37694	20180	13631	7078	5248
Stephenson	30608	25112	11666	2800	-----	-----
Tazewell	27903	21470	12052	7221	4716	-----
Union	16518	11181	7615	5524	3239	2362
Vermilion	30388	19800	11492	9303	5836	-----
Wabash	8841	7313	4690	4240	2710	-----
Warren	23174	18336	8176	6739	308	-----
Washington	17599	13731	6953	4810	1675	1517
Wayne	19758	12223	6825	5133	2553	1114
White	16846	12403	8925	7919	6091	4828
Whitesides	27503	18737	5361	2514	-----	-----
Will	43013	29321	16703	10167	-----	-----
Williamson	17329	12205	7216	4457	-----	-----
Winnebago	29301	24491	11773	4609	-----	-----
Woodford	18956	13282	4415	-----	-----	-----
Total	2539891	1711951	851470	476183	157445	*49 55162

PRODUCTIONS OF AGRICULTURE, STATE OF ILLINOIS, BY COUNTIES.—1870.

COUNTIES.	Improved Land Number	Wooded Land Number	Other an Improved Number	Spring Wheat Bushels	Winter Wheat Bushels	Rye Bushels	Indian Corn Bushels	Oats Bushels
Total	19 329 952	5 061 572	1 491 991	10 187 207	19 995 198	2 456 578	129 921 397	12 780 851
Adams	287 926	112 576	19 870	18 191	947 618	20 989	1 452 905	759 074
Alexander	18 836	17 761			42 658	30	244 220	21 627
Bond	145 045	42 613	1 915	700	368 625	8 240	1 064 052	461 097
Boone	137 377	29 846	2 658	241 042	589	35 871	466 995	579 127
Brown	57 062	35 491	25 608	18 278	117 502	4 742	337 769	70 653
Bureau	398 611	41 866	15 8 3	465 218	724	43 811	3 033 404	987 426
Callahan	37 684	65 443	2 734	75	221 298	186	234 047	26 234
Carroll	186 864	28 793	33 302	418 078	260	25 721	1 367 965	775 100
Cass	92 902	33 493	6 8 4	12 165	127 054	2 772	1 746 980	168 784
Champaign	416 368	18 789	58 502	102 577	123 81	45 752	3 924 720	721 3 3
Christian	241 474	18 809	19 173	18 360	504 047	10 722	1 883 336	383 841
Clark	118 594	102 201	5 420		185 118	7 808	614 582	212 624
Clay	146 922	80 812	5 335	1 894	85 737	3 221	1 019 994	269 645
Clinton	150 177	48 868	8 722	500	61 848	1 619	813 257	446 324
Coles	208 517	45 214	3 271	2 851	154 485	8 825	2 133 111	315 954
Cook	348 824	19 835	17 437	144 296	4 9 4	20 171	570 427	1 584 235
Crawford	105 503	78 950	27 185	40	212 824	15 497	581 964	136 255
Omverland	75 341	40 234	5 604	550	84 897	14 798	403 075	171 820
Dekalb	394 501	17 722	6 551	398 059	191	21 018	1 023 849	1 087 0 4
DeWitt	165 503	38 546	17 633	105 493	11 695	11 540	1 311 635	216 736
Douglas	147 635	11 897	7 316	7 883	65 461	9 017	1 680 227	325 074
DuPage	64 844	17 243	3 651	108 096	693	7 532	331 981	860 509
Edgar	65 458	86 803	14 282	13 283	247 360	37 608	2 107 615	280 679
Edwards	58 912	57 585	830		122 703	528	352 371	129 152
Effingham	120 345	56 391	26 206	77	195 711	19 759	620 241	386 073
Fayette	187 196	93 460	18 786		351 310	25 328	982 525	497 395
Ford	11 228	2 996	63 976	42 571	1 008	11 577	365 671	154 589
Franklin	80 749	3 994	86 710	365	111 324	5 195	653 204	222 426
Fulton	228 132	12 823	4 776	193 659	223 931	131 711	1 508 763	261 390
Gallatin	49 572	65 750	2 565		83 093	511	509 491	27 164
Greene	175 408	93 241	29 653		577 400	415	1 051 311	64 023
Grundy	183 999	6 256	4 565	21 709	161	4 831	295 971	269 332
Hamilton	88 908	94 878	3 343	128	92 347	11 672	735 257	204 464
Hancock	311 517	43 385	18 480	181 378	232 757	133 543	1 510 401	379 599
Hardin	28 117	44 771	1 07	13	82 366	865	172 85	26 941
Henderson	140 954	34 705	14 243	161 112	69 062	98 480	1 712 901	229 286
Henry	265 903	12 620	31 459	462 379	447	35 761	2 541 683	663 387
Iroquois	322 533	22 476	64 498	57 160	10 480	23 855	799 810	430 746
Jackson	78 548	87 842	5 9 1	890	329 038	534	611 951	149 931
Jasper	40 867	87 023	12 25		87 808	9 165	461 345	142 214
Jefferson	118 957	94 888	778		100 55	5 934	887 981	265 949
Jersey	94 147	31 421	1 363		558 367		519 120	71 770
Jo Daviess	156 517	83 071	45 779	282 738	555	7 185	1 286 327	874 016
Johnson	57 820	79 141	79 141		92 181	2 468	348 297	74 525
Kane	24 120	34 546	399	188 824	325	23 818	671 33	785 608
Kankakee	312 184	10 918	10 598	103 466	480	12 937	637 39	71 2 404
Kendall	181 004	14 244	2 283	90 661	1 249	5 16	681 26	458 691
Knox	331 828	11 561	25 153	267 761	7 654	11 544	2 708 318	787 352
Lake	207 778	21 072	24 339	164 914	221	5 87	517 35	629 069
LaSalle	533 523	38 11	2 337	271 181	2 193	48 307	3 077 02	1 509 642
Lawrence	87 82	72 748	3 274		264 134	1 121	656 86	131 386
Lee	322 211	12 07	7 409	450 794	2 26	14 829	1 658 977	903 197
Livingston	347 571	12 662	41 784	130 207	1 334	26 11	1 182 690	659 300
Logan	324 107	17 391	4 7	198 15	40 86	37 241	4 321 64	490 226
Macon	205 171	18 153	9 15	55 249	196 614	29 22	2 214 467	454 648
Macon, Jr.	23 107	81 124	7 343		87 139	2 31	1 051 541	459 417
Madison	257 031	88 450	14 675	557	12 718	3 68	2 127 547	475 252
Marion	173 081	61 579	4 142		173 15	14 517	1 054 075	389 446
Marsball	160 057	28 261	2 976	106 123	400	36 137	1 182 90	362 604
Mason	208 457	31 739	31 013	73 261	125 624	49 181	2 648 727	272 000
Massac	25 25	31 39	8		72 31	544	133 10	22 087
McDonough	261 63	54 531	14 137	274 841	36 14	52 40	1 362 49	242 717
McHenry	33 771	74 29	57 934	401 790	2 14	39 267	1 145 00	910 497
McLean	381 77	5 31	49 081	211 871	1 09	6 824	4 723 377	911 127
Menard	143 14	34 931	11 952	46 152	45 70	4 28	1 973 88	235 101
Mercer	202 80	45 971	22 586	283 291	3 21	1 67	2 034 90	452 889
Monroe	32 811	83 369	681		651 767	1 427	543 717	152 251
Montgomery	276 688	47 813	8 465	50	744 891	3 290	1 527 897	668 424
Morgan	21 435	60 217	1 377	18 186	37 82	5 537	3 198 835	198 724
Moultrie	111 233	24 781	13 112	17 128	196 430	6 877	1 753 141	263 892
Ogle	316 881	43 643	14 913	497 134	5 58	15 504	1 787 067	141 541
Peoria	170 729	48 661	2 517	92 361	31 84	38 50	969 221	334 392
Perry	93 754	68 477	221		350 446	1 011	384 446	338 760
Platt	91 471	5 978	19 897	26 082	49 767	9 247	1 029 725	130 610
Pike	243 785	128 954	8 102	130	1 057 487	25 309	1 399 187	161 419
Popo	55 980	87 754			70 457	2 396	315 957	67 886
Polaski	19 313	12 516			44 021	222	193 737	16 511
Putnam	37 27	7 284	3 274	28 137	79	7 707	334 25	86 5 9
Randolph	111 734	102 271	1 170	450	1 031 027	3 237	310 081	414 487
Richland	75 038	31 618	4 627		150 277	3 40	482 591	204 634
Richland	155 234	31 23	2 755	343 541	2 27	20 00	1 459 657	276 573
Saline	12 382	71 13	8 9	20	83 017	567	531 516	69 794
Sangamon	421 748	51 083	19 992	89 4 4	217 854	23 07	1 598 767	397 719
Schuyler	97 107	62 177	2 194	50 221	105 721	20 841	440 975	119 359
Scott	85 331	44 633	1 610	1	286 105	930	752 771	13 463
Shelby	310 107	74 908	9 314	15 526	452 015	24 08	2 082 578	631 8 2
Stark	134 120	12 378	2 783	121 637		4 531	1 119 878	316 726
St. Clair	231 125	76 591	2 16	2 353	1 562 121	1 008	1 423 121	476 851
Stephenson	254 877	43 177	19 7 1	727 394	2 118	135 362	1 615 679	960 620
Tazewell	223 127	31 368	11 546	1 2 417	74 410	59 027	2 062 053	605 841
Union	75 832	84 606	5 300		181 231	1 797	679 759	124 4 3
Vermilion	3 0 251	53 978	31 222	44 806	249 588	52 476	2 818 027	436 031
Wabash	54 003	37 558	5 9		2 3 291		421 381	110 793
Warren	266 187	27 294	11 543	186 290	5 712	72 212	2 982 853	601 054
Washington	177 592	50 852	1 931		672 448	2 576	836 113	634 398
Wayne	117 952	14 794	10 486	296	164 688	8 665	1 179 291	404 482
White	62 398	4 167	869		144 321	418	870 521	119 853
White-Hites	249 808	21 847	37 31	4 7 455	264	31 858	2 162 943	880 838
Will	419 442	24 261	8 335	185 286	1 996	8 030	1 181 458	1 868 682
Williamson	128 446	1 0 948	1 648	176	170 787	6 228	653 710	180 996
Winnebago	241 373	37 238	15 237	408 606	2 468	137 985	1 237 406	868 908
Woodford	225 504	95 217	23 135	178 189	108 307	20 426	2 154 185	744 581



John Church
ROCKFORD

HISTORY OF WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

In January, A. D., 1818, the territorial legislature of Illinois petitioned Congress for the admission of the territory into the Union as an independent state. Nathaniel Pope was the territorial delegate in Congress, at that time. The petition was sent to him, and by him presented to Congress. By reason of a pressure of other business, the petition was not acted upon until the April following, when, with certain amendments prepared by Mr. Pope, it became a law, and Illinois was declared an independent state. The amendments proposed by Mr. Pope were: first, to extend the northern boundary of the new state to the parallel of 42 degrees 30 minutes north latitude; and second, to apply the three per cent. fund, arising from the sales of the public lands, to the encouragement of learning instead of the making of roads leading to the state, as had been the practice on the admission of Ohio and Indiana. These important changes, says Ford's History of Illinois, were proposed and carried through both houses of Congress by Mr. Pope, upon his own responsibility. The territorial legislature had not petitioned for them, no one at that time having suggested or requested the making of them, but they met the unqualified approbation of the people of the state.

Under the ordinance of 1787, there were to be not less than three, nor more than five states erected out of the territory northwest of the Ohio River. The boundaries of these states were defined by that ordinance. The three states of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois were to include the whole territory, and were to be bounded by the British possessions on the north. But Congress reserved the right, if they thereafter found it expedient, to form one or two states in that part of the territory which lies north of an east and west line drawn through the southern bend of Lake Michigan. "That line, it was generally supposed," continues Mr. Ford, "was to be the north boundary of Illinois." Judge Pope, seeing that the port of Chicago was north of that line, and that it would be excluded by it from the state, was led to a critical examination of the ordinance, which resulted in a clear and satisfactory conviction that it was competent for Congress to extend the boundaries of the new state as far north as they pleased, and found no difficulty in convincing others of the correctness of his views.

Under the same ordinance Congress was vested with the power, if they should find it expedient, to establish a state north of Illinois, in that part of the northwestern territory which lies north of the parallel running through the southern bend of the lake. Under this provision, Wisconsin, at one time, laid claim to a certain part of the northern section of Illinois, "including," said Mr. Ford, at the date of his writing (1847), "fourteen counties, embracing the richest and most populous part of the state."

When Illinois was admitted into the Union in 1818, the whole people numbered only about forty-five thousand souls. Of these, some two thousand were the descendants of the old French settlers at Kaskaskia, Prairie du Rocher, Prairie du Pont, Cahokia, Peoria and Chicago. These people lived in the style of the French peasantry of two hundred years ago. They

had made no improvements in anything, nor had they adopted any of the improvements made by others. The other forty-three thousand were made up by people from Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, Virginia and Pennsylvania. In that year (1818) the settled part of the state extended a little north of Edwardsville and Alton; south, along the Mississippi to the mouth of the Ohio; east, in the direction of Carlyle, in Clinton county, to the Wabash, and down the Wabash and the Ohio to the confluence of the Ohio with the Mississippi, where Cairo has since been built. But the country included within these boundaries was not all occupied at that time. Between the Kaskaskia River and the Wabash, and between the Kaskaskia and the Ohio there was a large wilderness that could not be traversed in less than three days. The entire northern part of the state was a trackless prairie. But gradually the settlements extended northward. Year by year immigration increased, but, as a rule, the early settlers selected homes in the timbered districts, leaving the prairies as worthless for agricultural uses, because of the scarcity of timber for fencing and other purposes. Gradually, however, a change came over the minds of men in regard to these things, and the prairies were sought after and put under cultivation; and as their easy subjection to farm tillage and rich returns came to be known, their fame spread abroad, and Illinois began to be regarded as a very *Valparaiso*.* But with all their wealth and productiveness the prairies of Northern Illinois remained comparatively unknown, and almost entirely unoccupied by white men until after the close of the Blackhawk Indian troubles, in 1832.

The first part of Northern Illinois to be permanently occupied by white men, so far as any records can be found, seems to have been La Pointe (now Galena). As to who made the first settlement the authorities differ. Ford's history ascribes that honor to Colonel James Johnson and a party of miners, from Kentucky, who located there in 1824, and commenced mining operations about one mile above the present site of the city. Another authority gives the honor to Ira Barker, who went from Terre Haute, Indiana, with an exploring party in the summer of 1824. This party made the entire journey across the state without seeing a single white man or sleeping in a house until they reached La Pointe, which, on their arrival, only boasted three or four log huts. The same authority from which this information is derived says that in the same summer three other men, Smith, Meeker and Harris, also, arrived at the same place, La Pointe. Whatever the differences of opinion as to *who* were the first settlers there, *all* agree as to the time—the summer of 1824. These men, it is fair to presume, were all mining adventurers, and the extraordinary success that attended their ventures induced a great rush there in 1825; while in 1826 and 1827 fortune hunters poured in by thousands. In 1825 Galena was mapped out, and February 17, 1827, Jo Daviess county, extending across Rock River and embracing the territory which is now comprised in nine counties, was erected. With the exception of the Galena miners of 1824 and a few scattered fur traders, there were no white settlers in all of Northern Illinois at that time.

The men composing General Scott's army, in his campaign against the Indians, were disbanded at Dixon, in the fall of 1832. During that campaign they had traversed a large part of the country tributary to Rock River, and observed its great natural beauty and fertility of soil, and upon their

*Spanish for Vale of Paradise.

return to their respective homes they carried with them such glowing descriptions of the Winnebago country, that it were strange, indeed, if it did not become to be regarded as an almost second Eden.

In 1833, the Fox River valleys began to settle up with immigrants from the older states, and in 1834 and 1835 the prairies along Rock River and the Kishwaukee Creeks began to receive the advance guard of the thousands of industrious and prosperous people that now dwell in their midst.

The earliest permanent white settler in the territory now included in Winnebago county, of whom there is any knowledge, was Stephen Mack. His cabin was built in a grove about half a mile above the mouth of the Pecatonica River at a place that was subsequently called Bird's Grove. The time of his coming and casting his lot with the Winnebagoes is not definitely known. Neither is there much known of his early life, or of the motives that caused him to isolate himself from kindred, friends and his own race. All that was ever known of this strange recluse is presented in the following sketch:

Stephen Mack was born in Vermont. He was the son of a retired army officer, who was largely engaged in the fur trade. After receiving a good common school education, Stephen was entered as a student at Dartmouth College, Hanover, New Hampshire. From some cause, he could not reconcile himself to the routine of college life, and, finally, abandoned it without waiting for commencement day. His father, hoping to reclaim him from the wild habits into which he had fallen, sent him out among the Western Indians to buy furs. Whither he drifted, or how he was occupied from the time he left parental guardianship until he came to the Rock River country is left to the conjecture of the curious. Having mixed a great deal with the Indians, gradually assimilating to their habits and customs, he at last married an Indian woman named Ho-no-ne-gah, the daughter of an Indian chief. The peculiar circumstances that led to this "match" are not definitely stated—that it was not a love match is beyond doubt. Some authorities state that Ho-no-ne-gah once saved Mack's life, from the fury of some Winnebagoes whom he had offended, and that out of gratitude he offered Ho-no-ne-gah his hand, his heart and his fortune as a recompense. Other authorities ascribe the marriage to selfishness and greed on Mack's part, hoping thereby to become enriched by the possession of the lands Ho-no-ne-gah would inherit from her father. Whatever the true cause, it is a secret with the others of his life, both of which have passed beyond the judgment of men. Of this marriage eight children were born—four girls and four boys. Two of the boys were named Henry and William. The names of the other two are not remembered, if ever known. The girls were named Rosa, Mary, Louise and Caroline. In after years, when Rock Ford had become Rockford, and a seminary had grown up with the city, Louise and Mary were sent there to be learned in the ways of the whites, but their wild natures were a proof against its civilizing influences, and finally followed their people to their new reservation in Minnesota, where they still remained at last authentic reports. Of the eight children born to Stephen Mack out of his wedlock with an Indian wife, not one became a citizen of the commonwealth of Illinois. Ho-no-ne-gah, the Indian mother of Mack's children, died in 1847, and a year afterwards he married a white woman. This marriage was an unfortunate alliance. The woman he chose for a second help-mate was not as good as his squaw wife. She robbed him whenever occasion

offered, and, finally, set fire to their house while under the influence of opium, to the use of which she was a great slave. A short time after this occurrence the life of Stephen Mack went out, and followed that of his Indian wife into the spirit world, while his mortal remains were buried amid the trees and flowers around the spot where his cabin had been reared, sometime about the year 1829.

Those who knew the subject of the above sketch say that Stephen Mack was dignified and manly in his bearing, affable and pleasant in his intercourse with his white neighbors, and particularly pleasant with those with whom he had an intimate acquaintance. It is said that he hardly ever used a profane word. Sometimes he would manifest religious inclinations, and at one time hired a man named McDowell to come to his house, read the Scriptures, and pray with his family. But this kind of devotion did not last long. Mack was tall, and as erect as any of the Indians among whom he dwelt, and possessing a good common education, and withal a close reader—always keeping a good stock of books in his cabin—he might have been a man among men, but he chose otherwise.

In the summer of 1833, Mr. John Phelps, who died a few years ago in Oregon, at the age of seventy-eight years, in company with a Frenchman, started down the Pecatonica from Mineral Point, Wisconsin, on a voyage of exploration or discovery. Their vessel was an ordinary canoe or dug out, and the propelling power a paddle in the hands of Lewis Lemon, a boy of color that Mr. Kent had brought from Alabama, and of whom we will speak more in detail in another place. These men made a short stop at the mouth of what was subsequently named Kent's creek, at the same place where Messrs. Germanicus Kent and Thatcher Blake landed in the late afternoon of an August day, 1834. Phelps and his companion *du voyage* were pleased with the location, and but for the seeming scarcity of timber would have located here. But that objection overruled their otherwise favorable impressions, and they passed on down the river and selected claims at the site now occupied by the town of Oregon, thus leaving Rockford to be founded by representatives from two extreme sections of the country—Germanicus Kent, of the State of Alabama, and Thatcher Blake, of the State of Maine.

In 1833, Mr. Kent with his family and his colored boy, Lewis Lemon, came up to Galena, where his brother, Rev. Aratus Kent, a Presbyterian clergyman, was located. Soon after his arrival there, Mr. Kent learned from some of the soldiers that had been with Scott's army, of the exceeding beauty of the Rock River country, and he determined to visit it at the earliest opportunity.

In June, 1834, Thatcher Blake, who combined the qualifications of school teacher and farmer, set out from his native county of Oxford, Maine, to find fame and fortune in the "far west." As he had no settled point in view, he traveled along from place to place, occasionally meeting a returned soldier from the Blackhawk war, from whom he heard glowing accounts of the Rock River country, and the immense and quickly acquired fortunes of the Galena miners. More impressed with the advantages the valley offered for farming than with the mineral resources of the Galena district, he determined to visit this valley, and if he found the half said of its beauty and wealth of soil to be true, to make it his home for life—a determination he has so far carried out. The only railroad in those days between Illinois and Maine, was the one from Albany to Troy, N. Y. The rest of Mr.

Blake's trip was made by the New York and Erie Canal, to Buffalo, thence by other conveyance to Pittsburg; thence by steamboat down the Ohio to the Mississippi, and up that river *via* St. Louis to Galena.

Soon after his arrival at Galena, and expressing his purpose to visit Rock river, he heard of Kent's purpose to make a similar trip, and he at once sought that gentleman's presence, made his acquaintance, and together they made arrangements for the prosecution of that tour of discovery that not only resulted to their own advantage, but to the advantage of many thousands of others.

They started from Galena in a "Democrat" wagon, passed up into Wisconsin, and struck the Pecatonica about four miles from what was then known as "Hamilton's Diggings," operated by a son of Alexander Hamilton, who was killed in a duel with Aaron Burr. A man named Ransom had settled on the Pecatonica at that point, and of him they purchased a canoe, and made the balance of the trip by that means of conveyance. The first halt they made was at Winnishick's village, where Freeport now is. There Mr. Kent went ashore to examine the land, leaving Mr. Blake in charge of the canoe, provisions, etc., and during his absence the Indians gathered around in such numbers that Mr. Blake was obliged to lay off in the middle of the stream to prevent them from plundering his "boat." Not exactly suited with the "lay of the land," at that point, their journey was resumed and continued until they glided into Rock river, upon whose silvery waters they floated down to the mouth of the creek that was named in honor of one of its discoverers, Germanicus Kent. Here they landed, late in the afternoon of an August day, 1834. Drawing their canoe ashore, tired with the fatigues of their long and tortuous journey, they soon disposed themselves to rest and slumber. On the morning of the morrow, after partaking of a camp breakfast, they set about an examination of the surroundings, and the impressions formed from reports of the beauty and fertility of the country, were more than confirmed by actual examination, and the conclusions then reached were never afterwards changed. At the close of the day they returned to their camp to partake of their evening meal and discuss the situation. Blake had selected a site for a farm, and Kent had selected a location for a saw mill on the little creek that now bears his name, a few rods above its mouth, little dreaming that the building of a mill there would be the nucleus around which would spring up one of the greatest manufacturing centres in the western country. But such have been the accomplishments of less than half a century. Another night's rest beneath the wide-spreading boughs and thick foliage of a friendly tree, an early breakfast, and their camp equipage re-packed and transferred to their canoe, and they again committed themselves to the current of Rock river, by which they were borne down to Dixon. From Kent's creek to Dixon they found no landmarks that pleased them so well as their discoveries here, and at Dixon they gave up the hunt, disposed of their canoe, and made for Galena, to perfect arrangements for the immediate occupancy and improvement of their claims at the junction of Kent's creek with Rock river. Wagons and teams were purchased, supplies laid in, and a gang of men employed to build a dam, dig the race and prepare the timber for the saw mill which Kent had determined to build. These preparations completed, the return trip was commenced. The country was then known as Winnebago. There were no roads—not even an Indian trail—to guide them from Galena directly to their new El Dorado. Their route was by way of the Galena

and Dixon line of travel as far as Chambers' Grove, from which point they struck out on the open prairie in a northeast course, and in the evening of the fourth day the pioneer cavalcade drew up and went into camp on the site of their future operations, and a manufacturing city in 1877 of at least 15,000 population.

We have been somewhat minute and elaborate in these followings of the settlements and incidents pertinent to the earlier history of the Winnebago country, that its historical connections with the PRESENT might be the more fully defined and preserved. And having traced the origin and history of the first settlement, in the fall of 1834, we come now to the immediate history of Winnebago County, first presenting its Physical Geography; second, its Geological Formations; and third, a brief reference to its Indian Antiquities, Mound Builders, etc.

PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

Winnebago County is bounded on the east by Boone County; on the south by Ogle County; on the west by Stephenson County, and on the north by the Wisconsin state line. It was organized by an act of the Legislature, in January, A. D. 1836, and derives its name from a tribe of Indians that once included its territory in their hunting grounds. It is twenty-four miles wide from east to west, and twenty-two miles long, on an average, from north to south, and contains about 540 sections of land. The townships as named are not all bounded by township lines, but in part by streams and imaginary lines, making the townships thus different in size and shape. Its general level is perhaps somewhat higher than that of Stephenson County, although we have no information of the actual figures. The face of the country is high, dry, somewhat more sandy, rolling and undulating than Stephenson. A considerable portion of the surface is covered with timber of various qualities. In the northwestern part of the county, along Sugar river and its tributaries, and along portions of the north bank of the Pecatonica, there is much scattering timber and brush land, interspersed with occasional swampy tracts. A few miles below Rockford, along the north bank of Rock river, and extending north and west from the same, there is a tract of barrens covered with brushwood and a rather light growth of white oak and black jack timber. In the southeastern portion of the county, along and near the Kishwaukee creeks, the face of the country is rough, hilly, barren, brushy, and covered with an occasional growth of fair timber. The rest of the county is chiefly prairie, interspersed with many beautiful but small groves.

It is well watered with many fine streams. Rock river enters it about six miles from its northeast corner, at Beloit, runs nearly due south some eighteen miles to Rockford, then bears off gradually to the west and enters Ogle County some fifteen miles south and west of this latter city. This noble and beautiful stream, and its broad, rich valley, fill the mind of the beholder with admiration. The waters of this stream are silvery and clear, beyond any other river in the State; its bottom, for the most part, rocky and sandy; its current, swift and strong; its flow and volume constant. Heavy water powers at Beloit, Rockton, and Rockford, afford splendid manufacturing facilities; and all along the stream, every few miles, dams might be constructed which would cause thousands of busy wheels to toil in the service of man. At these three places scores of foundries, factories,

machine shops, manufacturing establishments, paper mills, grain mills, and other similar enterprises attest the capabilities and power of this magnificent river.

The next stream in size is the Pecatonica river. It enters the county on the west, some eight miles from its southwestern corner, and flows in a general east and north course, about twenty miles, to near the town of Rockton, where it mingles its turbid waters with the bright, flashing current of Rock river. If possible, its course is more tortuous and its waters more muddy in Winnebago than in Stephenson county. Sugar river comes in from the northwest and enters the Pecatonica near the village of Shirland. Both these streams have bottoms of rich, deep alluvium from one to perhaps three miles wide. Neither of them afford any water power. Both of them, we believe, are dammed in the water mill sense of the term, but such lazy rivers will never make whirling wheels hum the songs of busy labor. The two branches of the Kishwaukee unite near the southeastern corner of the county, and flow in a considerable stream, until their commingled waters fall into Rock river, in the township of New Milford. Killbuck creek, in the southeast, Kent creek coming in at Rockford, the Kennikinick creeks in the neighborhood of Roscoe, and another considerable stream, a tributary of Sugar river, in the northwest, known as Coon creek, are the most important of the smaller streams, and with their little feeding tributaries afford plenty of water for agricultural purposes, together with a number of light water powers.

Some of the Indian names of these streams have a very descriptive significance. Pecatonica, as before mentioned, means "crooked stream" or "muddy waters," and so far as the stream is descriptive of the name, it ought to mean them both. Sinissippi, the Indian name of Rock river, signifies "rocky river." Kishwaukee means "clear waters" or "sycamore," a name reasonably descriptive of the stream. Winnebago means the "fish eaters."

Taking, therefore, all things into consideration, Winnebago County is hardly so good a county for agricultural purposes as its western neighbor, Stephenson. The soil is hardly so fat; the amount of poor land is proportionately greater. But taking into account its manufacturing interests and facilities, the unexampled fertility and Rhine-like beauty of its Rock river valley, and the enterprise and wealth of its grove-besprinkled city of Rockford, it would puzzle a jury to decide which is the more desirable county.

GEOLOGICAL FORMATIONS.

[*Compiled from the State Geological Report of 1873, Vol. V., pp. 84-93.*]

The geology of Winnebago County is of the simplest character. First, there are the usual quaternary deposits, consisting of sand, clays, gravels, boulders, subsoils and alluvium. After these, the three well-known divisions of the Trenton limestone outcrop along the streams and hills, and show themselves in the railroad cuts, wells and quarries in different parts of the country. These are the Galena, Blue and Buff limestones of the Western Geologists. A perpendicular section, as near as we can construct it, exhibits the following strata:

Quaternary deposits. Average depth, about.....	15 feet.
Galena limestone.....	96 "
Blue limestone.....	85 "
Buff limestone.....	45 "

The measurements of the limestones were made at actual worked outcrops. At no place was the St. Peter's sandstone discovered, although it is supposed that it comes well to the surface about Beloit and Rockton. No remains of the Cincinnati group were discovered, although the thickness of the Galena indicated that patches of it might exist. The Trenton limestones were the only ones exposed or dug into in the county.

SURFACE GEOLOGY.

Alluvial Deposits.—The usual alluvial bottoms exist along the Rock, Pecatonica, and Sugar rivers. These are from one to five miles in width. On the two latter named streams, the deposit is deep, black, fat and rich, supporting in places a heavy growth of timber, and, where cultivated, affording the usual superior Indian corn land of flat river bottoms. The deposit along Rock river is not so rich, being composed of more sands and clays, with occasional patches and strips of the fatter soils.

*Loess.**—Some of the bluffs along Rock river are in part composed of loess clays, in which no fluviatile shells were noticed. But this formation was found to be of very limited extent.

The Drift Proper.—The drift, a subject of grave discussion among scientists and geologists, is very largely developed in this county. It is composed of loose detrital matter, often of considerable thickness, brought from long distances and deposited over large areas of the county. The materials making up this loose mass were not derived, to any great extent, from the underlying Trenton rocks, but came from the metamorphic regions of the north. Whether brought by the currents and flow of the waters, or transported adhering to the sides of the slow moving, pale green mountains, the ice-bergs; or ground and pushed and moved along by creeping, all-powerful glaciers, will, perhaps, never be positively known. All of these causes may have contributed to these results, but the appearance of the gravel beds themselves indicates the long continued action of water. This is much more evident in Winnebago County, says the report, than in the Stephenson county gravel beds. The railroad track from Beloit to Caledonia, every few miles, cuts through the top of long, undulating swells of land. These swells are pure, unmodified, unstratified drift. They are made up of assorted and well rounded gravel of all sizes, from that of a pistol bullet to that of a goose egg, intermingled with a white or yellowish-white sand, and occasional small boulders, and are sometimes ten or fifteen feet in thickness. All the railroads exhibit the same beds along their tracks, though in a less prominent degree. Every township in the county has more or less of these gravel beds, and their underlying associate deposits of clay and sand. Along some of the prairies, and in the little streams, huge boulders, the size of a hay-cock are sometimes found, partially sunk into the soil by their great weight. Two of these particularly attracted the attention of the State geologists. One was as black as night, but bisected through the middle by a flame of flesh-colored granite three-fourths of an inch in thickness. They once saw one precisely like it, and evidently from the same original locality, in Clark county, Missouri. The other was flame-colored and planed smooth on two sides, nearly at right angles, evidently by glacial action. These lost or transported rocks, the story of whose journey from the north is wrapped in deep mystery—clay and sand banks, with faint lines of stratification in some instances, assorted gravel beds, nuggets

*Loess—To loosen, detach. A tertiary deposit on the banks of the Rhine.

and boulders of copper, rounded to smoothness by erosion of the waters; all these left in their present positions by the waves of the retiring seas, slightly modified, in some cases, by subsequent agencies—make the study of the drift in this country attractive, and are full of lessons of thought to the contemplative mind.

THE TRENTON FORMATION.

The Galena Limestone.—Two-thirds of Winnebago County is underlaid by this rock. It is a heavy-bedded, yellowish, cream-colored dolomitic limestone, compact, irregular, somewhat crystalline towards the middle and bottom strata, light-colored, porous, crumbling, and full of sand in little cavities towards the top. In some localities the bottom layers pass gradually into the blue, shaley parts of the Blue division, so that it is difficult to place the line of demarkation between the two. An imaginary line entering the county about the southeast corner of the township of Roscoe, drawn thence in a southeast course until Rock river is reached; thence in a slight bend towards the northwest until within a short distance of the Pecatonica, at a point about four miles above its mouth; thence meandering along the Pecatonica from one to two miles south of the thread of that stream until the western boundary line of the county is reached; thence starting south and keeping around the boundary line to the place of beginning, and embracing about two-thirds of the county, would indicate the superficial extent of this division, to which might be added a narrow strip extending from the village of Pecatonica up towards and nearly to the northwest corner of the county. The most notable quarries and outcrops within these boundaries are the following: The first heavy outcrop of the Galena limestone is on Rock river, about three miles above Rockford. A high bluff on the north bank of the river presents a bold escarpment some seventy-five feet in height. Here a large quarry has been opened. The stones are hard, compact, and sub-crystalline, and burn into the very best quick-lime. Large quantities of this stone are transported down to Rockford and burned into lime at the New York lime-kiln. The next heavy outcrops are found at Rockford. Along the Prairie ridge, one mile east of Rockford, there is an exposure of about forty feet in thickness, where a light-colored, whitish, friable stone is quarried to a considerable extent. In a timbered ridge, about one mile north of the fair grounds, there is another deposit of about ninety-six feet in thickness, where the quarrymen have penetrated entirely through the Galena limestone, and entered the Blue limestone below it. The line of demarkation is strongly defined. Three miles below the city, in a bluff on the west side of the river, is a worked out crop thirty-five feet thick. Still farther down the river, and near the Ogle county line, is an exposure in the timber, about six feet in depth. Thus the valley of Rock river, for two-thirds of its extent in Winnebago County, is hollowed out of the Galena limestone.

In all the cuts and excavations along the line of the Galena division of the North-Western railroad, which enters the county near the village of Pecatonica on the west, and leaves it on the east line, lead-bearing rocks are shown. At Cherry Valley a heavy quarry of these cream-colored limestones has been worked. The massive stone for the railroad bridge and piers at this place, was taken from this quarry. From a crevice in this quarry several nuggets of pure copper were taken, the larger of which were sold to tanners, or found their way into eastern museums. Two and a half miles

below Cherry Valley, on the Kishwaukee, is another quarry, at which a lime-kiln has been operated. At Trink's quarry, a mile farther down, there is an exposure of fifteen or twenty feet, from which many cords of stone have been taken.

One of the heaviest outcrops is found a little east of the station of Harlem, on the line of the railroad leading from Rockford to Caledonia. The cut passes through a rocky hill, several hundred yards in length and about eighty feet in depth at the comb of the elevation. The strata here are massive and solid, and furnish splendid material for heavy masonry. The top of the hill is covered with a fine, limey, white clay. Gravel and boulders also abound in the neighborhood. About Winnebago, Argyle, and along south of Harrison, are a number of light quarries worked into the Galena. Without particularizing, says the report, all that part of the county bounded by our imaginary line circumscribing the Galena, is underlaid, at no great depth, by this famous lead-bearing rock. The only fossil found in abundance is the characteristic *Receptaculites sulcata*. Quarrymen and miners speak of it as the "honey-comb," "sunflower coral," or "lead fossil." Specimens are numerous, but generally break to pieces before finding their way into the cabinet, on account of the friable nature of the upper strata in which they are mostly found.

The Blue Limestone.—The Blue limestone, or Trenton proper of the older western geologists, next succeeds the Galena in the descending order. It is largely developed in the northern and northwestern part of the county. It is here a thin-bedded, bluish-gray limestone, calcareous, or with a lime base—but some of the shaley partings have a clayey base. In the bottom of the deeper quarries, a very blue stratum always exists. This is massive and conchoidal or glassy in fracture, and in the mining region is known as the "glass rock." A line drawn from a point in the western boundary line of the county, some two or three miles north of where the Pecatonica river enters it, along the north edge of the alluvial bottom of this stream to a locality about midway between Shirland and Rockton; thence east of north to the northern boundary line of the county; thence west round the county line to the place of beginning, would bound the superficial area underlaid by this deposit, except that the extreme western part occasionally shows beds of passage into the overlying Galena, and except that a considerable patch of the Blue rocks exist in the extreme northeastern part of the county.

The first and second railroad cuts east of Shirland, made by the Western Union railroad in excavating for their track, afford the best exposure examined for investigating the Blue limestones of the Trenton series. The first is about eight hundred feet long and thirty feet deep; the second is about four hundred and fifty feet long and fifteen feet deep. The rocks are of a whitish-gray color, with conchoidal fracture, becoming darker colored as the lower strata of the quarries are reached. Further west, about Durant, the stone shows a nearer approximation, in lithological characters, to the Galena. The elevations here are capped with the latter rock. The Sugar river hills are rock-ribbed with the division of the Trenton.

The fossils noticed in the railroad cuts near Shirland are numerous, but mostly small and fragmentary. Some of the thinner and more shaly strata are covered with shells, fragments of trilobites, stems of the encrinites, and pieces of corals, so thick as to resemble masses of fossils stuck together by some adhesive paste.

The Buff Limestone.—This is an unevenly bedded, somewhat argilla-

ceous or clayey, dolomite. For the most part, it is of a light yellowish or brownish color, shading into blue towards the bottom of the quarries. It is not very homogeneous in composition or stratification, presenting in some of its layers an earthy, and in some a crystalline, appearance. In every outcrop worked to any considerable extent the lower layers become quite massive, and of a dark blue color. When first removed from the quarry, this blue stone presents a beautiful appearance, and no materials make handsomer mason work, but when exposed to the weather for some length of time the dark, rich, blue color fades into dirty whitish blue. It makes a good building stone, but on account of its earthy base does not burn into good lime. But a limited portion of the county is underlaid by this formation.

Fossils.—The characteristic fossils of the buff limestone, observed at Rockton, consist of fragments and indistinct traces of fucoids: **Cephalopoda*, of the genus *Orthoceras*, *Cyrtoceras*, and *Lituites*; *Gasteropoda*, of the genera *Pleurotomaria* and *Murchisonia*; *Brachiopoda*, of the genera *Orthis* and *Strophomena*; *Lamellibranchiata*, of the genera *Tellinomya* and *Ambonychia*; and zoophytes, or corals in fragments.

The *Pleurotomaria subconica*, *Oncoceras pandion*, *Tellinomya cuneata*, *Ormoceras tenuifilum*, *Tellinomya ventricosa*, and species of *Orthocera* and *Ambonychia*, are the fossils occurring in the greatest abundance. The casts of some of these come out in great perfection.

***CEPHALOPODA.**—Having a head furnished with arms for feet, as the cuttle fish. It is a snail shell and not a bivalve.

ORTHO-CERA.—Greek for straight horn; is a segmented-chambered shell.

CYRTOCERA.—Greek for bent horn; same as above, only bent.

LITUITES.—Differs slightly from above in connection between segments.

GASTEROPODA.—Greek for stomach-footed, i. e., having feet on the arms about the stomach, like the common snail.

PLEUROTOMARIA.—A species of the above, but with square outer surface to the whorls.

MURCHISONIA.—A long steeple shell named from Sir R. I. Murchison, an eminent English geologist.

BRACHIOPODA.—Like an ordinary bivalve, in which the mouth of the animal faces the corner of the shell; *Orthis* family, a thin D-shaped bivalve; *Strophomena*, a variety of the *Orthis*, the difference being in the hinge.

LAMELLIBRANCHIATA.—A laminated shell, the animal having a mantle reaching out to the edge of the shell, like an oyster.

TELLINOMYA.—A genus of marine bivalve.

AMBONYCHIA.—A species of marine clam shells.

ONCOCERAS.—A species of *Orthoceras*.

ECONOMICAL GEOLOGY.

Building Stone.—Stone adapted to building purposes is plentiful. The quarries at Harlem and Cherry Valley furnish excellent materials for solid and massive masonry. Many of the private residences in Rockford, as well as the public school building, are built from stone taken from the Rockford quarry. These buildings present a rich cream colored appearance and beauty that cannot be easily excelled. The general appearance is superior to walls built up with the famous Milwaukee brick.

The Buff and Blue limestone also furnish stone of good quality for all ordinary mason work.

Lime.—The Buff limestone of Rockton does not burn a good quicklime, but, if properly managed, would no doubt return a good lime for hydraulic uses. Some of the Blue limestone makes a fair quicklime, but

the Galena excels all others in the quality of this useful material. It can be obtained in inexhaustible quantities from convenient quarries.

Sands and Clays.—Sands for all economical purposes are found almost anywhere along the river banks or from thickly strewn drift deposits. Clay for good common red brick is abundant in almost any of the underlying subsoils.

Mineral Wealth.—Of this the county possesses very little. Although covered to so large an extent by the real lead-bearing rocks, no bodies of mineral have ever been found in the county. Some traces of lead have been found in many of the worked exposures, and bits of float mineral are sometimes picked up in the gravel beds, but these are simply matters of curiosity, and do not denote any workable deposits of lead ore.

Bog iron ore exists about many of the springs, but is worthless for economical purposes. Copper in its pure state has often been met with. No deposits of the metal exist. It is all float material, found in connection with the drifts. The largest boulder or nugget ever found was by a railroad laborer in the southeast part of the county. Its weight was fourteen pounds. Another nugget of several pounds' weight was found in digging a well some thirty feet below the surface. While these are matters of interesting speculation, they do not add much to the economical uses of the county.

Peat.—The land is too well drained to afford favorable conditions for the growth of this useful material. No beds of value have ever been found.

INDIAN ANTIQUITIES.

The Indian race is fast fading away before the resistless march of the Anglo-Saxon race, and at his present rapid rate of decrease the Indian will soon be a historic name. But he has left memorials which will last when the proudest builded monuments of his all-conquering foes have crumbled into oblivion. The geography and significance of our Indian names is a wonderful subject. Flint arrow points and spear heads are frequently picked up, while stone axes and smooth, oblong instruments, sharp at one end, and used for skinning animals, are of not unfrequent finding.

The mound builders, whoever they were, once swarmed in the valleys and woodlands, sat down upon every picturesque spot along the streams, and left their mound-built structures as memorial monuments of their busy lives. These things do not belong to the geology of the county, and are only introduced here because they are subjects of interest to thoughtful men.

Three classes of these mounds have been noticed in this county—the common round mound, from ten to fifteen feet in diameter, and from two and a half to five feet high. There is a large group of them on the banks of Rock River, six or seven miles below Rockford. At many other places along the river they exist in scattered groups. On the north bank of the river, within the city limits of Rockford, several large ones are preserved in private grounds. But by far the largest number of them are found on the banks of the Kishwaukee, in the southeastern part of the county, near the confluence of the two streams of that name. Scores of them are scattered about there, and scores more have been nearly obliterated by the sacriligious hand of the plowman. The older inhabitants recall many

occasions where bands of Indians, pilgrim-like, returned to these silent mounds and held over them for days their mystic rites.

The oblong shaped mound is of much rarer occurrence. At the locality in Rockford, already alluded to, there is a very remarkable one. It is one hundred and thirty feet long, about twelve feet wide at the base, and three or four feet high. Near by this one is a mound of the third class, or those having a fanciful resemblance to some form of animal life. In Rockford it is called the "Turtle Mound," but it resembles more an alligator with its head cut off than it does a turtle. Its dimensions are: Whole length, one hundred and fifty feet; width, opposite fore legs, fifty feet; width, opposite hind legs, thirty-nine feet; length of tail, from point opposite hind legs to end of tail, one hundred and ten feet; length from a point opposite hind to a point opposite fore legs, thirty-three feet; distance from opposite fore legs to where neck should begin, fifteen feet. The figure lies up and down the river, on a line almost north and south, the tail extending northward. The body rises into a mound as high as a standing man. The feet and tail gradually extend into the greensward, growing less distinct and indefinable, until they cannot be distinguished from the surrounding sod. The effigy, whether of alligator, lizard, or turtle, seems to be headless, and no depression in the surrounding soil would indicate that the materials out of which it is constructed were obtained in its immediate vicinity. It is a curious structure, and one would like to know its true history as he looks upon its partially defaced form. What were its uses, and who builded its uncouth animal proportions, may be better answered by the researches of the antiquarian than by the geologist or historian.

In prosecuting a search in one of these mounds for relics, August 12, 1874, Hiram R. Enoch, Esq., Editor of the *Rockford Journal*, uncovered a gypsum tablet bearing the inscriptions represented on the subjoined engraving.

The tablet was about three-eighths of an inch in thickness. The mound from which it was taken was located six miles below Rockford, and was about seven feet in height. The tablet was found at the bottom of the mound, on a level with the surrounding claim.

The figures as represented on this cut are reversed from those on the "tablet." They should change sides, yet face towards the central figure as now.



GENERAL HISTORY.

We left Germanicus Kent and Thatcher Blake, the first permanent settlers of Winnebago County and the real founders of Rockford, together with the few men who accompanied them, going into camp on Kent's Creek, on their return from Galena with teams, supplies, etc., preparatory to beginning improvements on the claims they had selected in August. From this point we take up the text of the PAST AND PRESENT OF WINNEBAGO COUNTY, and will seek to make it as detailed and accurate as accessible data will permit. That some errors will occur in the dates and the names of prominent characters in the county's history, cannot be denied, but studious care will be taken to avoid as many such inaccuracies as possible.

The first work undertaken by these pioneers was the erection of a cabin 12x14 feet, which was soon completed. The site selected for that house was on the south side of what are now the grounds of Mr. Robert H. Tinker, on the north side of Kent's Creek, and only a few rods from what is now Main street. Their rude cabin completed, preparations were undertaken for the erection of the saw mill. The timber for this mill was taken from the finest on the east side of the river on the grounds now occupied by the Rockford Female Seminary. In November, after the timber for the mill had been hewn out and hauled to the ground where it was to be erected, Mr. Kent returned to Galena, where he remained during the winter, making only one trip to the site of his new home towards spring to bring down supplies. While the other men were hard at work on the mill, Mr. Blake erected a cabin in the grove on the claim he had selected, in which himself, Jefferson Garner, Squier Garner and Joseph Garner, the mill men, spent the winter of 1834-5.

The next settler came in the early part of April, 1835. The first intimation the founders of Rockford had of his coming was the sight of his covered wagon on the east side of the river. The ice had not all gone out of the river, but had become somewhat weakened by the mildness of the weather. Messrs. Kent and Blake (Kent had just brought down the supplies spoken of above) crossed the river, and met Daniel Shaw Haight. Accompanying Haight were two or three other men who were on an exploring expedition. Haight selected a claim on the east side of the river, and in a short time returned to Geneva for his wife and family. In May he came back, bringing in addition to his wife and one child, his wife's sister, a Miss Carey, and a hired man—Mrs. Haight and her sister being the first white women to visit and become settlers at Rockford. For a time, and until a cabin could be built, and this was delayed until Haight made a second trip to Geneva to bring up the balance of their household goods, the family lived under the wide spreading boughs of a burr oak tree. Haight was a native of Balton, Warren county, New York, from whence, a year or two previous to his appearance on Rock River, he had moved to and selected a claim in Kane county, near Geneva. He sold that claim to a Mr. Harrington, father of Mr. Gus. Harrington, who, in after years, became a noted Democratic politician. Haight's cabin was the first one built on the east side of the river, and was a double cabin, that is, a cabin of two rooms about the same size. It afterwards became a place of note, serving in turn as hotel, meeting house, post office, circuit court room, etc. These first cabins were very primitive affairs, but the manner of their con-

struction has been so often described as to render an additional description superfluous. Suffice it to say, that Haight's cabin was made and finished without nails. Door hinges were made of wood; the floors of puncheons, logs split in thicknesses of three or four inches, one side dressed down with a broad-ax, and the ends of the other side, where they were to rest on the sleepers, dressed down to a level in like manner. There were no attempts at building frame houses until 1836, when Bundy and Goodhue built a frame store house, on what is now lot one on block eight. The floors were made from sawed lumber, the siding from split stuff, and the studding from small saplings hewed on either side. Thomas Lake and Sidney Twogood were the carpenters.

Kent's mill enterprise met with its set-backs. Soon after they came in the fall of 1834, they commenced to build the dam, but in January following, when the ice was sixteen inches in thickness, a thaw came, the creek began to rise, and, breaking over its icy barrier, the water rushed down in one huge torrent and carried the dam away, together with huge pieces of shelving rock that cropped out along the banks of the creek. Early in the spring, workmen commenced digging the race, but the re-building of the dam was not undertaken until in June, nor was the mill completed until July. In the fall of 1834, Kent had commenced to build a good log house, which was completed in the spring following, and into which his family moved immediately on their arrival from Galena. Kent's claim embraced a section of land including Mr. Tinder's estate, extending south as far as Montague's addition; on the west, it included the property of S. M. Church, and extended north to State street, the eastern line following the bank of Rock river. The vast manufacturing establishments that followed the building of the Rock river dam, are located on a part of the Kent claim, the ownership of which land, if now vested in one man, would be an immense fortune. Blake's claim included the northwest quarter of section twenty, and the southwest quarter of section twenty-nine. The third claim was made by Mr. Kent for an Englishman, named John Wood, a former superintendent of the Bell Factory cotton and woolen mills, about nine miles from Huntsville, Alabama, owned and operated by Messrs. Patton, Donaghon & Co., of which firm Mr. Kent had been a member. This claim was made in the fall of 1834, but Mr. Wood did not come to occupy it until the spring of 1835. These claims were all located on the west side of the river. James Boswell made the second claim on the east side of the river soon after Haight's arrival.

In June, 1835, the Rockford settlement numbered only eleven persons. The first religious services held at Rockford were at the house of Germanicus Kent, on the second Sunday of June, 1835, and were conducted by his brother, Rev. Aratus Kent, of Galena. On that occasion every soul in Rockford attended divine service. The audience was composed of Mrs. Haight and Miss Carey, her sister, Mrs. Kent and Germanicus Kent, Thatcher Blake, Albert Sanford, Daniel S. Haight and his hired man, and Kent's mill-wright, a Mr. Van Zandt.

The first claim was made here in 1834. During that winter and up to the second Sunday in June following, the population numbered only eleven persons, whose names we have just repeated. In the latter part of that year an increase of the following names had been added: Ephraim Wyman, Wm. E. Dunbar, John Vance, Eliphalet Gregory, P. P. Churchill, Mr. — Smith, Lewis Haskins, Joseph Jolly, John Caton, Chas. Hall, Milton Kil-

burn, Luke Joslin, Israel Morrell, D. A. Spaulding, Lova Coy and Adam Keith. There may have been some others, says the authority from which we quote, that have been overlooked. These names increased the Rockford population to twenty-seven adults, in the fall of 1835. But these were not all that had come in and claimed an abiding place in what is now Winnebago County. Settlements had been commenced in different parts of the county, and according to a speech delivered before the early settlers in Rockford, in June, 1860, by Selden M. Church, there were the following settlers in what are now the different townships, in the summer of 1835:

New Milford.—Samuel Brown, Wm. R. Wheeler, Richard Hoga-boom, Phineas M. Johnson, John Adams, James Campbell, John B. Long, and a Mr. Paddleford.

Guilford.—Henry Enoch, Wm. H. Enoch, J. A. Pike, Abraham I. Enoch, John Kelsoe, Mr. Rexford, Jas. Sayre, Abel C. Gleason. John Brink and Wm. C. Blair.

Butler (now Cherry Valley).—Joseph P. Briggs.

Harlem.—Wm. Mead, Chauncy Mead and Zemri Butler.

Roscoe.—Robert J. Cross, Robert Logan, Elijah H. Brown and Wm. Brayton.

Rockton.—Thos. B. Talcott, Wm. Talcott, Henry Talcott, John F. Thayre, Isaac Adams, Pearly P. Burnham, Darius Adams, David A. Blake, Ellison Blake, John Kilgore and John Lovessee.

Owen.—Jas. B. Lee and Richard M. Walker.

Burritt.—Isaac Hame, John S. McIntosh, A. M. Shearman, John Manchester and family, Elias Trask and Alva Trask.

Lysander (now Pecatonica).—Ephraim Sumner, Wm. Sumner, Mrs. Dolly Guilford, Elijah Guilford and Thos. Hame.

Elida (now Winnebago).—David A. Holt.

Howard (now Durand).—Harvey Lowe and Nelson Salisbury. These parties made claims in 1835, but did not occupy them till the spring of 1836.

Seward.—Thomas Williams, Joseph Vance, Austin Andrews and Edmund Whittlesy.

Harrison.—Joseph Miner, Albert Fancher, Eli Burbank, and a Mr. Barneby.

The names above given only represent the heads of families and unmarried men, making a total of 81.

In the fall of 1835 a rapid increase of immigration set in, which was kept up from that time forward. In 1836-7, the increase was very large. As each new comer was pleased or displeased with the country, so were their friends in the old home influenced. But few were dissatisfied, however, and their glowing letters descriptive of the beauty of the landscape, fertility of the soil, etc., were only incentives to increased immigration.

In the summer and fall of 1835, the necessity for some kind of local government began to be agitated, and steps were taken to organize the county. In January, 1836, an act was passed by the Legislature for the organization of Winnebago, Kane and Ogle counties. That act defined the county lines of Winnebago as follows: "Commencing at the southeast corner of township number forty-three, range number four, east of the third principal meridian; thence west to said meridian; thence north, along a line of said meridian, to the southeast corner of township number twenty-six, in range number eleven, east of the fourth principal meridian; thence west to the



Wm. Tuley
(DECEASED)
ROCKTON

dividing line between ranges numbers seven and eight; thence north along said dividing line, to the northern boundary of the State; thence east along said boundary line, to the northeast corner of range four, east of the third principal meridian; thence south to the place of beginning."

As thus defined, Winnebago included all of the present county of Boone, and the two tier of townships on the western part of Stephenson County. Boone was set off and erected into a separate county in the winter of 1836-7, the first election being held on the first Monday of May, 1837. Stephenson was created a year or two later.

The same act designated Robert Stephens and Rezin Zorley, of Cook county, and John Phelps, of Jo. Daviess County, as commissioners to "establish the permanent seat of justice of Winnebago County," and appointed the first Monday in May of the same year as the time, and the house of Daniel S. Haight as the place, where they should meet preparatory to a discharge of their duties as such commissioners.

Section 8, of the same act, provided that, until public buildings should be erected, the courts should be held at the house of Germanicus Kent or Daniel S. Haight, as the county commissioners should direct.

The law under which the county was organized required that there should be three hundred and fifty legal voters before the county could hold an election. Dr. Daniel H. Whitney undertook the task of census-taker, and succeeded in obtaining the requisite number of names, which evidence was submitted to Hon. Thomas H. Ford, then Circuit Judge, who gave the necessary order for the election. At that time, and from the adoption of the constitution under which Illinois Territory had been admitted into the union as a sovereign and independent state, the county and state elections were held on the first Monday in August annually. Since then the time has been changed to November. At the same time Judge Ford ordered the election, he appointed Germanicus Kent, of Rockford, Joseph P. Griggs, of Cherry Valley (then Butler precinct), and Robert J. Cross, of Roscoe, as judges or inspectors of the election.

Notwithstanding the first Monday in May, 1836, had been appointed by Legislative enactment for the meeting of the commissioners to locate the county seat, they delayed meeting for the discharge of the trust reposed in them until the fourteenth of July following.

In August, 1835, Nicholas Boilvin, of Chicago, aided by a Major Campbell, (said to have been a resident of Ottawa) purchased of Catherine Mayott, a woman of Indian extraction, her right to an unlocated section of land, for the sum of eight hundred dollars. This land, as was shown by subsequent events, belonged jointly to Nicholas Boilvin, a free trader, of Chicago, Charles Reed, of Joliet, and Major Campbell. The instrument of writing conveying this right of ownership from Catherine Mayott to the parties above named was the first deed entered on record in Winnebago County, and, as the land it conveyed entered largely into the early history of the county, we copy it entire:

Know all men by these presents, that I, Catharine Mayott, of the town of Chicago, and State of Illinois, for and in consideration of the sum of eight hundred dollars, to me in hand well and truly paid by my relative and friend, Nicholas Boilvin, of said Chicago, the receipt whereof I hereby acknowledge, have granted, bargained, sold and conveyed, and by these presents do grant, bargain, sell and convey unto the said Nicholas Boilvin, his heirs, executors and assigns, the unlocated section of land which was granted to me by the fifth article of the treaty between the United States and the Winnebago Nation of Indians, made and concluded at Prairie du Chien, on the first day of August, in the year of our Lord one

thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine, (the other section granted to me having been sold to Henry Gratiot), together with all the right, title, interest, claim and control which I, the said Catharine Mayott, have, or may, or can have, by virtue of the treaty aforesaid. To have and to hold to him, the said Nicholas Boilvin, his heirs, executors and assigns, to his and their sole use and behoof forever. And furthermore, I, the said Catharine, for myself, my heirs, executors and assigns, hereby covenant, promise and agree to and with the said Nicholas Boilvin, his heirs, executors and assigns, that all acts and doings in the premises which have hitherto been done, or may yet be performed under the direction or authority of the said Boilvin or his lawful agent, I will ratify and confirm; and I hereby bind myself, my heirs and executors, to the fulfillment of the contract between the said Boilvin and myself, hereby granting and selling unto the said Nicholas Boilvin all my right, title and interest in and to the premises aforesaid, in as full, perfect and absolute a manner as it is possible to be done, performed or executed. In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and seal, at Chicago aforesaid, this twenty-fifth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five.

her
CATHARINE X MAYOTT. [SEAL.]
mark.

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of

G. W. DOLE,
THOMAS HARTZELL,
ISAAC HARMON.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COOK CO.

This day came before me, Catharine Mayott, to me personally known as the real person who executed the foregoing deed of conveyance; and then before me, after the same was read, and the contents thereof being fully explained to her, acknowledged that she had executed the same freely and voluntarily for the uses and purposes therein contained, and acknowledged herself satisfied with the consideration therein named and received thereof.

Given under my hand and seal this 25th day of August, A. D. 1835.

ISAAC HARMON, J. P. [Seal.]

Recorded September 3d, 1835.

RECORDER'S OFFICE, COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

I, Richard J. Hamilton, Recorder of Cook County and State aforesaid, do hereby certify that the within and foregoing deed of conveyance from Catharine Mayott to Nicholas Boilvin is a true copy of the original as recorded in my office, on the third day of September, 1835, in Book I, page 428. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal of office, this 29th day of August, 1836.

Ten years after the date of the certificate of the Recorder of Cook County, the copy of the deed certified to by him was entered for record in Winnebago County, as the following endorsement certifies:

Filed September 7th, 1846. Recorded and examined September 8th, 1836.

DANIEL H. WHITNEY, *Recorder Winnebago Co., Illinois.*

With the warranty conveyed in this deed, Nicholas Boilvin claimed section fourteen, township number forty-four north, range one east of the third principal meridian, about two miles above the city of Rockford. Soon after Boilvin made this selection, Mr. Charles Reed appeared as principal manager, and a town was mapped out and named Winnebago. Reed's purpose was to make this place the county seat, and so far as the action of the gentlemen appointed by the Legislature to establish the "permanent seat of justice for Winnebago County" was concerned—at least two of them, Robert Stephens and Rezin Zorley (the third one, John Phelps, never appearing)—he was successful. The time fixed by law for the discharge of that duty, was the first Monday in May, 1836, or as soon thereafter as practicable; but the two commissioners named above (Stephens and Zorley) did not appear at the place appointed for them to meet, until the fourteenth day of July following. After being first duly sworn by James McKee, a justice of the peace for Will County, they proceeded to discharge their trust. On the sixteenth day of the same month, they reported that, "being

governed in the matter by the best judgment they were able to form respecting the same, they had determined on, fixed and selected, the following place or location for the permanent seat of justice for Winnebago County, to-wit: In section fourteen, township number forty-four north, range one, east of the third principal meridian, at a point fourteen chains south of the quarter-section corner, on the line dividing sections thirteen and fourteen, and four chains west of said line, upon which point the stake was struck, on the sixteenth day of July, A. D. 1836, on lands owned by Nicholas Boilvin & Co., on the express condition that said Boilvin & Co. are to make a good warranty deed to said County of Winnebago, of thirty acres, for the purpose of erecting public buildings for said County, so long as it shall remain the permanent seat of justice for said County," etc.

This selection of a site for the "permanent seat of justice for Winnebago County," was not satisfactory to the people—at least to that portion of them included among the friends of Rockford, and they were more numerous than the friends of Winnebago, and it was intimated among a good many of the settlers, that Reed had *seen* the commissioners before they came to discharge their duty. However true this intimation may have been, his *seeing* them and the honor of having secured their report favorable to Winnebago, proved of little real value to him and his associates, Messrs. Campbell and Boilvin, for the county business was never transacted there. To quote the language of the surviving settlers of 1836, "they were 'bull-dozed' out of it."

The law providing for the organization of Winnebago County further declared "that the said county seat should be located on lands belonging to the United States, if a site for said county seat on such lands can be found eligible, or upon lands claimed by citizens of said county; but if such location should be made upon land claimed by any individual having title or pre-emption right to the same, the claimant or proprietor upon whose claim or right of pre-emption the said seat of justice might be located, should make a deed in fee simple to any number of acres of said tract, not less than twenty, to the said county; or in lieu thereof, such claimant or owner or owners of such pre-emption right should donate to the said county at least three thousand dollars, to be applied to building county buildings within one year after the location of said county seat; and that the proceeds of such quarter section, if the county seat should be located on government lands, or the proceeds of such twenty acres of land, if it were located on pre-emption right of individuals, or the said three thousand dollars, in case such pre-emption right or owner or owners shall elect to pay that sum in lieu of the said twenty acres, shall be appropriated to the erection of a sufficient court house and jail."

Reed, for himself and associates, carried out in good faith, so far as making and tendering a deed for the land (as specified in the bill under which the county was organized) was concerned, to the county commissioners at their first meeting in August; but it was rejected in consequence of the following objectionable clause: "To have and to hold (the said thirty acres of land), with all the privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging, as long as the same shall remain as the permanent seat of justice for said county."

From the time the locating commissioners struck the stake designating the ground whereon the county seat should be located, Mr. Reed spared no effort to herald the advantages of Winnebago, and to improve the place by

the erection of buildings, etc. He at once built a two-story house, which he used as a hotel and store. S. S. Richardson and Kingsley located there and joined Reed in making improvements. John Vance started a provision store, and a son of Vulcan opened a blacksmith shop. With these buildings, seven dwelling houses, a free ferry, a lime kiln, etc., the opening of a road through the timber east from Winnebago, to meet the state road from Chicago to Galena, at Beaver creek, and sundry other local undertakings, Winnebago really began to wear the appearance of thrift. No man knew better than Reed that all these things were necessary to bolster up and sustain the report of the commissioners. But other agencies were at work, which, in the end overcame all his aspirations and rendered useless his expenditures of time and money to make Winnebago the "permanent seat of justice for Winnebago County." This was the beginning of county seat troubles, which continued until settled by the people on the first Monday in May, 1839, of which further mention will hereafter be made.

Although dissatisfied with the location of the county seat, there was nothing left to the settlers, at least for the time, but submission; and the first election having been set for the first Monday in August, and the time being only a few days distant, the settlers turned their attention to the selection of candidates to be voted for. Political considerations, from a partizan standpoint, did not enter into the manipulations of that election, and instead of calling a convention, as is done in these latter days, the honors were divided between the voting settlers of the different sections of the county, which at that time, and until May, 1837, included Boone county. Besides a member of Congress and two members of the State Legislature to be voted for, the following county officers were to be chosen: Three County Commissioners, Recorder, Sheriff, County Surveyor and Coroner. The duty of the commissioners of those days of the PAST were the same as devolve upon the supervisors in these days of the PRESENT. Upon them devolved the duty of putting the county machinery in motion, and the future of the county depended, in a great measure, upon their character and business capacity, upon the same principle that

"Just as the twig is bent, the tree's inclined."

Councils for deliberation and an interchange of views were held, and the following division of honors agreed upon:

To Squaw Prairie (now Belvidere), were assigned two of the candidates—commissioner and recorder; to Rockford, one commissioner and the candidate for sheriff, and to the north part of the county, the other candidate for commissioner. In adjusting the distribution of the Rockford candidates a dissension arose between the east and west parts of the town. Daniel S. Haight, of the east side, had been named as the candidate for sheriff, and his interests all being on that side of the river, and looking forward to a final and permanent adjustment of the county seat question, he was naturally desirous that the candidate for commissioner should also be chosen from among the settlers of *his* bailiwick. Kent and his west side friends were equally determined in their adherence to the terms of the treaty entered into for a fair and equal distribution of the offices to the different sections of the county, and upon the eve of the election advised Mr. Haight that unless he also adhered to the agreement that the west side would select both the candidates for sheriff and commissioner and vote for and elect them. This *argument* convinced Haight of his error, and

William E. Dunbar was named as the candidate of the west siders for commissioner.

Elections in those days were not conducted as they now are. Written or printed ballots were not then in use in Illinois, and hence citizens voted *viva voce*. And without previous organization and without statutes to guide them in their duties, it may be readily imagined that the first election in Winnebago County was conducted without much form. Mr. H. R. Enoch, editor of the *Rockford Journal*, in speaking of this election through his paper, said:

"Neither one of the judges knew anything of the election laws of Illinois, and not a statute was to be obtained in the county. Of the judges, Mr. Kent knew something of the laws of Virginia and Alabama; Mr. Robert J. Cross was familiar with those of New York and Michigan, and Mr. Griggs with those of Ohio. D. A. Spaulding had some knowledge of the laws of Illinois, so he was selected as one of the clerks, and intrusted with the duty of making the poll books, and upon him devolved the honor of principally conducting the first election in the county."

There were no "split tickets" at that election—the settlers generally voted straight, and there was not much difficulty or confusion in making out the tally sheet. The poll book showed that 120 votes had been cast. There being but one voting precinct in the county, the settlers from all parts of the county voted here. The following names represent the voters at that election:

David Caswell, George Caswell, David Barnes, P. P. Burnham, Thomas Crane, Milton S. Mason, Timothy Caswell, Thatcher Blake, Seth Scott, Joshua Fawcett, John Barrett, Jeremiah Frame, John F. Thayer, William Randall, John Welch, Joshua Cramer, John Slavins, David Blake, William Barlow, Joseph B. Baker, Daniel Fairchild, Livingston Robbins, Alfred Shattuck, Alva Trask, William Smith, Ira Haskins, John Burts, Simon P. Doty, Charles H. Payne, Royal Briggs, Solomon Watson, Abraham Watson, Ralzimond Gardner, Mason Sherburne, John K. Towner, John G. Lockridge, John Allen, John Lovesse, A. E. Courtright, Henry Enoch, Ephraim Sumner, S. Brown, A. R. Dimmick, Samuel Hicks, H. M. Wattles, T. R. J. English, Oliver Robbins, J. P. Griggs, Aaron V. Taylor, Luke Joslyn, Wm. Sumner, David D. Elliott, John Handy, Jacob Pettyjohn, Daniel S. Haight, Jacob Keyt, John Lefonton, John Kelso, William R. Wheeler, M. Ewing, Charles Works, Sidney Twogood, Phineas Churchill, Thomas B. Talcott, Austin Andrews, Thomas Lake, Benjamin McConnell, Benjamin DePue, Benjamin White, Lewis Harkins, Aaron B. Davis, Joel Pike, R. M. Waller, Julius Trask, William Carey, Ephraim Wyman, P. D. Taylor, Wm. Brayton, Israel Morrill, Harlyn Shattuck, David DeWitt, James B. Young, Abel Thurston, John Kandler, John Adams, Milton Kilburn, Richard H. Enoch, Joseph Chadwick, Daniel Piper, John Hance, Henry Enoch, Jr., Jacob Enoch, Peter Moore, Sylvester Sutton, V. B. Rexford, William G. Blair, Daniel H. Whitney, James Jackson, Isaac Adams, Isaac Harrell, E. A. Nixon, John Wood, William Mead, Joseph Rodgers, A. C. Gleason, Henry Hicks, John Brink, E. Gregory, L. C. Waller, James Thomas, G. Kent, Chauncey Mead, George Randall, W. H. Talcott, William E. Dunbar, S. A. Lee, Charles Reed, Charles Sayres, Robt. J. Cross, and D. A. Spaulding.

Of the above 120 voters at the first election in Winnebago County, only fifteen are living at the date of this writing, Oct. 1, 1877. Of these,

Thatcher Blake, Ephraim Sumner, Charles Works, Phineas Churchill, Thomas Lake, and Ephraim Wyman are living in Rockford, or its immediate vicinity. Thomas B. Talcott, Isaac Adams of Rockton, and A. C. Gleason live at Cherry Valley; Simon P. Doty, at Belvidere; Harlyn Shattuck, at Shattuck's Grove, Boone County (P. O. Belvidere); H. M. Wattles (at last authentic account, one year ago), in Minnesota; W. R. Wheeler, Colorado Springs, Colorado; R. M. Waller, Charles City, Iowa; Israel Morrill, Minnesota; David Caswell, Iowa.

The following is the official report of the election above quoted:

For Member of Congress.—William L. May had 73 votes; John T. Stuart had 44 votes. Majority for May, 29.

For Representative to the State Legislature.—John Turner had 74 votes; Charles R. Bennett had 73 votes; Elijah Charles had 34 votes; James Craig had 40, and L. H. Bowen had 8 votes.

For Sheriff.—Daniel S. Haight had 83 votes; Henry Hicks had 31 votes. Majority for Haight, 52 votes.

For Coroner.—Eliphalet Gregory had 95 votes, and no opposition.

For County Commissioners.—Thomas B. Talcott had 83 votes; Simon P. Doty had 68 votes; William E. Dunbar had 60 votes; G. Kent had 35 votes; Seth Scott had 46 votes; Levi Moulthrop had 32 votes, and Isaiah Courtright had 4 votes. Talcott, Doty and Dunbar were elected.

For County Surveyor.—D. A. Spaulding had 81 votes, and John Kelso had 28 votes. Spaulding's majority, 53.

For Recorder.—Daniel H. Whitney had 72 votes; John E. Vance had 41 votes, and James Boswell had 1 vote. Whitney's majority, 30 votes.

The first Monday in August, 1836, was also the first day of the month. On Wednesday, the third, the second day after their election, the commissioners met at the house of Daniel S. Haight, on the east side of the river, and, there being no Justice of the Peace nearer than Galena, Ottawa, Joliet or Chicago, proceeded to administer the oath of office to each other.

[It may be well to state that previous to this organization all that part of the country east of Rock River, including the present counties of Boone, McHenry, DeKalb, and a part of Ogle, and probably a portion of some of the others adjoining, was known as LaSalle County. All west of Rock River, including the present counties of Jo Daviess, Carroll, Lee, and that part of Ogle lying west of Rock River, was known and recognized in the courts of the state as Jo Daviess County, named in honor of Col. Jo Daviess, of Kentucky, who bore a conspicuous part in the campaigns of Gen. Harrison against the Indians.]

After subscribing to the oath of office, the commissioners proceeded to the business of starting the machinery of the county. The first order entered was one appointing Don Alonzo Spaulding as clerk of the Board. The second order related to the division of the county into precincts, and fixing a time for the election of Justices of the Peace, constables, etc. Seven voting precincts were then established, as follows:

Yellow River included townships 26-7, of ranges 8 and 9, east of the fourth principal meridian, now the towns of Silver Creek, Ridott, Freeport, Lancaster, and the south half of Rock River in Stephenson County.

Rock Grove included townships 28-9, in ranges 8, 9 and 10, east of the third principal meridian, now the north half of Rock River, all of Buck Eye, Rock Grove, and the east half of Oneco, in Stephenson County, and Laona and Howard, in Winnebago.

Peeketolika included townships 26, 7, range 11, east of the fourth principal meridian, now known as Seward, Lysander and Burritt.

Kiswaukee included townships 4, 3, ranges 1 and 2, east of the third principal meridian, now known as Cherry Valley, New Milford, and part of the town of Rockford.

Rockford included township 26, range 11, east of the fourth principal meridian, and township 44 and the south half of township 45, ranges 1 and 2, east of the third principal meridian, now including the towns of Winnebago, Guilford, the most of Rockford, and the south half of Owen and Harlem.

Rock River included townships 28 and 29, range 11, east of the fourth principal meridian, and the north half of township 45, range 1, and all of township 46, ranges 1, 2 and 3, east of the third principal meridian, now the towns of Shirland, Harrison, Rockton, Roscoe, the north half of Owen and Harlem, in Winnebago County, and the town of Manchester in Boone County, a strip of territory 24 miles long and from 6 to 12 in width, and covering 6 townships of land. Immense as it was, it only polled 20 votes at the Presidential election, in November, 1836.

Belvidere included townships 43, 44, and 45, in ranges 3 and 4 east, and township 46, range 4 east. This precinct embraced all the county of Boone, except the town of Manchester, which was embraced in the Rock River precinct, and although it covered an area of 252 square miles, it only polled 23 votes in the Van Buren and Harrison presidential campaign in November, 1836.

The commissioners also entered an order fixing the time and places of holding the election. The time fixed was the 27th of August; the officers to be elected were Justices of the Peace and constables. Judges or inspectors of election were also appointed. In only three of the precincts, however, were elections held in August, as ordered by the commissioners—Belvidere, Rock River, and Pecatonica. In Belvidere, John K. Towner and John S. King were elected Justices of the Peace, and Abel Thurston and Mason Sherburne, constables.

In Rock River, Sylvester Talcott and Robert J. Cross were elected Justices, and John P. Parsons and D. A. Blake were elected constables.

In Pecatonica, Ephraim Sumner and Isaac Hance were chosen as Justices, and William Sumner and Thomas Hance designated as constables.

The above named were the first civil officers elected in the county.

At a subsequent meeting of the board of county commissioners, another election was ordered to be held in the precincts that failed to vote in August. This second election was set for the 14th of October following. At this date the following named settlers were selected as justices and constables:

Rockford.—William E. Dunbar and Henry Hicks, justices; constables, none reported.

Yellow River.—Daniel W. Wootan and Seth Scott, justices; constables, William Baker and Hiram Walker.

Kishwaukee.—Philetus M. Johnson and William R. Wheeler, justices; constables, William Clark and William Randall.

Rock Grove.—Jonathan Carey and Orleans Daggett, justices; constables, Josiah Blackmore and Jacob Stratton.

Some of the above named refused to qualify—among them Daniel W. Wootan, of Yellow River precinct. His commission as justice of the peace still remains among the files in the office of the county clerk.

At this August session of the board of county commissioners, Robert Stephens and Rezin Zorley, two of the commissioners appointed by the Legislature to establish the "permanent seat of justice of Winnebago County," appeared and presented their report, to which reference has already been made.

Charles Reed next presented a deed from Nicholas Boilvin & Co., to the County of Winnebago, for thirty acres of land at the town of Winnebago, for the use of the public buildings of the county, as required by the act of the Legislature creating the county, establishing the county seat, etc. This deed at the time was rejected, because it stipulated that the title should remain vested in the county so *long* as the town of Winnebago should remain as the "permanent seat of justice for said county." Says Mr. Hiram R. Enoch:

"The 'county seat question' had thus early entered into the politics of the county, and, as it turned out, proved one of the most, if not the most exciting question in the county for several years, being fruitful of numerous exciting elections, and the means of producing many schisms between the representatives of the rival towns."

At this same August meeting of the county commissioners, Robert J. Cross, of Roscoe, was appointed county treasurer. Why the particular necessity of the early appointment of this officer is not clearly defined, as the amount of public money to be taken care of was exceedingly small, as there had been no assessment or collection of taxes up to that time.

William E. Dunbar was appointed as agent of the county to carry the returns of the election to Vandalia, then the capital of the State, procure the commissions of the officers just elected, and, if possible, secure copies of the State laws, etc.

The first claims ever entered of record as against the county, were presented to this meeting of the board. Germanicus Kent, Robert J. Cross and J. P. Griggs, as judges of election, and D. A. Spaulding and S. A. Lee, as clerks, presented claims of one dollar each for their services at the election held on the Monday previous. D. A. Spaulding was also allowed *fifty* cents for stationery furnished for poll books.

As we have already stated, political prejudices did not disturb the conditions of the first election, August 1, 1836. But when the county had been fully organized and its machinery put in motion by the first board of county commissioners, the settlers began to divide up—to define party lines and to take sides accordingly. In 1836, John T. Stuart was the Whig candidate for Congress, and came out 29 votes behind his Democratic competitor. Two years later (in 1838) Mr. Stuart was again a candidate against Stephen A. Douglas, when he received a majority of 93 in the county; and in 1840, when General Harrison was the Whig candidate for president—when the people went wild over "Tippecanoe and Tyler too," Mr. Stuart was again a candidate, and this time received a majority in the county of 270 over his Democratic competitor. These results showed a steady Whig gain. Stuart was beaten in the district in 1836, by William L. May, Democrat, but in the elections of 1838–40, he was elected by handsome majorities. The district at that time extended from the Wisconsin state line on the north to a line below Springfield, extending across the state from a point on the Indiana state line to the Mississippi river. There are now twelve Congressional districts in the same territory.

At the presidential election in 1836, only 158 votes were polled in the county, apportioned among the five precincts voting, as follows:



H. W. TALCOTT
(DECEASED)
ROCKTON

PRECINCTS.	Dem.	Whig.
Rockford	24	19
Belvidere	13	10
Kishwaukee	16	9
Rock River	1	19
Yellow River	34	13
	<hr/> 88	<hr/> 70—158

This was an increase over the August election, of thirty-eight votes, out of which the Democrats had a majority of eighteen.

In 1840, when Boone County had been organized from a part of the territory east of Rock river, and Stephenson County had absorbed two tiers of townships from the western part of Winnebago, as originally erected, leaving the county as now constituted, the vote was as follows: In August the Whigs polled 637 votes, and the Democrats 285 votes, making a total of 922 votes, and a Whig majority of 352. In November of the same year, at the presidential election, the Whigs cast 789 votes, and the Democrats 321—total, 1,110. Whig majority 468.

Turning back to the action of the board of County Commissioners, we find nothing of material importance to claim their attention for several sessions. The most of their time was taken up in hearing petitions for roads, appointing viewers, etc. The most important among their first official actions at their first sessions in August, September and December, 1836, was the establishment of ferries at Rockford and Winnebago, and one where the township line between townships 44 and 45 crosses Rock river. The rates of toll established at these ferries was as follows:

For each carriage, wagon or cart drawn by two horses, oxen or mules.....	62½c.
For the same drawn by one horse.....	37½c.
For each additional horse.....	12½c.
For man and horse.....	25c.
For each horse, mule or head of cattle.....	12½c.
For hogs, sheep and goats, per score.....	50c.
For each footman.....	6¼c.

The commissioners likewise established hotel rates in those days, and in poring over the first record of their proceedings, from August 3, 1836, to December 10, 1842 inclusive, and numbering 475 pages, we found the following table of rates licensed hotels were allowed to charge:

For victualing, per meal.....	37½c.
Lodging, per night.....	12½c.
Oats, per bushel.....	\$1.25.
Liquor, per glass.....	6¼c.

Any charge above these rates marked a forfeiture of license.

Eleven months after the complete organization of the county, and the election of the first board of county officers in August, 1836, came the "day we celebrate," July 4, A. D. 1837, and, as full of patriotism as the people within the shadows of Independence Hall, or Bunker Hill, the settlers resolved to spare one day from their farm-making and other business pursuits, and to join in such patriotic and social amusements as their limited advantages would permit. The programme consisted of an opening salute by the Anvil Artillery, the raising of a liberty pole (hickory) in the rear of what is now No. 310 State street, East Rockford, the reading of the Declaration of Independence, by C. I. Horsman, an oration by John C. Kemble, and a grand dinner, served up by Henry Thurston, in the frame of the Rockford House, which was roofed, and sided up as high as the windows.

Temporary tables were put up, and the edibles were served on clean shingles in lieu of plates. Beef was the staple, which was cooked, as the bill of fare said, in various ways, and served cold. The speaking took place in Haight's barn, which stood near the present corner of State and Kishwaukee streets. The bay of the barn was covered for the speakers, and the threshing floor, which was a large one, having been built to thresh with three horses abreast, was filled up with benches for the audience. An old settler, one who dined at the Rockford House on that day, a little over forty years ago, said of the dinner to the writer: "The fact was that the number to be cooked for was so much larger than was anticipated, that the beef could only be cooked in sufficient quantities in one way. This was done by Mrs. Thurston, who boiled the beef in a twelve-gallon, iron kettle, in the yard in the rear of the house. Knives and forks, as well as plates, were scarce, and each man 'went in with his own tools' whenever these useful table appliances were lacking."

The proceedings of the day wound up with a grand ball at Haight's yellow house, which stood opposite the Rockford House, and which was ready for plastering. Some sheeting was procured, which was used to partition off the ladies' dressing room. Supper was provided by Mrs. Kilburn, of "Whig Hill," and a good one it was, says our informant. The music was furnished by Jacob Miller, commonly called "old Jake." The belle of the occasion became a grandmother several years ago.

Among the first settlers were a goodly number who, if not reared within large cities, were at least raised near them, and, as a consequence, had been accustomed to the amusements they furnished. The change from these associations to the scenes of a wild, new country was attended with a degree of lonesomeness, sometimes not calculated to make them feel at ease; and to remove this kind of "dull care," something must be provided that would shorten the long winter evenings. Among the most popular amusements provided was a Mock Court, which is well remembered by many of the survivors of 1836-7-8, as affording some remarkable scenes. Quoting from a paper written by Hiram R. Enoch, Esq., we present a brief sketch of this court and its characters:

"The sessions of the 'court' were held in 'Miller's store,' and the specimens of lofty, spread-eagle eloquence made before that tribunal have seldom been equalled. The decisions of the court were not always in strict accordance with the law and evidence, but were rigidly enforced. Each member of the court, as well as outsiders, had his particular *soubriquet*, to which he answered as readily as if addressed by his proper name. There was 'old Hayes, after the noted thief-catcher of that day in New York; 'Flint,' 'Gun Lock,' 'Tut,' 'Blower,' 'Brink,' 'S. C.,' 'Queen,' 'Old Frost,' 'Young Frost,' 'Big Frost,' 'Little Frost,' 'Red Frost,' and some others that would not sound well in ears polite.

"Another popular summer institution was the 'Awkwark Squad.' Some of the old settlers will remember the hearty laughs they had when, as the squad were paraded in double column in front of 'Sam Little's grocery,' the 'Colonel' took 'S. C.' and 'Queen' from the ranks to 'mark time,' with frequent 'dressing of the ranks,' in front of 'Sam's bar to 'smile.' "

Close readers of history will remember that somewhere about 1830-1-2 an insurrection, reaching in magnitude a rebellion, occurred in Poland, against the Russian Government; that the insurrection was speedily suppressed, and its leaders or officers exiled. Out of sympathy for their condi-

tion, Congress, with a generosity peculiar to a free people, made a grant of western lands to them whereon they might settle as a colony. The terms of the grant gave them permission to settle on any unclaimed Western lands they might select. Accepting the grant, they sent an agent by the name of Chlopicki, to make the selection, and, arriving in America about the time the Winnebago country was the great centre of attraction, he came to Winnebago County, and made a selection of thirty-six sections in the present towns of Rockford, Owen and Rockton. Nearly all of this land, however, had been previously occupied by settlers, and hence this selection was clearly in violation of the grant, for it stipulated that the selection could only be made from unoccupied lands. Chlopicki was informed that his selection was in violation of the terms of the grant, and he agreed to lay his claim elsewhere, but did not keep his word. This action on his part led to an unpleasant and uneasy condition of affairs that continued for several years. The lands in this part of the Winnebago County belonged to the Galena land district, and all outside of Rockford, Owen and Rockton (in which were located the thirty-six sections in controversy) were opened to sale and entry in the fall of 1839, but these lands were withheld from sale for nearly eight years after they had been surveyed and platted. In a communication upon this subject, published in the *Winnebago Forum*, in 1843, William H. Halen, Esq., wrote as follows:

"These two townships (a portion of Rockton and Rockford) have been withheld from sale for a much greater length of time than is ordinarily allowed to elapse after the land has been settled upon by permanent occupants. They were duly surveyed out and sub-divided into sections and parts of sections, more than seven years ago, and in the regular course of things should have been brought into market as early as 1838 or 1839. This consummation, so desirable to two parties, namely, to the government and the settlers—to the first that it might get its honest dues, and to the second that they might secure a title to the property—was prevented at that time by the intrusion of a third party.

"This unwelcome, unbidden third party was a self-constituted committee pretending to be the representatives of a company of Polish exiles, sent over in two Austrian frigates. Congress had passed an act authorizing this company of exiles, upon certain terms and conditions, and in a certain manner in the act prescribed, to select for its members a quantity of lands; and these pseudo agents or representatives, greedy for speculations and attracted principally by their beauty and numerous natural advantages, pounced upon these two townships like hawks upon their prey, regardless of the rights of the settlers, although at that time they might have found thousands of acres of lands unoccupied, unclaimed, and of as fine a quality for farming purposes as need ever be sought on the earth's surface. A minute history of this spurious claim might not, perhaps, be uninteresting to such as are yet unacquainted with it, but I should deem it quite out of place here, seeing that it is now numbered with the things that were, and the time, the room and the inclination, and, above all, in this connection the occasion for its details, are lacking.

"Suffice it to say, that after the settlers had, by their petitions for several successive sessions, called the attention of Congress to the subject, an act was passed and became a law on the 14th of April, 1842, removing the incubus, and authorizing the entry of these lands in these two townships by pre-emption, like other government lands.

"In the midst of our rejoicings over the righteous result, let us not lose sight of the important fact that our business might have been buried beneath the mass of unfinished Congressional matters for years to come, but for the kindness of the Hon. O. H. Smith, of Indiana, the Hon. Robt. J. Walker, of Mississippi, and the Hon. Richard M. Young, of this State, Senators in Congress, who, well informed of the facts in the case, and satisfied of the justice of our cause, most generously gave us the benefit of their efficient aid, by which the affair was finally disposed of to the satisfaction of all parties, as well as ourselves, and ample provision was made for the benefit of the real exiles from Poland, and these unfortunate and meritorious countrymen of Kosciusko had no occasion to question the honor and good faith of a government which some of the most illustrious patriots of Poland had bled to establish."

Claim troubles were of frequent occurrence, and many of the original or first claimants, after making their selections and returning for their families, were greatly surprised on their return to settle on them to find them in the possession of others. These second occupants were called "jumpers."

In the absence of those who had first selected them, these interlopers would put up on the claim a hut or cabin, and maybe plow a furrow around as much of the land as they desired, and assume to be "lord of all they surveyed." Others who had made valuable selections, that is to say, where they had selected claims in favorable locations—locations that were likely from the growth of the country to become valuable in the future by reason of their probable proximity to towns, public roads, etc., and who remained on them, were often surprised on getting up in the morning, to find that during the night another shanty or cabin had sprung up and was occupying a place near their own. This new shanty would usually be occupied by three or four men, friends of the "jumper," who had come to help him hold his claim. The *modus operandi* of these men was to put their 10x12 shanty together at some convenient locality where lumber was within easy reach, load it on a wagon at night, and transport it to their intended site of occupancy, dump it down quietly, and by the "peep o' day" be ready to maintain their claim by force of arms, in what they were pleased to call their "castle." This course of procedure often resulted in severe and bitter hand-to-hand fights among the parties, and finally grew so numerous that arrangements had to be provided to protect the rightful claimants in the maintenance of their claims. A "settlers' court" was organized, at which all these cases were determined, each party stating his case to the court, and the reasons for wishing to retain his claim. As a rule, the decisions of this court were in favor of the settler who had a family and intended to become a permanent settler; and to the credit of both parties to these claims controversies, be it said, the findings of the court were always observed and carried out to the very letter, with but few very rare exceptions. When a disposition to treat the decisions of the court with contempt did occur, the settlers were ready to turn out *en masse* to enforce the decree of their court. No violence would be used, but the jumpers were given to understand that the decisions of that court were law, and must be respected. If they stood upon the order of their going, their shanties and all within them would be loaded up on wagons or runners, and hauled some miles away, with the assurance that harsher measures would be used in case of another offense of like character.

A short time before the land sales came on at Galena, in 1839, the

settlers were called together in a public meeting at Rockford, for the purpose of choosing a committee to attend at the sale and adjust and settle any dispute or controversy that might arise in regard to claims, etc. Messrs. Henry Enoch, — Hayes and Jas. B. Martyn were chosen as such committee. They were duly sworn and directed to proceed to Galena and keep open court every day during the continuance of the sales, or at least until there was no longer occasion for such courts of adjustment. And, as we are advised by a settler of that date who has lived to see the prairie wildernesses of 1834-5 reduced to fields of agricultural beauty and productiveness, that the adoption of such precautions was a wise measure, and that it prevented a great deal of subsequent litigation.

LOCAL DISSENSIONS—PAPER TOWNS—WINNEBAGO—THE COUNTY SEAT
QUESTION SETTLED.

Another fruitful source of local discord was the road question, and it is a fact sustained by the records of the commissioners' court that the principal business of that body for the first three or four years after the county was organized and its machinery set in motion was confined to settling these ugly neighborhood dissensions. Petitions and remonstrances were received by the dozen at almost every session; viewers had to be appointed, reports to be examined, and delegations received and their complaints heard. All these things consumed time.

Every man occupying an "eligible" claim was possessed to a greater or less degree with a town mania, and to further his schemes sought to have all the roads of the country to center at his particular location, and as a consequence a great deal of hard work had to be done by the parties directly interested, and numerous towns, with "big sounding" names, innumerable streets, avenues, and parks, with no less pretentious designations, were mapped out on paper, and heralded to the world as the great center of the Winnebago country, and the future inland metropolis of the "great West." But few of these towns, however, survived long. The places that once knew them in name now know them no more, except as well-cultivated productive farms. Some of these towns were conceived in a spirit of speculation that made some men almost wild with excitement. Lots sold at wonderfully fabulous prices, and a great many men in distant states who saw the towns on paper, but who never had set foot in the state, were induced to invest money in "corner lots." They were made to see a great future before these towns, and that future has grown wider and wider, while the towns and the large returns they expected from their investments were long since buried within the rusty vaults of time. The resistless march of improvement and enterprise swept on and over these paper cities, crushing them down and out of sight, and almost out of memory. Permanent and needed roads were established, and local demands and natural advantages have made towns and villages, and mills, and other adjuncts and necessities of a better civilization and more enlightened intelligence to spring up in localities but little dreamed of by the pioneer settlers of 1834.

Among the towns that once had an existence but now are not was the town of Winnebago, to which reference has already been made as the point at which the county seat was originally located. The site of that old town is about two miles above State street, Rockford, and embraced an area of six hundred and thirty-seven and seventy-eight-hundredths acres. This town was laid out by Nicholas Boilvin & Co., Charles Reed and Major Camp-

bell being the "Co." The plat contained two hundred and fifty-seven blocks, which were subdivided into two thousand, four hundred and thirty-six lots. The refusal of the county officers to recognize it as the county seat, a refusal in which they perseveringly persisted, lead to county seat troubles that were not settled until an act was passed by the legislature, and approved March 2, 1839 (see laws of Illinois, 1838-9, page 264), providing for the holding of a special county seat election on the first Monday in May following (1839). At that election, Rockford, Winnebago, Roscoe, Willow Creek (Harlem Township), Pecatonica, and Scipio (also in Harlem Township), were aspirants for county seat honors. The following figures show the number of votes cast for each town: Rockford, 320; Winnebago, 75; Roscoe, 2; Willow Creek, 5; Pecatonica, 1; Scipio, 1; total votes cast, 404, of which Rockford had a majority over all of 236 votes. This election settled for all time the county seat troubles of Winnebago County, although it left for many years traces of ill-feeling between some of the settlers, notwithstanding the victors treated the vanquished right royally the night after the election, at the Rockford House, where each pledged the other in Kentucky's best Bourbon to "let the dead past bury its dead," and to forever ignore the personal differences that had grown up out of the question they had that day settled at the ballot box.

From that day Winnebago began to fall into decay. Some of the houses that had been built there were pulled down, hauled to Rockford and re-erected; others were removed elsewhere, and Boilvin & Co. saw their cherished hopes vanish into nothingness. Mr. Reed subsequently moved to Rockton, where he continued to reside until his death. The lots and blocks into which the section of land had been divided in many instances became delinquent for taxes and were sold at tax sale. Rockford has grown up that way, and some of the residents occupy houses and homes on the southern part of what was once Winnebago. Another part of it is an open common; a third part is cultivated by Mr. George S. Haskel, the world-renowned seedsman, while a fourth part of it is included in the West Rockford cemetery.

A few years ago, Mrs. Campbell, the widow of Major Campbell, one of the original proprietors, by her attorney appeared in Rockford and put in a claim for dower interest in this land. The facts upon which she based her claim were these: Some time after Mr. Campbell had become interested in Winnebago, he took the benefit of the bankrupt law, and among other assignments made for the benefit of his creditors he assigned his interest in the Winnebago property without the knowledge, consent, or signature of his wife. After his death, and when legal luminaries had discovered that no assignment of real estate was good in law without the wife joined in the assignment, she sought to recover her dower interest here as above stated. Some of the parties who had become owners of lots and grounds in Winnebago readily settled and paid over whatever price was agreed upon. Some others, believing that possession covers nine points in law, presented a bold front, "determined to hold the fort." To these, Mrs. Campbell's agent proposed an appraisement of the property and a settlement on the basis of five per cent. of whatever value might be established. Another part of the occupants laughed the claim to scorn. As a town, Winnebago lost its prestige, what little it had, when Rockford was voted the county seat by a majority of 236 over all competitors, and little by little it passed into oblivion, and there is nothing now but its name to mark its memory.

FIRST CIRCUIT COURT—JUDGE, JURY, ETC.

Notwithstanding the county was organized and the machinery put in working order in August, 1836, no circuit court was held in the county until October, 1837. The sessions of the county commissioners had been held at the house of Daniel S. Haight. The commissioners were vested with power to designate the place where the sessions of the circuit court should be held, and in consonance with that power they designated the house of Mr. Haight. By this time, Mr. Haight had erected a more pretentious structure than his first cabin, and had named it the Rockford House, occupying it as a hotel. In this building, says Mr. J. H. Thurston, the first session of the circuit court was held. The court convened October 6, 1837. Dan (not Daniel) Stone was judge and James H. Mitchell was clerk. Judge Stone occupied one of the few chairs the house afforded, which was placed behind a table that occupied a central position in one end of the room, and the clerk occupied another table and another one of the few remaining chairs. The states attorney was not present, and Judge Stone appointed Seth B. Farwell prosecutor *pro tem*. The audience contented themselves with seats on rude benches that were placed around the sides of the room. The petit jurors in attendance at this term of court were: Edward Cating, James B. Martyn, Joel Pike, William Pepper, Richard Montague, Isaac N. Cunningham, Thatcher Blake, Henry Thurston, Charles I. Horsman, David Goodrich, James Jackson, and Cyrus Jenks. Of these jurymen, only Thatcher Blake, Richard Montague, and James B. Martyn are known to be still living. The first two named reside in Rockford, and James B. Martyn at Belvidere, the owner and manager of the Baltic Flouring Mills.

The compensation of jurors in those days was fixed at seventy-five cents per day for each day's attendance, and payment made in county orders worth only about forty cents on the dollar.

The first case called was S. Finley *vs.* David A. Blake. This case was continued. The next was The People of the State of Illinois *vs.* Isaac Hance and Albert Hance, but no prosecuting witnesses appearing the case was quashed. The case of the People *vs.* Robert Mattox, charged with assault with intent to kill, was also quashed. The most important case, and one of two that went to a jury, was a suit over a claim between Samuel Gregory and Thomas Lake. After a two days' session, the court adjourned until the next term in course.

THE FIRST CRIME—HORRIBLE DISCOVERY.

The first crime committed in the county after its settlement by white men, dates back to 1835—a year before the county was organized, and that crime remains as much of a mystery in 1877—forty-two years after it was committed—as it was when first uncovered. It is at least one instance in contradiction of the old saying that "murder will out." This mystery consisted in the finding of the remains of a human body in the woods about two and a half miles south of Rockford. The body was terribly mutilated and in an advanced state of decomposition, but not so far decomposed as to render its identity, as those of a white man, obscure or doubtful. The finding of these remains naturally excited the people and sowed the seed of distrust. Up to that time nothing had ever transpired to shake their faith in each other, but this was a mystery. Harmony and good will had always

prevailed among the people from one end of the county to the other, and, knowing each other as they imagined they did, it was impossible to fix the crime upon any one. Says James P. Martyn, now of Belvidere, in speaking of this discovery to the writer: "The finding of this ghastly corpse in the woods only two miles from Rockford upset the entire community. By some, the murder was charged to a few scattering Indians that had been roaming about the settlement. But this theory was not justified by the status the Indians had maintained toward the whites, which had always been friendly. Others were of the opinion that there was a Cain among the pioneers of those days, but the general character sustained by the early settlers bore down this opinion, and the more the matter was discussed, the more hidden the murderer seemed to become. The general conclusion reached, however, was that the poor fellow had been murdered for his claim, and that, while his slayer was among the later comers to the settlement, his crime had been so secretly and stealthily committed as to be past finding out. The remains were buried in the woods where they were found, since when they have not been disturbed."

This first crime was also the first death in the county. The second death was that of Sampson George, an Englishman, who came to the county in September, 1836, his death occurring about five weeks after his arrival. A short time after arriving in the county, Mr. George purchased an 880 acre claim of Mr. Joshua Faucett, about one and a half miles southeast of Rockford, where he was engaged in preparing and fitting up a cabin for winter quarters, when he fell a victim to sickness and disease which terminated in death.

COUNTY OFFICES.—FIRST LEVY OF TAXES.

For several years after the county was organized, the county business was all transacted on the east side of the river, and on that side the first court house, a small affair, was built. It was located on the present site of the American House. Besides serving as a court house, it was also used for holding religious services, and during 1838-9, it was also used as a school house, Mr. James M. Wight being the teacher, who also has the credit of being the first male teacher in the county. This building was afterwards used as a printing office, by Philander Knappen, who published a newspaper known as the *Rockford Star*, a Democratic organ, in 1840, continuing it for a little over a year, when he sold the establishment to John A. Brown, who changed the name to the *Rockford Pilot*. This building was subsequently removed to the opposite side of the block (where it is still standing) remodeled and converted into a dwelling house, and is designated as No. 114 North First street.

Resuming an examination of the old County Commissioners' record, we find that the first order levying county taxes was made at the March term of 1837. That order was short, and was embraced in these two paragraphs:

"Ordered that one-half per cent. taxes be levied on the following property:

"Town lots, horses and mares, meat cattle above three years old, watches, carriages and wagons; and it is likewise ordered that one-fourth per cent. be levied on stock in trade."

The sum total of the assessment under this order was \$562.59½. Of this sum, \$298.29½ was assessed against personal property; \$264.30 against



Wait Talcott
ROCKFORD

town lots in Winnebago, owned by non-residents. At that date, lands were not taxable—the lands not yet having come into market. Under the old constitution and laws, assessments were made by county treasurers, and the taxes collected by sheriffs. As previously noted, Mr. R. J. Cross had been appointed county treasurer in the fall of 1836, and it took him only fifteen days to complete the first assessment made in the county, for which service he was allowed the sum of \$30.00, or \$2.00 per day. He was also allowed the further sum of \$9.28 for receiving and disbursing the taxes when collected, that being two per cent. on the amount collected—about \$464.00.

SURVEY OF PUBLIC LANDS.—LAND SALES.

The survey of the public lands in Winnebago County was not commenced until the fall of 1836, after the first county election in August. Don Alonzo Spaulding was the surveyor, and among his assistants was C. B. Farwell who has since represented one of the Chicago districts in Congress. The lands did not come into market until the fall of 1839, and for three years after were exempt from taxation, so that it was not until 1842-3 that any county revenue was derived from that source. All revenue necessary to defray the expenses of the county until the lands became taxable was raised from taxes assessed against personal property.

The opening of the lands to sale and entry was an interesting era to the settlers of Winnebago County. Many of them had got their farms well under way, and had raised a sufficient surplus to enable them to be prepared to secure their homes when the sale commenced. Others had enough hoarded up from other sources when they first settled on their claims, but a few were so unfortunate as to be dependent on a certain class of men who are always around at such times, anxious to befriend the needy, provided they can make a nice thing out of it for themselves.

The years 1837-8-9, up to the opening of the land sales at Galena, in October of the last named year, were not marked by any events of extraordinary interest. For the most part, the settlers were an honest, upright and industrious people as individuals, and correspondingly so as a community. Secure in possession of their homes by a guaranty from "Uncle Sam," new plans were marked out and new enterprises undertaken, that, in a large majority of cases, were successfully carried out. Public and private economy seem to have been well studied; and public and private business so carefully managed from the beginning that Winnebago County and Winnebago people have come to enjoy an enviable character, both at home and abroad.

EARLY POLITICS—INCIDENTS, ETC.

Until the opening of the ever memorable campaign of 1840, there was but little to disturb the "even tenor of the ways" and pursuits of the people, or to distract their attention from the industries in which they were engaged. But the enthusiasm of that campaign reached the uttermost parts of the country, and the excitement ran as high in the Winnebago country as it did among the people in the immediate vicinity of the Tippecanoe battle ground in the Wabash (Indiana) country, or among the neighbors of General Harrison (the political idol of the Whig party), in his North Bend home, in Hamilton County, Ohio. That was the "Log Cabin," "Coon Skin," and "Hard Cider" campaign, and the campaign which, in a measure, was the origin of the large political meetings that have since marked our

presidential campaigns, and rendered them important eras in the history of our national politics. In that campaign, large delegations, headed by bands of music, and log cabins built on wheels, sometimes drawn by four horses, and sometimes by several yokes of oxen, would travel scores of miles to participate in Whig meetings and listen to Whig gospel as it fell from the lips of Whig orators. Following the log cabins there would sometimes be a huge canoe, long enough and wide enough to seat fifty men, all of whom would wear coon skin caps, and maybe support on their right shoulders a miniature cabin built of hazel or willow twigs. General Harrison had made the race against Van Buren in 1836, but was defeated. He was again nominated by the Whigs in 1840, and Van Buren by the Democrats. From the time these nominations were made until the day of the election in November, the excitement ran high and both parties were on the alert for every possible advantage. One of the leading arguments of the Whigs in that campaign was that Van Buren's re-election would be the signal for a reduction in the price of all American commodities, the ruin of industry and the destruction of labor. Whig newspapers in those days contained advertisements something like the following :

The subscriber will pay six dollars per barrel for flour if Harrison is elected, and three dollars if Van Buren is.

The subscriber will pay five dollars per hundred weight for pork if Harrison is elected, and two dollars and a half if Van Buren is.

Winnebago County had started out as a Whig County, and when the campaign of 1840 opened, the Whig voters entered fully into the spirit that had been awakened in the older states, and the symbols of the Whig party—log cabins, coon skins, hard cider and canoes—were readily adopted as peculiarly symbolic of the condition of the country. Public meetings were appointed, hard cider was drunk, Whig songs were sung in unison with fifes, drums and fiddles, speeches were made both by day and by night, and thus the campaign went on.

Up to this time, the Democrats had always carried the state, and it was determined by the Whigs that a political regeneration 'must be secured; and to aid in this undertaking, it was determined by the local Whig leaders to get up a rousing rally at Rockford. The meeting was called, and the response was most gratifying. H. B. Potter was marshal of the day, and as delegations from different parts of Winnebago and adjoining counties approached the embryo city, they were met by the marshal, his aids, and portions, at least, of such delegations as had already arrived, and the band—an E bugle played by Sam Parker, and a clarionet manipulated by another musical genius, whose name we have forgotten. Neither one of the members of this "band" knew anything of music, and consequently could not "keep time" or play in unison, so they concluded to play separately. The effect of this double solo may be imagined, but is not easily described; but headed by this band, the delegations were marched into town. Men, women and children took part in this meeting, which was addressed by Hon. Edw. Baker (who subsequently became a general in the union army), Jacob B. Miller and others.

During this campaign, a number of incidents occurred in Rockford, the mention of which awakens recollections of olden times. Among these is the following:

The Whigs had selected a log cabin on the corner of South Main and State streets, east side, and surmounted it with the tallest pole that could be

found in the woods. Cords and pulleys were attached, and all was left in readiness to run up the stars and stripes. The night before the meeting for which these preparations were made, the Democrats conceived the idea of playing a trick on their Whig neighbors, and at once put it into effect. To a red flannel skirt (which was claimed by the Democrats to be suggestive of some little difficulty in which General Harrison was the chief actor) they attached the cord and running it up to the top of the pole, cut the cord so high that it could not be taken down. But the anticipated effect of this intended joke was lost, for the Whigs were not disconcerted by it in the least, but calmly said to the perpetrators, "if that is your flag, gentlemen, you are welcome to it." To the credit of the more thoughtful of the Democrats, like Haight, Knappen and others, they condemned the act as unworthy of good Democrats, and washed their hands of the affair in an extra edition of the *Star* (Knappen's paper), which was freely circulated at the Whig meeting.

The most active Whig speakers of those days were M. P. Sweet, of Freeport, Jacob B. Miller, and the present Judge Drummond, who was at that time a young lawyer practicing at the Rockford bar, and Judge Selden M. Church, who still lives at Rockford. The Democrats were locally represented by Thompson Campbell, Jason Marsh, Daniel S. Haight, and P. Knappen, editor of the *Star*.

In 1840 the Winnebago prairies, hill tops and river valleys seemed to be alive with Whigs, and Democracy was on the decline. This condition of the political pulse alarmed the Democrats and nerved them to action. A great Democratic meeting was called, and preparations made on an elaborate scale for the diffusion of Democratic truths. The enemy must be assaulted and the Whig army routed, horse, foot and dragoon. To this end, the biggest guns of the party were engaged to be present and belch forth Democratic thunder. Huge posters were procured and spread broadcast, announcing in heavy lines and flaming colors the names of the speakers and a brief outline of the programme. Among the speakers was John—Long John—Wentworth, of Chicago, then a Democrat in good standing, of whom, on this occasion, the following joke is told:

Some days before the great Democratic rally was to take place, the towering form of Mr. Wentworth loomed up in the midst of the Rockfordites, by whom he was *looked up* to as the great political Moses who was to deliver the Democracy from the toils the Whigs were spreading around them. The day before that set for the meeting, Mr. Wentworth sought the solitude and privacy of an adjacent grove (so the story goes), and mounting a convenient log, with the trees for an audience, proceeded to rehearse the speech he had prepared for delivery the next day. But he was not unheard by man. Giles C. Hard, the ferryman, was an involuntary listener, and after listening to the speaker's flow of logic and eloquence until his pent-up admiration and enthusiasm could be controlled no longer, he gave vent to his feelings in "rapturous applause," and rushed forward to congratulate Mr. W. upon his soul-stirring address. It is needless to say, that, though approaching the *finale* of his speech, it was not fully completed that day nor the next in consequence of Mr. Hard's interruption, and the subsequent act in the drama. The joke was too good to keep, and Hard opened the bag, or rather his mouth, and let the secret out.. Mr. B. J. Gray, the editor of the Whig newspaper, the *Express*, got hold of it, and Hard, having a good memory, repeated it to that

gentleman, who noted it down. That night the *Express* office was illuminated and Mr. Wentworth's speech to the trees put in type, and long before the Democratic meeting appointed for the next day had assembled, extras of the *Express* containing this speech were issued, and scattered broadcast throughout Rockford, thus forestalling the public mind, and stealing the speaker's thunder. The originality, poetry and eloquence of the speech were gone, and what little of it Mr. Wentworth did deliver, fell vapid upon the ears of his listeners. Knowing the cause and appreciating the awkwardness of the situation, the speaker finally abandoned the line of the stolen speech, and branched off in an entirely different line of argument, and, rising to the dignity of the occasion, made one of the best political speeches (from a Democratic stand-point) ever delivered in Winnebago County.

After having been once beaten for the office of Clerk of the Circuit Court of Hamilton County, Ohio, and for President in 1836, General Harrison was elected in 1840, but lived to fill the office but one month. Of all the presidents before or since his time, Van Buren was the only one who left his salary as president intact and untouched until the expiration of his term (March, 1841), when he drew the entire amount, \$100,000 in gold, and retired to Kinderhook. In after years he became the leader and candidate of the Free Soil party for president.

PRAIRIE BANDITS AND OUTLAWRY.

As the immigration increased, a few bad and dishonest characters followed, and scattered themselves about among the people in different parts of the county. Up to 1840-1 only one crime of a serious nature (and of that mention has already been made), so far as the records show, had been committed. But from this time for several years forward, the honest people seem to have been at the mercy of the outlaws and desperadoes. This gang of cut-throats, however, was not confined to Winnebago County alone, but was spread broadcast over the country, while they had communication with like characters in all the Western and Southwestern states and territories. The honest, industrious part of the community had been attracted here by the advantages the country offered for procuring homes and the accumulation of sufficient wealth to provide against want in declining years. The blacklegs followed, on the same principle that "where the carcass is, there will be gathered the buzzards also." Another consideration with them, perhaps, was the scarcity of jails and prisons, the unorganized condition of society, the absence of civil law, and consequently the comparative ease with which they might escape detection, or at least punishment by imprisonment, etc. For several years after the first settlement of Winnebago County, the nearest jail was at Galena, and that was only an apology for a prison. It is related that on one occasion an evil doer was sentenced to jail for some offense, and that he was taken to the Galena jail and locked up. The sheriff started home, but had scarcely left the shadow of the jail, before his prisoner managed to get out, and when the sheriff arrived at Rockford, his late prisoner was among the first to greet his return. In those days the facilities for administering justice were necessarily incomplete, the courts but imperfectly organized, while the resources from which to derive revenue to pay officers of law, were very limited. Most of the people who had settled here brought but little of this world's goods with them, but depended on their own strong arms and industry and the resources of nature to sup-

ply them with the necessities of life. All these things were understood and considered by the black-legs and their allies, and were just so many arguments to induce them to choose this as a field for their operations. The sparse settlements, absence of thickly traveled roads and the long distances between houses, offered favorable opportunities for transferring stolen horses from one section to another. Extending from Wisconsin down through Illinois into Missouri and Arkansas, there was unquestionably a line of horse thieves, along which stolen horses were almost continuously passing. This line had convenient stations, and the stations were in charge of men, who, to all outward appearances were honest, hard-working settlers. Under this arrangement a horse stolen at either end of the line, or anywhere in its vicinity in the interior, for that matter, could be passed from one agent to another, and no one of the agents be absent from his home or business for more than a few hours at a time. And thus, for years, they could remain unsuspected. But these operations grew bolder and bolder. Horse after horse would be stolen and spirited away, no one knew where or how. Robbery after robbery occurred throughout the country, and every once in a while a mangled corpse would be found in some uninhabited wood. Counterfeit money was flooding the country, but no clue to the authors of these crimes could be obtained. Ogle County, particularly, seemed to be a favorite and chosen field for the operations of these outlaws, but they extended into Winnebago as well. At last they became too common for longer endurance. Patience ceased to be a virtue; and hope that such things would die out as the country advanced in population and improvements, grew sick, and determined desperation seized upon the minds of men, and they resolved if there were no laws that would protect them against the ravages of thieves, robbers and counterfeiters, that they would protect themselves. It was a desperate resolve, and desperately and bloodily executed.

It may not be amiss in this connection to state, that, as subsequent events proved, some of the gang of villains, to whose operations reference has just been made, had so conducted themselves before the public that they had been clothed with positions of trust. This is particularly true as to Lee County. About the year 1835 or 1836 there came to Inlet Grove, in that county, Adolphus Bliss and his wife, Hannah, and two other men named Dewey and West. These parties were the first to settle in that part of the county, and from the close intimacy that existed between them, they came to be known to the later settlers as "Bliss, Dewey, West & Co." They had each settled on government land, and to the casual passer-by seemed to be intent on making farms and earning an honest living. But time and events proved otherwise. Bliss had built a log house, which was known all along the Rock River valley as the "Log Tavern." On a board in front of the house painted in large black letters, was this inscription—"Travellers' Home." To many a land hunter in those days that sign was a welcome sight, and many a family and individual sojourned there longer than they would have done had they known the true character of the proprietors. Later events showed that this "Log Tavern" was a rendezvous for counterfeiters, or, at least, a distributing point for their currency and coin, especially the latter. Making change is quite a business in its way with hotel keepers, and, as most people know, change is sometimes hard to get. But "Aunt Hannah," the wife of Bliss, was never "short," and never allowed herself to become

so, for she had the means of always making the supply equal to the demand, for, as subsequently shown, she kept no less than five sets of bogus dies sewed up in her feather bed. Now, for the other parties: Dewey was Bliss' nearest neighbor on the one hand, and West on the other, the last of whom eventually turned traitor, and revealed the secrets of "Bliss, Dewey, West & Co." As the settlement in that neighborhood increased, Dewey was elected justice of the peace, and West was chosen constable. Whenever their funds began to run low, all that was necessary to replenish their exchequer was to call on Aunt Hannah, and *officially* demand the dies, and their demands were never resisted—for such resistance would have been a criminal breach of the law! Whenever an attempt was made to arrest a villain, Justice Dewey would inform his comrades of the facts, then issue a warrant and place it in the hands of Constable West for service, who, knowing in which direction the outlaw had gone, would start out in hot haste in a directly opposite direction, and, of course, always return his warrant endorsed "not found." For years, the firm of "Bliss, Dewey, West & Co." boldly prosecuted this kind of business. At last, however, their true characters were unmasked, and Bliss and Dewey were arrested, tried, convicted and sent to the states prison at Alton, West appearing against them as a witness on the part of the people that he and they had so long outraged and plundered.

From 1837-8 to 1844-5, when the gang was finally broken up—some of them killed by the "regulators," some arrested and sent to the penitentiary, and the others driven from the state—horse stealing was carried on in a wholesale manner. Two men named Birch and Sutton seem to have been trusty leaders of the gang, and to them was confided the duty of running horses from Wisconsin to Missouri, and from Missouri to Wisconsin. These fellows would come up from the south and southwest with stolen horses, and, unless in fear of immediate pursuit, would sometimes leave them with Dewey, West & Sawyer, at Inlet Grove; Bridge, Driscoll & Co., at Washington Grove; or Oliver & Co., at Rockford, and so on to the end of the line. These parties would dispose of them as emergencies or necessities required. This brings our history back to Winnebago county.

Charles Oliver, of whom mention was made in the last preceding paragraph, was a man of pleasing exterior, and, as is sometimes said of counterfeit bills "well calculated to deceive." He came here in 1836, when Haight's old Rockford House was in the zenith of its glory, where he became a permanent and popular boarder, "a hale fellow well met," but who, as was afterwards proven in court, was the head center and ring leader of the gang of outlaws that infested this part of the country for so many years. But notwithstanding all this, he came near being foisted on to the Rockford community as a justice of the peace, the particulars of which we glean from Mr. James B. Martyn, an early settler of Winnebago county, but now of Belvidere, and from whose memory we have heretofore quoted. Says this authority: "Oliver was a man of some means, his father telling me that he had started Charles out in the world with \$4,000, hoping that he would do well. An election for a justice of the peace coming on some time after young Oliver's arrival, he was chosen as a candidate on the one side, and myself (Martyn) on the other. The election was closely contested, and the polls did not close until 10 o'clock at night. In those days, so long as a vote was offered every ten minutes, the polls were kept open; and in this instance the friends of the respective candidates were so anxious and deter-

mined that they never quit the polls until every voter in the precinct had been brought out, and was known to have cast his ballot. Oliver was beaten by a small majority."

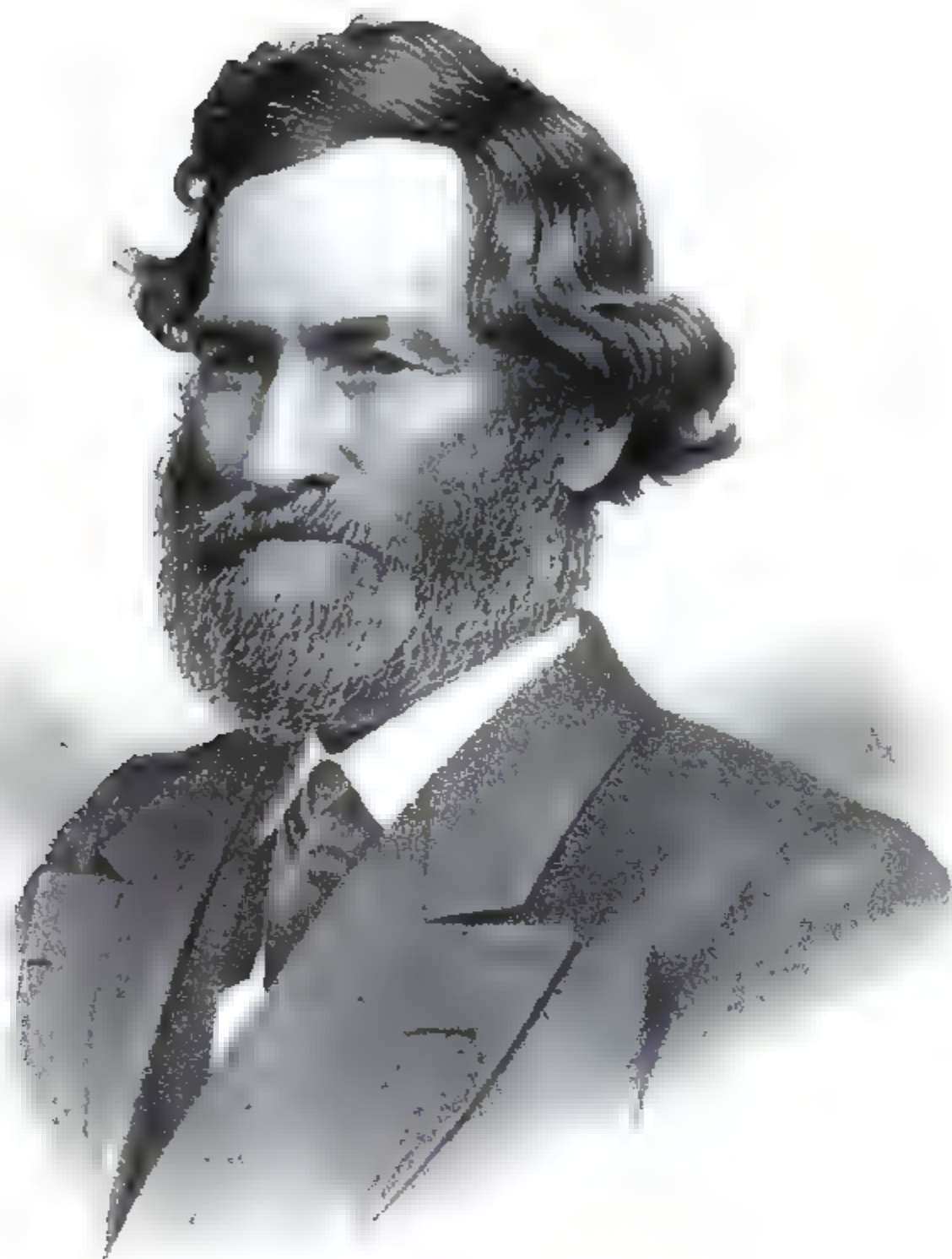
Up to 1841 no decisive measures had been inaugurated to rid the country of the presence of the villains that had apparent control of everything. The laws could not be enforced with any degree of efficiency. If arrested, tried and found sufficiently guilty to hold them to bail (in bailable offenses) there were no jails sufficiently secure to hold them, and even if there had been, there were members of the gang abundantly able to offer any amount of bail required, and thus it came about that the ranks of the outlaws were never thinned out by the imprisonment of any of the members of the unworthy fraternity. In April, of this year, however, fifteen honest, sturdy, fearless and determined men who had been victims to the predatory raids of the outlaws, held a meeting in a log school house at White Rock, for consultation. These fifteen men represented a large district of county upon which the gang had so long preyed unmolested. Some of them were native born Americans—some were Canadians, and some were Scotchmen, but all were resolute and determined. Without entering into details, suffice it to say that that meeting, after fully and carefully reviewing the situation and the repeated outrages to which the community had been subjected, and recognizing the fact, as it seemed to them, that law, justice and its executives were inadequate to the protection of the people and the arrest and punishment of the outlaws, they entered into a solemn compact with each other to rid the county of the desperadoes by which it was infested. The course resolved upon was to visit every known or suspected person, and notify them to leave the county within a given length of time, and that if they did not comply, they would be summarily and severely dealt with—stripped and lashed until they would promise to comply with the decision and demands of the "Regulators." To the accomplishment of this work the Ogle County Regulators solemnly pledged themselves or to die in the attempt. The work was soon commenced. From fifteen, their number soon increased to scores and hundreds. Their first victim was a man whom it was charged had been the means of having a neighbor's horse stolen. He was taken out of his house and ordered to strip, which order he obeyed. His hands were tied behind his back, when he was given thirty-six lashes with a raw hide, well applied, the blood following every stroke. He stood the ordeal, said an eye witness, without flinching, and when the terrible work was ended, he remarked: "Now, as your rage is satisfied, and to prove that I am an honest man, I will join your company." He became a member, although it was almost certainly known that before this castigation his life had not been one of irreproachable honesty. Their next victim was a man who had once been a Baptist preacher in the east, but had long since fallen from his high estate. He was notified to leave the country, which he agreed to do, but after leaving him, it seems that a part of the regulators returned to his house, took him out, tied him to a burr oak tree, and gave him *ninety-six lashes*.

Once started, the organization spread, and soon extended into Boone, McHenry and Winnebago counties, and, says the authority from which we quote, "had a reg flag been hoisted during the night over every house the inmates of which sympathized with the regulators, the people, when they awoke, would have supposed the whole county had the small-pox." The friends and comrades of the men who had been whipped and ordered to

leave the country were fearfully enraged and swore eternal and bloody vengeance. Eighty of them assembled in the barn of one of their number, where their plans were laid and preparations made to visit White Rock and murder every man, woman and child in that hamlet. That they absolutely started on that bloody mission is susceptible of proof, but on the way they met another member of the gang, a little cooler headed than the masses, who, learning the terrible object of their raid, implored them to desist from the undertaking, and was finally successful in prevailing upon them to disperse to their homes. The plans, however, of the desperadoes had been overheard, and intelligence of the threatened massacre carried to White Rock, where preparations were at once made by the people to defend their homes and their lives as dearly as the emergency of the occasion required. Fortunately the attack did not come, and the bloody work was averted.

Soon after this, Mr. S. Wellington, who had been elected Captain of the Regulators, resigned, and John Campbell, a Scotchman and a devout Presbyterian, was chosen as his successor. Within two weeks after his election, he received a letter from William Driscoll filled with most direful threats—not only threatening Campbell's life, but the life of every one who dared to oppose their murderous, thieving operations. The only effect of this letter was to add fuel to the already kindled flame, and in directing the rage of the entire community against the Driscolls. Soon after the receipt of this letter by Mr. Campbell, one hundred and ninety-six of the Regulators assembled together and marched to the residence of the Driscolls, in South Grove. On approaching the place, they discovered a number of ruffians armed to the teeth, as if inviting the attack. When within a half a mile of the house, they halted to complete arrangements for the assault. There it was determined that one of the number should go forward and beard the lion in his den. While preparing to draw lots as to who should undertake this supposed death-ride, a young man, who afterwards became one of Rockford's best known citizens, volunteered to undertake the mission, and immediately started. As he neared the house, the door flew open, and nearly a score of ruffians, all armed with pistols, dashed out and made for the woods. The old man Driscoll mounted a fast horse and was soon beyond pursuit. One man remained behind, and he informed the two hundred determined men that Driscoll had gone to Sycamore to muster his forces, and that they would return in two hours to fight them. Nothing daunted, the Regulators dismounted and threw themselves upon the ground to await the coming of Driscoll's army.

At three o'clock in the afternoon Driscoll returned, but instead of bringing his threatened company of confederates he brought Sheriff Walrodd, Squire Mayo, and the Probate Judge, Lovell, of DeKalb County. These gentlemen inquired the nature of the strange gathering, in answer to which Mr. Campbell, as leader of the citizens, made a decided and effective answer, every word of which fell with powerful force against Driscoll and his confederates. He not only told why they were there, and for what purpose they had come, but what they intended to do. He told of crimes the Driscolls had committed—how William Driscoll and another man had robbed, and some said murdered, a peddler and secreted the plunder in a barn, and that in a day or two afterwards Driscoll had gone in the dead of night and stolen the goods from his confederate, thereby "making himself the meanest thief on the face of God's earth." The Driscolls stood by livid with rage, and gnashed their teeth as Campbell told of their dark deeds.



Thos. B. Talcott

ROCKTON

When Campbell had finished, the three gentlemen from DeKalb who had come over with Driscoll abandoned them, and told the citizens that any time they needed help to carry out their purpose to call on Sycamore, from whence they could rely on at least one hundred good and willing men.

The Driscolls were then notified to leave the state, and were allowed to name the day when they would depart. They fixed the time at twenty days. Soon after the citizens dispersed to their homes.

The Driscolls did not leave the state, nor did they make preparations to leave. On the contrary, they continued in their evil ways, and if possible became bolder and more defiant than ever. In less than ten days after the events narrated above, a meeting of the outlaws and desperadoes was held on the farm of a man named William Bridge, at Lafayette Grove, where the murder of Campbell was planned, and Bridge and David Driscoll detailed to the atrocious work. They were sworn to waylay Campbell, and not to leave him until he was a corpse.

Sunday, June 27, 1841, the bloody deed was accomplished. Campbell and his family had gone to church, several miles distant, in the morning. On their return in the afternoon, he stopped at his barn to care for his horses. This care discharged, he started from the barn towards his house, when he was confronted by Bridge and Driscoll, the former of whom asked him some question, and before he could answer it Driscoll raised his gun and shot him through the heart, and Campbell fell to the earth a corpse. Their oath had been kept.

News of the murder spread like wildfire. Indignation against the Driscolls was aroused to fever heat. On Monday, the 28th, the remains of Campbell were buried. After the funeral, the excitement and indignation against the perpetrators and instigators of the bloody crime broke out afresh. The very air was filled with threats of vengeance against them, and nothing but the lives of the murderous gang would pay the penalty. News of the terrible crime had been carried to Sycamore, Oregon and Rockford, and help in the work of extenuation demanded, and it was given. Monday afternoon Rockford was more like a deserted village than a bustling, busy little village. Every man that could go, went—all determined to avenge Campbell's death. The arrest of William Driscoll was made by Rockford men. Men from Oregon, headed by the Sheriff, had arrested old man Driscoll and lodged him in the Ogle county jail. Bridge and David Driscoll could not be found. They had escaped the vigilance of an outraged people, and fled no one knew whither. Tuesday morning, the 29th, the Oregon people heard that the citizens of Rockford had William Driscoll a prisoner at Lafayette Grove, and the old man was immediately taken from the jail, a rope put around his neck, by which he was dragged after the infuriated populace to the ferry, where they crossed to the opposite side of the river, and by ten o'clock they had joined the Rockford division at Washington Grove. By this time the crowd had increased to at least five hundred men. Three of the Driscolls—the old man, William and Pierce, the latter being the youngest of the family—were prisoners. Only the old man was manacled. In the centre of one group stood William Driscoll, knowing full well that at last he had been overtaken in his career of crime, and that his life was about to pay the penalty. He was about forty-five years of age, rather above the average of men in height, heavy set and muscular, and would probably have tipped the scales at one hundred and eighty pounds. He was a man of strong will and great endurance. His features

were firm and presented a peculiarly heavy appearance. He was that type of man that could face any ordinary danger without the least fear, but here were five hundred resolute, determined men to hold him to an account for his manifold crimes, the remembrance of which at this moment no doubt arose before him like so many spectres. Pierce, his younger brother, stood near by, and soon the father, dragged along by a rope tied around his neck, was placed near them. "This man," says those who knew him, "was a singular looking specimen of humanity. He was upwards of six feet in height, slightly inclined to corpulency, and weighed about two hundred pounds. He was all muscle and sinew, and every way one of the most powerful men in all that crowd of half a thousand men. His face was the only repulsive feature about old John Driscoll, which was owing to the loss of a part of his nose, which had long before been bitten off in a fight. His hair was iron gray and coarse, his eyebrows heavy and shaggy-like, and his face smooth." Untrembling and unmoved, he stood motionless in the midst of his inquisitors and executioners.

One of the men standing near by asked the old man how many horses he supposed he had stolen during his life of crime and outlawry, to which he coolly replied: "I presume I have been the means of stealing from fifty to one hundred," and as he thus answered a momentary smile flashed across his features.

William Driscoll was similarly questioned. He admitted that at one of their midnight conclaves he had suggested that Campbell should be served as the gang had served a man out in Iowa—killed—but denied all knowledge of the murder of John Campbell on the Sunday before.

About this time Lawyers Latimer and Jason Marsh arrived from Rockford, and they were made spokesmen for the party. Old man Driscoll, carefully guarded, was allowed to step aside for consultation with Marsh, to whom he protested that he was innocent. When the time granted for this consultation had expired, Marsh announced in a few words that Driscoll had no confession to make, and urged the crowd not to be too hasty in the premises, and that time be allowed the men to prepare for death. He also urged that Pierce Driscoll, the younger, be released, to which the crowd assented.

Latimer, for the people, made a vehement address, saying that nothing but blood would palliate the crimes that had been committed, that as long as the gang of outlaws were permitted to remain on the earth, no community would be safe from their depredations and crimes. The Driscolls, if not the head centers and authors and instigators of the untold robberies and murders that had been committed in the country, were at least accomplices, and had shared in the plunder. He maintained that the people were justified in taking the course they had, that their safety demanded it, that the murder of Campbell must be avenged, and that if the actual murderers could not be found, those who planned the foul deed must suffer in their stead, and concluded by urging the immediate execution of John Driscoll and his son, William.

When Latimer concluded his remarks, the son-in-law of Campbell moved that sentence of death be passed upon the two prisoners. The motion was submitted to the crowd. Death-like silence prevailed, and the prisoners, although calm and motionless, turned deathly pale. When at last the silence was broken, the vote was almost unanimous in favor of immediate execution, and the men were told to prepare to die. The old man was the first to speak,

and turning to a by-stander he said: "If you are going to shoot me down, for God's sake take this rope from my neck, for it is choking me." Campbell's son-in-law untied it. One hour was given them for prayer, and two ministers who were present prayed with the condemned men, to one of whom it is said William Driscoll confessed that he had murdered no less than six men with his own hand. He prayed for forgiveness and became quite penitent. The old man was determined, and held out to the very end without uttering the simple prayer, "God have mercy on my soul."

The hour expired, the moment of execution had come. One hundred citizens, armed with rifles, were formed in two *death* divisions—fifty were to fire upon the old man and fifty upon his son William. The old man was led forth first; his eyes were bandaged, and he was made to kneel upon the earth. All things in readiness, the word to fire was given, and the old man fell to the earth riddled and shattered to pieces with the charges of *fifty rifles*.

William and Pierce Driscoll witnessed the execution of their father. William's fate came next. In the last hour abject fear overcame his former boldness, and his hair turned almost white. In a semi-conscious condition he was led forth, and in a few minutes his body was riddled by the discharges from the other fifty rifles, and lay bleeding and quivering by the side of his father.

Pierce Driscoll was told that he would be permitted to take charge of the dead bodies of his father and brother, and that teams and help would be provided to convey them home and prepared for burial, but the offer was declined with the declaration that he would have nothing to do with it. Spades and shovels were procured and a rude grave was dug on the spot where they had been killed, and unwashed and uncoffined, ghastly and gory, their bodies were rolled into the one grave together and covered over. Three weeks later their bodies were taken up by their friends, washed and given a decent burial.

Unparalleled excitement followed these proceedings. The volunteer club scoured the country in every direction to find William Bridge and David Driscoll, and Bridge barely made his escape. When the Regulators were at his house, he was hidden in an excavation underneath it. When the Regulators had gone, he left his home and fled from the State, but subsequently returned, and was arrested. David Driscoll was arrested some years later and tried on the charge of killing Campbell, but was finally acquitted, when he left the country.

It is true that this bloody tragedy was enacted in an adjoining county, but being so closely allied to Winnebago, and participated in by people from this county, that it naturally forms a part of the history we are writing. Many of the participants became wealthy and respected citizens, and there is no doubt but what they honestly and conscientiously believed it was the only means by which they could rid the country of the outlaws that infested it, and thereby protect their lives and their property. But this disposition of the Driscolls was not the end.

People differed as to the means employed to free the country of the presence of the desperadoes, and took sides accordingly. Mr. Knappen, editor of the *Star*, took strong grounds against the proceedings in the Driscoll case, and denounced it in strong language. In an editorial under date of July 1, 1841, Mr. Knappen said:

"A short time since we received through the post-office a copy of the

proceedings of the Ogle County Lynchers, up to the latest date, embracing the following resolution:

"*Resolved*, That the proceedings of the Volunteer Company be published in the Rockford newspapers once a month.

"Now, be it known to all the world that we have solemnly resolved that the proceedings of the Ogle County, or any county volunteer lynch company, cannot be justified or encouraged in our columns. The view we take of the subject does not permit us to approve the measures and conduct of the said company. If two or three hundred citizens are to assume the administration of the lynch law in the face and eyes of the laws of the land, we shall soon have a fearful state of things, and where, we ask, will it end if mob law is to supercede the civil law? If it is tolerated, no man's life or property is safe; his neighbor, who may be more popular than himself, will possess an easy, ready way to be revenged by misrepresentation and false accusation; in short, of what avail are our legislative bodies and their enactments? We live in a land of laws, and to them it becomes us to resort and submit for the punishment and redress as faithful keepers of the laws, and thus extend to each other the protection and advantages of the law, and repulse every attempt to deprive a fellow citizen of the precious privilege granted in all civilized countries—namely, the right to be tried by an impartial jury of twelve good men of his county. But, perhaps, it will be argued by some, that we have in this new country no means or proper places for securing offenders and breakers of the laws, to which we answer, then build them. The time already spent by three or four hundred men in this and Ogle counties, at three or four different times, and from two to four days at a time, this season, would have built jails so strong that no man, or dozen men on earth, deprived of implements with which to work, and confined in them, could ever escape, and guard them sufficiently strong by armed men outside, to prevent assistance from rescuing them from the arm of the law. Would not this course be much more patriotic and creditable to the citizens of a civilized and Christianized country, than to resort to the administration of mob law by Judge Lynch? Not on us, gentlemen, but on your own heads be the responsibility; we wash our hands clear from the *Blood of Lynch Law*."

In the same number of the *Star* from which the above is quoted, there appeared two communications—one signed *Vox Populi*, taking strong grounds against the action of the Regulators, pronouncing them a "*Banditti*," etc. This writer says: "Banditti like, after organization, these fiends in human shape, commenced traversing the country for plunder—not, perhaps, valuable goods, but the LIBERTY and LIVES of their fellow citizens! Every one who happened to fall under the suspicion of one or more of this gang, was at once brought before their self-constituted tribunal, where there was no difficulty in procuring testimony for convicting him of any crime named, when he was sentenced, and men appointed to inflict the adjudged punishment, which, in the embryo existence of the 'Clan,' generally consisted in giving the culprit from twenty to three hundred lashes well laid on.

* * * No one pretends that John and William Driscoll had committed murder, nor can they say that they merited the punishment they received, even had they been found guilty by an impartial jury of their country of the crime alleged by the mob. No: had unimpeachable testimony been brought to prove them guilty of that for which *circumstantial*

evidence was horribly *distorted* to convict them, the penalty would have been but three to five years imprisonment in the penitentiary." This correspondent also says that "some three weeks since [before the date of his letter], John Driscoll was arrested for some misdemeanor, by the 'Lynching Club,' and after being threatened with whipping and death unless he revealed the names of the horse-thieves and counterfeiters belonging to the tribe, consented to give the names of certain persons suspected by him, intimating at the same time that some of the members of the club then present would curse the day that the disclosures had been extorted. An almost unanimous cry for his release was raised, and he was set at liberty! And has it come to this, that in a land of civilization and Christianity, blessed with as wholesome a code of laws as man's ingenuity ever invented, a few desperadoes shall rise up and inflict all manner of punishment, even DEATH, upon whomsoever they please? Shall all Civil Law be sacrificed and trampled in the dust at the shrine of Mobocracy? Shall the life and property of no one receive any protection from the civil law, but both be subject to the nod of an inconsiderate and uncontrollable mob? *Shall these things be so?* Or will the people rise *en masse*, and assert the laws of the land, and enforce the same against the murderers and lynchers? The latter course is certainly pointed out by JUSTICE, and I trust in God that justice will be meted out to all who have had a hand in this bloody business."

The second communication to which reference was made above, was signed "B," bore date July 1, 1841, and sustained the action of the Regulators. It was generally credited to Mr. Latimer, the attorney, who made such a violent address on the occasion of the killing of the Driscolls. He subsequently removed to Lancaster, Grant County, Wisconsin, where he was killed in a street fight with a gambler.

The *Star* editorial already quoted, and the communication of *Vox Populi*, only maddened the Regulators the more, and a few nights after the paper was issued containing these articles, the office was entered by unknown parties and the type in forms and cases "pied"—that is, turned out on the floor promiscuously, and the entire office reduced to a pile of ruins. Knappen's hopes were blasted, and he shortly sold the wreck to John A. Brown, who rescued the material from confusion, and the publication of a paper called the *Pilot* commenced. But murders, and robberies and kindred crimes did not stop with the killing of the Driscolls and the sacking of the *Star* office. Outrages continued, and the people came to live in almost uninterrupted fear and alarm. No horse owner knew at what hour his stables would be plundered or himself murdered. Without entering into a detailed specification of the repeated outrages, robberies, etc., we will enumerate a few of the boldest in the order of their occurrence:

On the night of the 18th of September, 1843, the store of William McKinney, in Rockford, was entered and plundered of a trunk containing between \$700 and \$800. A brother of McKinney was sleeping in the store, but was awakened by the noise made by the midnight prowlers, and attempting to oppose the robber, who called him by name, he was awed into silence and non-resistance by a knife that was placed against his breast, the thief remarking that he "must have the trunk containing the money, as he could not afford to run such risks for nothing." He got the trunk and escaped, and eluded capture.

Scarcely had the excitement created by this bold robbery died away, when the community was again startled by the perpetration of a bolder one

still. This robbery was committed on one of Frink, Walker & Co.'s four-horse mail coaches, about four miles out from Rockford towards Chicago, while, as it is stated, the coach was actually in motion and full of passengers, but was not discovered until the coach arrived at Newbergh. The following morning the trunks and baggage were found a few rods from the road, broken open and rifled of all their valuables. A newspaper published here at the time, in speaking of this robbery said: "What renders these transactions still more exciting, is the fact that they are committed by those who are perfect scholars in the business movements of the town." No immediate clue to this last bold robbery was obtained.

This stage robbery was followed a few weeks later by another one fully as daring. In this instance the house of William Mulford, in Guilford township, was entered in the night time, and while a party of the gang stood guard over Mr. and Mrs. Mulford, who had gone to bed, the others ransacked the house, and found about \$400, which they carried away. It had been rumored that Mulford had received some \$15,000 from New York a short time before, and this rumor had reached the ears of the gang. But luckily, if such sum had been received, it was so carefully secreted as to be beyond discovery by the robbers. The alarm was given next morning, and although the country was hunted over for miles, not a track of the desperadoes could be found, and in a short time this robbery was almost forgotten in the series of depredations that followed—all so perfectly planned and carried out, that detection and discovery seemed impossible. But argus-eyed Nemesis was on their track.

The killing of the Driscolls was one step made towards ridding the country from desperadoes. But many other steps were necessary before the work would be fully completed. In the early part of the summer of 1845, Charles West, of the firm of Bliss, Dewey, West & Co., of whom mention has heretofore been made, became offended at the gang. Taking advantage of this circumstance, certain respectable people in the immediate neighborhood of the Bliss and Dewey rendezvous, succeeded in prevailing upon West to reveal the names of the gang that had been operating through this part of the country, and a number of them were soon afterwards arrested. Among some of the most prominent and active members of the gang were: Chas. Oliver, Jr., and Wm. McDowell, of Rockford; Sutton, alias Fox, Birch, the "boss" thief of the gang, and who was known from one end of the Mississippi and Missouri rivers to the other by the several aliases of Harris, Haynes and Brown; Bridge, Davis, Thomas Aiken, and Baker. Besides, there were a number of others whose names are forgotten. Among other revelations made by West, was the plan, as well as the names of the parties, who robbed McKinney's store, in Rockford, and Mulford's in Guilford. Oliver, the man who came near being elected to the office of justice of the peace, in Rockford, (a fact already mentioned), was the local director and manager of the gang. He planned the Mulford robbery, and shared the plunder. McDowell, a carpenter, was one of the parties that actively participated in that robbery. On the strength of West's testimony, Oliver and McDowell were indicted by a night session of the grand jury, in June, 1843. The sheriff at that particular time was absent. There was no deputy, and the coroner, next in authority to the sheriff, was the father-in-law of McDowell. This fact rendered him an unsafe person to be entrusted with the arrest of Oliver and McDowell. Under the law in those days, two justices of the peace could appoint an officer to

act in cases of emergency where there was no sheriff, or in the absence of that officer; and acting under this law, Chauncy Burton and Willard Wheeler, justices of the peace at that time, were called up out of bed, and Mr. Goodyear A. Sanford, the last preceding sheriff, appointed to arrest Oliver and McDowell. By this time, the night was well nigh gone, and as the affair had been kept perfectly quiet, their arrest was deferred till the next day, when Mr. Sanford took them into custody without difficulty. At the same time, Bridge, implicated in the killing of Campbell, who had returned to Ogle County, was also arrested and brought up to the Winnebago jail. The news of the arrest of Oliver, McDowell and Bridge rekindled the old embers of excitement, and it was determined that no bail ought to be offered or accepted for the release of these parties, but that they should be held in close custody until they could be tried in the Circuit Court. The murder of Colonel Davenport a month later, July 4, 1845, added fresh fury to the excitement of the people, and it is a matter of remark that the same fate was not meted to the parties under arrest, that had been meted out to the Driscolls; for the finger of suspicion unerringly pointed to Birch and Sutton, alias Fox and Davis, members of the gang, as his murderers, but better counsels prevailed, and they were left to the courts.

The trial of Oliver came on August 26, 1845. Among other revelations, West had stated that Oliver had planned the robbery of Mulford, and that although he was not present when the crime was perpetrated, he had received a share of the stolen money. This money he exchanged for stolen horses. Oliver and McDowell had confided the secrets of the Mulford robbery to a man named Irving A. Stearns, to whom Oliver had offered some of the Mulford money in exchange for a horse. Subsequently Stearns went to Michigan, where, for some crime, he was arrested, tried, convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary, facts which the reader will please bear in mind.

The trial of Oliver excited the people of Winnebago County as they had never been excited before, and as they have seldom been excited since. When the case came on, the court house was crowded to its utmost capacity. Thomas C. Browne was presiding judge of the district at that time. Jas. L. Loop was district attorney, and was assisted in the prosecution by nearly the entire legal profession of Rockford—Jason Marsh, James M. Wright, Anson S. and Cyrus F. Miller and Thos. D. Robertson. The prisoner was represented by M. P. Sweet, of Freeport, and M. T. Johnson, of Galena. Oliver was bold and defiant. The robbery of Mulford had been so carefully planned and secretly managed that he felt sure of acquittal. The only witness to be feared was Stearns, and he imagined himself secure from his testimony by reason of his imprisonment in the Michigan penitentiary, never suspecting that measures had been taken to secure his pardon, presence and appearance in court as a witness against him. But Jason Marsh, who, from the time of the Mulford robbery, had been actively engaged in working up the case and ferreting out the robbers, had accomplished this important end, and had Stearns in Rockford when the court came on—a fact unknown to the prisoner until Stearns, when his name was called with that of other witnesses—G. A. Sanford, Jas. B. Martyn, C. H. Spafford, Anson Barnum, D. Howell, Dr. Searle, A. Rice and others—appeared at the clerk's desk to be sworn. The testimony of Stearns was so direct and conclusive that the cross examination failed to weaken it in the least, and Oliver was sentenced to the penitentiary for eight years. At the end of five years, he was par-

doned out and rejoined his wife and family in New York. A few years later, he visited Rockford and mingled quite freely with the people among whom he had once been so popular, and to some of whom he explained why the gang had not robbed more of them. To Goodyear A. Sanford he said: "The boys often wanted to go for you (as county treasurer), but I wouldn't let them, because you was such a clever fellow." McDowell was convicted a little later in the course of time, and was also sentenced for eight years, but, like his old leader in crime, was pardoned at the end of five years and went to work as a carpenter at Alton, where he so conducted himself as to win the respect of the people, and where he was still living at last accounts. Bridge took a change of venue to Ogle County, where he was also convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary. After his release, he went to Iowa, where, reports say, he fell into his old vices and was finally killed by a sheriff, whom he was resisting. Mr. Loop, the prosecuting attorney, was a young man, and his management of the case for the people is still highly praised, and a bright and honorable career as an attorney was predicted for him, but he lived only a few years to enjoy the fame he earned on that occasion. Of Mr. Marsh it was said, "fees large and liberal might have been his to defend Oliver and McDowell, both of whom had accumulated considerable means, and whose counsel he had previously been, but he chose rather to lend his ability and legal knowledge towards freeing the country from the presence of the desperadoes and outlaws that had so long infested it." And his efforts in that direction were not without reward. The conviction of Oliver and McDowell in the Winnebago court, and the arrest and conviction, and in some cases, the execution, of the other members of the gang, either frightened their unarrested associates in crime out of the country or turned them from their evil ways.

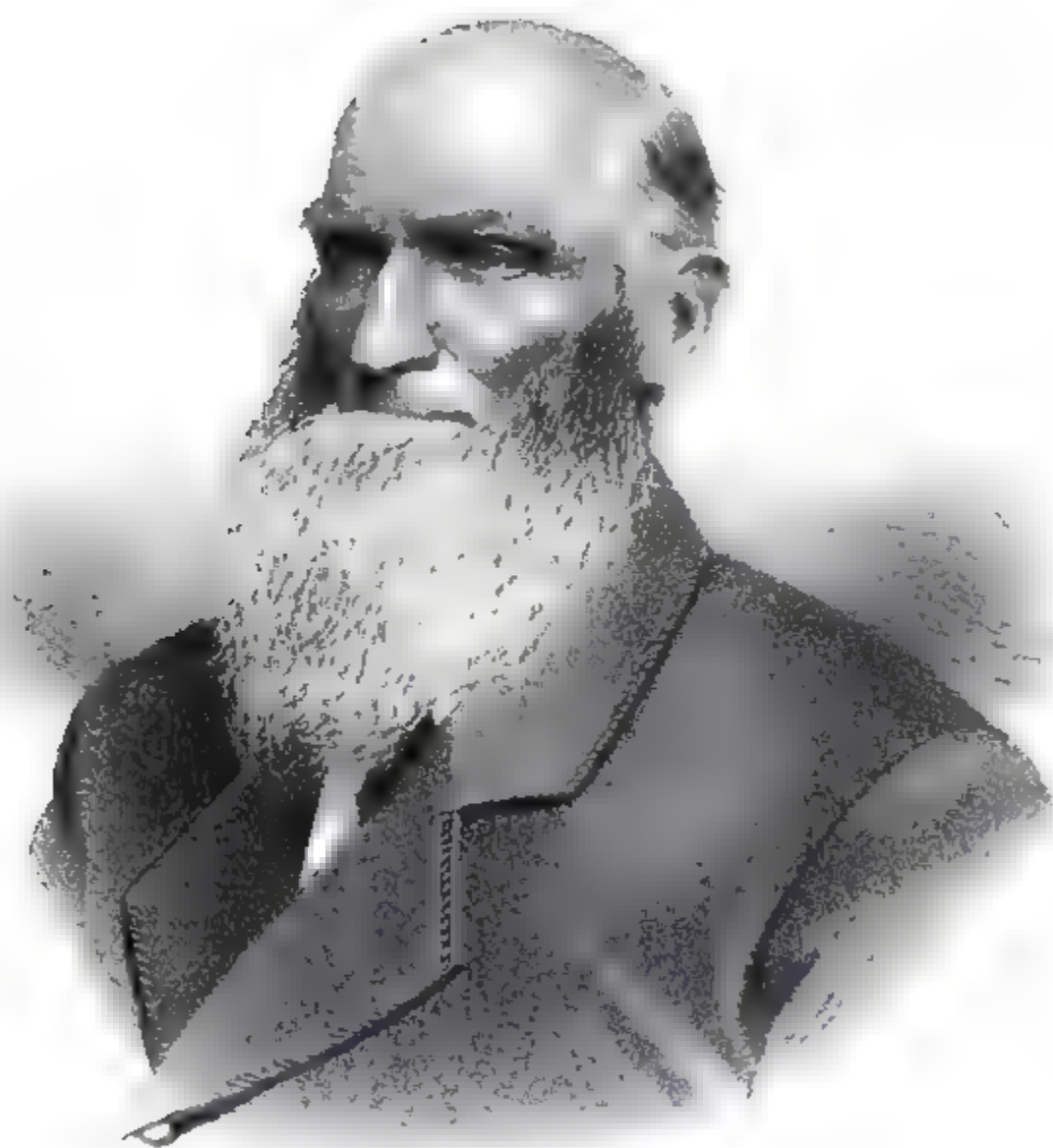
Of Thomas D. Robertson, another of the Rockford lawyers who assisted in the prosecution, it is said that "though young in years and in the practice of his profession, he acquitted himself admirably, fully sustaining the hopes of his friends." He is now the president of the Winnebago National Bank.

The jury before whom Oliver was tried was composed of the following named gentlemen: Giles Maybee, Asa Farnsworth, E. C. Tracy, Calvin Haskell, Edward Bradley, Asa Crosby, Joshua Heath, Jr., Albert Tuttle, Phineas Howes, Harvey Higbee, Geo. Dixon and Andrus Corbin. Of these jurors, all are dead but Mr. Howes, who still lives in Rockford.

FIRST COUNTY BUILDINGS, ETC.

For the first two or three years either Haight's private residence or the Rockford House served as a court house or for the sessions of the county commissioners, etc. Then came the building of a frame house for the use of the county, schools, churches, and public meetings, and such other occasions as the occurrences of the time demanded. For the first five years these buildings answered very cleverly for the many uses to which they were applied, but the rapid increase of population and public business demanded something better and more commodious.

In April, 1843, Daniel S. Haight, E. Hubbell, Potter Hollis, H. Holmes, Loami Peake, Daniel Howell and John A. Brown, all of the East Side, made propositions to the county commissioners to build a court house and jail, to cost four thousand dollars. Some preliminary arrangements were considered, and the site for the court house and jail selected, but some complications arose that interfered and prevented the proposition from being



Sylvester Talcott
ROCKTON

consummated. At a special meeting of the Board of Commissioners held on the 22d of April, 1843, C. I. Horsman, for himself and others, presented the following proposition:

"That the undersigned citizens of Rockford agree to erect such buildings as the county commissioners shall direct, and according to such plan and finish as the commissioners shall furnish for a court house, county offices and jail, the said buildings to be commenced before the first day of June next, and the jail to be finished before the first day of January, 1844. The remainder of the said building or buildings to be finished by the first day of January, 1844, and to perfect and convey to the county a good title to the land on which the same buildings shall stand, to the amount of two and a half acres. *Provided:* The commissioners select the site of the buildings on the west side of Rock River, and to give satisfactory security to be filed with the county clerk as soon as the commissioners accept the proposition. Signed, George Haskell, Charles I. Horsman, H. W. Loomis, M. Burrows, Charles Hall, Thomas D. Robertson, Geo. W. Dewey, David D. Alling, H. R. Maynard, Alden Thomas, S. Skinner, Geo. Barrows, John Fisher, D. Harper, D. Dow."

This proposition was accepted, and entering into bond in the sum of \$20,000 for the faithful performance of their undertaking, Messrs. Haskell, Horsman, and their associates were paid ten dollars by the commissioners to "bind the bargain," and the contract to build the court house was let.

The site selected for the county buildings is that now occupied. The undertaking was completed in good faith, as specified in the proposition. The jail served its purpose until 1873, when it gave place to the present structure, and the court house for just thirty-three years, but at last the primitive structure, which bears the date of "1492," is overshadowed by the walls of one of the grandest county buildings in the state. Its style of architecture is known as the French Venetian with American treatment. But of this magnificent structure, and the terrible catastrophe attending its erection, more anon. The stone building in which the county records are kept and business transacted was built in 1851.

The ancient date borne by the old court house—1492—is the work of one of Rockford's wags, and had its origin in this: The completion of the Rockford Central Railroad, running from Rockford to Rochelle, was signalized by a railroad jubilee—that is to say, the people of Rockford extended an invitation to "all the world and the rest of mankind" to come and see them on that occasion. Ample preparations were made to entertain their guests. The city put on its best. Public and private buildings were handsomely decorated—all but the old court house. Frank Peats was the Sheriff, and by virtue of his office had charge of the public buildings. Some inquiries were made why the local temple of justice was not decorated, and Sheriff Peats was reminded of his duty as a public officer—that as it was to be a gala day he should not neglect the opportunity or the occasion to dress up the court house in a style becoming the *spirit* and *pride* of the people of Winnebago County. "Enough said." By trade, the Sheriff was a painter, and procuring a pot, brush and ladder, he erected the latter against the front of the old temple, and painted in large black figures "1492," representing the year in which Christopher Columbus discovered America. This inscription has never been erased. It has been the subject of many a hearty laugh to some, and of indignation to others. To

one man in particular, in middle life, in good circumstances, was it a subject of annoyance, to say the least. Some of his friends from the East had come to visit him, and, as in duty bound, he was showing them around Rockford. During their perambulations, they passed in front of the court house. His eyes caught the inscription—1492. He suddenly stopped, and looked. "Why," said he, when he recovered himself sufficiently to find his voice, "what is that? What does it mean? 1492? That's the year Columbus discovered America. That's outrageously sacriligious. I was christened in that building." And such was the fact, and he has not gotten over it yet—we don't mean the christening, but the knowledge of the fact that a sacriligious hand had so defamed the Winnebago court house.

ANTE-WAR RECORDS.

Turning again to the old records of the County Commissioners' Court, we come to a document that is not without interest, particularly so as it will carry the mind of the reader back to ante-war times—to the time when human beings were bought and sold like cattle—when husbands and fathers were torn from wives and children, manacled and driven wherever it pleased the speculator in human flesh—when children were sold from parents, and the separation made as final and irrevocable, and more terrible in torture, than if death, the king of terrors, had come and taken them away. But we need not dwell on this poisonous plague that once ruled in triumph over one part of our common country, for, at last, outraged humanity and civilization could endure it no longer, and it was washed out in blood.

Germanicus Kent was born in Connecticut. When quite a young man he went to Virginia, where he remained some years, and then removed to Alabama. In those states he made the workings and influences of slavery an especial study. In Alabama he became associated in a business way with James G. Birney, the first candidate ever nominated to the presidency by the Abolition Party. Associated together for a number of years, Messrs. Birney and Kent had ample opportunities for investigation and interchange of opinions on the one subject—slavery—that was not only uppermost in their minds, but affecting and poisoning almost every commercial, social and political interest of the country, and they determined to quit the section that fostered and protected it the first favorable opportunity that offered for disposing of their business interests. The time came; their property was disposed of, and they struck out for the north—the home of the free—Mr. Birney went to Ohio, and Mr. Kent, as already known, coming to Illinois and Winnebago County.

During the years that Mr. Kent lived in Alabama, he had become the owner, by purchase, of a colored boy named Lewis Lemon, for to be without the ownership of a slave in any of the Southern States in those days was to ostracise one's self from business and social recognition. Mr. Kent bought Lewis, when he was seventeen years of age, from Orris D. Lemon, a slave dealer, to whom he paid \$450 in gold. According to the statement of Lewis, he was born in North Carolina, but had been sold from time to time, until he passed into the ownership of Lemon and then to Kent. When the latter concluded to come to Illinois, Lewis chose between coming along and buying his freedom from Mr. Kent, and being sold again into the hands of southern slave speculators. At St. Louis, in 1834, while they were *en route* to Galena, Mr. Kent and Lewis entered into an agreement as to the price which the latter was to pay for himself in work at \$15 per

month, the stipulated price being \$800, bearing ten per cent. interest—time, six years and seven months. Both parties religiously kept the faith of the agreement, and in four years and four months, Lewis worked his way into freedom and independence. At the March meeting, 1842, of the County Commissioners' Court, the following document, relating to this transaction, was entered of record:

Be it remembered that at the present term, March, A. D. 1842, of the County of Winnebago, State of Illinois, Lewis Lemon, a free man of color, presented the evidence of his being a free man by the following writing of Germanicus Kent, of said county, which being duly acknowledged by him, is ordered to be filed and entered on record:

To all to whom these presents shall come, GREETING: That, whereas the undersigned, Germanicus Kent, of Rockford, Illinois, did, in the year A. D. 1829, being then a resident of the State of Alabama, purchase of Orrin D. Lemon, since deceased, a colored boy named Lewis, then about seventeen years of age, as a slave for life; and whereas, upon the removal of the undersigned from said State of Alabama, to said State of Illinois; now this is to certify that said Lewis by my removing him to said State of Illinois, and his residence there ever since, did become free and emancipated from all services due to me as a slave, and that he is, and by right ought to be, free forever hereafter. And this is to further certify that said Lewis was born a slave of said Orrin D. Lemon, then residing in Wake County (N. C.) from whence he removed to Madison County, Alabama, where I purchased said Lewis of him. The said Lewis is aged about twenty-seven years; in person he is five feet, eight inches high, well built, rather stout, and weighs about one hundred and seventy pounds; his features are good, dark yellow complexion, open and frank countenance, mouth prominent and large lips.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal at Rockford, Illinois, this sixth day of September, A. D. 1839.

[SEAL.]

GERMANICUS KENT.

In presence of W. E. Dunbar and William Hulin.

State of Illinois, Winnebago County, ss: This day before me, Selden M. Church, Clerk of the County Commissioners' Court of the said County, came Germanicus Kent, known to me to be the real person described in, and who executed the within instrument of writing, and acknowledged that he executed the same for the uses and purposes therein expressed.

Given under my hand and private seal (there being no official seal provided), at Rockford, this 11th day of March, A. D. 1842.

[SEAL.]

SELDEN M. CHURCH,

Clerk County Commissioners' Court, Winnebago Co.

And it further appearing to the satisfaction of the said Court, that said Lewis Lemon has resided in the State of Illinois as a man of color since the month of August, A. D. 1834, and that he has demeaned himself as a sober and honest person, this Court doth therefore order that the clerk of the Court shall certify under the seal of the Court the facts aforesaid, and that said Lewis Lemon is a free person of color, entitled to all rights and immunities as such.

Thus was Lewis Lemon made an independent man. It is the only document of record to remind the people of the county of the former existence of slavery, and that one of its victims here found freedom and a home. In August, 1877, Lewis Lemon, at the age of about sixty-five years, ended his earthly pilgrimage, and was called to meet his kindred who had gone before him to the land of the dead.

PLANK ROADS—RIVER IMPROVEMENTS—RAILROADS.

Ten years in the passage of time marks wonderful changes and improvements in any country—among any people. But in no country, among no people, perhaps, did that period of time bring greater changes than to the country of the Winnebagoes and the Winnebago people. In the early summer of 1835, every soul living in the county could have been comfortably seated in a 12x14 cabin. Ten years later settlements had reached to all parts of the county. The wild prairies of a decade before had been reduced to cultivation and remunerative tillage. Foundations for competence and

independence had been laid, and were being successfully carried out. A large surplus of farm produce was being raised for which a market abroad must be found. There was little demand at home—almost everybody raised enough and to spare. Hitherto the only means of transportation was by ox or horse teams; the only means of travel by lumbering four-horse stage coaches. Something else, something faster and something better was demanded, and the people began to think and plan. A plank road between Rockford and Chicago had been discussed. An estimate on the probable cost per mile had been made, and was set down at \$3,860.37, or an aggregate of \$312,731.29. A convention had also been held at Sterling to consider the improvement of Rock River so as to make it navigable. In 1843 a survey was made between Joliet and Aurora to determine if it were possible to supply the Illinois and Michigan canal from Fox River. The report of the surveyors and engineers was highly favorable to the scheme. The bed of the Fox River at Aurora was found to be forty feet higher than the summit level of the canal, and the report set the people of the Rock River valley, especially in the vicinity of Rockford, all agog.

"Indeed," said the report, "there are but two places on the whole line that would require anything like heavy excavation. The deepest cut is about fifteen feet, and the distance about twenty rods. The maximum cost of a feeder with a tow path, and to answer all purposes of navigation, is estimated at \$200,000. * * * Should the plan be carried out, but one further step remains to be taken. If a favorable route can be found, the work will be extended from Aurora to Rockford. The interest of the company demands it—the city of Chicago, the farmers of Rock River, the mineral region of Wisconsin, and the people of the state, all have an interest in the undertaking." This undertaking was discussed for a time, but like the plank road and kindred schemes was finally abandoned. At last, in 1845, the people settled down to the consideration of railroad enterprises, and on the 28th of November of that year the initiatory meeting was held to devise ways and means to interest the people in the building of a railroad leading to Chicago. Anson S. Miller was chairman, and Selden M. Church, secretary, and Hon. M. P. Sweet addressed the meeting. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That those counties interested in the construction of a railroad from Galena to Chicago be recommended to meet in convention at Rockford for the purpose of taking measures for constructing said road at the earliest possible period.

Resolved, That said convention meet at the court house in Rockford, January 7, 1846.

Jason Marsh, T. D. Robertson and William Hulin were appointed a committee of correspondence to carry out the spirit of the meeting; and Horace Miller, A. C. Gleason, Reuben Barrett, Harvey Gregory, Robert J. Cross, Asa Farnsworth, Stephen Mack, Thomas B. Talcott, Simon Pettibone, Guy Hulett, Snyder J. Fletcher, Alonzo Hall, Daniel Baker, E. S. Cable, Harvey Woodruff, Joseph Manchester, George Haskell, Willard Wheeler, E. H. Potter, Newton Crawford, J. C. Goodhue, S. M. Church, Anson Miller, Jason Marsh, and Thomas D. Robertson, were appointed to address the meeting on the importance and necessity of the undertaking.

In all the counties from Chicago to Galena meetings were held and delegates appointed to attend the Rockford Convention. Cook County sent Isaac N. Arnold, J. Y. Scammon, J. B. F. Russell, Mark Skinner, Thomas Dyer, E. W. Tracy, Jno. Davlin, Stephen F. Gale, Wm. H. Brown, Walter L. Newberry, William E. Jones, Bryan W. Raymond, F. C. Sherman, Wil-

liam Jones, and Mayor Aug. Garrett, 16; DeKalb sent 1 delegate; McHenry, 15; Rock Co., Wis., 3; Ogle, 80; Boone, 42; Lee, 1; Kane, 15; Stephenson, 40; Winnebago, 100; Jo Daviess, 6; total, 319.

The following named gentlemen were chosen as permanent officers of the meeting: President, Thomas Drummond, of Jo Daviess; Vice Presidents, William H. Brown, of Cook; Joel Walker, of Boone; Spooner Ruggles, of Ogle; and Elijah Wilcox, of Kane. Secretaries, T. D. Robertson, of Winnebago; J. B. F. Russell, of Cook; and S. P. Hyde, of McHenry.

It is proper to remark in this connection that in 1836 a charter had been obtained by New York parties under the name and style of the Galena & Chicago Union Railroad Company, for the purpose of building a railroad from Galena to Chicago. This company had also secured a tract of 1,000 acres of land on DuPage River, and in 1838 had done some grading on the prairie west of Chicago. This much accomplished, the undertaking was left in abeyance. Some time in the latter part of 1845, Messrs. Ogden and Jones, of Chicago, negotiated with Messrs. Nevins and Matteson, of New York, for the purchase of this charter, and the DuPage land, etc., for which they paid \$20,000.

When the Rockford meeting of January 7, 1846, was fully organized, Walter L. Newberry, of Cook County, offered the following resolution:

Resolved, If a satisfactory arrangement can be made with the present holders of the stock of the Galena & Chicago Union Railroad Company, that the members of this convention will use all honorable measures to obtain subscriptions to the stock of said company.

An animated and spirited discussion followed the introduction of this resolution, which elicited a full history of the charter, its great powers, and the happy results that would follow its purchase, and the completion of the road under it, etc., after which the resolution was unanimously adopted.

Previous to the adoption of this resolution, a committee of one from each county had been appointed to draft a series of resolutions expressive of the views of the convention on the subject under consideration. That committee consisted of the following named gentlemen, to wit: J. Y. Scammon, of Cook; George T. Kasson, of McHenry; C. S. Hemsted, of Jo Daviess; M. G. Dana, of Ogle; James S. Waterman, of DeKalb; W. H. Gilman, of Boone; John A. Clark, of Stephenson; A. B. Wells, of Kane; S. M. Church, of Winnebago.

This committee, through its chairman, J. Y. Scammon, submitted the following report:

Resolved, That the wants of the farmers and business men of Northern Illinois, require the immediate construction of a railroad from Chicago to Galena; that the value of farms upon the route would be doubled by the construction of the road, and the convenience of the inhabitants immeasurably promoted thereby.

Resolved, That in order to accomplish the object of this convention, it is indispensably necessary that the inhabitants and owners of property between Galena and Chicago should come forward and subscribe to the stock of the proposed railroad, to the extent of their ability; and that, if each farmer upon the route shall take at least one share of the stock (\$100), the completion of the road would be placed beyond contingency.

This embraces the history of the beginning of the Illinois railroad system, and was the nucleus around which has gathered so many accomplishments of that character—from which have grown similar undertakings, until there is scarcely a county or county town in the entire State, that is not accessible by railroad communication.

Several subsequent meetings were held in Rockford, to promote the interests of the undertaking, urge subscriptions, etc., at which meetings the magnitude of the undertaking, and its interests and benefits to the community were presented by Messrs. Ogden, John Warner, Charles Walker and others. John A. Holland, then residing in Rockford, but now deceased, was an active advocate of the enterprise, and largely contributed to its success. In 1848, T. D. Robertson, now of the Winnebago National Bank, was elected a director of the road, in which capacity he continued to serve until the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad interests were consolidated with the Chicago and Northwestern, in 1864. He also served as director in that Company until July, 1867.

Aug. 20, 1852, the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad was completed to the east side of Rock river; and to the west side of the river, by the erection of the necessary bridge, in August, 1853.

The next railroad undertaking was the organization of a company to build what was first known as the Rockford Central Railroad, intended to run from Rockford to Mendota, on the Illinois Central railroad, and to extend northward up Rock river to Beloit, Wisconsin, and other points in that direction. This company was organized on the 7th of March, 1855, with the following officers:

President, R. P. Lane; Secretary, E. H. Baker; Treasurer, C. H. Spafford; Attorney, Jason Marsh; Chief Engineer, R. Ogilby; Consulting Engineer, R. B. Mason; Executive Committee, M. Starr, Jason Marsh, D. S. Penfield.

The object of this road was to afford Rockford direct communication with the coal fields in the southern part of the State, and the lumber districts of Wisconsin. Other enterprises coming on about that time, operations were never commenced on this line, other than mere temporary surveys.

The project of building a road over this same route was again revived in the spring of 1871, under the name of the Rockford Central R. R., and several thousand dollars were expended in grading in Rockford and between Rockford and Rochelle, and substantial stone piers for a bridge across Rock river, just below the dam, were constructed; but this enterprise also fell through for lack of funds and want of confidence in the chief manager, E. F. Hollister. In the summer of 1874, the project was again revived, under the management of F. E. Hinkley, of the C. & I. R. R., and under his management, in 1875 the Rockford division of the C. & I. R. R. was completed and began running between Rockford and Rochelle. The road is a valuable auxiliary to Rockford manufacturing interests, as it opens up a close communication for that interest with the southwest, by means of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R., in whose interests the C. & I. R. R. is largely operated.

The third railroad enterprise inaugurated by the Rockford people, was the Rockford and Kenosha line. A company to build this road was organized in November, 1856, and the following named gentlemen chosen as officers:

President, C. H. Spafford; Vice President, R. P. Lane; Secretary, E. H. Baker; Treasurer, A. C. Spafford; Executive Committee, J. Bond, J. M. Capron, R. P. Lane, D. S. Penfield, Seeley Perry.

In March, 1857, the contract for the construction of this road from Rockford to Harvard was awarded. Beyond Harvard to Kenosha the road

was under a different management, and governed by a charter granted by the legislature of Wisconsin. Although work was commenced on this road in the early spring of 1857, its progress was slow, and in the fall of that year, in consequence of the financial revulsions that paralyzed all industries for the time, work was almost entirely suspended. In August, 1858, the company had become so crippled, that they found it necessary to apply to the City Council for a loan of the city credit to the amount of \$50,000, which was granted by a vote of the people by a majority of five hundred. This is the only instance in the history of Rockford, where the credit of the city was loaned in aid of a railroad, and from the results that followed this experiment, it will probably be the last.

In November, 1859, the road was completed between Rockford and Harvard, and on the 21st of that month an excursion train arrived from Chicago, bringing a number of guests from that city and intervening points, and a grand banquet was held at the Holland House, the same evening, in honor of the completion of the undertaking. The completion of this road opened a competing line between Rockford and Chicago, under the management of the Chicago and Northwestern railway company, by which the new road has continued to be operated. Until the last named road obtained control of the Galena and Chicago Union, the benefits of this competition to Rockford interests were very marked, the rivalry became very sharp, and at one time, passenger fare between Rockford and Chicago was reduced to one dollar.

AGRICULTURAL.

The first Agricultural Society of Winnebago County was organized April 13, 1841, with the following officers:

President—Dr. George Haskell; *Vice President*—Robert J. Cross; *Secretary*—George W. Lee; *Directors*—Horace Miller, Richard Montague, I. M. Johnson, James S. Norton, N. Crawford, I. N. Cunningham and Jonathan Weldon.

July 5th an adjourned meeting of the Society was held, when an address was delivered by the president, after which the following resolutions were passed, and an amended constitution adopted:

“*Resolved*, That this Society tender their thanks to the president for his address, and that Jason Marsh, James S. Norton and Jonathan Weldon be a committee to confer with the president and request a copy of his address for publication.

“2. That this Society regard with great interest the dissemination of useful agricultural information among the farmers of this region of country; and would therefore recommend the *Union Agriculturist* to the people of this county, as a paper adapted to their wants, and which promises to be of important service to the cause of agriculture in Illinois.

“3. That as the soil and the rolling character of the lands in Winnebago County render this district one of the most eligible in the West for wool-growing—that from past experience in raising sheep among us, it is found that they are less liable to disease than in most other sections of our country, this Society regards the growing of wool as among the most certain, easy and profitable productions; one which, when the home market shall be supplied, can be transported to a distant market for a small percentage of its value; and therefore we would earnestly recommend persons from abroad who contemplate removing to this region, and our own farmers,

to embark in the growing of wool as a profitable and certain source of wealth.

"The annual meeting of the Society and Cattle Show will be on the second Wednesday in October, when premiums will be given on the following articles. The amount of the premiums will be governed by the funds of the Society on hand at that time. Where nothing more substantial is awarded, a certificate will be given."

The premium list was a small affair, only occupying forty-six lines (newspaper measure) of minion type. Seven premiums were offered on horses, six on cattle, four on hogs, two on sheep, one for the best cultivated ten acres of land, taking into account the condition of the land and the amount of the crop; for the best twenty-five pounds of butter, for the best cheese weighing fifteen pounds and over, for the best ten yards of flannel manufactured in the county, for the best fifty skeins of silk manufactured in the county, and for the best ten pounds of beet sugar manufactured in the county."

The announcement further added: "Premiums may be given for other articles not specified in the list, which may be presented at the fair, and which may be considered worthy of a premium. * * * As the great object of the Society is improvement, it is hoped all who have *anything worthy* of exhibition will present it at the *Cattle Show*."

September 13th, the quarterly meeting of the Executive Officers of the Society was held, when the following resolutions were adopted

"*Resolved*, That the annual fairs be held at Rockford alternately, on the east and west side of the river, commencing the present season on the east side."

"*Resolved*, That all the available funds of the society be distributed in premiums on the day of the cattle show, and that the premiums be paid in agricultural publications."

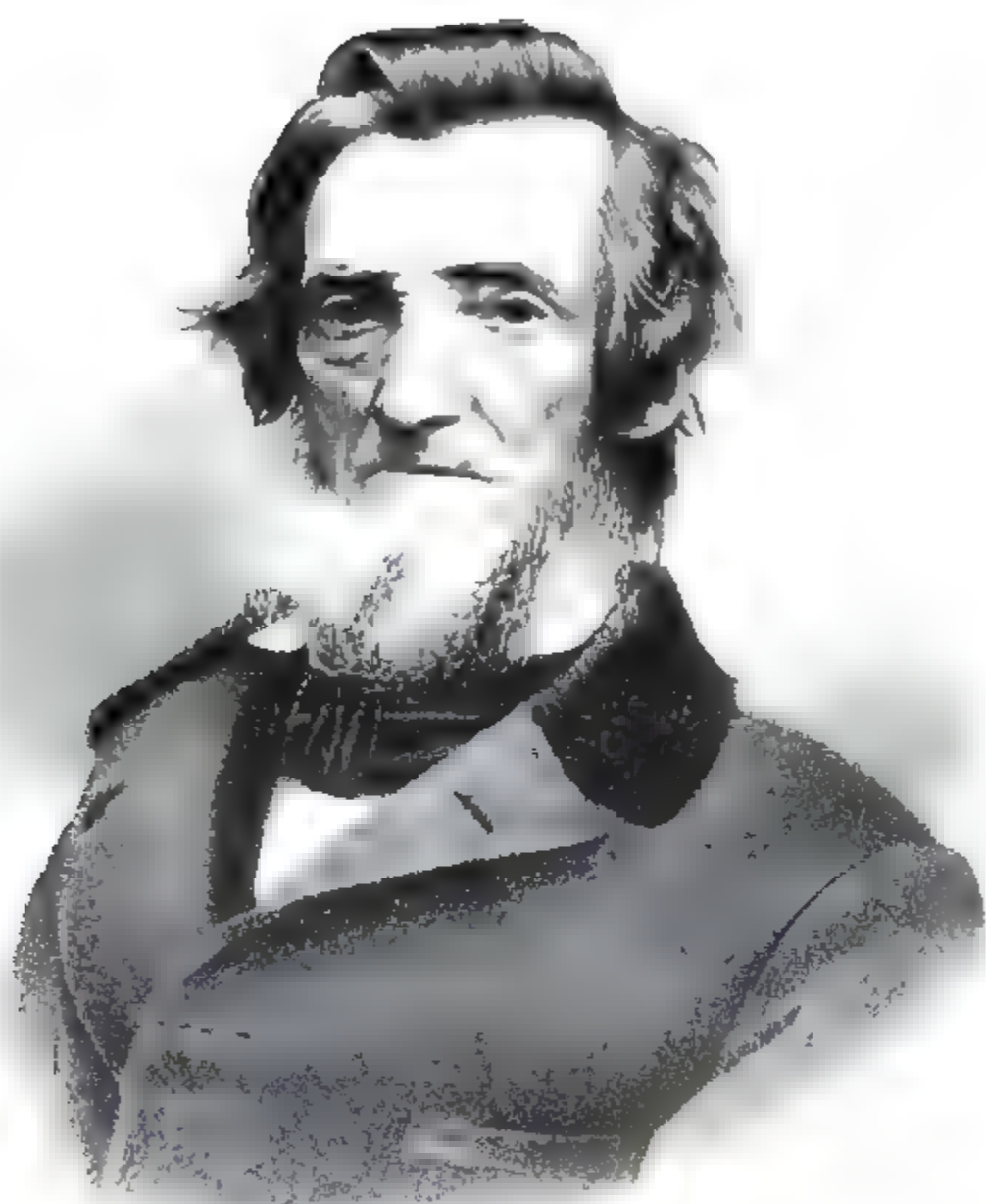
"*Resolved*, That George Haskell, J. Weldon, and George W. Lee, be a committee to prepare a code of By-Laws for the society."

"*Resolved*, That with a view of extending the benefits of the Winnebago Agricultural Society, of enlisting the combined efforts of the farmers of this county in sustaining the society, J. Weldon be appointed our agent to obtain members of the society, and to collect the moneys for the same, which shall be devoted to the payment of the premiums at the ensuing cattle show."

"*Resolved*, That the society meet at two o'clock p. m. on the 13th day of October, and form a procession under the direction of Jason Marsh, Esq., Marshal of the day, and march to the place appointed for the delivery of the address."

"*Resolved*, That D. S. Haight, Dr. Goodhue, and C. I. Horsman, be a committee of arrangements to prepare a place for a show, and to make all the necessary preparations for exhibitions, rent a room for the delivery of an address, and for facilitating the passage over the ferry."

I. N. Cunningham, J. Weldon, and Lebbeus Wilson, were appointed a committee on horses; Milton Kilbourne, Horace Miller, and Samuel Hayes, on cattle; Isaac M. Johnson, J. S. Norton, and Ezra S. Cable, on sheep; C. I. Horsman, Alonzo Carey, and Jason Marsh, on cultivated lands; B. T. Lee, Peter B. Johnson, D. S. Haight, P. H. Watson, and James B. Martyn, on hogs; H. Leach, Henry Thurston, and W. E. Dunbar, on domestic articles.



Harley Hooker
(DECEASED)
ROCKTON

According to the *Rockford Pilot*, of the 21st of October, the show was considered a brilliant success, being "generally attended by our farmers, and many persons of distinction from the neighboring counties appeared as spectators and participants."

"The various committees met at 11 o'clock A. M. and proceeded to the grove adjoining the village (east side) where they made their examinations." The society had nothing but rail pens for the accommodation of stock. While the committees were examining the stock, "the exhibition of domestic articles was open at the hall of the Rockford House. By two o'clock, the several committees had completed the duties assigned them, and under the direction of Jason Marsh, marshal of the day, the spectators and exhibitors were formed in procession, and marched to the court house, where a large number of ladies and gentlemen had already assembled, and where the address was to be delivered. The meeting was opened with prayer, by Rev. Mr. Potter, and the address delivered by Dr. J. C. Goodhue, which was listened to with great attention and interest. The address was both practical and illustrative, and contained just the lessons which, if put in practice by our farmers, would secure happier results to their agricultural labors. He dwelt with great effect and eloquence upon the bright prospects which await the farmers of this fertile valley, and with a just severity upon their laxity in not introducing the strict principles of mental economy into their agricultural occupations, and presented a practical knowledge of his subject, which showed that he had not studied alone in the school Esculapius."

By five o'clock the premiums had all been awarded, and the people "homeward bound."

Premiums were awarded as follows:

Horses.—Best stallion, J. S. Norton; best three years' old stallion, Samuel Brown; best two years' old stallion, Adam Keith; best broodmare, H. P. Reddington; best yearling colt, L. O. Wallem; best two years' old colt, Samuel Brown.

Cattle.—Best bull, of any age, B. T. Lee, for his "Duke of Wellington," imported with his dam on the ship "Splendid," Captain Proal, from Liverpool, in 1836; best two years' old bull (three fourths Durham), J. S. Norton; second best same, Jared Hickox; best cow, of any age, with calf ten months' old, sired by "Duke of Wellington," Horace Miller; best heifer under two years, Horace Miller; best heifer calf, P. H. Watson.

Sheep.—Best buck, Charles Richings. No ewes were shown.

Hogs.—Best boar (thorough bred Berkshire), Horace Miller; second best same, Wilson, Byrom, Ogle County; best sow (Irish graziers), J. S. Norton; two best pigs, Willard Wheeler and Spafford Marsh.

Domestic Articles.—Cheese, Milton Kilbourne; butter, John Straw; silk, Asa Crosby; cocoons, superior quality, exhibited by Messrs. Morgan and Horsman and Dr. Haskell; China tree corn, C. I. Horsman; Baden same, D. S. Haight; White Dent same, J. Paul; round pink-eyed potatoes, H. Enoch.

Fruit.—Messrs. Morgan and Horsman exhibited some beautiful specimens of Isabella grapes.

The Misses Paul, five straw bonnets and one hat of superior manufacture. Isaac Harrod showed a spinning wheel of good quality.

And this is the report entire of the first Agricultural Fair held in Northern Illinois.

The second annual Cattle Show and Fair of the "Winnebago County Agricultural Society" was held on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 11th and 12th days of October, 1842, and, according to the *Pilot* and the *Prairie Farmer* of those days, was a most gratifying success. The premium list was much larger and embraced a much wider range than the previous one. Of this fair, the *Pilot* of October 13th, the day after the fair, said:

"The weather was beautiful, as if ordered expressly for the occasion. The attendance was large, and the show of stock, etc., highly creditable to the enterprise of the farming community. * * * Yesterday was really a grand gala day, and will be remembered with pleasure by us, who, in all probability, have looked for the last time upon a gathering of the people of this section of the country. A goodly sight it was, indeed. The farmer was there, in his independence, as the foundation of all; the mechanic was there in his pride of genius, showing the power of mind in the application of bodily power to accomplish results. The women were there—

"The glow of whose presence was warmer
Than the sunniest juice of the wine.'

"At 12 o'clock M., the Congregational Church was crowded by a concourse of citizens, and an address delivered by Anson S. Miller, Esq., that, though the speaker was suffering from recent illness, was such a masterly effort that it was requested for publication. Mr. Miller spoke without notes, yet he was so thoroughly impressed with his subject that his eloquence commanded the undivided attention of his large and intelligent audience for more than an hour. After the address, the throng of people were formed in procession and marched out to the grove west of town, where a most elegant free dinner was provided, and to which everybody was invited. The tables were tastefully arranged, and supplied with the choicest viands the country afforded."

This society kept up its organization and annual exhibitions for several years, when it went down under the pressure of the times. In 1852, another organization was accomplished, and out of which the present proud, enterprising, influential and well-managed Winnebago Agricultural Society has grown. The present society was organized under a general law of the Legislature, passed in January, 1855, and becoming operative in February following. The first officers of the new society were:

President—H. P. Sloan, of Winnebago; *Vice President*—H. Starkey, of Cherry Valley; *Treasurer*—H. R. Enoch, of Rockford; *Secretary*, R. Ogilby, of Rockford; *Corresponding Secretary*—E. W. Blaisdell, of Rockford; *Recording Secretary*—Thomas Y. Kirkpatrick; *Directors*—R. J. Cross, Roscoe; Milton Kilbourne, Rockford; Lewis O. Owen, Owen; R. H. Saunders, Pecatonica; Horace Miller, New Milford. A few years later the number of Directors was increased to six, and the time of holding the annual business meetings, election of officers, etc., changed from January to February.

Until 1858, the society held its exhibitions on leased or rented grounds. Its buildings and other accommodations were temporary and poor. Its floral hall was a huge canvas tent, and its rental to other counties was one of its sources of revenue—Boone County at one time paying fifty dollars for its use for their fair. In 1858, the society purchased of C. I. Horsman, for \$600 per acre, twelve acres of ground, since when other purchases were made, increasing the grounds to twenty-two acres. Immediately after the

first purchase from Horsman, permanent improvements were commenced, and have been continued from time to time, until now the Winnebago Fair grounds are the most complete and convenient in the state. In February last (1877), the real estate and improvements were valued at \$40,976.67. The indebtedness was \$7,979.27, leaving the assets of the society at \$32,997.40 above its liabilities.

The present officers of the society are: *President*—H. W. Carpenter, Rockford; *Vice President*—John Lake, Rockford; *Secretary*—Henry P. Kimball, Rockford; *Treasurer*—G. A. Sanford, Rockford; *Directors*—Lawrence McDonald, Seward; Lucien B. Williams, Harrison; James R. Bartlett, New Milford; John Smith, Harlem; A. E. Cutter, Rockford; Selden M. Church, Rockford; and E. S. Bartholomew, ex-officio.

In 1875, Mr. Henry P. Kimball, the secretary of the society for seventeen years, by authority and consent of the Board of Directors, extended an invitation to Jefferson Davis to be present at the annual exhibition in September, and deliver the annual address. This invitation and its acceptance stirred up such a *furor* of excitement among the people of Northern Illinois as to induce Mr. Davis to withdraw his acceptance. The correspondence thus necessitated became a matter of national notoriety, and as such is made to form a part of the history we are writing, and is therefore included.

MR. KIMBALL'S LETTER OF INVITATION.

ROCKFORD, WINNEBAGO Co., ILL. }
July 1st, 1875. }

HON. JEFFERSON DAVIS, *Ex-President of the Southern Confederacy, Memphis, Tennessee*.—In behalf of the Official Board of the Winnebago County Agricultural Association, I have the honor to invite you to deliver its Annual Address, September 16th of the current year. As a partial remuneration for your services and incidental expenses, I herewith offer you the sum of FIVE HUNDRED dollars. I also guarantee you a convention of forty thousand of the representatives of the industry, culture and progress of the great Northwest, who will receive you with courteous civility, unless, indeed, I have greatly misinterpreted the clemency, hospitality and Christian magnanimity of our people.

The wisdom, propriety and justice of my invitation are established upon the immutable principles of our holy Christianity and the diviner qualities of our humanity.

Ten long years of political feuds and sectional antagonisms have passed away since our victorious Armies furled their battle-flags, and with triumphal marches and crowned with garlands of victory, passed through the Gates of our National Capitol to their Northern homes.

Gradually have the jealousies and animosities engendered by so severe a contest died away. The South, by the most bitter and unparalleled reverses, has been compelled to accept the verdict of our invincible arms. Struggling in her weakness and destitution to rebuild the ruined palaces of her Industry, and develop her natural resources by free and intelligent labor, she stretches forth her arms of hospitality and welcome, and appeals for assistance to the capital and philanthropy of the North. She opens the gates of her borders to the East and the West; and to the very men, who, by the continued agitation of the Emancipation Measures, precipitated the conflict, she tenders the olive branch of peace and strews their advent with flowers.

The Government, by the prerogatives of its high tribunals, has long ago adjusted the measures of reconstruction and the rights of citizenship. It becomes no part of the duty of a private citizen, in the exercise of a spirit of revenge, to interfere with the enactments of Congress, or the judgments of our Supreme Court. To our Sovereign States, united under the constitution and protection of the General Government, the highest incentives are now presented, in view of the grand possibilities of our nation's future destiny, to cultivate amity and fellowship with each other, and, by friendly intercourse and commercial exchange, to co-operate to re-establish our former Union.

Underlying my invitation to your excellency, is a higher significance than what may be involved in a mere business engagement. It is my spirit and purpose to recognize the accomplishments of genius and the qualities of brilliant statesmanship, wherever existing, whatever may have been the errors and misjudgments of the past.

Hoping that you will honor our Association with an early acceptance, and, personally, desiring that a beneficent Providence may crown your advancing years with peace, honor and prosperity,

I have the honor to remain,

Yours truly

HENRY P. KIMBALL,
Sec. Winnebago County Ag. Soc.

MR. DAVIS' LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Aug. 5, 1875.

H. P. KIMBALL, SECRETARY, &c.—*Dear Sir:* Yours of the 1st inst. has been received, and I have the honor to accept the invitation to address the patrons of the Industrial Association of Winnebago County at their meeting in September next, and, unless prevented by some unforeseen cause, will be with you on the 14th proximo, the commencement day of your exposition.

Your previous letter on the same subject would have been replied to but for the uncertainty which existed then and until several days past as to the probability of arranging some business matters so as to permit my absence at the time specified.

I have long desired to revisit your county and witness the wonderful development which has been made since I left it. It was then a wilderness, occupied by savages. The courteous invitation extended to me is therefore doubly welcome.

With cordial thanks to your associates and to yourself, I am respectfully and truly yours,

JEFFERSON DAVIS.

In the time of the Indian trouble through this country Jeff. Davis, with other men of that day and generation, helped subdue them. Later, however, he became the representative man and leader in the attempt to establish an independent confederacy out of the slave States, and, although unsuccessful, the horrors of the war that followed were not forgotten. When his promised attendance was announced, the memories of war times were kindled anew in the loyal heart, and a cry of opposition was raised that was soon borne to the ears of the Confederate chieftain, giving him to know that his presence would be offensive almost beyond toleration. In giving shape to this opposition the G. L. Nevins Post, G. A. R., of Rockford, were the first to move, and caused to be issued the following protest:

"WHEREAS, We learn, with regret, that Jefferson Davis has been invited by the Board of Directors of the Winnebago Agricultural Society to deliver the annual address at our county fair; and whereas we look upon it as an insult to the loyal citizens of Winnebago County to invite the arch-traitor, Jeff. Davis, to address the relatives and surviving friends of thirteen thousand men murdered at Andersonville alone, by his orders,

"*Resolved*, That while as an organization we have nothing to do with politics, yet, as loyal citizens and former soldiers, we feel it our duty to speak in behalf of the memory of our fallen comrades, who are no longer able to speak for themselves.

"2. That we protest against the action of the Board of Directors, and pledge ourselves that we will not attend the fair, nor contribute anything toward making it a success, if the Board of Directors persist in bringing forward this arch-traitor and coward.

"3. That these resolutions be signed by the members of this Post, and published in the county papers."

This protest was signed by one hundred and twenty-six members of the Post, and a printed copy thereof forwarded to Mr. Davis, upon the receipt of which he addressed to Mr. Kimball the following

LETTER OF REVOCATION.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Aug. 15, 1875.

HY. P. KIMBALL, SECRETARY WINNEBAGO COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, ROCKFORD, ILL.—*Dear Sir:* I, yesterday, sent to you a telegram announcing my revocation of the conditioned acceptance of the invitation to address your Association at the annual meeting in September next.

The long period that has elapsed since the receipt of your first letter, and the considerate courtesy which has marked your correspondence, makes it a duty to the Board and to myself that a sufficient explanation should be given of this change of purpose.

Three objects mainly induced me to accept the invitation: First, the hope that personal intercourse might remove some of the prejudices which had been generated by partisan fictions, and nurtured by individual and sectional hate. Anxious now, as in former years, to promote the interest of our great Valley of the Mississippi, and believing that, with mutual confidence and co-intelligence, much could be done for their advancement, I only delayed my acceptance of your invitation until it became reasonable that it could be met.

The productive capacity of the Northwest needs for its development cheaper and safer transportation to the markets of the Southwest, and also to those of foreign countries. In England, especially, earnest attention has been directed for several years past to a more direct and economical trade with the Mississippi Valley. In this connection there was a desire to confer with the patrons of husbandry in your rich and prosperous section. To discuss with them the questions involved in securing better means of transporting your farm products to the most favorable markets, and of providing agencies which should insure larger returns to the producer, and, by such conference, to learn the views of our men of the family of the Mississippi Valley. A family the chief interest of all the members of which is agriculture, but cultivators of such various crops as to make the trade among themselves extensive and lucrative, while it stamps upon each and all the same interest and the same policy as their foreign trade.

To render such a conference effectual, there must needs be a disposition to attend to the subject under consideration, surely not a purpose to smother it by the interposition of matters having no just relation to it.

The second object was to recognize the courtesy of your Board, and I was encouraged to believe that your reception of me would be beneficial, rather than injurious, to your Association. This was the more supposable because several other agricultural societies of Illinois had, in like manner, invited me to address their annual meetings.

Yesterday, I received a printed paper, being the protest of a number of your fellow-countrymen against the action of your Board in their invitation to me to make the annual address at the county meeting. Thereupon I sent to you the telegram withdrawing my acceptance of the invitation, under the conviction that it would not be useful nor agreeable to participate in the meeting, and I now hope that neither your Association nor the Directors will suffer harm by the delay in procuring an orator, or by the correspondence which has caused it.

The third object was to gratify a wish, long entertained, to see in its cultivated dress a country known by me as a trackless wilderness; but, that being merely a personal gratification, it may be indulged at my convenience, or postponed indefinitely. I can well believe that the cause which has changed my purpose was unforeseen by you, as by me, and you may be assured that I feel no dissatisfaction toward the Directors or yourself, and have suffered no personal "embarrassment" from the event. As the invitation was unexpected, and only accepted as the expression of general good will, so my only regret is the loss of opportunity to promote a public interest with which the welfare of your community is identified.

Again expressing the hope that neither the Directors nor yourself may suffer injury or annoyance, and thanking you for the kindness and consideration you have manifested, I am respectfully yours,

JEFFERSON DAVIS.

Whatever may be said about the policy of extending the invitation to Mr. Davis, it had the effect to advertise the Winnebago exhibition for 1875 as no society was ever advertised before, and probably never will be again. The controversies it engendered were not confined to Winnebago County, or the State of Illinois. It spread all over the country, and at St. Louis grew so furious as to end in a challenge to mortal combat between two editors of St. Louis papers—Colonel Emory S. Foster, of the *Journal*, and Major John N. Edwards, of the *Dispatch*. Major Edwards had been a member of Jo Shelby's famous rebel brigade from the time it was organized until the war closed, after which, with a large number of his comrades,

he sought exile in Mexico, rather than to surrender with the remainder of the rebel army, and remained absent for a period of two or three years, but finally returned to St. Louis. When the protest of the Nevins Post, G. A. R., reached St. Louis, Edwards made it the subject of a very malignant editorial article, not only reflecting upon the Illinois soldiers, but upon the women of the State as well, intimating very plainly that in many of their homes there were pianos and other articles that had been stolen from Jeff. Davis' Southern neighbors. Foster had been Colonel of a Federal regiment during the war, and he at once espoused the cause of the soldiers and the women of Illinois, especially those of the Winnebago country, and, through the columns of the *Journal*, repelled the insinuations of Edwards in a way to arouse his old war spirit. He regarded Foster's retort as a personal insult—a base reflection upon his honor, and at once determined to demand redress according to the *code duello*—in former years a prevailing practice of settling personal difficulties among the Southern chivalry. Foster and Edwards had met on more than one field of battle during the war, and had reason to know each other's mettle. Edwards sent a challenge to Foster, which was accepted. The details of the necessary arrangements were referred to their respective friends. And, as the difficulty had grown out of the Winnebago invitation to Jeff. Davis, the fair grounds here were chosen as the place where it should be settled. The time fixed was Saturday, September 4, 1875. On the morning of that day the principals, their seconds, a friend or two, a surgeon, and one or two ubiquitous newspaper reporters, arrived from Chicago, and took rooms and dinner at the Holland House. In the afternoon the terrors of Illinois laws against dueling began to haunt them, and the fair grounds were abandoned for a place a little more remote from officers of the law. Hacks were engaged, and the belligerents and their respective *attaches* were driven up toward the Wisconsin State line, as far as Brown's Creek, in Owen, where they halted, a little before 5 o'clock. A spot was selected a short distance off the main road, the distance agreed upon, staked off, and positions chosen. Both men were cool, calm and collected—Foster all the while smoking a cigar. Time was soon called, and the men came to the scratch like old soldiers. At the words "one, two, three," there was a simultaneous discharge and report of two pistols, but neither one of the combatants were scathed. Edwards wanted another trial, but Foster did not. As the challenged party, his honor and courage had been vindicated, and he sought nothing else. Shaking hands, the parties separated, and started for home—Edwards and his party going up through Wisconsin, and Foster and his friends going in another direction. And so ended what promised to be a bloody and murderous combat—that is, if the heroes (?) were in earnest and their weapons loaded with balls or cartridges.

Some time afterwards, Governor Beveridge issued a requisition upon the Governor of Missouri for the rendition of Foster and Edwards to the authorities of Winnebago County, but for some cause never fully or satisfactorily explained to the public, the rendition was never accomplished.

In 1877, Mr. Kimball invited another representative man of the south—Governor WADE HAMPTON, of South Carolina—to attend the exposition and deliver the annual address. While this invitation and its acceptance elicited some expressions of disapproval, the dissatisfaction was not so general as in the case of Mr. Davis, and the large audience that greeted Governor Hampton's appearance on the Winnebago Fair Grounds, on

Thursday, Sept. 13, 1877, and the marked attention given to his address, gave evidence that the bitter memories engendered by the war had well nigh died out. As shown by the number of tickets sold that day, 17,000 persons were in attendance. At the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the time set for the delivery of the address, nearly the whole of this vast congregation of people had assembled in front of and around the speaker's stand, presenting an audience such as few public men ever addressed. Governor Hampton was introduced by Hon. William Lathrop, Republican member of Congress from this district, in a few brief, but well chosen, remarks, and if there had been any doubts entertained as to how the speaker would be received, they were quickly dispelled by the hearty demonstrations of welcome and good-will that greeted him as he appeared at the front of the stand. His address was a very happy and felicitious one, and frequently interrupted by loud applause.

In a work of this character, the re-production of Governor Hampton's address would be out of place, but there were some parts of it so full of wisdom, so appropriate to the condition of the times, as to demand preservation. In that part of it which we quote below, there is a lesson that every one may study with profit. Referring to the vast extent of Illinois, to what the people of the State had accomplished in times past, and to what they might accomplish in time to come, Governor Hampton said :

"I would like to talk to you, if I had time, of your great State. I may not live to see it, but many of you will live to see these fertile valleys filled up. A part of your State is called 'Egypt.' Why could you not be as prosperous as the Egypt of old? We are told by ancient writers that along the Nile there were in a space of ten or twelve thousand square miles twenty thousand cities and towns and eight millions of people in them. You in Illinois have over fifty thousand square miles. What would it be if your population was in the same proportion? You have a soil as rich as that on the Nile. You have a climate far better, and above all, you are peopled by the younger races of the world, and the grandest destiny that was ever offered to a people is in your hands. Think what the Mississippi Valley is. Think that it reaches from the Blue Mountains on the east to the Rocky Mountains on the west, and that it runs from the tropics to where perpetual snow shines in the sunlight. Think of the hundreds of millions of people that could be supported here, and then think of the glorious destiny that must be yours; and when you think of what may be that glorious destiny, forget not what was the destiny of the people of Egypt. Rich and cultivated as they were, with science, education and everything but religion, they have died, leaving only stupendous pyramids as burial places for their dead, and the ruins of splendid temples that were dedicated to the worship of apes and crocodiles. You have the great problem to solve that the people of all times have had to solve. The great problem of the relations of labor to capital, the great problem of the relations of people and States to the general government, and that problem is made more difficult by the infusion of universal suffrage. But I believe that we can solve that question if we devote to it one half the energy that we do to material pursuits. We can do it by education; and when I say education, I do not mean the mere improving of faculties so that one can read and write. I mean the education of the heart and soul, as well as the mind. When you have succeeded in doing that, when you will make a man learn that all learning is foolishness in the light of God, when you can

teach him that, and make him look to God for life and freedom, then we will be on the high road that leads to peace, prosperity and happiness."

Governor Hampton was followed by Gen. Sam. F. Carey, of Ohio, the great Buckeye temperance apostle, a former member of Congress, and the greenback candidate for Vice-President in 1876. His speech on this occasion was one of the best of his life, and well adapted to the times and full of progressive ideas. Commencing with the time when he was a boy, wearing tow-linen shirts—and it made his back itch now to think of them—he noted the great improvements that had been made in farm machinery, and everything else that renders the American people the wonder, admiration and envy of the rest of the civilized world for their great achievements in the arts, sciences and all else that makes a people proud, prosperous and happy. Full of sound, practical sense, happily illustrated by humorous anecdotes of the prejudices entertained by the people of the not very long ago against temperance, the common-school system, the railroad, the telegraph, and kindred enterprises, particularly in some parts of the south. He kept his vast audience enchained by his eloquence for nearly two hours.

The first agricultural address delivered in the county was rendered before the original society—the one organized April 13, 1841—by Dr. George Haskell, in July of that year. A copy of the address was solicited for publication at the time, but for reasons satisfactory to himself, the request was not honored. In after years, when Winnebago County and Rockford, whose growth he had watched and fostered from their earliest beginnings, had attained prosperity and prominence, he removed to Vineland, New Jersey, where he died in 1876. A year or two before his death, while visiting his daughter, the wife of Henry P. Kimball, Esq., he presented to Mr. Kimball the original manuscript of the address referred to, together with the correspondence that ensued between him and the committee appointed to solicit it for publication thirty-six years ago, with the request that the papers be preserved among the other agricultural records of the county. Among the early settlers of the county, a warm and ardent friend of the tillers of the soil, of quick perceptions, a deep thinker and ardently attached to agricultural pursuits as the basis of all wealth and prosperity, his address of that day is full of merit and as worthy of preservation in the history of the county he and his descendants helped to make as any of more modern date, and will no doubt be read with great interest. It is herewith appended.

ADDRESS READ BEFORE THE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY OF WINNEBAGO COUNTY,
JULY 5, 1841.

*"Gentlemen:—*As you have requested me to address you on the present occasion, I have consented to do so from a sense of duty; not that I feel competent to do justice to the subject for the consideration of which we have assembled at this time, but if I can impart any information that will benefit my fellow-citizens, or direct their attention to matters in which all are deeply interested, I shall feel that my labor has not been in vain. It is not the farmer alone who is to be benefited by the formation of agricultural societies, and the improvements which such societies may be the means of making in the community, but the mechanic, the manufacturer, the merchant, the professional man, and in fact every member of society, whatever may be his condition or calling, is interested in agricultural improvement.

"The earth everywhere abounds with the elements of human happiness



SAMPSON GEORGE
(DECEASED)

and comfort. To man has been consigned, by a beneficent Providence, the capacity and duty of cultivating the soil, and of rendering those elements subservient to our wants and our highest enjoyments. And it has been wisely ordained that our temporal reward shall be in a measure proportioned to the fidelity with which we perform our high duties to ourselves, our fellow men and our Creator. The cultivation of the earth was the primitive employment of man. It is still the great business among all civilized nations, and particularly in our own country, and it must ever remain so, as it is alike necessary to our wants, our happiness and our existence as an independent people. All other arts and employments which distinguish civilized life are dependent upon agriculture for support and existence. If the cultivation of the soil were to cease, and the earth to withhold her contributions, all the arts, trades and professions would fail, the world would become a wilderness and man a savage. Where do we find society in its most enlightened, refined and improved condition? Take a survey of the present condition of this globe, and you will find that nations and people are enlightened and prosperous in proportion to the improved state of their agriculture, and that the other arts of useful industry prosper or decline as this parent art is productive or unproductive. As proof of this I will refer you to the history of Egypt, of Greece, Asia Minor, Italy and Spain, which in turn have been the granaries, in a measure, of the civilized world, which have risen and declined with the condition of their agriculture. While that flourished, commerce and the arts flourished among them and they were prosperous and powerful. But as the agriculture of those countries declined, or was destroyed by the inroads of hostile armies, by the arbitrary sway of despotic power, or the corrupting influence of commercial cupidity and extravagance, the physical and moral energies of those nations were broken down, and they became impotent and servile. Some of their once fairest portions have been made desert by the violence of men; commerce and the arts have fled to countries where agriculture flourished, and their population has degenerated into a miserable set of poor, ignorant, enslaved human beings, objects of pity and Christian benevolence.

"Now look at those countries where agriculture is most prosperous, where the greatest attention is paid to the cultivation and improvement of the soil, and there you will find the moral and intellectual condition of the people the most elevated, and human rights most respected. Where the mental and physical powers are so happily combined and employed on objects so useful to themselves and to society as those embraced by agricultural labor, there is little inducement, little temptation, to immoral habits; but there is a strong disposition in the inhabitants to maintain a healthful state of morals and preserve in full vigor all the relative and social virtues, which constitute the main ingredients in our cup of happiness. Pauperism and crime are generally the fruits of indolent habits of body or of mind, which agriculture neither encourages nor permits. As productive labor is the source of moral health to the body politic, it should be honored that it may more abound. Agriculture has, and ever must have, an important bearing upon our political destinies. The farmers of our country will be the last class to be corrupted by the bribes and blandishments of power—the last class to part with republican habits, to degenerate under the baleful and enervating influences of extravagance, dissipation and fashion.

"The higher the condition of agricultural improvement, the greater will be the intelligence and independence of the agriculturist, and the

stronger his inclination and his influence in perpetuating the virtues of our revolutionary fathers, and in maintaining in their purity the institutions which they established, and defending them from foreign and domestic foes. Whether, therefore, we regard agriculture as a necessary branch of industry, indispensable to our wants, and adapted to the development and useful employment of our physical and mental powers, or in its influence upon the moral, social and political aspect of society, we find in it abundant claims to our highest regards and warmest support.

"It has been said that in fixing on a location for life, the grand requisites to comfort are: pure air, good water, and a healthy, fertile soil; yet these seem incomplete, at least as regards comfort, without the addition of good neighbors—and therefore it is for the interest of every individual to do what he can to improve the condition of those around him.

"A man, whatever may be his honest business, is profited by the prosperity of his neighbor, whether that neighbor be a farmer, a mechanic, a merchant, or engaged in some professional calling.

"It is a bad trait in the human character, and one which generally defeats its object, but which is, nevertheless, too conspicuous, that many seek to elevate themselves by depressing those around them—as if the poverty and misfortune of the one added to the virtues and merits of the other.

"Not only philanthropy and Christianity, but self-interest enjoin that when we have provided comfortably for ourselves and our own, we should render all the assistance in our power to our brother who stands in need of our aid. The selfish being who lives but for himself may, by amassing wealth, enjoy his hour or his day of fancied greatness, but he can never realize the pure, the elevated pleasures which flow from a life of active benevolence to the human family.

"Society is in some measure a joint concern, at least so far as relates to the producing classes; the more these earn by their labor, the greater is the accession of substantial wealth to the community. Whatever tends to increase and improve the products of the soil serves to augment the common stock and enables the grower to supply the market with more and better products, and to buy more liberally of the other classes in return.

"The merchant, the mechanic, the manufacturer and the professional man have all as deep an interest in promoting the improvement of agriculture and horticulture as the farmer and gardener have. The farmer virtually provides for the other classes, and is at the same time their principal patron and customer; and although his labors are too often held to be low and menial, by those who cannot and will not appreciate their value, his condition affords the best criterion to judge of the welfare of those around him. No country can long flourish or preserve its moral and physical health whose agriculture is neglected and degraded. Every class of the community, therefore, has a deep interest in promoting the improvement of the soil, and all should willingly contribute their aid towards enlightening, honoring and rewarding those who are honestly employed in its cultivation. On the old continent, some men are born to rank and privilege, and others are born to servile labor. Arbitrary laws have prescribed, to a great extent, a man's condition in life ere the infant breathes the vital air. Arbitrary power has perverted the laws of equality which were intended for the human family, and has enacted artificial distinctions which industry and genius can hardly surmount, nor hereditary rank hardly sink below.

"We know no such distinctions among us. We recognize neither

the hereditary distinctions conferred by birth nor wealth. In our country, merit is the reward of individual effort, and distinction the price of intelligence, industry and virtue; and the competition is open to all. We are all endowed with natural capacities for improvement, like the soil we cultivate; and our reward, like the harvest, will be greater or less in proportion to the measure of our self-improvement. But, as with the rich soil, where nature has done most man generally does least, so with the mind; where the expectations from parental aid are the greatest, the offspring seem least anxious to exert themselves to fulfil the high obligations imposed upon all. Poverty and want are often the strongest stimulents to physical and mental exertion; and when a laudable ambition is awakened to excel in any useful pursuit, it seldom stops at mediocrity. Adversity more than prosperity is the school in which men learn wisdom. There are high responsibilities resting on the farmer and mechanic, which should stimulate them to mental and moral exertion. They constitute the physical and political strength of our country. If they are ignorant, poor and dependent, they are very liable to become the tools of demagogues and the corruptors of public morals. If they are intelligent and prosperous, they will be exemplary in their habits, strong in their influence, and independent and patriotic in the bestowment of their suffrages. With these incitements to improvement, and these duties and responsibilities before them, the farmer and mechanic have abundant cause to put forth their best exertions, to study the principles of their business, and to profit by the genius and talents and discoveries of others who excel in their respective callings; for however high a man may be naturally gifted, or however successfully he may call his physical and mental powers into action, he may learn much from the skill and practice of others.

"Agriculture has too generally been considered a business requiring mere physical power, with which the principles of natural science had little or nothing to do. To plow, to sow, and to gather the crop, has been the general routine of farming operations, regardless of the poverty which such a practice was inflicting upon the soil. Thus the richest and most productive lands of the Atlantic States were rendered almost worthless, and the scanty crops, diminishing from year to year, reproached the cultivator for his ignorance and ingratitude. But within the last few years, the attention of the farmers has been directed to the improvement of the soil, and, having called to his aid the light produced by scientific investigations and discoveries, he has restored the soil to its original fertility and realized ample compensation for his labors.

"And are we not practicing as bad a system of husbandry as our fathers did in New England? Our beautiful prairies, with their rich and productive soil, have presented inducements for too extensive cultivation. Some of our richest lands are already nearly rendered worthless by the slovenly manner in which they have been cultivated. The ease with which the first and second crop, perhaps, have been obtained, has induced many of our farmers to undertake more than they could well perform. The land has been but half tilled—the weeds have been permitted to grow and ripen their seeds, and the winds, the birds and other operators, have distributed them profusely over the land. (Our soil is well adapted to the growth of weeds, and under the skillful cultivation of many of our farmers, produces an abundant harvest.) Though our soil is at present productive, and good crops can be obtained without the use of manure, yet without it, the capa-

bilities of the soil will be yearly diminishing. Our lands, rich as they are, will be benefited by the application of manure, and those who apply all they can obtain will be abundantly compensated for their labors.

"Probably the most of those whom I now address, have learned by their own experience, something of the inconvenience, not to say actual loss, they have sustained by half cultivating their land. Let us improve by past experience, and attempt no more than we can well accomplish. Let us avail ourselves of the labors of others, and profit by their experience and improvements. Science and art are now uniting their labors, and are deriving mutual aid from each other on the farm, as they have for some time been doing in the manufactory and in the shop of the artisan. A new era is dawning upon the vision of the farmer; new light is illuming his path, and a new interest and new pleasures are urging him on to improvement. He begins to study the laws which Providence has ordained for the government of improved culture, and he finds in their application to his labors, the means of increasing profits and high intellectual enjoyment; and the more he studies and is guided by these laws, the more does he become satisfied of his former errors and his comparative limited sphere of usefulness. Science is probably capable of rendering more important services to husbandry than to any other branch of labor, and presents a wider field of useful study to the cultivators of the soil, than to any other class of society.

"One great obstacle to agricultural improvement, is the subordinate rank to which this employment has been consigned, and to which the farmers themselves have contributed, by a want of respect for themselves and respect for their vocation. The wholesome habits of society have been so broken up by the civil and political convulsions of the age and the inordinate thirst for acquiring wealth and fashionable consequence through speculations of various kinds, that honest productive labor has been thrown entirely into the background, and considered not only ungentleel, but menial and servile. Yet he who provides for the wants and comforts of himself and family, and renders some service to society at large, by his mental and physical industry, performs one of the high duties of life, and will ultimately be rewarded in the conscious rectitude of his life, by a greater measure of substantial happiness, than he who makes millions by fraud and speculation, to be squandered in extravagance or wasted in folly by his children or grandchildren.

"The revolutions constantly taking place in families sufficiently admonish us, that it is not the wealth we leave to our children, but the industrious and moral habits in which we educate them, that secure to them worldly prosperity and the treasure of an approving conscience..

"Not content with the gains which are ever the reward of honest and prudent industry, and which might be greatly increased by the culture of the mind; not content with one of the most independent conditions in society, hundreds of farmers have sought other and new employments, and some of truly menial character, to get rid of labor, the greatest blessing to man, and raise themselves in the imaginary scale of fashionable society; and if they cannot participate themselves in this imaginary greatness, and it is seldom anything more than imaginary, they are anxious to inflict the evil upon their posterity. What class of society have within their reach so many of the elements of human enjoyments as the independent tillers of the soil? 'The farmer,' says Franklin, 'has no need of popular favor; the success of

his crops depends only on the blessing of God upon his honest industry.' If discreetly conducted on the improved principles of husbandry, agriculture offers the certain means of acquiring wealth, and as rapidly as is consistent with the pure enjoyments of life, or with the good order and prosperous condition of society. It is the golden mean, secure alike from the temptations of mushroom opulence and the craven sycophancy and dependence of poverty.

"The success of the farmer in producing profitable crops depends, as far as human means are concerned, in a great measure upon preparing the soil properly for the reception of the seed, in adapting the crop to the soil, and bestowing upon it the necessary culture. A great obstacle in the way of improvement is ignorance of the principles or science of agriculture, and a blind adherence to old practices. I would not reject a practice that had been proved to be useful and important; neither would I adhere to one merely because it had been sanctioned by age. But I would prove all things, and hold fast that which is good. From the discoveries of science and chemistry, as applied to agriculture, we are taught many important lessons. Why has such signal success attended the practice of some of the best informed farmers in our country of alternating their crops? Chemical science answers the inquiry. The elementary matters which constitute the different kinds of vegetables are similar, and exist in various proportions both in the soil and in the products of the soil; and those elements are so combined as to furnish food for one species of plants one season, and that peculiar kind of food having been exhausted, the same species will not flourish on the same soil in successive seasons. Every kind of plant has its peculiar food adapted to its support, and hence we see the importance of a rotation in crops in order to obtain complete success. It is true there are some soils so abundantly supplied with vegetable matter that they seem for a time inexhaustible. I have known fields on the American Bottom, which is one of the richest portions of the fertile West, and even of the world, where Indian corn has been raised successfully for more than twenty successive years, and yet the crop is abundant, and the capacities of the soil do not seem to be diminished. But even that fertile soil may be worn out and its stock of vegetable food exhausted under improper cultivation, and a change of treatment may be found necessary in order to perpetuate its fertility. The primitive elements which constitute all animal and vegetable substances, combining in various forms and in various proportions, are oxygen and hydrogen, the constituents of water, nitrogen, which mixed with oxygen forms the atmosphere, and carbon. These elementary matters are found in all the combinations of matter—in a solid form in animals, vegetables, and rocks. By the interposition of caloric, or the matter of heat, they are rendered liquid and gaseous. When they disappear in one form they take another—they are never lost, never annihilated. They perform a constant routine under the fixed and established laws of nature, for the benefit of man and for the order and preservation of the natural world. As soon as the animal and vegetable cease to live, a decomposition, or separation of their elementary parts, commences, if exposed to the agency of heat, air and moisture, and goes on until their organic forms are lost, and their elements are mingled with the soil and fitted again to enter into new vegetable combinations and become again parts of new and living organic matters. Hence we may see the necessity of studying and observing those laws of nature which govern to a greater or less extent the whole business of the

farm, and which can never be violated with impunity. And, in order to study those laws to the best advantage, we should avail ourselves of all the helps within our reach. We should profit by the labors and experience of others, as they are communicated in the agricultural journals of the day. Every farmer should by all means take some agricultural paper, and store his mind with all that is valuable, and thus have a stock ready for use as occasion may require. Individuals have been benefited hundreds of dollars by the outlay of one dollar for a publication of this kind, in consequence of the useful information it has given them in the prosecution of their business. And here let me call the attention of this society to the "Union Agriculturalist," published monthly at Chicago. Though there are valuable agricultural papers published in other sections of our country, and which are most ably conducted, and in themselves may be superior to that of our own State, yet they are not as well adapted to our peculiar wants as one in which the experience of our prairie farmers is imparted for the benefit of their brethren. The "Union Agriculturalist" is the organ of the State Agricultural Society, and is published by the Union Agricultural Society, and, with a becoming zeal, we should take hold and help sustain it and make it worthy the high destiny of the Prairie State. No one is so poor but he may find some means to raise one dollar a year to pay for such a periodical. Better divide his means between that and the political journal than to be deprived of its benefits.

"Thus far, in our county the orchard has not received that attention its importance demands. I need not here enumerate the advantages of good fruit. A tree that will produce fruit worth one dollar per bushel occupies no more ground than a tree whose fruit is beneath the notice of the hog. One of the first labors every farmer should perform is to prepare a suitable piece of land and plant his orchard, and let that orchard be selected from the best improved fruit, and in a very few years he will be abundantly compensated for all his labor and expense.

"There has been much written upon the raising of silk within the last few years, and many experiments have been detailed to prove that it may be made a profitable auxiliary to farming operations. The Multalis speculation has gone by, and those who are supplied with the tree can make the experiment of silk raising for themselves. If it can be made profitable in any part of our country, it deserves a fair trial here.

"Laboring under the disadvantage of the want of a ready market for our surplus produce, we should direct our attention to those articles which will pay the expense of transportation to a distant market, or which can be converted to useful purposes among us. As much as possible, we should aim at being independent; we should raise and produce among ourselves the most of the necessities of life. Our farmers must raise the materials, and our clothing must be manufactured among us. Where can wool be raised with greater ease and more profit than on our fine prairies? Let every farm be well stocked with good sheep, and all the wool which is not manufactured among us will bear to be transported to a distant market, and bring in return those foreign articles which are regarded as necessary, and which are draining the country of the little money there is in circulation. Before we can be in easy and independent circumstances we must revert the present order of things. Instead of sending our money away to procure necessities from abroad, we must not only produce articles to exchange for those necessities, but have a surplus to convert into funds for other purposes. The

improvement of cattle and hogs demands the immediate attention of every farmer. Some few individuals have directed their attention to such improvement with laudable zeal, and they will find themselves abundantly repaid for all trouble. Beef and pork will soon become staple articles of this country, and the farmer who would obtain the largest profit from his beef and his pork will raise and fatten those animals, which, with the least amount of food, will produce the most meat. If a hog of one breed, at a given age, and with the same amount of food and the same attention, will weigh twice or three times as much as one of a different breed, is it not important that our stock should be improved? And besides, the hog which will weigh 400, will sell in market more readily for \$4.00 per hundred than the hog which weighs 150 or 200 will sell for \$2.50 or \$3. I will not now specify the best breeds of cattle and hogs. If we should have a fair next October, which we now contemplate, all will have an opportunity of seeing and judging for themselves. Such exhibitions are highly important, as they excite a spirit of emulation, and important results may be expected from them when properly conducted.

"Flax is an important article for the farmer to raise; if it can not be manufactured into cloth at present, it will bear transportation, and the seed can be manufactured into oil among us, and thus save the expense of sending abroad for that important article. A manufactory for small rope would do a good business at once and would find a ready market for all that could be produced. Some one should also engage in the manufacture of starch, and thus save the expense of sending our wheat to the east to be made into the article, and then go there to procure our supply. If sugar can be made from the beet profitably anywhere, it deserves a trial here. The ease with which the beet is raised, and the high price of sugar, offer strong inducements to the capitalist to engage in its manufacture.

"I have thus endeavored to direct your attention to the importance of agricultural improvements; and though this society has commenced operations at a time of great pecuniary embarrassments, yet let us not despise the day of small things. Other societies have commenced under as unfavorable circumstances as this, and they have steadily and perseveringly advanced until their salutary influence has been apparent to all. I could name instances did time permit, but I leave that for the present.

"The object of this society is a noble one, worthy the philanthropist and the patriot; and though you may not reach the goal of your wishes, your labors will not be lost.

"The seed which you sow will produce its tens and its twenty fold, though you may not live to gather the harvest. The work of improvement which you began will progress and be fraught with blessings on your children and on your State."

The correspondence exchanged, concerning the printing of the address, was as follows:

DR. GEO. HASKELL,

Sir:—The undersigned, a committee appointed by the Winnebago County Agricultural Society, respectfully solicit of you the favor of a copy of your able address delivered before said society at their last meeting. We are aware, Sir, that owing to the multitude of publications on the subject of agriculture, pains should be taken to select such as have the merit of giving useful information, or of containing matter of interest to the mass of readers. But while we in common with others who were present to hear your address were highly gratified, we think you cannot do the cause of agriculture, so important in itself, and espe-

cially so embodying the leading interest of the West, a greater favor than to allow your address to be published, that all who will *may read and learn*.

Your Obedient Servants,

JASON MARSH,
J. WELDON,
J. S. NORTON, } *Committee.*

Rockford, Aug. 21, 1841.

To JASON MARSH, }
J. WELDON, } *Committee Agricultural Society.*
J. S. NORTON, }

Gentlemen:—Your favor of Aug. 21 is before me, and in reply you will permit me to say that I am not insensible of the flattering notice the society has taken of my address. I feel a deep interest in whatever may be calculated to promote the objects of the Agricultural Society, but upon mature deliberation I am not yet satisfied that the cause of agriculture will be materially benefited by the publication of the address I read before the society, while so many others, more able, are published. I would, therefore, respectfully decline furnishing a copy for publication.

Yours Respectfully,

GEO. HASKELL.

Rockford, Aug. 25, 1841.

MURDER OF SHERIFF JOHN F. TAYLOR.

After the killing of the Driscolls, the arrest, trial, conviction and sentence of Oliver, McDowell and Bridge, in 1845, as members of the band of outlaws that held dominion here for a number of years, the community seems to have been peculiarly fortunate in its freedom from outlaws and dishonest personages. From the time West and McDowell were sentenced until November, 1856, there was but little of a criminal nature to disturb the quiet of the people. What few crimes were committed were, for the most part, of a petty character, and confined to that grade of crimes and evil-doers that are to be found in all communities. When the "Bandits of the Prairie" had been dispersed and banished from the country, the people settled down to hard work, giving but little heed to anything but the improvement of their farms and the general industries of a new country.

In the month of November, 1856, however, an event occurred that threw the entire county into a fever of excitement, the like of which had not been experienced since the cold-blooded murder of John Campbell by the Driscolls and Bridge on Sunday, June 27, 1841. This excitement was created by the murder of John F. Taylor, Sheriff, by Alfred Countryman, and but for the firmness and decision of the more thinking of the citizens of Rockford, Countryman would have received the same summary judgment and execution that hurried the two Driscolls into eternity. The circumstances attending this affair were as follows:

On the 11th day of November, 1856, Sheriff Taylor had taken Countryman under arrest on the charge of stealing cattle, and was taking him to jail. When approaching the jail door, Countryman broke away from the Sheriff, jumped over the fence on the Elm street side of the square, and fled southward, towards Kent's creek. When at the corner of Elm and Church streets, seeing that he was likely to be retaken, Countryman drew a pistol from his pocket, turned and fired at Mr. Taylor, who was in close pursuit. His aim was good, and Taylor fell to the ground and expired almost instantly. The alarm was at once given, and hundreds of citizens started in pursuit of Countryman, who kept on towards the grove south of Kent's creek, and where he was finally captured. He was brought back to town in a wagon in the midst of the most terrible excitement ever witnessed in the streets of Rockford, and it was with the utmost difficulty that the officers who had him in charge, assisted by some of the more prominent



John H. Carpenter
ROCKTON

citizens, could prevent the indignant and outraged populace from lynching him upon the instant. But to the good name of the people be it said, better counsels prevailed, and the law was allowed to take its course. Countryman was placed in jail and closely confined, until the February term (1857) of the Circuit Court, Judge Benjamin R. Sheldon presiding, when he was tried, found guilty and sentenced to be hanged on the 27th of March following.

The case was called on Monday, February 23d, and the entire afternoon was spent in empannelling a jury, which consisted of the following named persons:

Levi Tunks, Howard; Philo C. Watson, Rockford; Anthony M. Felmly, Owen; Silas G. Tyler, Rockford; Jacob B. Place, Howard; G. R. Ames, Harrison; Allen Rice, Harrison; Charles Works, Guilford; J. W. Jenks, Roscoe; Edward Peppers, Howard; J. W. Knapp, Roscoe; S. P. Collier, Burritt.

The jury being thus empanelled and sworn, the court adjourned until 9 o'clock Tuesday morning. The prosecution was conducted by U. D. Meacham, State's Attorney, and William Brown, Esq.; the defence by Orrin Miller, Jr., and T. J. Turner, Esq.

The trial was concluded on Thursday afternoon, February 26th, and the case submitted to the jury, who returned a verdict of "guilty of murder as charged in the indictment," when Judge Sheldon proceeded to pass the death sentence as follows:

"Alfred Countryman, you stand convicted of the murder of John F. Taylor. Your crime was attended with very aggravated circumstances. Mr. Taylor was the Sheriff of this county—he had arrested you for a felony, and was carrying you to the jail, when you broke from his custody and ran; he pursued, and as he was about to retake you, you drew forth from a place of concealment upon your person a pistol, turned upon and shot him, killing him in two or three minutes of time. Continuing your flight, you were seen to reload your pistol, to be prepared, it would seem, to take the life of the next man who approached to take you.

"This deed was perpetrated in the public streets of Rockford, in open day, in the midst of the host of friends of the deceased, to whom he was endeared by his qualities as a man and his faithful services as an officer, several of whom were eye-witnesses of the scene. It could only have been the respect for law, which distinguishes this community, that prevented you from being rent in pieces on the spot, by an explosion of popular indignation.

"To shoot down a peaceful officer of justice, in the quiet execution of his duty, was a wanton, brutal act, an awful manifestation of an abandoned and malignant heart. In the eye of the law, no crime is more heinous than to slay one of its officers in the discharge of his duty. The law guards with a strong arm its officers when performing its own mandates. Your case is a sad instance of the mischief of the barbarous practice of carrying deadly weapons. If you had not had that weapon of death concealed upon your person, you might have escaped a murderer's doom. In a well-ordered community like this, there is no need, under ordinary circumstances, to carry about such weapons of defence, and when carried they are much oftener used as the weapon of offence than of defence.

"The penalty of your high crime is the forfeit of your life—the terrible punishment the law inflicts not out of vengeance towards you, but for the

protection of human life, to deter men from the commission of the crime of murder.

"I do entreat you to devote your few remaining days on earth to an earnest preparation for your future state of existence, upon which you are so soon to enter ; delay it not in the hope that you may yet escape punishment. Your counsel, who have ably defended you and done all that legal ability could do in your behalf, have made strenuous efforts to obtain for you a new trial, and their zeal may yet lead them to attempt to procure a reversal of your sentence. If so, rely not on any hope of success ; regard your doom as fixed, and act accordingly.

"Human tribunals administer justice only, and punish—but you have the consolation that mercy and pardon belong to that tribunal on high before which you must hereafter answer for your violation of the divine law. By meditation upon your spiritual concerns, and by true repentance and contrition of heart, may you become a fit subject of divine mercy, and obtain from your final judge forgiveness of your crimes.

"The sentence of the court is, that you, Alfred Countryman, be taken to the jail of this county and detained in close custody until the twenty-seventh day of March instant ; that on that day, between the hours of ten in the morning and five in the afternoon, you be taken thence to the place of execution in this county, and there be hung by the neck until you are dead. And may God have mercy on your soul."

The place of execution was on what is now the farm of Samuel I. Charct, about two miles west of the city of Rockford, and was the first and last (to date, 1877) execution of the death penalty in Winnebago County. The execution was public, and thousands of people were present to witness it. When life was pronounced extinct, his body was cut down and delivered to his friends.

Alfred Countryman was born in Montgomery County, New York, June 28, 1830, and was consequently in the twenty-seventh year of his age at the time of his execution. His father's family came to Ogle County in 1845-6, according to the condemned man's confession or written statement of the events of his life, where they were living at the time when Alfred committed the crime that forfeited his life. His life does not seem to have been a smooth one, but full of changes and shiftings and wanderings from one part of the country to another. Some time in the latter part of 1853 or in the early part of 1854, while working for the railroad company at Pecatonica, he made the acquaintance of a woman whose home was at Hampton, Michigan, to whom he was married by George Arnold, a justice of the peace of that town. At the time of his execution he had two children—a girl and a boy—one about two years old, and the other an infant.

WAR RECORD.

With the exception of the recurrence of State and National elections and the ever-to-be-remembered Senatorial contest between two of America's political giants, Lincoln and Douglas, in 1858, there was nothing in the history of Winnebago County worthy of especial mention after the execution of Countryman until the coming of the great and final conflict between freedom and slavery, in 1861. Up to that time the people were busily engaged in perfecting their plans against the coming of declining years—improving their farms, building houses, shops, manufacturing establish-

ments, railroads, etc. Crime and criminals, and evil doers, with few exceptions, had been banished from the county, and an era of local tranquility and prosperity had been fully and successfully inaugurated, so that when the electric wires conveyed to them the intelligence that, on Friday, the 12th day of April, 1861, Fort Sumter, at Charleston, South Carolina, had been fired upon by rebels in arms against the government, they were startled from the contemplation of undertakings nearly completed. When, a day later, news was borne along the same wires that Major Anderson had been compelled to surrender Fort Sumter, individual enterprises were abandoned, at least for the time, and with one purpose the people rallied to a common centre to take counsel together and inaugurate such measures as might become necessary to meet the Government's call for volunteers to defend and maintain the integrity of the Union. While the people of Charleston were holding high revel over the surrender of Fort Sumter, the people of Winnebago County were preparing to take part in the measures that were sure to be inaugurated to punish their treason. An impromptu meeting was called in Rockford, and a committee appointed to prepare and issue a call for a mass meeting of citizens to consider the exigencies of the occasion, and to adopt such measures as the times seemed sure to demand. That committee issued the following call:

"UNION MASS MEETING."

"Citizens of Winnebago County, Let us Meet the Issue like Men!"

"The citizens of Winnebago County, without distinction of party, are requested to meet at the court house in Rockford, on Wednesday, April 24th, 1861, at one o'clock P. M., for the purpose of holding counsel together and adopting such measures as in their judgment the present alarming crisis demands, and properly responding to the President in his call for support to the General Government. A full attendance from all the towns in the county is anxiously desired.—E. F. W. ELLIS, S. M. CHURCH, L. F. WARNER, *Committee.*" Dated April 17, 1861.

Saturday, April 20, 1861, the Rockford *Register* spoke as follows:

"PATRIOTISM AT HOME."

"Our city, in common with all other places throughout the North, has been the scene of almost continuous excitement on the war question during the whole week. The prevailing subject and constant theme of conversation in all circles, at home as well as on the street, has been the exciting news in connection with the bombardment and surrender of Fort Sumter, and the war thus inaugurated. Party lines have for the time been laid aside in devotion to the Union, and with few exceptions our Democratic citizens, to their honor be it said, join heartily in sustaining the Administration in the crisis thus forced upon the country. It is no time now to argue who is right or who is wrong upon the questions of national policy which have heretofore created dissensions into parties. One common purpose should animate all hearts in this hour of our country's peril—that of preserving it from irretrievable ruin. We hope we have no Cow Boys in Rockford or Winnebago County."

The mass meeting called for the 24th was an imposing demonstration. Every man present and participating in the action of the meeting had, for

the once, divested himself of political bias, and was governed alone by patriotic impulses. There was no halting between two opinions—there was but one expression, but one purpose—"the Union must and shall be preserved." Strong resolutions were adopted, and men and money pledged till the rebellion was conquered, peace restored, and the integrity of the Union vindicated.

But even before this meeting had assembled and taken action in the premises, enlistments had commenced, and the organization of several companies undertaken, and within a week after the news of the surrender of Fort Sumter had been received the Rockford Zouaves had completed their organization and tendered their services to the Government. The citizens, equally patriotic, in a few hours subscribed and paid in the sum of \$1,270.49 to purchase the uniform for this company, and with hearts full of love for their country and the prayers of the citizens they marched away under command of Captain Nevins, and went into camp at Springfield. During the week ending May 4, five other companies were raised, as follows: Rockford Zouaves, Company B, Ellis Rifles, Rockford Rifles, a company of Dragoons, and a company of Irish citizens. On the 20th of September, six companies had been raised and officered in Winnebago County, and accepted for service as follows:

Rockford Zouaves, Company A—Captain G. L. Nevins.

Rockford Zouaves, Company B—Captain Andrus.

Durand Guards—Captain Whitmeyer.

Washburn Rifles—Captain Bird.

Rockford Rifles—Captain Smith.

Ellis Rifles—Captain E. F. W. Ellis.

Besides these, Captain Austin was raising a cavalry company, Captain Boyd's company was nearly full, Lieutenant Ketcheson was recruiting for a Missouri regiment, and Major P. Flynn was forwarding recruits for Mulligan's Irish Brigade at St. Louis.

This uprising of the patriotic men of Winnebago was in the first months of the war—the spring and summer of 1861. While the younger portion of the community were thus responding to their country's call for men to defend and uphold its honor, the older men were no less active in providing ways and means to help their boys off to the field of battle. Nor were mothers, wives and sisters inactive. They had a duty to discharge and they discharged it faithfully. The county authorities, within a very few days after the surrender of Fort Sumter, met in special session and appropriated \$10,000 to be expended in the equipment of volunteers, and the support of the families of such of them as were married. This sum was increased by subsequent appropriations for bounties, etc., until very nearly \$500,000 were paid out for war purposes. In addition, each township provided a liberal bounty fund, while private subscriptions were also made from time to time, and whenever occasion or necessity demanded. There was no penuriousness either in the county authorities or private individuals. And thus the good work went on from the beginning to the end of the war. To every call for volunteers, a ready response was made, and the quota assigned to the county promptly filled.

In Kauffman and Burch's Rockford City Directory and County Gazetteer, published in 1869, there is an article under the caption of "Winnebago County in the War," from which we make the following statistical extract:

"Up to October 1, 1863, the quota of the county, according to the

enrollment returns made to the Assistant Marshal General's office at Springfield, was 2,037 men; the enlistments credited to the county, 1,921, leaving the county short, according to this estimate, 116 men. These were more than made up, however, by men who had enlisted in the regiments raised in other States, and who had not up to this time been allowed to the credit of the county. It was subsequently ascertained that about 125 men from this county had enlisted in Wisconsin and Missouri regiments.

"In 1864 a new enrollment was made by Halsey G. Clark, Esq., enrolling officer of the county. This enrollment showed 4,627 persons between the age of 20 and 45 years, liable to military duty.

"The quota of the county, upon this enrollment, under the various calls for troops to July 1, 1864, was 2,778, apportioned to the different towns and wards of the city as follows:

	No. Enrolled 1864.	Quota to July, 1864.
Roscoe	190	124
Harlem	137	88
Guilford	130	82
Cherry Valley	228	134
New Milford	136	85
Owen	172	104
Rockton	268	167
Shirland	61	40
Harrison	80	53
Burritt	201	115
Winnebago	213	133
Seward	198	111
Lysander	256	159
Howard	210	129
Laona	102	62
Rockford, outside of the city	168	104
City, 1st Ward	355	204
" 2d "	407	233
" 2d "	437	253
" 4th "	428	250
" 5th "	250	148
Total	4,627	2,778

"This quota was filled on the 30th day of September, 1864, the last two men being mustered in on that day.

"In December, 1864, when the last call for men was made by the President, it was resolved by the county authorities to make a new and thorough enrollment, it being claimed that the one last made was incorrect, and that it reported a greater number of men liable to military duty than there really was in the county. Accordingly, in December, 1864, a thorough canvass of each enrollment district was made, which gave 3,269 persons liable to draft, a decrease of 1,361 from the previous enrollment. Upon this enrollment the last quota of the county was based, amounting to 398 men. They were divided among the towns and wards of Rockford as follows :

	Enrollment, Dec. 1864.	Quota, Jan. 1st, 1865.
Roscoe	125	16
Harlem	110	23
Guilford	86	19
Cherry Valley	184	29
New Milford	106	22
Owen	158	27
Rockton	199	27

	Enrollment, Dec. 1864.	Quota, Jan. 1st, 1865.
Shirland.....	50	3
Harrison.....	93	10
Burritt.....	166	20
Winnebago.....	200	9
Seward.....	175	30
Lysander.....	229	20
Howard.....	171	26
Laona.....	81	15
Rockford, outside of city.....	150	23
City, 1st Ward.....	169	17
“ 2d “.....	258	21
“ 3d “.....	194	11
“ 4th “.....	203	12
“ 5th “.....	167	18
Total.....	3,269	398

“The apparent unequal distribution of these quotas to the different towns was the cause of much complaint among the county authorities; their complaints, however, were of no avail, and the men had to be furnished as apportioned. This was done by the 15th of April, 1865, the last man having been mustered in previous to that date. These, with those furnished under former calls, made 3,176 of her patriotic citizens who risked their lives on Southern battle-fields to sustain the Government.

“Although the county has within its limits a large number of persons of foreign birth, to their credit be it said, but 36 of this number were willing to shield themselves behind foreign protection papers, and while enjoying all the privileges of residents of the United States, refused to assist in supporting its Government. They are divided among the towns as follows:

“Howard, 10; New Milford, 3; Laona, 3; 1st and 2d Wards City, 5; 3d, 4th and 5th Wards City, 6; Owen, 1; Rockton, 1; Harlem, 6; Guilford, 1; total, 36.”

Having thus preserved the patriotic offerings of the people of Winnebago County as a community, there is one other duty that devolves upon our pen—that is, to gather the names of the brave men who were so ready to forsake home, friends, and the comforts of peaceful avocations, and offer their lives in defense of their country's honor. This is not only a pleasure, but it is a duty, not only due to those whom the fate of the war spared to return to their homes, but to the memory of those who fell with their faces to the enemy—many of whom sleep the last, long sleep in unmarked and unknown graves. This Record was well earned, and it is our purpose to present the Record as complete as possible, and that it shall embrace the names, companies, regiments, terms of enlistments, the battles in which they engaged, etc. What more fitting tribute can be offered to their soldier lives? It will be a wreath of glory encircling every brow, and a memento which each and every one of them earned in defense of our country's honor, integrity, and unity. Monuments may crumble; cities fall into decay; the tooth of time leave its impress on all the works of man; but the memory of the gallant deeds of the army of the Union in the great war of the rebellion, in which the sons of Winnebago bore so conspicuous a part, will live in the minds of men so long as time and civilized governments endure.

WINNEBAGO COUNTY WAR RECORD.

ABBREVIATIONS.

Adjt.....Adjutant
Art.....Artillery
Col.....Colonel
Capt.....Captain
Corpl.....Corporal
Comsy.....Commissary
com.....commissioned
cav.....cavalry
capt'd.....captured
disd.....discharged

e.....enlisted
excd.....exchanged
inf.....infantry
kld.....killed
m. o.....mustered out
prmt'd.....promoted
prisr.....prisoner
Regt.....Regiment
Sergt.....Sergeant
wd.....wounded

8th Infantry.

Second Assistant Surgeon Clarence M. Spalding, com.
March 27, 1865. Mustered out May 4, 1866.

Company G.

Abraham John, e. Dec. 17, 1863, absent on furlough.
Barthout Jas. e. Sept. 28, 1864, absent on furlough.
Blackburn Jos. e. Dec. 20, 1863, prmt. Corpl., m. o.
Oct. 5, 1865.
Carlin M. e. Dec. 19, 1863, m. o. May 4, 1866.
Thurston John, e. Jan. 20, 1864, m. o. May 4, 1866.

11th Infantry.

The regiment was called into service under proclamation of the President, April 16, 1861; organized at Springfield, and mustered into service April 30, 1861, by Captain Pope, for three months.

During this term of service, the regiment was stationed at Villa Ridge, Ill., to June 20th, then removed to Bird's Point, Mo., where it remained performing garrison and field duty until July 30th, when the regiment was mustered out, and re-enlisted for three years' service. During the three months' term, the lowest aggregate was 882, and the highest 933, and at the muster out was 916.

Upon the re-muster, July 13th, the aggregate was 288. During the months of August, September, October and November, the regiment was recruited to an aggregate of 801. In the meantime were doing garrison and field duty, participating in the following expeditions: September 9th to 11th, expedition towards New Madrid; October 6th to 11th, to Charleston, Mo.; November 3d to 12th, to Bloomfield, Mo., *via* Commerce, returning *via* Cape Girardeau; January 7th and 8th, expedition to Charleston, Mo., skirmished with a portion of the command of Jeff. Thompson; January 13th to 20th, reconnoissance of Columbus, Ky., under Gen. Grant; January 25th to 28th, to Sikestown, Mo.; February 2d, embarked on transports for Fort Henry, participating in campaign against that place; February 11th, moved towards Fort Donelson; February 12th, 13th and 14th, occupied in investing that place, 12th, heavily engaged with the enemy about five hours, losing 329 killed, wounded and missing, out of about 500 engaged, of whom 72 were killed and 182 wounded; March 4th and 5th, *en route* to Fort Henry; 5th to 13th, *en route* to Savannah, Tenn., in transports; 23d to 25th, *en route* from Savannah to Pittsburg Landing; April 6th and 7th, engaged in battle of Shiloh, losing 27 killed and wounded, out of 150 engaged; April 24th to June 4th, participated in siege of Corinth, thence

marched to Jackson, Tenn., making headquarters there to August 2d; participated in two engagements, July 1st and 2d, towards Trenton, Tenn.; July 23d to 28th, to Lexington, Tenn.; August 2d, moved to Cairo, Ill., for purpose of recruiting; remained at that point until August 23; thence to Paducah, Ky., remaining there until November 20th; in the meantime engaged in two expeditions—August 24th to September 16th, to Clarksville, Tenn., *via* Forts Henry and Donelson—October 31st to November 13th, expedition to Hopkinsville, Ky.; November 20th to 24th, *en route* to Lagrange, Tenn., where the regiment reported and was assigned to Brigadier General McArthur's Division, Left Wing, 13th Army Corps. From this time to Jan. 12, 1863, participated in campaign in Northern Mississippi, marching *via* Tallahatchie (where the regiment was engaged in a sharp skirmish); from thence to Abbeville; thence seven miles below Oxford; thence to Holly Springs, Moscow and Memphis, Tenn. Remained in Memphis until the 17th, when embarked on transport and *en route* to Young's Point until 24th, remaining there until February 11th; then moved to Lake Providence, and assigned to the Seventeenth Army Corps, making headquarters there until April 20th, participating in expedition to American Bend, from March 17th to 28th. April 23, 1863, the One Hundred and Ninth Illinois Infantry was transferred to the Eleventh, 589 being the aggregate gained by the transfer. April 26th, regiment moved with column to rear of Vicksburg, *via* Richmond, Perkins' Landing, Grand Gulf, Raymond and Black River, arriving before the works May 18th; May 19th and 22d, engaged in assaults on the enemy's works; then in the advance siege works to July 4th, at time of surrender; the regiment losing in the siege and assault 1 field officer (Colonel Garrett Nevius) killed, 3 line officers wounded, and 40 men killed and wounded. July 17th, moved with expedition to Natchez, Miss., participating in expedition to Woodville, Miss. October 12th, returned to Vicksburg, Miss., making headquarters there to July 29, 1864; in the meantime engaged in the following expeditions; February 1st to March 8th, up Yazoo river to Greenwood, Miss., having skirmish at Liverpool Heights, February 5th, losing 4 killed and 9 wounded; action at Yazoo City, March 5th, losing 1 line officer killed, 8 men killed, 24 wounded, and 12 missing; April 6th to 28th, at Black River Bridge; May 4th to 21st, expedition to Yazoo City, Benton and Vaughn's Station, Miss., taking prominent part in three important skirmishes; July 1st to 7th, with an expedition to Jackson, Miss., under Major General Slocum, engaged with the enemy three times; July 9th, moved to Morganza, and was assigned to Nineteenth Army Corps, staying there to September 2d; in the meantime participating in an expedition to Clinton, La., August 24th to 29th; September 3d, moved to mouth of White river, Ark.;

October 8th, moved to Memphis, Tenn., returning to White river October 27th; November 6th and 7th, expedition to Gaines' Landing; November 8th, moved to Duvall's Bluff, Ark.; November 30th to December 4th, *en route* to Memphis, Tenn.; December 20th to 31st, expedition to Moscow, Tenn.; January 1st to 5th, *en route* to Kenner, La.; February 4th to 7th, *en route* to Dauphine Island, *via* Lake Ponchartrain; March 17th to April 12th, engaged in operations against Mobile, Ala., marching from Fort Morgan, participating in the investment and siege and final capture of Spanish Fort and Fort Blakely, and in the assault on the latter. April 12th, marched into and took possession of the city of Mobile, staying there until the 27th of May, when embarked in transport and moved *via* Lake Ponchartrain to New Orleans; from thence to Alexandria, La., remaining there until June 22d; thence to Baton Rouge, La., to be mustered out of service; mustered out July 14, 1865, and left for Springfield, Ill., for payment and final discharge.

Killed in the field and died of wounds.....149
Aggregate three months' service.....933
Aggregate three years' service.....1879
Field and staff, three years' service..... 53

The following General Officers have been in the regiment:

Gen. W. H. L. Wallace, Gen. T. E. G. Ransom, Gen. Smith D. Atkins.

The following Field Officers of other regiments were members of this regiment:

Col. Hotchkiss, Col. Hopeman, Col. H. H. Dean, Col. G. L. Fort, Lieut. Col. McCalb, Maj. S. B. Dean, Maj. Widmer.

Line Officers from this regiment to other regiments, thirty-three (33).

Colonel Garrett Nevius, com. Major July 30, 1861. Promoted Lieutenant Colonel Feb. 15, 1862. Promoted Colonel March 16, 1863. Killed in Battle near Vicksburg, May 23, 1863.

Adjutant Henry H. Dean, com. First Lieutenant Co. D, July 30, 1861. Promoted Adjutant Oct. 16, 1862. Term expired July 31, 1864.

Quartermaster Sergeant Herrington Love, e. as Sergt. July 30, 1861. Appointed Q. M. Sergeant Jan. 8, 1864. Transferred to 46th I. V. I. Mustered out July 8, 1865.

Commissary Sergeant Jno. W. Bardwell, e. Aug. 10, 1861. Appointed Com. Sergeant March 26, 1864. Discharged Aug. 10, 1864, term expired.

Company D.

Captain Wm. D. E. Andrus, com. June 30, 1862. Term expired July 31, 1864.

First Lieutenant Orrin C. Towne, com. Second Lieutenant July 30, 1861. First Lieutenant Oct. 16, 1862. Term expired July 29, 1864.

First Lieutenant Wm. H. Stalker, e. as private Sept. 28, 1861. Re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 22, 1864. Promoted Corporal, Sergeant, First Sergeant, then Second Lieutenant, July 29, 1864. Promoted First Lieutenant July 31, 1864. Mustered out July 14, '65.

Second Lieutenant Aaron Bayles, e. as private Aug. 15, 1861. Re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 22, 1864. Promoted Corporal, Sergeant, First Sergeant, then Second Lieutenant, July 31, 1864. Mustered out July 14, 1865.

Sergt. Geo. E. Dolphin, e. July 30, 1861, disd. June 5, 1865, prmt. U. S. C. T.

Sergt. Samuel T. Beddoes, e. July 30, '61, trans. to 46th I. V. I.

Corpl. D. R. Towne, e. Sept. 1, '61, disd. April 30, '62, disab. Corpl. Benj. F. Whitcher, e. Aug. 15, 1861, disd. Sept. 1, 1862, as Sergt., wds.

Corpl. Henry P. Strong, e. Sept. 1, '61, died Jan. 20, '62. Corpl. W. H. A. Duner, e. Sept. 25, 1861, kld. at Donelson, Feb. 16, 1862.

Corpl. F. J. Houseman, e. Sept. 1, '61, m. o. Aug. 21, '65. Corpl. Ambrose Stearns, e. Nov. 1, 1861, disd. July 26, 1862, disab.

Corpl. S. R. Hest, e. July 30, '61, disd. Nov. 20, '62, wds. Musician F. B. Wakeman, e. July 30, 1861, disd. Mch. 10, 1863, disab.

Atkins Lewis, e. Sept. 1, '61, disd. May 23, '62, disab. Abbott Jas. e. Oct. 22, 1861, died April 6, 1862.

Atkins Wm. e. Sept. 1, 1861, disd. Feb. 16, 1863, disab. Allen Edw. W. e. Sept. 1, '61, disd. Dec. 29, '62, disab. Allen Wm. W. e. Sept. 1, '61, disd. Dec. 29, '62, disab. Bridgman O. e. Aug. 15, '61, died April 17, 1862, wds. Bourne M. E. e. Aug. 10, '61, disd. Aug. 10, '64, term ex. Briggs G. J. e. Aug. 10, '61, disd. Aug. 10, '64, term ex. Bookhaut Jas. e. Aug. 10, 1861, trans. to 8th I. V. I. Bramer Henry, e. Aug. 10, 1861, disd. April 7, 1864. Britt Chas. F. e. Aug. 23, '61, disd. Sept. 1, '63, disab. Balson Wesley, e. Oct. 22, '61, disd. Oct. 21, '64, term ex. Compton R. A. e. Nov. 1, '61, disd. Feb. 1, '62, disab. Carey Thos. e. Nov. 1, '61, died March 15, 1862. Crawford Jas. e. Aug. 15, '61, disd. July 20, '62, disab. Croley Daniel, e. Oct. 24, 1861, drowned Dec. 9, 1861. Coddington A. W. e. Oct. 14, '61, disd. Aug. 15, '62, disab. Doolittle P. W. e. Sept. 7, 1861, m. o. Dec. 17, 1864. Donaldson Jas. B. e. Aug. 15, 1861, died Nov. 17, 1862. Darling Geo. W. e. Nov. 7, 1861, died Feb. 20, 1862. Denton D. H. e. Aug. 15, '61, disd. Dec. 29, '62, disab. Darralls F. W. e. Sept. 15, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Frick F. e. Aug. 15, '61, m. o. as Corpl. Aug. 22, 1864. Fuller Edwin B. e. Sept. 7, '61, disd. Sept. 7, '64, term ex. Flannery M. e. Oct. 23, 1861, disd. Nov. 7, 1863, wds. Gile Wm. A. e. Sept. 7, 1861, died Oct. 13, home on furlough.

Gilbert Geo. W. e. Oct. 2, '61, disd. May 10, '63, disab. Gile Geo. W. e. Sept. 7, 1861, m. o. June 28, 1865.

Hamilton C. A. e. Aug. 10, 1861, died Oct. 7, 1861.

Hawkinson Chas. e. July 30, '61, disd. Corpl. Aug. 17, '64.

Hudson Wm. e. Aug. 15, '61, disd. Aug. 14, '64, term ex.

Harris H. E. e. Aug. 15, '61, disd. Aug. 17, '64, term ex.

Hudson W. J. e. Aug. 15, '61, disd. Aug. 17, '64, term ex.

John Wm. e. Aug. 15, '61, re-enlisted as vet., died June 15, 1865.

Kent Wm. T. e. Aug. 10, 1861, disd. May 23, '62, disab.

Kingsley S. e. Sept. 1, 1861, died May 28, 1862.

Krunney F. e. Sept. 1, '61, died of wds. rec'd Donelson.

Loop M. M. e. Aug. 15, 1861, disd. Oct. 7, 1862.

Latham A. H. e. Sept. 1, '61, disd. March 17, '62, disab.

Murphy Roger, e. Aug. 10, '61, disd. Aug. 25, '62, disab.

Murphy John, e. Oct. 4, 1861, died June 8, 1862.

Murphy Wm. J. e. Oct. 7, '61, disd. Aug. 6, '62, disab.

Manchester Dennis, e. Sept. 5, '61, kld. at Shiloh, April 6, 1862.

Manchester Geo. H. e. Sept. 1, 1861, died May 30, 1863.

Mager E. E. e. July 30, 1861, died Feb. 20, 1862, wds.

Newell F. C. e. Aug. 15, 1861, died Aug. 21, 1863.

Pelton A. H. e. Aug. 15, 1861, died Oct. 30, 1861.

Plummer S. e. Nov. 7, 1861, disd. May 23, 1863, disab.

Shank C. C. e. July 30, 1861, m. o. July 29, 1864.

Stalker Jas. H. e. Sept. 20, '61, disd. Nov. 20, '62, disab.

Stewart Chas. e. Oct. 12, 1861, disd. May 23, 1862.

Sullivan Daniel, e. Oct. 24, '61, died April 11, '62, wds.

Thurston John, e. Oct. 10, '61, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 22, 1864, trans. to 8th I. V. I.

Thompson Sam. e. Nov. 1, 1861, died May 6, 1862.

Trask Julius, e. Aug. 10, '61, disd. May 23, '62, disab.

Trask M. e. Sept. 1, '61, re-enlisted as vet. Dec. 5, '63, trans. to 46th I. V. I.

Town Wm. e. Sept. 1, 1861, disd. Aug. 15, 1862, disab.

Wheeler Chas. T. e. Sept. 1, 1861, disd. Sept. 7, 1864.

Wilson Wm. M. e. Aug. 15, '61, disd. May 23, '62, disab.

Westbrook Jas. S. e. Sept. 15, 1861, disd. Sept. 17, 1864.

Warren John W. o. Sept. 1, 1861, died Dec. 24, 1864.

Webb Miles C. e. Sept. 1, 1861, disd. Oct. 31, 1864.

Warner A. B. e. Sept. 1, 1861, disd. Sept. 7, 1864.

Wright E. A. e. Sept. 1, '61, disd. May 23, '62, disab.

Daniels F. W. e. Dec. 9, '62, prmt. Corpl. died July 7, '65.

Howard Matthews, e. Dec. 8, 1863, trans. to 8th I. V. I.

John Wm. e. March 9, 1864, died June 15, 1865.

Thompson A. A. e. Jan. 22, 1864, trans. to non-commissioned staff as Sergt. Major.

Abraham Jno. e. Dec. 17, '63, trans. to 8th I. V. I. Corpl.

Blackburn Jos. e. Dec. 22, '63, trans. to 8th I. V. I.

Barns Louis, e. Dec. 12, 1863, m. o. Sept. 26, 1865.

Beggs Paul, e. Aug. 15, 1862, died Aug. 7, 1863.

Coleman Isaac, e. Aug. 15, 1862, m. o. July 14, 1865.

Crowell F. B. e. Aug. 15, 1862, kld. at Yazoo City, March 5, 1864.

Jackson Wm. A. e. Dec. 23, '63, trans. to 46th I. V. I.

Loop M. M. e. Dec. 17, '63, disd. Oct. 30, '64, disab.

Pitney Levi, e. Dec. 17, '63, absent without leave since July 30, 1864.

Stalker Ewd. B. e. Aug. 14, '62, m. o. Sergt. July 14, '65.

Spicer A. C. disd. Sept. 1, 1863, disab.

Van Needam Theo. e. Jan. 4, 1864, trans. to 46th I. V. I.

Wellington Thos. e. Dec. 24, 1863, trans. to 8th I. V. I.



Robert J. Croft
ROSCOE TP.

Company G.

First Lieutenant Edward P. Thomas, e. as First Sergeant Co. D. Sept. 1, 1861. Promoted Second Lieutenant Feb. 15, 1862. Promoted First Lieutenant Nov. 22, 1862. Term expired Oct. 31, 1864.

15th Infantry.

The Fifteenth Regiment Infantry Illinois Volunteers was organized at Freeport, Illinois, and mustered into the United States service May 24, 1861—being the first regiment organized from the State for the three years' service. It then proceeded to Alton, Ill., remaining there six weeks for instruction. Left Alton for St. Charles, Mo., thence, by rail, to Mexico, Mo. Marched to Hannibal, Mo., thence, by steamboat, to Jefferson Barracks; then, by rail, to Rollo, Mo. Arrived in time to cover Gen. Sigel's retreat from Wilson's Creek; thence to Tipton, Mo., and thence joined Gen. Fremont's army. Marched from there to Springfield, Mo.; thence back to Tipton; then to Sedalia with Gen. Pope, and assisted in the capture of 1,300 of the enemy a few miles from the latter place; then marched to Otterville, Mo., where it went into winter quarters, Dec. 26, 1861. Remained there until Feb. 1, 1862. Then marched to Jefferson City; thence to St. Louis, by rail; embarked on transports for Fort Donelson, arriving there the day of the surrender.

The regiment was then assigned to the Fourth Division, Gen. Hurlbut commanding, and marched to Fort Henry. Then embarked on transports for Pittsburg Landing. Participated in the battles of the 6th and 7th of April, losing 252 men, killed and wounded. Among the former were Lieutenant Colonel E. T. W. Ellis, Major Goddard, Captain Brownell and Wayne, and Lieutenant John W. Puterbaugh. Captain Adam Nase, wounded and taken prisoner. The regiment then marched to Corinth, participating in various skirmishes and the siege of that place, losing a number of men killed and wounded.

After the evacuation of Corinth, the regiment marched to Grand Junction; thence to Holly Springs, back to Grand Junction; thence to Lagrange; thence to Memphis, arriving there July 21, 1862, and remained there until September 6th. Then marched to Bolivar; thence to the Hatchie river, and participated in the battle of the Hatchie. Lost fifty killed and wounded in that engagement. Then returned to Bolivar; from thence to Lagrange; thence, with Gen. Grant, down through Mississippi to Coffeeville, returning to Lagrange and Memphis; thence to Vicksburg, taking an active part in the siege of that place. After the surrender of Vicksburg, marched with Sherman to Jackson, Miss.; then returned to Vicksburg and embarked for Natchez. Marched thence to Kingston; returned to Natchez; then to Harrisonburg, La., capturing Fort Beauregard, on the Washita river. Returned to Natchez, remained there until Nov. 10, 1863. Proceeded to Vicksburg and went into winter quarters. Here the regiment re-enlisted as veterans, remaining until Feb. 1, 1864, when it moved with Gen. Sherman through Mississippi. On Champion Hills had a severe engagement with rebel Carney. Marched to Meridian; thence south to Enterprise; thence back to Vicksburg. Was then ordered to Illinois on veteran furlough. On expiration of furlough joined Seventeenth Army Corps and proceeded up the Tennessee river to Clifton; thence to Huntsville, Ala.; thence to Decatur and Rome, Ga.; thence to Kingston, and joined Gen. Sherman's army, marching on Atlanta.

At Allatoona Pass the Fifteenth and the Fourteenth Infantry were consolidated, and the organization was known as the Veteran Battalion Fourteenth and Fifteenth Illinois Infantry Volunteers, and numbering 625 men. From Allatoona Pass it proceeded to Ackworth, and was then assigned to duty, guarding the Chattanooga and Atlanta Railroad. Whilst engaged in this duty, the regiment being scattered along the line of road, the rebel Gen. Hood, marching north, struck the road at Big Shanty and Ackworth, and captured about 300 of the command. The remainder retreated to Marietta, were mounted and acted as scouts for Gen. Vandever. They were afterwards transferred to Gen. F. P. Blair, and marched with Gen. Sherman through Georgia.

After the capture of Savannah, the regiment proceeded to Beaufort, South Carolina; thence to Salka-

hatchie river, participating in the various skirmishes in that vicinity—Columbia, S. C., Fayetteville, N. C., battle of Bentonville—losing a number wounded; thence to Goldsboro and Raleigh. At Raleigh, recruits sufficient to fill up both regiments were received, and the organization of the Veteran Battalion discontinued, and the Fifteenth reorganized. The campaign of Gen. Sherman ended by the surrender of Gen. Johnson. The regiment then marched with the army to Washington, D. C., via Richmond and Fredericksburg, and participated in the grand review at Washington, May 24, 1865; remained there two weeks. Proceeded, by rail and steamboat, to Louisville, Ky.; remained at Louisville two weeks. The regiment was then detached from the Fourth Division, Seventeenth Army Corps, and proceeded, by steamer, to St. Louis; from thence to Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, arriving there July 1, 1865. Joined the army serving on the Plains. Arrived at Fort Kearney, August 14th; then ordered to return to Fort Leavenworth, Sept. 1, 1865, where the regiment was mustered out the service and placed *en route* for Springfield, Ill., for final payment and discharge—having served four years and four months.

Number of miles marched.....	4299
Number of miles by rail.....	2403
Number of miles by steamer.....	4310

Total miles traveled.....	11,012
Number of men joined from organization.....	1963
Number of men at date of muster-out.....	640

Lieutenant Colonel Edward F. Ellis, com. May 14, 1861. Killed in battle of Pittsburg Landing.

Adjutant Cyrenus C. Clark, com. First Lieutenant Co. C, May 14, 1861. Promoted Adjutant Sept. 4, 1861. Transferred to Staff.

Quartermaster Sergeant Jacob H. Read, com. Jan. 1, 1864. Transferred to Field and Staff Veteran Battalion.

Company A.

Lyman Chas. W. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 24, 1864.
Teisdale Robt. M. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 24, 1864.

Company B.

Cleaver Chas. W. e. May 24, 1861, disd. Feb. 6, 1862, worthlessness.
Dunham Sam'l, e. May 24, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1, 1864. See Co. B, Vet. Bat.
Hartman H. H. e. May 24, '61, disd. Feb. 6, '62, disab.
Hardy Job E. e. May 24, '61, disd. Aug. 21, '62, disab.
Rhodes Milton, e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 24, 1864.
Smith Geo. G. e. May 24, 1861, re-enlisted as vet., m. o. May 30, 1865, First Sergeant.
Westfall Chas. H. e. May 24, '61, trans. Co. I, May 29, '61. Vet. Dis. March 27, 1865.

Briggs D. D. disd. Sept. 13, 1861, disab.
Eastman E. H. e. May 24, '61, died July 27, '62, wds.
Garrett John H. e. May 24, '61, disd. Oct. 18, '62, disab.
Hill F. R. e. May 24, 1861, disab.
Hardy A. W. e. May 24, '61, disd. June 1, '62, disab.

Company C.

Captain Holder Brounell, commissioned May 14, 1861. Killed at battle Pittsburg Landing.
Captain Geo. W. Bradley, commissioned Second Lieutenant, May 14, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, Sept. 4, 1861. Promoted Captain, April 7, 1862. Died May 28, 1863.
Captain Hampden S. Cattel, e. as Sergt. May 24, 1861. Promoted Second Lieutenant, Aug. 21, 1862. Promoted Captain, May 28, 1863. Mustered out at consolidation.
First Lieutenant Gideon V. Carr, e. as private May 24, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, April 7, 1862. Resigned June 2, 1863.
First Lieutenant Vilroy Q. Paxon, e. as Corporal, May 24, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, June 2, 1863. Mustered out at consolidation.
Second Lieutenant Orville T. Andrews, e. as Sergeant, May 24, 1861. Promoted Second Lieutenant, Sept. 4, 1861. Honorably discharged, Aug. 21, 1863.
Sergt. Lamar H. Lowe, e. May 24, 1861, disd. Oct. 18, 1862, disab.

Corpl. Wm. H. Lowe, e. May 24, 1861, disd. Aug. 18, 1862, disab.
Corpl. Chancy R. Burch, e. May 24, 1861, disd. July 28, 1862, disab.

Brown G. B. e. May 24, 1861, disd. March 31, '63, disab.
Bowman John A. e. May 24, '61, disd. Oct. 30, '62, disab.
Buckley Wm. T. e. May 24, '61, disd. Oct. 30, '62, disab.
Breen Wm. R. e. May 24, 1861, re-enlisted as veteran, March 1, 1864, m. o. Sept. 16, 1865.

Bennett D. W. e. May 24, 1861.
Bennett Abel H. e. May 24, '61, disd. Aug. 4, '62, disab.
Battershall F. H. e. May 24, '61, disd. Apl. 28, '62, disab.
Babcock Geo. W. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Benson James, e. May 24, '61, disd. Aug. 23, '61, disab.
Baltazer A. G. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Brown Wm. H. e. May 24, '61, kld. Shiloh, Apl. 6, '62.
Cook Lewis, e. May 24, 1861, died Nov. 8, 1861.
Crowell F. J. e. May 24, 1861, died Oct. 18, 1861.
Coolidge Jas. M. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Coughtry Wm. e. May 24, 1861, kld. Shiloh, Apl. 6, '62.
Coughtry Jas. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864. e
Conger John D. e. May 24, '61, disd. Nov. 25, '61, disab.
Compton John, e. May 24, 1861, died May 18, '62, wds.
Day D. W. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Douglas Wallace, e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Eason Elias J. e. May 24, 1861, disd. June 16, 1861, worthlessness.

Falcon A. e. May 24, 1861, re-enlisted as veteran, Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. May 30, 1865.

Horsman Edw. A. e. May 24, '61, disd. July 17, '62, disab.
Haye Z. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Hart Wm. J. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Hunter David, e. May 24, 1861, disd. Oct. 8, '61, disab.
Hambricht F. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Hart Peter, e. May 24, 1861, disd. Oct. 18, 1862.
Hope Walter H. e. May 23, 1861, trans. to Co. C, Vet. Bat.

Hager Patrick, e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Johnson Frank, e. May 24, '61, disd. Dec. 16, '62, disab.
John Wesley, e. May 24, 1861, disd. Aug. 21, '62, disab.
Knapp A. W. e. May 24, 1861, disd. July 23, '62, disab.
Kilburn Jas. H. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Keel C. e. May 24, 1861, re-enlisted as veteran Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. May 30, 1865.

King Oscar, e. May 24, 1861, disd. Oct. 15, 1861, disab.
Keeling Geo. e. May 24, 1861, re-enlisted as veteran Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. May 30, 1865.

Lake E. E. e. May 24, 1861, disd. Dec. 4, 1862, disab.
La Barr Wm. H. e. May 24, 1861, kld. by lightning, May 25, 1861.

Liddle Jos. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Merchant Abel L. e. May 24, 1861, died Nov. 15, 1863.
Marston Geo. W. e. May 24, '61, disd. Aug. 9, '62, disab.
Merchant D. C. e. May 24, 1861, re-enlisted as veteran Jan. 1, 1864, kld. July 22, 1864.

Mahon James, e. May 24, 1861, trans. to Invalid Corps, Sept. 26, 1863.

Needham W. O. e. May 24, 1861.
Osborn Edgar, e. May 24, 1861, died April 4, 1862.
Owen Jonathan, e. May 24, '61, disd. Oct. 18, '62, disab.
Pritchard Asa, e. May 24, 1861, disd. Dec. 16, '62, disab.
Peterson F. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Royston F. B. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Riddington Chas. H. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, '64.
Read Jacob H. e. May 24, 1861, re-enlisted as veteran Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. May 30, 1865.

Roth John, e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Spaulding Geo. H. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, '64.
Smith Samuel K. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Starkey W. L. e. May 24, 1861, died July 27, 1862.
Simpson Chas. H. e. May 24, '61, disd. Oct. 20, '61, disab.

Shores L. D. e. May 24, 1861, disd. Nov. 29, '62, disab.
Simpson Peter, e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Tyler C. M. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Taylor A. C. e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Vance John E. e. May 24, '61, kld. Shiloh, Apl. 6, '62.
Wisner H. T. e. May 24, 1861, disd. Mch. 31, '63, disab.
Wells Bennett, e. May 24, 1861.
Willis Frank, e. May 24, 1861, m. o. May 25, 1864.
Ward R. L. e. May 24, 1861, re-enlisted as veteran Jan. 1, 1864, died Nov. 18, '64, Andersonville pris.

Crawford Jacob M. e. Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. May 30, 1865.
Wood Newel P. e. Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. May 30, 1865.
Douglas A. e. Sept. 16, 1861, died May 1, 1862, wds.
LaBarr Chas. G. e. May 28, 1861, died July 5, '62, wds.
Weld Arthur E. e. Dec. 20, 1863, m. o. May 30, 1865.

Company F.

Captain Cyrenus C. Clark, commissioned Feb. 18, 1862.
Died July 15, 1863.

44th Infantry.

The Forty-fourth was organized in August, 1861, at Camp Ellsworth, Chicago, under the supervision of Col. Chas. Knoblesdorff, and was mustered into service Sept. 13, and immediately embarked for St. Louis, Mo. Thence on 22d to Jefferson City. On 29th marched to Sedalia, and was assigned to Gen. Sigel's famous division. Oct. 13th took up line of march for Springfield, Mo. The Forty-fourth was too late to participate in the battle of Wilson Creek. It then moved to Rolla, where it encamped for the winter. Gen. Curtis having assumed command, on Feb. 2d the Forty-fourth moved toward Springfield, to attack Price's army, but found him gone; pursued him into Arkansas. The two armies concentrated their whole strength and met at Pea Ridge, where a bloody battle was fought, defeating the enemy, and in which the Forty-fourth took a prominent part. It was also one of the most effective regiments in the pursuit of the retreating rebels, capturing one stand of colors, many prisoners and several pieces of artillery. Resumed march April 5 to Forsythe, Mo, and Batesville, Ark., where the army was re-organized, and the Forty-fourth placed in Col. Osterhaus' brigade. It thence proceeded to Cape Girardeau, Mo., and thence by steamer to Pittsburg Landing, Tenn., where it arrived May 26th, and proceeded to army then besieging Corinth. Two days after arrival, rebels evacuated and the Forty-fourth was assigned to Gen. Pope's command, and went in pursuit of the fleeing enemy.

Was in camp at Rienzi, Miss., two months. Cincinnati, Ohio, being threatened, the Brigade, under command of Col. Grensel, marched thither, where it arrived Sept. 1st, and on the 17th moved, by rail, to Louisville. Here the army was again reorganized, and the Forty-fourth assigned to the Army of the Ohio, under Gen. Buell, and was in the battle of Perrysville, Oct. 8th, in a division commanded by Gen. P. H. Sheridan. Marched to Crab Orchard and Bowling Green, when Gen. Rosecrans assumed command.

Marched to Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 26. Moved, with the army, against Murfreesboro, Tenn., and was attached to Second Brigade, Third Division, Twentieth Army Corps, Col. Shaffer commanding the Brigade, Gen. Sheridan the Division, and Gen. McCook the Corps.

At Stone River the Forty-fourth lost half its number, in killed and wounded.

June 26, 1863, was engaged at Hoover's Gap, Shelbyville, and Tallahoma, Tenn. Thence it moved to Stevenson and Bridgeport, Ala., and to Chattanooga, Tenn., and took part in the battle of Chickamauga. In the battle of Mission Ridge, soon after, Gen. Sheridan gave the Forty-fourth the praise of placing their flag among the very first on the Rebel works. It then made a forced march to relieve our army at Knoxville, arriving three days after the siege was raised. The Twentieth and Twenty-first Corps being consolidated, the Forty-fourth was assigned to the Fourth Corps, and Gen. F. T. Sherman to the command of Brigade.

After many marches and hardships the Forty-fourth arrived at Chattanooga, Feb. 3, 1864, and, for the first time in four months, drew full rations from the Government. Here the regiment re-enlisted and went home on veteran furlough, arriving in Chicago March 1st, having marched during its term of enlistment over 5,000 miles.

April 14th, it arrived at Nashville, and immediately marched to Chattanooga, and from thence entered on the memorable Atlanta campaign, and participated in the following skirmishes and engagements: Buzzard Roost, Rocky-Faced Mountain, Resaca, Adairsville, Dallas, New Hope Church, Kenesaw Mountain, Gulp's Farm, Chattahoochee River, Peach Tree Creek, Atlanta, and Jonesboro. Its movements then were to Chattanooga, Tenn., Athens, Ala., Pulaska, Tenn., and from thence gradually fell back on Nashville, closely pursued by the enemy, and took a very prominent part in the battle of Franklin. Thence proceeded, via Nashville, to Huntsville, Ala., arriving January 5, 1865, March 28th, was ordered to Knoxville, thence to Blue Springs, Tenn.

After the surrender of the Rebel armies the Forty-

fourth was ordered to New Orleans, arriving June 22d. It then moved, by steamer, to Port Lavaca, Texas, where it remained until Sept. 25th, when it was mustered out and proceeded to Springfield, Ill., arriving Oct. 15, 1865, and received its final payment and discharge.

Major Luther M. Sabine, com. Captain Co. G Aug. 14, 1861. Promoted Major Oct. 1, 1862. Resigned Sept. 30, 1862.

Major Gustavus Freysleben, e. as Sergeant Co. G Aug. 1, 1861. Promoted Second Lieutenant Feb. 28, 1862. Promoted Captain Co. A June 27, 1862. Promoted Major Sept. 30, 1864. Resigned (as Captain) Feb. 24, 1865.

Major Alonzo W. Clark, e. as First Sergeant Co. G Aug. 1, 1861. Promoted Second Lieutenant July 17, 1862. Promoted First Lieutenant Jan. 25, 1863. Promoted Captain Oct. 1, 1862. Promoted Major May 10, 1865. Resigned (as Captain) July 8, 1865.

Sergeant Major Edgar I. Davis, e. Aug. 1, 1861. Reduced to ranks Co. E Sept. 21, 1863.

Quarter-Master Sergeant Isaac I. Hicks, e. Aug. 1, '61.

Principal Musician Gottfried Neitzel, e. Aug. 24, 1861.

Mustered out Jan. 26, 1863.

Principal Musician James Jory, e. Jan. 1, 1864. Mustered out Sept. 25, 1865.

Company G.

Captain Nathan Rundell, e. as Corporal Aug. 1, 1861. Re-enlisted as veteran Jan. 1, 1864. Promoted First Lieutenant Sept. 25, 1864. Promoted Captain May 10, 1865. Mustered out Sept. 25, 1865.

First Lieutenant Randolph D. Hobart, com. Aug. 14, 1861. Resigned April 19, 1862.

First Lieutenant Reuben E. Norton, e. as Sergeant Aug. 1, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant April 19, 1862. Resigned Jan. 25, 1863.

First Lieutenant Silas B. Merchant, e. as private Aug. 1, 1861. Promoted Second Lieutenant Jan. 25, 1863. Promoted First Lieutenant Oct. 1, 1862. Resigned Sept. 25, 1864.

First Lieutenant Hollam R. Smith, e. as private Aug. 1, 1861. Re-enlisted as veteran. Promoted Sergeant. Promoted First Lieutenant May 10, 1865. Mustered out Sept. 25, 1865.

Second Lieutenant Robt. Penman, com. Aug. 14, 1861. Resigned Feb. 28, 1862.

Second Lieutenant Edgar J. Davis, e. as Sergeant Aug. 1, 1861. Promoted Sergeant Major. Promoted Second Lieutenant Oct. 1, 1862. Mustered out as Sergeant.

Corpl. Wm. H. Edgington, e. Aug. 1, 1861, disd. May 20, 1862.

Corpl. Jas. J. Sloat, e. Aug. 1, '61, disd. Oct. 28, '63, disab.

Corpl. J. B. Jennings, e. Aug. 1, '61, m. o. Sept. 8, '64.

Corpl. C. R. Wells, e. Aug. 1, '61, died Jan. 2, '63, wds.

Musician S. B. Hicks, e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. Sept. 25, 1865.

Wagoner Thos. Penman, e. Aug. 1, 1861.

Comsy. Sergeant Henry Adams, e. Aug. 1, 1861, died Oct. 23, 1861.

Allen Titus, e. Aug. 1, 1861, disd. April 23, 1862.

Aiken John, e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. Sept. 25, 1865.

Attwood Geo. e. Aug. 1, 1861, disd. Jan. 19, 1862.

Abbott Asbury, e. Aug. 1, 1861, disd. April 18, 1864.

Abbott T. J. e. Aug. 1, 1861, Vet., m. o. Sept. 25, '65.

Babcock Floyd, e. Aug. 1, 1861, died June 28, 1864.

Baker C. D. e. Aug. 1, 1861, died Nov. 25, 1863, wds.

Harsbee Albert, e. Aug. 1, 1861.

Beeler Chas. e. Aug. 1, 1861, killed Dec. 31, 1862.

Burgat P. e. Aug. 1, 1861, trans. to Veteran Reserve Corps, April 22, 1864.

Burgat Andrew, e. Aug. 1, 1861, died at Rolla, Mo., Dec. 21, 1861.

Bartlett James, e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. Sept. 25, 1865.

Bartholomew A. e. Aug. 1, 1861.

Colby Henry, e. Aug. 1, 1861, died at Keetsville, Mo.

Crawford Levi L. e. Aug. 1, 1861, died at Rolla, Mo., Nov. 28, 1861.

Christian Lewis, e. Aug. 1, 1861, killed at Stone River, Dec. 31, 1862.

Colins Theo. e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. Sept. 25, 1865.

Coons C. C. e. Aug. 1, 1861, trans. to Veteran Reserve Corps, April 30, 1864.

Cowan Robt. e. Aug. 1, '61, died at Rolla, Mo., Dec. 23, 1861.

Coleman John, e. Aug. 1, 1861, disd. Feb. 1862.

Champlin Joel, e. Aug. 1, 1861, died Jan. 19, '63, wds.

Cummings Jos. e. Aug. 1, 1861, disd. Jan. 1, 1862.

Dobson Albert, e. Aug. 1, 1861.

Don Thos. e. Sept. 1, 1861, disd. Oct. 9, 1862.

Furgeson Isaiah, e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet.

Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. Sept. 25, 1863.

Fisher Henry, e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan.

1, 1864, killed in Georgia. May 17, 1864.

Fulmer Michael, e. Aug. 1, 1861, died Feb. 4, '64, wds.

Gray D. P. e. Aug. 1, '61, died at Rolla, Mo., Dec. 28, '61.

Godding Asa, e. Aug. 1, 1861, disd. March, 1862.

Goodrich M. e. Sept. 1, 1861, died Dec. 21, 1862.

Gifford A. e. Sept. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1,

1864, m. o. Sept. 25, 1865.

Hanks Wm. H. e. Aug. 1, 1861, disd. Aug. 1, 1862.

Hart Adam, e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1,

1864, m. o. Sept. 25, 1865, as Sergt.

Hart Wm. e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1,

1864, m. o. Sept. 25, 1865.

Hubbard Daniel, e. Aug. 1, 1861, trans. to V. R. C.,

Aug. 1, 1863.

Handlein Thos. e. Aug. 1, 1861.

Johnson W. e. Aug. 1, '61, died at Rolla, Mo., Nov. 26, '61.

Jury James, e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1,

1864, prmt. Principal Musician.

Knapp Geo. W. e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet.

Jan. 1, 1864, died June 28, 1864, wds.

Merchant A. J. e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan.

1, 1864, m. o. Sept. 25, 1865.

Mead R. J. e. Aug. 1, 1861, died Nov. 30, 1861.

Makepeace C. e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan.

1, 1864, m. o. Sept. 25, 1865, as Corpl.

Murphy John, e. Aug. 1, 1861, died Jan. 25, '63, wds.

Moses Theo. W. e. Aug. 1, '61, disd. May 24, '62, Sergt.

Naurte Jacob, e. Aug. 1, 1861.

Norton Marcus, e. Sept. 1, 1861.

Porter James, e. Aug. 1, 1861.

Parish Wm. H. e. Aug. 1, 1861, trans. to First Mo. Lt.

Art., April, 1862.

Rogers Chas. e. Aug. 1, 1861.

Rogers O. C. e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1,

1864, m. o. Sept. 25, 1865.

Ramsdell N. e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1,

1864, m. o. Sept. 25, 1865.

Rising Austin, e. Aug. 1, 1861, disd. Oct. 18, 1862.

Seely Chas. e. Aug. 1, 1861.

Sherman Jas. e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1,

1864, m. o. Sept. 25, 1865, as Corpl.

Shields Thos. A. e. Aug. 1, 1861, died at Rolla, Mo.,

Dec. 22, 1861.

Sawyer E. e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1,

1864, m. o. Sept. 25, 1865, as Sergt.

Searls Stephen, e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan.

1, 1864, m. o. Sept. 25, 1865, as Corpl.

Streeter W. e. Aug. 1, 1861, disd. March, 1862.

Underhill David, e. Aug. 1, 1861.

Vinton Samuel, e. Aug. 1, 1861, died Dec. 31, 1864.

Vanastein John W. e. Aug. 1, 1861, missing in action,

at Stone River, Dec. 31, 1862.

Vanbroklin Don, e. Aug. 1, 1861.

Washburne Henry, e. Aug. 1, 1861.

Willmott Geo. e. Aug. 1, 1861.

Wilson Nathan, e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet.

Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. July 24, 1865.

Willie Thos. e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1,

1864, absent at m. o. of regt.

Young Wm. G. e. Aug. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan.

1, 1864, died July, 1864, wds.

Zorn Philip, e. Aug. 1, 1861, died Andersonville Prison

March 24, 1861.

Dale Homer T. e. March 23, 1864, m. o. June 22, 1865.

Huff Wm. e. March 23, 1864, m. o. Sept. 25, 1865.

Hobart Wm. e. March 21, '64, m. o. Sept. 25, '65, Corpl.

Miller Wm. H. e. March 31, '64, m. o. Sept. 25, '65, Corpl.

Norton R. C. e. Mch. 25, '64, prmt. Hospital Steward.

Company I.

First Lieutenant Thos. J. Abbott, e. as private Aug. 1, 1861. Re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1, 1864. Promoted Sergeant, then First Lieutenant, Sept. 15, 1864. Mustered out Sept. 25, 1865.

45th Infantry.

The Washburne Lead Mine Regiment was organized at Chicago, Ill., Dec. 25, 1861, by Col. John E. Smith, and mustered into the United States service as the Forty-fifth Infantry Illinois Volunteers. Jan. 15, 1862, moved to Cairo, Ill. February 1st, assigned to Brigade of Col. W. H. L. Wallace, Division of Brig. Gen. McClelland. February 4th, landed below Fort Henry, on the Tennessee, and on the 6th marched into the fort, it having been surrendered to the gun-boats. February 11th, moved toward Fort Donelson, and during the succeeding days bore its part of the suffering and of the battle. The flag of the Forty-fifth was the first planted on the enemy's works. Loss—2 killed and 26 wounded. March 4th, moved to the Tennessee river, and 11th, arrived at Savannah. Was engaged in the expedition to Pin Hook. March 25th, moved to Pittsburg Landing, and encamped near Shiloh Church.

The Forty-fifth took a conspicuous and honorable part in the two-days' battle of Shiloh, losing 26 killed and 199 wounded and missing—nearly one-half of the regiment. April 12th, Col. John E. Smith, of the Forty-fifth, took command of the Brigade. During the siege of Corinth, the regiment was in the First Brigade, Third Division, Reserve Army of the Tennessee, and bore its full share of the labors and dangers of the campaign. June 4th, the regiment was assigned to Third Brigade, and moved toward Purdy, fifteen miles. On the 5th, marched to Bethel; 7th, to Montezuma, and on the 8th to Jackson, Tenn., the enemy flying on its approach.

During the months of June and July, engaged in garrison and guard duty. August 11th, assigned to guarding railroad, near Toon's Station. On the 31st, after much desperate fighting, Companies C and D were captured. The remainder of the regiment, concentrating at Toon's Station, were able to resist the attack of largely outnumbering forces. Loss—3 killed, 13 wounded and 43 taken prisoners. September 17th, moved to Jackson; November 2d, to Bolivar, and was assigned to First Brigade, Third Division, Right Wing, Thirteenth Army Corps. Nov. 3, 1862, marched from Bolivar to Van Buren; 4th, to Lagrange, and were assigned to Provost duty; 28th, marched to Holly Springs; December 3d, to Waterford; 4th, to Abbeville; 5th, to Oxford, to Yocona river, near Spring Dale.

Communications with the north having been cut off, foraged on the country for supplies. December 17th, notice received of the promotion of Col. John E. Smith to Brigadier General, ranking from November 29th; December 22d, returned to Oxford; 24th, moved to a camp three miles north of Abbeville, on the Tallahatchie river, where the regiment remained during the month. Mustered out July 12, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., and arrived at Chicago July 15, 1865, for final payment and discharge.

Colonel Robt. P. Sealey, com. First Lieutenant Co. F. Sept. 17, 1861. Promoted Captain Co. G, Nov. 1, 1861. Promoted Lieutenant Colonel June 28, 1863. Promoted Colonel Aug. 4, 1863. Honorably discharged (as Lieut. Col.) Jan. 10, 1865.
Lieutenant Colonel Melancthon Smith, com. Major Oct. 31, 1861. Promoted Lieutenant Colonel Nov. 29, 1862. Died of wounds.
Lieutenant Colonel Jas. J. Palmer, com. First Lieutenant Co. F, Dec. 29, 1861. Promoted Captain April 8, 1862. Promoted Major Jan. 10, 1865. Promoted Lieutenant Colonel July 13, 1865. Mustered out (as Major) July 12, 1865.
Adjutant Giles H. Bush, com. Jan. 21, 1863. Resigned Sept. 22, 1864. Re-entered service as Captain of 147th Regiment.
Quartermaster Evans Blake, com. Nov. 25, 1861. Resigned Jan. 31, 1865.
First Assistant Surgeon Wm. Lyman, com. Second Assistant Surgeon Sept. 5, 1862. Promoted First Assistant Surgeon March 21, 1863. Resigned July 9, 1863.
First Assistant Surgeon John Conant, com. Second Assistant Surgeon April 28, 1863. Promoted First Assistant Surgeon July 9, 1863. Resigned Dec. 26, 1863.
Commissary Sergeant John Travis, e. Sept. 17, 1861. Killed at Fort Donelson Feb. 15, 1862.
Commissary Sergeant H. M. Thomas, e. April 21, 1862. Drowned Sept. 29, 1863.

Commissary Sergeant Geo. A. Sealey, e. Sept. 17, 1861. Mustered out July 12, 1865.
Hospital Steward Wm. M. Lyman, e. Jan. 5, 1864. Mustered out July 12, 1865.
Principal Musician P. W. Copeland, e. Sept. 17, 1861. Promoted Prin. Musician Jan. 3, 1864. Mustered out July 12, 1865.

Company B.

Creesler Alfred, e. Sept. 6, 1861, re-enlisted as vet., prmt. Principal Musician.
Davis W. F. e. Mch. 31, 1864. m. o. July 12, 1865.
Thomas H. W. e. April 21, 1862, drowned Sept. 29, '63.

Company C.

Corpl. Jas. W. Gear, e. Sept. 2, 1861, disd. July 14, 1862, wds.
Beldin Wm. W. e. Sept. 2, 1861, died at Savannah, Tenn., May 4, 1862.
Casey John, e. Oct. 2, 1861, kld. at Shiloh Apr. 7, '62.
Webber V. e. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
Callaghan Peter, e. Oct. 8, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
Ostrander Jerome, e. Feb. 15, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.

Company D.

Flannigan Francis, e. Sept. 21, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Dec. 19, 1863, m. o. July 12, 1865.
Callahan Peter, e. Oct. 8, 1864.
Haveland Chas. H. Sept. 21, m. o. July 12, 1865.
Taylor O. e. Oct. 7, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.

Company F.

Captain Alfred Johnson, com. Dec. 29, 1861. Died April 7, 1862.
Captain Jos. R. Baxter, e. as Corpl. Sept. 21, 1861. Re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 5, 1864. Promoted First Sergeant, then First Lieutenant Dec. 28, 1864. Promoted Captain July 9, 1865. Mustered out (as First Lieutenant) July 12, 1865.
First Lieutenant Jos. Ludley, e. as Corpl. Nov. 22, 1861. Re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 5, 1864. Com. First Lieutenant July 9, 1865. Mustered out (Sergeant) July 12, 1865.
Sergt. Thos. P. Clogston, e. Sept. 30, 1861, disd. at Chicago, wds.
Corpl. L. F. C. Breezier, e. Oct. 17, 1861, kld. at Vicksburg, June 25, 1865.
Corpl. Emil A. Stahn, e. Oct. 21, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865, as Sergt.
Musician Orrin Pettengill, e. Nov. 20, 1861, deserted March 16, 1862.
Allen Daniel M. e. Oct. 9, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865, as Corpl.
Bassett L. S. D. e. Sept. 30, 1861, died March 15, 1862.
Baxter Richard, e. Sept. 24, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
Beals H. G. e. Nov. 23, 1861, deserted Dec. 27, 1864, second desertion.
Collas Chas. e. Dec. 2, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 5, 1864, died May 9, 1864.
Durno Wm. e. Nov. 22, 1861, died at Savannah, Tenn., wounds.
Eckart John, e. Dec. 9, 1861, died March 16, 1862.
Finning Theo. e. Oct. 18, '61, disd. Feb. 1, '63, disab.
Henning Albert, e. Oct. 4, 1861, dropped from rolls, Aug. 18, 1862.
Hildebrand Theo. e. Oct. 12, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 5, 1864, died June 18, 1864.
Holtz H. e. Oct. 7, '61, dropped from rolls Aug. 18, '62.
Hall Geo. e. Oct. 31, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Dec. 19, 1863, m. o. July 12, 1865.
Kane Thos. e. Sept. 25, 1861, dishonorably disd. May 16, 1862.
Lord L. T. e. Dec. 16, '61, m. o. Dec. 29, '64, term ex.
Lindar Edgar T. e. Oct. 17, 1861, dropped from rolls Aug. 18, 1862.
Loak Otto, e. Dec. 2, '61, wounded at Shiloh, disd.
Lutz Jos. e. March 30, 1864, died April 12, 1865 in the field.
Minning Wm. e. Oct. 7, 1861.
Morties Albert, e. Dec. 2, '61, wounded at Shiloh, disd.
Packard Chas. E. e. Oct. 30, 1861, died at St. Louis, May 14, 1862.

Primer John M. e. Nov. 14, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Dec. 18, 1863, disd. June 19, 1865.
 Rutzier Henry, e. Oct. 7, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Dec. 30, 1863, m. o. July 12, 1865, as Corpl.
 Robbins Samuel M. e. Nov. 20, 1861, kld. at Shiloh April 6, 1862.
 Rolfe John, e. Sept. 27, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 5, 1864, died Oct. 26, 1864.
 Rowles H. D. e. Nov. 18, 1861, disd. May 16, 1862.
 Rian Chas. e. Nov. 16, '61, disd. July 24, 1862, disab.
 Shoemaker H. W. e. Oct. 21, '61, disd. Oct. 14, '62, disab.
 Simmons T. J. e. Oct. 19, 1861.
 Stahn E. A. vet., e. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Torry Thos. J. e. Oct. 3, 1861, disd. July 7, 1862, wds.
 Walker A. F. e. Oct. 12, 1861, died at Mound City, March 8, 1862.
 Ward Lyman vet., e. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, '65.
 Weichbroeld A. e. Oct. 20, 1861—.

Company G.

Captain Syna M. Budlong, e. as First Sergeant Sept. 17, 1861. Com. Second Lieutenant Dec. 1, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant June 1, 1862. Promoted Captain June 28, 1863. Detached.
 First Lieutenant Dennis W. Griffin, com. Second Lieutenant Co. F, Sept. 7, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant Nov. 1, 1861. Resigned June 1, 1862.
 First Lieutenant Leander Bander, e. as Sergeant Sept. 17, 1861. Promoted Sergeant, then Second Lieutenant June 28, 1863. Promoted First Lieutenant Jan. 21, 1863. Mustered out July 12, 1865.
 Second Lieutenant Geo. A. Sealey, e. as private Sept. 17, 1861. Promoted Commissary Sergeant. Promoted Second Lieutenant July 9, 1865. Mustered out (as Com. Sergt.) July 12, 1865.
 Sergt. Freeman C. Brooks, e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Apl. 24, 1862, disab.
 Sergt. A. H. Peates, e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Aug. 7, 1862, wds.
 Sergt. John D. Blaisdell, e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 5, 1864, disd. Sept. 26, 1864, disab.
 Corpl. Berkett G. Jennings, e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Aug. 1, 1862, wds.
 Corpl. D. McNeillage, e. Sept. 17, 1861, kld. at Shiloh, April 7, 1862.
 Corpl. H. D. Merrill, e. Sept. 17, 1861, m. o. Sept. 29, 1864, term ex.
 Corpl. Bradley M. Flint, e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Corpl. Chas. W. Hogedon, e. Sept. 17, 1861, deserted April 11, 1862.
 Corpl. D. H. Kingsley, e. Sept. 17, 1861.
 Corpl. A. Houghtaling, e. Sept. 17, '61, disd. Jan. 19, '63.
 Musician Wm. A. Moore, e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Sept. 18, 1863, disab.
 Musician Wm. H. Tripp, e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Dec. 19, 1863, m. o. July 12, 1865.

Anderson W. H. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865, as Sergt.
 Anderson A. P. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Dec. 19, 1863, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Adams C. e. Nov. 6, 1861, disd. Mch. 18, 1863, disab.
 Burch Nathan E. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Dec. 19, 1863, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Benson Benj. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Dec. 19, 1863, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Burd A. J. e. Sept. 17, 1861, trans. to Invalid Corps Sept. 15, 1863.
 Butterfield E. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Apl. 23, '62, disab.
 Barros Chas. H. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Bixby Luther C. e. Sept. 17, '61, disd. July 23, '62, disab.
 Baker E. C. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. May 16, 1862.
 Baker David, e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 2, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Benham Wm. R. e. Sept. 17, '61, disd. Aug. 11, '62, wds.
 Bunt Adam A. e. Sept. 17, 1861, m. o. Nov. 9, 1864, term ex.
 Birkitt Smith, e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 4, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Barnes Wm. E. e. Nov. 6, '61, disd. Nov. 10, '62, disab.
 Copeland Jos. A. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Oct. 17, 1863, to receive promotion as 2d Lieut. 1st Tenn. Art.
 Cline D. M. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. May 2, 1862, disab.
 Campbell John, e. Sept. 17, '61, disd. July 25, '62, wds.

Chandler D. C. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Champ Frederick, e. S. pt. 17, 1861, died Mch. 10, '62.
 Chandler Isaac S. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. May 18, 1862.
 Davis Albert S. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Drake Thomas, e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. May 2, '62, disab.
 Davis Wm. G. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. May 10, '62, disab.
 Day Lucius S. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Aug. 14, '62, disab.
 Flint Chas P. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Follett Geo. L. e. Sept. 17, 1861, trans. to Vet. Reserve Corps, Oct. 29, 1863.
 Goodlandar H. e. Sept. 17, '61, disd. Sept. 22, '62, disab.
 Guiles Milo, e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Gile Thos. M. e. Nov. 6, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Hard Giles C. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Sept. 29, 1864, term ex.
 Holmes Henry H. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Sept. 29, 1864, term ex.
 Henry Geo. e. Sept. 17, 1861, kld. at Shiloh Apl. 6, '62.
 Himes Geo. L. e. Sept. 17, 1861, dishonorably disd. June 7, 1862.
 Hayes Wm. H. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Sept. 29, 1862, term ex.
 Hallenbeck S. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. in 1862.
 Hallenbeck Geo. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Sept. 29, 1864, term ex.
 Johnson Norman F. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Lyman D. J. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 2, 1864, m. o. July 31, 1865.
 LaGrange F. W. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 2, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865, as Corpl.
 Lamont Thos. J. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. in 1862.
 Lagrange Conrad, e. Sept. 17, 1861, kld. at Shiloh, April 7, 1862.
 Marchant Lewis, e. Sept. 17, 1861, m. o. Sept. 29, 1864, term ex.
 McMillen R. L. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Martin Gustavus, e. Sept. 17, 1861, died at Vicksburg, Miss., Sept. 28, 1863.
 Mumby Edw. H. e. Nov. 6, 1861, disd. in 1862.
 Newton Z. M. e. Nov. 6, 1861, died at St. Louis, April 19, 1862.
 Price Chas. N. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Dec. 12, '62, disab.
 Parker John W. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 4, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Purdon Geo. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. May 1, '62, disab.
 Passon Wm. H. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 4, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Passon H. A. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. July 2, 1862, wds.
 Parent E. F. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Dec. 26, 1863.
 Phelps Silas M. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865, as Corpl.
 Rowley Daniel, e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. in 1862, supposed died.
 Rowley Edwin, e. Sept. 17, 1861, died at Chicago, Jan. 2, 1862.
 Royce Geo. L. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Jan. 12, '62, disab.
 Ryan Wm. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Aug. 1, 1862, disab.
 Richardson R. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Stearns L. A. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Dec. 19, 1863, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Sutton Edw. e. Sept. 17, 1861, died at St. Louis, April 5, 1863.
 Stringer A. e. Sept. 17, 1861, trans. to Invalid Corps, Sept. 15, 1863.
 Sovereign Davis A. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Nov. 3, '62, disab.
 Travis John, e. Sept. 17, 1861, kld. at Ft. Donelson, Feb. 15, 1862.
 Tripp Tompkins, e. Sept. 17, '61, disd. Aug. 1, '62, disab.
 Tufts Simeon, e. Sept. 17, '61, disd. April 23, '62, disab.
 Vanston Samuel, e. Sept. 17, '61, disd. May 1, '64, disab.
 Watson Edward, e. Sept. 17, '61, disd. Feb. 11, '64, disab.
 Watterson James, e. Sept. 17, 1861, kld. at Shiloh, April 6, 1862.
 Webster Hiram, e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Welch John, e. Sept. 19, 1861, disd. Mch. 21, '63, disab.
 Wilmarth Jos. S. e. Sept. 17, '61, disd. Oct. 27, '62, disab.
 Washburne I. e. Sept. 17, 1861, wounded by accidental discharge of gun at battle of Ft. Donelson.

Blaisdell Jno. D. e. Jan. 5, 1864, disd. Sept. 26, 1864, Sergeant, disab.
 Lyman Wm. M. e. Jan. 5, 1864. Promoted Hospital Steward.
 Fish Daniel W. e. Jan. 4, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Hays Jos. M. e. Jan. 3, 1862, m. o. Jan. 10, 1865.
 Lyman Wm. H. e. Dec. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet. Jan. 5, 1864, promoted Hospital Steward.
 Parker Geo. A. e. Feb. 23, 1863, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Ryan Wm. e. Nov. 27, '63, Vet. recruit, m. o. July 12, '65.
 Ryan John W. e. Jan. 25, 1864, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Squire Jas. W. e. Jan. 27, 1865, m. o. July 12, 1865.
 Squire Daniel, e. Feb. 24, 1864, m. o. June 12, 1865.

52d Infantry.

The Fifty-Second Infantry Illinois Volunteers was organized at Geneva, Kane county, Illinois, in November, 1861, by Colonel J. G. Wilson, and mustered into United States' service November 19th, by Lieutenant J. Christopher.

November 28th, moved with 945 men to St. Louis, Mo., and went into quarters at Benton Barracks. Here Col. Wilson resigned. December 8th, the regiment, Lieut. Col. J. S. Wilcox commanding, moved to St. Joseph, Mo. Jan. 16, 1862, moved to Cairo, *via* Palmira, Quincy and Mississippi river. January 24th, moved to Smithland. February 7th, T. W. Sweeny was commissioned Colonel of the Fifty-second. Feb. 10, 1862, embarked for Fort Donelson, and arrived 17th; 18th, was sent with prisoners to Chicago. March 7th, arrived at St. Louis. March 13th, left for Army of the Tennessee, and 20th, disembarked at Pittsburg Landing, and were assigned to Third Brigade, Second Division, Col. Sweeny commanding Brigade and Gen. Smith the Division.

The regiment took a prominent part in the battle of Shiloh, April 6th and 7th, losing 170 killed, wounded and missing—Major Stark commanding first day and Captain Bowen on the second. The regiment was engaged in the siege of Corinth, May, 1862. Pursued the retreating enemy to Booneville, Miss., and returned to Corinth, where the regiment remained until the battle of Corinth, October 3d and 4th. Was heavily engaged in this action, Col. Sweeny commanding the regiment—the loss being 70 killed and wounded. Pursued the retreating enemy as far as Ruckerville, and returned 12th. October 13th, moved to Hatchie river, and returned. Dec. 9, 1862, moved with an expedition to Alabama. Met the enemy near Little Bear creek, drove him 15 miles, and returned to Corinth, arriving 14th. December 19th, under command of Lieut. Col. Wilcox, left Corinth, with the expedition of Gen. G. M. Dodge, to intercept Forrest. Marched 100 miles, in four and one-half days, and returned, weary and foot-sore. Jan. 2, 1863, moved to Tennessee river, to intercept Forrest, as he had already crossed Crump's Landing. Expedition returned. January 26th, moved to Hamburg, Tenn.; embarked on a little steamer, and on the next day, disembarked and returned to Corinth. Feb. 25, 1863, moved, Major Bowen commanding regiment, Col. Sweeny commanding expedition, to Jacinto, Miss. Arrived 27th. Remained until March 4th, when it returned to Corinth.

On the 15th of April, Lieut. Col. Wilcox commanding regiment, moved with an expedition of four Brigades of Infantry, one of Cavalry, and fourteen pieces of artillery, Brig. Gen. G. M. Dodge commanding, to Northern Alabama. Marched to Burnsville on the 15th; through Iuka on the 16th; crossed Bear creek on the 17th—Col. Cornyn's cavalry skirmishing with the enemy.

April 20th, Col. Sweeny promoted to Brigadier General. 23d, the whole force advanced, driving the enemy. That night lay in line of battle. 24th, moved forward and entered Tusculumbia, Ala. April 27th, moved toward Courtland. Met the enemy at Town creek, and skirmished till night. 28th, gained possession of the railroad bridge, effected a crossing, and drove the enemy three miles. 29th, returned, arriving in Corinth, May 2, 1863. August 18th, moved to Germantown, and regiment assigned to guarding railroad. October 29th, moved to Iuka; 31st, bivouacked three and a half miles east of Iuka. November 6th, the whole Left Wing of the Sixteenth Corps moved eastward. Arrived at Eastport and crossed the Tennessee. November 11th, arrived at Pulaski, Tenn. Remained, doing provost duty. January 9th, three-fourths of the regiment having re-enlisted, it was mustered as a veteran organiza-

tion. Started for Illinois, and arrived at Chicago, January 17th. Proceeded to Geneva, Kane county, and was furloughed, 20th. February 24th, moved for Pulaski, Tenn., under command of Lieut. Col. E. A. Bowen, Col. Wilcox having resigned. Arrived at Pulaski, 29th. April 29th, in Col. E. W. Rice's Brigade (First Brigade), Gen. Sweeny's Division (Second), Left Wing, Maj. Gen. G. M. Dodge, Sixteenth Army Corps. Moved southward, arriving at Chattanooga, May 2d. May 3d, 1864, commenced the Atlanta campaign. The regiment participated in the battles of Snake Creek Gap, Resaca, Lay's Ferry, Rome Cross Roads, Dallas, Kenesaw Mountain, Nickajack Creek, Decatur, July 22d and 28th, before Atlanta and Jonesboro, and went into camp at East Point. September 26th, 1864, the Second Division, Left Wing, Sixteenth Army Corps, was transferred to Fourth Division, Fifteenth Army Corps, moved to Rome, and, by rail, to Cartersville; and from thence marched to Allatoona. Arriving too late for the battle, it returned to Rome. October 11th, Lieut. Col. Bowen being mustered out, Major Boyd took command.

The regiment marched with the Division, Brevet Major General J. M. Corse commanding, to Savannah, Ga. December 18th, the non-veteran officers were mustered out, and J. D. Davis, having received a commission as Lieutenant Colonel, took command of the regiment. December 21st, marched into Savannah. Jan. 29, 1865, started on the Carolinas campaign. Was present at the battle of Bentonville, and arrived at Goldsboro, March 24th. April 10th, marched to Raleigh. Lay at Morrisville during Johnson's surrender. Marched, *via* Richmond and Alexandria, and was in the grand review at Washington, May 24, 1865. June 2d, moved to Louisville, Ky. July 5th, mustered out of United States' service. Moved to Camp Douglas, Chicago, Ill., and received final payment and discharge, July 12, 1865.

Major Wesley Boyd, com. Captain Co. E Nov. 23, 1861. Promoted Major March 11, 1863. Term expired Dec. 18, 1864.
 Adjutant Edward Brainard, com. First Lieutenant Co. E Nov. 23, 1861. Promoted Adjutant Sept. 13, 1862. Killed in battle of Hatchie, Oct. 3, 1862.

Company E.

Captain DeWitt C. Hurd, e. as Sergeant, Oct. 1, 1861. Promoted Second Lieutenant June 7, 1862. Promoted First Lieutenant Sept. 13, 1862. Promoted Captain March 11, 1863. Term expired Dec. 18, '64.
 Captain Alex. H. Hartwell, e. as Sergeant Oct. 1, 1861. Promoted Captain Nov. 23, 1863. Mustered out July 6, 1865.
 First Lieutenant Edward B. Spalding, e. as Sergeant Oct. 1, 1861. Promoted Second Lieutenant Sept. 13, 1862. Promoted First Lieutenant March 11, 1863. Term expired Dec. 18, 1864.
 First Lieutenant Chas. H. Watson, e. as private Oct. 1, 1861. Re-enlisted as Vet. Dec. 29, 1863. Promoted Sergeant then First Lieutenant Nov. 23, 1864. Mustered out July 6, 1865.
 Second Lieutenant Henry C. Barker, com. Nov. 23, 1861. Resigned June 7, 1862.
 Second Lieutenant Harvey Smith, e. as First Sergeant, Oct. 1, 1861. Re-enlisted as Vet. Dec. 29, 1863. Commissioned Second Lieutenant July 5, 1865. Mustered out as Sergeant July 6, 1865.
 Corpl. Jas. E. Buchan, e. Oct. 1, '61, m. o. Nov. 23, '64.
 Billings Thos. C. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Blakesley N. P. e. Oct. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 4, 1864, died July 15, 1864.
 Busbee Thos. e. Oct. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Dec. 29, 1863, m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergt.
 Butler James, e. Oct. 1, 1861, m. o. Nov. 23, 1864.
 Babcock Elias R. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Beard John, e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Babcock Chas. e. Oct. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Dec. 29, 1863, disd. Feb. 10, 1865.
 Connor Jos. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Coyne John, e. Oct. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Dec. 29, 1863, m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corpl.
 Chandler Wm. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Cameron Alex. e. Oct. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Dec. 29, 1862, m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corpl.
 Cole C. F. e. Oct. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Dec. 29, 1862, m. o. July 15, 1865.

Clark Ewd. e. Oct. 1, 1861, m. o. Nov. 23, 1864.
 Dobson Andrew, e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Drake Ewd. P. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Eddy James, e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Goodin Geo. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Gamble Peter, e. Oct. 1, 1861, m. o. Nov. 23, 1864.
 Higgins Wm. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Harper Robert, e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Johnson W. J. e. Oct. 1, 1861, m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Judd Benj. e. Oct. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Dec. 29, 1863, m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Johnson James, e. Oct. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Dec. 29, 1863, m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergt.
 Johnson R. L. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Kutzer Morris, e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Koch Chas. P. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Leroy Chas. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Lawless Albert, e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Lockwood Jacob, e. Oct. 1, 1861, m. o. Nov. 23, 1864.
 Morain Michael, e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Muldoon Patrick, e. Oct. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Dec. 29, 1863, m. o. July 6, 1865.
 McCallam Wm. e. Oct. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Dec. 29, 1863, m. o. July 15, 1865.
 Murray Chas. e. Oct. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Dec. 29, 1863, died Jan. 8, 1864.
 Madigan M. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Morey Edw. F. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Ramsdell Winslow, e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Rich Luke, e. Oct. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Dec. 29, 1863, m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Rhoades F. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Sayers Henry, e. Oct. 1, 1861, m. o. Jan. 6, 1865, to date Nov. 23, 1864.
 Simpson Chas. H. e. Oct. 1, 1861, m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Steel C. W. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Shott Jas. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Tucker Milton, e. Oct. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Dec. 29, 1863, m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergt.
 Truman Alfred, e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Van Brocklin A. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Washburn C. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Washburn H. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Williams Wm. e. Oct. 1, 1861.

Barton Robt. e. Oct. 1, 1864.
 Frints Sam'l, e. Oct. 1, 1864.
 Guiote A. e. Oct. 1, 1864.
 Hoople John, e. Feb. 1, 1865, m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Hickox Geo. T. e. Feb. 1, 1865, m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Hooker N. P. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Montague H. e. Jan. 30, 1864, m. o. July 6, 1865.
 McNeil Wm. e. Sept. 27, 1864.
 Manderville Chas. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Rungard Robt. e. Feb. 1, 1864, m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Rogers Thos. H. e. Jan. 22, 1864, m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Sheffield F. B. e. Jan. 4, 1864, m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Sheffield E. P. e. Sept. 26, 1864, m. o. June 22, 1865.
 Sheffield W. P. e. Sept. 26, 1864, m. o. July 14, 1865.
 Tuthill Jacob, e. Jan. 29, 1864, m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Zummer Wm. e. Feb. 22, 1864, died at Rockford, Ill., June 13, 1865.

55th Infantry.

The Fifty-fifth Infantry Illinois Volunteers was organized at Camp Douglas, Chicago, Ill., and mustered into the United States' service Oct. 31, 1861. Nov. 9th left Camp Douglas for Alton, Ill.; the 10th, left for St. Louis, by steamer; Jan. 12, 1862, ordered to Paducah, Ky., by boat; March 8th, embarked on steamer for Tennessee River and moved down to Pittsburg Landing, and was soon in camp, east of Shiloh Church—the Fifty-fifth being on the left of the Union line. The opening of the battle, Sunday morning, found the regiment in position, with an effective force of 873 men. Col. Stuart was wounded, and nine of the line officers, three of whom died of wounds. 102 enlisted men were killed and mortally wounded, and 161 wounded and taken prisoners. The regiment was with the army in advance on Corinth, and at Russell's house. May 17th, lost in skirmish, 8 men, 2 killed and 6 wounded. Entered Corinth May 30th; thence westward, along Memphis & Charleston Railroad. With Sherman's Division, marched into Memphis, July 21st, and remained, doing camp duty, until November 25th, when it marched, with Sherman's Division, for the Tallahatchie River. Was marched back to Memphis, to descend the Mississippi River to Vicksburg. Embarked

with the expedition, and six companies were engaged in the battle of Chickasaw Bayou, December 29th, losing 1 Captain killed and 1 wounded, 1 enlisted man killed and 7 wounded. Was present and under fire at battle of Arkansas Post, Jan. 10 and 11, 1863. Moved from Arkansas Post to Young's Point, La. May 16, 1863, joined army in rear of Vicksburg, and on 17th, was under fire at Champion Hills. Participated in the assaults of 19th and 22d of May, losing Lieut. Levi Hill, of Company A, killed; Col. Malmberg and a line officers wounded, and 4 enlisted men killed and 33 wounded. During the siege, the regiment lost 1 man killed and 3 wounded. Was present at the surrender, July 4th. July 5th, marched, with Sherman's expedition, for Jackson, Miss. Participated in the siege, and lost 1 officer wounded, 1 enlisted man killed and 1 wounded. Embarked at Vicksburg for Memphis, and moved out with the army, past Corinth, to Iuka. On Oct. 30, 1863, marched from East Point, on the Tennessee River, for Chattanooga. November 25th, marched with Sherman to the relief of Knoxville, East Tenn. Returned and encamped at Bridgeport during the winter, and at Larkin's Landing in the spring, at which place the regiment veteranized, and returned to Illinois on furlough of thirty days. June 27, 1864, participated in assault upon Kenesaw Mountain, Ga., led by Capt. Augustine, who was killed on the field. Loss of regiment was 2 officers killed and 3 wounded, 13 enlisted men killed and 30 wounded. July 22, the regiment was again engaged, with an effective force of 239 men, commanded by Capt. F. H. Shaw, and came out of engagement with 180 men—1 officer killed, 3 enlisted men killed, 12 wounded and 17 taken prisoners. In the siege of Atlanta, the regiment lost 1 officer and 6 enlisted men killed, and 18 wounded. Aug. 31, 1864, in battle of Jonesboro, Ga., lost 23 men. In a short campaign of but little over two months, the regiment lost about one-half its number. Joined in pursuit of Hood, through Northern Alabama, and returned to Atlanta, Ga., where 162 non-veterans were discharged. The regiment lost, near Bentonville, N. C., 1 man killed, 1 wounded and 6 taken prisoners. Marched with army, via Richmond, to Washington. Participated in the grand review at Washington. Then moved to Louisville, Ky. Remained in camp but a few weeks, when moved, by steamer, to Little Rock, Ark., where it remained until Aug. 14, 1865, when it was mustered out of service. Left for Chicago, Ill., Aug. 19th, and arrived Aug. 22, 1865, where it received final payment and discharge. During its term of service the regiment marched 3,374 miles.

Quartermaster Thaddeus H. Capron, e. as private Co. C Sept. 9, 1861. Promoted Quartermaster Sergeant. Promoted Second Lieutenant Co. C Sept. 4, 1862. Promoted Quartermaster Aug. 1, 1863. Promoted Assistant Quartermaster June 20, 1865.

Company C.

Captain Rhenodyne A. Bird, com. Oct. 31, 1861. Re-signed June 6, 1862.
 Captain Robt. Oliver, e. as Corporal Sept. 9, 1861. Promoted Sergeant; First Sergeant; First Lieutenant Nov. 26, 1862. Promoted Captain Aug. 11, 1864. Mustered out Aug. 14, 1865.
 First Lieutenant Daniel McIntosh, com. Oct. 31, 1861. Mustered out Nov. 26, 1862.
 First Lieutenant Luther J. Keyes, e. as Corporal Sept. 9, 1861. Re-enlisted as vet. March 31, 1864. Promoted First Sergeant; then First Lieutenant, Aug. 11, 1864. Mustered out Aug. 14, 1865.
 First Sergeant Ambrose C. Partch, e. Sept. 9, 1861, disd. Aug. 25, 1862, wounds.
 Sergt. Theo. W. Hodges, e. Sept. 9, 1861.
 Sergt. John Shields, e. Sept. 9, 1861.
 Sergt. A. H. Bowen, e. Sept. 9, '61, disd. Jan. 28, '63, disab.
 Corpl. Orville H. Partch, e. Sept. 9, 1861.
 Corpl. Wm. H. Speaker, e. Sept. 9, 1861, died at St. Louis. Jan. 11, 1862.
 Corpl. John Q. A. Curtis, e. Sept. 9, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1, 1864, killed July 28, 1864.
 Corpl. Daniel Shields, e. Sept. 9, 1861, disd. Feb. 10, 1863, disab.
 Corpl. C. N. Bowen, e. Sept. 9, 1861.
 Corpl. H. T. Hickok, e. Sept. 9, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. March 31, 1864, m. o. Aug. 14, 1865.
 Musician H. T. Porter, e. Sept. 9, 1861.
 Musician H. A. Hurlbut, e. Sept. 9, '61, prmt. Comsy. Sergt.

Austin Jos. e. Sept. 9, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. March 31, 1864, m. o. Aug. 14, 1865, as Corpl.
 Anthony E. e. Sept. 9, 1861.
 Bailey A. W. e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Brooks O. S. e. Sept. 9, 1861, m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
 Barton Geo. D. e. Oct. 16, 1861, deserted Jan. 21, '62.
 Corcoran Edw. e. Sept. 9, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. March 31, 1864, m. o. Aug. 14, 1865, as Sergt.
 Chase I. G. W. e. Sept. 9, 1861, disd. Sept. 14, '62.
 Crowder John E. e. Sept. 9, 1861.
 Cleveland R. L. e. Sept. 9, '61, m. o. Oct. 31, '64, Corpl.
 Crowell Geo. W. e. Sept. 9, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. March 31, 1864, killed June 27, 1864.
 Crowell B. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Conner M. e. Oct. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 2, 1864, m. o. Aug. 14, 1865, as Sergt.
 Clapp W. e. Oct. 30, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. March 31, 1864, disd. June 30, 1865.
 Doolittle A. P. e. Oct. 23, 1861.
 Eggert Aug. e. Sept. 12, 1861.
 Eggert Martin, e. Sept. 12, 1861.
 Frazier Jas. W. e. Sept. 9, '61, Corpl., died Mar. 5, '63.
 Frazier John, e. Oct. 11, 1861, m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
 Goodwin Jas. D. e. Oct. 17, 1861.
 Goakey Aug. e. Sept. 9, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Mar. 31, 1865, m. o. Aug. 14, 1865.
 Ganning Myron, e. Sept. 9, 1861.
 Goodwin E. P. e. Sept. 9, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. March 31, 1864, m. o. Aug. 14, 1865, as Corpl.
 Garner Jas. e. Oct. 2, 1861, m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
 Gaylord Wm. E. H. e. Oct. 8, '1, disd. Jan. 28, '63, disab.
 Helgeson Nels, e. Sept. 9, 1861, m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
 Halverson Ola, e. Sept. 9, '61, died at St. Louis, Feb. 3, '63.
 Helgeson Oli, e. Sept. 9, 1861.
 Haman Robt. A. e. Sept. 9, 1861, killed May 19, 1863.
 Harris Edw. e. Sept. 9, 1861, m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
 Johnson Oscar, e. Sept. 9, 1861, killed July 28, 1864.
 Joslin H. H. e. Oct. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1, 1864, disd. June 30, 1865, as Corpl.
 Johnson Calvin, e. June 23, 1861.
 Johnson Chas. E. e. Sept. 9, 1861.
 Kittleson C. e. Sept. 9, '61, died at Durand, Ill., May 22, 1864.
 Knapp N. H. e. Sept. 9, 1861.
 Knudson Ola, e. Sept. 9, 1861, m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
 Mahan M. e. Sept. 9, 1861, re-enlisted as vet.
 McGraw Thos. e. Oct. 2, 1861, m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
 Part O. K. e. Aug. 27, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. March 31, 1864, died Sept. 26, 1864.
 Patterson J. A. e. Oct. 23, 1861.
 Putnam Geo. e. Oct. 16, 1861, died Feb. 11, 1864.
 Riley R. J. e. Sept. 9, 1861, m. o. Oct. 31, '64, as Sergt.
 Russell Geo. W. e. Sept. 9, '61, m. o. Oct. 31, '64, Corpl.
 Roland John, e. Oct. 2, 1861, m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
 Reese N. e. Oct. 8, 1861, deserted Nov. 7, 1861.
 Reese J. E. e. Oct. 8, 1861, deserted Nov. 7, 1861.
 Robb P. C. e. Oct. 23, 1861.
 Riley W. A. V. e. Oct. 17, 1861.
 Reget Henry, e. Sept. 30, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Mar. 31, 1864, m. o. Aug. 14, 1865.
 Raup Chas. e. Oct. 6, 1861.
 Raup Geo. A. e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Snook Wm. e. Oct. 9, 1861, m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
 Simcox Jacob, e. Oct. 9, 1861.
 Strawn A. e. Oct. 25, 1861.
 Sullivan D. e. Oct. 8, 1861.
 Turney Chas. G. e. Oct. 8, 1861, disd. Jan. 28, 1863, as Sergt., disab.
 Woodring H. e. Sept. 9, 1861, m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
 Wilcox R. R. e. Sept. 9, 1861.
 Winchester C. A. e. Sept. 9, 1861.
 Wright Geo. e. Sept. 9, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. March 31, 1864, m. o. Aug. 14, 1865, as Sergt.
 Wright Jas. M. e. Sept. 9, 1861, m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
 Wright Asa S. e. Sept. 9, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 3, 1864, m. o. Aug. 14, 1865, as Sergt.
 Westbrook R. W. e. Sept. 25, 1861.
 Bodine Geo. W. e. Jan. 5, '64, died in Tenn., Feb. 14, '64.
 Bishop Isaac, m. o. May 16, 1865.
 Curtis H. C. e. Dec. 14, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. March 31, 1865, kld. June 27, 1864.
 Elliott Geo. W. e. Dec. 14, 1861, m. o. Dec. 31, 1864.
 Flint Jas. P. e. Dec. 6, 1861.
 Gookey Thos. e. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. Aug. 14, 1865.
 Pitts Phillip, e. Nov. 1, 1861, died Feb. 14, 1863.
 Riley Jas. W. e. Dec. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 3, 1864, m. o. Aug. 14, 1865, as Corpl.

Company E.

First Lieutenant Josiah E. Keyes, e. as Sergeant Co. C, Sept. 9, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant March 13, 1862. Mustered out Nov. 26, 1862.

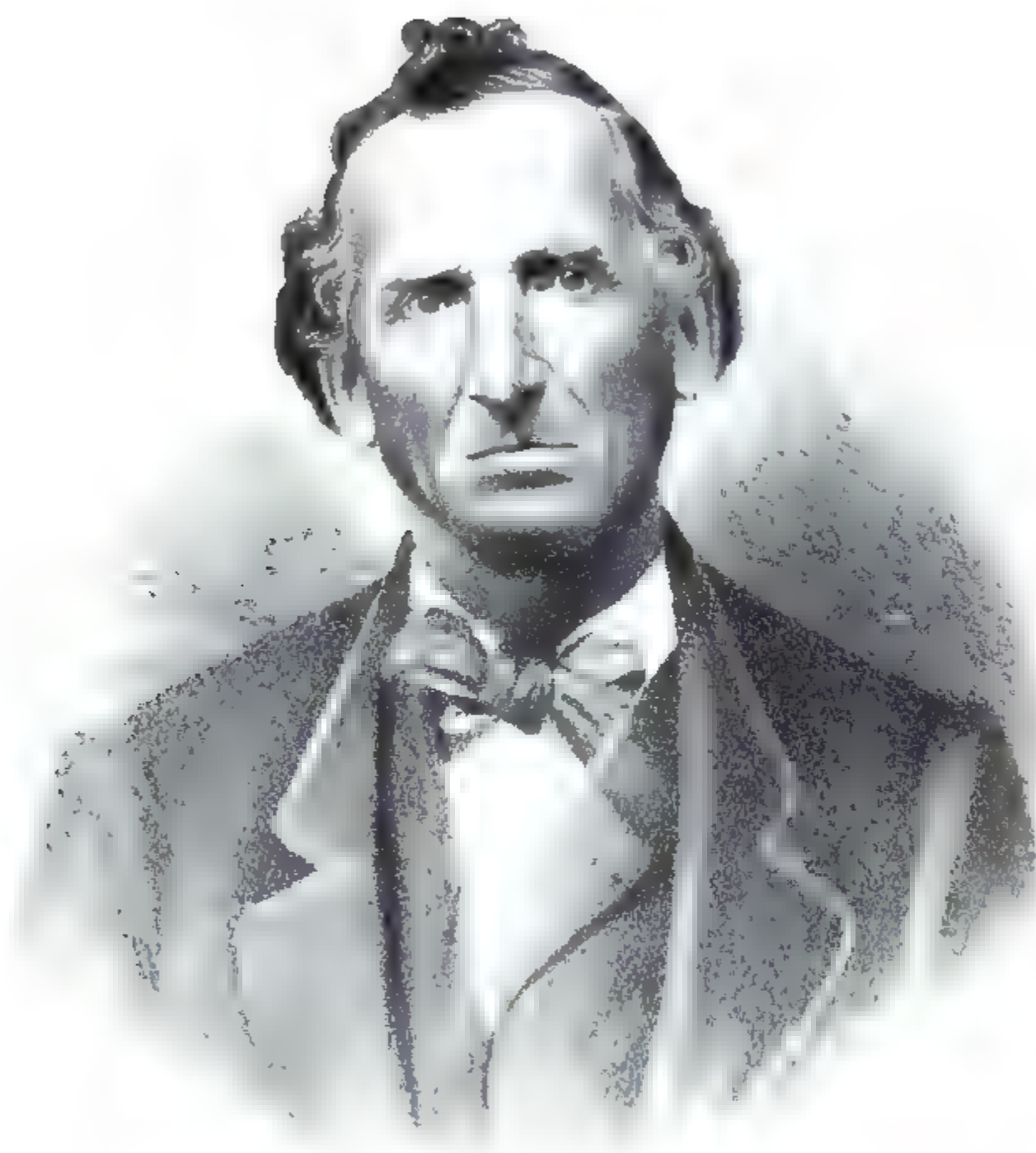
67th Infantry (3 mos).

Company A.

Captain Chas. B. Hull, com. June 13, 1862. Mustered out Oct. 6, 1862.
 First Lieutenant King H. Millikin, com. June 13, 1862. Mustered out Sept., 1862.
 Second Lieutenant Judson Ellison, com. June 13, 1862. Mustered out Sept., 1862.
 Sergt. Jas. H. Reynolds, e. June 2, 1862.
 Sergt. Jno. D. Williamson, e. June 2, 1862.
 Corpl. Geo. Burns, e. June 2, 1862.
 Corpl. Wm. H. Compton, e. June 2, 1862.
 Corpl. L. F. Babcock, e. June 2, 1862.
 Corpl. Frank Harvey, e. June 2, 1862.
 Corpl. J. A. Phelps, e. June 2, 1862.
 Corpl. F. Wheeler, e. June 2, 1862.
 Corpl. W. B. Cushman, e. June 2, 1862.
 Corpl. Jos. Panell, e. June 2, 1862.
 Musician Calvin Marsh, e. June 2, 1862, prmt. Principal Musician.
 Musician Jesse Clark, e. June 2, 1862.
 Avary H. J. e. June 2, 1862.
 Bruce Wm. e. June 2, 1862.
 Burnham Oliver G. e. June 2, 1862.
 Boden James, e. June 2, 1862.
 Beerer E. e. June 2, 1862.
 Bennett Eugene, e. June 2, 1862.
 Burnes Lewis, e. June 2, 1862.
 Bronson A. V. e. June 2, 1862.
 Colburn F. e. June 2, 1862.
 Cram Buel B. e. June 2, 1862.
 Dane Dexter, e. June 2, 1862.
 Dufoe Geo. E. e. June 2, 1862.
 Fanning John, e. June 2, 1862, deserted.
 Ferguson J. A. e. June 2, 1862.
 Fry Chas. E. e. June 17, 1862.
 Goncolus John F. e. June 2, 1862.
 Goodsell Geo. D. e. June 2, 1862.
 Gielt Albert, e. June 2, 1862.
 Hansen L. e. June 2, 1862.
 Holmes Geo. e. June 2, 1862.
 Harvey P. J. e. June 2, 1862.
 Hope Chas. E. e. June 2, 1862.
 Jones Benj. e. June 2, 1862.
 Kesler Aaron, e. June 17, 1862.
 Kessler Thos. e. June 2, 1862.
 King Oscar, e. June 2, 1862.
 Kums Frank, e. June 2, 1862.
 Mulford Edw. e. June 2, 1862.
 Mesler Wm. C. e. June 2, 1862.
 McKay Wm. H. e. June 2, 1862.
 Miller O. e. June 2, 1862.
 Miller Benj. e. June 2, 1862.
 Newton C. Collins, e. June 2, 1862.
 Pritchard M. e. June 2, 1862.
 Rittenhouse Amos, e. June 2, 1862.
 Robinson F. e. June 2, 1862.
 Rosecrans Miles, e. June 2, 1862.
 Roberts C. N. e. June 2, 1862.
 Rutledge Jos. e. June 2, 1862.
 Smith P. D. e. June 2, 1862.
 Steers Solon, e. June 2, 1862.
 Squires Wilson, e. June 2, 1862.
 Shumway Roland, e. June 2, 1862.
 Stiles Richard, e. June 2, 1862.
 Trogwood Oscar, e. June 2, 1862.
 Trogwood R. e. June 2, 1862.
 Wood Chas. B. e. June 2, 1862.
 Ward Vernon, e. June 2, 1862.
 Wood Henry, e. June 2, 1862.

Company C.

Captain Hiram R. Enoch, commissioned June 13, 1862. Mustered out Sept., 1862.
 First Lieutenant Jas. B. Keer, commissioned June 23, 1862. Mustered out Sept., 1862.
 First Sergt. Chas. W. Steele, e. June 2, 1862, absent without leave since Sept. 1, 1862, reduced to ranks.



John Kinsieckle
DURAND TP.

Sergt. H. M. Bates, e. June 2, 1862, promoted 2d Lieut.
 Sergt. Jos. G. Tyford, e. June 2, 1862, sick at m. o. of regt.
 Sergt. H. J. Beales, e. June 2, 1862, reduced to ranks.
 Sergt. John Abraham, e. June 2, 1862.
 Corpl. Jos. Slade, e. June 2, 1862.
 Corpl. Robt. Hunt, e. June 2, 1862.
 Corpl. Geo. L. Stearns, e. June 2, 1862, on furlough at m. o. of regt.
 Corpl. Chas. W. Vaughn, e. June 2, 1862, reduced to ranks.
 Corpl. M. I. Allworth, e. June 2, 1862.
 Corpl. L. B. Stoats, e. June 2, 1862.
 Corpl. Geo. F. Steele, e. June 2, 1862, reduced to ranks.
 Musician F. I. Richert, e. June 2, 1862.
 Musician E. Washburne, e. June 2, 1862.
 Wagoner Jos. Blackburn, e. June 2, 1862.

Allen Titus W. e. June 2, 1862, deserted Sept. 14, 1862—second desertion.

Bates Geo. E. e. June 2, 1862, promoted Corpl.
 Beales Samuel, e. June 2, 1862.
 Bridgeman H. e. June 2, 1862.
 Bryan Wm. H. e. June 2, 1862.
 Blair A. I. e. June 2, 1862.
 Corwin O. H. e. June 2, 1862.
 Collins A. e. June 2, 1862.
 Crawford L. L. e. June 2, 1862, died Sept. 4, 1862.
 Collins Geo. e. June 2, 1862.
 Cook Peter, e. June 2, 1862.
 Davis O. L. e. June 2, 1862.
 Ebersole John, e. June 2, 1862.
 Eaton Chas. H. e. June 2, 1862, absent without leave.
 Faulkner John, e. June 2, 1862.
 Fitzsimmons Chas. e. June 2, 1862.
 Foltz Harwood, e. June 2, 1862.
 Goodhue W. S. e. June 2, 1862, promoted Corpl., then First Sergt.
 Guthrie Horace H. e. June 2, 1862.
 Houseworth Jas. J. e. June 2, 1862.
 Hicks Chas. e. June 2, 1862.
 Hatch A. A. e. June 2, 1862.
 Hunt Wm. J. e. June 2, 1862.
 Halsted S. L. e. June 2, 1862.
 Halsted Jno. F. e. June 2, 1862.
 Howell D. H. e. June 2, 1862.
 Hickox C. B. e. June 2, 1862.
 Hagar J. W. e. June 2, 1862.
 Jacobs O. e. June 2, 1862.
 Kerr Wm. e. June 2, 1862.
 Lamont H. e. June 2, 1862.
 Moore E. B. e. June 2, 1862.
 Martin H. D. e. June 2, 1862.
 Martin A. e. June 2, 1862.
 Marshall A. e. June 2, 1862.
 Matthews Wm. H. e. June 2, '62, disd. July 2, '62, disab.
 McAfee Edwin, e. June 2, 1862.
 Miller Wm. H. e. June 2, 1862.
 McIntosh Henry, e. June 2, 1862.
 Pate Merwin, e. June 2, 1862.
 Perley Benj. e. June 2, 1862.
 Perley F. e. June 2, 1862.
 Ruth Samuel F. e. June 2, 1862.
 Robertson T. e. June 2, 1862.
 Shinn F. M. e. June 2, 1862.
 Shinn Elias B. e. June 2, 1862.
 Spencer Jas. W. e. June 2, 1862.
 Spencer Nathan, e. June 2, 1862, promoted Sergt.
 Stimps Jas. e. June 2, 1862.
 Sawyer Willis, e. June 2, 1862, on furlough at m. o.
 Shufeldt A. e. June 2, 1862.
 Swan A. G. e. June 2, 1862.
 Stickney Geo. e. June 2, 1862.
 Smith H. e. June 2, 1862.
 Thompson Geo. e. June 2, 1862.
 Thompson Henry, e. June 2, 1862.
 Tuttle H. B. e. June 2, 1862.
 Upright Chas. e. June 2, 1862.
 Waller Wm. H. e. June 2, 1862.
 Wells A. S. e. June 2, 1862.
 Wheeler M. e. June 2, 1862.

74th Infantry.

Organized at Rockford and mustered into U. S. service Sept. 6, 1862. Companies G and I were from Ogle and Stephenson Counties; all the rest were from Winnebago County. Left Rockford Sept. 27th for Jeffer-

sonville, Ind. Arrived there Oct. 1st, and moved to Louisville, Ky., immediately. Assigned to Army of the Cumberland, First Brigade, Second Division, under Gen. Buell. Moved from Louisville Oct. 7th, and was in the battle of Chaplain Hills, Ky., Oct. 13th; from there to Crab Orchard, Ky., pursuing Bragg, participating in many skirmishes. Returned from Lebanon, Ky., Oct. 25th; from there it went to Nashville, Tenn., where a re-organization was effected, under Gen. Rosecrans. Dec. 25th, received marching orders, with three days' rations. Participated in the battle of Stone River, Dec. 30-31, 1862, and Jan. 1, 1863, the regiment losing 16 men killed and wounded. Went into winter quarters at Camp Little, south of Murfreesboro, and were engaged in numerous raids in the surrounding country. Moved from winter quarters July 15th; was in battle of Liberty Gap, July 20th; one man killed; was engaged at Tullahoma, Tenn.; from here it was ordered to Winchester, Tenn., where it encamped. Moved, Aug. 20th, to Stevenson, Ala. Engaged at Chickamauga, Sept. 18th, 19th and 20th; lost 5 men. The regiment on the latter date was in charge of hospital and supply trains, arriving in Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 22. While here it had very short allowances until Nov. 22d, when they participated in the fight of Mission Ridge, Nov. 25, their colors being the first to pass over the rebel lines, capturing a battery of four pieces at Bragg's headquarters; loss to regiment, 6 privates, Col. Jason Marsh wounded, Lieut. Col. Kerr wounded in the arm.

Returned to Chattanooga on the 26th, and marched to Knoxville, Tenn., to relieve Gen. Burnside, and then went into winter quarters about Dec. 15. May 2, 1864, it joined the main army of the Cumberland at Chattanooga, where it arrived on the 3d; on the 5th marched under orders and was in the battle of Rocky Face, or Buzzard Roost, Ga.; was at Resaca, Ga., May 14th and 15th; Calhoun, May 17th; Adairsville, Ga., May 18th; Dallas, Ga., May 25th to June 5th; Lost Mountain, Ga., June 16th; was in the battle at Kenesaw Mountain, Ga., June 20th and June 27th; lost 52 men, 6 commissioned officers; Lieut. Col. J. B. Kerr being among the number. Battle of Smyrna, Camp Ground, Ga., July 4th, lost 16 men; was also at Peach Tree Creek, July 20th; Atlanta, July 22d, and was continually engaged until the battle of Jonesboro, Ga., Sept. 1, 1864, and Lovejoy Station, Sept. 2d; then returned to Chattanooga, Tenn., where it was assigned to the army of the Tennessee. Engaged the enemy, Nov. 28th, at Columbia, Tenn.; Spring Hill, Nov. 29th; Franklin, Tenn., Nov. 30th; Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 15th and 16th, following Hood to Huntsville, Ala., fighting him all the time until he crossed the Little Tennessee; and then went into winter quarters. March 26, 1865, it marched to Bulls Gap, Tenn., to intercept Lee, leaving there April 17th for Nashville, Tenn., where the regiment was mustered out June 20, 1865. Returned to Rockford with 157 enlisted men and 13 officers. Col. Jason Marsh was at the head of the regiment until about January 1, 1865, when Lieut. Col. Thos. J. Bryan took command.

Colonel Jason Marsh, commissioned Sept. 4, 1862. Resigned Aug. 24, 1864.

Colonel Thomas J. Bryan, e. as Sergeant, Co. H, Aug. 6, 1862. Promoted Captain, Sept. 8, 1862. Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, Aug. 3, 1864. Promoted Colonel, May 10, 1865. Mustered out (as Lieut. Col.) June 10, 1865.

Lieutenant Colonel Jas. B. Keer, commissioned Sept. 4, 1862. Died of wounds, at Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 3, 1864.

Major Thos. J. L. Remington, commissioned Captain Co. A, Sept. 4, 1862. Promoted Major, March 2, 1863. Mustered out June 10, 1865.

Adjutant Andrew M. Potter, e. as First Sergeant, Co. K, July 30, 1862. Promoted Second Lieutenant, March 25, 1863. Promoted First Lieutenant, Oct. 21, 1863. Promoted Adjutant, Jan. 7, 1865. Mustered out June 10, 1865.

Quartermaster Lewis Williams, commissioned Sept. 4, 1862. Died at Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 26, 1862.

Quartermaster Jno. H. Nye, commissioned Second Lieutenant, Co. D, Sept. 4, 1862. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 20, 1863. Promoted Quartermaster, May 2, 1864. Mustered out June 10, 1865.

First Assistant Surgeon Henry Strong, commissioned Sept. 28, 1862. Resigned March 24, 1863. Re-entered the service as Surgeon 90th Regt.

Chaplain Timothy B. Taylor, commissioned Captain, Co. H, Sept. 4, 1862. Promoted Chaplain, Sept. 8, 1862. Resigned.
Sergt. Maj. Rudolphus W. Peake, prmt. First Lieut. Co. K.
Sergt. Maj. William Cain, m. o. June 10, 1865.
Q. M. Sergt. George E. Dunbar, m. o. June 10, 1865.
Comsy. Sergt. Gardner S. Allen, re-transferred to Co. D, died Dec. 4, 1862.
Comsy. Sergt. David Rugg, m. o. June 10, 1865.
Hospital Steward Ambrose Woodruff, trans. to U. S. Army.
Hospital Steward Geo. N. Dickerson, m. o. June 10, '65.
Prin. Musn. Asher Miller, m. o. March 27, 1863.
Prin. Musn. Shepard Norcross, m. o. March 26, 1863.
Prin. Musn. Charles W. Gerham, m. o. June 10, 1865.

Company A.

Captain Josiah W. Leffingwell, commissioned First Lieutenant, Sept. 4, 1862. Promoted Captain, March 2, 1863. Resigned Nov. 16, 1864.
Captain Sylvester Clement, e. as First Sergeant, Aug. 6, 1862. Promoted Second Lieutenant, March 9, 1863. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 2, 1863. Promoted Captain, Nov. 16, 1864. Mustered out June 10, 1865.
First Lieutenant Jas. S. Cowan, e. as private. Promoted Second Lieutenant, March 2, 1863. Promoted First Lieutenant, Nov. 16, 1864. Mustered out June 10, 1865.
Second Lieutenant Alfred Barker, commissioned Sept. 4, 1862. Resigned March 9, 1863.
Second Lieutenant Jno. Vance, e. as Sergeant, Aug. 5, 1862. Mustered out June 10, 1865. Commissioned Second Lieutenant, but not mustered.
Sergt. William S. Leffingwell, e. Aug. 6, 1862, trans. to Invalid Corps, Nov. 21, 1863.
Sergt. Norman S. Robinson, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865, as private.
Corpl. James Hunter, e. Aug. 6, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 5, 1862.
Corpl. Robert J. Coulter, e. Aug. 9, 1862, kld. at Kenesaw Mt., June 27, 1864.
Corpl. Edward Dufoe, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865, as Sergt.
Corpl. John N. Smith, e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865, as private.
Corpl. Amasa Hutchins, e. Aug. 5, '62, m. o. May 25, '65.
Corpl. John M. Edes, e. Aug. 6, 1862, died at Lebanon, Ky., Nov. 14, 1862.
Corpl. William H. Hitchcock, e. Aug. 5, 1862, disd. April 2, 1863, wds.
Musician Richard W. Smith, e. Aug. 6, 1862, disd. March 18, 1863, disab.
Musician James H. Potter, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
Wagoner Robert Parker, Jr., e. Aug. 6, 1862, disd. March 18, 1863, disab.

Atkinson Brown C. e. Aug. 9, '62, disd. Feb. 18, '63, disab.
Atkinson D. E. e. Aug. 6, '62, disd. Feb. 25, '63, disab.
Atkinson George P. e. Aug. 6, 1862, missing in action at Kenesaw Mt., Ga., June 27, 1864.
Anderson Augustus, e. Aug. 15, 1862, m. o. June 10, '65.
Allen Titus W. e. Aug. 15, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
Baker Luke, e. Aug. 5, 1862, died at Murfreesboro, Feb. 6, 1863.
Barker Reuben G. e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865, as Corpl.
Black Edward, e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, '65, Corpl.
Benjamin David L. e. Aug. 15, 1862, died near Murfreesboro, Tenn., Feb. 10, '63, wds. rec'd in action.
Bird Pierson, e. Aug. 6, 1862, died at Gallatin, Tenn., Jan. 11, 1863.
Binn Bruce B. e. Aug. 6, 1862, trans. to Invalid Corps, March —, 1864.
Briggs Thomas, e. Aug. 12, 1862, died at Louisville, Ky., April 5, 1863.
Cary J. W. e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865, Corpl.
Clay C. H. e. Aug. 6, 1862, disd. Nov. 5, 1862, disab.
Clay G. G. e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
Cherry John D. e. Aug. 12, 1862, died at St. Louis, April 9, 1863.
Cook Henry, e. Aug. 6, 1862, disd. Dec. 30, 1862.
Catton George W. e. Aug. 5, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 13, 1862.
Christman Henry, e. Aug. 14, 1862, m. o. June 10, '65.
Chubb Joseph W. e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.

Dobson Daniel, e. Aug. 15, 1862, trans. to Invalid Corps, Nov. 20, 1863.
Dunbar George E. e. Aug. 14, 1862, prmt. Q. M. Sergt.
Ellis Adam, e. Aug. 6, 1862, died March 4, 1865, wds.
Ellis H. D. e. Aug. 6, 1862, disd. Oct. 22, 1863, disab.
Gile Elias B. e. Aug. 6, 1862, died at Gallatin, Tenn., Feb. 5, 1862.
Gillispey James M. e. Aug. 12, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865, as Corpl.
Griffith Thomas, e. Aug. 6, 1862, died at Bowling Green, Nov. —, 1862.
Goff John Q. e. Aug. 12, 1862, disd. Sept. 8, '63, disab.
Halsted Samuel B. e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, '65.
Harris Wm. C. e. Aug. 8, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
Hastings Gustavus A. e. Aug. 11, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865, as Sergt.
Hatch D. R. e. Aug. 6, 1862, disd. Dec. —, 1863.
Henry John Y. e. Aug. 6, 1862, died at Nashville Tenn., Dec. 17, 1862.
Holer Matthew, e. Aug. 9, 1862, trans. to V. R. C., March 15, 1865.
Higby Edwin G. e. Aug. 6, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 7, 1862.
Hill Lorenzo, e. Aug. 15, 1862, disd. Nov. 5, 1862.
Jenkins John, e. Aug. 7, 1862, disd. May 25, 1865.
Jordan Robert, e. Aug. 8, 1862, disd. Feb. 2, '64, disab.
Kewish Wm. D. e. Aug. 12, 1862, trans. to U. S. Engineers, July 27, 1864.
King Gilbert, e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
Leffingwell Bird, e. Aug. 6, '62, disd. Mch. 23, '63, disab.
Martin Clarence, e. Aug. 12, 1862, died at Dallas, Ga., May 27, 1864, wds.
Morgan Theron H. e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, '65.
Morse Samuel N. e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865, wounded.
Morris E. G. e. Aug. 6, '62, disd. Mch. 7, '65, wds.
McCormick Hugh, e. Aug. 6, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., July 11, 1863.
O'Rourke Matthew, e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, '65.
Parker William, e. Aug. 5, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., July 10, 1863.
Parker Wm. R. e. Aug. 9, '62, disd. Mch. 9, '63, disab.
Parkhurst Edmund F. e. Aug. 5, 1862, disd. May 6, 1863, wds.
Phagan Wm. I. e. Aug. 9, 1862, deserted Sept. 28, '62.
Palmer Nathaniel P. e. Aug. 6, 1862, disd. Feb. 6, '63.
Rice Harvey, e. Aug. 6, 1862, died at Bowling Green, Ky., Nov. 23, 1862.
Riddle Samuel M. e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
Roffe Arthur, e. Aug. 6, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Corpl.
Rogers John, e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
Rummelhart John, e. Aug. 11, 1862, m. o. June 10, '65.
Rumelhart Joseph, e. Aug. 11, '62, m. o. June 10, '65.
Streeter Charles A. e. Aug. 13, 1862, m. o. July 22, '65, was pris.
Sweet Sylvester, e. Aug. 15, 1862, trans. to Invalid Corps, Sept. 1, 1864.
Samuel Smith, e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
Scott Cyrus, e. Aug. 6, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, wounded.
Taylor Henry P. e. Aug. 14, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Corpl.
Ufford Andrew W. e. Aug. 6, 1862, trans. to U. S. Engineers, July 27, 1864.
Urquhart James E. e. Aug. 4, 1862, disd. Feb. —, 1863.
Vanarsdale Samuel, e. Aug. 14, 1862, died at Lebanon, Ky., Oct. 30, 1862.
Wattles William W. e. Aug. 6, 1862, trans. to Invalid Corps, Aug. 1, 1863.
Webster Isaac, e. Aug. 9, 1862, died at Big Shanty, Ga., June 30, '64, of wounds received June 27, '64.
Woodle Allen, e. Aug. 6, 1862, died at Resaca, Ga., May 14, 1864, wds.
Dell Geo. M. e. Feb. 22, 1865, trans. to 36th I. V. I. June 7, 1865.
Haskins Amos, e. Feb. 22, 1865, died at Huntsville, Ala., March 27, 1865.
Marshall Alexander, m. o. June 10, 1865.
Urquhart Wm. H. died Dec. 31, 1862, wds.
Weaver Geo. W. disd. Dec. —, 1862, disab.

Company B.

Captain David O. Buttolph, commissioned Sept. 4, 1862. Killed in battle, June 27, 1864.
Captain Augustus W. Thompson, commissioned First Lieutenant, Sept. 4, 1862. Promoted Captain, June 27, 1864. Mustered out June 10, 1865.
First Lieutenant Edwin Swift, commissioned Second Lieutenant, Sept. 4, 1862. Promoted First Lieu-

tenant, June 27, 1864. Honorably discharged (as Second Lieut.) May 15, 1865.
 First Sergt. James H. Buttort, wounded at Adairsville, Ga., trans. to V. R. C., disd. April 7, 1865.
 Sergt. Wilson H. Moulton, died at Murfreesboro, May 4, 1863.
 Sergt. James P. Barker, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Sergt. Edward Thomson, trans. to U. S. Engineers, in 1864.
 Sergt. Edgar Swift, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Corpl. George Rugg, e. Aug. 8, 1862, Sergt., kld. at Kenesaw Mt., June 27, 1864.
 Corpl. Alfred Williams, kld. Kenesaw Mt., June 27, '64.
 Corpl. Benjamin C. Brown, died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 12, 1862.
 Corpl. William E. Lowe, Sergt., missing in action at Franklin, Tenn., Nov. 30, 1864.
 Corpl. William Wallace, m. o. July 13, 1865, private.
 Corpl. Frank Flynn, disd.
 Corpl. Henry A. Stebbins, disd. March 17, 1863, as private, disab.
 Corpl. Frank Chapman, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Musician Manemas C. Goucher, disd. Dec. 20, 1864.
 Musician Thomas T. Boyen, died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 22, 1862.

Anderson Wm. P. e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865, was pris.
 Anderson John Y., m. o. June 10, 1865, as Corpl.
 Anderson Chas. e. Aug. 22, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Billick Luman, died at Winchester, Tenn., Aug. 9, '63.
 Billick Alonzo, died at Nashville, Tenn., June 10, '63.
 Billick Hiram, kld. at Kenesaw Mt., June 27, 1864.
 Brennan Richard H. disd. in 1863, disab.
 Brown Isaiah, e. Aug. 21, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Brennan Jos. S. died at Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 29, '63.
 Brown Frederick, trans. to Invalid Corps, May 9, '63.
 Cole Alden R. disd. Feb. 6, 1863, disab.
 Chapel Joshua L. e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. May 31, 1865.
 Carpenter Romeo, m. o. June 10, 1865, as Corpl.
 Corwin Ezra W. m. o. June 10, 1865, as Sergt.
 Collins Erastus, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Cullin Patrick, disd. Sept. 11, 1863.
 Clark Isaac B. e. Aug. 22, 1862, died at Chattanooga, July 8, 1864.
 Canady Joshua, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Daniels Chas. disd. Dec. 27, 1862, disab.
 Davenport Asa A. disd. Feb. 26, 1865.
 Day Wm. G. trans. to U. S. Engineers in 1864.
 Delp Fradlim, trans. to Invalid Corps in 1863.
 Ewell Halb rt, disd. April 27, 1863, disab.
 Fryman Osca, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Gates Stephen, died at Chattanooga, Sept. 30, 1864.
 Gustavison Calfridrick, m. o. June 10, 1865, as Corpl.
 Graham John, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Goucher Wm. M. disd. March 4, 1863, disab.
 Gerricks John R. disd. Jan. 15, 1863, disab.
 Hemphill Lewis L. died at Gallatin, Tenn., Mch. 27, '63.
 Hulse Jos. m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Hay Jas. B. died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 1, 1862.
 Henderson Gilson, kld. at Kenesaw Mt., June 27, 1864.
 Hess Erastus W. disd. Feb. 15, 1865.
 Harrell John A. e. Aug. 22, '62, trans. Co. I, Sept. 17, '62.
 Imholz Jos. e. Aug. 22, 1862, wounded at Adairsville, Ga., trans. to V. R. C., disd. April 10, 1865.
 Kilburn Ancil D. e. Aug. 7, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 19, 1862.
 Kidder Benjamin F. e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, '65.
 Kipp David G. m. o. June 10, 1865, as Corpl.
 Kenady Frederick, trans. to Invalid Corps in 1863.
 Kelley Lewis M. trans. to Invalid Corps in 1864.
 Kinney Jos. trans. to Co. I, Sept. 17, 1862.
 King Geo. L. m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Lock Horton, e. Aug. 9, 1862, died at Valley Head, Ala., Sept. 5, 1863.
 Leahy James, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 McGure James C. disd. Dec. 27, 1862, disab.
 Murchant Peter, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 McGuire Daniel, died at Chattanooga, July 4, 1864.
 Miller John B. died at Edgeseid, Tenn., Nov. 22, '62.
 Moon Cornelius, deserted Sept. 6, 1862.
 Martin Hugh, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Manuel Geo. D. died at Murfreesboro, June 18, 1863.
 Pettebone Edward D. m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Pierce Fred. H. died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 16, '62.
 Powers Saml. E. disd. March 9, 1863, disab.
 Rhinehart Hiram, kld. at Resaca, Ga., May 14, 1864.
 Rhinehart Jonas, m. o. June 8, 1865.
 Rugg David, prmt. Commissary Sergeant.

Seaton Wm. L. disd. Aug. 22, 1863, disab.
 Sperry Angus J. m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Smith Ora N. deserted Sept. 6, 1862.
 Sargent Jas. A. m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Shaw Edward S. m. o. June 10, 1865, as Corpl.
 Simmons Uriah, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Stevens Chas. M. died at Murfreesboro, T., Jan. 12, '63.
 Sumner Irvin S. disd. Jan. 6, 1865, disab.
 Swift Rodolphus, kld. at Dallas, Ga., May 30, 1864.
 Tryan Otha J. e. Aug. 21, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Corpl.
 Walters Saml. m. o. June 10, 1865, as Corpl.
 Wells Chester A. disd. March 23, 1863, disab.
 Wyatte Nicholas H. trans. to U. S. E. in 1864.
 Watters Jas. W. disd. May 24, 1865.
 Worden Heman, disd. May 18, 1863, disab.
 Woodruff Oliver H. deserted at Chicago, in 1863.
 Welker Valentine, disd. Dec. 30, 1862, disab.
 Wills Edwin, m. o. June 10, 1865.

Swift Samuel, e. Dec. 11, 1863, trans. to 36th I. V. I. June 7, 1865.

Company C.

Captain Hampton P. Sloan, com. Sept. 4, 1862. Re-signed April 25, 1863.
 Captain Christopher M. Brazee, com. First Lieutenant Sept. 4, 1862. Promoted Captain April 25, 1863. Resigned Dec. 14, 1863.
 Captain John F. Squier, com. Second Lieutenant Sept. 4, 1862. Promoted First Lieutenant April 25, 1863. Promoted Captain Dec. 14, 1863. Mustered out June 10, 1865.
 First Lieutenant Hosmer P. Holland, e. as First Sergeant, Aug. 8, 1862. Promoted Second Lieutenant April 25, 1863. Promoted First Lieutenant Dec. 14, 1863. Resigned Nov. 17, 1864.
 First Lieutenant Alex. H. Beatie, e. as Sergeant, Aug. 6, 1862. Promoted First Sergeant then First Lieutenant Nov. 17, 1864. Mustered out June 10, 1865.
 Second Lieutenant Robt. Simpson, e. as Corporal, Aug. 6, 1862. Promoted First Sergeant. Mustered out June 10, 1865. Commissioned Second Lieutenant, but not mustered.
 Sergt. Ezra J. Grippin, e. Aug. 6, '62, m. o. June 10, '65.
 Sergt. Bradford A. Champlin, e. Aug. 7, 1862, kld. at Kenesaw Mt., June 27, 1864.
 Sergt. Chas. H. C. Dogwell, e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Corpl. Francis H. Fairman, e. Aug. 7, '62, disd. Feb. 19, '63.
 Corpl. Robt. Simpson, e. Aug. 6, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, as 1st Sergt., com. 2d Lieut. but not mustered.
 Corpl. Cyrus Miller, e. Aug. 7, '62, disd. May 29, '65.
 Corpl. Saml. W. Washburn, e. Aug. 9, 1862, disd. July 20, 1863, as private.
 Corpl. David H. Saeia, e. July 30, 1862, m. o. May 15, 1865, as private.
 Corpl. John A. Holland, e. Aug. 11, '62, m. o. June 10, '65.
 Corpl. Thos. P. Treadwell, e. Aug. 7, '62, disd. Jan. 2, '63.
 Corpl. Geo. R. Heigley, e. Aug. 7, 1862, reduced and trans. to Miss. Marine Brigade, Feb. 6, 1863.
 Musician Asher G. Miller, e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. June 10, '65.
 Musician Chas. W. Gorham, e. Aug. 7, '62, prmt. Principal Musician.
 Wagoner Lyman Patten, e. Aug. 8, '62, trans. to 17th I. V. C., Sept. 12, 1862.

Allen Ephraim J. e. Aug. 9, 1862, disd. Dec. 7, 1862.
 Allen John, e. Aug. 7, 1862, disd. Dec. 28, 1862.
 Allen Thos. e. Aug. 7, 1862, disd. June 1, 1863.
 Anderson Lewis P. e. Aug. 7, 1862, trans. to Invalid Corps, Jan. 15, 1864.
 Bayles David, e. Aug. 11, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Brown Humphrey A. e. Aug. 9, '62, trans. to 5th Wis. Battery, Nov. 12, 1862.
 Baker Elijah, e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Carrington Chas. e. Aug. 6, 1862, disd. Jan. 22, 1863.
 Cordiner John, e. Aug. 7, 1862, kld. at Resaca, Ga., May 14, 1864.
 Davis Adam H. e. Aug. 11, 1862, disd. March 28, 1863.
 Davis Angus M. e. Aug. 11, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Davie Hall, e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, as Sergt.
 Delling Luther, e. Aug. 15, 1862, disd. Jan. 1, 1863.
 Develin Thos. e. Aug. 9, '62, trans. to U. S. E., July 27, '64.
 Dobson Abram, H. e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Dobson Edward, e. Aug. 7, '62, kld. at Kenesaw Mt., June 27, 1864.
 Donkersley Jas. H. e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, '65.
 Elliott Jno. e. Aug. 3, '62, died at Nashville, Jan. 15, '63.

Elliott Jos. e. Aug. 3, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Farnham Earl, e. Aug. 5, '62, died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 9, 1862.
 Ferguson Duncan H. e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, '65.
 Fillmore Cyrus A. e. Aug. 9, 1862, disd. Feb. 7, 1865.
 Gillman Jos. W. e. Aug. 6, 1862, disd. Feb. 23, 1863.
 Hudson Richmond L. e. July 28, '62, m. o. June 10, '65.
 Hall Jarvis, e. Aug. 11, '62, trans. Inv. Corps, June 18, '64.
 Hall Joshua, e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, as Corpl.
 Hallenbeck Almarin, e. Aug. 9, '62, m. o. June 10, '65.
 Hallenbeck John H. e. Aug. 9, '62, deserted from Benton Barracks.
 Heigley Merritt L. e. Aug. 9, '62, trans. to Inv. Corps, Sept. 30, 1863.
 Heigley Noah D. e. Aug. 9, '62, disd. Nov. 20, '63, order Col. Mundy.
 Knapp John D. e. Aug. 6, '62, trans. to 5th Wis. Batt., Nov. 12, 1862.
 Kellogg Elijah, e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. June 10, '65. Sergt.
 Kellogg Washington H. e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. June 10, '65.
 Lawrence Newton F. e. Aug. 11, 1862, disd. Feb. 14, '63.
 Magoon Chas. Aug. 9, '62, trans. Inv. Corps, June 18, '64.
 Manderville Isaac, e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Merchant David O. e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Marsh Wallace T. e. Aug. 6, '63, trans. to Inv. Corps, June 16, '63, m. o. Sept. 4, '65, as Sergt. Major V. R. C.
 McMaster T. Schuyler, e. Aug. 7, 1862, trans. to 5th Wis. Batt., Nov. 16, 1862.
 Miller Alba, e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Miller J. Henry, e. Aug. 11, 1862, disd. Feb. 27, 1865.
 Miller Wm. e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Mills Maurice B. e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Merchant Geo. W. e. Aug. 6, 1862, trans. to U. S. E., Aug. 8, 1864.
 Nelson Chas. e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Oliver Jas. e. Aug. 9, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, as Corpl.
 Phelps Wm. R. e. Aug. 6, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Music'n.
 Robertson Wm. e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Robison Wm. A. e. Aug. 12, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 11, 1863.
 Rockwell Lucius D. e. Aug. 6, '62, disd. March 16, '63.
 Russell Dexter, e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Corpl.
 Rusterholtz Levi, e. Aug. 8, 1862, m. o. May 18, 1865.
 Salsbury Jas. L. e. Aug. 9, '62, died at Murfreesboro, Tenn., March 14, 1863.
 Sands John, e. Aug. 6, '62, trans. V. R. C. Jan. 16, '65.
 Sealy David K. e. Aug. 6, 1862, disd. Feb. 28, 1865.
 Sloan Quincy A. e. Aug. 14, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Scott Hiram, e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Smith John D. e. Aug. 4, 1862, disd. April 25, 1865.
 Stevenson Lansing R. e. Aug. 1, '62, m. o. June 10, '65.
 Stewart John W. e. Aug. 7, '62, Corpl., kld. at Spring Hill, Tenn., Nov. 29, 1864.
 Thrall Chauncy T. e. Aug. 9, 1862, died at Gallatin, Tenn., Jan. 18, 1863.
 Titus Addison, e. Aug. 6, 1862, disd. Feb. 26, 1863.
 Treadwell Chas. e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Two Samuel, e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Twogood Albert, e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Titus John, e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Underhill Saml. e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Warner Geo. W. e. Aug. 15, 1862, disd. Oct. 7, 1863.
 Washburn John T. e. Aug. 8, 1862, disd. March 23, '63.
 White Aaron J. e. Aug. 9, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Corpl.
 Woollery Henry W. e. Aug. 7, 1862, disd. Aug. 20, 1863.
 Woollery John, e. Aug. 5, 1862, trans. to Inv. Corps, April 28, 1864.

Dobson Chas. disd. March 2, 1863.

Company D.

Captain Jonathan H. Douglass, com. Sept. 4, 1862. Resigned March 20, 1863.
 Captain Robert H. Hatch, com. First Lieutenant Sept. 4, 1862. Promoted Captain March 20, 1863. Mustered out June 10, 1865.
 First Lieutenant John Beatson, e. as First Sergeant, Aug. 7, 1862. Promoted Second Lieutenant March 20, 1863. Promoted First Lieutenant May 2, 1864. Mustered out June 10, 1865.
 Sergt. Thos. W. Cole, e. July 20, 1862, wounded at Resaca, Ga., m. o. June 10, 1865, as 1st Sergt.
 Sergt. Wm. C. McCaughey, e. Aug. 6, 1862, disd. June 30, 1863, disab.
 Sergt. Omri J. Cummings, e. July 28, '62, disd. Jan. 1, 1863, disab.
 Sergt. John G. Morgan, e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. June 1, '65.
 Corpl. Rily Van Patten, e. Aug. 18, '62, m. o. May 11, 1865, as Corpl.

Corpl. Jas. Crane, e. Aug. 8, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Sergt.
 Corpl. Henry Gilchrist, e. July 27, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 13, 1863.
 Corpl. Edgar G. Day, e. Aug. 6, 1862, died at Louisville, Ky., Nov. 26, 1862.
 Corpl. Otis G. Sanderson, e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Corpl. Chas. E. Gcodspeed, e. July 24, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865, as Musician.
 Corpl. Henry W. Smith, e. Aug. 8, 1862, m. o. April 19, 1865, as Sergt. disab.
 Corpl. Peter C. Campbell, e. Aug. 6, '62, m. o. June 10, 1865, as Sergt.
 Musician Shepherd Norcross, e. July 26, 1862, prmt. Drum Major.
 Musician Chas. R. Jones, e. July 26, 1862, died at Murfreesboro, April 17, 1863.

Allen Gardner S. e. July 18, 1862, prmt. Com. Sergt., died at Rockford, Ill., Dec. 4, 1862.
 Allen Sam'l, e. July 22, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Atwood Hiram, e. July 26, 1862, trans. to U. S. E. July 27, 1864.
 Beale Jos. e. Aug. 7, 1862, left sick at Louisville, Oct. 29, 1862.
 Barsby Sam'l, e. July 23, 1862, died at Knoxville, Tenn., Dec. 18, 1863.
 Brainard Jared H. e. Aug. 9, '62, disd. Sept. 16, '63, disab.
 Babcock Almon, e. Aug. 14, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Sergt.
 Bliss Geo. W. e. Aug. 14, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Crowley Levi, e. Aug. 6, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 21, 1862.
 Corbin Amasa M. e. Aug. 6, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 17, 1863.
 Cleveland Geo. C. e. Aug. 6, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Corpl.
 Conant Naroy, e. Aug. 7, 1862, trans. to Inv. Corps, Aug. 9, 1863.
 Connor Jas. H. e. Aug. 8, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Sergt.
 Cook Wm. e. Aug. 8, '62, disd. Feb. 7, '63, disab.
 Castner David, e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Compton Sam'l C. e. Aug. 9, 1862, Corpl., kld. at Mission Ridge, Nov. 25, 1863.
 Compton Wortman, e. Aug. 9, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Corpl.
 Crane Richard H. e. Aug. 14, 1862, m. o. May 19, 1865.
 Elliott Chas. H. e. Aug. 7, 1862, trans. to U. S. E. July 27, 1864.
 Ferguson Allen M. e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. May 24, '65, wds.
 Fox Thaddeus, e. Aug. 8, '62, disd. Oct. 26, '63, disab.
 Guilford Andrew J. e. July 18, 1862, m. o. May 20, '65.
 Gilbert Edw. e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. May 12, 1865.
 Geanong Wm. W. e. July 25, 1862, m. o. June 10, '65.
 Gielt Wm. e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, as Corpl.
 Goldy Benj. D. e. Aug. 7, '62, disd. May 8, '63, disab.
 Gustin John H. e. Aug. 8, 1862, died at Resaca, July 6, 1864, wounds.
 Gilson Wm. e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Gustin Geo. E. or S. e. Aug. 14, '62, disd. May 15, 1865.
 Hines Elisha W. e. July 28, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Hurdy Hiram, e. Aug. 6, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Corpl.
 Herrick Oakly, e. Aug. 6, '62, disd. Feb. 9, '63, disab.
 Harrod Wm. e. Aug. 6, 1862, disd. March 15, '63, disab.
 Hall Wm. F. B. e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Hecox Lewis, e. Aug. 14, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Corpl.
 Hopkins Th's. e. Aug. 14, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 2, 1862.
 Ingalls Harvy, e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Kervish John, e. Aug. 6, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 28, 1862.
 Kilburn Edmond B. e. Aug. 7, 1862, died at Murfreesboro, Feb. 24, 1863.
 Leahy Jerry, e. Aug. 7, 1862, trans. to 5th Wis. Bat., Nov. 13, 1862.
 Luce Jas. G. e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Love Thompson W. e. Aug. 8, 1862, died Chattanooga July 12, 1864, wds.
 Lillie Francis B. e. Aug. 8, '62, disd. March 1, '65, wds.
 Maynard Edw. C. e. Aug. 7, '62, disd. May 20, '63, disab.
 Milliard Wm. R. e. Aug. 7, '62, disd. May 11, '63, disab.
 Mather Horace F. e. Aug. 12, '62, disd. Feb. 8, '63, disab.
 Manning Sam'l H. e. Aug. 14, '62, absent sick m. o. regt.
 Manning Isaac D. e. Aug. 14, '62, disd. May 7, '63, disab.
 Pryse David, e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Pettibone Amos, e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Pett t Henry, e. Aug. 7, '62, disd. May 26, '63, disab.
 Rowley Walter, e. July 26, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Ronbeck Azure C. e. Aug. 8, '62, disd. July 13, '63, disab.
 Rogers Wm. e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Russell Hiram J. e. Aug. 8, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 29, 1862.

Ray Chauncy, e. Aug. 9, '62, m.o. June 10, '65, as Corpl.
 Roush John M. e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 22, 1865.
 Saunders Henry, e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Smith Geo. e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Stilwell Hiram, e. Aug. 7, 1862, kld. at Kenesaw Mt.,
 June 27, 1864.
 Steele Almer C. e. Aug. 7, '62, m.o. June 10, '65, Corpl.
 Stone Wm. A. e. Aug. 7, 1862, trans. to Inv. Corps,
 Sept. 30, 1863.
 Schermerhorn Geo. C. e. Aug. 7, '62, m.o. June 10, '65,
 wounds.
 Strowd Miles, e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Seaton Wm. W. e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Shores Franklin, e. Aug. 8, 1862, trans. to Inv. Corps.
 Sept. 1, 1863.
 Stevens Geo. e. Aug. 8, '62, disd. Dec. 23, '62, disab.
 Stroh Gustavus, e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. May 26, 1865.
 Talbot Henry T. e. Aug. 7, 1862, kld. at Mission Ridge
 Nov. 25, 1863.
 Thompson Otha, e. Aug. 14, 1862, died at Nashville,
 Tenn., Jan. 3, 1863.
 VanAlstine Walter, e. Aug. 6, '62, disd. May 6, '63, disab.
 Welch Wm. C. e. Aug. 6, 1862, kld. at Pleasant Hill,
 Ga., May 17, 1864.
 Welch Carner E. e. Aug. 6, 1862, m.o. June 10, 1865.
 Wheat Chas. H. e. Aug. 7, '62, disd. June 13, '63, disab.
 Wheat Geo. T. e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. June 22, '65, wds.
 Webb John H. e. Aug. 8, 1862, Corpl., died at Chatta-
 nooga, Tenn., June 25, 1864, wds. rec'd at Reseca.
 Welsh Fred'k, e. Aug. 8, 1862, trans. to V. R. C., Jan.
 15, 1865.
 Warfield Geo. W. e. Aug. 8, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Williams Wm. H. e. Aug. 7, '62, disd. Feb. 27, '63, disab.
 Wemple Edwin H. e. Aug. 8, '62, absent sick at m.o. regt.
 Woodruff Ambrose P. e. Aug. 14, 1862, prmt. Hospital
 Steward.
 Young Walter S. e. July 23, '62, disd. June 17, '63, disab.
 Young Andrew J. e. Aug. 8, '62, disd. July 29, '63, disab.

Bedell Lyman P. e. Sept. 29, 1864, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Crangle Henry J. e. March 15, 1865, trans. to 36th I.
 V. I. June 7, 1865.
 Cunningham Jos. e. Feb. 27, 1865, trans. to 36th I. V. I.
 June 7, 1865.
 Fellows Nicholas S. e. Sept. 29, '64, m.o. June 10, '65.
 Goldy Benj. D. e. Sept. 29, 1864, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Gustin Whitman E. e. Dec. 25, 1863, died at Reseca,
 June 4, 1864, wds.
 Hardy Rufus, e. Sept. 29, 1864, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Hull Warren W. e. Sept. 29, 1864, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Hardy John D. e. Feb. 1, 1865, trans. to 36th I. V. I.
 June 7, 1865.
 Manson Jas. e. Sept. 29, 1864, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 McCaughey Thos. M. e. Dec. 28, '63, disd. May 18, '65, wds.
 Morgan Josiah, e. Jan. 4, 1864, trans. to 36th I. V. I.
 June 7, 1865.
 Stroud Martin, disd. Oct. 20, 1864, disab.
 Steel Orange J. e. Sept. 29, 1864, died at Chattanooga,
 Nov. 5, 1864.
 Sweezy Edw. e. Feb. 1, 1865, trans. to 36th I. V. I.
 June 7, 1865.
 Stroud Sylvester, e. April 5, 1865, trans. to 36th I. V. I.
 June 7, 1865.
 Taylor John G. e. Sept. 30, 1864, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 West Horatio, e. Sept. 29, 1864, m. o. May 15, 1865.
 Warner Alex. B. e. Sept. 29, 1864, m. o. June 10, 1865.

Company E.

Captain Elias Casper. com. Sept. 4, 1862. Resigned
 Dec. 4, 1863.
 Captain Alpheus W. Blakesley, e. as First Sergeant
 Aug. 13, 1862. Promoted Second Lieutenant Sept.
 4, 1862. Promoted First Lieutenant Dec. 20, 1862.
 Promoted Captain Dec. 4, 1863. Mustered out
 June 10, 1865.
 First Lieutenant Wm. Powell, com. Second Lieuten-
 ant Sept. 4, 1862. Promoted First Lieutenant
 Sept. 4, 1862. Resigned Dec. 20, 1862.
 First Lieutenant Chas. A. Allen, e. as private. Pro-
 moted Sergeant, then First Lieutenant, Dec. 4,
 1863. Mustered out June 10, 1865.
 Second Lieutenant Wm. P. Sherman, e. as Sergeant
 Aug. 7, 1862. Promoted Second Lieutenant Dec.
 20, 1862. Resigned May 7, 1863.
 Second Lieutenant Jas. C. Babbett, e. as Corporal
 Aug. 13, 1862. Promoted First Sergeant, then
 Second Lieutenant, May 7, 1863. Mustered out
 Oct. 29, 1863.

Second Lieutenant Morgan J. Conradt, e. as private
 Aug. 9, 1862. Mustered out June 10, 1865, as First
 Sergeant. Com. Second Lieutenant, but not
 mustered.
 Sergt. Wm. E. Lippitt, e. Aug. 13, 1862, reduced, de-
 serted Nov. 1, 1863.
 Sergt. Jas. McAfee, e. Aug. 13, 1862, disd. Jan. 7, '63,
 disab.
 Sergt. Ebenezer P. C. Webster, e. Aug. 7, 1862, disd.
 Feb. 18, 1863, as private.
 Corpl. Edw. H. Cook, e. Aug. 11, 1862, died at Nash-
 ville, Tenn., March 16, 1863.
 Corpl. Dwight B. Holdridge, e. Aug. 11, 1862, died at
 Murfreesboro, Tenn., March 20, 1863.
 Corpl. Jos. L. Grout, e. Aug. 13, 1862, prmt. Sergt., m.
 o. June 10, 1865, as private.
 Corpl. Lewis T. Sweezy, e. Aug. 14, 1862, disd. Jan.
 19, 1863, disab.
 Corpl. Jas. L. Sherman, e. Aug. 7, 1862, disd. Dec. 29,
 1862, disab.
 Corpl. Bartley F. Butler, e. Aug. 9, 1862, disd. Feb. 9,
 1863, disab.
 Corpl. Norman Clothier, e. Aug. 9, 1862, private, pa-
 roled prisoner, m. o. June 9, 1865.
 Musician Franklin M. Needham, e. Aug. 22, 1862,
 trans to 36th I. V. I. Sept. 4, 1862.

Bates Levi, e. Aug. 11, 1862, disd. Feb. 22, 1863.
 Brown Elbridge, e. Aug. 11, '62, disd. Jan. 27, '63, disab.
 Brown Francis C. e. Aug. 13, '62, disd. Jan. 15, '63, disab.
 Bloss Wm. R. e. Aug. 13, '62, disd. Feb. 18, '63, disab.
 Brown Franklin, e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Banks Horatio, e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Banks Reuben, e. Aug. 8, 1862, trans. to Inv. Corps,
 March 16, 1864.
 Brainer Augustus, e. Aug. 15, 1862, Corpl., transferred
 to Inv. Corps, May 15, 1864.
 Bacon Chas. e. Aug. 14, 1862, wounded May 14, 1864,
 m. o. June 3, 1865, as Sergt.
 Crosby John, e. Aug. 11, 1862, disd. Jan. 14, '63, disab.
 Christian John, e. Aug. 11, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Craig William, e. Aug. 13, 1862, died at Chattanooga,
 Dec. 10, 1863, wds.
 Carey Lewis M. e. Aug. 12, 1862, died at Nashville,
 Tenn., April 13, 1865.
 Creller Lafayette, e. Aug. 12, 1862, died at Atlanta,
 Ga., Sept. 26, 1864.
 Cline David M. e. Aug. 14, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Collins Michael, e. Aug. 13, '62, disd. Jan. 15, '63, disab.
 Carman Chauncy, e. Aug. 14, '62, disd. Dec. 4, '63, disab.
 Corey Hiram F. e. Aug. 12, 1862, trans. to V. R. C.,
 Jan. 9, 1865.
 Chandler John S. e. Aug. 13, 1862, wounded May 17,
 1864, m. o. June 10, 1865, as Sergt.
 Davis John Henry, e. Aug. 15, '62, disd. Oct. 13, '62, disab.
 Dawson David, e. Aug. 15, '62, m.o. June 10, '65, Corpl.
 Dillingham Nathaniel, e. Aug. 14, '62, m.o. June 10, '65.
 Ewing Cyrus, e. Aug. 14, '62, disd. Mar. 5, '63, disab.
 Franklin Elijah, e. Aug. 13, '62, disd. Feb. 21, '63, disab.
 File William N. e. Aug. 15, 1862, Corpl., died at Big
 Sha ty, Ga., July 2, 1864, wds.
 Grammon Sidney, e. Aug. 14, '62, disd. Feb. 14, '63, disab.
 Goodier George, e. Aug. 15, '62, m. o. June 1, 1865.
 Harley John W. e. Aug. 12, '62, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Henry John W. e. Aug. 13, '62, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Hollem Jones, e. Aug. 14, 1862, died at Chattanooga,
 July 8, 1864, wds.
 Hilton Ellis, e. Aug. 14, 1862, trans. to Invalid Corps,
 July 1, 1863.
 Hubbard Wilmington J. e. Aug. 14, '62, disd. May 18,
 1863, disab.
 Holdridge Charles H. e. Aug. 7, 1862, died at Gallatin,
 Tenn., Feb. 4, 1863.
 Hapgood Howard, e. Aug. 15, '62, deserted Sept., '62.
 Hartwell Peter A. e. Aug. 15, 1862, trans. to Invalid
 Corps, Sept. 1, 1863.
 Hardy Frank S. e. Aug. 8, '62, disd. Mar. 19, '65, disab.
 Inman William J. e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Jewell John, e. Aug. 13, '62, trans. to Invalid Corps,
 Sept. 1, 1863.
 Jarvis Myron H. e. Aug. 14, '62, m. o. June 22, 1865.
 Jarvis Harrison, e. Aug. 22, 1862, died at Nashville,
 Tenn., Jan. 30, 1863.
 Kellner Amos, e. Aug. 15, 1862, disd. Jan., 1863, disab.
 Lovitt Benjamin G. e. Aug. 13, 1862, Sergt., died at
 Marietta, Ga., July 5, 1864, wds.
 McEwen James, e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Sergt.
 Miles Hiram A. e. Aug. 14, 1862, wounded Dec. 15, '64,
 m. o. June 10, 1865, as Corpl.

Moon Camillus, e. Aug. 14, '62, disd. Feb. 8, '63, disab.
 Murray William J. e. Aug. 15, '62, m.o. June 10, '65, wds.
 Mulford Eli H. e. Aug. 15, 1862, Corpl., died at Chattanooga, Tenn., Dec. 10, 1863, wds.
 Prescott Edward, e. Aug. 12, '62, m.o. June 10, '65, wds.
 Peverill William, e. Aug. 14, '62, disd. Mar. 15, '63, disab.
 Parish Lawson L. e. Aug. 14, '62, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Perry Marion L. e. Aug. 14, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 15, 1863.
 Rogers William, e. Aug. 14, 1862, wounded May 14, 1864, m. o. June 10, 1865, as Corpl.
 Shaw James, e. Aug. 11, 1862, trans. to Inv. Corps, Sept. 1, 1863.
 Smith Julius A. e. Aug. 11, 1862, Sergt., wounded Nov. 25, 1863.
 Schoonmaker John, e. Aug. 11, '62, disd. Jan. 7, '63, disab.
 Stringer Lewis, e. Aug. 13, '62, m. o. May 19, 1865.
 Snider Daniel, e. Aug. 13, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, wds.
 Smith James M. e. Aug. 14, '62, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Sheldon Daniel M. e. Aug. 15, '62, m.o. June 10, '65, Corpl.
 Travis David, e. Aug. 11, '62, disd. April 20, '63, disab.
 Turnbull Adam, e. Aug. 13, '62, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 'ilbury George, e. Aug. 14, 1862, died at Big Shanty, June 12, 1864, wds.
 Woodworth Henry, e. Aug. 11, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 4, 1864.
 Woodruff Levi E. e. Aug. 14, '62, disd. Dec. 18, '62, disab.
 Weaver William, e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Wilson Philetus A. e. Aug. 9, 1862, trans. to 36th I. V. 1., June 7, 1865.
 Williams Nathaniel L. e. Aug. 13, '62, m.o. June 10, '65.
 Webster Watson E. e. Aug. 14, '62, disd. Jan. 7, 1863.
 Wheeler Sterling J. e. Aug. 8, 1862, trans. to Pioneer Corps, Sept. 6, 1864.
 Zimmerman James T. e. Aug. 7, '62, m.o. June 10, '65.
 Jewell Leland A. disd. Feb. 5, 1863, disab.
 Smith Cyrone, m. o. June 10, 1865, as Musician.
 Vandercook William, e. Feb. 27, 1865, trans. to 36th I. V. 1., June 7, 1865.
 Washburn Wm. H. H. disd. Oct. 13, 1862, disab.

Company F.

Captain Henry C. Barker, com. Sept. 4, 1862. Killed in battle, June 27, 1864.
 First Lieutenant Jerome E. Andrews, com. Sept. 4, 1862. Resigned Jan. 19, 1862.
 First Lieutenant Edwin L. Simpson, e. as Sergeant Aug. 5, 1862. Promoted First Sergeant; then First Lieutenant, June 27, 1864. Mustered out June 10, 1865.
 Second Lieutenant Jno. Hartwell, e. as private Aug. 4, 1862. Mustered out June 10, 1865, as First Sergeant. Commissioned Second Lieutenant, but not mustered.
 Sergt. Henry Heagle, e. Aug. 8, 1862, died at Laverne, Tenn., Feb. 16, 1863, wds.
 Sergt. Rudolphus W. Peake, e. Aug. 5, 1862, promoted Sergeant Major.
 Sergt. Charles Burpee, e. Aug. 5, 1862, disd. May 20, 1863, disab.
 Corpl. Robert B. Archibald, e. Aug. 5, 1862, disd. July 1, '64, to accept promotion in U.S. Colored Troops.
 Corpl. Sylvanus O. Troxell, e. Aug. 1, 1862, Sergt., killed at Kenesaw Mountain, June 27, 1864.
 Corpl. Floyd Smith, e. July 25, 1862, disd. Oct. 29, 1864, as Sergt., disab.
 Corpl. Amasa Work, e. July 30, '62, disd. as private, disab.
 Corpl. Jacob N. Hoffman, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865, as Sergt.
 Corpl. George W. Rise, e. Aug. 5, 1862, disd. Nov. 6, 1863, disab.
 Corpl. George W. Blakely, e. Aug. 14, 1862, disd. Apr. 10, 1863, disab.
 Musician O. Chauncey Pettingill, e. Aug. 16, '62, died June 1, 1864, wds.
 Wagoner Edward Kelly, e. Aug. 12, 1862, deserted Sept. 4, 1862.
 Andrews J. Newton, e. Aug. 4, 1862, m.o. June 10, '65.
 Anderson Charles, e. Aug. 11, '62, m.o. June 10, Sergt.
 Alexander Lock W. e. Aug. 12, 1862, trans. to U. S. Engineers, July 30, 1864.
 Bixby J. Milton, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Bixby Levi, e. Aug. 5, 1862, disd. Feb. 23, '63, disab.
 Brownell Benjamin J. e. Aug. 9, 1862, disd. Feb. 28, 1863, disab.
 Ballew Christopher, e. Aug. 8, 1862, m. o. June 10, '65.

Coolidge Eldridge F. e. Aug. 5, '62, m.o. June 10, '65, Sgt.
 Crawford Joseph M. e. Aug. 8, '62, deserted Nov. 4, '62.
 Christman Andrew J. e. Aug. 11, '62, deserted Oct. 10, '62.
 Clark Elias, e. Aug. 11, '62, disd. Jan. 28, '63, disab.
 Davis James, e. Aug. 9, 1862, Corpl., died at Murfreesboro, Tenn., Jan. 16, 1863.
 Davidson R. Andrew, e. Aug. 14, '62, disd. Dec. 14, '62, disab.
 Eychawer Richard, e. Aug. 8, 1862, died at Andersonville prison, July 15, 1864, No. of grave, 3,373.
 Erichson Charles C. e. Aug. 9, '62, m. o. May 24, 1865.
 Fuller Lemuel, e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Fisher George W. e. Aug. 8, 1862, killed at Mission Ridge, Nov. 5, 1864.
 Fitzgerald Michael, e. Aug. 11, '62, deserted Mar. 3, '63.
 Goodwin Benjamin, e. Aug. 6, '62, disd. Mar. 17, '63, disab.
 Greenbaum Job, e. Aug. 6, '62, deserted Nov. 5, 1863.
 Hallock Hiram, e. Aug. 4, 1862, killed at Dallas, Ga., May 28, 1864.
 Houghtan George W. e. Aug. 9, 1862, killed at Dallas, Ga., May 30, 1864.
 Jeckles William O. e. Aug. 11, '62, disd. Mar. 15, '63, wds.
 John Daniel T. e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 John Cephus D. e. Aug. 5, '62, m.o. June 10, '65, Sergt.
 Johnson Albert, e. Aug. 4, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 3, 1863.
 Jones Frank, e. Aug. 7, 1862, trans. to Mississippi Marine Brigade, March 7, 1863.
 Kennedy Henry, e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted Nov. 1, '62.
 Keating Hugh, e. Aug. 4, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Kimball Newell, e. Aug. 5, 1862, died Gallatin, Tenn., Feb. 10, 1863.
 Lagrange Robert, e. Aug. 14, 1862, m. o. June 10, '65.
 Lawrence Russell B. e. Aug. 5, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 26, 1862.
 Lewis Richard, e. July 22, 1862, taken prisoner, died at Savannah, Ga., Sept. 30, 1864.
 Luce Stephen, e. Aug. 29, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 16, 1863.
 Lowe Levi B. e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Manson William, e. Aug. 15, 1862, trans. to V. R. C., Sept. 30, 1863.
 Mack Erastus, e. Aug. 11, 1862, disd. Dec. 14, 1862.
 Manning Geo. e. Aug. 7, 1862, disd. Feb. 16, 1863.
 Miles Walter W. e. Aug. 31, 1862, deserted Oct. 15, '62.
 O'Brien Henry, e. Aug. 8, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Patterson John, e. Aug. 6, '62, trans. U.S.E. July 4, '64.
 Rood Homer M. e. July 22, '62, disd. April 6, '63, disab.
 Read Marshall, e. Aug. 11, 1862, deserted Oct. 10, 1862.
 Smith Jas. e. Aug. 9, 1862, deserted Sept. 4, 1862.
 Smith Dan. D. e. Aug. 9, 1862, disd. Sept. 28, '64, disab.
 Sanders Levi S. e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Staats Abyrum, e. Aug. 1, '62, disd. Dec. 30, '63, disab.
 Thomas Jno. C. e. Aug. 14, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Thomas Orville P. e. Aug. 14, '62, m. o. June 10, 1865, as Corpl.
 Turner Wm. e. Aug. 11, 1862, deserted Oct. 15, 1862.
 Woodruff Orlando, e. Aug. 11, '62, disd. Aug. 15, '63, disab.
 Whyciff Wm. e. Aug. 9, 1862, disd. Dec. 30, 1862, disab.

Company H.

Captain Theron R. Hurlbut, e. as Sergeant, Aug. 6, 1862. Promoted Second Lieutenant Feb. 1, 1863. Promoted First Lieutenant Nov. 16, 1863. Promoted Captain Aug. 3, 1864. Mustered out June 10, 1865.
 First Lieutenant Samuel Whitmyer, com. Sept. 4, 1862. Resigned Feb. 1, 1863.
 First Lieutenant Chas. W. Harvey, e. as First Sergeant Aug. 6, 1862. Promoted Second Lieutenant Oct. 10, 1862. Promoted First Lieutenant Feb. 1, 1863. Resigned Nov. 16, 1863.
 First Lieutenant Alfred W. Randall, e. as Sergeant, Aug. 6, 1862. Promoted First Lieutenant Aug. 3, 1864. Mustered out June 10, 1865.
 Second Lieutenant Andrew J. Belts, com. Sept. 4, 1862. Mustered out Oct. 10, '62, for absence without leave.
 Second Lieutenant Chester A. Weston, e. as private Aug. 8, 1862. Mustered out June 10, 1865, as First Sergeant. Commissioned Second Lieutenant but not mustered.
 Sergt. Horace S. Past, e. Aug. 7, '62, died Jan. 2, '63, wds.
 Corpl. Jno. H. Gettel, e. Aug. 7, '62, m.o. June 10, '65, as Sergt.
 Corpl. Saml. N. Carpenter, e. Aug. 6, '62, disd. May 6, 1863, disab.
 Corpl. Jacob F. Woodring, e. Aug. 6, 1862, disd. May 24, 1863, disab.

Corpl. Chas. T. Manchester, e. Aug. 9, '62, died. Feb. 7, 1863, diab.
 Corpl. Wm. R. Houston, e. Aug. 6, 1862, died. Jan. 7, 1863, diab.
 Corpl. Jno. R. McKinley, e. Aug. 6, '62, died at Chattanooga, July 21, 1864, wds.
 Corpl. And. N. Rocksted, e. Aug. 9, '62, m. o. June 10, '65.
 Musician Geo. A. Heard, e. Aug. 6, '62, print Principal Musician
 Music'n Stanley Lockwood, e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. June 10, '65.
 Wagoner Asa C. Upham, e. Aug. 7, '62, died. April 30, 1863, diab.

Austin Rufus B. e. Aug. 7, 1862, deserted Oct. 4, 1862.
 Anderson Halvor O. e. Aug. 9, '62, died June 18, '63, diab.
 Allen Geo. E. e. Aug. 9, '62, m. o. June 10, 1865, Sergt.
 Butterfield Alvin J. e. Aug. 8, '62, kld. at Stone River, Dec. 31, 1862.
 Brown Asaph W. e. Aug. 9, '62, trans. V. R. C. Aug. 1, '63.
 Brant Abraham, e. Aug. 11, '62, died June 15, '63, diab.
 Chambers John H. e. Aug. 9, '62, trans. V. R. C. Aug. 1, '63.
 Clark Jas. e. Aug. 11, '62, m. o. June 10, 1865, as Corpl.
 Drake Rich'd K. e. Aug. 7, '62, captured Feb. 22, '64.
 Dickerson Geo. N. e. Aug. 9, '62, print Hospital Steward.
 Duch rne Geo. E. e. Aug. 9, '62, died Dec. 16, '62, diab.
 Evans Alphonso H. e. Aug. 8, '62, died Feb. 22, '63, diab.
 Evans Wesley, e. Aug. 9, '62, died. Feb. 16, 1864, as 1st Sergt., to accept appointment in U. S. C. T.
 Elliott Wm. J. e. Aug. 11, '62, trans. V. R. C. July 27, '64.
 Goodrich Henry J. e. Aug. 9, 1862, died at Chattanooga, Aug. 14, 1864, wds.
 Hanson Anderson, e. Aug. 11, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 9, 1863.
 Landers Timothy E. e. Aug. 6, '62, m. o. May 11, 1865.
 Larson Gunder, e. Aug. 11, '62, died Feb. 23, '63, diab.
 McMan Patrick, e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Miller Edson, e. Aug. 11, 1862, died Feb. 21, 1863, wds.
 Mullis Wm. e. Aug. 11, 1862, deserted Dec. 31, 1862.
 Peck Rich'd R. e. Aug. 6, 1862, died Jan. 5, 1864, diab.
 Panley Michael, e. Aug. 9, '62, m. o. June 10, 1865, Corpl.
 Pitcher Benj. e. Aug. 7, 1862, died Jan. 21, 1863, Sergt.
 Phipps Saml. e. Aug. 7, 1862, died Feb. 21, 1863, diab.
 Paulson Jno. H. e. Aug. 9, '62, died March 2, 1863, diab.
 Putnam Chas. H. e. Aug. 11, '62, died Dec. 17, 1862, diab.
 Rice Zina, e. Aug. 8, '62, kld. by R. R. at Stone River, Dec. 31, 1862.
 Ripley Alvara, e. Aug. 8, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 30, 1862.
 Rocksted Jno. N. e. Aug. 9, 1862, died at Chattanooga, May 29, 1864, wds.
 Reed Edwin S. e. Aug. 9, '62, Sergt., trans. to V. R. C. Aug. 1, 1863.
 Randall Wm. H. e. Aug. 11, '62, died Mch. 8, '63, diab.
 Simcox Curtis, e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Sherman Edwin M. e. Aug. 9, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Corpl.
 Shay Jno. e. Aug. 9, 1862, trans. V. R. C. Oct. 1, 1864.
 Turney And. e. Aug. 7, '62, trans. to V. R. C. Aug. 1, '63.
 Thomason Thos. e. Aug. 8, '62, died Mch. 2, '63, diab.
 True Jas. R. e. Aug. 7, '62, trans. to V. R. C. July 1, '64.
 Vinton Henry, e. Aug. 6, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Corpl.
 Vansalzburg Henry, e. Aug. 6, '62, died Dec. 30, '62, diab.
 Webster Minor A. e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Weaver Jacob, e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. May 27, 1865.
 Wright Franklin G. e. Aug. 7, 1862, died at Gallatin, Tenn., Dec. 18, 1862.

Larson Peter, e. Dec. 3, 1863, m. o. May 29, 1865.
 Petterson Peter A. e. Dec. 3, '63, kld. at Kennesaw Mt., June 23, 1864.

Company K.

Captain Butler Ward, com. Sept. 4, 1862. Resigned March 23, 1863.
 Captain Henry N. Baker, com. First Lieutenant Sept. 4, 1862. Promoted Captain March 23, 1863. Resigned Oct. 21, 1863.
 Captain Albert G. Lakin, com. Second Lieutenant Sept. 4, 1862. Promoted First Lieutenant March 23, 1863. Promoted Captain Oct. 21, 1863. Mustered out June 10, 1865.
 Second Lieutenant Wm. Cain, e. as Sergeant Aug. 4, 1862. Promoted First Sergeant, Sergeant Major. Mustered out June 10, 1865. Com. Second Lieutenant, but not mustered.
 Sergt. Henry V. Freeman, e. Aug. 6, 1862, First Sergt., died Aug. 23, 1863, for promotion in Col'd Regt.
 Sergt. Daniel Hawn, e. Aug. 6, 1862, First Sergt. trans. to V. R. C. Sept. 23, 1864.
 Sergt. Reuben R. Garlick, e. Aug. 6, 1862, kld. in action, Dec. 31, 1862.

Corpl. Thos. W. Sherratt, e. Aug. 7, 1862, died. March 13, 1863, wds.
 Corpl. Moses C. Felmy, e. Aug. 9, 1862, kld. in action, Dec. 30, 1862.
 Corpl. Geo. A. Pardon, e. Aug. 7, 1862, kld. at Gallatin, Tenn., Jan. 20, 1863.
 Corpl. John B. Casper, e. Aug. 5, 1862, kld. in action Dec. 31, 1862.
 Corpl. Lester S. Sweeney, e. Aug. 8, 1862, died. Dec. 15, 1862, diab.
 Corpl. Horace B. Utter, e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865, a. Sergt.
 Corpl. John M. Brooks, e. Aug. 7, 1862, died at Murfreesboro Feb. 13, 1863.
 Corpl. Edward C. Moffatt, e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865, as private.
 Musician John Lewis, e. Aug. 5, '62, m. o. June 10, '65.
 Musician Asher Miller, e. Aug. 6, '62, print. File Maj.
 Wagoner Aug. C. Bushnell, e. Aug. 6, 1862, died at Huntsville, Ala., Jan. 14, 1865.

Addison Wm. e. Aug. 5, '62, died Feb. 4, '63, diab.
 Agnew Wm. e. Aug. 7, 1862, died. Nov. 19, '62, diab.
 Anderson Adolph, e. Aug. 7, 1862, kld. in action Dec. 31, 1862.
 Anderson Wesley B. e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 10, '65.
 Baird Abel, Jr. e. Aug. 6, 1862, died at Gallatin, Tenn., Dec. 23, 1862.
 Bander Judson J. e. Aug. 7, '62, died Feb. 18, '63, diab.
 Blake Buel J. e. Aug. 7, 1862, captured at Kennesaw, June 27, 1864.
 Blomquist Sven John, e. Aug. 7, 1862, died. March 15, 1863, diab.
 Bordwell Wm. e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Brown Arthur P. e. Aug. 6, 1862, died. Oct. 28, 1864, as Sergt., wounds.
 Bryan Richard, e. Aug. 9, 1862, died at Evansville, Ind., Jan. 2, 1865.
 Brydges Wm. H. e. Aug. 8, 1862, died. for diab., at Bowling Green, Ky.
 Burns Thos. e. Aug. 7, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 5, 1863.
 Cain Chas. e. Aug. 8, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Caswell Francis H. e. Aug. 7, 1862, died at Richmond, Va., Feb. 7, 1863, wds.
 Churchill John N. e. Aug. 10, '62, died Oct. 10, '63, diab.
 Clay Daniel, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. May 23, 1865.
 Clothier Cyrus, e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Cone Chas. M. e. Aug. 6, 1862, trans. to V. R. C., March 13, 1863.
 Coons Wm. D. e. Aug. 13, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Cotton Chas. L. e. Aug. 6, '62, died. July 16, '64, diab.
 Cadner Albert M. e. Aug. 6, 1862, died. Nov. 19, 1864, to accept promotion in 42d Col'd Regt.
 Follett Chas. e. Aug. 7, 1862, died. Feb. 3, '63, diab.
 Follett John, e. Aug. 7, 1862, died. May 10, 1863, diab.
 Foster Milton D. e. Aug. 7, '62, died. Feb. 21, '63, diab.
 Fountain Horace, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Frady John M. e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Garlick Geo. L. e. Aug. 6, '62, died. Jan. 19, '63, diab.
 Gorham Chas. e. Aug. 5, 1862, Corpl. died July 28, 1864, wounds.
 Gould Edmund E. e. Aug. 4, 1862, trans. to U. S. E., Aug. 26, 1864.
 Haight Sam'l E. e. Aug. 7, '62, died. Jan. 17, '63, diab.
 Harris Stephen N. e. Aug. 5, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 6, 1863.
 Horton Geo. W. e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Hyer Wm. e. Aug. 6, 1862, died. April 17, 1863, diab.
 Johnson Andrew, e. Aug. 6, 1862, trans. to V. R. C. March 16, 1863.
 Kuiton Lewis, e. Aug. 7, 1862, died at New Albany, Ind., Dec. 23, 1862.
 Mabe Hiram C. e. Aug. 6, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 15, 1863.
 McComb John H. e. Aug. 7, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 McGookin Arthur, e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Manderville David, e. Aug. 9, '62, died Dec. 15, '62, diab.
 Marske Chas. e. Aug. 6, '62, died March 15, '63, diab.
 Marsh Leonard, e. Aug. 5, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Sergt.
 Martin Aaron H. e. Aug. 9, '62, trans. to V. R. C. in '64.
 Morton Horace W. e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Parland Jas. e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, 1st Sergt.
 Parmele Marcus S. e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, '65.
 Parmele Marins W. e. Aug. 14, 1862, kld. in action, Dec. 31, 1862.
 Pels Wm. J. e. Aug. 6, 1862, trans. to V. R. C., in 1863.
 Regan Jas. e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865, Corpl.
 Robinson Alba G. e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Rothwell Wm. A. e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Corpl.

Ruger Wm. e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Rudberg John Z. e. Aug. 6, '62, m. o. May 13, '65, Corpl.
 Schellenger Henry C. e. Aug. 6, '62, disd. April 2, '63, disab.
 Shirratt John H. e. Aug. 7, 1862, Corpl., disd. June 22, 1864, for promotion in Col'd Regt.
 Smith Robt. G. e. Aug. 6, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Sweet Benj. G. e. Aug. 6, 1862, trans. to V. R. C. Nov. 28, 1863.
 Tanner Henry, e. Aug. 6, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Corpl.
 Teachout Carlos, e. Aug. 12, '62, disd. Nov. 11, '62, disab.
 Teachout Gilbert, e. Aug. 6, '62, disd. Dec. 11, '62, disab.
 Thoreson John, e. Aug. 8, '62, disd. July 30, '63, disab.
 Ubbing Ferdinand, e. Aug. 8, '62, disd. Dec. 15, '62, disab.
 Vail Edward E. e. Aug. 7, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 19, 1863.
 Vail John P. e. Aug. 6, '62, trans. to V. R. C. in 1863.
 Walsh Thos. e. Aug. 2, '62, m. o. June 10, 1865, Corpl.
 Ward Anson, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Weatherly Alford, e. Aug. 6, 1862, trans. to U. S. E., July 27, 1864.
 Willis Wm. A. e. Aug. 6, 1862, disd. Aug. 13, '63, disab.
 Wilmarth Chas. H. e. Aug. 7, 1862, trans. to V. R. C., Aug. 1, 1863.
 Worthy Edw. e. Aug. 5, 1862, died at Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 10, 1863.
 Wortman Wm. H. e. Aug. 7, '62, m. o. June 10, '65, Sergt.
 Wood Gustavus H. e. Aug. 6, '62, disd. Feb. 18, '63, disab.

Brown Robt. R. e. Nov. 30, 1863, missing in action at Kenesaw Mountain, Ga., June 27, 1864.
 Goslin Robt. e. Nov. 30, 1863, trans. to 36th I. V. I., June 7, 1865.
 McKay Wm. H. e. Dec. 29, 1863, trans. to 36th I. V. I. June 7, 1865.
 McKay Jas. E. e. Dec. 29, 1863, died at Chattanooga, June 22, 1864.

Boyce John J. e. Sept. 28, 1864.
 Carman John E. e. Feb. 27, 1865, m. o. May 29, 1865.
 Hussey Josiah, e. Dec. 29, 1863.
 Morehouse Lewis, e. Aug. 31, 1864.
 Ray Marshall, e. March 15, 1865, m. o. June 3, 1865.

90th Infantry.

The Ninetieth Infantry Illinois Volunteers was organized at Chicago, Illinois, in August, September, and October, 1862, by Colonel Timothy O'Meara. Moved to Cairo, November 27th, and to Columbus, Ky., 30th. From thence proceeded to Lagrange, Tennessee, where the regiment arrived December 2d. On the 4th, ordered to Cold Water, Mississippi, where it relieved the Twenty-ninth Wisconsin Infantry. On the morning of 20th December, a detachment of Second Illinois Cavalry arrived at Cold Water, having cut their way through Van Dorn's forces, out of Holly Springs. Soon after, four companies of One Hundred and First Illinois came in, and were followed by the enemy to our lines. The demonstrations made by the Ninetieth deterred the enemy from making any severe attack, although he was 4,000 or 5,000 strong, and, after some skirmishing, he withdrew. The regiment was mustered out of service June 6, 1865, at Washington, D. C., and arrived at Chicago, June 12, 1865, where it received final pay and discharge.

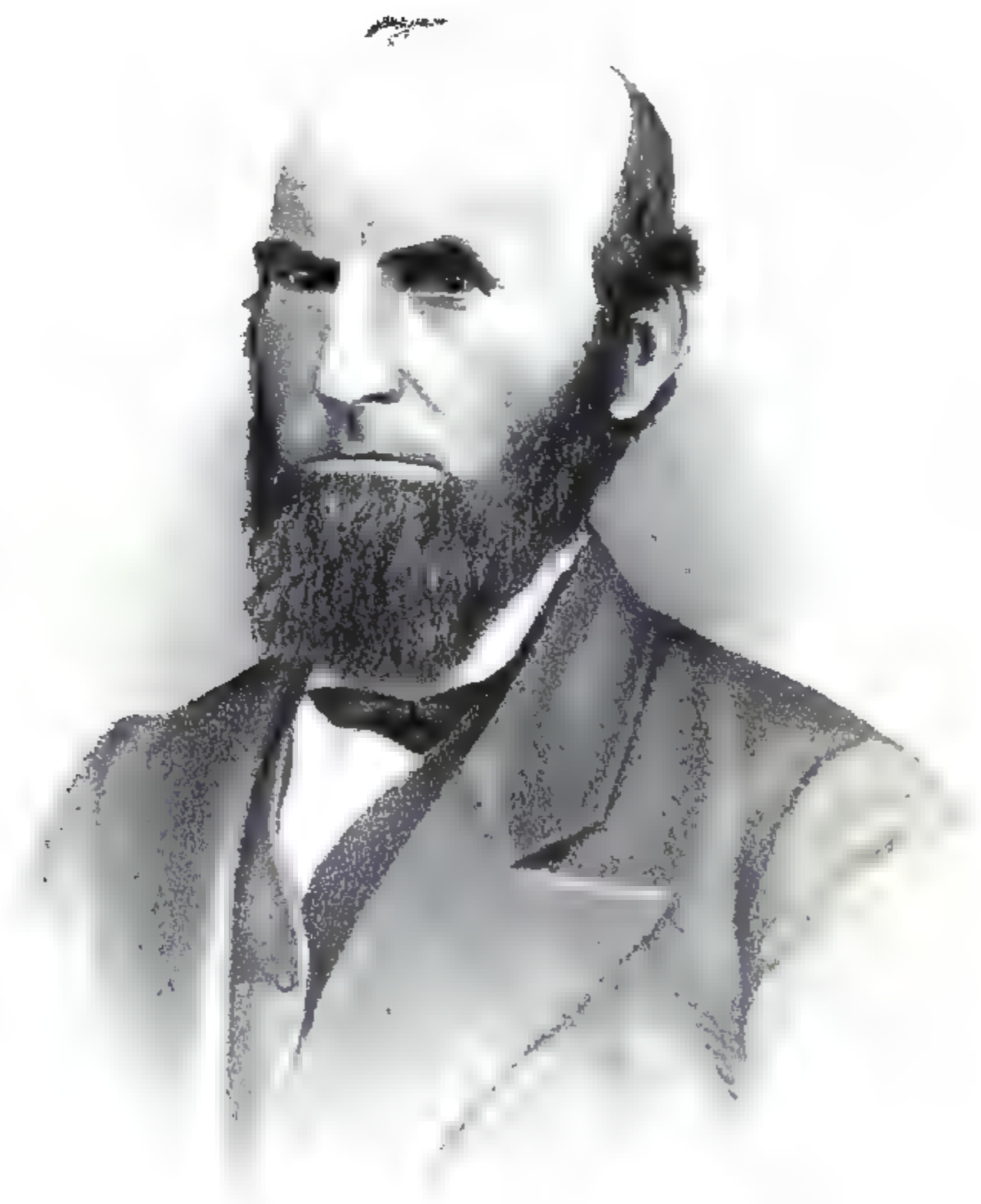
Major Patrick Flynn, com. Captain Co. A, Aug. 1, 1862. Promoted Major, March 6, 1863. Honorably discharged, May 15, 1865.
 Commissary Sergeant, Lawrence H. Bracken, com. Aug. 5, 1862. Mustered out June 6, 1865.

Company A.

Captain Jas. Conway, com. First Lieutenant, Aug. 1, 1862. Promoted Captain. Commission canceled. Killed in action, Nov. 25, 1863.
 Captain Daniel Corcoran, com. Second Lieutenant, Aug. 1, 1862. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 6, 1863. Commission canceled. Promoted Captain, March 6, 1863. Mustered out June 6, 1865.
 First Lieutenant Andrew Phinney, e. as First Sergeant, Aug. 5, 1862. Promoted Second Lieutenant, March 6, 1863. Commission canceled. Com. First Lieutenant, Nov. 25, 1863. Honorably disd. May 15, '65.
 Sergt. Michael Redmond, e. Aug. 5, 1862, disd. Nov. 27, 1862.

Sergt. Chas. Stuart, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865, as First Sergt.
 Sergt. M. Hayes, e. Aug. 5, 1862, died March 28, 1864.
 Sergt. Owen Smith, e. Aug. 5, 1862, died Oct. 11, 1863.
 Corpl. Maurice Kane, e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted Nov. 20, 1862.
 Corpl. Jos. Whalen, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, '65, as Sergt.
 Corpl. J. S. O'Brien, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, '65.
 Corpl. Robert Gubbins, e. Aug. 5, 1862, died at Memphis, Oct. 11, 1863.
 Corpl. Jos. P. Whalen, e. Aug. 5, 1862, disd. March 1, 1864, as Sergt., wds.
 Corpl. H. Devine, e. Aug. 5, 1862, died at Rockford, Ill., Sept. 27, 1863.
 Corpl. M. Lane, e. Aug. 5, 1862, died Sept. 12, 1863.
 Musician R. Listen, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, '65.

Bracken L. H. e. Aug. 5, 1862. Promoted Com. Sergt. m. o. June 6, 1865.
 Burns M., Jr., e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted Nov. 24, 1862.
 Burke John, e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted Nov. 27, 1862.
 Butler Thos. e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, '65, Corpl.
 Buckley C. e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, '65, Corpl.
 Collighan Jas. Jos. e. Aug. 5, '62, deserted May 31, '64.
 Condon Jas. e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted Nov. 22, 1862.
 Campbell John, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 24, 1864, pris. war.
 Cullen Wm. e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted Nov. 26, 1862.
 Conner Eugene, e. Aug. 5, '62, deserted Nov. 26, '62.
 Conley Thos. e. Aug. 5, 1862, kld. Dec. 13, 1864.
 Corcoran Patrick, e. Aug. 5, '62, disd. May 16, '65, disab.
 Cronin Patrick, e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted Nov. 16, 1862.
 Dewin M. e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted Nov. 16, 1862.
 Dwire Martin, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865.
 Devlin M. e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted Nov. 29, 1862.
 Dowd Dennis, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865.
 Doyle Thos. e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865.
 Donahoe Bernard, e. Aug. 5, '62, deserted Jan. 16, '63.
 Devine Henry, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865.
 Fitzpatrick Wm. e. Aug. 5, 1862, died in rebel prison, Oct. 25, 1864.
 Fitzgerald John, e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted Nov. 26, '62.
 Fitzgerald Rich'd, e. Aug. 5, 1862, sick at m. o.
 Fitzgerald Wm. e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865.
 Gaffeny Patrick, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865.
 Galvin John, e. Aug. 5, 1862, kld. Aug. 13, 1864.
 Harrity Neal, e. Aug. 5, '62, m. o. June 24, '65, was pris.
 Heffernan B. e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, '65, was pris.
 Harrington D. e. Aug. 5, 1862, Corpl., kld. Nov. 25, '64.
 Kirby Patrick, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865.
 Kearns Thos. e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted Nov. 26, 1862.
 Kane Hugh, e. Aug. 5, 1862, died Nov. 16, 1864.
 Kane Thos. e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted Nov. 26, 1862.
 Kehoe John, e. Aug. 5, 1862, died at Memphis, Oct. 12, 1863.
 Lamb Daniel, e. Aug. 5, 1862, died at Lafayette, Tenn., April 25, 1863.
 Lilas Nicholas, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865.
 Laughnam Thos. e. Aug. 5, 1862, died at Memphis, Oct. 11, 1863.
 Londregan John, e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted Nov. 26, '62.
 Leahey Wm. e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted Nov. 26, 1862.
 Lane M. e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, '65, as Wagoner.
 McGrath Owen, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865.
 Melia John, e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted Nov. 20, 1862.
 McMahon Hugh, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865, as Sergt.
 Murphy Wm. e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865.
 Moore Jas. e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865.
 Murphy D. e. Aug. 5, 1862, trans. to Invalid Corps, March 10, 1865.
 McGarry Thos. e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted Nov. 25, 1862.
 Moran John, e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted Oct. 10, 1862.
 Murphy Jas. e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted June 9, 1862.
 McGrath John, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865.
 McLaughlin Wm. e. Aug. 5, 1862, kld. Nov. 25, 1863.
 McMahon John, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865.
 McCarthy Edw. e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865.
 O'Donnell John, e. Aug. 5, 1862, trans. to Co. G, 48th I. V. I.
 O'Neil Francis, e. Aug. 5, 1862, disd. Mch. 7, '65, disab.
 Ricely Owen, e. Aug. 5, 1862, deserted June 9, 1863.
 Smith James, e. Aug. 5, 1865, died Miss., Sept. 21, '63.
 Sullivan John, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865.
 Tovey John, e. Aug. 5, 1862, Sergt., absent wounded at m. o. of regt.
 Vaughn Dennis, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865.
 Wood James, e. Aug. 5, 1862, m. o. June 6, 1865.



A. Patterson
DURAND

Young Geo. e. Aug. 5, 1862, died at Jackson, Miss., July 22, 1863.
 Gray Robert, e. Jan. 24, 1865, trans. to 48th I. V. I.
 Listen Richd. 2d, deserted Sept. 1, 1862.

141st Infantry (100 days).

Adjutant General gives no history.

Captain King H. Millikin, com. June 16, 1864, Mustered out Oct. 10, 1864.
 First Lieutenant Jos. H. Burns, com. June 16, 1864. Mustered out Oct. 10, 1864.
 Second Lieutenant Geo. W. Tracy, com. June 16, 1864. Mustered out Oct. 10, 1864.

Andrews S. A. e. May 2, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Atkinson Jas. e. May 2, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Atkins Walker, e. May 13, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Ashford A. e. May 14, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Bierer E. H. e. May 10, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Bird Allen T. e. May 17, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Blair J. A. e. May 14, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Brewster John H. e. May 2, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Bowman Chas. e. May 10, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Briggs F. F. e. May 13, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Corcoran James, e. May 17, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Crawford C. F. A. e. May 17, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Cook Amos, e. May 14, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, Corpl.
 Collins Thos. e. May 9, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Campbell E. A. e. May 2, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Conner Jos. e. May 10, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Cook Daniel, e. May 15, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Campbell Chester, e. May 18, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Cushman C. W. e. May 8, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Detrick C. B. e. May 10, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, Sergt.
 Dillon Jno. e. May 13, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, Corpl.
 Devondorf L. A. e. May 17, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Dickerson Jas. L. e. May 2, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Davis Sidney, e. May 10, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Derwent Chas. e. May 2, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Davis Chas. M. e. May 2, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Dale E. E. e. May 2, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Doolittle Edwin H. e. May 2, 1864, Oct. 10, 1864.
 Dunwell Oliver, e. May 17, 1864, deserted at Elgin, Ill.
 Eaton Jas. e. May 10, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Forsyth Geo. A. e. May 18, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Ford Patrick, e. May 18, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, Corpl.
 Foote E. H. e. May 17, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Fuller E. B. e. May 17, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Gustin H. W. e. May 18, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Goakey Jos. e. May 16, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Gable Wm. e. May 9, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Henry Clayton, e. May 18, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Henry Merritt, e. May 10, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Higely Noah D. e. May 21, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Holmquest A. e. May 2, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Helmer Benj. F. e. May 15, '64, died at Columbus, Ky., Aug. 11, 1864.
 Jones Wm. H. e. May 17, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Kathen W. e. May 16, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Keyser M. e. May 6, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Kesler Jerry, e. May 10, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Lyon H. W. e. May 16, '64, m. o. Oct. 10, '64, Corpl.
 Lighthouse M. e. May 15, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Lacy Wm. B. e. May 15, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Lovesee Edwin K. e. May 4, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Lighthouse H. J. e. May 15, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Mowatt J. M. e. May 2, '64, m. o. Oct. 10, '64, Corpl.
 Morris Chas. e. May 2, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Madegan Thos. e. May 10, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Palmer Wm. H. e. May 16, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Pritchard M. J. e. May 18, '64, m. o. Oct. 10, '64, Sergt.
 Post W. W. e. May 10, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, Corpl.
 Perry David B. e. May 2, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Pease Warren e. May 15, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Rowland R. C. e. May 2, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, '64, Sergt.
 Reid John, e. May 12, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Riddell Eugene, e. May 2, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Reed Loyal W. e. May 10, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Rhodes F. e. May 16, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Ryan John, e. May 12, 1864, deserted.
 Riddell Frank, e. May 12, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Rogers Hanly, e. May 16, 1864, died at White Rock, Ill., Sept. 10, 1864.
 Rogers Byron, e. May 17, 1864, never mustered in.
 Sabin Melvin, e. May 16, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Stearns Ambrose, e. May 10, '64, m. o. Oct. 10, '64, as 1st Sergt.

Stevens Solomon, e. May 12, '64, m. o. Oct. 10, '64, Corpl.
 Snively Owen D. e. May 1, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Twogood O. J. e. May 5, '64, m. o. Oct. 10, '64, Sergt.
 Tufts Simeon, e. May 11, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Upstone Wm. H. e. May 11, '64, m. o. Oct. 10, '64, Corpl.
 VanBrocklin John, e. May 13, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Warner W. F. e. May 8, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Warner C. H. e. May 18, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Werner Geo. e. May 17, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Youngman A. M. e. May 11, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Youngman S. W. e. May 16, 1864, m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.

146th Infantry (one year.)

The One Hundred and Forty-sixth Illinois Volunteers was organized at Camp Butler, Illinois, Sept. 18, 1864, for one year, and Henry H. Dean appointed Colonel. Companies C and B were ordered to Brighton, Illinois, Companies D and H to Quincy, Illinois, and Co. F to Jacksonville, Illinois, and were assigned to duty guarding drafted men and substitutes. The remaining companies were assigned to similar duty at Camp Butler, Illinois. On 5th July, 1865, the regiment was mustered out of service at Camp Butler, Illinois.

Colonel Henry H. Dean, com. Captain Co. B, Sept. 17, 1864. Promoted Colonel, Sept. 20, 1864. Mustered out July 8, 1865.
 Quartermaster Gideon V. Carr, com. Sept. 20, 1864. Died at Quincy, Ill., April 21, 1865.
 Sergeant Major Abraham M. Manny, com. Aug. 29, 1864. Mustered out July 8, 1865.
 Principal Musician Ascher Miller, com. Aug. 29, 1864. Mustered out July 8, 1865.

Company B.

Captain Frank M. Needham, com. First Lieutenant, Sept. 17, 1864. Promoted Captain, Sept. 20, 1864. Mustered out July 8, 1865.
 First Lieutenant Dennis W. Grippen, com. Second Lieutenant, Sept. 17, 1864. Promoted First Lieutenant, Sept. 20, 1864. Mustered out July 8, 1865.
 Second Lieutenant Jno. Barsby, e. as First Sergeant, Aug. 29, 1864. Promoted Second Lieutenant, Sept. 20, 1864. Mustered out July 8, 1865.
 Sergt. N. M. Ackerly, e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865, as First Sergt.
 Sergt. E. L. Cochran, e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, '65.
 Sergt. Geo. L. Stickney, e. Aug. 29, '64, m. o. July 8, '65.
 Corpl. Chas. H. Birdsell, e. Aug. 29, '64, m. o. July 8, '65.
 Corpl. Roger B. Murphy, e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Corpl. Robt. F. Dutton, e. Aug. 29, '64, m. o. July 8, '65.
 Corpl. R. Peck, e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Corpl. Wm. D. Garrett, e. Aug. 29, '64, m. o. July 8, '65.
 Corpl. H. E. Hudson, e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, '65.
 Corpl. Wm. Atkins, e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, '65.
 Musician Ande Norcross, e. Aug. 29, '64, m. o. July 8, '65.

Abbott A. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865, Corpl.
 Bayless D. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865, sub.
 Baker Edw. F. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, '65, sub.
 Brown Morris, e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, '65, sub.
 Brink John H. e. Aug. 29, 1864, disd. June 17, 1865.
 Brown Geo. W. e. Aug. 29, '64, m. o. July 8, 1865, sub.
 Baker S. F. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Briggs B. W. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Bulkley A. e. Aug. 29, 1864, disd. June 17, 1865, disab.
 Beecher E. W. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Barnes Carson, e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Butler Wallace, e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Bergstresser R. M. e. Aug. 29, 1864, disd. June 16, '65.
 Bayles Wm. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865, sub.
 Chandler W. S. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. June 8, 1865.
 Costello John, e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Clogon N. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Cregan M. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Cassidy Geo. e. Aug. 29, 1864, disd. June 15, 1865.
 Chase S. A. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Clark Jno. M. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Chandler A. F. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, '65, sub.
 Cochran Jno. W. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Cardwell Jas. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Davis H. A. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Dennison Uriah, e. Aug. 29, 1864, died at Alton, Ill., April 15, 1865.
 Drake Jasper, e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.

Duffy Thos. F. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, '65, sub.
 Dillon Wm. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Drake Edw. P. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Frazier Patrick, e. Aug. 29, 1864, deserted Sept. 25, '64.
 Glacken Jas. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Goodwin M. O. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Goddard D. J. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1864.
 Garlock Jas. e. Aug. 29, 1864, died. June 13, 1865.
 Greenwalt A. e. Aug. 29, '64, m. o. July 8, 1865, sub.
 Gunsoles Jas. H. e. Aug. 29, 1864, died. June 13, 1865.
 Garrett B. F. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, '65, Sergt.
 Hart Geo. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Holt G. W. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Hager Orson, e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Hollowell Geo. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Higley H. H. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Hopkins A. A. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Haddeman H. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Hill Harman, e. Aug. 29, 1864, died. June 17, '65, disab.
 Judd C. C. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Johnson T. L. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Johnson R. M. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Johnson John C. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, '65, sub.
 James Geo. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. Oct. 8, 1865, sub.
 Johnson Chas. H. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. Oct. 8, '65, sub.
 King J. P. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Little J. N. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Lane S. B. e. Aug. 29, 1864, died. June 17, 1865, disab.
 Miles W. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Norton Wm. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Needles Geo. E. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Owen Julius, e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, '65, sub.
 Patterson J. L. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Peterson J. P. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Plattner H. M. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Peck Jas. I. e. Aug. 29, 1864, died. June 17, '65, disab.
 Roberts J. W. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, '65, sub.
 Robertson S. F. e. Aug. 29, '64, m. o. July 8, '65.
 Rourke L. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Russell E. S. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865, sub.
 Steele C. W. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Sweet Geo. W. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Steele Geo. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Smith H. C. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Sanders Wm. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Shea James, e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Smith Geo. H. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, '65, sub.
 Stillson A. L. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865, sub.
 Smith O. F. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865, sub.
 Turney M. J. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Turney D. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Vanston Samuel, e. Aug. 29, '64, m. o. July 8, '65, Corpl.
 Wheeler V. M. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Wheeler Wm. E. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Wheeler M. J. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Wright M. V. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.

Company E.

Musicians Jas. W. Graham, e. Sept. 9, 1864, killed Oct. 9, 1864, by Sergt. Jas. Frost, at Chicago, Ill.

Allen John H. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Ames H. B. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Brulin E. G. e. Sept. 9, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Cleveland Jas. e. Sept. 9, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Carter Amos, e. Sept. 9, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Hanson Walter, e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Jewell L. A. e. Sept. 9, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Larsons Lars, e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Millard C. S. e. Sept. 9, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Tutill Isaac W. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Tynan M. e. Aug. 29, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Tynan John, e. Aug. 27, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.

147th Infantry (one year).

The One Hundred and Forty-seventh Infantry Illinois Volunteers was organized at Camp Fry, Ill., by Col. Hiram F. Sickles, and mustered in for one year, on the 18th and 19th of February, 1865. On the 21st of February, moved, via Louisville, Ky., to Nashville, Tenn., arriving 25th. On the 28th, moved to Chattanooga, and thence to Dalton, Ga., Col. Sickles commanding post. On March 13th, went on expedition to Mill Creek, on Cleveland road, and broke up a nest of guerrillas. On 20th, under command of Major Bush, went on an expedition to Spring Place. March

15th, the regiment was assigned to First Brigade, Second Division, Army of the Cumberland, Brig. Gen. H. M. Judah commanding. On March 28th, went on an expedition to Ringgold. On April 23d, moved to Pullen's Ferry, on Coosa river, and had several skirmishes with the enemy, killing Major Edmeston, their commander, and several officers and men. On May 2d, the regiment moved to Resaca, Ga., and were engaged in repairing the railroad. On May 15th Wolford, commanding rebel forces in Northern Georgia, surrendered his forces to Gen. Judah. May 14th, Col. Sickles took command of the Brigade. Marched to Calhoun, June 26th, and July 27th, moved to Marietta. From thence, ordered to Macon, Ga., and to Albany, Ga., arriving July 31st. October 16th, brigade organization dissolved. October 28th, ordered to Hawkinsville, Ga. November 25th, the regiment was ordered to Savannah, Ga., via Macon, Atlanta and Augusta, where it remained, December 31st, 1865. Mustered out January 20th, 1866, at Savannah, Ga., and ordered to Springfield, Ill., where it received final pay and discharge.

Lieutenant Colonel Giles H. Bush, com. Captain Co. A, Feb. 18, 1865. Promoted Major Feb. 20, 1865. Promoted Lieutenant Colonel July 13, 1865. Mustered out Jan. 24, 1866.

Company A.

Captain Jas. H. Reynolds, com. First Lieutenant Feb. 18, 1865. Promoted Captain March 13, 1865. Mustered out Jan. 20, 1866.

First Lieutenant E. B. Day, com. Second Lieutenant Feb. 18, 1865. Promoted First Lieutenant March 13, 1865. Mustered out Jan. 20, 1866.

Second Lieutenant Smith T. Harding, e. as First Sergeant Feb. 4, 1865. Promoted Second Lieutenant March 13, 1865. Absent, sick at muster-out of Regiment.

Sergt. Judson A. Ellison, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866, as First Sergt.

Sergt. Geo. S. Rice, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. May 16, 1865.

Sergt. Geo. Brown, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Sergt. Thos. R. Heald, e. Feb. 4, '65, m. o. Jan. 20, '66, as private.

Corpl. B. Swarthout, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, '66, as Sergt.

Corpl. Rainbow Charles, e. Feb. 4, '65, m. o. Jan. 20, '66.

Corpl. Wm. Phillips, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, '66.

Corpl. N. C. Haven, e. Feb. 4, '65, m. o. Jan. 20, '66, Sergt.

Corpl. Wm. B. Brown, e. Feb. 4, '64, m. o. Jan. 20, '66.

Corpl. S. L. Austin, e. Feb. 4, 1865, prom. Com. Sergt.

Corpl. Geo. Thayer, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, '66.

Corpl. R. S. Tucker, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, '66.

Musician Wm. E. Jayne, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866, as private.

Musician Stephen Norcross, e. Feb. 4, 1865, prom.

Principal Musician.

Wagoner Sam'l Tuttle, e. Feb. 4, '65, m. o. May 17, '65.

Alverson H. B. e. Feb. 4, '64, m. o. Jan. 20, '66, Corpl.

Austin John B. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Ashford Alfred, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Ashford Albert, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Burch Clinton, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Bristol L. D. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Brown Eli, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Bambo John, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Bush Giles H. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Chamberlain Albert, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, '66.

Cowdreyman I. J. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Crosley F. L. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Corcoran Jas. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Cushman Wm. G. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Cushman Chas. W. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Carr Geo. N. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Collins M. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Davis Sidney, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Dobson Thos. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Dame Geo. E. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Dickerson J. L. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Earley W. J. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Evans Geo. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Fittamoose C. H. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Ford Royal F. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Oct. 30, 1865.

Fairgrieve Jas. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. May 16, 1865.

Fisher Jas. M. e. Feb. 7, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Glendon S. E. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Giddings Jas. D. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Graves Thos. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Gubbins Wm. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Gilman John R. e. Feb. 4, 1865, deserted Feb. 20, 1865.
 Grimmatt Thos. e. Feb. 4, '65, m. o. Jan. 20, '66, Corpl.
 Gray Albert, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Grummon Geo. H. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Oct. 21, 1865.
 Higgins Timothy, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Heald J. S. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Higginbotham Thos. e. Feb. 4, '65, m. o. Jan. 20, '66.
 Hall Robt. H. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Halagus Henry, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Ingersoll Chas. H. e. Feb. 4, 1875, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Jones Wm. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Johnson John C. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Jones Benj. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Kesler Jeremiah, e. Feb. 9, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Kellner Amos, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Ken edy Guy T. e. Feb. 5, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Levitt John, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Lamont David, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Lake Geo. W. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Leffingwell Bird, e. Feb. 4, '65, m. o. Jan. 20, '66, Corpl.
 Lippett L. C. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Lighthart John H. e. Feb. 4, 1862, m. o. Jan. 20, 1865.
 Lighthart Henry, e. Feb. 4, 1862, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Luther Wm. H. e. Feb. 4, 1866, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Monks Wm. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Murphy A. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. May 17, 1865.
 Montcrieff David, e. Feb. 4, 1865, disd. Sept. 15, 1865.
 McNeles Andrew, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Maynard H. H. e. Feb. 5, 1865, sick at m. o. of regt.
 Norcross I. M. e. Feb. 4, '65, m. o. Jan. 20, '65, Music'n.
 Obiatt John S. e. Feb. 4, 1865, absent sick at m. o.
 Patterson Jas. H. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Putnam Hosea B. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Pamull E. C. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Pearson Chas. e. Feb. 6, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Post W. W. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866, Corpl.
 Pearson H. L. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Powers Alonzo, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Rhodes F. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Steere D. R. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Spurr Rufus, e. Feb. 5, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Scherer Edw. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Soverin John R. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Tiffany Wm. A. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Timmins Thos. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Turner Wm. H. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1865.
 Upston Henry, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Wilson Wm. B. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Wood Guy, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Williams John, e. Feb. 7, 1865, m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

153d Infantry (one year.)

The One Hundred and Fifty third Infantry Illinois Volunteers was organized at Camp Fry, Illinois, by Colonel Stephen Bronson, and was mustered in February 27, 1865, for one year. On March 4th, moved, by rail, *via* Louisville and Nashville, to Tullahoma, reporting to Major General Millroy. The regiment was assigned to the Second Brigade, Defenses of Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad. Brevet Brigadier General Dudley commanding Brigade. In the latter part of March, Major Wilson, with three companies, went on a campaign into Alabama and returned. On July 1st, moved, *via* Nashville and Louisville, to Memphis, Tennessee, and was assigned to the command of Brevet Major General A. L. Chetlain. Was mustered out September 15, 1865, and moved to Springfield, Illinois, and September 24th, received final pay and discharge. Colonel Bronson received appointment as Brevet Brigadier General.

Second Assistant Surgeon Amos Scott, com. May 27, 1865. Mustered out Sept. 21, 1865.

Principal Musician A. M. Thompson, e. Feb. 14, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.

Company A.

Corpl. Chas. C. Coon, e. Feb. 16, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865, as Sergt.

PRIVATEs.

Brown Horace, e. Feb. 7, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Beattie Daniel, e. Feb. 6, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Ballard Benj. e. Feb. 6, 1865, m. o. Aug. 25, 1865.

Benton Geo. e. Feb. 4, '65, on furlough since Aug. 25, '65.
 Clay C. M. e. Feb. 16, 1865, m. o. Oct. 16, 1865.
 Dana Jos. C. e. Feb. 7, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Fackrele H. C. e. Feb. 16, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Hobson Robt. e. Feb. 6, 1865, m. o. July 20, 1865.
 Myers Uriah, e. Feb. 2, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Newton A. J. e. Feb. 6, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Rhodes Henry, e. Feb. 2, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Swiverly Jacob, e. Feb. 20, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Shaw R. R. e. Feb. 2, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Towsley M. D. e. Feb. 6, 1865, sick at m. o.
 Turner H. H. e. Feb. 22, '65, m. o. Sept. 21, '65, Sergt.
 Toal A. H. e. Feb. 16, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Trowbridge H. H. e. Feb. 1, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Waddell Walter, e. Feb. 6, 1865, died July 15, 1865.
 Zilley Wm. C. e. Feb. 16, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.

Company C.

First Lieutenant Michael J. Dunne, com. Feb. 27, 1865.
 Mustered out Sept. 21, 1865.
 Biesterfield Henry, e. Feb. 18, 1865, m. o. Aug. 12, '65.

Company F.

Bishop Albert, e. Feb. 22, 1865, deserted Feb. 26, 1865.
 Gordon Charles, e. Feb. 22, 1865, deserted Feb. 26, 1865.

Company G.

Captain Jonathan E. Brown, com. Feb. 27, 1865. Mustered out Sept. 21, 1865.
 First Lieutenant Alanson Fairham, com. Feb. 27, 1865. Mustered out Sept. 21, 1865.
 Second Lieutenant Fernando C. Brown, com. Feb. 27, 1865. Mustered out Sept. 21, 1865.
 First Sergt. Wm. T. Noll, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Se. gt. Jos. W. Gilman, e. Feb. 14, '65, m. o. Sept. 21, '65.
 Sergt. Chas. H. Stephens, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Corpl. A. Wortman, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. May 25, 1865.
 Corpl. Edw. A. Hartley, e. Feb. 4, 1865, sick at m. o.
 Corpl. Geo. Gilbert, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, '65.
 Corpl. Wm. M. Newkirk, e. Feb. 4, '65, m. o. Sept. 21, '65.
 Corpl. H. F. Stewart, e. Feb. 4, '65, m. o. Sept. 21, '65.
 Corpl. R. R. Dowd, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, '65.
 Musician A. M. Thompson, e. Feb. 14, 1865, promoted Drum Major.
 Musician T. V. Dowd, e. Feb. 14, '65, m. o. Sept. 21, '65.

Bates A. N. e. Feb. 28, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Banks Ambrose, e. Feb. 8, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Burton Chester, e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Bennett Horace, e. Feb. 7, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Bander Geo. M. e. Feb. 14, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Cormany Henry, e. Feb. 17, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Cole Alfred, e. Feb. 18, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Cross A. B. e. Feb. 14, 1865, m. o. Aug. 18, 1865.
 Dwan James, e. Feb. 14, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Fountain James M. e. Feb. 14, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, '65.
 Fassett Louis, e. Feb. 14, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Flynn John, e. Feb. 14, 1865, sick at m. o. of regt.
 Garner John, e. Feb. 14, 1865, m. o. Aug. 30, 1865.
 Granger A. E. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Garver M. M. e. Feb. 14, 1865, m. o. June 8, 1865.
 Hewett Fdw. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Hebard Henry, e. Feb. 28, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Keys Fred. e. Feb. 8, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Makeaney Wm. H. e. Feb. 14, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, '65.
 Morrill Dan. e. Feb. 8, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Matheson A. e. Feb. 14, 1865, m. o. June 1, 1865.
 Medbery Jos. N. e. Feb. 18, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Putnam M. K. e. Feb. 14, 1865, on sick furlough at m. o.
 Price Wm. e. Feb. 22, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Pitts Harris, e. Feb. 14, 1865, sick at m. o.
 Rittenhouse Amos, e. Feb. 8, '65, on sick furlough at m. o.
 Randall Wm. H. e. Feb. 14, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Simpson Chas. H. e. Feb. 22, 1865, m. o. Sept. 22, 1865.
 Shumway R. e. Feb. 4, 1865, m. o. July 26, 1865.
 Shane Jno. H. e. Feb. 7, 1865, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Seaton Wm. S. e. Feb. 7, 1866, m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Scott Amos, e. Feb. 28, 1865, prmt. Assistant Surgeon.
 Todd Geo. e. Feb. 8, 1865, sick at m. o.
 Whipple B. T. e. Feb. 14, 1865, m. o. June 8, 1865.

Company I.

First Lieutenant Philip Carr, com. Feb. 27, 1865. Re-signed June 7, 1865.

First Lieutenant Jacob T. Glenn, com. Second Lieutenant Feb. 27, 1865. Promoted First Lieutenant June 22, 1865. Mustered out Sept. 21, 1865.

Miscellaneous Infantry.

17th Infantry.

Major Frank F. Peets, com. Captain Co. B, July 3, 1861. Promoted Major April 25, 1862. Term expired June 18, 1864.

22d Infantry.

Second Lieutenant Edward M. McCarty, e. as private, June 25, 1861. Promoted Second Lieutenant Jan. 24, 1862. Resigned June 13, 1862.

23d Consolidated Infantry.

First Lieutenant Everitt H. Bierer, com. March 24, 1865. Mustered out July 24, 1865.
Sergt. Dewitt C. Harris, e. Mch. 2, '65, m.o. July 24, '65.
Sergt. Eustice C. Parker, e. Mch. 2, '65, m.o. July 24, '65.
Corpl. Jno. W. Northcraft, e. Mch. 2, '65, m.o. July 19, '65.
Hecker Jas. G. e. March 2, 1865, m. o. July 19, 1865.
King Ira A. e. March 2, 1865, m. o. June 12, 1865.
Smith Robt. F. e. March 2, 1865, m.o. July 24, 1865.

25th Infantry.

Surgeon Jos. Blount, com. Jan. 15, 1862, Resigned Dec. 11, 1863.
Surgeon Inter S. Clark, com. First Assistant Surgeon, March 1, 1863. Promoted Surgeon Dec. 11, 1863. Term expired Sept. 5, 1864.

26th Infantry.

McIntosh Wm. a. Aug. 15, '62, disd. Apl. 16, '65, term ex.
Messinger Jer. e. Jan. 1, '64, m.o. July 20, '65, as Sergt.

28th Consolidated Infantry.

Wyatt Wm. e. Dec. 4, 1863, m. o. March 15, 1866.

33d Infantry.

Catlin F. A. e. Aug. 21, 1861, re-enlisted as vet., m. o. Nov. 24, 1865.
Crocker C. M. r. Aug. 21, '61, disd. Aug. 19, '64, disab.
Corwin W. F. r. Aug. 21, 1861, m. o. Jan. 1, 1863.
Muray F. M. e. Aug. 21, '61, died at home, Dec. 8, '63.
Whitney H. A. e. Aug. 21, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. m. o. Nov. 24, 1865, as Sergt.

39th Infantry.

Nasson Adam C. e. Nov. 19, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1, 1864, disd. Jan. 16, 1865.

42d Infantry.

Chaplain G. L. S. Staff, com. July 22, 1861. Resigned Sept. 15, 1864.

54th Infantry.

Davidson Daniel, e. March 1, 1865, m. o. Oct. 15, 1865.
Renow Wm. F. e. March 1, 1865, m. o. Oct. 15, 1865.
Winter Jas. B. e. March 1, 1865, m. o. Oct. 15, 1865.

55th Infantry.

Captain Nicholas Augasen, e. Oct. 8, 1861. Promoted Corporal, then Second Lieutenant Co. H, July 1, 1862. Promoted Captain Feb. 9, 1863. Mustered out June 17, 1865.

64th Infantry.

Second Lieutenant Geo. A. Caine, com. Dec. 16, 1861. Resigned Sept. 3, 1862.

64th Infantry.

Wright Richard, e. Sept. 14, '61, deserted April 14, '62.

65th Infantry (Three Months).

Hervin Wm. e. March 31, 1864, m. o. July 13, 1865.
McLean Locklin, e. March 31, 1864, m. o. July 13, '65.
Shephard Ewd. e. March 31, 1864, m. o. July 13, 1865.

108th Infantry.

Surgeon Azro E. Goodwin, com. Feb. 28, 1863, resigned Aug. 7, 1863.

132d Infantry (100 Days).

Quartermaster Hiram R. Enoch, com. May 4, 1864, m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
Corpl. Henry E. Hurd, e. May 17, '64, m.o. Oct. 17, '64.
Corpl. Wm. A. Miller, e. May 19, 1864, m.o. Oct. 17, '64.
Wagoner Hiram H. Hurd, e. May 17, '64, m.o. Oct. 17, '64.

134th Infantry.

Sergt. H. S. Quackenbush, e. May 20, 1864, m. o. Oct. 25, 1864, as 1st Sergt.
Garland Edwin, e. May 12, 1864, m. o. Oct. 25, 1864.
Corpl. Wm. P. Brown, e. May 16, '64, m.o. Oct. 25, '64.
Andrews Dexter, e. May 14, 1864, m. o. Oct. 25, 1864.
Dane Geo. E. e. May 26, 1864, m. o. Oct. 25, 1864.
Farnum F. L. e. May 14, 1864, m. o. Oct. 25, 1864.
Fitzsimmons C. H. e. May 14, '64, m. o. Oct. 25, 1864.
Gerber Henry, e. May 11, 1864, m. o. Oct. 25, 1864.
Moore Clement, e. May 20, 1864, m. o. Oct. 25, 1864.
Torrey David, e. May 14, 1864, m. o. Oct. 25, 1864.

140th Infantry (100 Days).

First Sergt. Oscar L. Davis, e. April 28, 1864, m. o. Oct. 29, 1864.
Corpl. W. F. Sawyer, e. May 20, 1864, Oct. 29, 1864.
Paddock S. D. e. April 28, 1864, m. o. Oct. 29, 1864.
Thorn A. C. e. May 20, 1864, m. o. Oct. 29, 1864.

142d Infantry (100 Days).

Mealio Aug. W. e. May 2, 1864, m. o. Oct. 26, 1864.
Merrill W. e. May 2, 1864, m. o. Oct. 26, 1864.
Monteith J. D. S. e. May 2, 1864, m. o. Oct. 26, 1864.
Murdaugh Thos. e. May 1, 1864, died at Chicago, Oct. 9, 1864.
Shields Jos. W. e. May 2, 1864, m. o. Oct. 26, 1864.
Smith Jacob, e. May 24, 1864, m. o. Oct. 26, 1864.
Wilson Chas. M. e. May 20, 1864, m. o. Oct. 26, 1864.

151st Infantry (One Year).

Second Asst. Surg. Frederick Cole, com. March 13, 1865, m. o. Jan. 24, 1866.

152d Infantry (One Year).

First Asst. Surg. Edward P. Catlin, com. Feb. 25, '65, m. o. Sept. 11, 1865.

154th Infantry (One Year).

Lient. Col. Moses C. Brown, com. Feb. 22, 1865, dishonorably dismissed May 18, 1865.

156th Infantry (One Year).

Kelly John, e. Feb. 24, 1865, deserted March 14, 1865.
Keele Wm. e. March 2, 1865, m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
Mount Josiah H. e. March 2, 1865, m. o. Sept. 20, '65.
Mount James H. e. March 2, 1865, m. o. Sept. 20, '65.
Mooney Jas. C. e. March 2, 1865, m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
William Levi M. e. March 2, 1865, sick at m. o. 1egt.
First Lieutenant Jabez Jennings, e. Feb. 28, 1865, com. Second Lieutenant, but not mustered. Mustered out Sept. 20, 1865, as First Sergeant.
Second Lieutenant B. G. Jennings, e. Feb. 28, 1865. Promoted Second Lieutenant June 28, 1865. Mustered out Sept. 20, 1865.
Corpl. A. C. Thorne, e. Feb. 28, '65, m. o. Sept. 28, '65.
Corpl. Enoch Marchant, e. Feb. 28, '65, m.o. Sept. 28, '65.
Corpl. T. G. Holcomb, e. Feb. 28, '65, m.o. Sept. 28, '65.
Lane E. F. e. Feb. 28, 1865, m. o. Sept. 28, 1865.
Zimmer Jacob S. e. Feb. 28, 1865, m. o. Aug. 25, 1865.
Zimmer Wm. W. e. Feb. 28, 1865, m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
Corpl. Chas. Thomas, e. Feb. 27, '65, m.o. Sept. 20, '65.

8th Cavalry.

The 8th Cavalry was organized at St. Charles, Sept., 1861, by Col. J. F. Farnsworth. October, moved to Washington, D. C., and operated in Virginia, and was in many engagements, including Manassas, battles of Peninsula, Antietam, etc., etc. Was in advance of Army of Potomac in fall of 1862. Loss, 29 killed; 71 wounded; 20 missing. During the campaign of 1861, was in some 25 engagements and skirmishes. Loss, 23 killed; 115 wounded; and 57 missing. Was mustered out at Benton Barracks, Mo., July 17, 1865.

Company A.

Bucker Geo. W. e. Nov. 6, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Cheeney H. W. e. Jan. 16, 1864, m. o. June 20, 1865.
Harr John, e. Dec. 9, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865.
McManus Chas. e. Nov. 30, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Milligan John J. e. Jan. 22, 1864, trans. to Co. H, m. o. Aug. 7, 1865.

Company B.

Andrew Andre, e. Oct. 3, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Atwood Hiram, e. Oct. 3, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Allison Jas. B. e. Dec. 5, '63, disd. May 18, 1865, disab.
Bruner Jos. e. Oct. 3, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Collins Geo. e. Oct. 3, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Coop Peter, e. Oct. 3, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Chase John, e. Oct. 3, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Eggleston Wm. e. Oct. 3, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Gillespie Jas. e. Oct. 3, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Hatch A. e. Oct. 3, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Johnson Chas. e. Aug. 3, 1864, m. o. July 8, 1865.
Kent E. e. Feb. 9, 1865, m. o. July 8, 1865.
Ludwig Christian, e. Oct. 3, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Morse Job, e. Oct. 3, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Montgomery John, e. Feb. 14, 1865, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Peterson Perry W. e. Sept. 23, 1864, m. o. June 21, '65.
Wiley John M. e. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. July 17, '65, Corpl.
Wright Chas. P. e. Oct. 3, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Wood Jas. e. Oct. 3, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.

Company E.

First Lieutenant Amasa E. Dana, com. Second Lieutenant Sept. 10, 1862. Promoted First Lieutenant Dec. 5, 1862. Resigned July 4, 1864.

Company F.

First Lieutenant Edward S. Smith, com. Sept. 18, 1861. Resigned.

Thatcher Wm. H. e. Oct. 1, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Nov. 30, '63, died at Washington, D. C., Mch. 12, '64.

Company L.

Captain Amasa E. Dana, com. First Lieutenant Sept. 18, 1861. Promoted Captain Jan. 8, 1862. Resigned July 5, 1862.
First Lieutenant Aaron W. Runkle, com. Second Lieutenant Sept. 18, 1864. Promoted First Lieutenant Dec. 18, 1864. Drowned June 28, 1865.
Second Lieutenant Austin C. Lowry, e. as First Sergeant Aug. 31, 1861. Promoted Second Lieutenant Jan. 8, 1862. Resigned July 15, 1862.
Second Lieutenant Benj. F. Lee, e. as private. Promoted Sergeant, then Second Lieutenant, Dec. 28, 1864. Mustered out July 17, 1865.
Sergt. Job Trenholm, e. Sept. 16, 1861, disd. Nov. 7, 1861, disab.
Corpl. J. E. Richardson, e. Sept. 17, 1861, Sergt., disd. Sept. 18, 1863, for promotion in col'd regt.
Corpl. Levi Obidere, e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Oct. 6, '62.
Corpl. Chauncy Consulius, e. Sept. 12, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Nov. 30, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865, Sergt.
Bugler Jas. H. Ewing, e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Sept. 26, 1864, term ex.
Aikens Henry, e. Sept. 7, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Nov. 30, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865, as Corpl.
Bealzer Peter, e. Sept. 14, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Nov. 30, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865, as blacksmith.
Calkins Frank, e. Aug. 30, 1861, m. o. Sept. 28, 1865.
Dunham Chas. L. e. Sept. 12, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Nov. 30, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865, as blacksmith.

Davis John E. e. Sept. 16, 1861, deserted Sept. 1, 1862.
Dodge Sam'l S. e. Sept. 17, '61, disd. Aug. 12, '62, wds.
Evans Jas. e. Sept. 13, 1861, kld. Beyerly Ford, Va., June 9, 1863.
Evans David, e. Sept. 13, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Nov. 30, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865, as Sergt.
Fish Robt. e. Sept. 16, 1861, died June 21, 1862.
Fish Geo. e. Sept. 16, 1861, disd. Sept. 26, 1864.
Force A. C. e. Sept. 16, 1861.
Horton R. C. e. Sept. 7, 1861, kld. Culpepper, Va., Nov. 8, 1863.
McLain L. e. Sept. 3, 1861, disd. May 10, 1862.
Platt Chas. e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. May 4, 1862.
Peasley Jas. J. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Nov. 30, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Sniveley Wm. R. e. Sept. 17, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Nov. 30, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865.

Armsby Jas. K. e. Sept. 30, 1861.
Archer Geo. e. Sept. 30, '61, m. o. Sept. 28, '64, as Sergt.
Burke Luke, e. Sept. 23, 1861, m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.
Baird Martin L. e. Sept. 26, 1861, m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.
Bennett Eugene S. e. Jan. 26, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Briggs K. J. e. Feb. 26, 1864, died March 15, 1865.
Case Mahlon, e. Feb. 1, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Dunning Geo. e. Sept. 26, 1862, re-enlisted as vet. Nov. 30, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Greely Chas. F. e. Sept. 26, 1862, m. o. June 21, 1865.
Hawn Peter, e. Sept. 26, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Nov. 30, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Mesick Jacob, e. Nov. 10, 1863, m. o. July 17, '65, vet.
McConnell Orlando, e. Dec. 21, 1863, m. o. July 17, '65.
Platt Augustus, e. Sept. 30, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865, as Sergt.
Packard James H. e. Jan. 26, 1864, m. o. July 17, '65.
Rumelhart Geo. e. Jan. 20, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Steele O. J. e. Sept. 26, 1861, disd. May 4, 1862.
Strail H. A. e. Sept. 26, 1861, m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.
Steele Andrew J. e. Sept. 26, 1861, m. o. June 21, '65.
Welty Calvin, e. Oct. 1, 1862, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865, as Co. Q. M. Sergt.
Welty Jeff, e. Jan. 20, 1862, m. o. July 17, 1865.

Company M.

Captain John Austin, com. Sept. 18, 1861. Resigned.
Captain Andrew J. Martin, com. First Lieutenant Sept. 18, 1861. Commissioned Captain March 2, 1862. Resigned Oct. 24, 1862.
Captain John Sargent, com. Second Lieutenant Nov. 1, 1862. Promoted First Lieutenant April 27, '64. Promoted Captain July 8, 1864. Mustered out July 17, 1865.
First Lieutenant Elisha Brown, e. as First Sergeant Sept. 3, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant March 2, 1862. Dishonorably discharged April 27, 1864.
First Lieutenant Adam C. Fowler, e. as veteran Nov. 30, 1863. Promoted First Sergeant; then Second Lieutenant, April 27, 1864. Promoted First Lieutenant July 8, 1864. Mustered out July 17, 1865.
Co. Q. M. Sergt. N. H. Putnam, e. Sept. 3, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
Sergt. Robt. Van Sickler, e. Sept. 3, 1861, disd. April 17, 1862, disab.
Sergt. H. M. Skinner, e. Sept. 3, 1861, disd. April 17, 1862, disab.
Sergt. Wm. Putnam, e. Sept. 3, 1861, re-enlisted as vet. Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865, as Sergt.
Corpl. Wm. H. Skeel, e. Sept. 17, 1861, disd. Dec. 14, 1861, disab.
Collins Chas. e. Sept. 17, '61, disd. Oct. 18, '62, disab.
Crawford A. E. e. Sept. 17, 1861, vet., m. o. July 17, 1865, as wagoner.
Deane S. F. e. Sept. 17, '61, vet., m. o. July 17, '65, Sgt.
Deane Chester H. e. Sept. 17, '61, vet., m. o. July 17, 1865, as Corpl.
Fuller E. B. e. Sept. 12, '61, vet., m. o. July 17, '65, Corpl.
Fader N. e. Sept. 9, 1861, vet., m. o. July 17, '65, Corpl.
Fisher David A. e. Sept. 3, 1861, m. o. Sept. 28, 1864, as 1st Sergt.
John Kimberr L. e. Sept. 9, 1861, vet., m. o. July 17, 1865, as 1st Sergt.
John Cephas D. e. Sept. 9, '61, disd. Dec. 7, '61, disab.
McCulloch Isaac, e. Sept. 11, '61, m. o. Sept. 28, '64, Sgt.
McCaser Tyrus, e. Sept. 3, '61, disd. May, '62, disab.
Morrell Amos, e. Sept. 3, 1861, disd. in 1863, disab.
Pickering G. M. e. Sept. 17, 1861, sick at m. o. regt.
Swan Lyman, e. Sept. 11, '61, disd. Dec. 29, '62, disab.
Stiles Wm. D. e. Sept. 17, '61, disd. Sept. 26, '62, disab.

Taffemire W. e. Sept. 3, 1861, vet., m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Temple Chas. A. e. Sept. 15, '61, disd. Feb. 15, '62, disab.
 Young Alexander, e. Sept. 17, 1861, m. o. July 17, '65.
 Boyington Robt. e. Sept. 23, '61, disd. Mch. 6, '62, Sergt.
 Brown Frederick, e. —, m. o. Sept. 28, 1864, Sergt.
 Babcock Benj. e. Sept. 23, 1861, disd. Oct. 7, '62, disab.
 Burritt Rufus J. e. Feb. 3, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Bryan Wm. N. e. Dec. 14, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Barber H. E. e. Dec. 3, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Brown Hiram K. e. Nov. 20, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Barnes Horace, e. Feb. 23, 1864, died June 2, 1864.
 Burdick Henry, e. Sept. 2, 1863, kld. Nov. 11, 1864.
 Bartlett Frank P. e. Sept. 2, 1864, m. o. June 21, 1865.
 Clark Jas. M. e. Sept. 25, 1861, m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.
 Crooker Philip, e. Sept. 25, '63, disd. Oct. 18, '62, disab.
 Campbell Frank H. e. Sept. 21, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet.
 Crooker A. E. e. Sept. 23, 1861, m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.
 Capp John F. e. Sept. 20, 1861, disd. in 1863, disab.
 Carson A. I. e. Feb. 1, 1864, Vet., m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Clark Benj. e. Sept. 5, 1864, m. o. June 22, 1865.
 Chamberlain Day W. e. Spt. 5, 1864, m. o. June 21, '65.
 Dennison E. A. e. Sept. 25, 1861, disd. Feb. 28, '—, disab.
 Davis Wm. H. e. Feb. 8, 1864, disd. May 26, '65, disab.
 Easterley H. E. e. Sept. 3, 1864, kld. Nov. 11, 1864.
 Felmy Wm. S. e. Sept. 23, 1861, disd. in 1862, disab.
 Fuller E. B. e. Feb. 26, 1865, m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Goodwin Wm., e. Aug. 24, 1864, m. o. June 21, 1865,
 Blacksmith.
 Huges Edward, e. Sept. 30, 1861, died in Libby prison.
 Dec. 30, 1863, while prisoner of war.
 Hewlett Luke, m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.
 Hodges Benj. e. Feb. 20, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Hemenway S. S. e. Dec. 2, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Hays Geo. e. Feb. 22, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Hemenway Jacob C. e. Dec. 2, 1863, disd. Sept. 13,
 1864, disab.
 Hewett Samuel, e. Sept. 2, 1864, m. o. June 21, 1865.
 Hudson Wm. e. Sept. 23, 1864, m. o. June 21, 1865.
 Kesler Michael, e. Sept. 20, '61, disd. Feb. 15, '62, disab.
 Knapp Chas. e. Dec. 28, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Kilburn Jas. H. e. Sept. 1, 1863, m. o. June 21, 1865.
 Luck Christian, e. Sept. 6, 1864, m. o. June 21, 1865.
 Mills Geo. e. Sept. 22, 1861, m. o. Oct. 11, 1865.
 Makepeace Wm. e. Sept. 20, 1861, Vet., m. o. July 17, '65.
 Neimier Henry, e. Sept. 6, 1864, m. o. June 21, 1865.
 Preston Chas. W. e. Sept. 22, 1861, died at Anderson-
 ville prison, March 8, 1864.
 Palmer Chas. e. Dec. 8, 1863, Vet., m. o. July 17, 1865,
 as Corpl.
 Peterson H. e. Feb. 10, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Prescott Chas. e. Jan. 29, 1864, m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Page Russell L. e. Sept. 2, 1864, m. o. June 21, 1865.
 Redington C. H. e. Sept. 1, '64, m. o. June 21, '65, sub.
 Redington D. A. e. Aug. 16, 1864, m. o. June 21, 1865.
 Skinner M. H., disd. in 1861, disab.
 Smith Jos. S. e. Dec. 9, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865, Vet.
 Smith Wm. H. e. Dec. 21, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Stile Win. D. e. Dec. 28, 1863, m. o. July 17, 1865, Vet.
 Seaton Willard, e. Dec. 30, 1863, died Feb. 27, 1864.
 Schinimelpfimming F. e. Sept. 6, 1864, m. o. June 21, '65.
 Turkington Sam'l A. e. Sept. 23, '61, disd. Dec. 4, '62.
 Wilson Jared, e. Sept. 20, 1861, Vet., m. o. July 17,
 1865, as Sergt.
 Wattles Orlando, e. Sept. 2, '64, m. o. June 21, '65, sub.
 Baker Jno. W. e. Sept. 28, 1864, rejected.
 Dillen Jas. e. Sept. 26, 1864.
 Driver M. e. Sept. 6, 1864.
 Field Thos. R. e. Sept. 26, 1864.
 Fisher Wm. e. Sept. 2, 1864.
 Hays Gilbert, e. Sept. 6, 1864, sub.
 Lombard Thos. e. Sept. 26, 1864.
 Rhoades M. e. Jan. 5, 1864.

11th Cavalry.

Company I.

Courson Edwin B. e. Feb. 8, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865,
 as Corpl.
 Courson Jno. R. e. Feb. 8, '65, m. o. Sept. 30 '65, Corpl.
 Frazer Wm. B. e. Feb. 6, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Hopkins Luther S. e. Feb. 8, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Hoffman A. M. e. Feb. 6, 1865, m. o. May 17, 1865.
 Latham Henry A. e. Feb. 6, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Levings Thos. G. e. Feb. 6, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Levings Geo. W. e. Feb. 6, 1865, m. o. May 27, 1865.
 Mohr A. D. e. Feb. 6, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Mayes Jas. O. e. Feb. 6, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.

Ogilby Edw. L. e. Feb. 6, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Rorebeck C. H. e. Feb. 6, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Taylor Jas. M. e. March 3, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Wheeler Frank, e. March 3, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.

Company L.

Atkinson John M. e. Feb. 8, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Bettis Augustus, e. Feb. 8, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Bryden Jas. W. e. Feb. 7, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Brown S. e. Feb. 7, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Briggs Frederick, e. Feb. 7, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Barker Hiram A. e. Feb. 7, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Collins Henry, e. Feb. 7, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Condon M. A. 1. Feb. 27, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Cook Samuel, e. Feb. 6, 1865, m. o. May 18, 1865.
 Corcoran John e. Feb. 27, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Eastman Samuel, e. Feb. 17, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Gokev Jos. e. Feb. 7, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Henry Merritt, e. Feb. 7, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Martin Horace E. e. Feb. 7, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Moon Theron, e. Feb. 7, 1865, m. o. May 24, 1865.
 Twogord R. B. e. Feb. 7, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Washburn H. C. e. Feb. 7, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 Whalen Daniel, e. Feb. 27, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.

11th Cavalry.

Company M.

McMillan D. L. e. Feb. 14, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.
 McRae Martin, e. Feb. 13, 1865, m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.

Darville John C. e. Jan. 25, 1865, m. o. May 23, 1865.
 Eaton Jos. e. Jan. 31, 1865, disd. May 21, 1865.
 Emerson D. F. e. Jan. 31, 1865, disd. May 21, 1865.
 McAvoy Frank, e. Jan. 25, 1865.
 Pitney Wm. J. e. Feb. 13, 1865.

12th Cavalry.

Was organized by Col. Aro Voss, in March, 1862, and
 mustered into the United States' service Feb. 1st, and
 proceeded immediately to Virginia and immediately
 participated in several minor engagements, in all of
 which the Twelfth came out victorious. At Harper's
 Ferry, when the place was entirely surrounded, the
 Twelfth had permission to cut through the enemy's
 lines, which it did, and surprised and captured 112
 wagons loaded with ammunition and provisions, 100
 beef cattle, and 50 prisoners. The loss of the regiment
 in this brilliant feat was 50 men. The Twelfth was
 constantly on the move, harrassing the enemy and cap-
 turing its trains, and picking up small bands of the
 enemy. It shared in the following battles: Aldie,
 June 20, 1863; Upperville, June 22; Gettysburg,
 July 1st, 2d, and 3d; Boonesboro, July 5th; Burevola,
 July 7th; Funkstown, July 8th; Williamsport, July
 10th; Jones' Cross Roads, July 11th; Falling Waters,
 July 17th; Chester Gap, July 28th; Rappahannock, Aug.
 3d; Culpepper C. H., Aug. 24th; Raccoon Ford,
 Aug. 27th; Madison C. H., Sept. 12th; Germania Ford,
 Oct. 10th; Stevensburg, Oct. 13th; and Brentsville,
 Oct. 17th.

At the close of the campaign of 1863, the reg ment
 was sent to Chicago, to recruit and reorganize. It im-
 mediately filled to maximum, and on Feb. 9, 1864, left
 for St. Louis, 1,250 strong. It thence moved to New
 Orleans, and joined in the Red River expedition. Was
 in action at Alexandria, La., Markville, Yellow Bayou,
 and Morgamzia. Returned to New Orleans June 1st;
 thence to Napoleonville, La. In October, marched to
 Baton Rouge. Was moved to Vicksburg, Memphis,
 into Arkansas, and through Northern Louisiana, and
 back to Memphis, Feb. 14, 1865, during which time it
 had many encounters with the enemy, doing noble ser-
 vice for its country. Here 120 officers and 200 men left
 the regiment, on account of expiration of service, and
 the regiment was reduced to eight companies.

The Twelfth continued to do effective service until
 May 29, 1866, when it was mustered out of service.

Company A.

Captain Philip E. Fisher, com. First Lieutenant Feb.
 28, 1862, Promoted Captain Sept. 4, 1862. Dis-
 charged for promotion Jan. 27, 1864.

First Lieutenant Jos. E. Fisher, e. as private Dec. 1, 1861. Promoted Sergeant, then First Lieutenant, Jan. 27, 1864. Term expired March 2, 1865.
 Second Lieutenant Frederick Blaisdell, e. as First Sergeant Dec. 14, 1861. Promoted Second Lieutenant Sept. 4, 1862. Resigned Jan. 2, 1864.
 Sergt. H. B. Woodruff, e. Nov. 29, 1861, disd. March 10, 1864, disab.
 Sergt. E. H. Newton, e. Jan. 5, '62, trans. Inv. Corps.
 Sergt. Ashley Alexander, e. Dec. 5, 1861.
 Sergt. Horace Pomeroy, e. Dec. 13, '61, deserted June 29, 1862.
 Corpl. Wm. C. Redline, e. Nov. 29, 1861, vet., m. o. March 1, 1866.
 Corpl. Henry Adams, e. Jan. 8, 1862, vet.
 Corpl. F. H. Har, e. Dec. 4, 1861, vet.
 Corpl. Fred. Repper, e. Dec. 15, 1861, disd. May, 1862.
 Corpl. Edgar Davis, e. Jan. 7, 1862, vet., discharge not given.
 Corpl. A. B. F. Dobbs, e. Dec. 9, '61, deserted June 27, '62.
 Bugler H. C. Schermerhorn, e. Feb. 18, 1862, prmt. Chief Bugler, m. o. by order War Dep..
 Bugler Henry Harte, e. Dec. 15, 1861.
 Farrier H. M. Blaisdell, e. Dec. 8, '61, disd. Nov., '62.

Aldrich Alva C. e. Nov. 8, 1861, disd. Feb. 19, 1863.
 Abbott Jas. e. Dec. 26, 1861, vet.
 Bessy Anson, e. Nov. 13, 1861, deserted June 1, 1862.
 Byers John, e. May 29, 1861, m. o. March 17, 1865.
 Collins Wm. e. Jan. 7, 1861, vet., deserted Dec. 5, '65.
 Davis Oliver, e. Feb. 28, 1862.
 Dyer Edw. e. Feb. 28, 1862, disd. March, 1863.
 Gleason Jesse A. e. Nov. 8, 1861, deserted June, 1862.
 Hollenbeck T. e. Nov. 16, 1861.
 Hollenbeck Rival, e. Nov. 8, 1861, vet.
 Handlin Franklin. e. Dec. 4, 1861.
 Heald Thos. R. e. Feb. 2, 1862, prmt. veterinary surg.
 Henderson Zina, e. Feb. 28, 1862, disd. March, 1863.
 Kathan N. H. e. Feb. 28, '62, disd. Mar. 10, '64, disab.
 Mosher S. V. e. Nov. 8, 1861, disd. May, 1862.
 Mitchell Noah, e. Nov. 16, 1861, died Sept. 4, '62, wds.
 Murry John, e. Jan. 1, 1862.
 Perry Geo. W. e. Dec. 21, '61, vet., disd. Oct. 2, '64, disab.
 Rodd Wm. e. Jan. 6, 1862, disd. October, 1862.
 Ready Jos. C. e. Jan. 27, '62, vet., deserted July 22, '65.
 Stedman D. D. e. Dec. 23, 1861, m. o. March 20, 1865, term ex.
 Winters Wm. e. Dec. 16, 1861.
 Wyman Chas. L. e. Jan. 8, 1862.

Atkins Louis, e. Dec. 24, 1861, disd. Aug. 28, 1864.
 Brown Elliott L. e. Dec. 12, 1863, m. o. May 29, 1866.
 Cormin Odel H. e. Dec. 12, 1863, died Oct. 8, 1864.
 Champaign P. e. Aug. 12, 1862.
 Crowel H. C. e. Aug. 9, 1862, m. o. June 16, 1865.
 Campbell Wm. A. e. Dec. 11, '63, deserted July 25, '65.
 Cutler James, e. Dec. 8, 1863, m. o. May 29, 1866.
 Conger John D. e. Dec. 11, '63, disd. April 13, '65, disab.
 Dean Martin, ———, disd. Dec. 1862, disab.
 Davis Isaac F. e. May 1, '62, disd. April 30, '65, disab.
 Dobson Geo. e. Sept. 26, 1862.
 Dobson Thos. e. Sept. 25, 1862.
 Eastman Thos. V. e. Dec. 20, 1863.
 Elliott Merritt, e. Dec. 12, 1863, m. o. May 29, 1866.
 Fisher John L. e. Aug. 12, '62, disd. April 18, '63, disab.
 Griffin Geo. W. e. April 4, '62, died Aug. 18, 1864, wds.
 Grimes Jas. T. e. Aug. 19, 1862, m. o. June 16, 1865.
 Goodwin Silas, e. Aug. 19, 1862.
 Handlin John, e. May 1, '62, disd. April 30, '65, term ex.
 Haight W. S. e. Aug. 27, 1862, disd. March, 1863, disab.
 Hill Lorenzo, e. Dec. 11, 1863, drowned Dec. 22, 1864.
 Knapp Chas. L. e. March 5, 1863.
 Loun Perry, e. June 16, 1862, died at New Orleans, Jan. 5, 1865.
 Lyon Oliver, e. April.
 McClintock Robt. e. Sept. 1, m. o. June 16, 1865.
 Nash Chester, e. Aug. 1, 1862, m. o. June 16, 1865.
 Patten Janies, e. Aug. 12, 1862.
 Patten Samuel, e. Aug. 29, 1862, m. o. June 16, 1865.
 Patten Lyman E. e. Aug. 29, 1862, m. o. June 17, 1865.
 Parks John F. e. Nov. 3, 1862, prisoner of war since May, 1863, no other record.
 Proudfit A. J. e. June 16, 1862, deserted March, 1863.
 Pittinger Chas. e. Dec. 11, 1863.
 Rose Thos. C. e. Sept. 29, 1864, m. o. June 16, 1865.
 Rogers Oscar, e. Aug. 16, 1862, died April 26, 1864.
 Snare Chas. W. e. Nov. 1, 1862, m. o. Oct. 31, 1865.
 Smith C. e. Oct. 30, 1862, deserted Dec. 5, 1865.
 Sanders Thos. e. Dec. 12, '63, disd. July 16, 1864, disab.

Townsend Samuel B. e. Aug. 16, 1862, died Aug. 11, '64.
 Tunison David K. e. Nov. 1, 1862, m. o. June 16, 1865.
 Vandyke John C. e. April 25, 1863.
 Ward N. S. e. Aug. 26, 1862.
 Williams Lester W. e. June 23, '62, deserted Aug. 20, '64.

Company D.

Bouck L. D. e. Dec. 29, 1863, disd. for disab.
 Fitzgerald Matthew, e. April 6, '63, m. o. April 5, 1866.
 Smith Henry, e. April 5, 1863.

Company K.

Hamlin David P. e. Nov. 21, '63, deserted July 21, 1865.

12th Cavalry.

Hamsil Robt. e. Dec. 17, 1863, m. o. Dec. 22, 1865.
 Higgenbottom J. e. Dec. 28, '63, deserted Sept. 11, '64.
 Jenkins Frank, e. March 12, 1863, disd.
 Lee Samuel, e. March 12, 1863, deserted.
 Maxwell Thos. e. Dec. 9, 1863, m. o. Dec. 22, 1865.
 Neil Thos. e. Dec. 9, 1863.
 Naylor John, e. Dec. 28, 1863.
 Orr F. D. e. Dec. 28, 1863.
 Quackenbush Geo. W. e. Dec. 15, 1863.
 Randall Jonas M. e. Dec. 29, 1863.
 Yotall Moses, e. Dec. 15, 1863.

12th Cavalry (Consolidated.)

Second Lieutenant Robert Canfield, e. as Corporal. Mustered out May 29, 1866, as Sergeant. Commissioned Second Lieutenant, but not mustered.

17th Cavalry.

The Seventeenth Cavalry Regiment Illinois Volunteers was organized under special authority from the War Department, issued Aug. 12, 1863, to Hon. John F. Farnsworth. The rendezvous was established at St. Charles, Kane County, Illinois. By the approval of the Governor of the State, the Colonelcy of the Regiment was offered John L. Beveridge, then Major in the Eighth Illinois Cavalry, who assumed the work of recruitment and organization, and opened the rendezvous Nov. 15, 1863. Eight companies were mustered in Jan. 22, 1864. Four other companies were mustered in and the organization of the Regiment completed, Feb. 12, 1864. The Regiment was sent to Jefferson Barracks, Mo., where 1,100 sets of horse equipments were received. From there it moved to Alton, Ill., and relieved the Thirteenth Illinois Cavalry in guarding the Military Prison at that place.

Early in June following, the First Battalion was ordered to St. Louis, and the Second Battalion followed immediately. Both being fully mounted were ordered at once to North Missouri District. The First Battalion, Lieutenant Colonel Dennis J. Hynes commanding, proceeded to St. Joseph, Mo., where the commanding officer reported in person to General Fisk, commanding District of North Missouri. The Second Battalion, Major Lucius C. Matlack commanding, was assigned by General C. B. Fisk to the post of Glasgow, Mo. From this period, for four months, the three battalions were separate and remote from each other, and so extended were their movements, that it is impossible to follow them in this brief sketch. They seem to have been all over Missouri after Price's and Jeff. Thompson's Guerilla Bands, following them into Kansas and Arkansas, doing most efficient service.

Major Philip E. Fisher, com. Jan. 27, 1864. Resigned Feb. 18, 1864.

Company B.

Corpl. Mat. Decota, e. Nov. 17, 1863, m. o. Dec. 15, 1865, Farrier.

Company D.

Hunt Wm. J. e. Sept. 28, 1864, m. o. July 5, 1865.
 Hunt Robt. e. Sept. 28, 1864, m. o. July 5, 1865.
 Vascov Van Rennsalaer, e. Sept. 28, '64, m. o. July 21, '65.

Company E.

Henry Jas. e. Sept. 24, 1864, m. o. July 21, 1865.
Murray John, e. Oct. 7, 1864, m. o. Oct. 14, 1865.
Turner J. e. Oct. 1, 1864, m. o. Oct. 5, 1865.
Walze Geo. e. Oct. 1, 1864, m. o. Oct. 5, 1865.

Company F.

Smith J. R. e. Dec. 29, 1863, m. o. Nov. 13, 1865.
Brock Geo. e. Sept. 24, 1864, disd. term expired.
Isbell H. H. e. Sept. 24, 1864, m. o. May 15, 1865.
Orr F. D. m. o. Dec. 18, 1865, blacksmith.

Company H.

Captain Wm. Hebard, com. Jan. 22, 1864. Resigned Dec. 9, 1864.
First Sergt. Alvin S. Butler, e. Nov. 1, 1863, m. o. Dec. 15, 1865, Sergt.
Com. Sergt. Chas. H. Simpson, e. Nov. 1, 1863, disd. Dec. 24, 1864, Sergt.
Laird Albert G. e. Dec. 15, '63, m. o. Dec. 15, '65, bugler.
Young Chas. Hen. y, e. Dec. 12, '63, deserted Sept. 22, '65.
Yoxall Moses, died May 2, 1864.

Company K.

Captain Geo. Stratton, com. Jan. 25, 1864. Resigned May 17, 1865.
Second Lieutenant Albert S. Phelps, e. as Sergeant. Promoted Second Lieutenant June 29, 1865. Mustered out Dec. 22, 1865.
First Sergt. Sidney G. Smith, e. Dec. 11, 1863, m. o. Dec. 22, 1865, Sergt.
Q. M. Sergt. Wm. Whitbeck, e. Dec. 1, 1863, First Sergt., disd. for promotion in Col'd Troops.
Com. Sergt. Egbert Phillips, e. Dec. 30, 1863, m. o. Dec. 22, 1865, Co. Q. M. Sergt.
Sergt. John G. Willis, e. Jan. 4, '64, m. o. Dec. 22, 1865.
Sergt. Frank R. Hill, e. Jan. 2, 1864, disd. for promotion in Colored Troops.
Sergt. Parker D. Smith, e. Dec. 9, 1863, m. o. Dec. 22, 1865, private.
Sergt. Edwin C. Carpenter, e. Jan. 2, 1864, m. o. Dec. 22, 1865, private.
Corpl. Van Buren DaLee, e. Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. Dec. 22, 1865, private.
Corpl. Edward Dyer, e. Jan. 4, 1864, m. o. Dec. 22, 1865, Corpl.
Blacksmith M. M. Wyllys, e. Dec. 30, 1863, shot by City Marshal at Ft. Scott, Kan., while trying to arrest him.
Bugler John M. Clark, e. Jan. 2, '64, m. o. Dec. 22, '65.
Saddler John Taylor, e. Jan., —, prmt. Regt. Saddler.
Allen Jas. M. e. Jan. 1, 1864, deserted Sept. 11, 1864.
Bryden E. P. e. Dec. 25, 1863, m. o. Dec. 22, 1865.
Babcock B. F. e. Dec. 11, 1863, m. o. Dec. 22, 1865.
Handy Sam'l A. died at Marengo, Ill., Feb. 21, 1864.
Higgenbottom John, deserted Sept. 11, 1864.
Keeney Don A. m. o. Dec. 22, 1865.
Morey L. Austin, e. Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. Dec. 22, 1865.
Mill Wm. E. e. Jan. 2, 1864, m. o. Dec. 22, 1865, Sergt.
Maxwell Thos. e. Dec. 9, 1863, m. o. Dec. 22, 1865.
Matthews H. L. e. Jan. 2, '64, m. o. Dec. 22, '65, Corpl.
Moore E. B. e. Jan. 2, 1864, detached m. o. regt.
Orr F. D. trans. to Co. F, m. o. Dec. 18, '65, bl'ksmith.
Pells Sam'l E. e. Jan. 2, 1864, m. o. Dec. 22, 1865.
Quackingbush Geo. W. m. o. Dec. 22, 1865.
Randall J. M. m. o. Dec. 22, 1865.
Strong J. D. e. Jan. 2, '64, m. o. Dec. 22, '65, Wagoner.
Squire Wm. H. e. Jan. 1, 1864, m. o. Dec. 22, 1865.
Wood C. B. Jan. 2, 1864, m. o. Dec. 22, 1865, Sergt.
Wood Henry G. e. Jan. 2, 1864, m. o. Dec. 22, '65, Sergt.
Burmores H. H. e. Oct. 6, 1864, m. o. Nov. 8, 1865.
DeGross L. e. Oct. 6, 1864, m. o. Oct. 14, 1865.
Ehrler Adam, e. Oct. 1, 1864, m. o. Oct. 14, 1865.

Company L.

Neil Thomas, e. Dec. 9, 1863, disd. Jan., 1866.
Hoover Jacob O. e. Sept. 23, 1864, rejected.
Seal Peter, e. Sept. 6, 1864, m. o. May 23, 1865.

Miscellaneous Cavalry.**2d Cavalry.**

Mack John P. e. Aug. 8, '61, re-enlisted as Vet., Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. Nov. 22, 1865, as Farrier.

Prescott Wm. e. Aug. 8, '61, re-enlisted as Vet., Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. Nov. 22, 1865.
Taylor Geo. e. Aug. 8, 1861, re-enlisted as Vet., Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. Nov. 22, 1865, as Sergt.

14th Cavalry.

Robbins H. M. e. Oct. 5, 1862, m. o. July 8, 1865, was prisoner of war.

15th Cavalry.

Captain Oscar H. Huntley, com. Captain Co. K, 1st Ill. Cav., Dec. 9, 1861. Transferred to this Regiment. Resigned Dec. 8, 1862.
First Lieutenant Thos. A. Stevens, com. First Lieutenant Co. K, 1st Ill. Cav., Dec. 9, 1861. Transferred to this Regiment. Mustered out at consolidation.
Second Lieutenant Wm. Hebard, com. Second Lieutenant Co. K, 1st Ill. Cav., Dec. 9, 1861. Transferred to this Regiment. Mustered out at consolidation.

1st Artillery.**Company A.**

Chandler Geo. e. Aug. 31, 1864, m. o. July 10, 1865.
Eaton C. B. e. Sept. 28, 1864, m. o. May 21, '65.
Parson F. L. e. Sept. 28, 1864, m. o., May 21, 1865.
Rudd A. M. e. Sept. 27, 1864, m. o. July 10, 1865.
Rockwell Jos. e. Sept. 28, 1864, m. o. May 21, 1865.

Company B.

Anderson John L. e. Jan. 4, 1864, m. o. July 10, 1865.
Burns Geo. B. e. Dec. 23, 1863, m. o. July 10, 1865.
Crampton F. e. Dec. 23, 1863, m. o. July 10, 1865.
Crampton N. e. Dec. 23, 1863, m. o. July 10, 1865.
Cammon F. D. e. Dec. 23, 1863, m. o. July 10, 1865.
Hall Melville, e. Dec. 23, 1863, m. o. July 10, 1865.
Lake L. F. e. Dec. 23, 1863, detached at m. o. of regt.
Rising H. C. e. Dec. 23, 1863, m. o. July 10, 1865.
Rudd Henry, e. Jan. 5, 1864, m. o. May 19, 1865.

Company H.

Abrahamson John, e. Feb. 25, '62, disd. Oct. 7, '62, disab.
Buckland J. J. e. Jan. 15, 1862, vet., m. o. June 14, 1865.
Benson Henk, e. Feb. 15, 1862, vet., m. o. June 14, 1865.
Giefer Henry, e. Jan. 28, 1862, disd. Oct. 20, 1862, disab.
Johnson John A. e. Jan. 13, 1862, deserted.
Ober P. A. e. Jan. 15, 1862, vet., m. o. June 14, 1865.
Peter John, e. Feb. 25, 1862, vet., m. o. June 14, 1865.
Wallburg Lewis, e. Jan. 15, '62, vet., m. o. June 14, 1865.
Anderson Henry, e. March 4, '62, deserted April 6, '62.
Linwall Aug. e. March 5, 1862, deserted.
Pearson Olof, e. March 5, 1862, disd. Oct. 20, '62, disab.

Company I.

McRee James, e. Feb. 3, 1862, disd. Feb. 10, 1863.
Peters Wm. e. Jan. 9, 1862, vet., m. o. July 26, 1865.
Ramsdell D. H. e. Jan. 19, '62, vet., m. o. July 26, '65.
Allen Benj. e. Oct. 4, 1864, m. o. July 26, 1865.
Smith Anthony, e. March 1, 1862, vet., m. o. July 26, '65.
Atwood H. C. e. Jan. 5, 1864.
Fenton S. e. Sept. 28, 1864, rejected.
Linds H. e. Sept. 28.

2d Artillery.

First Assistant Surgeon Giles P. Ransom, com. March 18, 1862. Resigned Jan. 23, 1863.

Company G.

First Lieutenant Wm. C. Whitney, com. Second Lieutenant Oct. 5, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant Dec. 31, 1861. Mustered out Feb. 22, 1863.
Forbes Wm. e. Sept. 1, 1861, m. o. Oct. 4, 1864.
Goold Thos. G. e. Sept. 1, 1861, m. o. Oct. 4, 1864.
Hall Alfred, e. Sept. 1, 1861, as vet. m. o. Sept. 4, 1865, artificer.
Holland Chas. e. Sept. 1, '61, disd. Jan. 20, 1862, disab.
Kingsbury Wm. e. Oct. 1, '61, disd. July 20, '62, disab.
Gould G. F. e. Dec. 2, '61, vet., prmt. Regt. Q. M. Sergt.
McIntosh H. e. Jan. 20, 1864, m. o. Sept. 24, 1865.
Scoonmaker John, e. Jan. 20, 1864, m. o. Sept. 24, 1865.



C. A. Dummell
CHERRY VALLEY

The war ended, peace concluded and the union preserved in its integrity, those sons of Winnebago who had volunteered their lives in defense of the unity of the government who were spared to see the triumph of patriotism over treason, returned to their homes to receive grand ovations of welcome and tributes of honor from friends and neighbors who had eagerly and zealously followed them wherever the fortunes of war directed. Exchanging their soldiers' uniform for citizens' dress, they fell back to their old vocations—on the farm, at the forge, the bench, in the shop, and whatever else their hands found to do. Brave men and honorable always; and no class of Winnebago's citizens are entitled to greater respect and consideration than the volunteer soldiery, not only because they were soldiers in the hour of the country's peril, but because in their association with their fellow-citizens their walk is upright, and their honesty and character without reproach.

HISTORICAL RECORD—CONTINUED.

OLD SETTLERS' ASSOCIATION.

Oh! a wonderful stream is the river of Time,
As it runs through the realm of tears,
With a faultless rhythm, and a musical rhyme,
And a broader sweep, and a surge sublime,
As it blends in the ocean of years.

—*B. F. Taylor.*

Forty-three years have come and gone since white men began to exercise dominion in the Rock River Valley—erst the home of the Winnebagoes and their kindred. These years have been full of changes, and the visitor of to-day, ignorant of the Past of the county, could scarcely be made to realize that within these years there has grown up a population of about 30,000, that, in all the accomplishments and acquirements of life, are as far advanced as are the people of the counties of the older States. Schools, churches, colleges, palatial-like dwellings, beautiful grounds, large, well-cultivated and productive farms, as well as cities, towns and busy manufactories, have grown up and occupy the hunting grounds and camping places of the Winnebago tribe of red men, and in every direction there are evidences of wealth, comfort and luxury. There is but little left of the old land-marks. Advanced civilization and the progressive demands of revolving years have obliterated all traces of Indian occupancy, until they are only remembered in name.

The beginning of these changes was made in August, 1834, when GERMANIUS KENT and THATCHER BLAKE landed their little canoe at the mouth of Kent creek. In June of the following year, the entire population numbered only eleven persons, but during the remainder of that year, and notably during 1836 and up to 1840, immigration was rapid. All the arrivals up to and during the year 1840, are classed as "Old Settlers," and as such are recognized by the "Rockford Society of Early Settlers." When the census was taken in 1840, the population had increased to 4,609, while the election returns for that year show that a total of 1,114 votes was cast for President. [Of these votes, 789 were cast for General Harrison, 321 for Martin Van Buren and four for the candidate of the Abolition party.]

Of the voters and heads of families representing the population of 1840, many removed from the county to find homes in other states, while the spirits of others were called to join the immortal throng gathered.

around the great white throne in the far-away realms of eternal life and light. Others preferred to remain in the homes they commenced in the lands of the Winnebagoes, and, by the goodness and mercy of God, have grown in wealth, wisdom and usefulness, until in their declining years, they are respected and honored patriarchs in the community that owes much of its character to the influences they established in pioneer times.

It is not strange that among the pioneer settlers of any new country a deep-seated and sincere friendship should spring up, that would grow and strengthen with their years. The incidents peculiar to life in a new country—the trials and hardships, privations and destitutions—are well calculated to test not only the physical powers of endurance, but the moral, kindly, generous attributes of manhood and womanhood. They are times that try men's souls and bring to the surface all that there may be in them of either good or bad. As a rule, there is an equality of conditions that recognizes no distinctions. All occupy a common level, and as a natural consequence, a brotherly and sisterly feeling grows up that is as lasting as time, for "a fellow feeling makes us wondrous kind." With such a community, there is a hospitality, a kindness, a benevolence and a charity unknown and unpracticed among the older, richer and more densely populated commonwealths. The very nature of their surroundings teaches them to "feel each other's woe, to share each other's joy." An injury or a wrong may be ignored, but *a kindly, generous, charitable act is never forgotten.* The memory of old associations and kindly deeds is always fresh. Raven locks may bleach and whiten; full, round cheeks sinken and hollow; the fires of intelligence vanish from the organs of vision; the brow become wrinkled with care and age, and the erect form bowed with accumulating years, but the *true* friends of the "long ago" will be remembered as long as life and reason endure.

The surroundings of pioneer life are well calculated to test the "true inwardness" of the human heart. As a rule, the men and women who first occupy a new country—who go in advance to spy out the land and prepare it for the coming of a future people—are bold, fearless, self-reliant and industrious. In these respects, no matter from what remote sections or countries they may come, there is a similarity of character. In birth, education, religion and language, there may be a vast difference, but imbued with a common purpose—the founding and building of homes—these differences are soon lost by association, and thus they become one people, united by a common interest, and no matter what changes may come in after years, the associations thus formed are never buried out of memory.

In pioneer life there are always incidents of peculiar interest, not only to the pioneers themselves, but which, if properly preserved, would be of interest to posterity, and it is a matter to be regretted that the formation of "Old Settlers' Associations" has been neglected in so many parts of the country. The presence of such associations in all the counties of our common country, with well kept records of the more important events, such as dates of arrivals, births, marriages, deaths, removals, nativity, etc., as any one can readily see, would be the direct means of preserving to the literature of the country, the history of every community, that, to future generations, would be invaluable as a record of reference, and a ready method of settling important questions of controversy. As important as these Associations are admitted to be, their formation has not yet become general, and there are many counties in the Western country whose

early history is entirely lost because of such neglect and indifference. Such organizations would possess facts and figures that could not be had from any other source. Aside from their historic importance, they would serve as a means of keeping alive and further cementing old friendships, and renewing among the members associations that were necessarily interrupted by the innovations of increasing population, cultivating social intercourse, and creating a charitable fund for such of their members as were victims of misfortune and adversity.

Actuated by the purposes suggested in the last preceding paragraph, the pioneers of Winnebago County organized a society in 1870, that is known as the ROCKFORD SOCIETY OF EARLY SETTLERS. The first formal meeting was held in the City Council rooms, January 10, 1870, when a constitution and by-laws were adopted, and signed by such of the old settlers as were then present. Some other preliminary arrangements were perfected, when the Society adjourned until the following Saturday, January 15th, when the following officers were elected:

President—Thatcher Blake; *Vice President*—David S. Penfield; *Secretary*—Duncan Ferguson; *Treasurer*—A. C. Spafford; *Directors*—John Lake, Thomas D. Robertson, and David D. Alling.

At the time of this election twenty-six of the Old Settlers had signed the constitution and thus become members of the society. A residence in the county of thirty years, and the payment of three dollars as an initiatory fee, and one dollar per year as annual dues, are qualifications of membership. If at any time a further sum is needed for any specific charitable purpose, the Board of Directors are clothed with power to levy an assessment upon the members. The object of the Society is thus defined in article two of the constitution:

"It is designed to be a moral and benevolent association for the purpose of cultivating social intercourse among its members, and creating a fund for charitable purposes in their behalf. To collect and preserve information connected with the early settlement and subsequent history of Winnebago County; and to perpetuate the memory of those whose sagacity, energy and enterprise, induced them to settle here and to encounter the toils and privations incident to those who first settle in a new country."

Article three provides that "this Society shall be composed of those male residents who settled in this county previous to the year 1840, and who are now residents of the town of Rockford and vicinity. That hereafter thirty years residence in the town of Rockford or vicinity, will be a sufficient qualification for any such settler becoming a member of this Society."

There are now (October, 1877) ninety-two members, whose names, date and place of birth, and date of arrival in the county, are given below:

Thatcher Blake, Turner, Maine, March 16, 1809; August, 1834.

Ephraim Wyman, June 26, 1809, Lancaster, Mass.; Sept. 20, 1835.

Chas. Works, Nov. 24, 1803, Westmoreland, N. H.; Feb. 20, 1836.

Henry W. Loomis, Deckertown, N. J.; May 15, 1836.

Alouzo Carey, Onondaga Co., N. Y.; March 17, 1836.

Chas. P. Brady, Dec. 14, 1814, Bucks Co., Pa.; November, 1836.

Wm. P. Dennis, Ipswich, Mass.; March 14, 1837.

D. D. Alling, April 27, 1813, Westfield, Conn.; Oct. 10, 1837.

John Fitch, April 18, 1804, Groton, Mass.; Nov. 23, 1838.

John Lake, March 20, 1821, England; Nov. 1, 1837.

- H. H. Silsby, Nov. 1, 1817, Ackworth, N. H.; April 27, 1837.
 Asa W. Weldon, Yarmouth, Mass.; July 11, 1838.
 Wait Talcott, Connecticut; Oct. 1, 1838.
 Thomas D. Robertson, March 4, 1818, Scotland; December, 1838.
 E. H. Baker, Ferrisburg, Vt.; Oct. 6, 1838.
 *David S. Penfield, April 3, 1812, Pittsford, Vt.; April 12, 1839.
 S. C. Fuller, Hawksborough, Canada; May 9, 1839.
 James Gilbert, New York City; May 20, 1839.
 Jason Marsh, Woodstock, Vt.; June 22, 1839.
 H. N. Baker, Ferrisburg, Vt.; Oct. 6, 1838.
 *Willard Wheeler, Vermont; Oct. 6, 1839.
 Wm. J. Cole, Richmond Co., N. Y.; July 31, 1839.
 Phineas Howes, Sept. 25, 1817, Putnam Co., N. Y.; June 26, 1839.
 A. C. Spafford, Adams, N. Y.; October, 1839.
 Austin Colton, Jan. 30, 1817, Northampton, Mass.; May, 1839.
 Duncan Ferguson, Nov. 15, 1809, Glasgow, Scotland; Nov. 3, 1839.
 Bethuel Houghton, Cheshire Co., N. H.; Nov. 1, 1836.
 *Chas. I. Horsman, Boston, Mass.; Dec. 1, 1836.
 Thos. Jefferson Jewell, Oct. 24, 1816, Genesee Co., N. Y.; Oct. 1, 1838.
 *William Twogood, Rensselaer, N. Y.; July 3, 1837.
 William R. Wheeler, May 31, 1810, Onondaga Co., N. Y.; Sept., 1835.
 Nathaniel Wilder, June 30, 1794, Lancaster, Mass.; March, 1837.
 Isaiah Lyon, Woodstock, Conn.; June, 1838.
 A. I. Enoch, July 24, 1819, Dayton, O.; Sept., 1835.
 Homer Denton, Dec. 19, 1812, Otsego Co., N. Y.; May 1, 1837.
 Elias Martin, Oct. 21, 1796, Peacham, Vermont; Jan. 20, 1839.
 William Jones, May 18, 1811, Monmouth, Wales; June 30, 1837.
 R. K. Town, June 3, 1802, Granville, N. Y.; June, 1842.
 William H. Higbee, June 30, 1826, Shipton, Lower Canada; Oct., 1839.
 Selden M. Church, March 4, 1804, East Holden, Conn.; Nov., 1836.
 Alfred Hart, March 19, 1797, Huntington, Suffolk Co., Long Island, N. Y.; June 6, 1839.
 John Spafford, Nov. 26, 1821, Adams, Jefferson Co., N. Y.; May, 1839.
 Richard Montague, August 2, 1799, Hadley, Hampshire Co., Mass.; July 1, 1835.
 *Spooner Ruggles, August 1, 1795, Hardwick, Worcester Co., Mass.; May 1, 1836.
 Thomas B. Talcott, April 17, 1806, Tolland Co., Conn.; July 4, 1835.
 William Peters, Sept. 14, 1809, County Antrim, Ireland; Oct. 10, 1837.
 Hiram R. Enoch, Jan. 2, 1828, Warren Co., Ohio; May 10, 1836.
 Duncan H. Ferguson, Sept., 1835, Scotland; Nov. 3, 1839.
 Henry P. Reddington, April 6, 1814, Walpole, N. H.; May, 1836.
 Benjamin Franklin Cunningham, Feb. 3, 1820, Petersborough, N. H.; May, 1839.
 Samuel Cunningham, August 15, 1815, Petersborough, N. H.; July 11, 1839.
 Goodyear A. Sanford, August 28, 1814, Hamden, Conn.; Aug. 31, 1837.
 James M. Wright, June 1, 1809, Norwich, Mass.; Sept., 1838.
 Ephraim A. Herrick, April 28, 1817, Andover, Mass.; June 6, 1836.
 John H. Thurston, March 8, 1824, Glens Falls, N. Y.; March 12, 1837.
 *Eliphalet Gregory, April 23, 1804, Danbury, Fairfield Co., Conn.; June 17, 1835.

- Ephraim Sumner, Feb. 9, 1808, Windham, Vermont; Oct. 19, 1835.
 *Jonathan Wilson, Sept. 2, 1795, Yarmouth, Mass.; Feb. 18, 1836.
 Richard S. Stiles, Aug. 15, 1811, Nelson, N. H.; March 29, 1837.
 Harris Barnum, Sept. 8, 1819, Danbury, Conn.; June 9, 1838.
 Nathaniel Belknap, March 4, 1805, Worcester, Mass.; August, 1838.
 Jesse Blinn, August 9, 1809, Bennington, Vermont; July, 1838.
 Elijah L. Herrick, Sept., 1820, Andover, Essex Co., Mass.; May, 1838.
 Asa G. Spalding, August 10, 1809; Sheshequin, Bradford Co., Pa.;
 April, 1836.
 Anson S. Miller, Sept. 24, 1810, Lee, Oneida Co., N. Y.; July 15, 1840.
 Daniel Dow, March 16, 1816, Perthshire, Scotland; March, 1841.
 *Michael Burns, Oct. 31, 1818, Ireland; Aug. 10, 1840.
 *Robert J. Cross, Oct. 1, 1803, Newburgh, N. Y.; August, 1835.
 Alfred Hart, Jr., Dec. 13, 1835, Tompkins Co., N. Y.; Sept., 1839.
 Lewis S. Swezey, Aug. 5, 1812, Oneida Co., N. Y.; Sept., 1839.
 *Reuben Barrett, Oct. 1, 1798, Barre, Worcester Co., Mass.; Oct. 1, 1839.
 Mowry Brown, Jan. 29, 1814, Burrillville, Providence Co., R. I.;
 April 28, 1838.
 Louis Jackson, July 15, 1815, Cecil Co., Maryland; July 28, 1839.
 John Platt, March 8, 1813, New Haven, Conn.; May 11, 1837.
 *M. H. Regan, Cobourg, Canada West; March 1, 1840.
 Cyrus F. Miller, Feb. 13, 1815, Lee, Oneida Co., N. Y.; April 23, 1841.
 *Henry O. Brown, Aug. 18, 1812, Madison, N. Y.; July, 1840.
 G. Tullock, July 4, 1815, Rothiermay, Banffshire, Scotland; Dec. 1, 1841.
 William Halley, June 4, 1818, Fifeshire, Scotland; June 12, 1838.
 Darins Fish, Aug. 30, 1800, Washington Co., N. Y.; Sept. 30, 1839.
 *John W. Dyer, Aug. 22, 1813, Stockton, Chautauqua Co., N. Y.;
 April, 1838.
 C. H. Spofford, Jan. 6, 1819, Adams, N. Y.; May 30, 1839.
 Eli Hall, Nov. 5, 1803, Wallingford, Conn.; 1837.
 Levi M. Taft, Nov. 12, 1817, Cortland Co., N. Y.; June 4, 1837.
 Geo. S. Haskell, Oct. 4, 1838, Rockford, Winnebago Co., Ill., Oct.
 4, 1838.
 Hiram Richardson, Aug. 24, 1818, Orange Co., Vermont; Oct. 10, 1837.
 Levi Moulthrop, March 16, 1841, New Milford, Winnebago Co.,
 Ill., March 16, 1841.
 M. H. Trainer, Sept. 30, 1818, Riga Town, Monroe Co., N. Y.; June 25,
 1838.
 J. Taylor, Sept. 13, 1808, Salisbury, Hillsboro Co., N. H.; April, 1836.
 Sylvester Talcott, Oct. 14, 1810, Rome, Oneida Co., N. Y.; Feb. 26, 1836.
 Elijah B. Guilford, April 21, 1824, Spencer, Worcester Co., Mass.;
 Oct. 19, 1835.
 James B. Martyn, Dec. 28, 1801, Parish of Probus, County of Corn-
 wall, England; April, 1836.
 Two of the members whose names appear in this list, George S. Has-

Since the organization of this Association of Old Settlers, thirteen of them, those whose names are marked with an asterisk (), have passed away. D. S. Penfield died May 20, 1873; Willard Wheeler, April 24, 1876; C. I. Horsman, March 2, 1875; William Two-good, April 13, 1874; Spooner Ruggles, March 7, 1874; E. Gregory, February 16, 1876; J. Weldon, March 16, 1874; M. Burns, May 16, 1877; R. J. Cross, February 15, 1873; R. Barrett, Nov. 30, 1872; M. H. Regan, February 27, 1875; H. O. Brown, February 27, 1875; J. W. Dyer, November 11, 1875; George S. Haskell, August 23, 1876; Peter Grimes, February 16, 1876.

kell and Levi Moulthrop, were born in the county, but as will be seen by reference to article three of the constitution, already quoted, are fully entitled to membership. A large majority of the others came here before 1840, and have seen the wild prairies disappearing year by year before the well-directed industries of themselves and their followers. Nearly all of those whose names appear in this catalogue are well preserved intellectually and physically, and surrounded by all the necessary comforts of life, and in their declining years are enabled to take life easily—to sit beneath their own vines and fig trees, and enjoy the accumulations of the industry and economy of their pioneer days.

RIVER IMPROVEMENT.

For many years the improvement of Rock River so as to render it navigable was an enterprise that enlisted a good deal of attention from the people, not only of Winnebago, but of all the counties along the banks of this beautiful tributary of the Mississippi. In Winnebago, and especially among the people of Rockford, a river improvement fever would break out every once in a while, meetings would be called, resolutions adopted, committees appointed, petitions drafted, signed and forwarded to Congress, and great plans inaugurated for this purpose. And indeed, it seems almost a pity that after so much time, money and labor spent in this direction, the efforts were not rewarded as the people hoped. But then, there is this consolation—what they failed to accomplish by these efforts and expenditures was at length compensated by *damming* the river, building up large manufacturing establishments, and securing railway communication with every part of the country.

Failing to obtain assistance from the national government to aid in the improvement of Rock River, the Legislature of Illinois was invoked, and a special law passed by that body, about 1845-6, to enable the people of the several counties along the river, from Rock Island to the Wisconsin State line, to vote for or against the assessment of a river improvement tax. The measure carried in all the counties, a tax was assessed and collected, and the work commenced. At Rockford, a part of the money so collected was expended in 1846, in attempting to cut a channel through the rapids where the dam has since been built. Work was also commenced at Sterling and other points, but was finally abandoned. What money remained on hand was paid back *pro rata* to the counties from which it had been collected, and public attention generally turned to railroad enterprises. Now the river is *dam'd* from Milan, near its confluence with the Mississippi, far up into Wisconsin.

EDUCATIONAL.

The first schools taught in the county were family or subscription schools; the first house erected especially for school purposes was built in Guildford township, in the spring of 1837, and was a round log structure, 12x20 feet in size, and in which a school was commenced in May of that year, by Miss Charlotte Greggs, of St. Charles, Kane County. The house was built and the school sustained by five of the settlers: A. R. Dimmick, Theophilis Watkins, — Powers, Jacob Enoch and Henry Enoch, all of whom are now dead. There was neither loft nor ceiling in this school house, which stood one and a half miles east of the present school house in District No. 1, in that township. The next school was commenced in Rock-

ford the same year, by Miss Eunice Brown, who subsequently married Mr. J. G. Lyon. Her school house was a log cabin on the East Side. About the same time, Miss Frances Bradford also commenced a school on the West Side. The building she occupied was a small log cabin belonging to the late William E. Dunbar, and stood a short distance south of the residence of S. C. Withson, in South Rockford. In 1838, Miss Sarah A. Danforth taught on the West Side. In 1839, Miss Wood was a West Side teacher. In the winter of 1838-9, James M. Wight taught in a building on the corner of Main and Market streets, East Side, on the ground now occupied by the American House. In 1839, Miss Hyde taught in the same building. In the same year ('39), Andrus Corbin taught in a house owned by himself, on the West Side. But it is unnecessary to continue a detailed mention of the names of those who engaged in "teaching the young idea how to shoot," in the pioneer days of Rockford or Winnebago County, for their name is legion. But it is due alike to them and their patrons to say that they all made good records as educators. To name all of those who engaged in the honorable profession of teachers from the date of the opening of the first school, in 1837, to the time when lands became taxable, thus enabling the people to sustain free public schools, would be a work of supererogation. As the population increased in town and country, schools increased in like proportion. As the years increased, and the people increased in wealth, the old log school houses, with their mud and stick chimneys, puncheon floors, and puncheon seats, greased paper windows, and other primitive accommodations, went down before those more in keeping with the progressive march of time. But the old school houses and the old teachers are kindly remembered by many of the leading men of the county. In them the foundations of usefulness were laid that have enabled many of their scholars to go out in the world and make honorable records among the learned men of nations.

In no one interest of the country have forty years marked such wonderful and gratifying changes as in the educational. Forty years ago a knowledge of the higher branches could only be obtained at the colleges of the older States—Yale, Harvard, Amherst, Dartmouth and their cotemporaries. Now, there is not a school in Winnebago County that does not furnish advantages almost equal to those offered at the beginning of the last half century by the colleges named. All over the Winnebago prairies neat and comfortable school houses are to be seen, while the teachers are proficient and competent to impart instruction in any of the branches necessary to any of the ordinary pursuits of life. In reality, *they are the people's colleges*, and no system is dearer to the people than the system that supports and maintains them. To make war upon this system would only be making war upon our nation's life.

The following is a statistical exhibit of the school interests, as shown by the Superintendent's report for the year ending Sept. 30, 1877 :

Number of males under 21 years of age, 7,070; number of females do., 7,287; total, 14,357. Number of males between 6 and 21 years, 4,893; females, do., 5,155; total, 10,048. Number of school districts, 130. Number of districts having school five months or more, 128; average number of months school sustained 7.7. Number of male pupils enrolled, 3,451; females, do., 3,549; total number of pupils enrolled, 7,000. Number of male teachers employed, 63; females, 221; total number of teachers employed, 284. Grand total number of days attendance, 790,677—equal in

school time, *i. e.*, nine months of four weeks each, and five days to a week, to 4,392 years and 117 days. Highest wages paid any male teacher, \$150; do. paid any female teacher, \$80; lowest wages paid any male teacher, \$25; do. paid any female teacher, \$13.50; average wages paid male teachers, \$50.73; do. paid female teachers, \$30.31. Total receipts during the year, \$72,690.25; expenditures, \$55,114.90; leaving a balance on hand of \$17,575.35. Estimated value of school property, \$117,585; apparatus, \$1,987; libraries, \$727. Principal of township fund, \$41,077.19; county fund, \$5,980.06; total of school assets, \$167,356.25. Number of applicants for certificates examined, 286; number of first-grade certificates issued, 10; second grade, do., 195; number of applicants rejected, 81. The number of days employed by the Superintendent in visiting schools, was 120; in the examination of teachers and office work, 80; total, 200.

The present County Superintendent of Schools is Mary L. Carpenter, who was one of the ten lady superintendents selected in November, 1873. December 28-9, 1874, a meeting of the State Association of County Superintendents was held in Chicago. Five of these lady superintendents had been appointed to read papers and lead in their discussions. These appointments included Mrs. Carpenter, and the manner in which they acquitted themselves, the ease, grace, fluency and force with which they treated the subjects that had been submitted to them, was highly complimented in the report of State Superintendent Etter. On the 28-9th of December, 1875, another meeting of this association was held at Rock Island, when Mrs. Carpenter read an essay on the "Best Method of Bringing Directors up to Their Duty," and submitted the following conclusions: "First, bringing County Superintendents up to their duty. We should be active ourselves; never dilatory; prompt to meet all engagements; ready to co-operate with school officers in the performance of their duties, thereby inspiring them with our enthusiasm. Divide the time in supervision between teachers and school officers."

County Associations of School Officers.—This is a movement in which Mrs. Carpenter has taken a warm and active interest. A meeting of the Association was held at Rockford, Feb. 24, 1876, which was largely attended, not only by school officers and teachers, but by citizens; As showing the esteem in which Mrs. Carpenter is held, we quote the following resolution from a series adopted by that meeting:

"*Resolved*, That we, as School Directors of Winnebago County, tender to the County Superintendent of Public Schools, our hearty thanks for that energy and zeal which she has manifested in the interests of our public schools."

The standing of Mrs. Carpenter, and her efficiency as a superintendent, compared with the other superintendents of the State, is unexceptionably good, and is thus complimented by State Superintendent Etter, in a letter to H. R. Enoch, Esq., editor of the *Rockford Journal*:

"*Dear Sir*: Yours of September 29th came duly to hand, and in reply will say:

"1st. The reports that have been made to this department by Mrs. M. L. Carpenter, the Superintendent of schools of your county, since I have assumed the duties of the office, have been correct in every particular. Every item of information required has been freely and correctly given. The financial statistics balance to a cent, and show ability on her part in this work. *For the year ending September 30, 1875, only two reports out*

of the one hundred and two were absolutely correct, and of these two, Mrs. Carpenter's was one. * * * *

"2d. So far as I am able to judge from the work I have seen of Mrs. Carpenter's, both at Teachers' Institutes and Teachers' Association, I am clearly of the opinion that she is well qualified for the position she now holds. I consider her one of the best County Superintendents in the State.

"3d. Her standing among the leading teachers and with the superintendents, so far as I know, is high, and she is regarded as a thorough and efficient officer. She has attended three meetings of the Superintendents' Association, and has been called upon to read a paper at each one of them. Last year she was elected Secretary of the State Teachers' Association, which of itself is some evidence of her standing among the class of teachers who are members of the Association.

"Hoping that I have answered your interrogations sufficiently full, I remain,
Yours truly,

"S. M. ETTER.

"*Sup't Public Instruction.*"

BIOGRAPHICAL.

Mrs. Mary L. Carpenter was born in Greenbush, N. Y., in 1839. When quite young her parents removed to Rochester, and in one of the public schools of that city, she received her early education. She pursued a classical course of study at the Fort Plain Collegiate Institute, graduating with much honor at the age of seventeen years. Coming West soon after, she taught the village school of Waterloo, Iowa. In 1857 she was married, and has since resided in Rockford. Mrs. Carpenter has ever taken an active interest in the cause of education, and for several years was a successful teacher in the public schools of this city. In 1873 she was elected County Superintendent of Schools, which office she has filled with much ability; the 136 schools in the county have been visited by her faithfully; she has studied the wants of each, rooting out objectionable methods of instruction and introducing new systems. During the past four years she has also had charge of the Normal department in the Rockford Female Seminary. In reports to the State Department of Public Instruction, her promptness and correctness have met the flattering approbation of its officers. The following we extract from a letter written by one of the prominent educators in this State: "The high culture and great energy which Mrs. Carpenter possesses, eminently fit her for the Superintendency. The esteem in which she is held by her fellow teachers is shown by her election as Secretary of the State Teachers' Association."

RELIGIOUS INTERESTS

Have been carefully fostered, not only in the city of Rockford, but in all the towns and villages of the county as well as in the country districts. In a community so thoroughly alive to educational interests as the people of Winnebago have always proved themselves to be, it could not be otherwise. The first religious sermon preached on Kent creek (near Rockford) was rendered by Rev. Aratus Kent (brother of Germanicus), a Congregational minister, of Galena, on the second Sunday of June, 1835, on which occasion the log house of Germanicus Kent was converted into a temple of worship. Commencing in January, 1876, a local historian furnished the *Rockford Gazette* a series of articles on early events, and among other inci-

dents referred to this meeting. He said: "The city was more Godly and righteous then than it is now, and upon this occasion every one came out to church. There were no backsliders in those days, and when the minister began his prayer on that bright Sabbath morning, he had the entire village for an audience. They mustered eleven in all, including three ladies—Mrs. Kent, Mrs. Haight and her sister, and eight gentlemen—Germanicus Kent, Thatcher Blake, Albert Sanford, Daniel S. Haight, his hired man, and a Mr. Vanzandt (Kent's millwright). The sermon was an impressive, though not a learned one. Aratus Kent was a thoroughly good man, although not an eloquent preacher, and his simple, missionary way of exhortation suited the pioneers better than faultless rhetoric. This gentleman died a few years ago in Galena."

This primitive meeting was the beginning of better things—the dawning of that religious sentiment that has grown with increasing years, until Rockford has become pre-eminently a city, and Winnebago a land, of churches and religious light. In the city of Rockford there are eighteen church edifices, as follows: *First Methodist Episcopal, First Congregational, First Baptist, Emmanuel, Church of the Christian Union, Second Congregational, St. James Catholic, Court Street Methodist Episcopal, First Presbyterian, Swedish Evangelical Lutheran, Westminster Presbyterian, State Street Baptist, *Third Street Methodist Episcopal, Swedish Methodist Episcopal, Woodruff's Addition Methodist Episcopal, South Rockford Methodist Episcopal, Disciples, and German Lutheran—18.

In the outside districts there are twenty-six church edifices, representing as many different religious organizations. They are distributed as follows:

Cherry Valley, 3; New Milford, 3; Harlem, 2; Roscoe, 2; Rockton, 2; Shirland, 2; Harrison, 2; Owen, 1; Burritt, 2; Durand, 2; Pecatonica, 2; Winnebago, 3; Seward, 1—26. Added to the Rockford churches makes a grand total of 44 church edifices in Winnebago County.

The Rockford church edifices are handsome, substantial buildings, and in style and finish well in keeping with the character of the people by whom they were built and by whom they are maintained. The country church edifices are for the most part frame buildings, but neat and tasty in finish. The Scotch Presbyterian church, erected at Argyle during the summer of 1877, is one of the best in the country, and its style, architecture and finish would do no discredit to aristocratic congregations of large cities. This temple of worship is built of handsomely dressed stone, and will cost about \$12,000.

The seed sown by Rev. Aratus Kent, in his brother's log cabin on the bank of Kent creek, on the second Sunday in June, 1835, grew and ripened into the fullness of a plentiful harvest. Until then the stillness of the country of the Winnebagoes had never been broken by the voice of prayer and praise, unless the songs the birds sang were offered as a tribute to the glory of the Great Architect whose hand unfolded these rich prairies and reared their grove-covered hill-sides. Since Rev. Aratus Kent preached to the Rockford population of eleven persons, all told, a population of 30,000 has grown up in Winnebago County, who

"—sing of God, the mighty source
Of all things, the stupendous force
On which all things depend;

*United in 1877 as the Centennial Church of Rockford.

"From whose right arm, beneath whose eyes,
All period, power, and enterprise
Commence, and reign, and end."

Methodism was established in the county when the Enochs settled in what is now Guilford township, in 1835. Preaching, however, was unknown until the following June. In the early part of that month, Rev. Mr. Pillsbury, a very prominent Methodist divine in those days, came along in the discharge of the duty assigned him by the annual conference, and stopped with the family of Henry Enoch, the father of Abraham I. and Hiram R., now well known and prominent business men of Rockford. Four o'clock p. m. was set for preaching, and the neighbors (what few there were) notified. Abraham I. and Richard H. Enoch were hauling rails to fence their broken grounds, and their father was building the fence as the rails were delivered. When four o'clock came the teams were turned out to graze on the prairie, and the family assembled for worship. Style and fashion and dress were not so elaborate in those days as at present, and it may be readily assumed that that first Methodist meeting was a rather primitive affair in all its characteristics, but it will be casting no reflection on the Methodism of the present to remark that a more earnest meeting, of any kind, was never held on any part of the Winnebago prairies. If the congregation was small and plainly dressed, as compared with the present, what they lacked in numbers was more than compensated in their zeal and earnestness. About early Methodism there was never any half-way work. Every professor and believer gave his whole soul to it, and to the zeal of the founders and pioneers of that faith can justly be attributed the great work accomplished through it in later years—the reclamation of untold thousands from the paths of sin and moral degradation—the founding of theological schools, seminaries and colleges, and the perfecting of that system of work that not only challenges the admiration of civilization and intelligence everywhere, but which has carried light and hope and peace to multitudes of people even in the remotest ends of the earth. Early Methodists never stopped to measure the size of church edifices, the height of church steeples, to look for cushioned pews, to see what their neighbors wore, nor its ministers to reckon what field would pay the most in dollars and cents. They only sought those fields where the Master's work needed most to be done, and thither they went, regardless of all else. And so came Rev. Mr. Pillsbury, peace and honor to his memory, to the pioneer home of Henry Enoch in June, 1836.

The sermon of Rev. Pillsbury on that occasion was an earnest and devoted one, and the foundation of a society that, in later years, became the First M. E. Church of Rockford, being organized at the house of Henry Enoch, in August, 1836, with five members: Samuel Gregory and wife, Daniel Beers and wife, and Mary Enoch, the wife of Henry Enoch. Rev. William Royal was the first regular pastor or circuit rider. Thus were the seeds of Methodism planted in Winnebago County. The first preacher (Rev. Mr. Pillsbury) and probably the second (Rev. Mr. Royal), Henry and Mary Enoch and Mrs. Samuel Gregory, have gone

Where the saints of all ages in harmony meet;
Their Saviour and brethren transported to greet;
While the anthems of rapture unceasingly roll,
And the smile of the Lord is the life of the soul—

But their works live after them a monument to their memory.

A. I. Enoch, who was present at the first sermon, related to the writer that, after preaching, the entire congregation, the preacher included, remained to supper at the invitation of his mother. Aside from the eight members of Henry Enoch's family, only two others—Mrs. Jacob Enoch and another lady whose name is forgotten—were present, making a congregation of ten persons to listen to the first Methodist sermon preached in Winnebago County. There are now, perhaps, half as many thousand, as there were then individual, members of this branch of the Christian church.

THE NEW COURT HOUSE.

The first county business was transacted in a private residence on the East Side. The first Circuit Court was held in Haight's Rockford Hotel, also on the East Side, and the first court-house was also erected on that side, but in April, 1843, the County Commissioners entered into a contract with G. Haskell, Charles I. Horsman, H. W. Loomis, M. Burns, Charles Hall, Thomas D. Robertson, G. W. Dewey, D. D. Alling, H. R. Maynard, Dr. A. Thomas, Skinner G. Barrows, J. Fisher, D. Harper and D. Dow, for the erection of the old frame court-house building on the public or county square on the West side—the old building that is now overshadowed by the finely finished and towering walls of the grandest court-house in the State. The one whose front bears the figures "1492," was completed and accepted by the county authorities, in November, 1844. *Then* it was considered a model of excellence and convenience, and the pride and credit of the county. In the fall and winter of 1845–6, one Julius P. Bolivar McCabe (that's the way he wrote his name) compiled a history of Winnebago County, and among other things gave a description of this new temple of justice. As the subject of his description will soon be torn away, we will preserve its memory in these pages as Julius P. Bolivar McCabe saw it:

"The court-house stands on State street, on the west side of the river. It is a handsome and well finished frame building of one story, measuring about 56 feet long, 35 feet wide, and 17 feet high. It is crowned with a magnificent and well proportioned cupola, which rises 15 feet above the roof of the building. The front is finished with a tastefully executed pediment, supported by four fluted columns, and forming a portico which projects nine feet from the body of the building, and having a wing on either side, in which the county offices are held.* The court room measures 54x32 feet; 9 feet of the building in the rear of the bench being partitioned off into the jury rooms. Two rows of slips, made in the style of those erected in churches, fill up the portion of the court-house without the bar, and are capable of accommodating 300 persons. The whole of this edifice, including the pediment and columns, is built in the Grecian Doric order of architecture, and speaks much for the skill of the architects, Messrs. Beattie and Harper, both citizens of Rockford."

But grand as it may have been considered thirty-three years ago (the date of its completion), it had to give way before increasing population, wealth, and public business, and at the February session, 1875, of the Board of Supervisors, Messrs. Duncan Ferguson, C. A. Hemenway, A. Haines, F. E. Latham, and A. C. Gleason, members of the Board, were appointed a committee to examine and report to the Board what kind of a Court House would be suitable for this county. Monday, April 19, 1875, this committee reported as follows:

In 1851 a stone building was erected near this building, into which the county records were removed, and in which all the county business has since been transacted.

"That we have examined the court-houses at Janesville, Wis., and at Freeport, Macomb and Princeton, in Illinois, and got such information as we considered essential to enable us to arrive at a correct decision as to the size, materials, general construction, and probable cost of such a court-house as will be required by this county. That accompanying are sketches of the ground-plans of the offices, court room, etc., on the first and second floors of said buildings, and a detailed statement of the same as we found them, and what we thought necessary in reference to each of them. After making the said examinations, and fully considering the matter given in charge to us, we have unanimously come to the conclusion that a court-house nearly similar to the one in Freeport, with the alterations mentioned in our detailed statements, constructed of like materials, both externally and internally, and of the same or nearly the same kind of workmanship, would in our opinion be such a court-house as is required by this county.

"In reference to the manner of raising the sum that would be required for building such a house, we may suppose that the amount necessary for building it will be raised by tax in four years in equal amounts (that being the longest time that any of the counties referred to took to pay for the same). It is probable that the taxes would be raised for the first three years in nearly sufficient amounts to meet the outlay, as it is likely that the house would not be finished until the third year, and there would then be no difficulty in the county borrowing what money they needed at 8 per cent. to pay for finishing the building, should money be as plenty then as it has been for the past two years.

"Accompanying this report is a statement showing the proportion of tax that each town in the county would have to raise, to make the sum of \$104,000 in four equal annual payments, on the basis of the assessment of 1874, as fixed by the State Board of Equalization, and adding to said valuations the proportion of railroad taxes to which they were entitled.

"Respectfully submitted: Duncan Ferguson, C. A. Hemenway, A. Haines, F. E. Latham, A. C. Gleason, Committee."

Table showing the amount that each town in the county would have to pay to make up \$100,000 in one year, and also by dividing it into four years; assuming as a basis the valuation fixed by the State Board on the assessment of 1874, and assigning to each town, as near as may be, its share of the railroad tax.

TOWN.	Valuation as fixed by State Board—1874.	Am't required to raise \$25,000.	Am't required to raise \$100,000.
Rockford	\$3,509,575	\$8,774	\$35,096
Rockton	591,995	1,480	5,920
Pecatonica	584,720	1,462	5,847
Winnebago	616,953	1,542	6,169
Durand	487,025	1,217	4,870
Cherry Valley	512,041	1,280	5,120
Roscoe ..	483,314	1,208	4,838
Harrison	275,386	688	2,754
Shirland	206,401	516	2,064
Harlem	529,196	1,323	5,292
Guilford	594,661	1,487	5,947
Seward	541,302	1,353	5,413
New Milford	332,051	830	3,320
Laona	252,965	632	2,529
Burritt	391,537	979	3,915
Owen	493,254	1,233	4,933
TOTAL	\$10,402,378	\$26,004	\$104,022

After the reading of the above report, a motion was made to postpone the further consideration of the question of building a court-house until the next meeting of the Board, which elicited considerable discussion, in which most of the members of the Board participated. Finally, at the request of Mr. Herring, of Durand, the question was laid over for one day. On Wednesday, the 21st of April, the question again came up, when, on motion of Mr. Budlong, the report of the committee appointed at the last session of this Board, to investigate in relation to building a court-house, was adopted, and the committee discharged.

Mr. Budlong submitted the following resolution and moved its adoption:

"Resolved, That the Board of Supervisors appoint Duncan Ferguson as chairman, and Anthony Haines, J. B. Merritt and Hugh Mackey, as a committee to be known as the Court House Building Committee."

Mr. Herring moved the following as an amendment to the foregoing resolution:

"Resolved, That this Board do now appoint a committee consisting of five members to be known as a special Court House Building Committee, that Duncan Ferguson be one and chairman of that committee, and that he as chairman of this Board appoint the other four members of it."

On which the ayes and nays were called, with the following result: Ayes—Whittlesey, Hance, Herring, Rowley, Cowles, Hemenway and Derwent—7. Nays—Ferguson, Atkinson, Sweet, Haight, Budlong, Haines, Scoville, Smith, Manny, Barnum, Latham, Merritt, Mackey, Kirk, Fabrick and Rhoades—16. Mr. Herring moved to amend the original resolution so as to make Mr. Hemenway a member of said committee, and Whittlesey seconded said motion, on which the ayes and nays were called, with the following result: Ayes—Ferguson, Herring, Rowley, Scoville, Smith, Barnum, Latham, Merritt and Whittlesey—9. Nays—Hance, Cowles, Atkinson, Sweet, Haight, Budlong, Haines, Derwent, Manny, Mackey, Kirk, Fabrick and Rhoades—13. Lost.

Mr. Herring then made a motion to adjourn, which was lost by a vote of 8 for and 13 against. Then upon a vote being taken upon the original resolution, offered by Mr. Budlong, same was carried. On motion the Board adjourned until two o'clock in the afternoon.

At the afternoon session of the same day, the following resolution was adopted:

"Resolved, That the Building Committee on the Court House are hereby instructed to give notice, by advertising or otherwise, that plans for building a court-house in Winnebago County will be received at any time previous to the first Monday in July next."

At the July meeting, on Tuesday, the 13th, the Building Committee was instructed by resolution to examine all the plans submitted by competing architects for the proposed court-house for this county, to select such number of said plans as they may think advisable, and lay the same before the Board, either for the Board to make a selection, or to take such further steps in the matter as they may think the best interests of this county require.

On Wednesday evening, July 15th, the Board adjourned until Monday, the 26th, at which session of the Board the Building Committee reported that eighteen different plans and specifications had been received from architects of Illinois and other States, and that they had given the architects an

opportunity of explaining to them all the points to which they (the architects) wished to call the committee's attention, and of answering any questions the committee wished to submit to them, and that from the eighteen plans submitted, they had selected the designs offered by E. E. Myers, of Detroit, Mich.; Henry L. Gay, Cass Chapman, J. C. Cochrane, and Alexander Kirkland, of Chicago; and David S. Dory, as the most likely to meet the demands of the contemplated building. Accompanying this report was a condensed statement of the most important points in each of the plans submitted. The committee also reported that in the plans rejected they had found many points that they could freely recommend, etc. On Friday, July 30, 1875, the Board passed the following resolution:

"Resolved, That the Court House Building Committee of this Board be and are hereby instructed to adopt the design or plan submitted by Henry L. Gay, Architect, for a court-house for the county of Winnebago, to be erected on the Court House Square, in the city of Rockford, on the west side of Rock River, when the following conditions and stipulations are fully complied with by the said Henry L. Gay, to-wit: That such modifications or alterations shall be made in his plans as shall seem to said committee necessary and expedient; and that the committee and the said Gay shall agree upon the amount that the said alterations shall either increase or decrease the sum which the said Gay has stated that this building will cost (which sum was \$104,000), and provided, further, that one or more responsible contractors, giving bonds to the county, to the satisfaction of this Board, for the erection of the proposed court-house, agreeably to the proposals for letting, advertised by said committee, shall agree to do the work of erecting and completing the said building within, or very near the estimate of the said Gay, and as the same may be agreed to by the committee after the proposed alterations in said plans; and should there be no satisfactory bid, as above stated, at or near the said sum, then the said committee may reject the plan of the said Gay, and he shall not be entitled to any compensation from this County Board, or Building Committee, for any labor or expense that he may have incurred in preparing or altering the said plans or specifications; and this Board shall have the right to make another selection of any of the plans that have been submitted to the Board by competing architects; and also provided, that this Board preserve the right of appointing a superintendent for the construction of the proposed building.

"And, provided, further, That, when the plans and specifications are all completed to the satisfaction of the said Building Committee, that they are hereby instructed and directed to advertise in such newspapers as may seem to them best, giving at least three weeks' notice, for sealed proposals for the erection of the said building, the said proposals to be lodged with the clerk of this Board, at such time as shall be specified in the said notice, at which time an adjourned meeting of the Board will be held, when the said proposals will be opened and examined by the Board, who may then award the contract, should they consider it for the interest of the county to do so. The notice above referred to shall distinctly set forth that the Board reserves the right not to accept the lowest offer, but may reject any and all proposals for the erection of said building. The said bids to be accompanied by bonds, to be executed by the party offering to contract for the building of said court-house, and by one or more sufficient sureties, to be approved by the Board, in the sum of \$100,000; that all the stipulations and conditions that may be entered into by the proposed contractor with

the Board of Supervisors for building said court-house, shall be faithfully carried out and complied with by the party contracting.

"And provided, further, that the amount that would have to be paid to Mr. Gay as his commission for plans and specifications, shall be paid in sums in proportion as the work progresses."

On motion of Mr. Cowles, a resolution was adopted instructing the Building committee, that when they advertised for bids for the erection of the new court-house, they advertise that they would receive bids on the proposition that the exterior walls of the same be built of Rockford stone.

At the September session (Sept. 14th) the County Clerk was directed to levy such rate of tax on the taxable property as would raise a revenue of \$65,000 for county purposes. A subsequent resolution provided that "from the amount of county tax which shall be raised under the foregoing resolution, on the taxable property of the several towns of this county, as entered on the assessment rolls for 1875, there be appropriated the sum of \$30,000, to be used in paying part of the expense of the erection of a court-house, in the city of Rockford, for said county; and that the said sum be set apart as a separate fund, to be known as the Court House Fund, and to be used for the purposes above stated, and none other."

Wednesday, November 24th, the Board went into Committee of the Whole to consider the bids for erecting the court-house. At three in the afternoon, the committee rose and reported progress, when, on motion of Mr. Hemenway, a further consideration of the subject was laid over to an adjourned meeting of the Board, to be held at 2 o'clock p. m., on Monday, the 6th of December.

At that meeting of the Board, Mr. Ferguson presented the bid of E. C. Roberts for building the court-house, which was referred to the Building Committee, when the Board adjourned until Tuesday morning.

Tuesday morning Mr. Merritt offered the following resolution which was adopted:

"*Resolved*, That the Board does hereby reject all bids or proposals made to the Board for the building of a court-house for the county of Winnebago, under a resolution of the Board passed at the last July session of the Board, and that were lodged with the Clerk of the Board on or previously to the 23d of last November."

After which the Board adjourned until two o'clock in the afternoon, when Mr. W. D. Richardson presented the following:

Proposal for the erection of a court-house, to be located at Rockford, Winnebago County, Ill., made to the Board of Supervisors, of the County of Winnebago, by William D. Richardson, of Springfield, Sangamon Co., Ill. Dated at Rockford, Dec. 7, 1875.

I will furnish all of the materials and complete the building according to plan and specification, using stone for all cornices, balustrades and papier mache work over entrance to front door, for the sum of one hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars (\$165,000).

For the above work I propose to use Illinois lime stone of the best quality.

W. D. RICHARDSON.

I will deduct from my bid \$9,000 for the following items (should your building committee require it):

For change in foundation.....	\$2,000
" " " rear steps.....	2,000
For steam heater.....	5,000

I will furnish and put in place all tin and iron pipes required to be built in walls, at the above total amount.

W. D. RICHARDSON.

And Mr. Henry L. Gay, architect, submitted the following proposition:



Lewis Keith
FLORA TP. BOONE CO.

ROCKFORD, Dec. 7, 1875.

MR. DUNCAN FERGUSON, Chairman of Building Committee:

I propose to do all architectural work, furnish all drawings, specifications and details for 2 per cent. upon a cost of \$104,000, and \$10 per day and traveling expenses when called to Rockford to consult, examine and superintend work upon the proposed new court-house.

. HENRY L. GAY, *Architect.*

After the reading of these propositions, Mr. Cowles offered the following:

Resolved, That the building committee be authorized, and are hereby directed to accept the bid of W. D. Richardson for the building of the court-house in accordance with the plans and specifications of Henry L. Gay, architect, with substitution of stone for cornices, etc., in place of iron, as provided in his bid, and that they be authorized and directed to enter into contract with said W. D. Richardson for the building of the said court-house at the price bid, \$165,000, to be paid as the work progresses, and in the manner provided for in the plans and specifications, until the building is completed, when the balance appearing to be due the contractor, shall be paid him *at par* in Winnebago County orders or bonds, bearing 7 per cent. interest and running not to exceed ten years—at the option of the board as to the length of time the bonds shall run, or to pay the cash as they may elect. In case the committee think it advisable to reduce the cost of the building by not putting in the steam heating, and substituting straight steps for rear of building, they are authorized to do so by the proper amount for same being agreed upon.

“The committee are also instructed to provide in the contract that the walls of the building may be put up and the building enclosed during the season of 1877 so as to be completed in full by the first day of March, 1878, and that the county shall not be called upon to pay any faster than in the ratio as to time.

“In case there should be any disagreement as to details in making contracts with the contractor that are not arranged satisfactorily to the committee, then the acceptance of the bids shall be null and void.”

On Monday, March 6, 1876, on motion of Mr. Hemenway, the Board adjourned to the City Council rooms where, after the regular order of meeting had been disposed of, the following provisional bond, presented by Mr W. D. Richardson, was approved and ordered to be spread upon the records of the Board:

“Know all men by these presents, that Mr. William D. Richardson, of the city of Springfield, Illinois, as principal, and Thomas S. Ridgway and George M. Brinkerhoff, of the same place, as sureties, are held and firmly bound unto the county of Winnebago, in the State of Illinois, in the penal sum of one hundred thousand dollars, lawful money of the United States, to be paid to the said the county of Winnebago, or its assigns, to which payment we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors and administrators, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents. Witness our hands and seals, this 7th day of December, A. D. 1875.

“Whereas, the above, William D. Richardson, has entered into contract bearing even date herewith, with the county of Winnebago above mentioned, for the erection of a court-house at Rockford, Illinois, for the said county, upon the terms of the character and within the time of said contract expressed; and in consideration of the making of said contract, the said Richardson has agreed to make and deliver to said county, his bond with sufficient security, in the sum of one hundred thousand dollars,

to secure and make certain the full and faithful performance of said contract, and of each and every provision thereof, on his part; and this instrument is made and executed and delivered to said county, pursuant to such agreement.

"Now the conditions of this obligation are such, that if the said William D. Richardson shall in all things on his part, faithfully keep, observe and perform the said contract, and each and every provision thereof, then this obligation to be void; otherwise to remain in full force. And it is expressly understood and agreed that no change, alteration or modification of the plans, drawings or specifications in the contract mentioned, or the terms of said contract, shall invalidate this bond, but the obligation of this bond shall extend to and embrace any such change, alteration or modification, as though the same had been incorporated in the plans, drawings, specifications or contract, at and before the execution of this bond.

"W. D. RICHARDSON, [SEAL]

"THOS. S. RIDGWAY, [SEAL]

"GEO. M. BRINKERHOFF. [SEAL]"

Wednesday, March 8, 1876, the building committee submitted to the Board of Supervisors a very elaborate report of their action in the premises, setting forth that they had found it to the interest of the county to employ an attorney to assist them in preparing a good and sufficient contract, that all parties in interest might fully understand their duties and responsibilities; that, after a good deal of time spent in the examination of points presented for consideration, a contract had been agreed upon, and was therewith submitted for the approval or rejection of the Board. That it was thought proper that one or more of the committee should go to Joliet to see the quality of the stone intended for the court-house, and A. Haines and D. Ferguson, with Mr. Gay, went there on the first of February, and met Mr. Richardson, who pointed out the kind of stone he intended using in the building, a large amount of which he had on hand. The architect and committee were satisfied that the stone pointed out would be satisfactory.

The building committee also reported that they had contracted with Stephen Inman for the removal of the old court-house from the site it had occupied, so that it should front on Court street, for the sum of \$220, the said Inman agreeing, on his part, to place the building in good shape for occupation by the county by the 8th of March. That the committee after consultation with the architect and builder, had determined to have the specifications printed, as a number of copies would be required, and it would cost no more to have a few written than it would to have fifty printed. The report was signed by Duncan Ferguson, A. Haines, J. B. Merritt, Hugh Mackey, F. E. Latham, Committee.

The following is the contract in brief, the details of which are familiar to many of our readers:

This agreement, made and entered into this 7th day of December, A. D. 1875, by and between the county of Winnebago, in the State of Illinois, party of the first part, and William D. Richardson, of the city of Springfield, in the county of Sangamon, and State of Illinois, party of the second part, *Witnesseth*:

That said party of the second part, in consideration of the promises and agreements, hereinafter expressed, on the part of the party of the first part, to be kept and performed, has, and hereby does promise and agree, to prepare the foundations, furnish all the materials, build, erect, and complete, for the party of the first part, a court house, in all respects according to the plans, drawings, and specifications therefor, furnished and provided by

Henry L. Gay, architect, and the terms of this contract. All of the materials for said building, and all the work thereon, shall be done and furnished under the direction of, and to the satisfaction and approval of the architect, who may at the time be in charge of said work. Said plans, drawings, and specifications, above mentioned, are referred to, and made a part of this agreement. That all work performed under this agreement shall be first-class mechanical work of its kind; and all materials for and used in the erection of said building, shall be of the best quality and quantity sufficient for the purpose intended. That the stone used in the construction of said building (save as in the specifications otherwise provided) shall be of the best quality of Illinois limestone, to be taken from the quarry of E. S. Walker, or from some other quarry of the same color, and of as good quality. The said building shall be completed and finished on or before March 1, 1878, and at that time ready for delivery to the party of the first part. The building shall be inclosed and the roof on, on or before December 1, 1876, but the plastering shall not be put on before the spring of 1877, and shall be completed on or before Nov. 1, 1877.

On the same day (March 8th) the Board passed a resolution providing as follows:

"That this Board elect by ballot; some suitable and qualified person, to act as superintendent of the building of the court-house for Winnebago County. The duties of said superintendent shall be as specified in the contract and specifications, for building said court-house, and shall be under the control of the building committee, and shall be subject to removal at any time by the building committee; subject to the approval of the Board. Said superintendent to receive for his services, the sum of three dollars per day, for the time actually employed. Said superintendent shall not commence work until the building committee shall direct; the superintendent shall only receive pay for such time as they may direct and approve of when the work is in progress, and he shall devote his whole time when the committee direct."

Mr. F. E. Latham was appointed Building Superintendent.

Very soon after the completion of these preliminary details, active operations were commenced by the contractor, the preparation of the ground for the foundation walls and the delivery of the material being first in order. On the 23d of June the corner-stone was laid, with great *eclat*, and was participated in by the Masonic and Odd Fellows orders of the surrounding country, Grand Master DeWitt C. Cregier, of the Grand Masonic Lodge of the State of Illinois, conducting the ceremonies, which were witnessed by thousands of people. On this occasion the Rockford people spared no effort to preserve and maintain, and, if possible, to add to their already well established reputation for hospitality and excellence of taste in welcoming visitors. Almost every door was thrown open to their invited guests, and everybody was invited. The city was handsomely decorated. Flags were suspended across the streets, private residences, business houses and public buildings were handsomely festooned with flowers and evergreens, and every face wore an expression of happiness and pleasure. It was the great gala day in the history of Rockford and Winnebago County.

The new court-house building is a model of architectural beauty, and is known as the French Venetian, with American treatment. It is 82x113 feet on the ground, covering an area of 9,266 square feet, and three stories high, with the main front on State street. The foundation walls are sunk seven feet and six inches in the ground below the grade line, and rest on footing courses of solid Joliet limestone six feet in width. The lower or basement walls are built from eight-inch stone, backed by sixteen-inch brick lining, making twenty-four-inch walls. Above this, the wall-stone is six inches in thickness, with fourteen-inch brick backing, making twenty-inch walls. [The stone used in the exterior walls was brought from

Walker's quarry, at Joliet. The brick used previous to the disaster of the 11th of May, 1877, was from Brown & Gow's kilns, about five miles above Rockford. Those used after that disaster were brought from the kilns of the Chicago Bridewell.]

The basement and first story are divided into four sections each, by corridors running north and south and east and west. The corridors or halls running from the front to the rear, are twelve feet in width, and those running from east to west, fourteen feet six inches in width. The basement story is twelve feet in height from floor to ceiling, and is divided into rooms for offices, fire-proof vaults, boiler department, storage room, water closet, etc., there being ten rooms and two vaults.

The first story proper, is 16 feet from floor to ceiling, and is reached from the State street entrance by a double flight of stone steps of 21 steps each. This story is arranged and divided into rooms for the use of the county offices. The offices or rooms on the right are assigned to the Clerk of the Circuit Court, the general office being 21x21 feet, and the room for the recording department 13x21 feet. These departments are provided with a fire-proof vault 14x32 feet, for the preservation of records.

The Sheriff's office is in the west side of the building, and immediately south of and adjoining the Recorder's office, but has no communicating door therewith. The entrance to this office is by the west corridor.

The offices of the County Clerk and Treasurer (in one) and County Judge are located on the left of the main entrance. The Clerk and Treasurer's office is 21x35 feet, and the room assigned to the County Judge, 12x15. These departments are also supplied with a vault 14x32 feet.

The rooms designed for the use of the County Court and Board of Supervisors are on the right and left of the rear or Elm street entrance, are 22x42 feet each, and are reached by a double flight of stone steps, of 19 steps each, from the Elm street side.

The second story is 35 feet from the floor to the center part of the dome. The main part of it is designed for the use of the Circuit Court, and is 72x76 feet. On the right is the Judge's private room, 12x21 feet; a room for the use of the State's Attorney, 15x17 feet, and the grand jury room, 12x21 feet. On the left the petit jury room, 12x21 feet; a retiring room for members of the bar, 17x21 feet, and a law library room, 12x21 feet. Stairs lead to this story from the bisecting corridor in the first story. The building is lighted by six large French plate glass windows in front and rear, and eight on each side.

A large dome 30x30 feet and 119 feet in height from the ground line to the top of the finial, rises over the front entrance. The south side of this dome is supported by two stone piers,* rising to a height of 37 feet, seven feet six inches at the base, and three feet six inches at the top. These piers are surmounted by two Corinthian iron columns, 18 inches in diameter, 24 inches thick, and 23 feet 8 inches in height, on which rests the main box girder, weighing five and a half tons, which in turn supports the south wall of the dome.

In a circular panel immediately over the semi-dome, in large raised letters is the latin word *Lex*, meaning law. In the semi-dome, in richly carved bas-relief work, are three medallion panels, in which are figures representing Spring, Summer and Autumn.

*These stone piers were introduced as strengthening supports in the reconstruction of the building after the fall of the dome, May 11, 1877.

Within the dome's pediment, with wings extended, an exquisitely carved American Eagle will look down and out upon State street. A stone tablet on one side of the arched entrance will bear the date of the settlement of the county, date of organization, date of building of first court-house, date of present court-house and its cost. On the other tablet will be inscribed the name of each township and date of its settlement, etc.

From the 23d of June, 1876, the day the corner stone was laid, until Friday, May 11, 1877, the work progressed without interruption. On that day, however, a disaster occurred that not only seriously retarded the progress of the work, but enshrouded the entire community in sorrow and gloom. About half-past eleven o'clock on that day, while citizens were pursuing their usual avocations, a sudden tremor ran through the air, a strange and startling sound rose and spread through the city with a terrible roar, and great clouds of dust darkened the horizon. "Before the people had time to take a second thought," said the *Journal* of Saturday, the 12th, "the sound swelled to a grinding roar, and all eyes in the vicinity were involuntarily directed to the place of doom. First a single stone was seen to topple from the apex of the pediment of the main central tower, then the sides of the tower crumbled and fell inward, the front pediment leaped into the air towards State street; a confused roar—a cloud of whitish-yellow smoke—a half dozen men suspended in the air, or clinging to balustrade, or ropes, or cornices, or taking the death leap—and then a crush and cloud followed by a shudder, and afterwards a hush like that of death. 'Good God! it's the court-house!' ran from lip to lip along the street. Crowds hurried to the scene, and drew as near to the ruins as possible. It was discovered that all but a portion of the front pediment of the main central tower, dome, or pavilion, had fallen, mostly down through the middle of the building, crushing in its descent much of the inside work of the structure. The debris filled the ground front apartment behind the grand entrance, the northwest and northeast basement rooms, and the central hallway. The boiler which fed the two engines was precipitated from the upper floor to the bottom, with the hoisting engine, which was on the same floor. The iron girders were twisted like broom wires, and beams, brickwork, sculptured stones and human bodies were mingled in inextricable confusion. It was known from the first that the loss of life by the disaster must be fearful. The shattered building still threatened death to whoever ventured near it, and going inside of it under the hanging, riven timbers, and the threatening, shattered walls was a thing of hazard. But men soon ventured inside and began to overhaul the debris. Soon two men were brought out of the main hall on the west side of the building, one with his face badly cut, but able to stand and talk, but the other battered, broken and mashed almost beyond recognition. Mr. Richardson and Supervisor Latham were on the roof when the tower fell. Mr. Richardson was soon after seen walking on the west wall, whence he calmly gave some orders to the men below. Both gentlemen reached the ground in safety. How they escaped they could not clearly tell. They had but a minute or two before stood upon the portion which fell. Going into the building and looking up among the broken timbers where the dome had stood, two men were seen up there on the horrible perch. When the tower began to crack and tremble, two colored men and Timothy Flannigan took fearful trapeze leaps over the front. One of the colored men struck upon a pile of coal dust and escaped with but slight injuries. The other colored man caught upon a guy rope and

descended safely to the ground; but poor Flannigan fell among the rocks and died soon after his removal.

"As soon as possible gangs of men were organized to work among the rubbish, in search of the buried victims. Body after body was exhumed and removed, some dead and some alive, and others that died upon the grass soon after removal.

"Four horribly mangled corpses were soon laid in the north wing of the old court-house. John Peck was taken to the City Hotel with a leg broken. Young Mr. John Pipe, the son of the Superintendent, was taken out dead and laid in the court-house. Albert Haug, and a colored man, with one leg off, and the body of Timothy Flannigan, were also deposited in the same place. Mr. McInnis was conveyed in a hack to 407 South Fourth street, East Side, and another man to the corner of Court and Wall streets, South Side. Albert Hollenbeck, a worthy South Side man, was known to be dead in the ruins. His little boy, who had come up town on hearing the dreadful news, inquired for his father. Somebody told him that his father was 'all right.' The little fellow went back rejoicing to inform the family, and all the time the husband and parent was crushed and dead beneath the ruins.

"The firemen were soon at the scene, and busily working for the recovery of the bodies, under the direction of Chief Lakin. A stream was thrown on to the smouldering fire where the engine had fallen, which was soon extinguished. The firemen then, by the aid of the ladders, rescued two or three men who were clinging to the outer walls of the building, and had fortunately not fallen with the tower. Chief Lakin ascended to the second floor and extricated Augustus Lucas, engineer of the upper engine, and he was conveyed to his home on Court street, where a dislocated hip was reduced by Dr. Burns. Doctors Fitch, Vincent, Richings, and others, treated the other wounded.

"*The Cause.*—The cause of this terrible calamity is easily understood and explained. The square base of the dome or tower was 80 or 90 feet from the ground, and rested in front on the wall over the arched grand portal. The rear part of it projected inside the building and was supported by two iron-fluted pillars, which rested on two columnar projections behind the portal, built of brick. These brick supports crumbled and let down the entire rear portion of the tower, which of course caused the destruction of the entire dome, some of it falling outward over the front, but the main part pitched over into the interior of the building and demolished much of the inside work, some of the flying rocks shooting clear out of the windows at the rear of the structure.

"A fearful responsibility rests upon some one, a responsibility which will be rightly placed as time progresses.

"Crowds from all parts of the city surged in and around the court-house, and the police with difficulty prevented them from interfering with the workmen among the debris. All the afternoon they toiled, but the sun went down while yet poor Hollenbeck and Haug remained in the ruins. The wounded men were all properly cared for, and none of them had died at nightfall, though it was stated by the physicians that Peck and Harris, at the City Hotel, would probably die.

"The wife of the man killed, Flannigan, while riding to her home on Charles street, on her return from the terrible scene of her husband's death, fainted and was taken into Thos. Scott's coal office, where she was attended

by Dr. Clark, some ladies coming to his assistance, as Mrs. Flannigan was *enciente*, and fears were entertained from the result of her great agitation.

"It was a noteworthy circumstance that scarcely a groan, and no outcry escaped the wounded men. They all seemed paralyzed by the terrible shock and uttered not a sound.

"*A Thorough Investigation.*—A coronor's jury was impaneled at about four o'clock, consisting of the following well-known citizens: Hon. S. M. Church, foreman; D. L. Emerson, Geo. Wilson, W. H. Smith, Thomas Butterworth, H. W. Carpenter, A. G. Lowry, J. W. Seccomb, Geo. S. Haskell, G. A. Sanford, John R. Porter, J. B. Howell.

"An inquest was held on the four bodies recovered at that time and then lying in the old court-house. The jury then adjourned, to meet this morning at nine o'clock, at the City Council Rooms. The jury will, if possible, ascertain at whose door lies the criminal responsibility for this terrible disaster. Somebody is to blame for the proposed construction of a building which was liable to fall at any moment and crush to death those it was intended to shelter and protect, and it is the duty of this jury to ascertain, if possible, who the guilty parties are, and let the censure rest where it belongs.

"*Killed.*—Fred Haug, and A. Hollenbeck, still in ruins; John Warren, A. Haug, John Pipe, George Gloss, Timothy Flannigan, bodies recovered.

"*Wounded.*—August Lucas, hip dislocated and cut on the head; Thos. Hayes, severe cut on the head; Wm. McInnis, slightly; John Peck, leg crushed, dangerously wounded; Geo. Smith, slightly; Hugh Eldridge, slightly cut in the head; Cicero Dickerson, slightly; Hendrez Beldahl, dangerously; Isaac Donelly, slightly; John Donaldson, missing; Frank Harris, badly; — Linholm, badly.

"Some of the wounded are in a critical condition. Of the killed, but two, Hollenbeck and Flannigan, lived in Rockford, the others coming with Mr. Richardson from Springfield.

"*Memorial Service.*—At a meeting of the pastors of the churches of the city last evening, it was decided to hold public services expressive of the Christian sympathy of the citizens of Rockford with the sufferers in the late calamity at the new court-house, in the Second Congregational Church, to-morrow (Sunday) evening, at 7:30 p. m. Addresses will be made by clergymen and citizens.

"At the close of the services, a collection and subscription will be taken for the benefit of the families of the killed and injured, as it is understood that several of these families will be left in great destitution by the loss of husbands and fathers. It is hoped that a generous contribution will be received at the services.

"*Thanks for Aid.*—Mr. Richardson, the contractor, desires to express his profound thanks to the citizens of Rockford for the prompt and timely aid rendered him at this dire calamity, in rescuing the wounded, and also for the many manifestations of sympathy extended the sufferers.

"*Later.*—Saturday morning, 6 o'clock.—A large gang of hands were engaged all night in clearing away the debris, but up to this time neither of the remaining bodies have been recovered. This work will be continued during the day with an increased force."

From the Sunday edition.—"Many rumors and much gossip have circulated among our citizens since the great disaster happened. Of course,

the all absorbing question is, "Who is responsible?" Our yesterday's edition gave what we had good reason to think was the truth in reference to an alleged difference of opinion between Mr. Richardson and the building committee in regard to the strength of the building. The statement which we made reflected slightly on the liberality of the Board of Supervisors, and intimated that they had perhaps adhered too pertinaciously to the building contract. The committee naturally took umbrage to this view, and have so expressed themselves to us. The JOURNAL has no intention of doing the gentlemen injustice, and has taken pains to get an expression of views from Messrs. Ferguson and Haines, of the building committee, and of the architect, Mr. Gay, as well as of Mr. Richardson. Our reporter met Mr. Gay at the court-house, in company with E. B. Sumner, Esq., and was introduced by the latter gentleman. The following conversation ensued:

"Reporter—Mr. Gay, have you anything to say through the JOURNAL in regard to this great calamity? We should be pleased to give you ample opportunity for expression in our columns, if you desire to use them.

"Mr. Gay—I have but just arrived, and until I have secured a thorough investigation, I prefer to give no expression in regard to the matter.

"Reporter—Then you intend to have an investigation?

"Mr. Gay—I do; as thorough an investigation as possible. Until that transpires I am unable to express an opinion regarding the disaster. I am willing to bear the revelations of a thorough investigation. What results therefrom does not concern me nearly as much as the recovery of these dead men from the ruins. My feelings of sorrow for the sad result of the calamity are inexpressible. All other considerations are unimportant to me in comparison to this fearful loss of life and suffering.

"Reporter—Is it true, Mr. Gay, that there has been all along a disagreement between yourself and Mr. Richardson in regard to particulars of construction in the building, or its strength?

"Mr. Gay—No, sir.

"Reporter—Has not Mr. Richardson intimated to you at sundry times that the construction was too weak in parts?

"Mr. Gay—No, sir—you see I have not been here to examine the work since February; and you know how it was then; everything appeared all right, so far as I could see.

"Reporter—Those brick piers, or columns, were the supports of the iron pillars above and the inside wall of the pavilion, were they not, and were they so designed in the plans and specifications?

"Mr. Gay—Yes; they were the supports of that portion of the pavilion, in accordance with the design.

"Further questioning in regard to the cause of failure of these supports was evaded by Mr. Gay, and the conversation was diverted by the approach of Mayor Ferguson, chairman of the court-house building committee.

"The Mayor began to reprimand the JOURNAL for its statement regarding the attitude of the building committee and the Board of Supervisors, which our representative took with the meekness usual with the craft. Then the following colloquy ensued:

"Reporter—Mr. Ferguson, it has been reported that a difference had all along existed between the building committee, representing the Board of Supervisors, and the contractor, Mr. Richardson, in regard to certain features of the construction, arising from the fact that the con-

tractor desired certain modifications of the original plan so as to make the building stronger and better.

"Mr. Ferguson—There has not a word passed between the contractor and ourselves in regard to such a matter—not a solitary word. We have not had the least intimation that anything was wrong. We have repeatedly gone over the building with Mr. Richardson, and satisfaction was expressed with the nature and progress of the work by all parties.

"This was the most important part of Mr. Ferguson's statement to us. He further stated, also, that nothing would be done about renewing the work till a meeting of the Board of Supervisors, which would be called immediately. When asked if he thought the construction would go on, he replied that he could not say for certain. All would depend on the action of the Board.

"Mr. Richardson, when approached, was not at all inclined to talk. He said that he was placed in a very trying position, and denied that any disagreement had arisen between himself and the Supervisors.

"From our conversation with all the above mentioned parties, we were impressed with the idea that they formed a coterie a good deal more solid than that fatal brick support of the fallen pavilion; that it would take a very pertinacious oyster knife to pry open the shell of 'keep mum' in which they had encased themselves. One fact they could not deny. The tower had fallen, and eight lives and a heavy cost to the county were the sacrifice. There was a defect somewhere. It was a significant fact, too, that Mr. Richardson and Mr. Latham had but a moment before the catastrophe been peering about at the now ruined pavilion. Why did they do it? Mr. Latham nearly let the cat escape from the bag by his answer to the coroner's inquest, when he said that they were looking to see whether the tower was defective or not.

"It is now quite evident, that the blame will be made to rest on the nature of the brick in the supports. It is said that they were too soft; and that if they had been as hard as ordinary Milwaukee brick, they would have been sufficiently strong for the purpose. If that were so, it seems as if somebody ought to have known that the brick were too soft. The pending investigation will probably bring out the facts in the case; at all events, the coroner's jury should sift the matter to the very bottom, so that the truth shall be revealed, if possible. Justice to all parties demands nothing less.

"The toilers in the ruins worked like Titans last night among the debris in the northwest room and in the hall-way in the rear of that room, under the direction of Tom Force. At a little past twelve their ghastly labors were rewarded by the discovery of the bodies of Hollenbeck and Haug, down deep under massive portions of the stone-work. A huge stone, about five feet square, lay in a tilted position, one edge resting on the body of Hollenbeck, Haug's body laying across Hollenbeck's legs. Atop of Haug lay a couple of large sculptured stones, of vast weight. Hollenbeck's head lay away under the rock above him, and his arm was stretched out and pinioned between undiscovered rocks. To extricate the body of Hollenbeck, it was necessary to drill through the tilted stone and break a portion off. Then the body was removed, by separating it from the arm, which latter is still under the rock. Haug's body was jammed and doubled up beyond semblance of a man, but that of Hollenbeck was in tolerable preservation. The bodies were extricated about 5 A. M. Both were depos-

ited in the dead room of the old court-house to await the action of the inquest.

"Harris, who is at the City Hotel, suffered amputation of his leg at about 11 o'clock. Dr. Vincent performed the operation, assisted by Drs. McAfee, Tibbets, Knight and Hill. The patient is doing well. He lies in a state of stupor, which usually supervenes after amputation. The other wounded men are doing as well as could be expected.

"*Latest.*—Lindholm, one of the Swedes injured, died last night at 9 o'clock, and Peck, at the City Hotel, died this morning at 12:45, thus making nine persons dead from the disaster. One of the limbs of Harris, also at the City Hotel, is so badly crushed that the physicians have decided on amputation, which will be done this morning. The remaining wounded, so far as we have been able to learn at time of going to press, are doing well.

"The Board of Supervisors will be called together in a few days, to provide for this unlooked for disaster and new complication.

"The funeral of John Peck, the dead man at the City Hotel, will be held to-day at 10 o'clock, Rev. D. M. Reed officiating. Two sisters of the deceased arrived here from Rochester, Minnesota, this morning.

"The investigation will be entered upon speedily. The coroner's jury have requested Mayor Ferguson to visit Chicago, and he will probably go to-night. There he will procure the advice of building experts, and arrange for a thorough investigation."

Saturday evening the pastors of the several churches met in consultation and arranged to hold memorial services at the Second Congregational Church, on Sunday evening, to give expression to the Christian sympathy entertained by the citizens of Rockford with the sufferers in the terrible disaster. At this meeting, which was a large one, Duncan Ferguson, Esq., chairman of the Board of Supervisors, presided. Addresses were made by clergymen and citizens, and a collection taken up for the benefit of the maimed and wounded, and for the families of the killed—several of the families being left in great destitution. It is needless to add that the response was hearty and substantial.

The inquest and inquiry as to the cause or causes of the disaster was commenced on Tuesday, the 15th of May, 1877. A large number of building experts and other witnesses were sworn and examined. Among the former were Messrs. Gay, the architect; Richardson, the building contractor; W. W. Boyington, Augustus Bauer, J. R. Willett, and L. D. Cleveland, the four last named gentlemen being Chicago architects of standing and experience. Twelve days were spent in this investigation. The testimony was very voluminous—too much so to be incorporated in this book, and with an explanatory article from the *Rockford Journal* of May 19, and the finding of the Coroner's Jury, the subject will be dismissed from these pages.

The *Journal* said: "Before entering upon a recital of the evidence adduced at the Coroner's inquest in the great court-house case, we will, as plainly as possible, explain the manner in which the fallen pavilion was supported, and why it fell. All who have seen it are familiar with the appearance of the grand central dome or pavilion of the now dishonored court-house; how it hung aloft over the grand portal, a thing of marvelous grace and beauty; and so absorbed were we all with its growth in symmetry and perfection, day by day, that we never stopped to inquire how it hung there, or how adequate were its supports. (And it has proved that some, whose business it was to think of that, were in a daze, as well.) That

marvel of beauty, alas, was no ethereal thing, but had dead weight, pressing upon its supports with a ponderability estimated, with a strange variance in authorities, from 480 to 840 tons. The front, or north half, of the pavilion was supported by the exterior wall of the building, and the arched entrance of the *facade*. The south side of the pavilion hung away over into the interior of the building on a line with the wall partitioning the front rooms from the vaults next south of them. This south side was supported on two iron columns, 22 feet in height, which rested on a columnar section of wall.

This wall was the regular partitioning wall between the northwest front room and a vault in the rear, as before stated, and was 36 feet in height from the foundation. It was a hollow wall, with twelve inches of brick on one side and eight on the other side of the four inch vacuum. At the point where the iron pavilion-supporting pillar stood was a section two feet four inches square, and built up solid. A pilaster, or projection on the vault, or south side, of four inches, was built up with the wall. This section of the wall is what has been familiarly called the "pier," or column, in conversation and reports. It is not properly a column or pier at all, but merely a section of the wall proper. On the top of this section of wall was placed a Joliet cap-stone, two feet square; on this an iron plate two inches thick. On this pedestal stood the iron column, which reached up to the dome above and feebly held back a doom which the unconscious workmen had been piling up there for months. The cause of the catastrophe, now, is easily reached. The hundreds of tons of weight in the pavilion simply crushed the brick support underneath, and the fearful crash came. The brick wall was raised its entire height of thirty-six feet without a single bond-stone, and though Chicago experts say that if it had been properly constructed it would have sustained the superincumbent weight, Messrs. Richardson and Pipe say that it was entirely inadequate to support the weight put upon it."

On Tuesday afternoon, May 29, 1877, the Coroner's Jury returned the following verdict:

STATE OF ILLINOIS, }
Winnebago Co. } ss.

An inquisition indented and taken for the people of the State of Illinois, at the City Council Chambers, in the city of Rockford, in said Winnebago County, on 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 21st, and 22d days of May, A. D. 1877, before me, Judson D. Burns, Coroner of said Winnebago County, in the State of Illinois, after viewing the bodies of Frederick Haug, Albert Haug, Timothy Flannigan, John Pipe, Geo. Gloss, John Warren, Almira Hollenbeck, John T. Pick, and Jared F. Harris, then and there lying dead, upon the oaths of Selden M. Church, Foreman; H. W. Carpenter, Geo. S. Haskell, John R. Porter, G. A. Sanford, J. B. Howell, Thos. Butterworth, Geo. Wilson, J. W. Seccomb, D. L. Emerson, Wm. H. Smith, A. G. Lowrey, good and lawful men of said Winnebago County, who, being duly sworn to inquire upon the part of the people of the State of Illinois, into all the circumstances attending the death of the persons aforesaid, whose bodies they have viewed, and by whom the same was produced, and in what manner, and when and where the said dead bodies aforesaid came to their death, do say, upon their oaths aforesaid, that the said Frederick Haug, Albert Haug, Timothy Flannigan, John Pipe, Geo. Gloss, John Warren, Almira Hollenbeck, John T. Pick and Jared T. Harris were lying, when found, in the debris of the Court House of Winnebago County, State of Illinois, said court-house then being under construction

and situated in the city of Rockford, west of Rock River, in an enclosure known as Court House Square, in the County of Winnebago and State of Illinois aforesaid, on the 11th and 12th days of May, A. D. 1877, and that the said dead bodies aforesaid, when so found as aforesaid, appeared badly mutilated and crushed; and so the jurors aforesaid upon their oaths do say that the said Frederick Haug, Albert Haug, Timothy Flannigan, John Pipe, Geo. Gloss, John Warren, Almira Hollenbeck, John T. Pick and Jared F. Harris came to their death aforesaid by the reason of the falling of part of the main pavilion of the aforesaid court-house, on Friday, the 11th day of May, 1877, at the hour of 11:30 A. M., or thereabouts, the above named persons killed being mechanics and laborers employed upon and about the aforesaid court-house, at the time of the falling.

THE CAUSE.

That the cause of said falling is, first, The neglect of Henry L. Gay, the architect of the said building, to provide for the great amount of weight called for to complete the construction of said building, according to plans as designed by him.

Second, That want of care or prudence on the part of said architect, in not giving special specifications and plans for the part or parts of the general plan required or expected to carry the extra weight, in proportion to their superficies.

We find that the Board of Supervisors failed to use that caution in examining the plans and specifications that the construction of a building of that magnitude would seem to require, and that they acted unwisely in not employing a competent architect to superintend the construction of the same. And so the jury do find.—Selden M. Church, Hiram W. Carpenter, Geo. S. Haskell, John R. Porter, Goodyear A. Sanford, Jas. B. Howell, Thos. Butterworth, Geo. Wilson, Jos. W. Seccomb, D. L. Emerson, Wm. H. Smith, Andrew G. Lowry.

The within verdict was made up and signed and delivered to me this 23d day of May, A. D. 1877.

JUDSON D. BURNS,

Coroner Winnebago County.

The direful disaster thus disposed of, its cause established, the responsibility fixed where it belonged, the dead buried and the wounded provided for, the Board of Supervisors next turned their attention to the strengthening of the building, that a similar calamity might be averted. Messrs. William S. Smith, engineer, of Maywood; David S. Doig, architect, Rockford, and Aaron Houghton, Durand, were designated as a committee of experts to make such changes in the plans as would give the building all necessary strength in every part, and to determine the nature and extent of the repairs necessary to restore it to such condition as would permit its completion. This committee found a number of defects or weak places, for which they suggested strengthening remedies, which were adopted and carried out. This committee was also instructed to make estimates on the cost of restoring the building to its condition previous to its falling, and the probable cost of such alterations as they found necessary to be made to insure the necessary strength, etc. On the 13th of June this committee submitted a report, from which the following figures are extracted:

Cost of restoring the building.....	\$27,600
Cost of additions and alterations.....	18,515
Total.....	<u>\$46,115</u>

The same date Mr. Richardson proposed to take the court-house as it stood, and complete it according to the plans and specifications as altered by the committee of experts, for the additional sum (to the contract price) of \$46,000, making the whole sum to be paid to him for the Court House, when completed, \$206,000, it being stipulated in this proposition that all the rubbish and material about the building should belong to him, and that he should be allowed to use the same in reconstructing the building so far as the building superintendent should approve. On the 14th of June the Board of Supervisors voted to accept the proposition of Mr. Richardson, and the building committee were instructed to enter into the necessary contract with him for the faithful fulfillment of his proposition. In consideration of Mr. Richardson being awarded the rubbish occasioned by the falling of the dome, etc., he released all claims that he might have against the county for any and all damages, of whatever kind, that he had sustained by the disaster. All the details thus completed, work was resumed, and has been prosecuted without further interruption. On the 17th of June, David S. Doig was appointed building superintendent, in place of F. E. Latham, resigned, and to which duty he gave his entire and undivided attention. Not a single piece of material was allowed to be put in the wall without he had first examined it and found it to be suited every way to the place it was designed to occupy, and then put in place under his immediate supervision. In this way, and with the adoption of the plans matured by the committee of experts for strengthening the building, the Winnebago Court House was made one of the strongest in the State. The fallen dome was a model of beauty and symmetry, but its supports were too weak to sustain its great weight. The design was a grand one, but there is no doubt but the architect who designed it became so lost in the contemplation of the beauty of the model his brain had fashioned, that he overlooked the great and necessary element of strength in the supports upon which it was calculated to rest.

Among the alterations proposed by Mr. Richardson, was iron instead of wooden rafters for the roof, covered with sheeting boards and tin covering (same as in the original), and the under side of the roof to be covered with wire cloth and two coats of cement plastering. When this building is fully completed, it will be a proud and lasting monument to the spirit of the people by whom it was built; and only the remembrance of one thing will cause them regret as they contemplate its majestic walls, its graceful and towering dome, and its unsurpassed interior arrangement and finish—the *death disaster of May 11, A. D. 1877*. The horrors and memories of that occasion will live in the minds of men so long as the walls of the building endure.

In closing this chapter, it is but simple justice to the worth and merit of Mr. DUNCAN FERGUSON, member and chairman of the Board of Supervisors and chairman of the Building Committee from the inception of the undertaking, to remark that he spared no effort to secure to the county all that was contemplated by the people when they determined to build a court-house that would be in keeping with the wealth and importance of the county. The duties of such a position could not have been assigned to a more prudent, careful and determined gentleman. To him and his associates on the committee, Messrs. A. Haines, F. E. Latham, H. Mackey, and J. B. Merritt, from the letting of the contract until April, 1877; and A. Haines, J. B. Merritt, J. R. Herring and J. H. Kirk, from April, 1877,

the people owe enlarged consideration and recognition for the very economic and careful manner in which they have guarded their interests in the management of this enterprise, uninfluenced by "rings," "jobbery," or "favoritism."

THE PRESS.

The first newspaper established in the county was the *Rock River Express*. Its publication was commenced in the village of Rockford, May 4, 1840, by B. J. Gray. It was Whig in politics. After being published one year, the press and materials were sold and removed from the place.

The *Rockford Star*, Democratic, was started in 1840, by Philander Knappen. This paper was run for a little over a year, when it was transferred to John A. Brown, and continued under the name of the *Rockford Pilot*.

Rockford Pilot, Democratic, was commenced July 22, 1841, by John A. Brown. This paper was a successor to the *Star*, and was published till October, 1842. During a portion of this time, also a Universalist paper, entitled *The Better Covenant*, William Rounseville, editor, was printed at the *Pilot* office.

Winnebago Forum, Whig, established February, 1843, by J. Ambrose Wight, who transferred it in the August following to Austin Colton. The title was afterwards changed to *Rockford Forum*. Mr. Colton continued its publisher for nearly eleven years. The establishment was purchased by Elijah W. Blaisdell, Jr., in 1854, and the name of the paper was changed to *Rockford Republican*. Mr. Blaisdell subsequently took his brother, Richard P. Blaisdell, into partnership, by whom the paper was published until 1862, when it was purchased by Elias C. Daugherty, and merged into the *Rockford Register*, of which he was the proprietor.

Rockford Free Press, established in October, 1848, by Henry W. De Puy, as a free soil, or "Barnburner" organ. It was published until February, 1850, when it was discontinued for want of patronage.

Rock River Democrat, established in June, 1852, as a Democratic paper, by Benjamin Holt, in which David T. Dickson afterwards purchased an interest. In 1855, Rhenodyne A. Bird purchased the interest of Mr. Holt. The *Democrat* was published by Messrs. Dickson & Bird until May 1, 1864, when it was purchased by Isaiah S. Hyatt, who continued its publication until June 12, 1865, when the office was sold to the present *Register* Company.

Rockford Register, established February, 1855, as a Republican paper, by Elias C. Daugherty, who continued its publication until June 12, 1865, when the entire establishment, and also the *Rock River Democrat* office, were purchased by a joint stock company, known as the *Rockford Register* Company, by whom it has been published to the present time.

Rockford Wesleyan Seminary Reporter, a monthly publication, commenced in October, 1857. Only four numbers of this paper were issued. It was published by W. F. Stewart, for the Wesleyan Seminary Company.

Democratic Standard, established October 30, 1858, by Springsteen & Parks, as a Democratic organ. After three or four weeks, the *Standard* was published by Henry Parks, alone, until February 5, 1859, when David G. Croly became proprietor of the establishment. On the 18th of May following, the proprietorship was changed to D. G. Croly & Co., John H. Grove being known as the "Co." On the suspension of the *News*, April

30, 1860, and the withdrawal of Mr. Croly, the publication of the *Standard* was continued by John H. Grove and James S. Ticknor, for a few months, when it was sold to James E. and Joseph H. Fox, who established the *Daily News*, Republican, issuing the first number on the 10th of December, 1860. In a few weeks they also commenced the issue of *The Weekly News*. The publication of the *News* was continued until Sept. 21, 1861, when the establishment was sold to Elias C. Daugherty, of the *Register*, and its further publication ceased.

Daily News, established by David G. Croly, February 8, 1859. Neutral in politics. The publication of the *News* was continued to April 30, 1860, when it was suspended from a lack of patronage.

Daily Register, Republican, established by Elias C. Daugherty, June 1, 1859, but discontinued at the end of three months. Was renewed in October, 1877.

Rock River Mirror, neutral in politics; established September 6, 1859, by Allen Gibson, by whom it is still published. Printed at the *Register* office.

Rockton Gazette, established at Rockton, 1857, by Funk & Phelps. Soon after its commencement, Mr. Funk retired, and its publication was continued for about a year by H. W. Phelps. Not being well sustained, the office and fixtures were removed to Burlington, Wisconsin.

Pecatonica Independent, established May, 1859, at Pecatonica, by J. E. Duncan. Its publication was continued for a little over a year, when the office was removed to Darlington, Wisconsin.

People's Press, Democratic, was established July 25, 1865, by W. P. Furey, who published it until May, 1866, when a joint stock company was organized, who continued its publication until September 1, 1866, when it was discontinued, having met the same fate with many of its predecessors—died for want of patronage.

Winnebago County Chief, Republican, established Nov. 21, 1866, by J. P. Irvine, who subsequently admitted as a partner, Hiram R. Enoch. This partnership continued till 1870, when Mr. Enoch bought out the interest of Mr. Irvine, and changed the name of the paper to that of the *Rockford Journal*, of which he is still the editor and publisher. Mr. Enoch is an easy, graceful, bold and independent writer, and, although not always popular with the masses because of his political independence and his disposition to call things by their right names, the *Journal* is always sought after because of its reliability as a news-paper. Mr. Enoch is a careful business man, and has succeeded in placing the *Journal* on a substantial financial basis, and by perseverance and industry has worked his way up from a settler's boy in 1835 to his present position, as manager and editor of a newspaper whose influence is acknowledged throughout the country.

Rockford Gazette, Republican, established November, 1866, by I. S. Hyatt, who continued its publication until September, 1867, when it was sold to A. E. and W. E. Smith, its present proprietors.

Words for Jesus, monthly, a religious publication, commenced October, 1867, by Thos. J. and Hugh Lamont: Printed at the *Register* office.

Golden Censer, semi-monthly, a religious paper, John Lemley editor, established April, 1868. Printed at the *Register* office.

In addition to these, *The Spirit Advocate*, a monthly issue advocating the Spiritual doctrines, was published 1854 and 1855, printed at the

Republican office. Dr. George Haskell and Henry P. Kimball were its editors and chief supervisors.

Leaves from Forest Hill, a monthly, was published for some time during the school year, by the young ladies of Rockford Female Seminary.

OFFICIAL RECORD.

The following is a complete official record of the State Senators, Representatives, Delegates to Constitutional Conventions, Circuit Judges, Clerks of the Circuit Courts, County Commissioners, County Justices, Clerks of County Court, County Clerks, Judges of Probate, State's Attorneys, Sheriffs, Coroners, Recorders, School Commissioners and Superintendents, County Treasurers, County Surveyors, Masters in Chancery, and Chairmen of the Board of Supervisors, in the order here named, who have served the people in these various capacities since the first election, Monday, Aug. 1, 1836. As a means of ready reference, this record will prove invaluable.

STATE SENATORS.—Anson S. Miller, elected 1846; Alfred E. Ames, 1848; Thos. B. Talcott, 1850; Wait Talcott, 1854; Zenas S. Aplington, 1858; Cornelius Lansing, 1862 to 1866; A. C. Fuller, 1866; re-elected 1870, with John Early, under the new constitution of 1870 giving the old senatorial districts an additional member. In 1872, Mr. Early was again elected, and continued as senatorial representative until his death in August, 1877. His last term would have expired November, 1878.

REPRESENTATIVES.—Germanicus Kent, elected 1838; Darius Adams, 1842; Anson S. Miller, 1844; Robt. J. Cross, 1846; Wilson H. Crandall, 1848; Horace Miller, 1850; Abraham I. Enoch, 1852; Wm. Lyman, 1854; Wm. Lathrop, 1856; E. W. Blaisdell, Jr., 1858; Alfred E. Hale, 1860; Selden M. Church, 1862; Wm. Brown, 1864; Abraham I. Enoch, 1866; Ephraim Sumner, 1868; D. E. Adams and Jas. M. Wight, 1870; R. J. Cross, D. J. Stewart and Jesse S. Hildrup, 1872. Cross died in 1873; R. F. Crawford succeeded to the vacancy. R. F. Crawford, Andrew Ashton, and M. K. Avery, 1874; Andrew Ashton, George H. Hollister and John Budlong, 1876.

SENATORIAL AND REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICTS.

Previous to 1840, the Districts of which Winnebago County formed a part included all the tract of country bounded by a line commencing at the northwest corner of the State of Illinois (several miles north and west of Galena), and running thence along the Mississippi river to a point far below Rock Island; thence easterly across the country to a point from whence the line ran north to the southern line of Wisconsin, at the northeast corner of Winnebago County, and enclosing the entire Rock River Valley, in Illinois, as well as a large extent of country below the mouth of Rock river. These vast Districts, extending from Dubuque almost to St. Louis, were respectively entitled to two representatives and one senator. One of these representatives was conceded to Winnebago County as early as 1838—before she had attained the age of two years—as appears by the election of Mr. Kent. Under the apportionment of 1840, and before she had arrived at the fourth year of her existence, so rapid had been the increase of population that Winnebago alone was made a representative district, and so has



Mary L. Carpenter

CO SUPT OF SCHOOLS.
ROCKFORD.

continued under all the apportionments since made. She constitutes at this time the Fifty-fifth representative district. The counties of Winnebago and Ogle were made a senatorial district under the apportionment of 1840; Winnebago, McHenry and Boone, under the new constitution in 1847; Winnebago, Boone, Ogle and Carroll, under the apportionment of 1854; and Winnebago, Boone, McHenry and Lake, under the apportionment of 1861, and Winnebago and Boone under the apportionment of 1870-1, and is now known as the Ninth District.

DELEGATES.—Delegates to the convention of 1847, to frame a new constitution for the State, Robt. J. Cross and Selden M. Church; delegate to convention in 1862, Porter Sheldon; delegate to convention in 1870, R. J. Cross.

CIRCUIT JUDGES.—Dan Stone of Galena, 1836 to 1841; Thomas C. Browne, of Chicago, 1841 to 1847; Jesse B. Thomas, of Chicago, 1847 to 1848; Hugh T. Dickey, of Chicago, 1848 to 1849; Hugh Henderson, of Joliet, 1849 to 1851; Benj. R. Sheldon, of Galena, 1851 to 1870; Wm. M. Brown, 1870; *Wm. W. Heaton, of Dixon, July, 1877; Joseph M. Bailey, of Freeport, July, 1877.

Winnebago has belonged to a circuit covering at first a large number of counties, and even as lately as 1851, as will be seen, extending from the Mississippi to Lake Michigan, but gradually diminishing as population increased and required more compact districts, until it now only includes the three counties of Jo Daviess, Stephenson and Winnebago.

CLERKS OF THE CIRCUIT COURT.—Jas. Mitchell, 1836 to 1846; Jason Marsh, 1846 to 1847; Chas. H. Spafford, 1847 to 1856; Morris B. Derrick, 1856 to 1860; O. A. Pennoyer, 1860 to 1864; Wm. N. Capwell, 1864 to 1868; Evans Blake, 1868 to 1876; T. M. Butler, 1876 to 1880.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—Thomas B. Talcott, 1836 to 1841; Simon P. Doty, 1836 to 1837; William E. Dunbar, 1836 to 1842; Herman B. Potter, 1837 to 1838; Elijah H. Brown, 1838 to 1840; Ezra S. Cable, 1840 to 1846; William Hulin, 1841 to 1844; Spencer Post, 1842 to 1848; Samuel Cunningham, 1844 to 1847; John M. Hulett, 1846 to 1849; Richmond L. Hudson, 1847 to 1849; Abraham I. Enoch, 1848 to 1849.

The County Commissioners' Court was abolished by the new constitution, and the County Court succeeded it.

COUNTY JUSTICES.—Selden M. Church, judge, 1849 to 1857; Anson S. Miller, judge, 1857 to 1865; Abram S. Van Dyke, judge, 1865; Stephen Mack, associate justice, 1849 to 1850; David Weld, associate justice, 1849 to 1853; Henry Putnam, associate justice, 1850 to 1853; Asher Beach, associate justice, 1853 to 1857; Alfred E. Hale, associate justice, 1853 to 1857; William R. Weld, associate justice, 1857 to 1865; James A. Wilson, associate justice, 1857 to 1861; Abram S. Van Dyke, associate justice, 1861 to 1865; John R. Herring, associate justice, 1865; Chandler A. Dunwell, associate justice, 1865.

*By an act of the General Assembly, in force July 1, 1877, the First Judicial Circuit, of which Winnebago County formed a part, was consolidated with the Third Circuit, and made the Thirteenth Circuit, and an additional judge elected for the new circuit. Under this act, Judge Heaton, formerly of the Third Circuit, and Judge Bailey, elected July 1, 1877, pursuant to the provisions of the act, became judges of the Circuit Court of Winnebago County.

CLERK OF THE COUNTY COURT.—William Hulin, 1849. The County Court, composed of one county judge and two associate justices, had charge of the county business as the successor of the County Commissioners' Court, until the organization of the Board of Supervisors in 1850. The associate justices then ceased to be members of the County Court, but are still elected once in four years, as justices of the peace for the county at large. The judge of the County Court is the probate judge for the county, and under a law passed in 1854, had jurisdiction in law and chancery until 1863.

COUNTY CLERKS.—Don Alonzo Spaulding, 1836 to 1837; Nathaniel Loomis, 1837 to 1838; Anson Barnum, 1838 to 1840; Selden M. Church, 1840 to 1847; Benjamin A. Rose, 1847 to 1849; William Hulin, 1849 to April 2, 1855; Duncan Ferguson, 1855 to 1856; E. S. Gaylord, 1856 to 1867; I. S. Hyatt, 1867 to 1869; B. F. Lee, 1869 to 1877. Candidate for re-election, November, 1877.

Under the old constitution, this officer was clerk of the County Commissioners' Court. Since the fall of 1849, he has been clerk of the County Court and of the Board of Supervisors to 1855. A separate clerk of the Board of Supervisors has been appointed by the board since 1855, under special act of the Legislature.

JUDGES OF PROBATE.—Milton Kilburn, 1836 to 1837; Charles I. Horsman, 1837 to 1838; Anson Barnum, 1838 to 1841; John W. Taylor, 1841 to 1843; Bela Shaw, 1843 to 1849; Selden M. Church, 1849 to 1857; Anson S. Miller, 1857 to 1865; Abram S. Van Dyke, 1865 to 1873.

Van Dyke resigned during the year 1873, and R. C. Bailey was appointed to the vacancy. In November of that year he was elected to the office, which he held until the election in November, 1877, when he was a candidate for re-election.

Previous to 1837, a judge of probate was appointed for each county by the Legislature. In 1837 the office was made elective, with the title of "Probate Justice of the Peace," to be filled by a vote of the people. The new constitution brought this court to an end, and transferred its powers and duties to the judge of the County Court.

STATE'S ATTORNEYS.—Shelton L. Hall, 1836 to 1842; Orrin Miller, Jr., 1851 to 1852; William Brown, 1852 to 1856; U. D. Meacham, 1856 to 1860; Smith D. Atkins, 1860 to 1864; F. C. Ingalls, 1864 to 1868; D. W. Jackson, 1868 to 1872; John C. Garver, 1872 to 1876. Garver was re-elected, November, 1876.

There were other persons in the office between 1842 and 1851, but this officer being the prosecuting attorney for the circuit, it is only proposed to name here such incumbents as resided in the county.

SHERIFFS.—Daniel S. Haight, 1836 to 1838; Isaac N. Cunningham, 1838 to 1842; Goodyear A. Sanford, 1842 to 1844; Anson Barnum, 1844 to 1846; Hiram R. Maynard, 1846 to 1850; Peter B. Johnson, 1850 to 1852; King H. Milliken, 1852 to 1854; John F. Taylor, 1854 to 1856; Samuel I. Church, 1856 to 1858; King H. Milliken, 1858 to 1860; Morris J. Upright, 1860 to 1862; Hiram J. Sawyer, 1862 to 1864; James E. Dennis, 1864 to 1866; William Courtright, 1866 to 1868; Patrick Flynn, 1868 to 1872; Frank F. Peats, 1872 to 1876. Elected now to a third term, November, 1876.

CORONERS.—Eliphalet Gregory, 1836 to 1838; Cyrus C. Jenks, 1838 to 1840; Alonzo Platt, 1840 to 1841; Harvey Gregory, 1841 to 1842; Nathaniel Loomis, 1842 to 1844; Artemas Hitchcock, 1844 to 1850; Isaiah Lyon, 1850 to 1852; A. A. Chamberlain, 1852 to 1856; H. T. Mesler, 1856 to 1858; John Fisher, 1858 to 1860; Giles C. Hard, 1860 to 1861; John Fisher, 1861 to 1865; Isaiah Lyon, 1865 to 1866; Halsey G. Clark, 1866 to 1876; Dr. J. D. Burns, 1876, for four years.

RECORDERS.—Daniel H. Whitney, 1836 to 1837; Harvey W. Bundy, 1837 to 1839; William E. Dunbar, 1839 to 1843; William Hulin, 1843 to 1849; Charles H. Spafford, 1849 to 1856; Morris B. Derrick, 1856 to 1860; Oliver A. Pennoyer, 1860 to 1864; William N. Capwell, 1864 to 1868.

In 1849, this office ceased to exist as a separate department, being united with the circuit clerk's office.

SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.—Richard Montague, 1837 to 1839; Herman B. Potter, 1839 to 1841; Volney A. Marsh, 1841 to 1845; Goodyear A. Sanford, 1845 to 1847; W. A. Dickerman, 1847 to 1849; C. A. Huntington, 1849 to 1857; Hiram H. Waldo, 1857 to 1859; Silas Sweet, 1859 to 1861; James B. Kerr, 1861 to 1863; Hiram H. Waldo, 1863 to 1865; Archibald Andrew, 1865 to 1873.

During the year 1873, the office became vacant, and E. G. Stiles was appointed to fill out the unexpired term. In November, 1873, Mrs. Mary L. Carpenter was elected, and filled the office until the November election, 1877.

COUNTY TREASURERS.—Robert J. Cross, 1836 to 1839; Samuel D. Preston, 1839 to 1843; Ephraim Wyman, 1843 to 1846; Hollis H. Holmes, 1846 to 1849; Duncan Ferguson, 1849 to 1855; Hiram R. Enoch, 1855 to 1863; Charles Works, 1863 to 1867; J. E. Richardson, 1867 to 1870.

Mr. Richardson died while in office, and his brother-in-law, J. G. Lyford qualified, gave bond, etc., and filled the office until 1871, when Thomas W. Cole was elected, and is still holding the office.

COUNTY SURVEYORS.—Don Alonzo Spaulding, 1838 to 1839; John Emerson, 1839 to 1841; Duncan Ferguson, 1841 to 1855; T. J. L. Remington, 1855, and is still serving.

MASTERS IN CHANCERY.—John W. Taylor, Cyrus F. Miller, William Brown, William Lathrop, Edward H. Baker, Horace W. Taylor.

SUPERVISORS.—Members of the Board of Supervisors are elected in April of each year. Following is a list of the chairmen of the several Boards since the township organization law went into effect: David Weld, 1850; Bela Shaw, 1851; Sylvester Talcott, 1852, 1853; Spencer Post, 1854; Luman Pettibone, 1855; John R. Herring, 1856; David F. Talbot, 1857, 1858; Selden M. Church, 1859-1864; Eli F. Roberts, 1865; Selden M. Church, 1866; Eli F. Roberts, 1867; Robert J. Cross, 1868-1872; Duncan Ferguson, 1873-1877.

When first organized, in 1850, the Board was composed of one member from each township, making 16 members. In 1853, Rockford was given an assistant member. In 1865, a special act of the Legislature provided for the election of one member from each ward in the city of Rockford, increasing the Board to 23 members.

DEATH'S RECORD.

Of the gentlemen who thus served the public in official capacities the following have been called to the enjoyment of honors that no people can confer, and their spirits surround the throne of Him who controls the destiny of nations:

Representatives.—Germanicus Kent, died in Virginia, in 1856; William H. Crandall, died in Howard township, Oct. 4, 1855; Horace Miller, died in Rockford, August 5, 1865; William Lyman, Rockford, December 10, 1865; Robert J. Cross, Roscoe, March, 1873; Alfred E. Hale, 1873.

Senators.—Zenos S. Aplington was killed near Corinth during the war of the rebellion; Cornelius Lansing, died in 1865; John Early, died in August, 1877.

Constitutional Delegates.—Robert J. Cross, Roscoe, March, 1873.

Circuit Judges.—Dan. Stone, Thomas O. Brown, died in California; Jesse B. Thomas, Hugh T. Dickey, Hugh Henderson.

Clerks Circuit Court.—James Mitchell, died at Freeport.

County Commissioners.—William E. Dunbar, died in Rockford, October 16, 1846; Elijah H. Brown, Stockton, California, August, 1867; Herman B. Potter, Ezra S. Cable, William Hulin, Spencer Post.

Associate Judges.—Stephen Mack, in Rockton, April 10, 1850; David Weld, in Seward, May 2, 1859; Asher Beach, in Howard, May 12, 1860; Henry Putnam, Alfred E. Hale.

County Clerks.—Nathaniel Loomis, Rockford, July, 1850; Don Alonzo Spaulding, Anson Barnum, William Hulin.

Probate Judges.—Milton Kilburn, in Rockford, February 16, 1863; Bela Shaw, in Rockford, May 31, 1865; C. I. Horsman, Rockford; Anson Barnum.

Sheriffs.—Daniel S. Haight, in Texas, about 1860; Isaac N. Cunningham, in Rockford, December 24, 1865; Hiram R. Maynard, in Rockford, April 18, 1857; Peter B. Johnson, in Cherry Valley, September 20, 1865; John F. Taylor, murdered in Rockford by Alfred Countryman, Nov. 11, 1856; Anson Barnum, William Courtright.

Coroners.—Alonzo Platt, in Texas, about 1854; Harvey Gregory, in Harlem, February 7, 1849; Nathaniel Loomis, July, 1850; Artemas Hitchcock, in Rockford, October 12, 1865; John Fisher, in Rockford, January 28, 1865; Eliphalat Gregory, Cyrus Jenks.

Recorders.—Daniel H. Whitney, died at Belvidere, Boone County, 1862; William E. Dunbar, October 16, 1846; H. W. Bundy, William Hulin.

School Commissioners.—James B. Kerr, died July 3, 1864, in Atlanta, Georgia, from wounds received June 27th, in the battle of Kenesaw Mountain, Georgia; he was at that time Lieut. Colonel of the 74th Illinois Infantry; H. B. Potter, Silas Sweet.

County Treasurers.—Samuel D. Preston, in Rockford, February 11, 1844; Hollis H. Holmes, in Rockford, August 12, 1859; R. J. Cross, Roscoe, March, 1873; J. E. Richardson.

Chairmen Board of Supervisors.—Robert J. Cross, Roscoe, March, 1873. Of the other members, an aggregate of nearly 650, elected from April 1850 to April 1877, the following is the death list: Rev. William Stilwell was chosen Supervisor of Burrill at the April town meeting, 1850, but died on the 12th of May following; Mr. Pitkin was elected to fill the

vacancy; Alexander McAfee, Harlem, March 24, 1852; Theodore S. Powell, Cherry Valley, September 28, 1854; John J. Rhodes, in Roscoe, February 9, 1859; David Weld, Seward, May 2, 1859; Bela Shaw, Rockford, May 31, 1865; Chauncey Ray, Winnebago, February 16, 1868; Herman Hoit, Howard, May 21, 1861; William R. Forsaith, Guilford, accidentally killed April 11, 1868; Asher Spicer, New Milford, 1854; Hiram R. Maynard, Rockford, April 18, 1857; Milton Kilburn, Rockford, February 16, 1863; Daniel H. Smith, Laona, December 12, 1864; James B. Johnson, Rockford, April 20, 1863; Lewis W. Owen, of Owen, Jan. 10, 1865.



OFFICIAL VOTE OF WINNEBAGO COUNTY, 1876.

	Presidn't	Governor	Lieut. Governor	Secretary of State.	Auditor.	State Treasur'r	Attorn'y General.							
TOWNS.	†Hayes.	*Tilden.	†Cullom.	*Steward.	†Shuman.	*Glenn.	†Harlow.	*Thornton.	†Needles.	*Hise.	†Rutz.	*Gundlach.	†Edsall.	*Lynch.
Rockford, 1st Dist..	290	170	293	164	288	171	286	168	293	166	291	167	291	167
Rockford, 2d Dist..	601	164	604	162	602	162	599	158	606	160	603	161	604	160
Rockford, 3d Dist..	554	309	560	306	559	306	519	303	561	305	560	304	560	304
Rockford, 4th Dist..	518	176	525	168	524	171	467	170	535	160	522	172	523	172
New Milford.....	155	25	155	25	155	25	154	25	155	25	155	25	155	25
Roscoe.....	174	45	175	51	175	44	171	44	176	53	176	45	174	44
Harlem.....	122	44	123	45	153	43	123	43	123	45	123	43	123	43
Guilford.....	181	35	183	33	183	33	181	33	181	35	181	35	181	34
Cherry Valley.....	205	58	205	58	205	58	204	57	205	57	205	57	206	56
Owen.....	156	22	156	22	156	22	156	22	156	22	156	22	156	22
Rockton.....	268	69	270	77	270	69	270	69	270	77	270	69	270	69
Seward.....	155	52	155	54	155	54	155	54	155	54	155	54	155	54
Harrison.....	126	20	126	22	126	21	126	21	126	22	126	21	126	21
Shirland.....	105	13	105	15	105	13	105	13	105	15	105	15	105	13
Burritt.....	131	42	133	44	133	36	133	42	133	44	133	42	133	42
Winnebago.....	194	97	197	93	194	96	190	96	194	94	194	96	194	96
Pecatonica.....	269	112	269	124	269	112	269	112	271	123	269	112	299	112
Durand.. ..	309	58	190	92	197	58	196	58	197	87	197	58	197	58
Laono.....	92	57	90	68	90	58	90	58	90	68	90	58	90	58
Total.. ..	4505	1568	4514	1623	4509	1552	4394	1546	4532	1614	4511	1554	4512	1550

Beside the above, Cooper received, for President, in the Second District, 2; Third District, 3; Rockton, 9; Pecatonica, 13; Durand, 15; Cherry Valley, 9; Harlem, 2; Burritt, 4; Harrison, 1; Shirland, 2; Seward, 1; Laona, 9. Total, 70. Smith received, in Third District, 4; Fourth, 2; Rockton, 5; Harrison, 2. Total, 13.

For Governor, Simpson received, Third District, 3; Rockton, 5; Roscoe, 1; Owen, 2. Total, 11. Allen, New Milford, 2. Total, 2.

For Lieutenant-Governor, Pickerell received, Second District, 2; Third District, 2; Rockton, 8; Pecatonica, 12; Durand, 28; Roscoe, 8; Burritt, 2; Harrison, 1; Shirland, 2; Laona, 10. Total, 75. McCormick, Third District, 4; Fourth, 1; Rockton, 3; Roscoe, 1; Harrison, 2. Total, 13. French, 2. Total, 2.

For Secretary of State, Hooton received, Third District, 2; Fourth, 3; Pecatonica, 6; Durand, 12; Winnebago, 28; Harlem, 8; Guilford, 2; Harrison, 2; Shirland, 1; Seward, 2; Laona, 10. Total, 76. Lamont, First District, 6; Second, 7; Third, 46; Fourth, 60; Rockton, 7; Roscoe, 10; Guilford, 1; New Milford, 1; Harlem, 2. Total, 140. Robinson, New Milford, 2. Total, 2.

For State Auditor, Hoofstiller received, Third District, 3; Rockton, 5; Harrison, 2; Total, 10. Wallace, New Milford, 2. Total, 2.

For State Treasurer, Aspern received, Second District, 2; Third, 3; Rockton, 8; Pecatonica, 12; Durand, 28; Roscoe, 8; Harlem, 2; Burritt, 2; Harrison, 2; Guilford, 2; Laona, 10. Total, 78. Van Dorn, Third District, 4; Fourth, 1; Rockton, 5; Harrison, 2. Total, 12. Pettengall, 2. Total, 2.

For Attorney-General, Coy received, Second District, 2; Third, 3; Rockton, 8; Pecatonica, 12; Durand, 28; Roscoe, 8; Harlem, 2; Burritt, 2; Harrison, 1; Guilford, 2; Laona, 10. Total, 78. Copp, Third District, 4; Fourth, 1; Rockton, 5; Roscoe, 3; Harrison, 2. Total, 15. Snyder, 2. Total, 2.

* Democrat. † Republican.

OFFICIAL VOTE OF WINNEBAGO COUNTY, 1876.—CONTINUED.

TOWNS.	Board of Equaliz- ation.																Congress.	Legislature.		Circuit Clerk.	Sheriff.		Coroner.	Att'y.
	* Hunt.	* Dean.	† Lathrop.	* Farnsworth.	† Hurlbut.	† Hollister.	† Budlong.	* Ashton.	† Butler.	* Gerrould.	† Peats.	* McDonald.	† Weaver.	† Burns.	* Ransom.	† Garver.								
Rockford, 1st Dist.....	291	169	300	121	89	408	465	511†	266	190	282	184	42	291	169	450								
Rockford, 2d Dist.....	601	165	587	141	89	538	1422	489	487	269	564	190	78	600	164	758								
Rockford, 3d Dist.....	567	304	536	259	74	1008	642	946†	414	453	458	225	178	551	307	866								
Rockford, 4th Dist.....	522	176	527	131	89	1020	503	532†	305	384	458	129	102	520	174	688								
New Milford.....	156	25	161	17	2	231	233†	75	124	58	143	24	14	157	25	181								
Roscoe.....	174	54	171	52	6	312	199†	166†	168	59	172	49	8	169	59	227								
Harlem.....	124	45	129	87	2	196†	175†	132	120	44	125	40	2	123	43	164								
Guilford.....	181	35	181	30	5	274	266	104	177	36	171	33	11	181	43	211								
Cherry Valley.....	205	57	192	55	17	307†	307†	171	183	81	203	50	10	205	57	258								
Owen.....	156	22	157	19	2	277†	198	54	136	41	119	5	54	156	22	177								
Rockton.....	274	77	255	76	19	937	22	80†	228	120	251	53	46	270	80	340								
Seward.....	155	54	143	54	12	232†	232†	162	178	30	142	58	7	155	54	207								
Harrison.....	126	22	125	25	1	211†	144†	96†	110	35	125	19	5	136	22	148								
Shirland.....	105	15	110	11	—	279	54	28†	101	17	101	15	4	105	15	119								
Burritt.....	133	44	142	34	1	198	186	147	122	52	105	89	26	132	45	177								
Winnebago.....	195	96	194	94	4	406	175†	290	189	101	178	77	84	192	95	290								
Pecatonica.....	269	124	249	114	24	889†	458	301	349	38	268	105	9	270	121	367								
Durand.....	211	72	204	72	7	249	242	356	171	112	209	71	5	198	85	275								
Laona.....	2	66	98	57	3	110†	109†	254†	74	83	90	59	9	90	68	151								
Total.....	4537	1622	4461	1399	296	7605†	6030	4898	3902	2203	4164	1374	643	4491	1638	6054								

For Representative in State Legislature, Myron K. Avery received, Second District, 3; Third, 8; Fourth, 1; Cherry Valley, 1; Roscoe, 3. Total, 11.
For State's Attorney, there were, scattering, 6 votes.
For Sheriff, Ricker received 8 votes.

* Democrat. † Republican. ‡ Independent.

A TABULAR STATEMENT

SHOWING THE TOTALS OF PERSONAL AND REAL PROPERTY OF WINNEBAGO COUNTY, FOR THE YEAR 1877.

Compiled from the Tax Duplicate of the County Clerk.

PERSONAL PROPERTY.	Number	Average Value.	Assessed Value.
Horses of all ages	10,258	\$33 60	\$344,636
Cattle of all ages	25,191	8 66	218,272
Mules and Asses of all ages	196	37 40	7,331
Sheep of all ages	11,673	1 01	11,799
Hogs of all ages	28,156	2 36	66,459
Steam Engines, including Boilers	17	250 00	4,250
Fire or Burglar-Proof Safes	82	49 23	4,037
Billiard, Pigeon Hole, Bagatelle or other similar Tables	20	60 00	1,200
Carriages and Wagons of whatsoever kind	4,706	22 08	103,925
Watches and Clocks	2,861	5 44	15,575
Sewing or Knitting Machines	2,586	10 21	26,401
Piano Fortes	434	66 00	28,644
Melodeons and Organs	523	24 29	12,707
Annuities and Royalties			1,600
Patent Rights			2,935
Steamboats, etc.	1		75
Merchandise			337,781
Material and Manufactured Articles			101,956
Manufacturers' Tools, Implements and Machinery			55,945
Agricultural Tools, Implements and Machinery			62,555
Gold and Silver Plate and Plated Ware			4,057
Diamonds and Jewelry			630
Moneys of Banks, Bankers, Brokers, etc.			21,281
Credits of Banks, Bankers, Brokers, etc.			52,625
Moneys of other than Bankers, etc.			147,795
Credits of other than Bankers, etc.			655,115
Bonds and Stocks			2,325
Shares of Capital Stock of Companies not of this State			580
Property of Corporations not before enumerated			25
Property of Saloons and Eating Houses			345
Household and Office Furniture			247,588
Investments in Real Estate and Improvements thereon			1,530
All other Personal Property			73,063
Shares of Stock of State or National Banks			239,600
TOTAL VALUE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY			\$2,854,642
RAILROAD PROPERTY.			
Personal Property			2,130
Lands, in acres	42	25 60	1,075
Lots	10	71 50	715
LANDS.			
Improved Lands, in acres*	299,765	17 70	5,306,684
Unimproved Lands, in acres	22,451	10 90	244,968
TOWN AND CITY LOTS.			
Improved Town and City Lots	5,762	389 45	2,244,046
Unimproved Town and City Lots	1,783	40 70	72,579
TOTAL VALUE OF ALL PROPERTY AS ASSESSED			\$10,726,839

*Acres of Wheat, 6,669; of Corn, 80,522; of Oats, 41,914; of Meadow, 30,481; of other Field Products, 17,232; of Inclosed Pasture, 62,615; of Orchard, 2,718; of Wood Land, 26,057.



John Lake

ROCKFORD

ROCKFORD.

The history of this city and the County of Winnebago are so closely interwoven that it is somewhat difficult to draw a line of distinction between them. It was here the first settlement was made, in 1834, the first stores and trading places opened, here the first Post-office was established, and, in fact, it was here the county commenced. From here the settlements extended outward to the different sections of what is now Winnebago County. To attempt a separate and distinct history of Rockford would be to recapitulate or repeat in a great measure what has already been written; hence, with a few references to some minor subjects, we will pass to a review of the manufacturing enterprises and industries that have been built up, and that are in successful operation at Rockford.

In the fall of 1834, Germanicus Kent extended an invitation to a number of his Southern friends to join his colony at *Midway*, a name he seems to have given to the settlement commenced by himself and Mr. Blake. This name, it is to be supposed, was suggested by the fact that it was just about half way between Chicago and Galena. By the Indians the place was known as Rock ford—a name suggested to them by nature. At or near the site of the present dam, there was a solid rock bottom, where the water was generally shallow enough in ordinary seasons to afford easy crossing with their ponies, and was therefore known to them as the Rock ford. And just here it will not be out of place to remark that Indians, of whatever tribe, always name an object—no matter what it may be—after that of which it most reminds them on first sight. Several of the states of the American Union bear Indian names, as, for instance, Alabama, Arkansas, Missouri, Mississippi, Ohio, Massachusetts, etc. The significance of these names will be found in the first pages of this book, and will be of great convenience to the reader. Tradition tells us that when the Southern Indians first beheld the territory of Alabama it was blooming with flowers, and so delighted them that their chiefs exclaimed, “Al-a-bam-a,” meaning “Here we rest.” And so on, *ad infinitum*. Wherever the Indians have roved, they left names far more appropriate and suggestive than any ever bestowed by their pale-faced followers. But to return to Rockford.

Among other old neighbors and acquaintances in Alabama to whom Mr. Kent wrote was Mr. James B. Martyn. In that letter, in directing Mr. Martyn how to reach Midway, Mr. Kent said:

“At Galena, call on my brother. From Galena go directly east until you come to and cross Apple River, thence turn in a south-easterly course to Plumb River, and from there to Cherry Grove. There leave some timber on your left, and a small grove on your right (afterwards known as Twelve Mile Grove), and then keep on until you strike Rock River, from which a blind path will guide you to Midway.”

This was all the guide Mr. Martyn had, but it conducted him to Midway, which name, late in 1835, was abandoned for Rockford.

In October, 1837, a post-office was established, and Daniel S. Haight was appointed Post Master. Previous to this time, the settlers received their mail either at Galena or Chicago—more generally at the latter place. The first mail bag received at Rockford was unaccompanied by a key, and consequently could not be opened, and was sent back. The second week in

October, 1835, another bag of mail matter came along, this time all right. It was opened by Giles C. Hard, who assisted Post Master Haight in distributing the mail. In a short time after this important event in the history of Rockford, Post Master Haight built a 10x12 frame building on Main street, a few rods south of *State street, which served as a post-office for some time. In those days the mail was often so small that Haight's pocket would have served just as well for a post-office as a 10x12 building. But not so now, as will be shown a little further along. Up to January, 1838, the mail was carried on horseback. The first of that month, however, a line of four-horse coaches was established on the road between Chicago and Galena, by which the mail was carried until the steam cars on the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad drove the four-horse stage coaches to other routes.

Just "forty years ago" the Rockford mail was carried in a single mail bag on horseback. The post-office was a 10x12 frame building. October, 1877, the post-office business required a room 32x90 feet, the services of six clerks, 2,700 boxes, besides a large general delivery. Seven mails arrive and depart daily; of newspapers, five four-bushel sacks are daily received. The daily average of letters, postal cards, newspapers, etc., sent out is equal to 3,242 pieces, or 1,833,330 pieces per year; of letters and postal cards per year, 676,920; registered letters sent out per year, 2,600; money orders issued, \$78,000 per year; money orders paid, \$130,000.

Between the east and west sides of the river in early days there was some rivalry, and the respective sides were sometimes known as "Haightville" and "Kentville." For some time Don Alonzo Spaulding, who was Government surveyor, and who also had a small stock of goods for Indian trade, cast his fortunes with Kent and Blake, on the West Side, but finally moved over to Haightville, much to the joy and gratification of the Haightvillians. Mr. Dunbar, also a West Sider, went over about the same time. These were considered valuable and influential accessions to that side of the river, and new plans were undertaken in the interests of East Rockford, the settlers but little foreseeing the fact that neither side of the river could monopolize the great commercial interests that nature intended should grow up at "Midway."

In January, 1836, Mr. Kent employed Mr. Spaulding to establish two or three streets parallel with the river on the West Side. Says Mr. Spaulding in speaking of this survey: "There were probably ten or twelve blocks, the corners of which were defined by stakes. In the spring of 1836, several persons interested in the east side of the river wished me to lay off the beginning of their town. After making a preliminary examination, I found that I could not make the front street, or street next the river, on the most suitable ground and have the cross streets correspond with the streets on the west side of the river. I then examined what I had done on the west side of the river, and found that they could be changed so as to conform to the east side, and as there had been no improvement made that would be affected by the small change necessary to make, so that the streets on both sides of the river would harmonize as though there had been no river dividing the town, I talked with Mr. Kent about it, and explained to him what I conceived to be an advantage to both sides of the

*State street takes its name from the state road leading from Chicago to Galena, which was established in —, enters Rockford on the east, and runs nearly directly west through the city.

river. Mr. Kent was unwilling to comply with my wishes, and that accounts for the awkward appearance of the streets on each side of the river—if extended across they would strike the side of a block instead of the street.”

Gradually, however, the rivalry gave way, and when the people came to know that the very elements of nature had conspired to establish the site for the building of manufactories on the West Side, the rivalry gave way altogether, and the rival interests joined hands in one grand purpose to make Rockford what it has become—a *grand manufacturing center*. But experience was necessary to bring the people up to a complete realization of what nature intended.

In the spring of 1844 the Rockford Hydraulic Company was organized, and the erection of a dam commenced. The site selected was in the upper part of the town, nearly opposite the Kenosha depot. The dam was built of timber, brush, stone, and gravel, and its construction completed under the supervision of C. C. Coburn, a gentleman of some notoriety as a dam builder, of Wisconsin. A purchase was made by the company of a large tract of timber on the east side, and about all the available teams in the village and its surroundings were engaged, flat boats built and brought into requisition to furnish the stone and gravel, which were excavated principally from the west bank of the river, above where the dam was built. Rapid progress was made in its construction, and by the following spring the structure was said to be completed.

Simultaneous with the construction of the dam work was, progressing on the race on the east side, which extended from the dam a distance of two blocks below State street. While this work was in progress, companies were being formed for manufacturing purposes, and buildings began to be erected. First on the works was a saw mill, close to the dam, put up by Messrs. L. B. Gregory and A. C. Spafford, under the firm name of Gregory & Spafford. Next on the race, and just at the end of the bridge, on State street, a grist mill was built by Mr. Nettleton, who deserves the reputation of being the “pioneer miller of Rockford.” Next below this mill was a woolen factory, or fulling mill, which was built and conducted by Mr. J. B. Howell. Below this factory, and at the terminus of the race, was another saw mill in successful operation, owned and conducted by Messrs. Wheeler & Lyon.

This was about the extent of manufactures on the East Side. The company then directed its enterprise to the West Side, and accordingly a very wide race was laid out, with a temporary terminus on Mulberry street, one block north of State, and sufficiently far from the river to admit of the erection of factory buildings between. The work on this was prosecuted with like energy, and successfully carried out, and a third saw mill built at the bulk-head, close to the dam, by Messrs. Robertson & Holland, and near by the terminus of the race, the first foundry and machine shop was built and conducted by Ethan Clark, the remains of which still bid defiance to time—one-half of the old stone building remaining just north of the city bridge, as the last monument of the former water works.

Scarcely had the dam been pronounced finished when it was discovered by its continued settling and leakage, that more timber was necessary to raise the head or stop the leakage, and the company began to look around for more material. Rockford at that time presented the appearance of a young city in a beautiful forest, so splendidly was it shaded with lovely young native trees. But nature must succumb to art, and for the purpose

of filling up the successive breaches in the dam, the embryo city was despoiled of its native ornaments until scarcely a shrub could be found. The company persevered, but the rush of waters was triumphant as each successive spring flood occurred, and the frail structure yielded, leaving not only the company, but the entire population, alternating between hope and despair, as to manufacturing success, as freshet succeeded freshet. On the first day of June, 1850, all the citizens might have been seen lining each bank of the river, with sad and dejected countenances, as the fearful element was doing its fatal work, by knocking the props from the frail manufacturing support. The city bridge had, as was supposed, been built with the utmost care, and if a modern architect could have seen it, he would have been led to suppose that if wooden pins could make anything secure, it would be immovable. There it stood; the adversary might twist it; but break, or leave its position, it would not for all the freshets in creation. So the people reasoned, if the bridge did not. So the freshet, as if in mockery of the people's hopes and proud aspirations, having recuperated and recovered additional force when released from its temporary confinement, came madly on. The struggle commenced, and the bridge was conqueror. It might have uttered (could it have spoken) the declaration of Fitz James to Rhoderick Dhu:

"Come one, come all, this rock shall fly
From its firm base, as soon as I!"

True, it was rather twisted, and after the encounter resembled, in its curvature, a rail fence, and in some places its horizontal position was changed to the perpendicular, but it remained as an honored fixture, until its successor, the present bridge, took its place, when it was sold in sections to the highest bidder.

On the 15th of July, 1851, Thomas D. Robertson, John A. Holland, R. P. Lane, G. A. Sanford, W. A. Dickerman, S. M. Church, O. Clark, C. I. Horsman, John Edwards, J. S. Coleman, John Fisher, William Hulin, Isaiah Lyon, M. Starr, C. H. Spafford, Lucius Clark, J. J. Town, Henry Potwin, H. R. Maynard, Jas. H. Rogers, B. McKenney, John Platt, Albert Sanford, Chas. C. Hope, H. P. Kimball, Robert Clow, — Vanduzen, and — McCoy, the leading public spirited men of Rockford, associated themselves together under the style of the Rockford Water Power Company, in pursuance of the provisions of a general act of the Legislature of Illinois, entitled, "an act for the improvement of Rock River, and for the production of hydraulic power," passed by that body in 1849. Here was commenced the great work that has made the city what it is admitted by all to be, the "leading inland manufacturing city of the Northwest."

In September, 1851, the owners of water and land under the old company, entered into an agreement with the new company, whereby the two interests were consolidated, and steps were immediately taken for the construction of a permanent dam, on the rock bottom of the old ford. In the spring of 1853, the dam and race were completed and accepted by the company. It would make an interesting chapter to note the ups and downs of this great enterprise, and the hard work done by the men having it in charge since its organization, but the time and space will not permit.

The length of the dam is between 700 and 800 feet, and, to all appearances, firm and immovable as the hills. The rains may fall, and the floods come, but the dam will not be moved, as it is founded on a rock, and the power derived under a six-foot head. In these dusky haunts, four or five

hundred men find steady employment and ready pay. Here, industry and honesty walk hand in hand. Skill and ingenuity stand steadily by the lathe, and the handy smith hammers and shapes the white-hot iron as he will. The city of Rockford may be justly proud of these sons of toil, honest, intelligent, and full of enterprise. To them is owed, in a great measure, the growth and prosperity of the city.

In the general history of the county no mention was made of the "Mile Strip" difficulty, from the fact that it more directly concerned Rockford than the county. That contest was the most spirited one known in the annals of the county, and as such is here recorded. This strip was located along the eastern line of the county, and had been set off to Winnebago County from the western tier of townships of Boone County when that county was organized. When Boone County was fully organized and the county machinery in complete working order, the people of that bailiwick became ambitious for the acquisition of more territory, and began to agitate the question of having the "mile strip" set back to them. Among the people of Rockford there were some who also had ambitions to gratify—schemes to carry out—and in the "mile strip" they imagined they saw the means of accomplishing their purposes. The county seat question of Winnebago had not been permanently settled. The people of East Rockford were naturally opposed to the "set off," on the ground that the interests of the people on that strip were identical with the interests of East Rockford, and that consequently their influence would be exerted towards securing the permanent location of the county buildings on that side of the river. The people of the west side of the river were anxious to foster such measures as would secure a majority of the voters in favor of permanently locating the county offices and county buildings on the west side. Here were three conflicting interests at work—Boone County and East and West Rockford. The more the "set off" question was agitated, the hotter grew the contest. But the "set off" could not be accomplished without a special act of authority from the Legislature. In the meanwhile the settlers on the strip were the recipients of special attention and innumerable visits from their fellow-citizens on their east and on their west. Finally, the Legislature of 1843 passed a special act to enable the voters on the strip to vote "for" or "against" being set off to Boone County. The 4th day of May, 1843, was fixed for the election, and from the passage and approval of that act until the result was known, some of the Boone County men were among the interested voters, laboring with them, pleading with them, arguing with them. And it has been said that some of them even camped on the strip and threw out sentinels to watch their natural enemies—the Winnebagoes—i. e. the people of Winnebago County who were opposed to the scheme. No one who was not an actual settler on the strip was allowed a vote, and it may be assumed to be a fact that more hard electioneering was done on that occasion than was ever done before or since. But Boone County, whether fairly or honestly, was victorious, and carried off bodily—some say *stole*—twenty-four sections of valuable land, capable of supporting a thousand people and increasing their sources of tax revenue many thousands of dollars. At that election 95 votes were cast, of which 51 votes were "for" annexation to Boone County and 44 "against,"—a majority of seven votes in favor of the scheme.

April 23, 1843, C. I. Horsman, for himself and others, made a proposition to the County Commissioners for building a court-house, jail and

county offices, on the west side, which was accepted, which, with the settlement of the "Mile Strip" agitation, permanently fixed the location of the county buildings. In 1836, soon after the first election, Messrs. Kent & Brinkerhoof were licensed by the County Commissioners to keep and maintain a ferry at Rockford. The management and ownership of this ferry changed hands from time to time, but was kept up until succeeded by a bridge, in 1844. In 1843, the Legislature passed an act authorizing Daniel S. Haight, Dr. George Haskell, S. D. Preston, and Charles I. Horsman, to build a bridge over Rock River. The act stipulated that the bridge should be built in good workmanlike manner, and to be so "constructed as not to interfere with navigation." When that bridge was completed the ferry was abandoned, and has been known no more. The old wooden bridge served its time faithfully and well. It was a bond of union between the east and west sides, but in time had to give way to more modern structures, and is now succeeded by a magnificent iron bridge. Thus, little by little, the rivalry between Haightville and Kentville was forced to give way and to become one people with a community of interests.

The first M. E. church society was organized in 1836, with five members, at the house of Henry Enoch, in Guilford township. But within a year or two, the appointment for preaching was removed from Mr. Enoch's to Rockford, that the society might receive strength by numbers from among the Methodist settlers of Rockford. About 1838 they built a house of worship. About the same time the Congregationalists also erected a house of worship, on the west side of Church street, one block south from the Church of the Christian Union. These were the first churches built in Rockford.

December, 1836, the first marriage license issued from the clerk's office of Winnebago County, by virtue of which Dr. Daniel H. Whitney and Miss Sarah Coswell, of the Belvidere Precinct, were joined together in the holy banns of wedlock, by Prof. Seth S. Whitman, also of Belvidere. The first marriage entered on the registry is that of Mr. William P. Randall and Miss Delia Driscoll, which was solemnized February 13, 1837, by Wm. R. Wheeler, a justice of the peace in Kishwaukee precinct.

February, 1836, Mrs. John B. Long introduced the first female child born in the county, which was named Melissa J. The first male child born was Ogden Hance, son of Thomas Hance, in what is now Pecatonica township.

During the summer of 1851, a better local or city government was deemed necessary to the welfare of the growing town, and in the fall of that year preliminary steps were taken to secure that end; and in pursuance of a call signed by Jason Marsh, G. A. Sanford, Willard Wheeler, W. A. Dickerman, Isaiah Lyon, George Wyatt, Newton Crawford, C. I. Horsman, W. P. Dennis, Jesse Blinn, and William Hulin, a meeting was held in the court-house, Nov. 29, 1851, at which it was decided to submit the question of a city organization to a vote of the people, and at an election held by order of the trustees of the town, January 3, 1852, a majority of votes was cast in favor of organizing under the general law of 1849, taking the Springfield city charter as a basis.

The first election under the new government took place April 19, 1852, the candidates for Mayor being Willard Wheeler and E. H. Potter, the election resulting in the choice of the following named officers:

Mayor—Willard Wheeler. Alderman, 1st ward—Sumner Damon;

Alderman, 2d ward—E. H. Potter; Alderman, 3d ward—H. N. Spalding; Alderman 4th ward—C. N. Andrews.

The first meeting of the city council was held April 26, 1852, in the counting room of E. H. Potter. At this meeting, William Lathrop was appointed city clerk. At the second meeting of the council, held on the 1st of May, the following officers were appointed:

City Attorney—William Lathrop; Treasurer—H. R. Maynard; Assessor—D. Ferguson; Collector—K. H. Milliken; Engineer—D. Ferguson; Street Commissioners—T. Blake. Wm. McKinney.

At this meeting a resolution was adopted looking to the construction of a new city bridge, in the place of the old structure, which had become dilapidated and rickety from long use and decay.

Subsequent to the organization of the city government, amendments and additions to the charter were made by the Legislature as follows:

"An act to legalize the incorporation of the city of Rockford, and amend the charter of said city," passed Feb. 8, 1853. [Private laws, 1853, page 565.

A special charter was granted to the city by an act entitled "An act to amend the charter of the city of Rockford," passed March 4, 1854. [Session laws, 1854, page 103.

"An act entitled 'An act to amend the charter of the city of Rockford.'" In force April 26, 1859. [Private laws, 1859, page 255.

"An act to amend 'An act to amend the charter of the city of Rockford.'" In force Feb. 22, 1861. [Private laws, 1861, page 254.

The present charter was granted by "An act to reduce the charter of the city of Rockford, and the several acts amendatory thereof into one act, and to revise and amend the same." In force Feb. 15, 1865. [Private laws, 1865, vol. 1, page 472.

Commencing April, 1852, the Mayors in succession have been: Willard Wheeler, from April 26, 1852, to April 25, 1853; Hiram R. Maynard, from April 25, 1853, to April 22, 1854; Ulysses M. Warner, from April 22, 1854, to April 25, 1855; Edward Vaughn, from April 25, 1855, to April 29, 1856; James L. Loop, from April 29, 1856, to May 4, 1857; William Brown, from May 4, 1857, to May 3, 1858; Seely Perry, from May 3, 1858, to May 2, 1859; Charles Williams, from May 2, 1859, to May 2, 1864; Albert Fowler, from May 2, 1864, to May 7, 1866; Edward H. Baker from May 7, 1866, to May 6, 1867; Albert Fowler, from May 6, 1867, to May 5, 1868; Edward H. Baker, May 5, 1868; Seymour G. Bronson, May 1, 1868, served under re-election until 1873; Gilbert Woodruff, from May, 1873, to May, 1875; R. H. Tinker, from May, 1875, to May, 1876; Levi Rhoades, from May, 1876, to May, 1877; Duncan Ferguson, May, 1877.

The following named gentlemen represented the city government for the year 1877:

Mayor, Duncan Ferguson. Aldermen—1st Ward, Anthony Haynes; 2d, Gilbert Woodruff; 3d, George E. King; 4th, E. L. Woodruff; 5th, Byron Graham; 6th, Harris Graham; 7th, S. P. Crawford; Clerk, A. P. Wells; Attorney, L. F. Warner; Marshal, Thos. Sully; Assistant do., Jas. Dame; Treasurer, Horace Brown; Assessor, Jas. Ferguson; official paper, *Rockford Journal*.

With the exception of the failure of the Rockford people to make the river navigable, all their undertakings have been crowned with success. To

ROCKFORD.

The history of this city and the County of Winnebago are so closely interwoven that it is somewhat difficult to draw a line of distinction between them. It was here the first settlement was made, in 1834, the first stores and trading places opened, here the first Post-office was established, and, in fact, it was here the county commenced. From here the settlements extended outward to the different sections of what is now Winnebago County. To attempt a separate and distinct history of Rockford would be to recapitulate or repeat in a great measure what has already been written; hence, with a few references to some minor subjects, we will pass to a review of the manufacturing enterprises and industries that have been built up, and that are in successful operation at Rockford.

In the fall of 1834, Germanicus Kent extended an invitation to a number of his Southern friends to join his colony at *Midway*, a name he seems to have given to the settlement commenced by himself and Mr. Blake. This name, it is to be supposed, was suggested by the fact that it just about half way between Chicago and Galena. By the Indians the place was known as Rock ford—a name suggested to them by nature. At or near the site of the present dam, there was a solid rock bottom, where the water was generally shallow enough in ordinary seasons to afford easy crossing with their ponies, and was therefore known to them as the Rock ford. And just here it will not be out of place to remark that Indians, of whatever tribe, always name an object—no matter what it may be—after that of which it most reminds them on first sight. Several of the states of the American Union bear Indian names, as, for instance, Alabama, Arkansas, Missouri, Mississippi, Ohio, Massachusetts, etc. The significance of these names will be found in the first pages of this book, and will be of great convenience to the reader. Tradition tells us that when the Southern Indians first beheld the territory of Alabama it was blooming with flowers, and so delighted them that their chiefs exclaimed, “Al-a-bam-a,” meaning “Here we rest.” And so on, *ad infinitum*. Wherever the Indians have roved, they left names far more appropriate and suggestive than any ever bestowed by their pale-faced followers. But to return to Rockford.

Among other old neighbors and acquaintances in Alabama to whom Mr. Kent wrote was Mr. James B. Martyn. In that letter, in directing Mr. Martyn how to reach Midway, Mr. Kent said:

“At Galena, call on my brother. From Galena go directly east until you come to and cross Apple River, thence turn in a south-easterly course to Plumb River, and from there to Cherry Grove. There leave some timber on your left, and a small grove on your right (afterwards known as Twelve Mile Grove), and then keep on until you strike Rock River, from which a blind path will guide you to Midway.”

This was all the guide Mr. Martyn had, but it conducted him to Midway, which name, late in 1835, was abandoned for Rockford.

In October, 1837, a post-office was established, and Daniel S. Haight was appointed Post Master. Previous to this time, the settlers received their mail either at Galena or Chicago—more generally at the latter place. The first mail bag received at Rockford was unaccompanied by a key, and consequently could not be opened, and was sent back. The second week in

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streets, a steam fire engine is placed at every man's door, with a supply of water that is practically inexhaustable. A pressure of 45 pounds per square inch is maintained in all the water pipes, the engines running fast or slow automatically, as it falls below or exceeds this point. Since the completion of the works, no fire has ever spread beyond the building where it originated. They are under the supervision of S. T. Holly, Chief Engineer, and Frank A. Holly, assistant, with two firemen. They give about thirty-seven gallons daily to each inhabitant of the city.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The fire department consists of a hose company in each ward, and one hook and ladder company. These were organized by ordinance in January, 1876, and within two months were equipped and ready for duty. There are three hose houses, one in West Rockford, using the Second Congregational church bell for a fire alarm, and in which Nos. 3, 4 and 7 meet; one in South Rockford, having its own fire alarm bell, and in which No. 5 meets; one in East Rockford, with its own bell, in which Nos. 1, 2 and 6, as well as the hook and ladder company, meet. There is one hand engine, for use in case of the breakage of a main. The department officers are as follows:

John T. Lakin, chief; Wm. Crotty, first assistant; Frank Conaughy, second assistant. No. 1, First Ward—Walter Haime, foreman; meets first Monday in each month. No. 2, Second Ward—John N. Hill, foreman; meets first Monday in each month. No. 3, Third Ward—P. W. Welch, foreman; meets first Tuesday in each month. No. 4, Fourth Ward—Jas. Butler, foreman. No. 5, Fifth Ward—Wm. Holmes, foreman; meets first Monday in each month. No. 6, Sixth Ward—Wm. W. Wood, foreman; meets first Monday in each month. No. 7, Seventh Ward, W. T. Clark, foreman; meets first Monday in each month. Hook and Ladder Company, organized in the fall of 1876; J. E. Ellison, captain.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Miss Eunice Brown, now Mrs. J. G. Lyon, of Rockton Township, was the first person who taught a school here. She taught in 1837, in a log school house which stood near the residence of Mr. John Early, East Side, and afterward on the West Side in several places. Miss Frances Bradford taught the same year on the West Side in a log cabin that stood near the present residence of S. C. Withrow. From this time, schools were taught from year to year, by different persons, in many places, until the graded schools were adopted, in 1857. The previous year the city was divided into two main districts, the river forming the dividing line. In each of these, a large, commodious stone building, four stories high, was finished in 1857, with a capacity to accommodate 650 pupils, and arranged to include all the grades from primary to high school, as well as some of the branches of academic education. These buildings cost about \$22,000 each. From time to time, new buildings have been erected according to the needs of localities. In 1874-5, the South Rockford school was remodeled, or rather rebuilt, and an efficient building for a grammar school prepared. Other smaller buildings are scattered over the city, at the present time arranged in three divisions, East Rockford, West Rockford, and South Rockford, each in charge of a principal, who is subject to the Board of Education.

The course of study embraces a thorough and systematic drill in the common branches and the elements of science and literature, including a preparatory course for college.

Board of Education: N. E. Lyman, President; H. W. Carpenter, Dr. J. B. Lyman, J. P. Perkins, D. S. Clark; A. P. Wells, clerk.

Principal No. 1, East Rockford, Henry Freeman; principal No. 2, West Rockford, Jas. H. Blodgett; principal, South Rockford, O. F. Barbour.

West Rockford High School.—Erected 1856. J. H. Blodgett, A. M., principal; Miss M. M. Coleman, first assistant; Miss Emma D. Sears, second assistant.

W. R. High School Building.—J. H. Blodgett, A. M., superintendent; teachers: Miss Alice M. Dove, grammar department; Miss Nellie Gould, ungraded; Miss Ada Linderman, primary; Miss Imogene S. Pierce, intermediate; number of scholars, 300.

Chestnut Street School.—W. R. J. H. Blodgett, A. M., superintendent; Miss Maria Upson, principal; teachers: Miss Minnie R. Brouse, intermediate; Miss Carrie Blake, first primary; Miss Helen Williams, second primary; number of scholars, 160.

Third Ward School.—West State street. J. H. Blodgett, A. M., superintendent; teachers: Miss Louisa Pells, grammar department; Miss Margaret Conaughy, intermediate; number of scholars, 90.

Fourth Ward School.—Erected 1874. J. H. Blodgett, A. M., superintendent; Charles Goddard, principal; teachers: Miss Carrie Drew, intermediate; Miss Ella Brainard, primary; number of scholars, 150.

East Rockford High School.—Henry Freeman, principal; Andrew McPherson, first assistant; Miss Lilian Tappan, second assistant; number of scholars, 125.

East Rockford High School Building.—On First avenue. Henry Freeman, superintendent; Mrs. L. M. Gauss, principal, Miss Ida J. Arnold, assistant, first grammar department; Robert Rew, principal, Miss Trephence Carnichael, assistant, second grammar department; Miss Emma F. Marsh, principal, Miss Evalyn Chaney, assistant, first intermediate; Miss M. A. Russell, principal, Miss Eva Enoch, assistant, second intermediate; number of scholars, 425.

First Ward School.—North Third street. Henry Freeman, superintendent; Miss May G. McPherson, principal, Room D; teachers: Miss Lavonia Clark, Room C; Miss Annie Coy, Room B; Miss S. Keys, Room A; number of scholars, 175.

Second Ward School.—Kishwaukee street, E. R. Henry Freeman, superintendent; Miss M. E. Briggs, principal, Room D; teachers: Miss M. E. Pettibone, Room C; Miss Teague, Room B; Miss Lizzie Herrick, Room A; number of scholars, 200.

Sixth Ward School.—Corner Second avenue and Eighth street. Henry Freeman, superintendent; teachers: Mrs. A. L. Richardson, principal, Room D; Miss Jenet Smith, Room C; Miss Jennie Brumbaugh, Room B; Miss Jennie Shepherd, Room A; number of scholars, 200.

South Rockford School.—South Winnebago street. Erected 1867. O. F. Barbour, principal; teachers: Miss Sarah C. Lander, Room 1; Miss Mary M. Gearn, Room 2; Miss Agnes C. Cassidy, Room 3; Miss Martha M. Warner, Room 4; Miss Ella L. Jenks, Room 5; Miss Jessie Shepherd, Room 6; Miss Ella Moffatt, Room 7; Miss Ellen Blake, Room 8.

Rockford Business College.—Prof. E. C. A. Becker, manager. Book-keeping in all its forms, business practice, practical and ornamental penmanship, arithmetic, telegraphy, short hand, English, French, German, Latin, Spanish, and music are taught here.

Allis' Commercial College and Institute of Penmanship.—Organized 1866. J. H. Cook, proprietor; over Nos. 323 and 325 West Lake street.

Academic and Classical Institute.—Prof. C. W. Lownsbury, principal. Established in 1867. Miss Mary E. Foot, assistant teacher academic senior department; Geo. E. Smith, assistant commercial and primary department. School building, corner Winnebago and West State streets.

ROCKFORD FEMALE SEMINARY.

In 1844, at a convention of the Congregational and Presbyterian clergymen of Northern Illinois and Southern Wisconsin, which assembled August 6th, it was decided to found two institutions of learning, one for gentlemen, the other for ladies. It was thought best that they should not be located at the same place. Subsequently the college was fixed at Beloit, and the seminary at Rockford, on the pledge of the inhabitants of the latter city to contribute \$3,500 for a building, and a suitable location.

A board of trustees was elected, who controlled both institutions. The first charter of the seminary bears date Feb. 25, 1847, but business interests interfered with the fulfillment of the pledges of the citizens of Rockford, and the matter was delayed for a time.

In 1849, on the 11th of June, Miss Anna P. Sill, the present principal of the seminary, with two assistants, began to teach a select school, whose excellence revived the interest in the seminary. Accordingly in 1850, \$5,000 was pledged by the people of Rockford and vicinity for a building, while the ladies gave one thousand more for the purchase of the grounds upon which the seminary now stands. Miss Sill's school took the name of the Rockford Female Seminary, and was held in an old building on the east side of the river, formerly used as a court-house. Here, in September, 1851, the first class of fifteen passed their examination, a regular collegiate course of study having been granted by the charter.

After the acceptance by the board of trustees of the financial pledges of the people of Rockford, in 1850, it was thought best that each institution should manage its own affairs, but a co-operation of the two has been preserved by retaining several of the same members in each board of trustees.

Rev. Aratus Kent, a Presbyterian clergyman, as president of the board of trustees, on the 15th day of July, 1852, laid the corner stone of the present edifice. He it was to whom the enterprise is most indebted, having retained the presidency of the board until his death, in 1869. This building, now Middle Hall, was occupied in 1853, and cost \$15,000, paid mainly by the people of Winnebago County.

Increased patronage demanded more room. Accordingly, in 1854, "Linden Hall" was begun, and completed two years afterward. It was named from the residence of one of its New England friends, from which place and New York the principal part of the funds were obtained with which it was erected.

In 1866, a third hall, with its connecting corridors, was begun, and finished the following year, at a cost of \$21,000, secured mainly by donations from eastern cities, as well as renewed pledges from Rockford and vicinity.

In 1871 "Linden" and Middle Halls were connected by a corridor, at a cost of \$4,000, making a continuous brick front of 220 feet, with music and recitation rooms, library, laboratory, geological cabinet, chapel, dormitory, dining-rooms, gymnasium, etc., all in the best condition for effective work.

The present curriculum embraces a preparatory, classical and scientific course of instruction, while after the first year studies may be selected at the option of the student. Miss Anna P. Lill, the principal, is assisted by two gentlemen professors and fourteen lady teachers, whose departments are suited to the various needs of the pupils. The president of the board of trustees is Prof. Joseph Emerson, of Beloit, Wis.; the secretary, Rev. Frank P. Woodbury, of Rockford, Ill.

ROCKFORD PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The importance of such a fruitful means of education is appreciated in this county, and soon after the passage of the state law (March 7, 1872), authorizing cities to provide by a tax of one mill on the dollar for their establishment and maintenance, the city council of Rockford hastened to avail themselves of its privileges. In June of that year, an ordinance was passed, establishing a library and reading room for the general public. The mayor, S. G. Bronson, appointed the following directors: Melancthon Starr, Elias Casper, S. C. Withrow, D. S. Clark, Frank P. Woodbury, Henry C. Mabie, N. C. Thompson, J. G. Knapp, and C. L. Williams, who were to hold office for three years, three retiring annually. N. C. Thompson was elected President, and Elias Casper, Secretary and Treasurer, at the first meeting of the Board, on the 24th day of June, 1872. Two committees were appointed to select a room and prepare an appeal to the citizens for assistance to advance the enterprise, whose reports were subsequently carried out, by renting an apartment in Wallach's Block, now occupied by the Young Men's Christian Association, for \$350 per annum, and the free distribution of the address as well as its publication in the city papers.

The reading room was nicely fitted up, and, on the occasion of the formal opening, a goodly number of periodicals having been provided, the Board called a meeting of the citizens, which was largely attended. On this occasion (Tuesday evening, July 2, 1872), \$2,000 was subscribed, and Miss Mary B. Rankin elected temporary librarian. Among other donations at and before this time may be mentioned those of Mrs. W. P. Dennis, eighty-six volumes, thirty-eight being bound volumes of "Harper's New Monthly Magazine," from Volume I to XXXVIII inclusive, and that of H. P. Holland, sixty volumes of Universal History. At this time the library did not contain over two hundred volumes.

The general management of the rooms was delegated to the executive committee appointed at the August meeting of the Board, and the by-laws, rules, and regulations were adopted in September, as well as the election of the present efficient librarian, Mr. W. L. Rowland, whose appointment bears date Sept. 17th, 1872. On the 30th of this month, \$2,000 worth of books were ordered. November of that year found 1,313 books in the library, six hundred and seven of which were acquired by donation, the remainder by purchase. From this date there was a steady increase in the number of volumes until the opening of the library for loaning, Feb. 1st, 1873, when there were 2,326 books which had been catalogued in writing, and 91 peri-

odicals. At the June meeting of the Board (1877), the beginning of the library year, the treasurer reported as follows:

Received on private subscriptions.....	\$1,773.11.
Unpaid private subscriptions.....	2,160.50.
From fines, delinquent readers.....	18.00.
City tax, 1872.....	2,027.21.
Delinquent tax not collected.....	136.79.
Total.....	\$6,115.61.
Disbursements to date.....	3,520.88.

In August of that year, Mr. Rowland, having associated with himself Miss Lizzie J. Williamson, as assistant, prepared an accurate 86-page catalogue of the 3,000 volumes in the library. This was supplemented by another in March, 1874, of twenty-four pages, and in April, 1875, by still another, of sixty pages, containing in all the titles of 6,000 volumes.

In July, 1876, the library was transferred to its present commodious location over the post office, with the addition of only \$150 to its expenses, making the annual rent \$500. The rooms are finely fitted up, the greater proportion of the expense being borne by voluntary subscription. In the reading rooms there are four daily papers, thirty-five weeklies, sixteen monthlies, and five quarterlies. During the past year it was estimated that there were over one hundred thousand persons who visited them, including the citizens of the city. At the present time there are in the library 7,028 volumes in all, whose large circulation is indicative of the reading habits of its patrons.

Present officers: Dr. A. E. Goodwin, President; E. Casper, Vice President; O. F. Barbour, Secretary and Treasurer; Wm. L. Rowland, Librarian; Miss Lizzie J. Williamson, Assistant.

CHURCHES.

First Methodist Episcopal Church was organized as a class at the house of D. S. Haight, in September, 1836, by the Rev. William Royal, and numbered five members. Rev. Dr. Arnold was the first preacher in charge. In 1845 the present church edifice was erected, and in 1872 and 1873 the parsonage was built. Number of members, 170. Pastor, Rev. H. Crews. T. G. Lawler, Superintendent of Sunday-school.

Court Street M. E. Church was organized in 1853, with forty members, being originally a part of the First M. E. Church, assuming its present name under the charge of R. F. Read. During the next year, under the pastorate of Rev. W. F. Stewart, its present house of worship was erected. Number of members, 500; average attendance at Sunday-school, 325; Superintendent, S. C. Withrow.

Third Street M. E. Church was organized by Rev. Hooper Crews, in 1841, with a membership of 80 persons, and their present edifice was erected soon after, while Rev. P. Heath was pastor, at a cost of \$8,000. In 1866, it was remodeled and refitted. Number of members, 230; Rev. W. H. Burns, Pastor; average attendance at Sunday-school, 188; Superintendent, W. H. Worthington.

South Rockford M. E. Church was organized March 24, 1864, with 22 members. It grew out of a Sabbath-school, formed by W. T. Stewart, of Court Street M. E. Church, which was begun in 1858. During 1864-5, the present edifice was erected, at a total cost of \$14,000. Number of

members, 260; Rev. R. S. Cantine, Pastor; average attendance at Sunday-school, 250; 33 officers and teachers; H. M. Skinner, Asst. Superintendent.

Swedish M. E. Church. The first meetings of this church were held in the Westminster Presbyterian Church, an old building formerly occupied by that society. Oct. 22, 1860, Rev. Victor Witting perfected the organization, with a list of 12 members. The new edifice was dedicated Oct. 22, 1876, and cost, with parsonage, about \$11,000. Number of members, 140; Rev. John Wigrew, Pastor; average attendance at Sunday-school, 100; G. A. Johnson, Superintendent.

First Congregational Church. This church was organized May 5th, 1837, with eight members. Soon afterward, under the pastorate of Rev. John Morrill, a plain frame church was built, and in 1845 another, still larger, of brick, was erected, at a cost of \$8,000, where the Church worshipped twenty-six years. During the years 1870-1, the present edifice was built, at a cost of \$50,000. Number of members, 755; Rev. Wilder Smith, Pastor; average attendance at Sunday-school, 250; Superintendent, N. S. Robinson.

Second Congregational Church. This church was organized Nov. 7, 1849, by 42 members, who had obtained their dismissal from the First Congregational Church for the purpose. Rev. Lansing Porter was the first pastor. The present church edifice was dedicated in 1858, and in 1871 it was practically rebuilt, at an expense of \$12,000. Number of members, 445; present Pastor, Rev. F. P. Woodbury; average attendance at Sunday-school, 250; Superintendent, William A. Talcott.

First Baptist Church was organized Dec. 22, 1834, with 17 members, who began their worship in a small frame building. Rev. Solomon Knapp was their first pastor. From 1848 to 1850, services were held in the courthouse, and during the latter year their present stone building was completed. Number of members, 150; Rev. John S. Mabie, Pastor.

State Street Baptist Church was organized in 1858, with 34 constituent members. They worshipped in a small frame building, at the corner of Peach and North Fifth streets, for a number of years, erected during the pastorate of Rev. E. C. Mitchell, who was called soon after organization. November 18, 1868, their present house of worship was dedicated, and cost \$30,000. Number of members, 333; Rev. E. K. Chandler, Pastor; average attendance at Sunday-school, 185; Superintendent, L. A. Trowbridge.

Emanuel Church—Episcopalian. Organized by Rev. Dudley Chase, May 4, 1849. The first edifice was dedicated August, 1853, but has been enlarged several times since. They are without a pastor at the present time.

First Presbyterian Church. This church was organized in the courthouse, Feb. 1, 1854, with 35 members, under the pastoral supervision of Rev. Hugh A. Brown, a minister sent here by the presbytery. In 1868, their present edifice was erected. No pastor at present. Number of members, 200.

Westminster Presbyterian Church was organized January 3, 1856, with 22 members, 14 of whom were from the First Congregational Society. Their present house of worship was erected in 1858. Number of members, 174; Rev. John Ritchey, Pastor.

St. James' Catholic Church, Rockford, at one time, was at the head of the mission that embraced the county of Boone, as well as parts of McHenry

and Ogle Counties. The church here was organized by Rev. Father John A. Hampton, in 1850, and two years later it erected a frame structure, in which it worshipped seventeen years. Rev. John Dorelan, who was pastor from 1860 to 1866, when he died. Number of communicants, 400 families, about 2,000 souls. Present Pastor, Rev. Dr. Thaddeus J. Butler. The Sunday-school is largely attended.

Church of the Christian Union. Organized in September, 1870. The first services were held Oct. 9, 1870, in Brown's Hall, by the Rev. Dr. T. Kerr, and in a few days thereafter 115 signed the roll. Number of members, 225; Rev. T. Kerr, Pastor.

Church of the Disciples. Organized February, 1854, with 22 members. Their church edifice was built in 1856, and cost \$2,400. Present number of members, 60; Sunday-school, about 50. Pastor, L. D. Waldo; Superintendent, B. H. Whitmer.

Swedish Lutheran Church. Rev. E. Carlson, of Chicago, in 1853 began to preach to his countrymen in an old school house, on the East Side, which stood near the public square. On the 15th of January, 1854, the church was organized, with 45 members. A church was built, but soon became too small, owing to the great tide of immigration, and January 15, 1870, their present church edifice was dedicated. It cost \$25,000. Number of communicants, 920; Sunday-school, about 400. Rev. G. Peters is Pastor and Superintendent. Connected with this church is a parish school, that has an average daily attendance of 60 scholars; C. A. Johnson, Principal.

MANUFACTURES.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

N. C. Thompson began business at this place in 1859. His principal manufactures are: "Badger" hay rake, "Corning's" hay press; "John P. Manny" self-rake, reaper and mower; "Gorham" sulky and walking cultivator; the "Diamond" plows, of all sizes; "Sears'" sulky and gang plows; "Richardson's" attachment for making at will, a sulky out of an ordinary plow; corn-stalk cutters, and "Thompson's" string binder for harvesters, that for the last four seasons has been well received. His sales are principally in Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota. He employs 175 men, and his productions are favorably known in the localities mentioned above.

■ Briggs & Enoch, Plow-makers. This firm was established some years ago by a Mr. Skinner, the first patentee of the sulky plow, under the name of Skinner, Briggs & Mead. Mr. Mead having sold out to Mr. Enoch in 1866 or 1867, and Mr. Skinner dying in 1872, the business has been sustained by the above named gentlemen. Their principal productions are plows, of all kinds and sizes—riding, walking, gang, and breaking. Their sales are made west of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers. They employ sixty men, and average about fifty plows per day.

Emerson, Talcott & Co., manufacturers of agricultural implements. J. H. Manny invented the combined reaper and mower, and in 1852 formed a partnership with Wait Talcott, for their manufacture. In 1856 or 1857, Ralph Emerson came in as a partner, and Mr. Manny died soon after. The firm has changed somewhat since their first organization, and recently became a stock company, with the above caption. They make hand and horse



John Herring
DURAND TP.

corn-planters, "Ceres," "Star," and "Standard" corn cultivators; riding, walking and combined "Standard" broadcast seeder, four sizes; "Economist" self-raking reaper; new "Manny" combined self-rake reaper and mower; "Acme" mower; besides a variety of smaller articles of iron, among which are brackets, hitching posts, etc. Their trade extends east as far as New York, west to California and the Sandwich Islands, and south to Texas, the greater proportion being in the Northwest. They employ from one to two hundred men. Officers of the company: Ralph Emerson, President; Daniel Goodlander, Vice President; Wm. A. Talcott, Secretary and Treasurer; J. Herva Jones, Superintendent.

Wm. A. Knowlton, farm machinery; began business here in 1872. He makes "Knowlton's" combined and single reaper; "Paddock's" sulky hay rake, as well as one of his own pattern; "Eclipse" riding and walking cultivators; "Dexter," and "Dexter, Jr.," walking cultivators; besides doing general machine and foundry work. His business, from \$60,000 to \$75,000 per annum, is well scattered over the Northwest. His manufactory, on Race street, furnishes labor for seventy men.

Bertrand & Sames began the manufacture of their "Riding Corn Cultivator" at this place in 1860. Their business, of from \$15,000 to \$30,000 per year, extends all over the corn growing states.

John P. Manny, manufacturer of reapers and mowers. In 1848, J. H. Manny and his father made the first "header," and in the succeeding year manufactured them quite largely, but lost money, the machines being too cumbersome and costly for general use. In 1850, J. H. Manny invented the combined reaper and mower, which, in after years, brought about the law suit with C. H. McCormick, upon which Abraham Lincoln and Edwin M. Stanton were employed. It resulted in Mr. Manny's favor. This year, defective sickles caused the failure of the machines. J. H. Manny and his father becoming bankrupt, J. P. Manny then began their manufacture, and in 1852 he made the sickles. The machines were a complete success this year, receiving at Geneva, N. Y. (the first public trial when reaping and mowing machines were demonstrated to be economically useful to the general farmer), the first prize as mowers and second prize as reapers. Mr. J. H. Manny, then upon flattering representations of the Water Power Co. at Rockford, settled in this city and continued the making of reapers with Mr. Talcott, J. P. Manny having the contract to furnish the sickles. This he continued to do until Mr. J. H. Manny's death, the last of January, or first of February, 1856, when he began manufacturing for himself, the two-wheeled combined reaper and mower, which he had just patented. A few years afterward he contracted with N. C. Thompson, for their manufacture, the territory west of the Mississippi reverting to him in 1866, and Illinois and Wisconsin in 1877. He makes from 500 to 1,000 machines per annum.

Mr. F. H. Manny began business in this place in 1859, manufacturing the "J. H. Manny" reaper, and a fanning mill. Shortly afterward he introduced the "Manny" seeder, and then a riding corn cultivator. He employs about seventy-five men for ten months in the year. His shop is on Race street.

PUMPS.—Wells of from fifty to one hundred twenty-five feet in depth are common in this country, and necessitated a well-constructed pump. W. D. Trahern began this branch of industry in this city in 1862. He makes pumps of all kinds at his shops on the corner of Wyman and Mill

streets. He employs thirty-five men, and distributes his work mostly in the Northwest.

A. W. Woodward also makes pumps for the wholesale trade. He began here in December, 1872. A water-wheel governor is also one of his leading articles.

PAPER-MILLS.—Building paper is, in an economical point of view, assuming considerable importance. The Kenny Brothers began this industry at Rockford in 1872. They supply largely several paper box makers in New York, Boston and Philadelphia, with straw board. They have eighteen men, and their mill on Race street has a capacity of from four to five tons daily.

The Rockford Paper Company, of Messrs. Rhoads & Utter, established here in 1865, make fine and coarse wrapping papers, which, besides their local trade, are sold in Iowa, Minnesota, Illinois and Wisconsin. They employ thirty men.

FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS.—Of these, there are four. T. Derwent & Son, on the West Side, employ seven men, and produce flour in large quantities at their mill on Mill street. They have eight run of stone, and the necessary machinery, including that used in making the "New Process" flour.

On the East Side, the Forest City Mills of J. Cox & Son, and the Reaper City Mills of J. G. Chick, were controlled by the firm of Chick & Cox, beginning business here in November, 1871. August 16, 1877, they separated. The Forest City Mills employ ten men, producing about 100 barrels of flour per day, which is principally sold to the citizens of Rockford and vicinity. The Reaper City Mills have a capacity of 400 barrels per day, and, at present, a force of fourteen men. Their sales are principally in the North-west.

The grist-mill of Joseph Rodd was a saw-mill in 1844, owned by Willard Wheeler. It became a grist-mill in 1856, when Mr. Rodd purchased it, and for a long time was the only mill doing custom work in this part of the county. It employs three men, and is managed by T. G. Lawler.

ROCKFORD BOLT WORKS.—This firm became a stock company last July, having begun business here in 1866. Their sales are local—to the agricultural implement manufacturers here. Their works are on Race street, and furnish labor for thirty-five employees.

KNITTING FACTORY.—This is indeed a curiosity. Here are machines that knit the whole sock, toe, heel, and all; when one is completed, drop it into a receptacle below, and, without stopping, begin another. The proprietors, Messrs. Burson & Nelson, are pioneers in this department, having invented and perfected the first successful machine of this kind in the United States. They began in 1868, and now employ seventy-five hands, who turn out 100 dozen socks per day of all grades. Their business extends from Cleveland and Cincinnati, Ohio, to Denver, Colorado. They are also makers of the seamless sock knitting machine.

W. S. Stearns also manufactures hosiery, in the Masonic Block, as well as the cotton mill.

SCROLL SAWS.—One of the enterprises that started from small beginnings in 1870, is the scroll saw shop of Messrs. W. F. & John Barns. They make a number of kinds of foot power saws for amateurs, as well as shop work. They have received orders from most of the civilized countries of the globe. Their shops in the Emerson building give employment to twenty-five men.

EXTENSION RULES.—A new industry was originated, November, 1876. Mr. E. D. Waterbury, who had patented an extension rule, a very useful article, formed a partnership with Mr. E. Smith, for its manufacture. The machinery for making was yet to be made—it could not be bought—but the inventive minds of the firm were equal to the occasion, and have succeeded in this as well, the machine that rivets on the pins that hold the brass sides being quite a novelty. Recently Mr. Smith has bought out the others, and now controls the business. He employs fifteen men at his shop in the Emerson building.

BRUSHES.—The Rockford Brush Company make everything in this line, from a small sash tool to a seven or eight-inch kalsomining brush, including scrubbing, horse, shoe, and clothes brushes. The company was organized in April, 1877, but enjoy quite a trade.

BARRELS.—O. A. Crandall began the making of this important adjunct to the flour producing interests here, in 1865. He employs ten men, who turn out annually 45,000 barrels, mostly used here. In this same shop, also, Messrs. Crandall & Durham make the "Seamen's Washer," employing four men, who complete about 1,500 of these useful articles yearly, which find a sale in the neighboring States.

STEAM BAKERY.—The Rockford Steam Bakery was operated for some years as a bread making establishment, but in 1872 began the exclusive manufacture of crackers, of which they produce about 100 barrels per day of all varieties. These are distributed on a parallel west from Rockford to Yankton, Dakota. They employ twenty-five men.

WOOLEN MILL.—Dyson & Van Wie own the only woollen mill in the place. This mill began to be used for this purpose in 1864. At present, the firm employ twelve men, who make cassimeres, flannels, yarn, etc. Their goods are sold in the Northwest.

PATTERN MAKING.—In a manufacturing centre like Rockford, pattern and model makers are not only desirable, but necessary. For the last year there have been about 60 applications to the patent office of the United States for patents from citizens of this county. This is indicative of the business of model makers here. Messrs. Savage & Love began this class of work in June, 1874. Their shop on Mill street furnishes employment for three workmen. They are also general millwrights.

Wm. Jent also is engaged in the making of models, and pays special attention to the building of wood working machinery. He employs twelve men in his shop on Mill street. One of his specialties is a machine for making barbs for fence wire.

WIRE WORKS.—Messrs. Lockwood & Lyman are interested in the weaving of wire cloth, beginning here in a small way about four years ago. They make screen wire of all kinds, with a power loom, said to be the only one in the United States, paper-makers' wire cloth being their specialty. Their annual sales of \$30,000 are principally made in the Northwest and South. They employ twenty men in their shop on Wyman street.

Spafford, Parmele & Co. are on the East Side, at the corner of North First and Market streets, and are engaged in the same occupation, making wire goods of all descriptions. Their sales average about \$30,000 annually, and are made in California and the Northwest. They employ twenty-seven men.

FOUNDRIES, IRON WORKS, ETC.—The Utter Manufacturing Company, successors to Clark and Utter, do a general jobbing business in iron work,

making a specialty of mill machinery. They also make the "Gorham" Broad Cast Seeder and Cultivator, as well as a corn cultivator. Their works on Race street are the oldest on the water power. They work sixty-five men.

Mr. F. Ward established himself here as a foundryman in 1874. He employs fifteen men at his shop, on Wyman and Main streets, making the "Boss" Corn Planter as a specialty, the greater part of his work being for local trade.

ROCKFORD MALLEABLE IRON WORKS.—Until a few years ago, it was thought that any implement or part of a machine that ought to have extra strength must be hammered out of wrought iron. Now malleable iron is cast like cast iron, with the exception that the castings are annealed for some length of time before they are fit for service. Messrs. D. Forbes & Son, who had established a foundry here in 1854, began this branch of the business in 1864, when there were none like it west of Cincinnati. This industry has grown into considerable importance. This firm, under the name of Rockford Malleable Iron Works, employ fifty men and make plow attachments of all descriptions, and other implements of like character.

ROCKFORD WATCH COMPANY.—This company was organized March 4, 1874, with a capital that was shortly afterward increased to \$165,000. Their factory on South Main street, East Rockford, manufactures twenty grades of the "Quick Train" watch. They employ 120 operatives, with a monthly pay roll of \$6,000. The building is heated by steam and derives its power from the same source. Officers of the company: Levi Rhodes, president; H. W. Price, vice president; H. P. Holland, secretary and treasurer.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—R. Anglemyer manufactures boots and shoes of the heavy grades. His shop, near State street, has a capacity of 100 pairs of men's, women's, misses' and children's shoes, as well as twenty-four pairs of boots, per day. He employs at the present time twelve men.

FURNITURE.—The Rockford Union Furniture Company was organized as a co-operative association of twenty-five members, Feb. 15, 1876. Their capital, \$40,000, is divided among twenty-four members at the present time, one of their number having sold out. They employ thirty-five men, and make bedsteads, bureaus, center and dining tables, and book-cases, which are sold in the Northwest. Officers: John Erlander, president; John Pearson, vice president; P. A. Pederson, secretary; Joseph Peters, treasurer; Jonas Peters, superintendent.

Forest City Furniture Company.—Gilbert Woodruff, president; C. H. Keith, secretary and treasurer; A. C. Johnson, superintendent. This company was organized in October, 1875. They have a capital of \$50,000, and employ seventy-five men. They make bedsteads, chamber suits and tables. Their works and office are at the corner of Seventh and Rail Road avenues.

C. G. Burnap, at the water power on Main street, makes a specialty of book-cases, as well as finishing offices, churches, etc. He employs five men, and began this branch a year ago last April.

BREWERS.—The Rockford Brewery, J. Peacock proprietor, was established in 1849. At present it furnishes labor for five men, but with a double force, can make 5,000 barrels of ale and beer annually. Location, North Main street, East Rockford.

Fisher's Brewery began work in 1868. It employs four or five men, and averages sixteen barrels per day.

John W. Diamond, 822 South Main street, and the Oak Grove Brewery, Beloit Road. are also engaged in this occupation.

COTTON MILLS.—Graham & Company, manufacturers of grain bags, batting, twine, hosiery, etc., began business in this city in 1865. They employ 150 operatives. Their sales last year, which aggregated \$250,000, were principally made in Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin and Illinois.

OAT MEAL MILLS.—This industry was organized Sept. 14, 1872, by A. M. Johnston & Co. They manufacture from 25,000 to 30,000 barrels of oat meal yearly, which is sold in all the larger cities of the United States, with an occasional shipment to Great Britain. They have fourteen hands.

PLANING MILLS.—Of these, there are three principal ones—T. J. Derwent, who also makes sash, doors and blinds, and J. F. Landus (estate), next to Briggs & Enoch; both on the water power. Geo. Bradley, 303 and 305 South Main street, who uses steam.

TANNERIES.—Messrs. Munthe & Haegg, tanners of buckskins, furs, and string leather; also manufacturers of gloves, mittens, etc. They began operations here in October, 1875. They employ five men, and have recently moved into the building owned by H. W. Price.

Hess & Stone are also tanners of harness, calf, kip and upper leather. This establishment was built by Geo. D. Edson, in 1859, and was owned and operated by several parties for a number of years as a chemical tannery, until the present firm adopted the old fashion oak process. They employ six men, and make their sales in the Northwest.

WAGONS AND CARRIAGES.—Anton Neumister, No. 119 North Main street, East Rockford.

August Neumister, No. 212 and 214 East State street.

John Thoreson, No. 320 and 322 South Main street.

Ford & Fellows, No. 113, 115 and 117 North Main street.

Reeves & Dunphy, No. 513 West State street.

Childs & Merrick, South Main street; and several others.

PAPER BOX MANUFACTURERS.—Shurer & Cammond, No. 327 East State street.

LIME KILN.—R. A. Shepherd, No. 920 Horsman street.

DISTILLERY.—Freeman Graham, No. 1810 South Main street, East Rockford.

CIGARS.—E. A. Gardner, No. 414 East State street.

E. C. Byers, No. 213 West State street.

ELECTRO VAPOR BATHS.—Dr. G. W. Brown, No. 111 West State street.

MISCELLANEOUS.—West's Enamel Carriage-Top Dressing has become quite popular. Mr. L. M. West, inventor, began the business in 1863, and now does a wholesale trade principally, making 100 gallons daily, at \$4.50 per gallon.

G. A. Shoudy, soap and candles, bought out, in 1869, J. H. Morrill, who opened this business here in 1857. Mr. Shoudy has increased the capacity of the works until they are worth \$15,000. He makes hard, soft, and toilet soaps, employing from ten to twelve men for the purpose.

ROCKFORD GAS-LIGHT AND COKE Co.—Mr. T. Butterworth bought out this company in 1856 or '7, and has continued the business ever since. He makes 10,000,000 feet per year; 8,000,000 to private consumers, and 2,000,000 for the street lamps, of which there are 161.

ROCKFORD INSURANCE COMPANY.—Organized December 22, 1866. Began work January 1, 1867. Capital, \$100,000. Insures dwellings and farm

property only. Its business is confined to the Northwest. They employ fifteen persons in their office, in the Second National Bank building. Officers of the company—S. M. Church, President; Wm. Watson, Sec'y.

FOREST CITY INSURANCE COMPANY.—Organized August 13, 1874. Chartered capital, \$500,000. This company also insures dwellings and farm property only. Business in the Northwest. Officers of the company—Gilbert Woodruff, President; C. W. Sheldon, Sec'y.

ROCKFORD MUSEUM.—Dr. E. C. Dunn is proprietor of this collection. It contains a variety of instructive objects of interest, being especially rich in coins, guns, and works of Chinese art. It also has the tablet taken from a mound near here, an engraving of which appears elsewhere in these pages.

LODGES, ASSOCIATIONS, ETC.

MASONIC.

ROCKFORD LODGE, No. 102.—Organized Feb. 13, A. D. 1851, under a dispensation from C. G. T. Taylor, Grand Master, the following members constituting its first membership: Alfred E. Ames, W. M.; William Lyman, S. W.; Henry Carpenter, J. W.; Charles Spafford, Treas.; Wm. Hulin, Secy; Edward H. Baker, S. D.; Ansel Kenfield, J. D.; John Fraley, Chaplain; Jas. P. Burns, Tyler; Wm. F. Ward, Jesse Blinn, Buel G. Wheeler. This lodge was constituted under its present charter November 26, 1851. Present officers—Seely Perry, W. M.; John S. Johnston, S. W.; H. H. Stone, J. W.; E. B. Perry, Treas.; J. B. Nash, Secy. Number of members, 175. Meets the first and third Thursday evenings of each month.

STAR IN THE EAST LODGE, No. 166.—Present number of members, 135. This lodge was organized February 12, 1855, under a dispensation from James L. Anderson, Grand Master, the following brethren constituting its first officers and members, viz: E. F. W. Ellis, W. M.; R. H. Cotton, S. W.; Wm. M. Bowdoin, J. W.; Wm. Hulin, Secy. and Treas.; S. G. Chellis, S. D.; Jos. K. Smith, J. D.; Jos. Burns, Tyler; C. I. Horsman, B. G. Wheeler and G. W. Reynolds, Stewards; John A. Holland, Charles H. Richings, Dexter G. Clark, Adam McClure, Holder Brownell. The lodge was constituted under its present charter October 3, 1855. Present officers—B. A. Webber, W. M.; W. L. Nevius, S. W.; W. E. Derwent, J. W.; Samuel Norton, Treas.; Andrew M. Ross, Secy. Number of members, 162. Meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month.

E. F. W. ELLIS LODGE, U. D.—Hall, No. 124 South Main street, west side. Regular meetings, second and fourth Thursdays of each month. This Lodge was organized Dec. 10, 1868, under a dispensation from Harmon G. Reynolds, Grand Master, the following brethren constituting its officers and members, viz: Seymour G. Bronson, W. M.; George M. Smith, S. W.; Joseph W. Seccomb, J. W.; Edward K. Conkling, Sec.; Joseph Burns, Treas.; Evans Blake, S. D.; John Segar, J. D.; William Van Arnam and Calvin Ford, Stewards; Adam S. Lake, Tyler; C. L. Robinson, J. Henry Burns, Henry S. Warner, John R. Porter, S. G. Burroughs, E. W. Beattie, E. B. Sears, N. A. Walker, Jas. H. Reynolds, Samuel M. Jones, C. O. Upton, J. G. Knapp, Charles Pannell, Julius Gerber, Wm. Ashworth, Hugh Ross, John W. Bingham, H. P. Stockton, G. W. Reynolds, Reuben Wood, C. I. Horsman, C. H. Richings, Henry Richings, J. L. Parker, Eliphaz Smith, Horace Chandler, Geo. W. Rohr, Wm. G. Cushman, D. D. Alling, William Dyson, Horace Brown. Present officers: John T. Lakin,

W. M.; J. C. Garvin, S. W.; David Turkenkopp, J. W.; Joseph Burns, Treas.; Julius Gerber, Sec. Number of members, 105.

WINNEBAGO CHAPTER, No. 24.—Hall, No. 124 South Main street, west side. Regular meetings, first and third Tuesdays of each month. This Chapter was organized Dec. 12, 1854, under a dispensation from Louis Watson, Grand High Priest, the following constituting its first officers and members, viz: A. Clark, H. P.; Chauncey Ray, K.; W. F. Parrish, S.; H. Miltimore, Sec.; John A. Holland, L. P. Pettibone, R. H. Cotton, Abram Morgan, G. D. Palmer, Ansel Kenfield. The Chapter was constituted under its present charter, Dec. 18, 1855. Present officers: Frank H. Austin, H. P.; C. A. Kitchen, K.; Walter Van Alstine, S.; E. K. Conklin, Sec.; Wm. Van Arnam, Treas. Number of members, 185.

SINNISSIPPI COUNCIL, No. 30.—Hall, No. 124 South Main street, west side. Present number of members fifty. This Council was organized Sept. 24, 1866, the following constituting its first officers and members, viz: S. G. Bronson, T. I. G. M.; J. R. Porter, Dep.; E. K. Conklin, P. C.; E. B. Perry, C. G.; Wm. Van Arnam, Treas.; Sam'l E. Burroughs, Recorder; D. D. Alling, Steward; Wm. Nichols, Sentinel; W. D. E. Andrus, H. H. Dean, G. D. Palmer, J. Lakin, D. Goodlander, Geo. S. Haskell, M. D. Chamberlain, W. T. Smithett, J. Friedman.

CRUSADER COMMANDERY, No. 17, K. T.—Asylum No. 124 South Main street. Organized under dispensation Aug. 28, 1865, with Wm. T. Smithett, E. C.; Geo. S. Haskell, G.; Wm. W. Wood, Capt. Guard. Formally instituted Nov. 6, 1865, with the following officers and members: W. D. E. Andrus, E. C.; S. W. Stone, G.; H. H. Daen, C. G.; F. L. Vincent, P.; J. R. Porter, S. W.; I. S. Hyatt, J. W.; D. D. Alling, Treas.; E. W. Beattie, Recorder; Geo. S. Haskell, Standard B.; Geo. Mentzer, Sword B.; R. S. Norman, Warden; Wm. Nicholas, C. G.; W. T. Smithett, G. D. Palmer, J. Lakin, E. K. Conkling, T. H. Dearborn, Allen Marshall. Present officers—R. E. Bailey, E. C.; C. L. Robinson, G.; James H. Manny, C. G.; I. S. Montgomery, P.; C. A. Sanborn, S. W.; J. P. Perkins, J. W.; J. P. Seargent, Treas.; F. D. Emerson, Recorder. Number of members, 114. Meets in Masonic Hall, the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month.

ODD-FELLOWSHIP.

WINNEBAGO LODGE, No. 31, I. O. O. F.—The charter of Winnebago Lodge, No. 31, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Rockford, was issued by George W. Woodward, Grand Master of the State of Illinois, in 1847, to the following named charter members, viz: Selden M. Bronson, Ansel Kenfield, Dewitt Clinton Briggs, Frederick H. Maxwell and Rev. Nathaniel P. Heath. The lodge was instituted by Past Grand Master S. S. Jones, on Wednesday evening, August 11, A. D. 1847, the place of meeting being in Horsman's block, West Side. The first officers of the lodge were—F. H. Maxwell, N. G.; D. C. Briggs, V. G.; C. I. Horsman, Warden; Wm. R. Hazard, O. G.; S. M. Bronson, Secy; S. H. Hundson, Treas.; Wm. McKenney, I. G. Present officers—Thomas Butterworth, N. G.; G. W. Norton, V. G.; Dr. L. L. Bunt, R. S.; E. C. Roberts, P. S.; W. L. Prouty, P. S. Number of members, 95. Meets every Monday evening.

SOCIAL LODGE, No. 140, I. O. O. F.—Instituted Feb. 6, 1854. Officers—Thomas W. Jones, N. G.; Geo. Pratt, V. G.; Thomas Beal, Treas.; H. W. Tebitts, Secy. Number of members, 71. Meets every Friday evening.

DAUGHTERS OF REBECCA, I. O. O. F., ANCHOR LODGE, No. 84.—Instituted April 26, 1875. Officers—H. R. Wells, N. G.; Mrs. — Consinn, V. G.; Mrs. E. J. Turner, Secy; Mrs. J. Beal, Treas. Number of members, 79. Meets the third Saturday of each month, alternately, in Winnebago and Social Lodge halls.

ROCKFORD ENCAMPMENT, No. 44, I. O. O. F.—The dispensation for this encampment was granted by Most Worthy Grand Patriarch Chas. Trumbull, Aug. 5, 1857, to the following Patriarchs as charter members: James Fleming, J. H. Clark, Hugh Strickland, Enos. C. Clark, G. A. Stiles, Jos. Schloss, and Robt. Smith, and was instituted by Deputy Grand Patriarch A. E. Jenner, Aug. 26, A. D. 1857. Present officers: L. A. Weyburn, C. P.; Henry Cox, S. W.; A. S. Atchley, H. P.; E. A. Roberts, Scribe; W. A. Prouty, Treas. Number of members, 75. Meets the second and fourth Tuesday evenings of each month.

ARTHUR LODGE, No. 31, KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.—Instituted June 20, 1872. Officers: Frank W. Gerould, C. C.; W. H. McCutchin, V. C.; C. H. Wolsey, K. R. & S.; A. S. Atchley, M. of E. Number of members, 63. Meets the second, fourth and fifth Wednesday evenings in each month.

PATRIOTIC ORDER OF SONS OF AMERICA.

WASHINGTON CAMP, No. 1.—Organized June 6, 1876. Officers: S. F. Weyburn, P. P.; John H. Warren, Pres.; Solomon Lane, V. P.; Lorenzo Bunt, M. of F. & C.; Paul L. Mayo, R. S.; Geo. W. Sherer, Treas.; Joseph Bacharach, F. S. Number of members, 40. Meets the first and third Thursday evenings of each month.

WASHINGTON CAMP, No. 3.—Organized July 3, 1877. Officers: Frank W. Gerould, Pres.; John Hamilton, V. P.; Frank Noble, M. of F. & C.; Charles Penfield, Sec.; Arthur H. Frost, F. S.; E. B. Perry, Treas. Number of members, 39. Meets the second and fourth Tuesday evenings of each month.

ANCIENT ORDER OF UNITED WORKMEN.

SINISSIPPI LODGE, No. 35, A. O. U. W.—Organized January, 1877. Officers: D. A. Elmore, P. M. W.; J. T. Savage, M. W.; F. Lockwood, G. F.; John Elliott, O.; Jerry Barnes, Recorder; D. K. Harmes, F.; Fred Mutimer, R. Number of members, 37. Meets every Thursday evening.

FOREST CITY LODGE, No. 12, A. O. U. W.—Instituted April, 1876. Officers: L. A. Weyburn, P. M. W.; J. B. Lockwood, M. W.; David Mitchell, G. F.; J. W. Bartlett, O.; Lewis Lake, Recorder; J. D. Burns, F. Number of members, 60. Meets every Wednesday evening.

REAPER CITY LODGE, No. 36, A. O. U. W.—Organized March, 1877. Officers: R. H. Ross, P. M. W.; Dr. H. C. Gill, M. W.; J. B. Medler, G. F.; J. E. Van Demark, O.; A. E. Bunt, Recorder; G. W. Vestal, F.; Thomas Emmet, R. Number of members, 41. Meets every Tuesday evening.

SKANDIA LODGE, No. 54, A. O. U. W.—Organized April, 1877. Officers: C. A. Lungren, P. M. W.; S. F. Weyburn, M. W.; C. A. Johnson, G.; O. A. Lundquist, O.; Dr. L. F. Foot, Recorder; Wm. Kerr, F.; John Landain, R. Number of members, 40. Meets every Tuesday evening.

TEMPERANCE ORGANIZATIONS.

ROCKFORD TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE.—Organized February, 1875. Present officers: James La Mont, President; several Vice Presidents; F. L.

Passon, Secretary; C. L. Williams, Treasurer. Number of members, 800. Meets the first Thursday evening of each month.

ROCKFORD REFORM CLUB.—Organized Oct. 15, 1875. Officers: James Regan, President; Dr. B. J. Kellogg, Vice President; Frank H. Kelley, Secretary. Number of members, 130.

SPAFFORD LODGE, No. 500, I. O. of G. T.—Organized February 19, 1876. Present officers: E. C. Coppins, W. C. T.; Alice McKinley, W. V. T.; F. F. Follet, W. S.; W. A. Robley, W. F. S.; Mrs. — Colson, W. T. Number of members, 15. Meets every Tuesday evening.

EXCELSIOR LODGE, No. 709, I. O. of G. T.—South Rockford. Organized Jan. 16, 1866. Officers: W. L. Calkins, W. C. T.; Mrs. Margaret Gould, W. V. T.; A. Patterson, W. R. S.; A. S. Waddle, W. F. S. Number of members, 65. Meets every Tuesday evening.

FOREST CITY TEMPLE OF HONOR, No. 2.—Organized Nov. 8, 1876. Officers: S. Lane, W. C. T.; W. H. C. Miller, W. V. T.; Frank Kelly, W. R.; E. C. Coppins, W. F. R.; James Alberts, W. T. Number of members, 40. Meets every Monday evening.

WOMAN'S TEMPERANCE UNION.—Organized March 27, 1874. Officers: Mrs. John Backus, President; several Vice Presidents; Mrs. S. M. I. Henry, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. Malanthon Starr, Recording Secretary; Mrs. S. B. Wilkins, Treasurer. Number of members, 120. Meets Thursday afternoons.

ST. JAMES TOTAL ABSTINENCE SOCIETY.—Organized April 2, 1873. Officers: W. J. Johnson, President; Thomas Weldon, Vice President; Thomas McGrath, R. S.; Arthur McKneely, C. S.; P. H. Walsh, Treasurer. Number of members, 100. Meets the first Wednesday evening of each month, and the third Sunday afternoon.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROCKFORD "BURNS" CLUB.—Organized Nov. 5, 1858. Officers: D. H. Ferguson, President; Wm. McGregor, Vice-President; John Micklojohn, Secretary; Archibald Smith, Treasurer; Geo. Wilson, Librarian. Number of members, about 60. Meets the second and fourth Tuesday evenings of each month.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC, G. L. NEVIUS POST, No. 1.—Organized Oct. 10, 1866. Present officers: T. G. Lawler, P. C.; J. B. Nash, S. V. C.; H. L. Wilmott, J. V. C.; T. W. Cole, Q. M.; David La Mott, Adjt. Number of members, 175. Meets the second and third Monday evenings in each month.

ROCKFORD RIFLES, Co. B, 3d REGT. I. S. G.—Organized July 10, 1876. Military officers: T. G. Lawler, Captain; H. N. Starr, First Lieutenant; T. W. Gerould, Second Lieutenant. Civil officers: T. G. Lawler, President; J. C. Garner, Vice President; C. C. Jones, Secretary; Chandler Starr, Treasurer. Number of members, 81. Meets every Friday evening.

Y. M. C. A.—Organized May 19, 1876. Their rooms are in Wallace's Block. Officers: H. L. Tupper, President; L. A. Trowbridge, E. P. Thomas, Vice Presidents; C. E. Sheldon, Secretary and Treasurer. Meets Monday evenings, and Sundays at 5 P. M.

ROCKFORD GERMANIA GESANG VEREIN.—A German singing club. I. Bacharach, President; C. Henry, Vice President; T. Radecker, Secretary; Philip Minsinger, Treasurer; August Dedrickson, Leader. Number of members, 40. Meets the first Tuesday evening of each month.

WINNEBAGO.

This township, one of the best in the county for general agricultural purposes, is bounded on the north by the town of Burritt, east by the town of Rockford, south by the town of Byron (Ogle County), and west by the town of Seward, and contains an area of 21,089 97-100 acres of land. The first settler was David Adams Holt, who settled here in 1835, making his claim on Section 34.

What may seem a little singular, the first death and the first birth occurred in the family of the first settler in the township. Harriet Holt, now deceased, was born in June, 1836, and her father, David Adams Holt, died July 13, 1839. It was also in the house of this first settler the first school was taught.

William Holt came some time during 1836, and settled on Section 26. He was a man of great physical powers of endurance, and every way a good man, and one who took an active part in the dissemination of religious truths among the people of that early day, being a consistent and devoted member of the Methodist church. Another brother, Elijah Holt, also came the following year, 1837, and settled on Section 35. Like his brother William, Elijah was a man of strong religious convictions, and to the Holt brothers, perhaps, may be attributed, in a great measure, the founding of that deep-seated and permanent moral influence that has always prevailed in this township.

In 1838, Alby Briggs, also from New York, settled on Section 33. In 1839, Duty Hudson and two of his brothers, Richard L. and Horace, came in and settled on the same section (33) with Briggs. To Duty Hudson is due the honor of opening the first public house in the township, which was known from Chicago to Galena, in fact in all parts of the country from which travelers to this part of the country came, as the "Buck Horn Tavern." It was made a station in the stage route between Chicago and Galena, and was generally known as Westfield Corners. It was the first post-office established in this part of the county, and when it was established, Duty Hudson was appointed Post Master. It is now marked on the map as Elida. The first store in the township was also opened at Westfield Corners, by Albert Wilson, in 1853. It was a small grocery store, and carried on with limited means.

The Hudsons were men of great force of character and influence, and are credited by their fellow citizens and neighbors with giving shape and character to the public undertakings of their town. Richard L. Hudson served as County Commissioner two years, being elected in August, 1847.

In 1844 Alonzo Hall came here from London, Canada West, and settled on Section 34. Subsequently he purchased 1,500 acres of land, and engaged largely in agricultural pursuits. At one time he had 600 acres under cultivation, and at another time, between 1846-9, he had in his pastures 1,500 sheep. In 1849 he raised 300 acres of wheat, but it became badly injured by rust, which so discouraged him that he abandoned wheat growing. In 1850, together with some of his friends, he made an overland trip to California, where he died, Nov. 21, of that year. John Burch, another Canadian, settled on Section 32, in 1839. John Burch, Jr., came at the same time. The senior Burch was another man of religious convictions and practices, and was a class leader in the first M. E. church society organized in the township. In 1845, Demos W. Grippen came in from New

York, and settled on Section 31. When the war of the rebellion came on, he was an old man, but he made himself look young, enlisted in the army without bounty, served his time, and again enlisted. David Vanston came from Canada West in 1839, and settled on Section 30, and always exercised a healthy and beneficial influence in religious and political circles. He was a generous and hospitable citizen, and strangers and neighbors always found a warm welcome at his table and at his fireside. David C. Lewis came here from Michigan, in 1845, and commenced life among the Winnebago settlers by working for fifty cents per day. Afterwards he worked at his trade, that of carpenter, and subsequently moved into the village of Winnebago, and probably did more in the way of building, to improve the town, than any one man.

This embraces a list of the early and more influential citizens of the township, as we have been enabled to gather them. There are, no doubt, many others equally worthy of special mention, but their names are not recorded on the paper so kindly submitted for the benefit of this book.

The county of Winnebago was organized under an act of the Legislature, January, 1836. An election for county officers was held on the first Monday in August of the same year, which was the first day of that month. On Wednesday, the 3d, the first meeting of the Board of County Commissioners was held. Among the first business of the Board was the establishment of the boundary lines of precincts for election and other municipal purposes. Seven precincts were thus established, among which was Rockford, which was made to include township 26, range 11, east of the fourth principal meridian, and township 44 and the south half of township 45, ranges 1 and 2, east of the third principal meridian, embracing *all* of the present towns of Winnebago and Guilford, the most of Rockford, and the south half of Owen and Harlem. July 9, 1839, the County Commissioners ordered that "all of town 26, north of range 11, east of the third principal meridian, except the north tier of sections of said township, together with sections 5, 6, 7 and 8 in town 43 north, range 1 east of the third principal meridian, and section 31 in town 44, range 1 east, should be detached from the Rockford and Kishwaukee precincts, and erected into a separate precinct, to be known as La Prairie." Edward Warren, Asa Weldon and John Emerson were appointed to be judges of elections, and the house of David A. Holt designated as the place where the elections should be held. The first election was held the first Monday of August following. As shown by the old poll-book, on file in the county clerk's office, Asa Weldon did not appear as one of the three judges appointed in the Commissioners' order erecting the precinct, and Elijah Holt was chosen to the vacancy, and Andrew Malcolm and Abram E. Palmer were chosen as clerks of the election. Fourteen votes were polled, and thirteen candidates voted for. Edward Warren and Abram E. Palmer were candidates for justices of the peace; the former received 13 votes, and the latter received 10 votes, and Francis A. Stowell received 13 votes for constable. These were the first precinct officers elected in La Prairie.

July 6, 1843, Joseph Folsom and others, petitioned the Board of County Commissioners for authority to change the voting place from Holt's to Duty Hudson's, at Westfield Corners (now Elida), and to change the name of the precinct from La Prairie to Westfield. The prayer of the petitioners was granted, and a corresponding order entered upon the Commissioners' journal of proceedings. August 7, 1843, the first election was

held after the change. Duty Hudson and Elijah Holt were judges, and Daniel C. Howell and J. C. Fuller were the clerks. Twenty-seven votes were polled at this election, and twenty-six candidates were voted for. Of the twenty-six candidates voted for, four of the number were elected justices of the peace—Matthias Davis, D. C. Howell, Elijah Holt and John Burch. In August, 1847, another election for justices of the peace was held, when Alonzo Hall was elected to succeed Elijah Holt, and Reuben Alworth, who came to be called the "Ragged Justice," was elected to succeed John Burch, Sr. Hall had no opposition, but Rev. James Hodge was pitched against Alworth. The election of the latter was a surprise both to himself and the voters of the precinct at the time, on account of his strong, outspoken Democratic sentiments. A large majority of the voters were Whigs, and how Alworth succeeded to the election with such strong odds against him, was a mystery that has never been solved. It was one of those political marvels past all finding out.

February, 1849, the General Assembly passed an act to enable the people of the State to vote "for" or "against" the adoption of the township organization system at the fall election of that year—1849. In the northern part of the State the township plan was generally adopted, but in most counties in the southern part of the State the old system of county management by a board of county commissioners, still prevails. The emancipation from the old order of management, involved many details and changes of names of precincts or voting places, the establishment of new voting places, etc. In carrying out the measures necessary to perfect these changes, Messrs. Duncan Ferguson, Stephen Mack (who settled among the Winnebago Indians in 1829, and married one of their women), and Henry Crandall were appointed commissioners to define and establish the township boundaries and also to name them agreeably to the wishes of their respective citizens. By some misunderstanding, the name of Elida was given to Westfield, under which name it was recorded, and continued to be known until 1855, when the citizens petitioned the proper authorities, and the name was changed to Winnebago.

Elida held its first meeting under the township organization law April 2, 1850. Rev. James Hodges was the moderator, and B. F. Upson the clerk. The first officers elected were: Supervisor, Chauncy Ray; Town Clerk, Joseph L. Bruce; Assessor, Calvin Briggs; Collector, Horace Hudson; Commissioners of Highways, Demos W. Grippen, Thomas Hall, and Elijah Holt; Justices of the Peace, Reuben Alworth and Benjamin F. Upson; Constables, William Hartwell and Jos. D. Warren; Overseer of the Poor, Alby Briggs.

A record of the proceedings of the Board of Auditors was read at the next regular town meeting, April, 1851, but was not entered on the register; consequently the amount paid for township services is not definitely known. The second year the same omission appears, and it is not until 1854 that any such record was entered, when the following exhibit is made:

Paid Assessor, \$16.50; do. Town Clerk, \$7.75; do. Auditing Board, \$6.00; do. Commissioners of Highways, \$14.50; total, \$44.75.

The first land purchase made at the Galena Land Office was by Henry Schoonmaker, who, on the 26th of July, 1841, entered by pre-emption the east half of the southwest quarter of section twenty. The same day Joseph Folsom entered the west half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-eight. The last entries were made in 1853.

The first school was commenced in a part of the house of David A. Holt, on section thirty-four, opposite where W. L. Wright now lives, Aug. 3, 1839, by Miss Mary Treadwell, who afterwards married Elijah Holt. It was a subscription school, and the house in which it was taught is still standing. In 1844, a frame school house was erected, by subscription, and Miss Treadwell (or rather Mrs. Elijah Holt, for such she had become by marriage), was again employed as teacher, at a salary of \$2.00 per week, and to board herself. Forty scholars were enrolled, and, by this time the mother of two small children, she often rocked the cradle and heard lessons recited at the same time.

In 1851, according to the local exhibit from which we quote, the real estate valuation of the township was returned at \$48,595; personal property, \$24,518; total, \$73,113. Against this there was an assessment for taxes as follows:

Real Estate.—County tax, \$145.76; State, \$293.15; Town, \$100.44; School, \$222.19. Total taxes against real estate, \$761.54.

Personal Estate.—County tax, \$73.61; State, \$147.89; Town, \$50.66; School, \$93.35. Total taxes against personal estate, \$365.51. Grand total, \$1,127.05.

In 1875 the same local statistics show the following figures: Real estate valuation, \$409,022; town lots, \$59,402; personal property, \$94,313. Total valuation, \$562,737. Against this valuation the tax assessment was as follows:

State tax, \$1,691.69; County, \$3,098.18; Town, \$283.14; School, \$4,038.24; Road and Bridge, \$193.82; Delinquent and Road, \$110.16; Dog, \$18.00. Grand total, \$9,433.23.

Recapitulation.—Total valuation of taxable property in 1851, \$73,113; do. in 1875, \$562,737; increase in twenty-four years, \$489,624. State tax in 1851, \$441.04; do. in 1875, \$1,691.69; increase, \$1,250.65. County tax in 1851, \$219.37; do. in 1875, \$3,098.18; increase, \$2,878.81. Town tax in 1851, \$151.10; do. in 1875, \$283.14; increase, \$132.04. School tax in 1851, \$315.52; do. in 1875, \$4,038.24; increase, \$3,722.72. Per cent. on the dollar in 1851, nearly .0155; do. in 1875, .0168; a difference of only .0013.

In 1875 the number of acres of wheat raised was 1,802; corn, 5,263; oats, 2,925; meadow land, 2,294; other products, 449; inclosed in pasture, 3,232; orchards, 262; wood land, 1,222. Total, 17,495.

May 31, 1851, a terrible hurricane swept through this township—striking it near the southwest corner, and, traveling in a northeast direction, its course was marked by destruction and desolation. The residence of William Burch was torn to atoms, and his wife, Catharine, one daughter aged four years, and another one aged twenty-one months, killed by the flying timbers. Next the house of Curtis Briggs was unroofed, a house belonging to William Hartwell was blown down, as also that of Deacon Alonzo Gorham, and then a house near the present residence of Jacob Hollenbeck. Horses, cattle, sheep and hogs were picked up and carried for miles by it, and then dashed to pieces. Another vein or branch of the destroying fiend blew down the house of Abraham Sweezy, in the western part of the town. Before it struck Winnebago, it swept down a grout house in Seward township, about twenty-five rods from the township line. Seeing the monster rushing on toward their house, young Asher Miller and his wife sprang to the door to close it, but their united strength was as but

a straw. With the door, they were thrown out into the open air, and Asher Miller, senior, after the storm had passed over, was found in the cellar, covered with *debris*.

War Record.—Of their patriotism in the years of their country's peril—from the spring of 1861 to 1865—the people of Winnebago township, without regard to age, sex, condition, or partisan prejudices, may well be proud. July 4, 1861, a great celebration of American Independence was held in the village of Winnebago. Melancthon Smith, an attorney of prominence of Rockford, was the orator of the day, and in the course of his oration said: "More Colonel Ellsworths may be murdered, more Lieutenant Grebels may fall, but the war must go on." "How little," continues the local historian, "did any of us dream when listening to those stirring words that they were almost prophetic of the sad death of the speaker himself. Speeches were also made by T. A. C. Beard, and others, and a spirit of patriotism aroused that manifested itself in the large number of subsequent enlistments from the town. From that time forward the quota of the town was for the most part quickly filled, and it seemed that when the 74th Regiment was being raised the question was not who could be sent, but who could be kept at home." Not more than nine men were hired by the town to fill its various quotas, and these were hired almost at the close of the war.

This township raised \$3,000, to be expended for war purposes under its own supervision, besides paying its full share of county war tax, amounting, as estimated, to \$10,000 more, making in all, \$13,000. Besides this sum, large amounts were contributed to the Sanitary and Christian Commissions, of which no accounts were kept. And once during the war, Amos Miller was sent to the front with a large supply of provisions and delicacies for Winnebago's Boys in Blue. In the dark days of the "cruel war"—in all the undertakings of the husbands and fathers, the wives and mothers and daughters were just as active and self-denying. To recount *all* that Winnebago people accomplished, would make a respectable volume in itself. Their good deeds are too numerous to be recounted in full in a work of this character, however gladly we would like to do so, hence we can only summarize a few of the most important.

Miss Tryphena Pettis, now Mrs. Wilcox, of Rockford, left a good position as school teacher, to offer herself and be accepted as a nurse in a small-pox hospital at the South. Such devotion to the cause of one's country and its suffering heroes, rises above ordinary human nature, and deserves to be recorded among the highest and best deeds of the world's noblest women. Mrs. Alba Miller was also at one time a nurse in the hospital at Camp Douglas, Chicago, leaving the comforts and pleasures of home, that she, too, might contribute to the relief of suffering, languishing soldiers. These are the names of two of the noble women of Winnebago; but the noblest one is yet to be mentioned. The name of that woman was Mrs. M. J. Marchant, afterwards Mrs. M. J. Upright. Of the 150 volunteers contributed to the army of the Union from Winnebago, she sent *TEN* sons—one-fifteenth of the whole number—and only regretted the fact that she had not ten more to send! There is, perhaps, not another instance of the kind on record in the war history of the world! On being complimented on the number of volunteers she had provided for the defence of the Union, she replied that if she had known thirty years before that the war was coming, she would have had ten more to respond to the country's call! Of such

stuff were Winnebago's women made. Two of these ten sons were killed in battle; one returned on sick furlough and died at home, and another was wounded and crippled for life. At last accounts Mrs. Upright was living in the State of Iowa.

The 150 men thus furnished the army from this township, were distributed to the 15th, 44th, 45th 74th and 92d Illinois infantry, and the 8th and 9th Illinois cavalry regiments. Their names will be found in the War Record of Winnebago County, which is elsewhere published in this book.

Winnebago Village.—Joseph D. Warner built the first house on the village site. In 1853, the Galena and Chicago Union—now known as the Chicago and Northwestern railroad—was completed through Winnebago County, and on the 30th day of December, of that year, T. D. Robertson, of Rockford, surveyed and platted the village. About the same time a post-office was established here, and Warren Shed appointed post-master. Situated in as fine an agricultural district as can be found anywhere, it is the centre of a good trade, and a depot from which a large amount of grain, stock, etc., is annually shipped to Eastern markets, it being estimated that the railroad traffic alone amounts to \$25,000 yearly. The population is very nearly 600, made up of intelligent, refined and industrious people. In 1853, Albert Wilson opened the first general store, which was followed by other trading houses and shops of various kinds, until now there are about thirty-five business places, whose aggregate yearly transactions amount to \$152,528.57. The annual shipment of cattle and hogs is set down at 12,000 head, and of grain, 35,000 bushels. We append the names of a few of the heaviest dealers and the yearly aggregate of their respective business transactions, as far as reliable data can be had:

J. B. Alexander, dry goods, \$12,000; D. C. Lewis, general store, \$10,000; M. M. Swann, general store, \$25,000; N. & F. Corl, carriage manufacturers, \$5,000; W. E. Canniford, pump manufacturer, \$5,450; Jerry Jordan, furniture, \$2,000; Prescott & Vanston, meat market, \$4,000; Grip-pen & Mellen, druggists, \$6,000; Bert. Cross, livery, \$1,600. There are others whose business is large, but for want of reliable data, their names are omitted, although they are none the less worthy of mention.

In 1855, the first school, Miss M. Webster, teacher, was taught in Winnebago, in the basement of the M. E. church. In 1858, the first school house was built, at a cost of \$1,325.00. The present graded school house cost \$9,200; its current expenses are \$2,200 per annum, with an average daily attendance of 122. Teachers: James Ellis, Principal; Miss Emma Moore, Grammar Dep't; Miss Sarah Weld, Intermediate; Mrs. Lettie Treadwell, Primary.

Churches.—The M. E. Church was organized as a class, with nine members, in 1839, by Rev. Mr. Worthington, who became the pastor. John Buch, Sr., was the class leader. When Rev. Barton Courtwright was pastor, in 1855, the church at Westfield Corners was built, at a cost of \$2,200, the society having 100 members. Rev. Barton Courtwright is now pastor again.

The Congregational Church was organized July 11, 1846, with eight members. On the 3d day of July, the following year, Rev. James Hodges was elected pastor, and remained ten years. Rev. S. P. Sloan was then called to the pastorate, and in October, 1854, the "stone church" was dedicated. Three years afterward it became self-supporting, and during the summer of 1867 was rebuilt. Mr. Sloan remained until November, 1870.

Rev. Henry M. Daniels, from that time to July, 1875, and Oct. 1, 1876; Rev. Theodore A. Gardner was ordained and has since continued pastor. Number of members, 127. Average attendance at Sunday-school, 100.

The M. E. Winnebago Church grew out of the class of R. S. Hudson. It was organized as a church, with eleven members, in 1855, by Rev. Barton Courtwright. Their present church edifice was begun in 1854, and completed in 1860. Pastor, Rev. A. B. Smart. Number of members, 100. Average attendance at Sunday-School, about 70. E. G. Stiles, superintendent.

The Middle Creek Presbyterian Church was organized in Ogle County, June, 1855. Of the sixteen original members, fifteen came from the Presbyterian Church in Rockford. In 1861 the society moved into this village, and in the same year erected a church edifice, at a cost of \$3,000. The first officers of the church were: Rev. W. P. Carson, pastor; Thomas Meredith and Robert Douglass, elders; H. B. Roberts, Robert Bulland, M. Elliott, trustees. Present membership, about 165; Sunday-school, 150. Rev. J. S. Braddock has been pastor twelve years, and is also superintendent of the Sunday-school.

The Presbyterian Church of Winnebago was organized Aug. 23, 1868, with twenty-four members. J. J. Smith and S. C. Grippen were chosen as the first elders; and Robert Prescott, C. Coneley and H. B. Roberts, trustees. Rev. Joseph Braddock was the pastor from 1868 to 1870; Rev. Wm. A. Gay, from 1870 to 1873; Rev. Paul H. Pitkins, from 1873 to 1875; and Rev. John M. Linn, from 1875 to the present. Present membership, 140; Sunday-school membership, about 125. Superintendent, J. W. Goddard. Their present house of worship was built in 1869, at a cost of \$4,300.

The Free Methodist Church of Winnebago was organized, with ten members, May 29, 1865. The following year a church costing \$3,500 was erected. Pastor, C. P. Miller. Number of members, 88; average of Sunday-school membership, 60.

The last church organized was by the Adventists, in 1872, with forty-three members. The first officers were: C. C. Marston, pastor; — Butman, elder; Robt. Spotswood, deacon; J. M. Hoffman and Frank Scott, trustees. Present membership, 25. They have no permanent Sunday-school organization.

Thus there are seven distinct church organizations, with a total membership of 578, and a Sunday-school membership of 438. Cost of the six church edifices, \$19,000. Pastors per year, about \$5,500. Since the village was commenced, in 1853, nearly seventy different preachers have officiated for a longer or shorter period of time.

LODGES, ETC.

WINNEBAGO LODGE No. 745, A. F. AND A. M.—Organized Oct. 3d, 1876, with sixteen charter members, as follows: Lyman J. Corbin, John R. Wells, Wesley R. Gearhart, Stephen I. Searls, John Tanner, Ambrose K. Searls, Robt. Prescott, Daniel M. Sargent, Wm. H. Patton, Jeremiah Jordan, Peter H. Seal, Hezekiah H. Felch, Hiram T. Thorne, Porter J. Lawrence, Oliver T. Holcomb, Wm. H. Keith. Present officers: John Tanner, W. M.; John R. Wells, S. W.; Ambrose K. Searls, J. W.; Wm. H. Patton, Treasurer; Wesley R. Gearhart, Secretary. Number of members, 22. Meets the first and third Thursday evenings of each month.

WINNEBAGO LODGE No. 11, I. O. G. T.—Organized April, 1877, with fifteen charter members. Officers: C. H. Jacobs, W. O. T.; Mrs. H. W.



Putnam Perhey
PECATONICA

Carl, V. T.; H. W. Carl, R. S.; David Copeland, F. S.; Mrs. Lettie Treadwell, Treasurer. Number of members, 45. Meets every Thursday evening.

WINNEBAGO GRANGE, No. 864. — Organized Jan. 9, 1873. Officers: H. H. Miller, M.; G. H. Mariner, Overseer; T. N. Miller, ———; O. R. Gorham, Steward; Geo. Levings, Secretary; W. H. Lane, Treasurer; Mrs. M. A. Miller, Ceres; Mrs. T. G. Levings, Pomona. Charter members, 27; members now, 60.

WINNEBAGO FARMERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. — Organized Feb. 5, 1875. This is a home company. Entrance fee \$1.00 on the thousand of insured property. The Treasurer has obligations to the amount of \$166,789. Officers: Webster Osborn, President; Reuben Alworth, Secretary; G. H. Mariner, Treasurer.

PECATONICA.

This township was settled in 1835. The first settlers were Ephraim Sumner, now of Rockford; William Sumner, Mrs. Dolly Guilford (sister to the Sumners), Elijah Guilford, her son, and Thomas Hance (erroneously called *Hame* on page 236). After the county was organized in 1836, and the county machinery put in motion, seven justices' precincts were established, to-wit: Yellow River, Rock Grove, Peeketolika, Kishwaukee, Rockford, Rock River, and Belvidere. Peeketolika embraced the townships now known as Pecatonica, Seward and Burritt. The first election for county officers was held on Monday, August 1, 1836. Wednesday, August 3d, the County Commissioners met, organized and started the county machinery. Besides establishing the seven precincts above named, they fixed a date—August 27—for the election of justices of the peace and constables. In this precinct (Peeketolika), Ephraim Sumner and Isaac Hance were elected justices, and William Sumner and Thomas Hance were chosen as constables. This was one of the precincts that honored the Commissioners' order by holding elections on the day fixed. At a subsequent session of the Board, another day was fixed for the election of justices in the precincts that had failed to elect in August—the time so fixed being the 14th of October following.

In the fall of 1836 a brisk tide of immigration set in, and Peeketolika filled up quite rapidly. As a rule, the settlers were of a hardy, industrious, intelligent character, and established a moral and religious sentiment that has ever since been maintained.

In the public undertakings of the county—in all enterprises inaugurated for the public good—the people took an active part, and are recognized as among the most public spirited people of the Rock river country.

This township has the honor of being the birthplace of the first white child born in the territory now included in Winnebago County—Ogden Hance, the son of Thomas Hance, who was born during the early part of 1836.*

The first school in the township was taught in 1849, by Emmeline Knapp.

Pecatonica Village was built upon lands first purchased and occupied

*The first child born in the village of Pecatonica was John Scanlon, deceased, son of Patrick Scanlon.

by Daniel Reed, Sr., in 1846. Soon after purchase, Mr. Reed settled upon it and commenced reducing its wild sward to farm tillage. In 1852, after the line of the Galena and Chicago Union, now the Chicago and Northwestern railroad, had been established, and the grading, etc., well under way, T. D. Robertson and John A. Holland, of Rockford, appreciating the advantages it offered for a railway station, being in the heart of a rich and rapidly developing agricultural district, bought from Mr. Reed an interest in the land, and "laid off" the town, the plot of which was filed and entered of record in December of that year. Before this, however, while the railroad was building, N. F. Maynard built a small house on the west side of Main street, a little north of the railroad track, in which he opened a small stock of groceries, provisions, etc. That building—the first business house in Pecatonica—is still standing, and is now occupied as a tenement house. Some time about December, of the same year, Messrs. Reed & Smith opened a dry goods store on the opposite side of the street from Maynard's grocery. These two business houses were the only trading places known in Pecatonica until after, or at least until about the time the railroad was completed, in August, 1853. In the late part of the summer, or early fall of 1852, Mr. Reed commenced the erection of the Pecatonica Hotel, now kept by James O'Brien, at the corner of Main and Third streets. Until after the completion of the railroad, it was occupied as a residence—notably so during the winter of 1852-3, when the three Eastman families, Dr. B. D., Samuel C. and Stephen S. Eastman lived there; the latter died in March, 1853, his funeral obsequies being the occasion of the first sermon preached in the embryo village. In the summer of 1853, Dr. Eastman opened a drug store on the east side of Main street, in the building now occupied by R. B. Coleman as a grocery and provision house.

A short time after the opening of the railroad to public traffic, Sullivan Daniels, Reed's son-in-law, took possession of the hotel building, christened it the "Pecatonica House," and opened its doors to the entertainment of the traveling public. The first shipment of freight from the Pecatonica station, Josiah Stephens, agent, was made September 1, 1853. From that time forward, during the period of the Crimean War, and until the financial panic of 1857, the growth and prosperity of Pecatonica was wonderful. At one time there were twelve to fifteen large dry goods stores in successful operation. Crops were good. Wheat at that time was the staple production, and commanded two dollars per bushel. Money was plenty, and everybody was happy. But the panic came, and failure followed failure, and, for the time, Pecatonica's glory departed. Notwithstanding it has always been a place of considerable local trade importance, those were its palmiest and best days. To enumerate, there are now three large dry goods stores; one clothing (exclusively) store; twelve grocery and provision stores; three millinery establishments; three hardware stores; one boot and shoe store; three harness shops; six blacksmith shops; five carriage and wagon making shops; two meat markets; two butter houses; one large grist mill; one egg house; one brewery; one book store; one hotel; five carpenter shops; two tailor shops; two drug stores; three dressmaking establishments; one steam machine shop; one saw mill; one grain elevator; one livery stable; two large furniture establishments; two agricultural implement warehouses; two jewelry stores; one bank; one lumber yard; one fine, large art gallery; two barber shops; three restaurants; one bakery; and one good local newspaper, established in December, 1872, by the Colby

Brothers, publishers and proprietors; making a total of seventy-eight well established business houses. Besides these there are a dozen or fifteen other shops, such as shoe shops, paint shops, etc., etc., that are well sustained.

The Post-Office was established in the fall of 1853, and Tracy Smith appointed Post-Master.

A graded school house of six departments was built in 1862.

A lumber yard was started in 1854, by Messrs. H. Woodruff & Co.

The first resident carpenter was Abel Walker, who was followed by John Morrow, Allen Cross and Stephen Ryan, in 1854.

In May, 1863, James French succeeded Pierce & Loomis in the lumber business.

The village was incorporated, by an act of the Legislature, in 1868-9. The first village election was held April 9, 1869. Officers elected: President, Frank Saulsbury; Trustees, S. Ryan, J. M. Leland, Putnam Perley, and J. French; Police Magistrate, Peter Shaffer; Police Constable, Ruel Wells. Present (1877) officers: President, J. L. Hastings; Trustees, Jno. Wolven, David Mitchell, J. W. Fisk, J. P. O'Laughlin; Police Magistrate, Alexander Campbell; Police Constable, Charles Rogers.

In 1874, Messrs. E. Sumner and James Holmes constructed a dam across the Pecatonica River, a short distance above the village, which is of great importance, in a manufacturing point of view, to the country. While the dam was being constructed, Messrs. Sumner and Campbell were also engaged in the erection of a large four story grist and flouring mill, the undertaking costing them about \$20,000. If this water power was improved as it might be improved, Pecatonica would soon gain a hundredfold more than was lost by the panic of 1857. The water is lasting, and its present capacity could be more than doubled, and a power derived that would drive any number of wheels and manufactories.

While the people of Pecatonica, from 1836 to 1877, were busy in maturing plans that would insure full coffers and comfortable livings, they were not neglectful in providing for the spiritual welfare of an increasing population.

Five church edifices grace the village, to wit: The Methodist, Congregational, Universalist, German Evangelical, and Swedish Lutheran. The three first named are handsome and commodious structures, and a credit not only to the societies that worship in them, but to the people in whose midst they are built.

The M. E. Church was organized in 1853, Revs. Cortright, Barton and H. N. Irish taking an active part in the work. The names of only eight persons appear as members of the class or society at the date of its organization. It now numbers one hundred and twenty.

The first meetings were held in a small warehouse. Rev. Mr. Irish was a resident of Pecatonica, and his house was a regular Methodist hotel—a home for every Methodist that came along and claimed his brotherly hospitality. The good old man long since was called to join the innumerable throng around the great white throne.

The society now worships in an \$8,500 church, and is in good condition for usefulness. The Sabbath-school numbers about seventy scholars, of which Rev. W. H. Haight, the pastor, (second year) is superintendent.

The Congregational society was organized by Rev. Mr. Johnson, with six members, on the 15th day of February, 1854. The following year

they built a house of worship, at a cost of \$3,000. In 1876 this building was reconstructed and remodeled, at a cost of \$2,700. Up to 1857-8, the society had increased to a membership of seventy, but at the present time (Oct., 1877,) only numbers about twenty-seven. The Sunday-school is in prosperous condition, Putnam Perley, superintendent. Rev. Mr. McCardle is the present pastor, his pastorate commencing October 1st.

The Swedish Lutheran Church was organized in 1857, and a church edifice built soon after. Their church property is estimated to be worth about \$1,000. It has 129 communicants, and fifty members of its Sunday-school. Rev. J. M. Nelson, pastor; A. Kellner, superintendent of Sunday-school.

The Universalist society was organized in 1859, with seven members, by Rev. Dr. R. G. Hamilton, who was for a long time its pastor. The church was built in 1862, when there were eighty persons enrolled as members, at a cost of \$2,500. It was refitted in 1875, at a cost of \$800. At present there are forty members. Rev. S. F. Gibbs, pastor. Sunday-school membership, fifty. John D. Jackson, superintendent.

The German Evangelical Lutheran Church was organized some two or three years since, with a small membership, mostly (we might say wholly) non-residents of the place. The pastor, Rev. C. F. Th. Eisseldt, resides at Belvidere, Ill., and comes to this place every two weeks, to hold services. A peculiarity of the Sunday-school held in connection with this church is the fact that it is held on Saturday, every other week.

The Catholic society was organized in 1871-2, with fifty members. The number has since increased to about 100. Rev. Dr. O'Callaghan is in charge of the work, and although the society has no church building, services are held regularly at the residence of the Priest, at the corner of Reed and Fifth streets. Arrangements are now being perfected for the erection of a church building.

LODGES, ETC.

A. W. RAWSON LODGE, No. 145, A. F. AND A. M.—Held first meeting under dispensation in July, 1854. A charter, however, was not granted until 1856. The following were the charter members: J. M. Plum, A. S. Van Dyke, J. H. Reed, Hez. Brown, John Morrow, J. E. Cole and S. C. Eastman; J. H. Hubbard, Grand Master. The present officers of the Lodge are H. B. Farwell, G. M.; C. C. Stevens, S. W.; E. D. Pettibone, J. W.; D. A. Stitsell, Treas.; Benj. D. Perley, Sec. Membership, 43. Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month.

PECATONICA LODGE, No. 173, I. O. O. F.—Organized March 22, 1855, and was instituted by Grand Master William Rounsville, in person. The charter members, six in number, were as follows: A. L. Griffin, Charles D. Wilcox, William Courtwright, A. W. Butler, A. W. Griffin, W. B. Wilcox and G. H. Bush. The Lodge has been, and is now, in a very flourishing condition, with upwards of 60 members. Regular weekly meetings every Saturday evening. The present officers of this Lodge are, J. W. Fisk, N. G.; Wm. A. Colby, V. G.; G. D. Rogers, R. S.; Alex. Campbell, P. S.; C. A. Simmons, Treas.

EAGLE LODGE, No. 83, A. O. U. W.—Organized June 8, 1877, with twenty charter members, as follows: S. S. Emery, Z. A. Trull, L. L. Kithder, C. N. Marston, L. Goodrich, Wm. Eggleston, M. W. Welles, A. M. Felts, Dr. F. A. Jordon, Dr. R. G. Hamilton, Rev. S. F. Gibbs, Jas. Chalmers, Van. D. Mock, F. M. Graves, C. L. Paynter, J. S. Hulse, Wm. A.

Colby, H. R. Smith, Dan'l Stockburger, and N. F. Cooledge. The Lodge meets every Wednesday evening, in their fine new hall in Dixon's Block. The present officers are, Z. A. Trull, M. W.; S. F. Gibb, P. M.; Wm. Eggleston, G. F.; C. L. Paynter, O.; C. N. Marston, R.; S. S. Emery, Receiver; L. L. Kidder, F. The Lodge now has a membership of 28, and is rapidly increasing in numbers.

: CHERRY VALLEY.

The township of Cherry Valley was first known on the records of the county as Butler Precinct. The name was changed to Cherry Valley upon the adoption of the township organization law. Its settlement commenced in 1836, Joseph P. Griggs being the first settler of whom direct trace can be found. Embracing a good deal of timber, it attracted a liberal share of immigration, as it is a fact that all the pioneers sought the timber districts in which to locate their claims, believing that it would be easier to make farms by grubbing and clearing the lands than it would be to reduce the prairie land to farm tillage and remunerative returns. But as time advanced, and the later settlers were forced out on to the prairies and began to experiment upon them, the first settlers were made to realize that they had made a somewhat costly mistake by selecting timbered claims. They had been pitching brawn and muscle against nature, for all that the prairies needed was to be tickled with the plow to make them yield living crops the first year, and heavy and remunerative returns the second.

Where the Chicago & Northwestern Railway crosses the Kishwaukee river, there is a beautiful little valley—a picturesque and romantic basin of a mile in width, extending up and down the river, that, in its natural condition, must have been an attractive resort for the red men whose homes were along the banks of that easy and gracefully-curving stream. Even now, when dotted over with fields and houses and barns and lowing herds, its stillness broken by the hum of mill machinery, and anon by the rumbling of long, heavily-laden trains of steam-drawn cars, one cannot help but admire its rare beauty, and almost sigh that the work of nature's floraculturalist should have been swept down before the march of the pale faces. In this little basin cosily nestles

The Village of Cherry Valley, with its eight hundred men, women and children; three church edifices, a graceful and elegant graded school building, about twenty stores and trading places, and numerous shops of industry of local merit. Joseph Griggs,* the father of Calvin, Lendon and Horace Griggs, settled on the hill overlooking the village in 1835. The site upon which his cabin was erected was not far removed from the ground now occupied by the Universalist Church building. His domicile was built from poles and thatched with straw or prairie grass. A. C. Gleason came soon after Mr. Griggs, and in 1836 Mr. Gleason was joined on the Kishwaukee by his brother, Mr. W. Gleason; and in 1837, S. W. Gleason, a third brother, and the present Post Master, also put in an appearance and claimed a home "in this new country." Densley Kiser came in 1836 or 1837, making five claimants to homes in this valley at the date of Mr. Kiser's coming.

In page 236 of the general history, owing to erroneous information, this name was written as Joseph P. Briggs.

The first school houses were built about 1848-9. About this time the building of a railroad from Galena to Chicago began to be agitated and the settlers or citizens were urged to take stock in the contemplated road, either by subscribing individually as they were able, or by voting a tax. In 1851 a railroad meeting of the citizens was held in one of these school houses to take counsel together and to hear the conditions upon which the embryo railroad company would make Cherry Valley a point. This meeting resolved that no aid would be rendered the undertaking unless upon the express condition that it should cross the Kishwaukee at this point. The conditions were not agreed to by the representatives of the company, while the citizens remained equally firm in their conclusions. But the road was built and Cherry Valley made a station "all the same." In August, 1852, the road was completed from Chicago to the east side of Rock river, and on the second day of that month the first passenger train from Chicago to Rockford passed over the road.

As a local trade centre, Cherry Valley is an important point, and a station from which a large quantity of grain, etc., is annually shipped to Chicago and other markets. The country around is naturally rich, and under thorough and scientific cultivation, is very productive and largely remunerative. The people, farmers and villagers, are intelligent, refined and eminently social and hospitable.

The growing of broom corn is an important industry among the farmers. During the present season of 1877, Messrs. Hugh Mackey and John Brown cultivated about 300 acres each of this important material, in the care and cultivation of which they gave employment to from twenty-five to thirty men each. Two broom manufactories are in successful operation.

The Cherry Valley Mills of John Fisher (for which the Kishwaukee furnishes the power) do a large custom work, besides manufacturing largely for merchant interest.

Two large elevators, of large capacity and ample facilities, handle and ship large quantities of grain.

The best index to the character of any people is in the architecture and finish of their church and school buildings. In Cherry Valley there are three of the former, which are neat and elegant, while their graded school house—presenting more the outside appearance of a college than a people's school house—is one of the best in Northern Illinois outside of the larger towns. It is a brick structure, was built in 1869, at a cost of \$18,000. Of this building, not only the people by whom it was built, but the people of the entire country may justly be proud. School is sustained about nine months of the year, and the system of teaching of the most thorough and practical order.

Present Corps of Teachers.—A. Andrew, principal; Miss Mary A. Earl, first assistant, Grammar Department. Miss Josephine Hale, Intermediate. Mrs. Wm. Craig, Primary Department. There is an average daily attendance of 220 pupils.

Churches.—The M. E. Church was organized by Rev. H. L. Martin, in 1854. The same season, their church edifice was built, the builder being Mr. — Powell. The society now numbers 108 members. The Sabbath-school is the care and pride of the church. Fifty-two scholars are regular attendants. D. J. Hussey is the superintendent.

The Universalist Church edifice was built in 1854, under the ministerial supervision of Rev. Simon Park. After a few years of prosperity, by

reason of removals from time to time, and a combination of other unfavorable causes, the society became too weak to support a pastor, and as a church organization was finally abandoned. The building is now occupied by a Swedish religious organization, that has preaching at stated intervals.

The Free Will Baptist Church was built in 1874, at a cost of \$3,500. It has a membership of sixty to seventy. Rev. H. S. Cross is the pastor. Their Sabbath-school numbers about sixty scholars. David Case is the superintendent.

CHERRY VALLEY LODGE, No. 173, A. F. AND A. M.—Organized under dispensation, June 16, 1855. Charter members: S. C. Gooding, W. M.; Horace Robinson, S. W.; S. H. Holden, J. W.; H. P. Mesler, S. D.; C. L. Sabin, J. D.; B. B. Spencer, Secretary; G. S. Barrows, Tyler and Treasurer. Chartered by Grand Lodge, Oct. 3, 1855. Present officers; Dr. L. M. Van Buren, W. M.; Josiah Manning, S. W.; Selden M. Turner, J. W.; Henry Andrus, Treasurer; Jas. H. Potter, Secretary; T. M. Lee, S. D.; Wm. Rourke, J. D.; John Brodt, Tyler.

ROCKTON.

Among the earliest settlers of this town were Wm. Talcott and sons, Thomas, Sylvester, Wait and Henry, some of whom landed here July 4, 1835, taking a claim on Section 23. They were attracted by the magnificent water power of the Rock river at this point, the flow of water then being nearly double the present capacity. This water privilege the Talcotts began to improve, using it for a saw mill in 1838, and in the following year completed a grist mill, probably the pioneer of the county. It was soon busy, grists coming to it even from Fort Winnebago, over 100 miles.

In the year 1832 the Polish exiles were granted by Congress several townships of land for settlement, and Clopeski, one of their number, was sent out to locate them. The act specified that no lands upon which settlers had made a beginning could be taken, and, indeed, Clopeski, who came to Rockton, promised the people that he would not select their township. He was not faithful to this agreement, and the township was under the shadow of this claim until 1844, when the matter was adjusted. The town was platted by Talcott and Adams, in 1840, but it was not entered for record until May 30, 1844, because of the above claim. The first paper mill was erected in 1851, by Mr. T. L. Wright and Mr. Merritt. From this beginning, the present manufacturing interests have grown.

THE WATER POWER

Is managed much upon the same general plan as the Rockford water power. There are 15,000 inches of water, of an eight-foot head, which are divided into ninety-six shares.

The Racine & Mississippi R. R. reached this place Oct. 29, 1856. E. L. Stiles was appointed agent, a position he has since maintained.

In 1836, Sylvester Talcott was appointed Justice of the Peace, and in his official capacity, married, it is said, the first couple in the county—Mr. Jerry Roberts and Miss Langdon, who now reside in Rockford.

On the tenth day of September, 1872, Rockton became an incorporated town. Town trustees: David Carpenter, president; Aaron Shores, George Ellis, J. W. Cowles, Jas. McDonald.

MECHANICAL INDUSTRIES.

The Northwestern Paper Mill, originally built by Wright & Merritt, passed into a stock company some little time ago. It makes four or five tons of paper every twenty-four hours—in about equal proportion, wrapping and print. Officers: T. L. Wright, president; W. H. Wells, vice-president; J. C. Newcomb, secretary and treasurer. It employs forty men.

The "Enterprise" Paper Mill was originated by Mr. Keems some years ago. About a year since, Messrs. Booth, Hinmen & Co. rented it. They employ ten men, and make wrapping paper, although they will soon run their mill on felting for roofs, etc.

The Winnebago Paper Mill was first built in 1853, by a company known as Merrill, Young & Co., who ran it two years, when it was sold to Bradner, Warren & Co., of Chicago. In 1857 the firm changed to Bradner, Smith & Co., and recently became a stock company. On the tenth day of February, 1876, it burned down, but was rebuilt, and running in the November following. The mill averages about three and one-half tons of wrapping paper during every twenty-four hours, and employs twenty-five men.

The Rockton Iron Works and Machine Shops employ four men, and began here in 1866. They manufacture three sizes of paint mills, and do general repairs in iron. The works are carried on by Wideson & Cox, the foundry and machine shop being owned and operated separately, by their respective owners.

The mill owned and operated by Messrs. Cowles & Gates was first erected for an oil mill. About 1857, it was changed to a flouring and grist mill. At present it averages 130 barrels of rye flour for every twenty-four hours, as well as a large amount of gristing. There is also a cooper shop in connection, which works four hands, while the whole force employed varies from ten to twelve men.

The Rockton Mills are owned by Wheeler & Robinson, and grind up a car-load of wheat daily when at work. Just now they have only two men.

Wm. Webber began to make his patent reaper here in 1866. During his busy season he works about six men.

There are about 1,500 inhabitants in the village, and twenty to twenty-five stores.

The *Rockton Weekly Herald* issued its first number January 1, 1875. E. I. Carr, editor and proprietor.

SCHOOLS.

The first school house was erected for the joint uses of worship and education, in 1840. The present graded school house was built in 1851, and cost \$2,000. Average daily attendance, 175. Teachers: Charles Kinne, principal; Miss Bell Clement, intermediate; Miss Emma McConnell, primary.

CHURCHES.

The First Congregational Church was organized March 23, 1838, with fourteen members, among whom were Deacon Wm. Talcott and family, five of whom were constituent members. The first pastor was Rev. Wm. Adams. The "Stone Church" was built in 1849 or 1850, and cost \$5,000. Present number of members, 65. Rev. H. J. McArthur, pastor. Average of Sunday-school attendance, 56; Chauncy Pettibone, Superintendent.

The Baptist Church was organized in 1852, services being held alter-



Geo H Hollister
ROCKTON

nately at Roscoe and Rockton, under the ministerial charge of one pastor, Elder James Vaness. Shortly afterward the church was located at Rockton, and the present church edifice dedicated, January 13, 1858. The structure cost \$2,000. Members at the present time, 100. Pastor, Rev. A. Whitman. Average of Sunday-school, 80; E. J. Vaness, Superintendent.

The M. E. Church was organized in 1855, by the Rev. H. W. Richardson. The present house of worship was begun in 1857, and dedicated in 1859. It cost \$5,000. Present membership, 55. Pastor, Geo. A. Erving. Sunday-school average attendance, 65; J. C. Truman, Superintendent.

LODGES AND SOCIETIES.

ROCKTON LODGE, No. 74, A. F. AND A. M.—Organized Jan. 5, 1849, with twenty charter members. Officers: John B. Rockwood, W. M.; E. L. Styles, S. W.; Seth Jenkins, J. W.; Edwin Kingsley, Treas.; S. S. Snider, Secy. Number of members, 47. Meets Friday evening on or before the full moon.

ROCK RIVER LODGE, No. 59, I. O. O. F.—Organized _____ Officers: E. L. Styles, N. G.; Alex. Marcel, V. G.; C. D. Manning, Secy; Byron Freed, Treas. Number of members, 37. Meets every Saturday evening.

SUNBEAM LODGE, No. 78, I. O. G. T.—Organized _____ Officers: E. L. Styles, W. C. T.; Miss Minnie Comstock, W. V. T.; E. O. Darling, R. S.; J. A. Merrill, F. S.; Joseph Forward, Treas. Number of members, 34. Meets Tuesday evening.

ROCKTON TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE.—Organized in 1874. Officers: Chauncy Pettibone, Acting President; Miss Hattie Merrill, Secy. About 200 members. Meets the third Monday evening of each month.

PUBLIC LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.—Organized July 17, 1875. The library numbers sixty volumes. J. D. Vaness, President; T. D. Talcott, Vice President; S. L. Styles, Secy.

ROCKTON GRANGE, No. 1012.—Organized in 1874. Rock River Grange was consolidated with it January 1, 1877. Officers: J. C. Truman, M.; Wm. Farmer, O.; Edward Collier, Secy; John Morse, Treas. Number of members, 30. Meets Thursday evening before full moon.

ROSCOE.

Roscoe is the northeast township of the county, bounded on the north by the Wisconsin State line. The first permanent settlement was made in the fall of 1835, but some Indian traders had previously erected and occupied cabins in the grove on Section 32. The remains of the cabins and the track made by the wagon train that accompanied General Atkins in his campaign against the Black Hawk Indians in June, 1832, were still clearly defined when the first settlers came. The maple trees also showed that the Indians had tapped them for sugar-making purposes. August 3, 1835, R. J. Cross, of Coldwater, Mich., and Colonel Von Hovenburg, with a Pottawatomie Indian for a guide, came into the township from Milwaukee. Col. Von Hovenburg returned to Michigan; Mr. Cross bought a claim of Lavec, an employee of Stephen Mack, upon which he subsequently settled. This claim was covered by the grove in the southwest quarter of Section 32.

In September of the same year, Elijah H. Brown, James B. Lee and William Mead came in from La Porte County, Indiana, and selected claims. Brown built a house on the left bank of Rock river, a little above the mouth of the north branch of the Kinikinick, on the northeast quarter of Section 32, which was the first house built in what subsequently became Roscoe township. In the winter of 1835-6, Messrs. Brown, Lee, Cross and Logan were the only settlers in that part of the county. Mr. Cross had the only horse team in the settlement, and it was kept on the road nearly all the time when the roads were passable, hauling flour and groceries from Chicago. Mr. Reynolds, of Rolling Prairie, La Porte County, Indiana, bought Lee's claim, and was the first blacksmith to forge and hammer in that precinct, and in the winter of 1836-7 there were only eight families. Until a post-office was established at Beloit, the settlers got their mail matter at Chicago; but in the spring of 1837, a post-office was established at Roscoe, and R. M. P. Abell was appointed post-master. In 1837, Henry Abell and his son, Franklin, built a saw-mill, the first in the neighborhood. This mill was built at the mouth of the north branch of the Kinikinick, where they proposed to build a village, which they named Roscoe, in honor of Roscoe, an eminent English historian, and when the names of townships were established in 1850, the name was given to the municipality. Under the new order, the first town meeting was held at the house of James K. Knowland, April 1, 1850. J. G. Prentiss was chosen Moderator; John J. Rhodes was elected Supervisor, and Nathaniel Howland, Town Clerk. Mr. Rhodes was continued in office for seven years, and until his death. At the first town meeting or election, 180 votes were polled.

CHURCH NOTES.—September, 1836, at a meeting at the house of Smith Jenks, Rev. Mr. Pillsbury, a traveling missionary, of the M. E. Church, took the names of those who wished to unite as a church society. They were: Henry Abell, Smith Jenks, Clarissa Jenks, B. Richardson, Mary Ann Richardson, Albert Tuttle and Simeon Pettibone and wife. These were organized into a class, and for many years it was the only church society known to the settlers. It subsequently grew into prominence and wealth, as it had always been influential for good.

November 7, 1843, a preliminary meeting in the interest of the Congregational Church was held at the house of Alvan Leland. At that meeting the following named representative ministers were present: Revs. Wright, Belvidere; Ebenezer Brown, Byron; M. Benedict, Rockton; M. Hicks, agent of the American Home Missionary Society, and M. Pierson, of the New Haven Theological Seminary. November 28th, the organization was perfected and a society formed composed of the following named members: Alvan Leland, John Bradley, Horace K. Leonard, Thomas R. Whipple, Eunice Bradley, Minerva J. Leonard, Delia Whipple, Edmund Bradley, Charles Kerr, John Moir, Hannah Cross, Ann Frances Kerr, E. Moir, Cora Briggs, George Kerr, Sol. W. Leland, Thankful Briggs, and Lydia Meirs—18. Alvin Leland was chosen Deacon; Sol. W. Leland, Clerk. January 3, 1844, Rev. Ebenezer Brown was employed as minister. Of these members, Deacon Leland died February 8, 1845; Deacon John Bradley, Roscoe, August 14, 1854; his wife Eunice Bradley, Roscoe, February 14, 1852; S. W. Leland, in Massachusetts, and Delia Whipple in Roscoe.

The first school was taught in Reynolds' old blacksmith shop. The Widow Warner was teacher. May 14, 1840, the township was divided into six school districts. The school section was mostly sold in 1847.

June 3, 1858, the wife and seven children of Rev. Mr. Illsley, pastor of the Congregational Church, were killed or drowned. In building the Madison branch of the Chicago and Galena railroad, a high embankment had been thrown up at the crossing of the creek about half a mile above the village. The culvert was too small for the volume of water, and up to the afternoon of the day of the sad and awful death catastrophe, a pond two miles long, a half a mile in width, and from 25 to 30 feet in depth, had formed above the embankment. About midnight the culvert caved in, the embankment gave way and the water rushed down in one mighty torrent, carrying away several houses in its maddened rush, among which was the brick house occupied by Mr. Illsley and family, which toppled over and buried beneath its ruins the mother and seven children. Mr. Illsley, who had lost a leg and was comparatively helpless, was carried by the flood nearly down to Rock river, where he caught in a tree and held on until he was found by L. W. Richardson, who waded in and carried him out. In the Roscoe Cemetery, near the northeast corner, the eight bodies of one family, who had not all been united for some time till the day on which their death came, were buried in one day.

The first birth in the town was B. F. Richardson, son of Benjamin and Mary Ann Richardson, May 8, 1837. The first marriage, William H. Riley and Ruth Brown. The first death, William Hale, who was drowned in Rock river, at the mouth of North creek, June 27, 1837. The first store was opened by Alvan Leland in the house of Albert Tuttle, 1838.

VILLAGE OF ROSCOE.—The history of the village of Roscoe is so closely interwoven that an attempted separate history would be a work of supererogation, all the pertinent and important events being recited above.

The town has about ten shops and stores, which supply the necessities of its 600 inhabitants. Mr. Wm. M. Richardson began manufacturing plows here in 1854. He is now making a sulky plow that is well thought of. The Roscoe Mills began work here in 1847; James Thompson, proprietor. In 1867 he sold out to Roberts & Stoner. Gristing is the principal work, in which rye bears no unimportant position.

ROSCOE LODGE, No. 75, A. F. AND A. M.—Organized in the fall of 1849. Officers: Geo. W. Smith, W. M.; A. Collier, S. W.; J. M. Rhodes, J. W.; E. H. Crandall, Treas.; A. T. Clark, Secy. Number of members, 65. Meets Tuesday evening, on or before the full moon.

BAND OF HOPE LODGE, No. 85, I. O. G. T.—Organized February, 1871. Officers: Frank Sturtevant, W. C. T.; Miss Hattie Hobart, W. V. T.; Josiah Mabie, R. S.; Miss Alice Curtis, F. S.; Miss L. E. Ransom, Treas. Number of members, 70. Meets Saturday evenings.

DURAND.

This little village, with its pleasant streets, was named for H. S. Durand, the first president of the Western Union R. R. Among the pioneers may be mentioned the names of L. V. Cleveland, John A. Johnson, Fredric Sidorus, and J. R. Herring, who came about 1837. Their early religious exercises were supplied by the Methodists, a class of whom had been established as early as 1840, by the Rev. Samuel Pillsbury, and whose meetings were held at the houses of the settlers. In the fall of 1855, John B. Herring, Price B. Webster, and John F. Pettingill laid out the town,

The *Winnebago Chief* was the first paper published here. It, however, was discontinued, and the *Enterprise* took its place. In October, 1875, Mr. C. E. Griswold purchased the paper, changing the name to the *Patriot*. It is purely a local paper.

The M. E. Church was organized in 1840, and erected its present house of worship in 1859. Its membership is 125. Pastor, Rev. T. H. Haseltine. Average attendance of Sunday-school, 100. Superintendent S. A. Blake.

The Church of the Immaculate Conception (Roman Catholic) of Durand, was one of the missions established by Bishop Quarter, who was the first bishop of the diocese. The church was organized in 1866, and a building erected that cost \$3,500. There are now about thirty families in communion, whose pastor is Dr. J. O'Callighan, of Pecatonica. The Sabbath-school averages about thirty-five.

SCHOOLS.

The first schools were subscription schools, and taught in cabins, as the settlers could spare the room.

The present graded school was built in October, 1869, at a cost of \$7,000. The present average daily attendance is 190. Teachers: C. D. Mariner, Principal; Mrs. C. F. Russell, Grammar Dep't; Miss Lettie J. Adams, Intermediate; Mrs. Julia A. Staples, Primary. Directors: Price B. Webster, President; E. H. Brooks and E. C. Stephens, Clerk.

LODGES, ASSOCIATIONS, ETC.

DURAND LODGE, No. 302, A. F. AND A. M.—Chartered Oct. 20, 1859, with the following officers: W. T. Crouch, W. M.; W. B. Cook, S. W.; H. Moore, J. W.; D. Porter, Treas.; M. B. Clough, Sec.; E. J. Williams, S. D.; D. H. Smith, J. D.; D. Bollman, J. F. Woodring, Stewards; S. Whitmeyer, Tyler. Present officers: E. C. Stephens, W. M.; Ross E. Adams, S. W.; Peter Patterson, J. W.; Geo. H. Joslin, Treas.; C. D. Mariner, Sec. Number of members, 54. Meets first and third Thursday evenings of each month.

SHAUBENA LODGE, No. 146, I. O. O. F.—Instituted at Elton, October 23, 1854. Officers: R. Breed, N. G.; C. D. Mariner, V. G.; E. H. Brooks, Secy.; T. B. Cram, Treas. Number of members, 45. Meets Saturday evening.

REFORM LODGE, No. 116, I. O. G. T.—Organized July, 1877. Officers: T. E. Vincent, W. C. T.; Mrs. P. C. Stire, W. V. T.; C. E. Griswold, R. S. and L. D.; C. A. Norton, F. S.; Miss Frank Hurlbut, Treas. Number of members, 20. Meets Thursday evenings.

REFORM CLUB.—Organized March, 1876, with 250 members. Officers: Miss M. J. Randall, President; several Vice Presidents; C. E. Griswold, Secy.; Miss L. J. Adams, Treas. Number of members, 325. Meets every other Tuesday evening.

DURAND GRANGE, No. 763.—Organized November 15, 1873. Officers: John VanSickle, M.; Mrs. Annie M. Herring, Secy.; Miss Nancy J. Herring, Secy.; David Place, Treas. Number of members, 55. Meets the second and fourth Saturday afternoons of each month.

GUILFORD.

In August, 1835, William H. Enoch, the eldest son of Henry Enoch, accompanied by some two or three other men from Will county, came to what is now Guilford township on a land prospecting tour. While out on this trip, young Enoch was taken sick and returned home. In September following, his father, Henry Enoch, and brothers Richard H. and A. I. Enoch, started out, and, following the directions of William, struck Rock river at Rockford. Leaving his sons in camp, he started out, and, going northeast from there some two or three miles, he struck the spring brook known as Bucklen creek, which empties into Rock river just below the seminary. Believing this stream came from springs, he followed it to its source, which he found in the northeast corner of Section 11, Town 44, Range 2, now in the town of Guilford. Here in the centre of a great prairie he found a great spring* of water some 25 feet in diameter, the water about 24 inches deep and boiling up from numerous places in the bottom through snow-white sand. The water was cold, and clear as crystal; the bank of the spring fringed with tall grass and bright prairie flowers. He was so charmed with the location, the great spring, the apparent fertility of the soil, and the general beauty of the surroundings, that he at once made up his mind to make it the future home of himself and family. He had neither stick nor cane with which to mark his "claim." Going to a thicket of hazel and young poplar trees a few rods distant, he cut a small stake, and planting it on the bank of the spring, declared it his "claim," the only listeners being the horse he rode and the prairie birds. This location was known for many years as the big spring of "Uncle Enoch" in the prairie. Mr. Enoch made this claim his permanent home until the autumn of 1856, when he removed to Rockford, where he resided at the time of his death in September, 1858. After making this claim, he returned to camp, informed his sons of the discovery when all repaired to it to set about building a cabin for the family, which was to be brought on the following spring. The first tree for this cabin was felled by A. I. Enoch, now of Rockford. The cabin, a small affair, was erected, when the three returned to Will county to spend the winter and return to the new home with the first approach of spring. This was the first tree felled and the first house built in the town of Guilford.

HARRISON.

The first settlement in this township, says Mr. J. R. Jewett, was made in the fall of 1835, by a Mr. Brayton, who made a claim in Section 35, the land now being owned by Andrew Wishop. In the spring of 1836, Mr. Brayton moved on to his claim, and commenced making a farm.

Origin of the Name.—In 1840, the settlers desired to form a new precinct, and it was necessary to present a petition to the county commissioners to have a new precinct formed. At that time a majority of the settlers were Democrats, and several of the citizens being together one day they pitched upon Isaac Parker to circulate a petition, who consented to do so on condition that some of his neighbors (who were Democrats) would

*Through some strange freak of nature, some five years ago, this spring entirely dried up, and has not since discharged even so much as a drop of water.

work for him hoeing corn while he was absent, to which they readily agreed. Parker then drew up his petition, went to Rockford when the county commissioners were in session, and had no difficulty in getting a new precinct formed, but was asked what name they should give it. Parker, being a whig, immediately answered, Harrison, which name was adopted. When Parker returned and told how well he succeeded, his Democratic friends were greatly disgusted with the name. When the county was organized under township organization the name was continued.

War Record.—Whole number of enlistments, 122; whole number killed or died in the service, 24. It is believed that this town furnished a larger number of enlistments in proportion to the population to the number of voters than any other town in the county, the highest number of votes ever polled being 153. Of the foregoing enlistments, 12 were in Wisconsin regiments, and a number are credited to other townships.

The village of Harrison, situated on the banks of the Pecatonica, contains a number of shops, and two or three groceries, and small stores, hotel, church, etc. The Western Union Railroad missed the village by about one mile.

HARRISON GRANGE No. 1146 was organized February 3d, 1873. Officers: J. M. Williams, M.; Samuel Crook, O.; J. Regulas Jewitt, Sec.; J. R. Jewitt, Treas. Number of members, 30. Meets the first and third Thursday evenings of each month.

ARGYLE.

This village is in the center of a Scotch immigration to the lands of Geo. Armour, upon which John Greely was the first settler, in 1834. It has a store, post-office, warehouse, and blacksmith shop. About a half mile north of the N. W. R. R. at this place is the

First Scotch Presbyterian Church of Willow Creek. It was organized in 1844, with about 40 members, and erected its first church edifice in 1847. Nearly all of its present 400 communicants came originally from the Mull of Kintire, Argyleshire, Scotland. The pastorate is from four to six miles broad and about nineteen long. In July of this year the present church edifice was begun. It is a brick structure sufficiently spacious to accommodate the large congregation in attendance. It is expected to dedicate this new structure about the first of December. It will cost \$13,000. Sunday-school, average attendance, 200; Rev. Benj. S. C. Ely, Pastor and Superintendent.

SHIRLAND.

Among the early settlers of Shirland may be mentioned Geo. Seaton and Lemuel Fisk, who came in 1837. When the Western Union railroad came through, a little town sprang up about the station, which now has a few houses, and three or four stores, and shops.

The M. E. Church society was organized in 1847, but their house of worship was not erected until 1869. It cost \$2,200. The present membership is about 150. Pastor, Rev. J. M. Conley. Sunday-school attendance, 105; Superintendent, W. A. Phelps.

A cheese factory was established here in 1869, by Messrs. Winslow & McNabb. They make about 500 pounds per day, during their season, from February to December.

HARLEM.

This little settlement became a stopping place on the Kenosha Division of the N. W. R. R. some seventeen years ago, when the road first went through.

The first settler of the township was Hiram (?) Wattles, who settled here in 1835, on Section 31, where he laid out a town, calling it Scipio, but it never was occupied.

The first religious exercises were held by the Baptists, among whom may be mentioned Elder Picket. In 1847, however, a M. E. class was organized, and maintained until 1870, when the present church edifice was erected. Its membership is about 50, and an average attendance at Sunday-school of 46; Superintendent, C. Douglass.

NEW MILFORD.

Prominent among the pioneers of this township were, D. S. Shumway, Horace Miller and Samuel Brown. A town was laid out at the confluence of the Kishwaukee with the Rock River, which, it was hoped, at one time, might become the county seat. But other influences prevailed and the town went to decay. Some years ago the present village of New Milford was laid out, the Iowa R. R. came, and a pleasant little village has grown up. A large flouring mill has been in operation some years at this point, deriving its power from the Kishwaukee River. Mr. J. Fountain, who, it is claimed, invented the sectional knives of the reapers, had a manufactory at this place some years ago, but it has fallen into disuse.

There is a good school here, taught by Geo. C. Sanborn and wife. A Congregational Church is also building this present fall, a society having been in existence some years.

The M. E. Church of this place began as a class about 1838 or 1839. They now have a fine church edifice, and a large congregation. Pastor, Rev. O. E. Burch.

There are two post-offices in the township, one at New Milford and the other at Kishwaukee. The Wesleyan Methodist Church of Kishwaukee was organized May 17th, 1844, with five members, by the Rev. Jephtha Noe. On the 21st day of November, 1863, the church reorganized, and built their house of worship in 1868, and parsonage in 1870. Number of members at present, 65; Rev. A. R. Brooks, Pastor; average at Sunday-school, 40; Superintendent, Miss Lucy Hart.

BIOGRAPHICAL DIRECTORY.

ABBREVIATIONS.

av.....	avenue	lab.....	laborer	s.....	south
bet.....	between	mfg.....	manufacturing	s e.....	southeast
bds.....	boards	mkr.....	maker	s s (south side).....	South Rockford
blk.....	block	n.....	north	s w.....	southwest
cor.....	corner	n e.....	northeast	secy.....	secretary
clk.....	clerk	nr.....	near	supt.....	superintendent
e.....	east	opp.....	opposite	treas.....	treasurer
e s (east side).....	East Rockford	P O.....	post-office	w.....	west
emp.....	employee	r.....	residence	w s (west side).....	West Rockford
ins.....	insurance	st.....	street	W A.....	Woodcraft's Addition

CITY OF ROCKFORD.

A AGESEN NICHOLAS, atty at law; over 407 W. State; r 607 Cherry.

Abell E.L. emp reaper fact; r 1011 Mulberry.

Abrahamson A. P. r 705 Kishwaukee.

Abrahamson Alfred, r 305 S. Seventh.

Abraham J. tailor; r 303 N. Wyman.

Adams Geo. tailor; bds 807 W. State.

Adams Rev. Franklin D. pastor Emanuel Church; bds 520 N. Church; w s.

Adams L. W. peddler; r 1008 N. 2d; e s.

Adams Raymond, carp; r 1101 E. State.

Adamy A. W. emp Emerson & Co.; r 1002 Ferguson; s s.

Adel Wm. plasterer; r 1208 Rock; s s.

AGARD JAS. B. Residence 512 Chestnut st.; senior member of the firm of Agard & Ross, 616 and 618 Cedar st.; wholesale dealers in Grass Seed, Salt and Wool; orders filled at the lowest market price; Agents for Wisconsin Butter Tubs; this house was established in 1856; Mr. Agard was born in Deerfield, Oneida Co., N. Y., Aug. 25, 1824; came to Rockford in 1855; he was Alderman of the Third Ward in 10—; he is a Director of the Winnebago National Bank; has been a Director in the said bank nearly the entire time since its organization.

Agard J. F. bkpr; bds 512 Chestnut; w s.

Ahlgren John, blacksmith; r 308 S. Fourth.

Ainsworth J. painter; r 206 N. Fourth; e s.

Albert Geo. bds 610 W. State.

Albert Jas. carp; r 202 N. Second.

Albert J. clothier, 318 E. State; r 408 S. West; w s.

Albertson A.R. collector; r 302 N. Court; w s.

Alcock J. stone mason; r 506 S. Second; e s.

ALCOTT JAS. Janitor Rockford Seminary; residence, on Seminary grounds; born in Warwickshire, Eng., Sept. 16, 1834; came to Rockford, July 6, 1856; married Julia Darling, Dec. 7, 1860; she was born in Montpelier, Vt., Oct. 26, 1837; they have one child living, Anna D., born Nov. 25, 1869; they have lost three children: Forest Hill, born Dec. 18, 1865, died March 24, 1866; Nellie, born April 24, 1867, died July 13, 1867; and one child which died in infancy; Mr. Alcott has been Janitor of the Seminary 17 years, having first engaged there July 14, 1860.

Alexander Mat. painter; r 402 S. Winnebago; w s.

Alexander Mat. moulder; r 1003 East.

Allen A. C. artist; bds 310 S. First; e s.

Allen A. C. livery stable; r 1216 E. State.

Allen C. C. livery stable, 516 E. State; r 1105 E. State.

Allen Chas. E. artist; bds 310 S. First; e s.

Allen Edwin, express, 1110 S. West; s s.

Allen F. S. tinsmith; bds 606 Kishwaukee.

Allen F.R. clk, Barbour's; bds White's Hotel.

Allen Harry, tinsmith; r 406 N. Winnebago.

Allen H. G. livery stable; r 1006 E. State.

Allen J. C. r 406 N. Winnebago; w s.

Allen J. H. carp; r S. Tenth; W. A.

Allen Jno. tile sewer mfg, 406 N. Winnebago.

Allen Jno. mason; r 406 N. Winnebago.

Allen L. S. physic'n; r 432 N. Main; w s.

Allen R. S. tailor, 203 W. State; r 606 Kishwaukee.

Allen Sam'l, saloon; r 407 N. Third.



George Haskell
ROCKFORD

Allen W. H. clk; bds 1110 S. West.
Allen Wyatt, r S. end Kishwaukee.

ALLEN THOS. W. of the Firm of Allen & Bean, Druggists; 106 S. Main st., West Side; residence 203 Horsman st.; born in Cornwall, Eng., May 24, 1845; came to Rockford in 1849; married Emma L. Gregory, Oct. 31, 1872; she was born in East Corinth, Me., May 31, 1847; they have one child, Mabel E., born July 26, 1876; Mr. Allen is a practical pharmacist, and has been engaged in the drug business 12 years.

Allen Wm. r 805 Rock.

Allen Wm. E. mechanic; r 902 Horsman.

Alley Chas. Q. r 303 S. West; w s.

ALLING DAVID D. Carpenter and Builder; office 223 S. Main st., West Rockford; residence 508 N. Main st.; born in Westfield, Conn., April 27, 1813; commenced serving apprenticeship as carpenter when 17 years of age; has worked at that trade ever since; married Rebecca Botsford, May 29, 1836; she was born in Derry, New Haven Co., Conn., Dec. 27, 1813; six children, four deceased; those living are Frank S., born March 31, 1868; Arabella L., Jan. 6, 1840; those deceased are: Augustus A., born Nov. 1, 1841, died March 16, 1845; Wm. O., April 22, 1845, died March 29, 1845; Augustus D., Aug. 16, 1848, died Jan. 16, 1859; Chas. W., Aug. 9, 1851, died Aug. 8, 1873; Mr. Alling built the third house in West Rockford and lived in it 32 years.

Allinson Jno. emp Howes & Elmore; r 507 S. Fifth; e s.

Almond Wm. watchman; r 1003 Morgan.

Alvord A. D. salmn; r 710 E. Seminary; e s.

Alvord M. Ernest, carp; r 121 S. Court.

Alvord J. S. r 121 S. Court; w s.

Alvord Geo. S. clk; bds 121 S. Court; w s.

Alverson G. B. r 406 S. Second; e s.

Ames E. L. with J. B. Howell; r 803 E. State.

Ames Henry W. lab; r 606 N. Main; e s.

Anderson Abram, r 604 N. Sixth; e s.

Anderson Alex. lab; r 714 N. First; e s.

Anderson Alex. carp; r 307 N. Fourth; e s.

Anderson Andrew, r 506 Pope.

Anderson A. J. watch mkr; bds 805 E. State.

Anderson Aug. lab; r 507 Union.

Anderson Carl, lab; r 306 Kishwaukee.

Anderson C. G. r 411 E. State.

Anderson Chas. blacksmith; r 1102 4th av.

Anderson Chas. F. r 402 S. Third; e s.

Anderson Chas. W. lab; r 706 Rural.

Anderson F. W. wagonmkr; r Seminary, cor Bluff.

Anderson Fred. emp John Felch.

Anderson Gust. lab; r 124 S. First; e s.

Anderson Gust. lab; r 801 Rural; e s.

Anderson Hogart, lab; r 909 S. West.

Anderson John E. printer, 806 Second ave.

Anderson Jno. shoemkr and carpet weaver; r 506 Kishwaukee.

Anderson J. A. watchmkr; r 905 Third av.

Anderson J. C. pressman *Register*; r out of town.

ANDERSON J. P. Manager of the Forest City Furniture Co., Woodruff's Addition, cor. of Railroad av and Seventh st.; residence 809 Kishwaukee st.; born in Sweden, July 28, 1847; came to Chicago in 1851; removed to Rockford in 1858; engaged in the furniture business with A. C. Johnson from 1869 to 1875, when he became connected with the present company; married Carrie Bergsten, Feb. 12, 1851; they have two children: Lionel Victor, born Aug. 31, 1873; Sylvia, May 19, 1875; Mr. A. is a member of the Lutheran chch.

Anderson J. S. photographer, over 327 E. State; r 1110 Third av.

Anderson J. P. tinsmith; r S. Ninth, bet Twelfth and Thirteenth avs.

Anderson Jonas R. blacksmith; r 610 5th av.

Anderson Jonas N. blacksmith; r 130 Park.

Anderson L. P. grocer; r 702 S. Seventh.

Anderson Louis, lab; r 913 Kishwaukee.

Anderson Otto, blacksmith; r 130 Park; e s.

Anderson Peter, r 910 Fifth av.

Anderson Peter, emp G. L. Farmer.

Anderson P. lab; r 1207 Ferguson; s s.

Anderson R. 609 S. Seventh.

Anderson R. bds 202 N. Second; e s.

Anderson Rev. L. r 1208 Third av.

ANDREW JNO. J. Proprietor Meat Market; 433 W. State st.; residence 507 N. Church st.; born in Scotland, Oct. 10, 1825; came to Washington Co., Ohio, in 1842; lived there until 1843, when he came to this Co.; was engaged in farming in Guilford Tp., principally, until 1853, when he commenced the butchering business here, which he has continued to the present time, with the exception of an interval of about three years, which he devoted to farming; married Mary J. Enoch, daughter of Henry Enoch, who came to this Co. in 1835, with his family; they were married May 12, 1853; she was born in Butler Co., O., Sept. 1, 1831; have five children; John Dexter, born July 10, 1854; Henry D., Sept. 9, 1856; Frank H., July 9, 1863; Minnie, Sept. 29, 1865; Freddie, July 4, 1872; Mr. and Mrs. Andrew are members of the Court st. Methodist church.

Andrew H. D. clk; r 507 N. Church; w s.

Andrew R. r 909 First av; e s.

Andrew G. S. carp; bds Forest City House.

Andrews A. r 913 Kishwaukee; e s.

ANDREWS & KITCHEN, Dentists; 303 W. State st., over Peoples Savings Bank.

Andrews I. L. dentist; r 412 N. Main; w a.

Andrews Jno. with Rockford Packing Co.; r School, w of fair ground.

Andrews J. emp furniture factory; r 706 Fourth av; e a.

Andrus Alvarado, r 307 N. Main; e a.

Andrus D. A. K. r 305 N. Church; w a.

Andrus George, r 307 N. Main; e a.

Andrus Isaac, r 305 N. Church; w a.

ANDRUS CAPT. W. D. E. Residence 305 N. Church st.; born in Ellery, Chautauqua Co., N. Y., Sept. 25, 1834; parents removed to Rockford in 1843; married Belle Westfall, of Sag Harbor, Long Island; she died May 16, 1873; had one son and one daughter, both deceased; Capt. A. enlisted in Co. D, 11th I. V. I., April, 1861; at expiration of three months, re-enlisted in same Co., and served three years longer; was in all battles in which the 11th participated, up to 1864, except the battle of Shiloh; at that time he was disabled, not having recovered from wounds received at Ft. Donelson; was for considerable time Asst. Provost Marshal at Vicksburg; was mustered out in Sept., 1864.

Ang Jacob, lab; r Fourth av.

Angberg Hogan, lab; r 305 E. State.

Angle Aaron, lab; r 601 Montague; s a.

Anglemire R. boot and shoe mfg. N. Wyman near W. State; r 305 S. Fourth; e a.

Anglemire W. r 305 S. Fourth; e a.

ANGSTRAND ALEX. L. Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots and Shoes, 416 E. State st.; residence 308 N. Fourth st.; born in Sweden, March 15, 1841; came to Rockford in 1869; commenced working at his trade of bootmaker when 11 years of age; married Charlotte Carlson, Feb. 28, 1874; she was born in Sweden; have one infant child; Mr. Angstrand manufactures boots and shoes to order upon short notice, and guarantees to give perfect satisfaction; he also keeps a stock of Men's, Ladies' and Children's Boots and Shoes on hand, which will be sold at bottom prices.

Angstrand, shoemaker; r 206 N. Fourth; e a.

Anson Stephen, grocer; r 1103 E. State.

Antes J. B. r 508 S. Main; w a.

Antes Jacob, r 508 S. Main; w a.

Anyon Thos. r 206 N. West; w a.

Archibald W. boot and shoemaker, 508 E. State; r 301 N. Fourth; e a.

Armstrong S. F. barber, 321 E. State; r Harlem av.

Armstrong W. B. salesman; bds American House.

ARNELL JAS. Auctioneer; resides on S. Seventh st, Woodruff's Addition; East

Rockford; Mr. A. gives special attention to auction sales of farm stock and property; born in Williams Co., Va., March 15, 1843; came to this Co. in 1858; removed to Rockford in 1875; married Sarah Jane Sweeney, Aug., 1871; she was born in Penn.; have one child, Guy C.; Mr. A. served two years and a half during the war of the rebellion, in Co. B, 14th Iowa V. I.

Arnold A. W. r 706 Rural; e a.

ARNOLD WALTER J. of the firm of Burroughs & Arnold, Dealers in Fruits and Confectionery, 509 East State st.; born in Monroe Tp., Ogle Co., Ill., April 20, 1858; came to Rockford in 1867; was engaged in the butchering business here seven years; Mr. Arnold is a member of the Westminster Presbyterian church.

Ashcraft H. E. r 603 Seminary; e a.

Ashcraft Solon, carp; bds Geo. S. Warren.

Ashford Alben, r 902 N. Second; e a.

Ashford Edw. lab; r 402 S. Fifth; e a.

Ashford John, r 903 N. Second.

Ashford Thos. clk T. Pyng; r N. Second.

Aspergreen Chas. r 305 Bluff; e a.

Asprooth C. O. baker, Kishwaukee near State; r same.

Atchison John, bds 1009 E. State.

ATCHLEY A. M. Photographer, 314 W. State st.; residence 209 N. Main st., West Rockford; Portraits in India Ink, Crayon and Oil Colors made, and enlarging work of every description done; the work is first-class, perfect satisfaction guaranteed; Mr. Atchley was born in Trenton, N. J., March 8, 1843; came to Rockford in April, 1871.

Atkinson Geo. R. r 401 N. Winnebago; w a.

Atwood C. W. cooper; r 1206 S. Winnebago; s a.

Atwood G. H. mechanic; r 1104 Ferguson; s a.

Atwood H. H. r 8. Ninth, cor Ninth av; W. A.

Auger John, gardener; r 414 S. Main; w a.

Austin F. H. painter; r 308 N. Court; w a.

Austin J. moulder; r Cedar bet Court and Church; w a.

Austin S. A. physician; r 903 S. Main; s a.

Avery Chas. painter; r 206 N. Fourth; e a.

Avery C. building mover; r 506 Gregory; e a.

Ayer Otis L. bds Hardy's Hotel.

RABBITT MARSHALL, watchman; r Corbin, bet Loomis and Morgan; s a.

Babcock I. D. farm; r 307 Kent; s a.

BABCOCK NOYES E. Of the firm of Babcock & Gill, Dentists, 223 East State street; resides at 301 S. First street; born in Luzerne Co., Pa., Jan. 8, 1833; came to Rockford in 1860, and engaged in the dentistry business, being the oldest established dentist now in the business in the city; married Harriet E. Crosby

(daughter of Asa Crosby, an old settler of this place), Aug. 31, 1865; she was born in Rockford; they have two children: Herbert M., born Aug. 10, 1867; and Cora A., born Oct. 10, 1871; the Dr. and Mrs. Babcock are members of the First Congregational Church.

BACHARACH ISAAC, Merchant Tailor and Dealer in Ready-Made Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods; only one price clothing house in Rockford; store 301 West State street, corner Main; residence 301 N. Main street; born in Germany, Sept. 8, 1824; came to Rockford in 1857.

Bacharach J. salesman; r 301 N. Main; w s. Back Michael, r 410 S. Sixth; e s.

Bacon Charles E. stone mason; r 907 Oak.

Backus J. r N. Winnebago, above Whitman; w s.

Bailey John, 1012 Crosby; e s.

BAILEY RUFUS C. County Judge; Horsman's block; boards Holland House, Rockford; born in Auburn, Maine, July 28, 1833; came to Rockford in October, 1855; was admitted to the bar in 1860; was City Clerk from 1860 to 1866; was City Attorney in 1863; was appointed County Judge in August, 1873; in Nov., 1873, elected to serve for four years.

Baird F. K. milkman, r 907 S. West; s s.

Baker Chas. bds 204 First; e s.

Baker Daniel W., r 708 Horsman.

Baker E. H. attorney at law, over 408 E. State; r 907 Seminary; e s.

Baker H. N. real estate and loan agent, over 408 E. State; r 405 East; e s.

Baker M. carpenter; bds 302 S. Main; w s.

Baker Michael, lab; r 604 N. Main; e s.

Balderson M. carpenter; r 1404 S. West; s s.

Baldwin A. G. baggage master C. & N. W. R. R.; r Arch, nr S. Avon.

Baley L. H. carp; r S. 10th cor 12th av; W. A.

Ball John, emp furniture factory; bds 111 S. Third; e s.

Ball Wm. r 404 S. Third; e s.

Ballaugh Peter S. moulder; r Corbin, cor Loomis; s s.

Bane Jno. barber; r over 203 Mulberry; w s.

Banks Benj. F. r S. Ninth; W. A.

Barbour J. C. dry goods; r 418 N. Main; w s.

Barbour W. B. dry goods; r 420 N. Main; w s.

BARBOUR ORISON F. Principal of the South Rockford School; residence 506 North Court street.

Bardin Platt, carp; r 111 River; s s.

Bargsten Andrew, r 907 S. Third.

Barker A. painter; r 202 N. Fourth; e s.

Barker Ira, r 203 N. Fourth; e s.

Barker John, agent Rockford Ins. Co.; r 110 Eighth, cor Charles; e s.

Barnard D. A. carp; r 204 S. First; e s.

Barnard D. r 606 E. State.

Barnard J. r street from Seminary, s R. R.

BARNES GEO. W. Photographer; 106 S. Main street; residence 512 Rockton avenue, West Rockford; born Feb. 1, 1831; came to Galesburg, Ill., in 1853; removed to Rockford in 1854; he has been engaged in making pictures since 1849; married Elvira C. Curtis, July 13, 1858; she was born in Dansville, Livingston Co., N. Y., April 6, 1835; they have three children: Frank H., born Aug. 29, 1858; Geo. W., July 29, 1866; and Agnes E., Oct. 16, 1868.

Barnes H. L. express; r 912 Pecatonica.

Barnes Hubert, r 605 Pecatonica.

Barnes J. clk Graham & Co.; r 1211 S. West.

Barnes R. W. freight clerk C. & I. R. R.; r 306 N. Third; e s.

Barnes W. F. mnfr; r 407 N. Winnebago; w s.

BARNES JOHN, Of the firm of W. F. & John Barnes, Manufacturers of Foot Power Machinery on Water Power; resides at 508 N. Court street; born in Mt. Morris, N. Y., Aug. 16, 1833; first wife was Almira J. White, of Penn.; she died Oct. 7, 1872; one child by this marriage, Aubrey T., born Sept. 30, 1872; present wife was Jennie Parmelee; married Oct. 15, 1874; they have one child, Mary E., born July 22, 1876; Mr. and Mrs. Barnes are members of the 2d Congl. Church.

Barnes Wm. bds 904 S. Church.

Barnett Thos. stone-cutter, bds City Hotel.

Barney Edward, lab; r 508 Gregory, e s.

Barnum Harris, vice pres Forest City ins co; r 1201 E. State.

Barrett John, shoemaker; r 901 Benton; e s.

Barrett Joseph, r 712 N. First; e s.

Barrett M. F. clk; r 712 N. First; e s.

Barrett Patrick, r 712 N. First; e s.

Barrett W. W. r 809 Main; s s.

Barry David, lab; r Oak, cor Rockton av.

Barrows D. S. r 1006 S. Court; s s.

Barrows Homer I. r 1103 S. Court; s s.

Barrows J. r 1103 S. Court; s s.

Barr Geo. W. carp; r 403 Catlin.

Barsby Albert, r Chestnut, w of creek.

Bartlett A. L. r 906 Cedar; w s.

Bartlett D. L. r 906 Cedar; w s.

Bartlett J. W. bakery; r cor Church and Elm; w s.

Bartlett J. H. r 401 S. First; e s.

Bartlett Moses, r 402 S. Main; e s.

Bartlit Orson H. painter; r 1109 Charles; e s.

Barth Jacob, watchman R. R.; r 1011 South.

Bassett E. P. trav agt; r 305 N. Main; e s.

Bassett L. S. harness-maker; bds Forest City House.

Bassett R. A. trav. agt; r 305 N. Main; e s.
 Basford Joseph, r 504 N. First; e s.
 Basford James, lab; bds. 410 S. Main; w s.
 Batchelder Fred, emp John Fitch.
 Batchelder K. E. janitor public school; r 702 Kishwaukee; e s.
 Batchelder P. J. carp; r Kent near S. Main.
 Bate Thomas, farmer; r 811 Horsman.
 Bates A. shoemaker; r over 109 N. Main; w s.
 Bates Alanson, Jr., r over 109 N. Main; w s.
 Bauder G. M. foreman at H. G. Allen & Co.'s; bds. American House.
 Baxter John, r 303 S. Wyman.
 Beale J. jeweler; r 902 First av; e s.
 Beale Thomas, jeweler; r 309 S. Fourth.
BEAN CLARENCE, Of the firm of Allen & Bean, Druggists, 106 South Main st.; resides at cor. of South Main and Montague sts.; born in Rockford, Feb. 19, 1855; married Kittie Blake, Oct. 14, 1876.
 Bean E. C. blacksmith; r 505 N. Winnebago.
 Bean Frank, r 505 N. Winnebago; w s.
 Berman J. upholsterer; r 906 N. Second; e s.
 Beard E. G. r Prairie, near N. Third; e s.
 Beard Geo. C. r 614 N. Main; w s.
 Beath Wm. wireweaver; r 1205 Charles.
 Beatson David, emp. John P. Manny; r same.
 Beatson Wm. lab; r 1005 South.
 Beattie John, r 203 North.

BECKER'S ROCKFORD BUSINESS COLLEGE, E. C. A. Becker, Prop'r; this College is the oldest, best established and most thorough College in Rockford, and has no superior in the State; its teachers are the most thorough in Northern Illinois; every student is guaranteed good progress or money refunded; Prof. Becker is noted for the amount of sound progress every student makes in any branch he may take; branches are: Book-keeping, Practical and Ornamental Penmanship, Commercial Law, Commercial Calculations, Business Practice, Detection of Counterfeit Money, Telegraphing, Short-hand, etc., etc.; telegraphic connection with W. U. Telegraph office; separate Ladies' Department; send for circulars and terms; address E. C. A. Becker, Proprietor.

Becker W. H. pumps; r 926 Crosby; e s.
 Becker Chas. F. mason; r 1003 Crosby; e s.
 Beckman John, painter; r 1008 Fourth av.
 Beckstrand Wm. shoemaker; r over 312 E. State.
 Beckstrand Wm. r 107 Morgan.
 Bedard Frank, bds 612 Mulberry; w s.
 Beddoes Edward, *Gazette* office; r seminary ground; W. State.
 Beddoes Geo. W. bds 413 S. Court; w s.
 Beddoes W. E. constable; bds City Hotel.

Beers Daniel, r 610 N. Second; e s.
 Behel A. O. draughtsman; r 1015 Mulberry.
 Behel D. cigar mkr; bds 1015 Mulberry; w s.
 Behel Frank, r 1015 Mulberry; w s.
BEHEL JACOB, Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, Mechanical Engineer and Expert in Patent Cases, Room 1, No. 116 S. Main st., West Rockford; residence 1015 Mulberry; born in Mifflin, Juniata Co., Penn., Nov. 8, 1816; came to Earlville, Ill., in 1857; came to Rockford in 1863; he is the inventor of the grain binder now embodied in what is known as the Gorham binder; he is the inventor of many important articles, among which may be mentioned patent No. 5,250 for a Fanning Mill, patent granted Aug. 21, 1847; he has four patents on grain binders, granted during the years 1864, '65 and '69; Fence Wire Stretcher, Sept. 13, 1864; Horse-shoe, May 29, 1866; Saw Gauge, Feb. 12, 1867; Horse-shoe, Nov. 12, 1867; Mortise Burglar Proof Lock, 1868; Tenoning Machine, 1869; Gate, 1869; Door Stop, 1871; Cultivator, 1873, two patents; Cultivator Teeth, 1873; Cultivator, 1875; Whiffle Tree Hook, two patents, 1874; Postal Card File, 1875; Window Blinds, 1876, and Chain Belt, 1876.
 Beissert A. furniture mkr; r 503 N. Second.
 Belcher Orville G. lab; r 926 Crosby; e s.
 Belford David J. r 308 S. West.
 Belford J. baker, 325 W. State; r 308 S. West.
 Belford W. S. book-keeper; r 308 S. West.
 Bell Cyrus, carp; r 112 S. Second; e s.
 Bell Thomas, r 608 Kishwaukee; e s.
 Belknap N. shoemaker; r 1014 Rock; s s.
 Bengstrom Claus, emp A. M. Johnston & Co.
 Bengston Andrew, r Seminary; s R.R.
 Bennett Swan, lab; r 610 S. Fourth; e s.
 Benoit N. E. watchmaker; r 225 W. State.
 Benson John, lab; r 410 S. Sixth; e s.
 Benson Peter, emp; G. W. Moffatt.
 Benson Swan, lab; r stone row S. Water; e s.
 Benson ———, tailor; r 805 E. State.
 Bentley T. D. emp Graham & Co.; r 308 Chestnut; w s.
 Berger E. G. artist; bds 310 S. First; e s.
 Berger J. painter; bds 110 S. Main; e s.
 Bergonson ———, r 408 Kishwaukee; e s.
 Bergran John, r 212 S. Water, e s.
 Bergsten A. lab; r 505 E. Seminary; e s.
 Berridge George, r 707 George; w s.
 Bergquist O. painter; r 407 S. Fifth; e s.
 Bergquist Gust. painter; r S. Seventh; w s.
 Berthran Napoleon, lab; r 727 N. Main, e s.
 Bertrand F. T. mfg; r 414 N. Main; w s.
 Bertrand Joseph, bds 414 N. Main; w s.
 Best C. mason; r Blaisdell w of fair ground.
 Best Geo. marble cutter; r 204 N. Third.

Best W. mason; r Blaisdell w of fair ground.
 Bessey Geo. painter; r 404 S. Court; w s.
 Bessey George, painter; bds 506 W. State.
 Bessey Lyman, lab; r over 404 S. Court.
 Bettes Wm. r 528 N. Church, w s.
 Bide W. shoemaker; r 205 S. Fourth; e s.
 Burer David, r third house s of H. Brown.
 Bierer E. H. mfg and dlr in American and
 foreign views; r third house s of H. Brown.
 Bigalow F. trav agt; r S. Main, cor Loomis; s s.
 Bigelow D. W. Cedar cor S. Avon.
 Bigelow F. farm; r 1312 Third av; e s.
 Bildahl Andrew G. lab; r 805 E. State.
 Billingham S. C. carriagemaker; r 205 Mor-
 gan; s s.
 Billingham Albert, r 205 Morgan; s s.
 Billings D. H. r 614 Knowlton.
 Billington Edward, r 505 Court; e s.
 Bilstrand John, lab; r 116 N. Third; e s.
 Bilstrand John, Jr. r 116 N. Third; e s.
 Bingham F. J. clk; r 714 N. Court; w s.
 Bingham Harry, meat; r 509 Catlin.
 Bingham James, ice, r 808 Crosby; e s.
 Bingham J. W. live stock; r 714 N. Court; w s.
 Birdsall K. salesmn S. C. Withrow; r 1004 Elm.
 Bishop Fred H. r 1006 Maple.
 Bishop George A. emp Amer Ex Co; r Peach
 e of Avon; w s.
 Bishop H. J. tailor 217 E. State; r out of town.
 Bishop James H. r 1006 Maple.
 Black Alex. r 108 N. Third; e s.
 Black Alex. r 1014 E. State.
 Black John L. r 736 N. First; e s.
 Blackman Frank, r 506 S. First; e s.
 Blackman F. L. shoe dealer 211 W. State; r
 205 N. First.
 Blackman G. W. pump mfg; r 506 S. First; e s.
 Blackmer Hiram, r 921 Crosby; e s.
 Blaisdell B. R. painter; r 302 Avon; w s.

BLAISDELL E. W. Real Estate
 Dealer and Attorney and Counsellor at
 Law; office in Blaisdell's Building, W.
 State st., West Rockford; residence 204 N.
 Church; born in Montpelier, Vt., July 18,
 1826; came to Stephenson Co., Ill., in
 1853; came to Rockford in 1854; estab-
 lished the *Rockford Republican* in 1854;
 conducted that paper until 1861; since
 that time he has been engaged in the Real
 Estate and Law business; Mr. B. was a
 member of the Illinois State Legislature
 in 1859 and 1860.

Blake Chas. r 901 Horsman.
 Blake Evans, r 512 N. Main; w s.
 Blake Geo. W. stone-cutter; r 901 Horsman.
 Blake J. mason and builder; r 901 Horsman.
 Blake Patrick, r 515 Cedar.

BLAKE THATCHER. The subject
 of this sketch, whose portrait appears in
 this work, is a direct lineal descendant, on
 his mother's side, of the celebrated Ed-
 ward Winslow, who came to this country
 in the Mayflower, and to whose wisdom,
 energy and prudence in his intercourse
 with the Indians were due the preserva-
 tion and prosperity of that small colony
 cast among hostile savages. His father,
 Thatcher Blake, Sr., was born Feb. 22,
 1774, at Taunton, Mass.; died Oct. 29,
 1839, at Foxcroft, Maine. Mr. B. was
 born at Turner, Oxford Co., Maine, March
 16, 1809; moved with parents to Foxcroft,
 Piscataquis County; here his father settled
 on a farm, the son assisting in the sum-
 mer season and teaching district school in
 the winter, with the exception of one win-
 ter, when he was engaged in lumbering,
 till June 1, 1834; he then left home and
 started for the great West, having no fixed
 place for location. There were no steam-
 ers or railroads, so he took passage to
 Boston in a schooner; by stage to Albany,
 N. Y., over the Green Mountains; at Al-
 bany he came by railroad some fourteen
 miles, that being as far as it extended
 West; there he took packet boat on the
 canal for Buffalo, and by boat from there
 to Cleveland, Ohio; from there took canal
 for Cincinnati, but after one day the canal
 broke, and he with five others hired a
 team for Dayton, the journey lasting nine
 days. On reaching Cincinnati he found
 no inducements to locate, and proceeded
 to Louisville, and thence to St. Louis;
 here he met many who had been in the
 Black Hawk War, who gave him glowing
 accounts of the Rock River country, and
 of Galena, at that time celebrated for its
 mining interests.

He accordingly visited Galena, with a
 view of engaging in mining. After spend-
 ing a couple of weeks and thoroughly
 inspecting the whole situation, he con-
 cluded there was too much hard work and
 uncertainty in that business. Here he
 became acquainted with Germanicus
 Kent, from Alabama, who was stopping
 temporarily with his brother, Rev. Aratus
 Kent, a Presbyterian clergyman. They
 arranged to explore the Rock River Val-
 ley together. They loaded their supplies
 in a "Democrat wagon," and traveled 85
 miles to Ransom, the lowest settlement at
 that time on the Pecatonica River. Here,
 trading their horse and wagon for a canoe,
 and putting all necessary supplies on
 board, they start to explore a country un-
 inhabited by white men, for 100 miles
 east, and north to the lakes. They con-
 tinued their journey down the river till
 they came to the Indian village of Winni-
 sheck—where the city of Freeport now
 stands—containing about 200 Indians.
 Having stopped and explored the country
 at various times, they finally landed and
 camped on what is now the beautiful

grounds of Mrs. Tinker, in the city of Rockford. Mr. Blake selected a claim, still known as Blake's Grove, two and one-half miles west of the present city, on the state road. So well pleased were they with their location, that after a trip to Dixon and Galena, Mr. B. returned in August of the same year, and has since resided in this Tp. At that time his nearest white neighbor east was 50 miles, at Elgin; south, 40 miles, at Dixon; west, 40 miles; north, no one but Mack, an Indian trader, till you reach the lakes. He married Miss Mary Jane Goodhue, Nov. 6, 1838, who was born Aug. 29, 1813, at Peterboro, N. H. She came with her sister, Mrs. Sauke, and settled in Stephenson Co., Ill. This was the first marriage ceremony performed in that county. He resided on his farm where he first settled, till 1851, when he removed to the city of Rockford and engaged in real estate on his own private account, which has since been his occupation. This has led him to travel extensively in most of the Western States, buying and selling lands—mostly pine. He now resides on S. Main st., south of city limits. He has spent two winters with his family on the Pacific coast, and while pleased with the delightful climate there, has concluded that in all his travels he finds nothing to excel the place of his first choice, in climate and healthfulness, social, educational and religious privileges. While every one of his neighbors in pioneer life have passed "over the river," so far as he knows, he is robust, with faculties well preserved, and a goodly prospect of many years, to enjoy the fruits of his labors. Has one daughter, Kate, who is now Mrs. Clarence Bean, of the firm of Allen & Bean, druggists, of this city.

Blake Thomas, r 515 Cedar.

Blakeman Benjamin, lumber dealer and pres Rockford Tack Co; r 434 N. Main; w s.

Blancher George, bds 302 S. Main; w s.

Blewfield Gust. bds City Hotel.

Blinn A. street sprinkling; r 802 Pecatonica.

Blinn Edmund B. r 504 Horsman.

Blinn Jesse, r 504 Horsman.

Blinn W. C. bkpr John P. Manny; r Harlem av.

Block Frank, distiller; r East, n end.

Blodgett J. H. prin W. R. high school, and supt W. R. public schools; r 426 N. Main; w s.

Blomberg Andrew, carp; r 303 Bluff; e s.

Blomberg Chas. r Fourth av, cor Eighth.

Blomberg C. cabinetmaker; r 702 S. Third.

Blomberg John, bds 308 Bluff.

Blomberg John, carp; r 605 S. Sixth.

Blomquist Adolph, r 507 Union; e s.

Blomquist Andrew, emp Dr. L. Clark.

Blomquist Gust. lab; r 309 S. Sixth; e s.

BLONQUIST LOUIS M. Merchant Tailor, N. E. cor. Main and State sts., up stairs, West Rockford; residence, cor. Second av. and Fifth st.; born in Sweden, March 5, 1848; came to Rockford in 1866; married Anna S. Anderson, April 1, 1872; she was born in Norway; they have one child, Ernest Louis, born May 14, 1873. Mr. and Mrs. Blomquist are members of the Swedish Methodist Church; Mr. B. is one of the best merchant tailors in Rockford; he has been engaged in the business ever since he came here.

Blomstrom J. painter; r 811 S. Fifth; e s.

Blomstrom J. M. blacksmith; r 803 Fifth av.

Bloom G. W. harnessmkr; r over 329 W. State.

Blumstram Andrew, r 605 S. Fifth.

Boardman Fred J. r 1107 S. Winnebago.

Bodine Alfred, lab; r 603 S. Seventh; e s.

Bodmer G. stone-cutter, bds 414 S. Court; w s.

Bodmer G. G. stone-cutter; bds White Hotel.

Bogardus F. F. clk C. A. Sanborn; bds same.

Bohstrom John, r Seminary; s s.

Bohm John, lab; r Prospect; out of city.

Bohm Peter, lab; r Prospect; out of city.

Boice J. W. broom mfg; bds 302 S. Main; w s.

Bonander A. r rear 704 Fourth av; e s.

Boner John F. r 608 Chestnut; w s.

Bonfas John, r 1010 Elm; w s.

Bonney James, r 204 S. West.

Bookout James, tailor; r 303 Horsman.

Borden F. bds Forest City House.

Borden I. N. prop Forest City House; r same.

Borg Andrew, mason; r 1101 Third av; e s.

Borgsten Joseph, bds 603 S. Seventh; e s.

Bosenbach J. miller; bds 508 S. Main; w s.

Bott Marcus, mason; r 1106 Rock.

Boutwell Arthur E. r 109 S. Second; e s.

Boutwell Wm. P. r 109 S. Second; e s.

Bowdoin Wm. M. r 605 North; w s.

Bowles Wm. S. r 907 Rock; s s.

Bowman Gust. r 128 Park.

Bowman Ferdinand, lab; r 401 S. Second.

Bowman Raynold, painter; r 510 Union.

Boyce M. D. carp; r 502 East; e s.

Boyd John, trav agt; r 503 N. Church.

Boyle Barney, lab; r 1401 S. Main; s s.

Boyle Richard, lab; r 1003 Elm; w s.

Boynton Warren, r 1010 E. State.

Bradberg John, lab; r 1020 Sixth av; e s.

Bradbury George, r 507 Longwood; e s.

Bradbury Thomas, r 507 Longwood; e s.

Bradley Geo. planing mill, 305 S. Main; w s; r 406 Horsman.

Bradley Wm. H. cooper; r 517 Union; e s.

Bradshaw R. E. r 1108 S. Court, s s.

Brady C. P. r 705 Elm; w s.

Brady H. H. r 705 Elm; w s.

Brady Henry, r Wall, near S. Court.

BRAIDWOOD ANDREW, Foreman Foundry of Emerson, Talcott & Co.; residence 1201 Rock street; born in Albany, N. Y., Sept. 11, 1829; moved to Louisville, Ky., in 1853; came to Rockford in August, 1854; has been engaged in the foundry business twenty-four years; has been with Emerson, Talcott & Co. ever since they established their manufacturing business here; married Louisa Empey, Aug. 6, 1856; she was born in Canada, Sept. 10, 1829; they have five children, James Grant, Albert A., Samuel L., Kittie M., and Wm. S.; Mrs. B. is a member of the South Rockford M. E. Church.

Brainard E. P. meat market; 403 W. State; r 706 George; w s.

Brainard J. H. moulder; r 1019 Mulberry.

Bramber John, lab; r 124 S. First; e s.

Brantingham J. J. broker; r 408 N. West; w s.

Brantingham Robert, r North, cor Horsman.

Brant Jacob, r Wall, n S. West.

Bratton Geo. r street n cemetery; e s.

Brazee A. H. wagon mnfr; 309 N. Wyman; w s.

Brazee C. M. attorney at law, over Winnebago Natl Bank; r 502 N. Main; w s.

Brearley A. C. book-keeper; r 707 Cherry.

Brearily Geo. W. book-keeper; r 707 Cherry.

Brearily Wm. M. carp; r 707 Cherry.

Brearton M. wagon mkr; r West, s s, nr river.

Bred A. emp N. C. Thompson, r foot Park.

Brennan John, r 715 N. Main; e s.

Brenner A. blacksmith; r 706 Montague; s s.

Brenner Wm. r 706 Montague; s s.

Bretnor E. watchman; r 808 Second av; e s.

Brick Wm. painter; r 405 S. Winnebago.

Briggs Chas. E. r 1206 E. State.

Briggs Chester E. r 907 Kishwaukee.

BRIGGS CHESTER C. Of the firm of Briggs & Enoch, Manufacturers of Plows and Cultivators, on Water Power; resides at 1206 East State street; born in Dover, Windham Co., Vt., Sept. 6, 1817; engaged in farming pursuits until 17 years of age, when he entered the Oneida Institute; received his education there and at Dartmouth College; for two years he was editor of the *Green Mountain Freeman*, of Montpelier, Vt., which is still published there; he was editor of the *Liberty Gazette*, of Burlington, Vt., for three years; both anti-slavery papers; a large portion of the time for six or seven years he was in the lecture field as an anti-slavery advocate; for four years previous to 1853, he was engaged in the produce business; in 1853 he removed to Rockford; the same year he engaged in the banking business, being the senior member of the firm of Briggs, Spafford &

Penfield; he continued in the banking business until 1863; for three or four years thereafter he was engaged in real estate, wool and other speculations; in 1866, he engaged in the manufacturing business, and has continued in that business since; he is a Director in the Rockford National Bank and of the Forest City Furniture Co.; married Emeline M. Peck, Dec. 9, 1844; she was born in Montpelier, Vt., Jan. 1, 1820; they have two children living: Charles E., who is now in Senior Class at Yale College, was born May 15, 1856; George S., Jan. 2, 1859; they have one adopted daughter, Lizzie M., now Mrs. D. H. Ferguson; she was adopted and her name was changed by act of the Legislature from Lizzie M. Dennis to that of Briggs; Mr. Briggs lost three children, who died in infancy.

Briggs G. S. book-keeper; bds 1206 E. State.

Briggs J. W. r 907 Kishwaukee; e s.

Briggs —. moulder; r 1105 East; s s.

Brigham J. W. mechanic; bds American H.

Bright H. S. wagon maker; r 213 S. Main; w s.

Bright Wm. A. r 213 S. Main; w s.

Brill Daniel, butcher; r 603 Longwood; e s.

Brink L. engineer C. & N. W. R. R.; r 909 South; w s.

Bristow W. J. pattern mkr; r 1112 River: s s.

BROCKMAN FRANCIS, Dealer in Cigars and Tobacco, 311 East State street; resides at same number; born in Hanover, Germany, June 24, 1826; came to St. Louis in 1844; resided there until 1848, then went to Chicago, where he remained one year, returned to St. Louis for a few months, then went to Peoria, where he resided 7½ years; early in 1857, he came to Rockford; married Louisa G. Schlink, Oct. 24, 1852; she was born in Baltimore, Aug. 13, 1832; they have four children, Frances L. (now Mrs. Alfred Haime), Matilda M., Emma I., and Geo. Franklin; Mr. and Mrs. Brockman are Catholics.

BROCKMAN JOSEPH, Furniture Dealer, 122 South Main street, West Side; boards at Hardy's Hotel; born in Clayton Tp., Clayton Co., Iowa, April 26, 1849; came to Rockford May 26, 1867; member of Turner Society, and Forest City Lodge, No. 12, A. O. U. W.; Mr. B. has been engaged in the furniture business for himself six years, having previously served apprenticeship several years manufacturing; he always keeps a full and complete stock of furniture of every description, which he will sell at lowest prices.

Brockway Fred. H. r 606 Seminary; e s.

BROCKWAY WM. Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots and Shoes, 330 East State street; residence 606 East Seminary street; born in Chazy, Clinton Co., N. Y., Sept. 5, 1832; came to Rockford in 1858;

married Ruth Chapman; she was born in Troy, N. Y.; they have three children, Louisa L., Fred. H., and Florence M.

Brockway Wm. H. r 606 Seminary; e s.

Broeffle H. barber, cor W. State and Main; r 912 N. Court.

Brogunier U. D. carp; r 1069 W. State.

Brolin I. C. emp N. C. Thompson; r 505 S. 1st.

Bromley Sherman, r 605 S. Seventh.

Bronson A. V. r 307 N. Court.

Bronson H. A. foreman *Register*; bds 307 N. Court.

Bronson S. G. with F. H. Manny; r 525 N. Church.

Brooks F. H. shoemkr; r 711 N. Winnebago.

Brower J. W. r 1006 Montague; s s.

Brownlow J. H. mechanic; r 906 S. West.

Brownlow H. L. r 1002 S. West; s s.

Brown Andrew, r 907 Second av.

Brown A. T. r 607 N. Winnebago.

Brown Benj. r 728 N. First; e s.

Brown C. A. wagon making; r 107 S. Main; e s.

Brown C. E. r Whitman cor N. Church.

Brown C. E. r 602 N. Main; w s.

BROWN CHAS. W. & CO. Dry Goods Merchants, Holland House Blk.; C. W. Brown resides 533 N. Church st.; born in Brattleboro, Vt., Nov. 7, 1840; came to Rockford in 1856; resided here three years, then returned to Vt.; was in Q. M. Dept. in the army of the Potomac, one year and a half; in the year 1866 he again removed to Rockford, and has continued to reside here since that time; married Elizabeth Starr, Aug. 20, 1867; she was born in Florida, Jan. 5, 1846; have two children, Melancthon S. born Sept. 19, 1868; Elizabeth, April 4, 1870.

Brown D. agt Rockford Ins Co; r 109 N. 2d.

Brown David J. ins agt; r 109 N. Second.

Brown H. livery stable; r 403 S. Main; e s.

Brown E. F. r 610 Kishwaukee,

Brown E. J. r 501 S. First; e s.

Brown Edw. W. r 306 S. Third; e s.

Brown F. T. r S. Eighth, cor Eleventh av.

Brown G. L. grocer, 522 E. State; r 210 N. Fourth; e s.

Brown George, bds City Hotel.

Brown Geo. N. r 501 S. First; e s.

BROWN GEO. W. Physician and Surgeon, 111 W. State st; residence 807 Pecatonica st.; born in Moria, Essex Co., N. Y., Oct. 29, 1820; came to Rockford in April, 1865; married Lorinda G. Heath, June 1, 1860; she was born in Geneva, N. Y., April 23, 1830; in 1847 the Doctor established the *Conneautville, Penn., Courier*; conducted it until the fall of 1854; then transferred it to two of his apprentices, A. J. Mason and Daniel Sinclair; in

1854 he removed to Lawrence, Kansas, taking with him a Colony Association, composed of about three hundred of his old friends and acquaintances; at Lawrence he established the *Kansas Herald of Freedom*, the first number of which was issued in Sept., 1854, before leaving Penn.; the second number was issued from his office in Lawrence, in Jan., 1855, where he had removed his power press, type, fixtures, etc.; it was the first free state paper established in Kansas, and did good service in the cause of freedom until 1860, after the admission of Kansas as a free state; this paper obtained a circulation of over 8,000, which was unprecedented in local journalism; after the admission of Kansas as a free state, the Dr., deeming his labor as a journalist ended, disposed of his paper and engaged in the practice of law, at Paola, Kansas, having been admitted to the bar of Penn. in 1846; he commenced reading law in 1848, under the tutelage of Joshua R. Giddings; continued his law practice until he came to Rockford, in 1865; then he turned his attention to medicine; he is a graduate of the Eclectic Medical College of Penn., at Philadelphia; he is giving his attention principally to the manufacture and introduction into use of "Electro Vapor and Medicinal Bath" apparatus, having already introduced it into all Western and Southern States; his apparatus is covered by patents, dated May 25, 1875, Feb. 8, 1876, and Dec. 26, 1876.

Brown G. W. moulder; r 908 S. Church; s s.

Brown Rev. Hope, r 208 S. Third; e s.

Brown Harry W. r 403 S. Main; e s.

Brown H. treas. Forest City ins co, and vice pres Rockford nat'l bank; r Beloit rd, 4th house n of bridge, N. Second; e s.

Brown Jas. J. painter; r 606 Montague.

Brown Jno. A. moulder; r 901 Fourth av.

Brown Jno. gardener; r 916 N. Court; w s.

Brown Jno. insurance agt; r 210 N. 4th; e s.

Brown Jno. painter; r 813 N. Second.

Brown Jno. R. fish; r 1104 Elm; w s.

Brown Richard, r 306 S. Third.

Brown Roger, shoemaker; 314 W. State; r 813 N. Second.

Brown S. S. milkman; r 119 N. Church.

Brown T. H. r 701 W. State.

Brown Wm. T. asst cash Rockford natl bank; r 5th house n of bridge, Beloit rd.

BROWN HON. WM. Circuit Judge 13th Judicial District; office Rockford National Bank; residence 306 S. Third; East Side; born in Cumberland Co., England, June 1, 1819; came to N. Y. State in 1827; resided in Oneida Co. most of the time until the fall of 1845, when he came to Rockford, where he has ever since resided; in 1847 he was elected Justice of the Peace; held that office about 6 years;



Duncan Ferguson
MAYOR OF ROCKFORD

elected State's Attorney for what was then known as the 14th Circuit, in 1852; served in that position 4 years; in 1857, was elected Mayor of Rockford; was Village Trustee before city organization; was member of the State Legislature in 1864 and 1865; for about 6 years the Judge was Master in Chancery, and in 1870 was elected Circuit Judge, which office he now holds.

Brumbaugh Chas. r 1010 Second av; e s.

Brumbaugh S. A. trav agt; r 1010 2d av; e s.

Bruline S. emp N. C. Thompson; r 507 S. 1st.

Bruner M. traveling agt; bds 513 N. Church.

Bryant Chas. O. salesman; r 521 N. Church.

Bryan Wm. P. carpenter; r 1502 Charles.

Bubser A. carriage maker; r 703 N. 1st; e s.

Bubser L. press-feeder *Gazette*; r 703 N. 1st; e s.

Bubser C. emp O. Chaney & Son; r 703 N. 1st.

BUCHANAN THOMAS, Foreman Foundry, Wm. A. Knowlton's Manufactory; residence cor East and Loomis sts.; born in Scotland, May 15, 1825; came to Rhode Island in 1847; worked seven and one-half years in foundry there and in 1855 came to Boone Co., Ill., where he was engaged in farming one year; in 1858 came to Rockford; was with Emerson & Co. a few months, then went with Clark & Utter, and continued with them until 1858, when he went to California; was engaged in mining about seven months, but in 1859 went to Downieville, Sierra Co., Cal., and carried on the Foundry business there until 1862; in that year he returned to Rockford; was with F. H. Manny the fall of 1873, when he took charge of W. A. Knowlton's Foundry, where he still remains; married Jane Smith, July 17, 1847; she was born in Scotland, in Sept., 1825; have one son, Thos. J., born March 10, 1856; lost three children; Mr. and Mrs. B. are members of the First Presbyterian church; Mr. B. is a member of Star in the East Lodge No. 166, A. F. and A. M.

Buchanan T. J. moulder; r East nr Loomis.

Buchan A. S. carpenter; r 311 S. Main; w s.

Buckbee Chas. W. re s end Kishwaukee.

Buckbee Theodore E. r s end Kishwaukee.

Buckingham F. A. lab; r 120 N. Court; w s.

Buckland John J. r Seminary; s of R. R.

BUELL HARRY C. Surgeon and Dentist, 206 W. State st.; residence, 602 Horsman st.; the Doctor has the most elegant dental rooms in this part of the state; the appointments are of the most perfect description in every respect; he was born in Zanesville, Ohio; came to th's Co. Sept. 15, 1862.

Buell J. M. real estate and loan agent over 304 W. State; r 602 Horsman.

Buke Wm. r S. Winnebago, s of Wall; s s.

BUKER HORACE & SON, Watch-makers and Jewelers, 310 W. State st.;

Horace Buker resides at 306 N. Church st.; he was born in Minot, Maine, Nov. 23, 1817; in 1835, moved to Ohio, near Mt. Vernon; in 1838, went to Athens, Ohio, where he lived until removal to Pekin, Ill., in 1843; remained there until he came to Rockford, in 1855; married Helen N. Crosby, March 31, 1845; she was born in Attica, N. Y., and died Oct. 3, 1864; they had three children, the two living are: John T., born July 25, 1848, and Inez, June 2, 1856; lost one daughter, Mary J., born March 11, 1846; she died Feb. 15, 1875; Mr. Buker is a practical Watch-maker, having worked at the business over 40 years.

Buker John T. jeweler; r 306 N. Court.

Bunt Anson E. r 1008 E. State.

Bunt George, carp; r 206 N. Fifth.

Bunt Lorenzo, dentist; r 1008 E. State.

Burch Harry, carp; bds 111 S. Third; e s.

Burdick David, r Corbin nr Loomis.

Burdick H. S. painter E. B. Sackett; r 513 E. State.

Burdick Wm. A. r Corbin nr Loomis.

Burk Frank, carriagemaker; r N. Water.

Burk T. gasfitter; bds cor Mulberry and Main; w s.

Burk Wm. plumber; bds 201 N. Main; w s.

Burkman Oxle, bds 901 Fourth av; e s.

Burlingame C. H. C. bkpr; bds W. S. Wilkins.

Burman J. employe watch factory; bds 107 N. First; e s.

Burmaster L. machinist; r 509 N. Third; e s.

BURNAP C. G. Boston Furniture Works, Tinker's Building, Main st., nearly opp Emerson & Co.'s office, on water power; makes a specialty of cylinder desks and book cases; all kinds office desks and furniture manufactured; price lists sent upon application; fitting up of offices done satisfactorily, and at lowest prices; residence, 1104 S. Winnebago st.

Burnes Jeremiah, r 717 N. First; e s.

Burnes Thomas, lab; r Knowlton cor Court.

Burns J. D. phys and surg; r 503 W. State.

Burns Joseph, dry goods 117 W. State; r 110 Horsman.

Burns Peter, employe W. H. Miller.

Burns Rev. Wm. H. pastor Third St. M. E. Church; r 607 E. State.

Burns Wm. N. clk; r 110 Horsman.

Burnett J. H. engineer; r 306 S. Main; w s.

Burnham A. H. painter; bds City Hotel.

Burnham M. R. painter; r 712 N. Main; w s.

Burnside J. L. salsmn; bds 612 Mulberry; w s.

BURPEE A. C. Furniture Dealer and Undertaker, 110 W. State st.; residence, 713 W. State, cor. Horsman; born in Lima, Livingston Co., N. Y., Aug. 10, 1822; lived there until 1853, when he moved to

LeRoy, N. Y., where he remained until 1856, when he removed to Rockford; he has been engaged in the furniture business over 40 years; he is now and has been City Undertaker for 15 years; married Harriet M. Baldwin, daughter of Gordon Baldwin, of Riga, Monroe Co., N. Y., May 3, 1854; she was born Oct., 1823; they have five children, Mary Louise, Harry B., Hermon N., Florence E. and Homer Stanton.

Burritt G. A. r 507 N. Winnebago; w s.

Burritt Rufus H. r 817 N. Main; w s.

Burrows F. cigarmaker; bds White's Hotel.

Burroughs N. C. confectionery, etc.; r 210 N. 3d.

BURSON WM. W. Of the firm of Burson & Nelson, Proprietors of Rockford Knitting Works, on water power; residence 1110 Montague st.; born near Utica, Venango Co., Pa., Sept. 22, 1832; came to McDonough Co., Ill., in 1842; lived there 1 year, 15 years in Fulton Co., Ill., 2 years at Yates City, Knox Co.; came to Rockford in January, 1863; he was the first to invent a practical "Grain Binder," which gave satisfaction and was continued in use; he, with John Nelson, his present partner, perfected the first knitting machine which would finish hose without hand work; Mr. Burson married Emily S. Wilson, Oct. 5, 1856; she was born in N. J.; they have three children living, Florence Adelle, born March 8, 1858; Wilson W., May 24, 1864; and Ernest E., June 4, 1867; lost three, who died in infancy.

Burton Edward, r 815 Benton; e s.

Buske Albert, tanner; r 902 Rockton av.

Butler Jas. lab; room over 302 W. State.

Butler Jas. bds 506 W. State.

BUTLER REV. THADDEUS JOSEPH, D. D., Pastor of St. Mary's Catholic Church; residence 408 Rock st., East Side; born in Limerick, Ireland; he was educated at the Ecclesiastical Seminary of Dublin, and at the celebrated College of Propaganda, Rome; the degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred in the city of Rome, in 1856; when he came to this country he was for a time First Secretary to the Rt. Rev. Bishop Duggan, in Chicago; when the war broke out, Dr. Butler took a decided stand in favor of the national cause and became Chaplain of the Irish Brigade, and shared all its dangers and privations; as a scholar and thinker, he ranks among the most eminent of Europe and America; as an orator, he stands among the first; in addition to his fine scholarship and extended learning, he is a man of extraordinary musical ability and attainments, while in Rome being a member of the Pope's choir.

Butler T. M., circuit clerk and recorder; r 1018 W. State.

Butterworth C. W. at gas works; bds 122 S. Second; e s.

BUTTERWORTH THOS. Sole owner of the Rockford Gas Works; residence 203 N. Main st., West Side; born in Manchester, Eng., Sept. 6, 1827; came to this country Dec. 25, 1848; landed at New Orleans; in 1849 he located at Cincinnati, O.; engaged in the gas business there until he moved to Rockford, in 1857; married Alice Winstanley, Dec. 26, 1846; she was born in Manchester, Eng.; they have seven children living; lost three.

Buxton G. S. watches and jewelry, opp court-house, W. State; r over 509 W. State.

Byers E. C. restaurant, over 213 W. State; r 506 W. State.

Byers Jno. carp; r 1014 Crosby; e s.

Byrnes Pat'k, lab; r N., n N. Main; e s.

CADMAN A. baker; r cor Blake and Ferguson; s s.

Cahoon Henry, r 1009 East; s s.

Calkins A. W. clk; rooms 810 S. Main; s s.

Calkins Chas. B. r 203 S. Fourth; e s.

Calkins F. printer *Gazette* office; r 203 S. 4th.

Calkins M. A. merchant; bds 901 S. Main; s s.

Calkins M. T. stove polish; bds. C. I. Henry.

Calkins W. L. employe tack factory; r cor Morgan and River.

Callahan Michael, r 905 Rockton av.

Callender A. J. carp; r over 302 E. State.

Call A. Y. farm; r 1201 Ferguson, cor Loomis.

Call C. F. mechanic; r 1205 Ferguson; s s.

Call I. R. farm; r 1201 Ferguson, cor Loomis.

Calligan Andrew, bds cor 2d and Market.

Cameron A. blacksmith; r 115-117 S. First.

Cameron Andrew, r 719 N. Main; e s.

Campbell Abel, r 305 N. Third.

Campbell A. K. pumps; r 1204 Second av.

Campbell B. F. carp; r 505 N. Third; e s.

Campbell —, constable; room over 119 S. Main; w s.

Cammann F. W. clk; r 517 N. Church.

Cantine Rev. R. S. pastor S. R. M. E. Church; r 1014 S. Winnebago; s s.

Carleton I. r 1302 E. State.

Carlin John, lab; r rear 308 N. Avon.

Carlin Patrick, r rear 308 N. Avon.

Carlin Thos. lab; r rear 308 N. Avon.

Carlin Wm. lab; r rear 308 N. Avon.

Carlson Ludwick, lab; r 607 S. Fifth.

Carlson Wickture, r 904 Kishwaukee; e s.

Carlson C. G. r S. Fifth, n Gregory.

Carlson A. r 508 S. Seventh; e s.

Carmichael J. clk; r 810 First av.

Carney Peter, fireman; r 704 Maple.

Carpenter D. H. r 404 N. Winnebago; w s.

Carpenter Eben, carp; 805 Cunningham; s s.
Carpenter E. C. cabinet mkr; r S. Ninth; W A.
Carpenter H. W. r 204 W. State.

Carpenter J. C. employe Graham & Co.; r 1104 S. Main; s s.

Carpenter Monroe, carp; r 506 Catlin.

CARPENTER MURRAY M.

Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Rubber Clothing, Belting, Hose, Packing, Tubing, and Enameled Carriage and Table Cloths, 204 W. State st.; residence cor. Church and Park sts.; born in Phoenix, N. Y., Aug. 7, 1847; removed with his parents to Clinton Junction, Wis., in 1856; lived there until 1866, when they went to Saugatuck, Allegan Co., Mich., and resided there until 1867, when he came to Rockford; he has been engaged in present business since March, 1871; married Lena Cammann, March 2, 1875; she was born in Rockford; she is an Episcopalian; Mr. Carpenter is a Baptist.

Carpenter R. cabinet-maker; S. Ninth; W. A.

Carratt Henry, r 724 North; e s.

Carratt James, lab; r 601 Longwood; e s.

Carratt Thos. gardener; r 601 Longwood; e s.

Carrico Frank K. r 907 Pecatonica.

Carrico T. W. r 907 Pecatonica.

Carroll Patrick, lab; r 1101 Fifth av.

Carr Frank, lab; r near foot bridge.

Carson James H. r cor Blake and Corbin.

Carter John M. r 1001 Corbin; s s.

Carter Linn, r 909 Crosby; e s.

Carter W. M. employe N. C. Thompson; r 1001 Corbin.

Carter Wm. r 1001 Corbin.

Cary Julius, r 1204 Montague; w s.

Case Wilson C. carp; bds City Hotel.

Cash Frank, lab; r 504 Longwood.

Castner David, machinist; r 409 S. Main; w s.

Castner Theodore, r 409 S. Main; w s.

Catlin Dr. A. M. physician; r 401 Gregory.

Catlin F. H. grocer; r 911 First av; e s.

Caulfield Timothy, lab; r 818 Benton; e s.

Caulquist John A. employe Johnson & Minzinger; r 111 S. Main; e s.

Cavanaugh Chas. blacksmith; r 806 Fifth av.

Cavanaugh John, soap maker; r 806 Fifth av.

Cavanaugh Matthew, lab; r 917 Pecatonica.

Cavanaugh Wm. blacksmith; r 806 Fifth av.

Cavel Walter, clk; r 209 S. West; w s.

Chadwick Reuben, carp; r 805 Court; e s.

Chadwick Willis, r 805 Court; e s.

Challander R. J. bds 408 Kishwaukee; e s.

Chalmers Robt. r 912 Rock; s s.

Chalmers Wm. bolt-maker; r 201 Kent; s s.

Chamberlain A. A. employe J. B. Marsh & Co.; r 806 Crosby.

Chamberlin Chas. r 104 S. Fifth; e s.

Chamberlin Fred. r 106 S. Eighth; e s.

Chamberlin G. r 912 N. Court; w s.

Chamberlin W. A. farm; r 106 S. Eighth; e s.

Chamberlin Wallace, r 106 S. Eighth; e s.

Chambers E. driver; r Rockton av.

Chambers M. emp Lawshee; r 704 Rockton av.

Champ E. machinist; r 708 N. First; e s.

Champ Fred. moulder; r 708 N. First; e s.

Champ Geo. moulder; r 708 N. First; e s.

Chandler Clarence, r 610 S. Sixth.

Chandler C. R. trav agt; r 714 Elm.

Chandler D. C. merchant police; r 309 N. Third; e s.

Chandler E. C. r 611 East.

Chandler E. D. Bible publisher; bds 802 S. First; e s.

Chandler Rev. E. K. pastor State street Baptist Church; r 1308 E. State.

Chandler Henry C. r 714 Elm.

Chandler Isaac, painter; r Wall, n S. Main.

CHANEY OSBORN, Lumber Dealer; yard corner First avenue and Kishwaukee street; residence 203 North Second street; born in Harrison Co., Va., March 31, 1818; was a resident of Green Co., Ohio, four years, and came to Bureau Co., Ill., in July, 1835; remained there six months, and in December, 1835, went to Galena, where he resided eighteen months, when he returned to Bureau Co., and staid six months longer, at which time he removed to what is now White Rock Tp., Ogle Co., in 1838; engaged in farming there, and continued at that business until he removed to Rockford, in August, 1864; during his residence in White Rock Tp. he was for four years Constable, Justice of the Peace four years, Assessor eight years, Supervisor two or three terms, and School Director almost continuously during his residence there; married Amanda Rice, March 16, 1843; she was born in Ellicottville, Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., March 24, 1820; they have seven children, all born in Ogle Co., Louise A., Edward O., Alice A., Mary E., George W., Morris J., and Harry E.; lost one daughter, Harriet E., who died July 17, 1862, aged 8 years and 3 months.

Chaney Ralph, r 907 Third av.

Chaney S. L. book-keeper; bds 907 Third av.

Chaney R. general insurance agent; r 205 N. Second; e s.

Chaney S. P. grocer; r 122 S. Second.

Chapin E. watchmaker; bds Am'n House.

Chapman B. C. watchmkr; r 401 S. Main; e s.

Chapman Geo. r 206 Kent; s s.

Chapman Wm. C. bds 507 E. Seminary; e s.

Charlton G. W. painter; r 917 Crosby; e s.

Charlton J. G. switchman; bds O. Monroe.

Charlton Thomas, tailor; r 917 Crosby; e s.

Charlton Thomas, r 917 Crosby; e s.

Chase Chas. B. photographer; bds Holland House.

Chatelain E. watchmkr; bds 202 N. 2d; e s.

Checkfield Geo. peddler for Myers & Lowis.

Cheney Frank A. restaurant, 506 W. State.

Cheney Franklin, r 308 S. Main; w s.

Cheney Geo. B. bds Hardy's Hotel.

Chick James, carp; r 105 S. Eighth; e s.

CHICK JOHN G. Proprietor of the Lower Flouring Mill, on water power, East Side, formerly known as the Bartlett Mill; residence 407 South Church street; born in England, Nov. 18, 1833; came to N. Y. State in 1850; went to Canada in 1851, and removed to Rockford in April, 1854.

Childs Martin L. employe Childs & Merrick; bds 118 N. Winnebago; w s.

Childs E. B. r 118 N. Winnebago.

Chinquist Chas. tailor; r 509 S. First; e s.

Chisholm John, cigars, etc.; r 416 S. Main.

Christianson Claus, clk; r 505 S. Fifth.

Christianson Chas. lab; r 508 Union; e s.

Church A. L. bds 1104 S. Winnebago.

Church E. L. inventor; bds Hardy's Hotel.

CHURCH HON. SELDEN M.

Capitalist; residence on South Avon st., corner Cedar; born in East Haddam, Ct., March 4, 1804; his father moved to Monroe Co., N. Y., in 1804; engaged in farming most of the time until 1828; taught school in Cincinnati Public School in 1828; one of the first teachers of that city after establishment of the public school system; returned to Rochester, N. Y., and engaged in mercantile business, which he continued until 1835, when he sold out and came to Geneva, Ill., where he remained one year, and then moved to Rockford, in the fall of 1836; for about a year he was engaged in getting out logs and disposing of them to the mill men; then he commenced to clerk for Germanicus Kent, and continued with him until 1839; in 1840, he was appointed Post-Master; having been previously appointed County Clerk, in 1839; served as P. M. until 1843, and continued as County Clerk until 1847; in 1847, he was elected a member of the Constitutional Convention; in 1849, he was elected County Judge, and held that office continuously for two terms of four years each; was member of the Illinois General Assembly session of 1861 and 1862; was Supervisor of Rockford Tp. eight or ten years, serving during the entire duration of the rebellion; married Permelia Stevens, in January, 1831; she was born in Mass.; died in August, 1832; they had one child, which died in infancy; present wife was Mrs. Mary Preston; she was born in Maine; they

have one daughter, Catherine M., now Mrs. Theo. A. Keeler, of Bridgeport, Ct.; Judge Church is President of the Rockford Insurance Company.

Church Ulysses F. r Avon, cor Cedar; w s.

Churchill Wm. L. r 718 N. First; e s.

Churchill Lemuel, r 409 N. Second; e s.

Ciegler J. cigar maker; r 704 N. Main; e s.

Ciser Wm. H. carp; r 504 S. Main.

Clancey James, mechanic; r 902 Benton; e s.

Clarke A. pleasure boats; r 902 River; s s.

Clarke B. F. machinist; r 1211 S. Main; s s.

CLARKE HARRISON. Watchmaker, of the firm of Clarke & Orvis, Manufacturing Jewelers and Watchmakers, 408 E. State st.; born in Rome, Oneida Co., N. Y., Aug. 30, 1840; came to Rockford Aug. 24, 1875; he resided in Freeport 12 years before coming here; married Nancy A. Richardson, Jan. 3, 1865; she was born in Ohio, March 29, 1844; they have two children living, Clarabelle and Caroline E.; lost two sons; Mr. Clarke is an Adventist; the firm of Clarke & Orvis do all kinds of first-class work, repairing, etc.

Clarke Henry, bookbinder *Gazette* office; bds over 513 E. State.

CLARKE ORLANDO, Manufacturer of Hot Water Heating Apparatus, Well Drilling Machinery, etc.; general jobbing done, Tinker's Building, on water power; residence S. Main st., South Side, near city limits; Mr. Clarke was born in Brookfield, N. Y., Dec. 12, 1832; came to Ill. in 1844; came to Rockford, in June, 1847; established Iron Works here in that year, manufacturing mill machinery and doing general machine work; in 1852, he entered into partnership with Isaac Utter, and they continued together until Oct., 1876, when they dissolved.

Clarke Wm. carp; r 902 N. Court; w s.

Clark C. M. stereoscopic views; r 408 N. 4th.

Clark Cyrus P. emp Brown & Pfanstiel; r S. Water, stone row.

Clark H. G. notions, etc.; r 402 N. First; e s.

Clark H. C. merchant police e s; r 503 E Seminary.

Clark James, r 503 E. Seminary.

Clark J. H. stereoscopic views; r 410 N. 4th.

Clark J. L. hardware; r 205 N. Second.

Clark Jerome, bds 306 N. Third; e s.

Clark John, watchmaker.

Clark J. M. emp C. & U.; r over 321 E State.

Clark J. W. carp; bds Hardy, rooms 407 Mulberry.

Clark J. S. watchmaker; r 803 Rock; s s.

CLARK LUCIUS & D. SEL-WYN, Physicians and Surgeons, office 302 Oak st., East Side; Lucius Clark was born at Amherst, Mass., June 10, 1813;

came to Rockford in 1845; married Julia A. Adams, of Hinsdale, Mass., May 26, 1836; she died June 16, 1861; two children now living, by this marriage, Dexter Selwyn and Lucius Armor; present wife was Charlotte M. Townsend; married in Rockford, April 13, 1864; they have two children, Mabel and Eva; the Doctor graduated from Geneva (N. Y.) Medical College, class of 1835; he is a member of the State Medical Society; has been a member of the Board of Trustees of Rockford Female Seminary since its organization until last year, when he resigned, and his son, D. Selwyn, was elected to fill his place; the Doctor resides at 302 S. Main st., East Side; D. Selwyn Clark was born in Chili, Monroe Co., N. Y., Jan. 10, 1839; came to Rockford in 1845; married Eva F. Townsend, April 11, 1872; she was born in Springfield, Erie Co., Pa.; they have two children, Faith B. and one infant son; D. Selwyn is a graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, N. Y. City, class of 1865; during the war of the Rebellion he served as Assistant Surgeon of the 25th Regt. I. V. I., and as Surgeon of the same Regt., having passed the required examination before graduation.

Clark Norman, ins. agt.; r 1012½ E. State.

Clark Robert, lab; r 502 Kent; s s.

Clark T. M. physician; r 108 N. Court; w s.

Clark Wesley D. baker; r 710 Elm.

CLARK W. S. Portrait, Landscape, and General Business Photographer; studio, 121 W. State st.; residence, 604 Oak st.; born in New Milford, this Co., Jan. 1, 1852; married Sarah E. Lake; she was born in Rockford.

Clark Wm. A. lab; r 714 North; e s.

Clark J. W. carp; bds Hardy's.

Clark —, watchmaker; bds Kent, bet S. Church and Main.

Clay Andrew, lab; r 509 S. First; e s.

Clay J. trav agt N. C. Thompson.

Clayton Anson, r 409 N. Second; e s.

Cleaveland Eli T. hardware; r 710 Seminary.

Cleaves A. H. watchmaker; r 309 Kiswaukee.

Cles Frank, bds 117 N. First; e s.

Clifford John, clk; r 1015 W. State.

Clifford M. groceries 314 E. State; r same.

Coakley S. G. cigarmaker; r — Kishwaukee.

Coan Michael, emp H. W. Price; r same.

Coburn S. G. boots and shoes 320 E. State; bds City Hotel.

COFFEY JEREMIAH T. Dealer in Millinery, Fancy Dry Goods, Hats, Caps and Notions, 310 E. State st.; residence 110 N. First st.; born in England; came to Manchester, N. H., in 1853; removed to Rockford in 1864; has been engaged in mercantile business all the time

since he came here; his first wife was Mary Ann Hart; she died Oct. 14, 1874; they had four children; two daughters are still living; lost one son and one daughter; present wife was Eliza O'Brien; they have one child, a son; Mr. Coffey is a member of the Catholic Church; his wife is an Episcopalian.

Cogswell L. D. r 301 S. Court; w s.

Colahan Michael, lab; r 306 Prairie; e s.

Colby Chas. A. r 111 S. First; e s.

Colby T. I. blacksmith, N. Main; e s; r 403 N. Third.

Colberg A. C. blacksmith; r 1008 6th av; es.

Colbert John, lab; r head of George.

Colburn Wm. watchmkr; bds 202 N. Second.

Cole J. J. stencil cutter, 217 E. State; r 104 S. Fifth.

COLE THOS. W. County Treasurer; office County Building; residence 308 Horsman st.; born in N. Y. city, Nov. 9, 1838; came to this Co. in 1840; married Alice Mentzer; they have two children, Frank C. and Wm. J.; Mr. Cole enlisted in Co. D, 11th I.V.I. (three months regt.), April 25, 1861; re-enlisted July 20, 1862, in Co. D, — I.V.I.; served three years; lost right arm at Resaca, Ga., May 14, 1864; he was Collector of Rockford Tp. for two years, 1870 and 1871, serving three terms as County Treasurer; elected first in November, 1871.

COLE WM. J. Retired Farmer; residence Main st., South Side, near city limits; born in Westfield, Richmond Co., N. Y., Aug. 30, 1805; when 17 years of age, commenced to serve as carpenter's apprentice, in Bridgetown, N. J., and continued there until 21 years of age, when he went to N. Y. city, and remained there until he removed to Winnebago Co., in 1839; he took up a farm of 215 acres in what is now Winnebago Tp., on Secs. 23 and 14, his residence being on Sec. 23; he removed to Rockford in 1849, and has worked at his trade and engaged in farming pursuits since; married Mary Goodman, Oct. 4, 1830; she was born in N. Y. city, Dec. 20, 1809; they have two children, Ann Elizabeth, now Mrs. Geo. A. Hawks, born July 18, 1832; and Thos W., Nov. 9, 1838.

Coleman Chas. r 532 N. Church.

Coleman J. S. salesman; r 508 Pleasant.

Colligan Jas. lab; r 506 Market.

Colligan J. J. sewing machines; r 793 Winnebago; w s.

Coller John B. r 605 W. State.

Collins Anthony, r 410 S. Court; w s.

Collins Chas. barber, 403 E. State.

Collins D. watch factory; r 308 Walnut; e s.

Colson A. gardener; r 718 N. Church; w s.

Colson —, r 302 S. Seventh.

COLTON AUSTIN, Farmer; residence 805 Mulberry st.; born in Northampton, Hampshire Co., Mass., Jan. 30, 1817; he is a descendent of the sixth generation from George Colton, who came from England about the year 1650; after serving a seven years' apprenticeship with the Massachusetts *Spy*, a weekly patriotic paper established before the Revolution, he attained his majority and was honorably graduated; he spent two years working as a journeyman printer, in Worcester, Mass., and sundry offices in N. Y. city, among the principal of which was Harper's book establishment; he came to Rockford in May, 1839; was for four years thereafter engaged in farming pursuits; in 1848 he became connected with the *Winnebago Forum*, remaining at his post as editor and publisher about eleven years; since his marriage, May 29, 1856, to Harriet S. Fowler, only daughter of Royal S. Fowler, of Westfield, Mass., he has prominently identified himself with farming pursuits; he has three sons and one daughter living: Albert L., A. Lincoln, Miriam M. and Royal F.; lost four infant children; Mrs. Colton is a member of the Second Congregational Church.

Colton Albert L. r 305 Mulberry.

Colwell Alfred, r 409 Catlin.

Come Jno. book binder; r 503 E. State.

Conaughy F. clk; bds 802 N. Winnebago.

Conaughy T. shoemkr; r 802 N. Winnebago.

Condon Jno. watchman; r w E. Chestnut.

Condon Jno., Jr. r w E. Chestnut.

Condon Thos. lab; r 701 Wall.

Congdon Thos. machinist; r 508 N. 2d; e s.

Conick W. G. conductor; r 114 N. First; e s.

Conkling E. K. bkpr; r 519 N. Church; w s.

Conkling H. M. clk; r 519 N. Church; w s.

Connors Jas. lab; r 703 S. Fifth.

Connors Jas. lab; r 729 N. Main; e s.

Connors Jno. lab; r 112 N. Second; e s.

Connors Michael, r 729 N. Main; e s.

Connors Michael, engineer; r 1012 Rock; s s.

Connolly Jas. r 609 N. Main; e s.

Connolly M. J. printer; r 609 N. Main; e s.

Connolly Peter, lab; r 609 N. Main; e s.

Converse H. clk; bds 202 N. Fourth; e s.

Conway Michael, lab; r 916 Crosby; e s.

Conway Patrick, r 916 Crosby; e s.

Conyne G. W. machinist; r Montague, n S. Main.

Cook E. O. artist; r 502 N. Second; e s.

Cook J. Frank, r 610 Cunningham; s s.

Cook Jos. lab; r Knowlton, bet Main and Church; s s.

Cook Nathan H. r 1203 Charles; e s.

COOK REUBEN, Carpenter, Contractor and Builder, cor. Court and Green

sta.; residence 610 Cunningham st.; South Side; born in Provincetown, Mass. Oct. 10, 1833; came to Rockford in Oct., 1867; married Sarah A. Flanders, in Boston, May 4, 1856; she was born in Gilmanton, N. H., June 23, 1837; they have four children, Frank J., born Aug. 11, 1857; Wm. H., Jan. 28, 1859; Ada Florentina, May 7, 1854; Nellie F., Feb. 11, 1866; Mr. and Mrs. Cook are members of the South Rockford Methodist Episcopal Church.

COOK MRS. C. A. ALLIS, Principal of Allis' Commercial College and Institute of Penmanship, Andrus' Building, 323 and 325 West State st.; this college was established in 1866, and is largely patronized by those desiring a thorough business education; she was born in Cholesterol, Vt.; came to Rockford from Pa., in 1866; Mrs. Cook's husband, Jas. H. Cook, was engaged in the lumber business for several years; he is now President of the Commercial College; they were married Oct. 8, 1875; he was born in New Marble, Berkshire Co., Mass.; Mr. and Mrs. Cook are members of the Second Congregational Church.

Cook J. H. prop. Allis' commercial college, over 325 W. State.

Cook S. blacksmith; bds 407 S. Winnebago.

Cook W. ins agt; bds 1202 S. Main; s s.

Cook Wm. H. clk; r 610 Cunningham.

Cooling T. blacksmith; r 407 Morgan; s s.

Coombes John B. r 902 S. Main; s s.

Coonradt A. clk; bds 308 N. First.

Coonradt D. r rear 507 Kishwaukee; e s.

Coonradt D. S. mechanic; r 509 1/2 E. Seminary; e s.

Coonradt Israel, r 1010 S. Third; e s.

Coonradt Levi C. carp; r 510 E. Seminary.

Coonradt P. A. r 308 N. First; e s.

Cooper David T. r 114 N. Winnebago; w s.

Cooper J. J. barber, 403 E. State; r 306 S. First; e s.

COOP JOHN O. Machinist with Emerson, Talcott & Co.; resides at 809 Rock st.; born in Oldham, Lancashire Co., Eng., Jan. 14, 1839; came to Rockford in April, 1868; he has worked at machinery business since he was sixteen years of age; his special work now is Iron Pattern Work; he is a member of the Episcopal Church; he is also a member of the E. F. W., Ellis Lodge No. 633 A. F. and A. M., and Winnebago Chapter, No. 24.

Cope Warren F. lab; r 804 Horsman; w s.

Cope —, r W. State, near limits.

Copeland J. ins agt; bds 907 N. Court; w s.

Copeland G. law student; r 907 N. Court; w s.

Coppins E. C. miller; bds 605 Longwood.

Coppins Wm. J. r 605 Longwood; e s.

Corcoran B. boots and shoes, 421 E. State; r North Church.

Corcoran John, lab; r North, e of Summit.
 Corcoran James, lab; r 908 Crosby.
 Corcoran Patrick, lab; r 706 N. Main; e s.
 Cordingley J. T. lab; r 1109 S. Church; s s.
 Cormack David, engineer; r 403 S. West.
 Cormack G. H. oat-meal; bds White's Hotel.
 Cornelius James, cigar maker; bds Forest City House.
 Cornelius S. A. cigar maker; bds Forest City House.
 Cornell Morton, r 705 Elm.
 Cosper Elias, Secy and Treas Rockford Tack Co; r 6th house n of bridge, N. Second; e s.
 Cosper H. E. clk; r 1024 Mulberry; w s.
 Costello Thomas, lab; r 911 South.

COTTON HORACE W. Druggist, 412 E. State st.; boards at 202 N. Second st.; born in Taylor, Cortland Co., N. Y., Oct. 31, 1842; came to Rockford in July, 1873; married Nannie Brunton, Nov. 13, 1867; she was born in Ohio; they have one child, Charles W., born March 27, 1871; Mr. Cotton served three years in Co. B, 76th N. Y. V. I.; was wounded and taken prisoner at the battle of the Wilderness, but was exchanged about two weeks after his capture; he is a member of Rockford Lodge, No. 102, A. F. and A. M.; Social Lodge, No. 140, I. O. O. F., and Reaper City Lodge, No. 36, A. O. U. W.

Cotton R. H. r 521 W. State.
 Coughtry Nathan, r 1217 S. Winnebago; s s.
 Covill Wm. paper mkr; r 1102 East; s s.
 Covill E. D. millwright; r 1102 East; s s.
 Cowles Daniel, blacksmith; r 401 East; e s.
 Cowles F. M. law student; bds 115 N. 1st; e s.
 Cowles James C. r 302 S. First; e s.
 Cox Henry, r 602 S. Seventh; e s.
 Cox James J. miller; r 408 S. First; e s.

COX JOSEPH. Proprietor of the Forest City Flouring Mill, on Water Power, East Side; residence 408 S. First st., East Side; born in England, April 13, 1828; came to Rockford, Sept., 1854; married Jane B. V. Jones, May 5, 1853; she was born in England; they have four children: James J., Tom G., Sarah A. and Louisa.

Cox Wm. r Lee, cor School.

COY ROBERT E. Of the firm of Richardson & Coy, Lumber Dealers; Yard and Office, 4015 Main st.; Mr. Coy resides at 504 S. Second st., East Side; he was born in Guilford Tp., this Co., July 10, 1848; he is a son of Wm. Coy, now living in that township, and one of the early settlers of this Co., having come to this Co. May 31, 1845.

Coyne John, lab; r 806 Corbin; s s.
 Cozine H. B. machinist; r 108 N. Fifth; e s.
 Craddick Michael, gardener; r 708 Horsman.
 Cradick Patrick; lab; r 203 Fourth av.

Craig John W. r 802 N. Church; w s.
 Craig Wm. lab; r 915 Pecatonica.
 Crail Chas. C. carp; r 207 S. Winnebago.
 Cram O. W. carp; r 409 N. Third; e s.
 Crandall A. D. cooper; r S. Eleventh bet Tenth and Eleventh avs; W. A.
 Crandall A. N. carp; r 309 N. Avon.
 Crandall Chas. F. watchman; r out of town.
 Crandall Mrs. Daniel, r 406 S. First; e s.
 Crandall Lewis B. bds 414 N. Main; w s.

CRANDALL OLIVER A. Manufacturer of all kinds of Cooperage; Factory on Water Power, rear of T. Derwent & Sons' mill; residence 404 N. Winnebago st.; born in Penfield, Monroe Co., N. Y., Dec. 31, 1827; came to Beloit, Wis., in 1845; came to Rockford in 1865; married Sarah F. Carpenter at Rockton, this Co., Jan. 19, 1847; she was born in Troy, N. Y.; they have one child.

Cranny Jno. cigar maker; r 320 S. Wyman.
 Crawford Henry, r 203 N. First; w s.
 Crawford M. S. carp; bds 610 Mulberry; w s.
 Crawford Peter S. r 203 N. First; e s.

CRAWFORD RICHARD F. Attorney and Counsellor at Law; office 329 E. State st., over Thompson's Bank; residence 710 Benton st.; East Side.

Crawford S. P. wire works; r 402 Horsman.
 Creagan Lawrence, cooper; r 1209 Third av.
 Creagin Mich. cooper; r 213 S. Water; e s.
 Creagin Patrick r 213 S. Water; e s.
 Creany Jno. W. carp; bds 506 W. State.
 Creany M. A. carp: room 407 Mulberry; w s.
 Creany M. A. carp; bds 506 W. State.
 Creveling H. shoemkr: r 203 S. Winnebago.
 Cress H. S. bds O. Monroe.
 Crews Rev. H. pastor M. E. church; r. 209 S. Second; e s.

Crill A. stock yard; r 403 N. Winnebago; w s.
 Crill Henry, r 502 Gregory; e s.
 Critzmann Geo. r 1005 Horsman.

CROOK WM. T. Manufacturer of all kinds of Wooden and Iron Pumps, and the celebrated Webster Wind Mill, 201 East State st.; born in Ogdensburg, N. Y., March 8, 1850; came to Rockford in Aug., 1871.

Cross Chas. S. r 608 Rural; e s.
 Cross Chas. H. r 608 Rural; e s.
 Cross E. S. bds Holland House.
 Cross J. B. patent rights; r 224 S. Main; w s.
 Crotty Wm. saloon; 413 E. State; r same.
 Crowell E. gardener; r 1010 Ferguson; s s.
 Crowley Jno. lab; r 502 S. Wyman.
 Crowley Thos. M. carp; r 805 S. West; s s.
 Cruninger Frank, soap maker; r Sixth.
 Cummings S. A. paper mkr; r 605 Montague.

Cunningham Barney, lab; r 404 S. Court.
 Cunningham H. lumber; r 810 Cedar; w s.
 Cunningham Jas. J. employe A. VanInwagen; bds 404 S. Court; w s.
 Cunningham Jno. lab; r 404 S. Court.
 Cunningham Thos., jr. r Rock cor Knowlton.
 Currier A. H. clerk; r 603 N. Main; e s.
 Currier C. J. clerk; r 608 N. Main; e s.
 Currier E. W. photographs; r 603 N. Main; e s.
 Curry J. P. trunk maker; r 403 S. Fourth.
 Curtis Edward, teacher; r 606 S. Third; e s.
 Curtis E. F. r 809 N. Court; w s.
 Curtis Col. Norman, r 714 N. Winnebago; w s.
 Curtis Rev. Wm. S. r 606 S. Third; e s.
 Curtis T. Z. bds Forest City House.
 Cutting Guy H. r 304 N. Avon.

DAGWELL C. H. C. harness maker, 425 W. State; r 1007 S. West; s s.

Dahlquist Axell, painter; r 1013 Sixth av.
 Dain Harry, basket maker; r 312 S. Wyman.
 Dale Wm. C. painter; r 404 S. Court; w s.
 Dales Ralph E. r 901 S. Winnebago; s s.
 Dales Wm. r 901 S. Winnebago; s s.
 Dalton Michael, lab; r 414 S. Wyman.
 Dalton Michael, Jr. lab; r 414 S. Wyman.

DALY THOS. Blacksmith, 402 Elm st., cor. Church; residence 304 S. Winnebago st; born in Ireland, May 21, 1849; came to America in 1851; came to Rockford in 1870; married Josie Anderson, Aug. 19, 1872; she was born in Madison, N. J.; they have two children, John and Maggie J.; Mr. and Mrs. Daly are members of the Catholic Church.

Dame Jas. asst. city marshal; r 806 Peach.
 Damon Wm. Henry, r 1104 Elm; w s.
 Damon Willard, rooms —.
 Danaher Thos. emp R.R.; r 802 Cedar.
 Daniels W. A. carp; r 209 Horsman.
 Danielson Andrew, r Seminary, s of R.R.
 Danielson John, lab; r 511 S. First; e s.
 Danielson J. H. paper maker; bds 402 S. Main; w s.
 Darlin J. emp Thos. Scott; r N. Water; e s.
 Darling H. O. mason; r N. Winnebago, near Whitman.
 Darrington G. tailor, 324 W. State; r same.
 Darroch Robt. B. r S. Ninth; W. A.
 Daugherty Jerry, r 804 Cedar.
 Daugherty Wm. lab; r 804 Cedar; w s.
 Davies I. N. supt. Rockford brush company; r stone block, Cherry.
 Davies W. R. brush mfg; r stone blk, Cherry.
 Davis A. F. bds over 429 W. State.
 Davis Ben. harnessmkr; r 1016 W. State.
 Davis Edw H. r 617 N. Main; w s.
 Davis Eugene, bds 504 E. Seminary.

Davis G. W. r 906 Kishwaukee.

DAVIS HORATIO A. Carpenter, Contractor and Builder, 205 S. Church st.; residence 908 N. Court st.; born in Springfield, N. H., July 22, 1831; came to Rockford Aug. 3, 1855; served apprenticeship at his trade in Lowell, Mass.; first commenced work at his trade 27 years ago; married Katie Hitchings, April 10, 1851; she was born in Nova Scotia, Sept. 17, 1830; they have five children, Clara E., Ellen M., Laura A., Emma J. and Katie L.; they have lost one daughter, Ida May; Mr. Davis served one year in Co. B., 146th I. V. I.

Davis I. F. printer *Register*; r 1110 E. State.

Davis John H; r 612 Rural; e s.

DAYTON SIMON N. Physician and Surgeon; office 122 S. Main st., West Side; residence School st., near city limits; born in Hadley, Saratoga Co., N. Y., April 29, 1822; remained there until 18 years of age, when he went to Boston, where he attended school 4 years; he commenced the practice of medicine at Saratoga Springs, in 1850; in 1857 he removed to Rockford; married Lydia Houghton, about thirty years ago; she was also born in Hadley; they have four sons, John Franklin, Frederick C., Randolph T. and Thaddeus Stevens; Dr. Dayton is a son of Telan and Lucinda Fletcher Dayton, who are still living at Hadley (where his father was born), at the advanced ages of 82 and 85 respectively.

Dayton Fred C. r 304 School.

Dayton T. R. r School, near limits.

Day Chas. E. clk; r 902 Cedar; w s.

Day Mark, farmer; r W. State, near limits.

Day Oscar, farmer; r W. State, city limits.

Dean Walter, r 810 Crosby; e s.

Decamp J. F. machinist, 305 S. Main; w s; r 906 E. State.

Dedrickson Aug. musical instruments, 111 W. State; r 121 N. Wyman.

DeForest E. F. ins agt; r 1404 Third av.

DeForest Wm. H. carp; r 1404 Third av.

DeForest Wm. H., Jr. r 505 N. Church; w s.

DeFoe Edw. wagonmkr; r 407 E. State.

DeFoe Fred S. r 111 S. Third.

Delaney W. S. carp; bds 308 Walnut; e s.

Deming A. C. r 422 N. Main; w s.

Deming Chas. J. r 309 N. Church; w s.

Deming O. E. harnessmaker; r 309 N. Church.

Denman Stephen, blacksmith 118 S. Court; r 1020 Mulberry.

DENNETT GEORGE H. Dealer in Dry Goods, 410 E. State st.; residence 510 N. First st., East Side; born in Rochester, N. H., May 8, 1827; came to Rockford in February, 1855; married C. M. Kelley, in December, 1858; she was



N C Thompson

ROCKFORD

born in Chichester, N. H.; Mr. Dennett has been engaged in the mercantile business ever since he came to Rockford.

Dennis C. E. clk; r 612 Mulberry.

Dennis Frank F. grocer; r 404 S. Third.

Dennis J. E. r 306 S. First; e s.

DENNIS W. P. Retired; residence 204 S. Second st., East Side; born in Ipswich, Essex Co., Mass., Aug. 31, 1804; came to Rockford, March 12, 1837; first wife was Sarah T. Brimmer; married in Salem, Mass.; she was born in Beverly, Mass., and died December, 1848; one child by this marriage, deceased; his present wife was Miss Abbie M. Leland; married Feb. 5, 1850, at Stoughton, Dane Co., Wis.; she was born in Chester, Windsor Co., Vt., Oct. 13, 1818; Mr. Dennis was Sheriff of this Co.

Denton Delos H. r S. Main, nr limits; w s.

Denton Homer, r 212 N. Main; w s.

Dermody J. gardener; r 1408 Charles; w s.

Derstine David W. r 1001 S. Main; w s.

Derstine S. moulder; r 1001 S. Main; s s.

Derwent Edmund, r 402 S. First; e s.

Derwent E., jr., flour mill; r 402 S. Church.

Derwent M. L. watchmkr; r 310 S. Church; e s.

DERWENT T. & SON, Dealers in Flour, Mill Feed, etc., Manufacturers of Patent Process Flour, "best in the market;" mill at the foot of Race's Water Power, West Side.

Derwent T. flour mill; r 310 S. Church.

Derwent T. J. sash, doors, blinds; r 812 S. Court.

DERWENT W. E. (T. Derwent & Son) Flouring Mill foot of Race; residence 310 S. Church; born in Pecatonica, this Co., Dec. 4, 1848.

Derwent Wm. miller; r 310 S. Church; w s.

Deuel John C. carp; r 1005 Kishwaukee.

Devenport W. H. watchmkr; bds 807 W. State.

Dever James, r rear 408 Rural; e s.

Dever Patrick, r rear 408 Rural; e s.

Devine J. H. sash and blind mkr; r 1010 River.

Devine Wm. E. painter; r 1010 River; s s.

Devlin Arthur, employe Manard Bros.

Devlin Arthur, r rear 408 S. Main; e s.

Dexter John, r 311 S. Court; w s.

Deyo Abram, r 209 S. Fifth; e s.

DICKERMAN WORCESTER

A. General Insurance Agent, etc., Room 1, Masonic Block, W. State st.; residence 411 N. Main st.; born in what was Lexington, now called Jewett, Greene Co., N. Y., Sept. 10, 1820; came to Rockford in Sept., 1844; for several years he was engaged in mercantile business in partnership with G. A. Sanford; for a number of years in banking business; is now and has been Director of Second National Bank since its organization; he was

appointed the first insurance agent in Rockford; married Caroline M. Thomas, (daughter of Dr. Alden Thomas, who came here in 1839), Dec. 21, 1847; they have two children, Harry W. and Kate Eliza; Mr. Dickerman was County Superintendent of Schools two years and Assistant Superintendent two years; he and his wife are members of the Second Congregational Church; he has been one of the Deacons of that church nearly the entire time since the church was organized.

Dickerson Louis, bds 124 S. First; e s.

Dickinson Fred. W. r Corbin near Loomis.

Dickinson H. G. machinist; r 1203 S. West; s s.

Dickinson W. watchman; r 1203 S. West; s s.

Dickins Cicero, lab; r over 330 E. State.

Dickman C. blacksmith; r 1005 Rock; s s.

Diggins Wm. lab; r 606 N. Main; e s.

Diggins Thos. lab; r 606 N. Main; e s.

Dignan Pat. teamster; r 407 S. Horsman.

Dillay Dennis, janitor county jail.

Dillin Joseph, miller; bds 1016 W. State.

Dillon John, moulder; r 718 N. Main; e s.

Dixon And. shoemaker; r 131 S. Water; e s.

Dixon Chris. shoemaker; r 113 N. Second.

Dixon G. L. gun dealer; over 301 E. State; r 522 W. State.

Dobson A. J. carp; r Whitman cor N. Court.

Dobson Henry, r Knowlton bet S. Court and Church.

Dobson Henry, jr., r Knowlton bet S. Court and Church; s s.

Dobson Howard W. r 306 N. Avon.

Dobson Thos. r Peach near Avon.

Dobson Thos. lab; r 701 Rockton av.

Dobson Thos. papermkr; r 1012 S. Main; s s.

Dobson Wm. bookkeeper; r 308 N. Avon.

Dobson Wm. stone cutter; r 701 Rockton av.

Dodge D. A. express messenger; bds Holland House.

Doig D. S. architect; r 301 N. Fourth; e s.

Doly Chas. r 805 S. West; s s.

Donaldson John, r 711 Cunningham; s s.

Donley Wm. lab; r 915 Crosby.

Donley Isaiah, r 915 Crosby; e s.

Donnahoe John, lab; r 701 S. Fifth; e s.

Donovan Dennis, lab; r 706 N. Main; w s.

Downey Thos. lab; r 914 Crosby; e s.

Dow Daniel, bds Holland House.

Doolittle F. H. carp; r Ninth cor R. R.; e s.

Doran And. wagon maker; r 1106 E. State

Dorsett Peter, r 1020 Mulberry.

Doty J. B. r 1115 W. State.

Doubler J. W. H. inventor; r 1005 S. Court; s s.

Doughty John, r 1002 Crosby; e s.

Douglas J. H. ins. agt; r 318 N. Avon.

Doud S. J. r 508 Ninth; e s.
 Dowling Jos. mason; r 207 Prairie; e s.
 Dowling Wm. r 1009 S. Church; s s.
 Downey Daniel, r 1112 Elm; w s.
 Downey John, r 1112 Elm; w s.
 Downing J. A. cabinet maker; r 514 S. Main.
 Doyle J. W. blacksmith; r 407 S. Winnebago.
 Doyle M. V. Malleable Iron Works; r 112 N. Winnebago.
 Doyle Patrick horseshoeing, 216 S. Main; r 407 S. Winnebago.
 Drain Dan. salesman, S. C. Withrow; bds American House.
 Drain Duncan, farmer; r 414 S. Court; w s.
 Drain D. stone cutter; bds White's Hotel.
 Drew D. F. M. shoemaker, 110 S. Main; r 510 Rock.
 Duffy Jas. cooper; r 1009 First av; e s.
 Duffy Thos. F. cooper; r 801 Sixth av.
 Duffy Thos. lab; r rear 703 Rockton av.
 Dummer Henry, miller; r 904 Montague; ss.
 Duncombe C. R. room 415 Mulberry.
 Dunham Sam. J. cooper, 1008 Maple.
 Dunkle E. B. livery stable proprietor.
 Dunmore J. H. r 1007 Sixth av; e s.
 Dunn E. C. prop museum; r 807 W. State.
 Dunn Pat'k, emp B. S. Morse; r same.
 Dunphy R. E. carriage mkr; r 808 Horsman.
DUNSHEE F. K. & W. H.
 Grocers, 401 W. State st.
DUNSHEE F. K. residence 514 N. Main st.; West Side.
DUNSHEE W. H. residence 514 N. Main st.; born in Rockford, Oct. 31, 1856; he is a member of the Rockford Rifles, 8d Regt. Ill. Nat'l Guards.
 Durell D. J. mechanic; r 1808 8d av; e s.
 Durham Wm. H. fruit and confectionery, S. Main; w s; r Third av, cor Tenth.
 Durham Wm, r Third av, cor Tenth.
 Dwight J. A. trav agt; r 619 N. Main; w s.
 Dwire Jeremiah, lab; bds 408 S. Winnebago.
 Dwire Michael, lab; r 408 S. Winnebago.
 Dwyer Dennis, lab; r 802 Horsman.
 Dwyer Morris, lab; r 401 S. Horsman.
 Dwyer Timothy, lab; r 607 S. Third; e s.
 Dwyer —, r 607 S. Third; e s.
 Dyer Edw. bds City Hotel.
 Dyer John, bds 111 S. Third; e s.
 Dyson J. supt woolen mills; r 1806 S. Court.
 Dyson W. woolen mill; r n w cor Napoleon.
EARLEY ALBERT D. r 106 S. Second; e s.
 Earley —, r 107 S. Eighth; e s.
 Early Sidney, bds stone row, S. Water; e s.

Eastman H. D. cashier American Express Co.; bds 303 N. Winnebago.

EATON CHAS. B. Dealer in Fancy Notions, Children's Carriages, etc., 121 W. State st.; residence on Pleasant st., near W. State st.; born in Detroit, Mich.; came to Rockford in 1860; married Eliza J. Millis; they have four children; Mr. Eaton served one year as Musician in 11th I. V. I. band, during the war of the rebellion.

Eaton C. W. teacher; r 605 Sixth av; e s.

Eaton Wm. cooper; r 605 Sixth av; e s.

Eavis Geo. r 910 Loomis; s s.

Ebert John A. r 507 S. Third; e s.

Edie J. M. lab; r North, cor Prospect; e s.

Edie J. P. trav agt; r North, cor Prospect; e s.

Edie R. A. B. lab; r North, cor Prospect; e s.

Edmiston John H. trav agt; r second house n of bridge, N. Second; e s.

Edson Geo. A. r 808 S. West.

Edson Geo. D. r 509 Locust.

Edwards A. H. clk American House.

EDWARDS E. C. Proprietor American House, cor. Market and Main sta., East Side; born in Middlebury, Vt., June 12, 1828; came to Rockford in 1854; was engaged in the grocery business here 21 years; first wife was Eliza M. Curtis; she was born in Livingston Co., N. Y.; died —; four children by this marriage; one deceased, Lizzie Jane; the living are, Justus E., Albert H. and Wm. W.; Mr. Edwards present wife was Emily C. Rowley; she was born in Ohio; they have one child; Mr. and Mrs. Edwards are members of the Christian Union Church.

EDWARDS WM. R. Carpenter; residence 803 Rockton st.; born in N. Y. city, July 15, 1849; came to Rockford in 1857; married Mary E. McIntosh Oct. 7, 1877; she was born in Burritt, this Co.; Mr. Edwards has been working at his present business about ten years; he is a member of the Court Street M. E. Church.

Edwards W. W. r 406 S. First; e s.

Egan Thos. stone cutter; r 407 S. West.

Eckback Alfred, lab; r se Kishwaukee; e s.

Ekblad C. r 801 Rural; e s.

Ekeberg Jonas, r rear 1009 Sixth av; e s.

Ekeberg John, furniture mkr; r 1009 6th av.

Ekstein Adolf, clk; r 708 Kishwaukee; e s.

Ekstein Jno. watchmkr; r 708 Kishwaukee.

Eldridge Hugh, lab; r over 380 E. State.

Elliott D. W. peddler; bds 402 Gregory; e s.

Elliott John G. mechanic; r 708 Montague.

Ellison J. A. watchmkr; r 109 N. First; e s.

Ellison J. P. saloon, 303 E. State; r 108 S. Main; e s.

Ellis Edw. F. W. r 305 N. Court; w s.

Ells A. carp; bds 513 E. State.

Ellsworth G. O. lab; r 914 Horsman.

Elmore D.A. coal and wood; r 803 Ferguson.

Emerson C. H. r 409 Park cor N. Court; w s.

Emerson Daniel L. r 313 Peach.

Emerson E. P. machinist; bds City Hotel.

Emerson Frank D. bds 313 Peach; w s.

EMERSON & CO. Manufacturers of Reapers and Farming Implements.

Emerson Ralph, r 409 N. Church; w s.

Emerson R. W. escutcheon manufactory, water power; r 411 N. Church; w s.

Emerson Wm. at Emerson & Co.'s; bds 206 N. Church.

Engdahl John, lab; r 606 S. Sixth.

Ennett Geo. H. r 119 N. Second; s s.

Ennett Thos. mason, 203 N. Main; r 119 N. Second; e s.

ENOCH ABRAHAM L. of the firm of Briggs & Enoch, Manufacturers of Agricultural Implements, on water power; resides at 202 N. Third st; East Side; born in Dayton, Ohio, July 24, 1819; came to what is now Guilford Tp., this Co., in Sept., 1835; he was engaged in farming pursuits in that Tp. until March, 1867, when he removed to Rockford; eleven months thereafter he engaged in the manufacture of plows, and has continued in that business to the present time; he became Township School Trustee in Guilford, before he was 21 years of age; about the same time he was elected Trustee, he was also elected Justice of the Peace; served as Township School Director or District School Director, until he was 47 years of age; received his commission as Justice of the Peace from Gov. Ford; held that position, with the exception of two or three years, for 25 consecutive years; he was Assessor of the same Tp. two years (1851 and 1852); several terms Supervisor; Tp. Highway Commissioner several years; he is one of the Corporate Directors of the Winnebago National Bank; also Corporate Director of the Forest City Ins. Co., and one of the Trustees of the Rockford Ins. Co; was member of Illinois State Legislature two terms; elected first in 1852; was re-elected in 1864; was one of the first members of the General Assembly who voted for the act which resulted in the construction of the first bridge across the Mississippi river at Rock Island; he is now President of the Water Power Co. of this place; married Catharine J. Davis, Nov. 20, 1844; she was born in Canada, April 28, 1819; have seven daughters; Catharine J. now Mrs. D. C. Putnam; Mary E., now Mrs. H. W. Carpenter; Harriet A., Clara M., Eva P., Emma A., and Lowie A.

ENOCH HIRAM R. Whose portrait appears in this work, was born in Warren Co., O., Jan. 2, 1828; removed

with parents to Will Co., Ill., in 1834, and in 1836 came to Winnebago Co., where he has since lived; he was educated at the common school, except one term in the Academical department of Beloit College; his occupation was farming, until the fall of 1855, when he was elected County Treasurer of Winnebago Co., in which capacity he served for eight consecutive years, in the spring of 1862 he went into the army, in Co. C, 57th I. V. I., with rank of Captain; his regiment was assigned to duty at Camp Douglas, Chicago, where he acted in the capacity of Provost Marshal; in the spring of 1864, he served in 132d regt. I. V. I. as Q. M., stationed at Paducah, Ky.; in 1866 he spent the summer in Texas, as inspector of U. S. Customs along the Rio Grande; in 1867 he became connected with the Winnebago Co. *Chief*, a newspaper published in the city of Rockford; in 1870, he purchased the paper and changed its name to the Rockford *Journal*, and has since been its sole editor and proprietor; it takes high rank as an ably edited paper, both in politics and literature; Mr. E. married Miss Adaline E. Sheldon, of Belvidere Tp., Feb. 23, 1851; she was a native of Williamsville, Erie Co., N. Y.; have three children, Helen Lluella, Harrie H., and William.

Erfmeyer Ernest, r S. Ninth cor R. R.

Erickson Alfred, r 508 Walnut; e s.

Erickson And. blacksmith; r foot park; e s.

Erickson C. J. glove maker; r 410 Kishwaukee; e s.

Erickson Gusta, tailor; r 905 Third av; e s.

Erickson Jno. tinsmith; r over 517 E. State.

Erickson Jonas, mechanic; r 302 S. 2d; e s.

ERLANDER & JOHNSON, Merchant Tailors; Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of Clothing, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps, 322 East State st.; John Erlander born in Sweden, April 7, 1826; came to Rockford, April 15, 1855; residence 402 S. Third st.; S. A. Johnson born in Sweden, Nov. 12, 1831; came to Rockford in the fall of 1852; residence 402 Kishwaukee st., cor 32 av.

Erlander Peter, lab; r 507 S. First; e s.

Ernst W. H. carriage painter; r S. 9th cor 11th.

Ertel Jos. butcher; bds City Hotel.

Estabrook J. O. moulder; r 201 Kent; s s.

Evans Geo. painter; 606 Chestnut; w s.

Evans Henry B. r 414 S. Main; w s.

Evans R. B. blacksmith; e 409 S. Court; w s.

Evans Z. B. moulder; r East; s s.

Everitt A. G. telegraph operator; bds White's Hotel.

Eyre Wm. r E. State, near limits.

FABRICK L. F. r 308 S. Winnebago; w s.

Fahrney Henry, r 606 Cunningham; s s.
Fairfield W. W. r 1207 E. State.

Fanning John, lab; r 801 N. First; e s.

Farden J. employe Peacock's brewery; bds foot Prairie.

Farmer Chester, agl imp; r 610 N. George.

Farmer G. L. agl imp; r 1212 S. Main; s s.

Farmer H. H. r 501 N. Winnebago; w s.

FARMER STANLEY E. Of the firm of Farmer & McPherson, Domestic Bakery, 435 W. State st., cor. Court; residence 509 Cherry st., cor. Winnebago; born in Rockton, this Co., Dec. 20, 1854; he is a member of the Rockford Rifles, Co. B., 3d Regt. I. N. G.

Farmer Thomas, r 501 N. Winnebago.

Farnam John, lab; r 919 Crosby; e s.

Farquhar W. G. stone mason; r 605 S. 4th; e s.

Farrell John, lab; r 407 N. Main; e s.

Farrell Miles, mason; r 110 Mulberry.

Farren John A. employe N. C. Thompson; bds 914 N. Court; w s.

Farrington E. W. watchmkr; r 612 Elm; w s.

Farr Wm. bds 908 S. West; s s.

Faulkner C. H. r 305 N. Main; e s.

Faulkner Wm. lab; r Market cor E. State.

Fausner Adolph, bds 411 E. State.

Faust John, r 1106 Fourth av; e s.

Faust Gust. r 1008 Fourth av.

Faxon John, r 1219 E. State.

Fay Alvan, r 303 S. Winnebago; w s.

FAY JESSE B. Proprietor Meat Market 800 S. Main st., South Side; residence 606 W. Second st., East Side; born in Dalton, Coos Co., N. H., March 5, 1844; came to Rockford March 19, 1864; married Sarah A. Roberts, Dec. 3, 1873; she was born in England.

Fay H. P. butcher; r 1001 Morgan; s s.

Fay P. mason; r w s N. Main n end; e s.

Fay W. A. emp bolt factory; r Prospect; s s.

Fearnside T. boots and shoes 206 W. State; r 807 N. Court.

Featherfront John, moulder.

FELCH JOHN, Proprietor Livery Stable 116 N. Main st., West Side; residence 508 Catlin st., East Rockford; born in Topsham, Orange Co., Vt., Aug. 3, 1825; came to Rockford in the summer of 1851; for five years previous to coming here he was agent for Frink Walker's Stage Co. at Elgin and in Iowa; represented them for two years after he came to Rockford; he has been engaged in the livery business over 20 years; married Josephine Moore; she was born at Zanesville, Ohio; they have three children, Alice M., Lizzie (now Mrs. Chester Butterworth), and John, Jr.

Fellows Edward, r 402 N. Fourth; e s.

Fellows J. T. carriagemkr; r 208 Horsman.

Felts E. O. trav agt; r 608 S. Fifth; e s.

Felts George, bds 805 Sixth av; e s.

Fenning T. mason; r 1105 Second av; e s.

Fenton Jyman, r 1101 S. Court; s s.

Ferguson Aaron, r rear 408 Rural; s s.

Ferguson D. at gas works; r 606 Knowlton; s s.

FERGUSON DUNCAN, Was born in Glasgow, Scotland, in Nov., 1810, and during his boyhood resided with his grandfather's family, at Crieff, in Perthshire. When about 15 years of age, he attended the University of Glasgow for two seasons, and then was employed about three years in the Land Surveys, and soon thereafter was engaged in the Trigonometrical Survey of Great Britain for ten years, during which period he was employed most of the time in Ireland. In 1837, he left his native country for the United States of America. He first located in Pennsylvania, where he spent two years in the employ of two railroad companies, as draughtsman of plans, etc. In November, 1839, he removed with his family to Rockford, Winnebago Co., Ills, where he resides at the present time. In 1840, he was elected County Surveyor of Winnebago Co. and Justice of the Peace for La Prairie Precinct. The office of County Surveyor he filled till 1856. In 1862, he was appointed Assessor of Internal Revenue for the Second District of Illinois, and held the position for eight years, when he resigned the office. He has been for the past six years Supervisor of the Seventh Ward of the City of Rockford and chairman of the County Board of Supervisors five years of the time. In April, 1877, he was elected Mayor of the city of Rockford, and is the present incumbent of that office. Has held, for several years, the offices of City Engineer, Assessor, County Treasurer, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, and Drainage Commissioner; also Commissioner of Winnebago Co. for the Improvement of Rock River, under a special act of the Legislature of the State of Illinois. In all the various positions named, Mr. Ferguson has discharged the duties pertaining thereto with so much ability and fidelity, as to meet the hearty approbation of his constituency. Married Miss Agnes M. Hope, August 9, 1829. She was born in Armagh, Ireland. Had seven children by this union, William G., John, Duncan H., Lillias, Mary, Charles and Emma. Mrs. Ferguson died Feb. 15, 1862. Married second time to Mrs. Mary Spellman, Sept. 10, 1867.

FERGUSON D. H. Real Estate and Loan Agent; buys and sells notes, bonds, and mortgages, 313 W. State and 608 N. Church sts., West Side; born in Scotland, Sept. 17, 1838; came to Rockford in 1839; served three years in the war of the rebel-

lion; was Internal Revenue Assessor from 1866 to 1870; was for several years prominently identified with the banking business of Rockford.

FERGUSON JAMES, Of the firm of Holland, Ferguson & Co.; residence 606 Horsman; born in Harlem, this Co., Aug. 20, 1840; married Addie M. Belknap, Oct. 20, 1872; she was born in Byron, Ogle Co., Ill.; they have one daughter, Jennie M., born July 20, 1873; Mr. Ferguson is Assessor of the City and Tp. of Rockford, serving second term.

Ferguson J. A. machinist; r 401 Kishwaukee.

Ferguson S. wagonmkr; r 401 Kishwaukee.

Ferguson Thomas, book-keeper Second National Bank; bds 304 Chestnut.

FERGUSON WM. B. Book-keeper for Graham & Co.; residence 208 S. Main st., East Side; born in Harlem, this Co., Aug. 23, 1848; married Clara Ada Smith, Oct. 15, 1874; she was born in Kenosha, Wis., Sept. 19, 1852; they have one child, May Gilman, born April 9, 1877; Mr. F. was for four years book-keeper and cashier for the Rockford Insurance Co.; four years book-keeper in Second National Bank; was treasurer of the Winnebago Agricultural Society in 1876; has been with Graham & Co. since Nov., 1876.

FIDDICK RICHARD, Blacksmith, 402 Elm st., cor. Church; born in Simons-town, Cape of Good Hope, South Africa, Jan. 1, 1856; at the time of his birth his father was a blacksmith at that place, in the employ of the British government, where he remained 17 years, coming to England in 1867; Mr. Fiddick came to Rockford in June, 1874.

Field J. W. r 408 Chestnut; w s.

Field M. D. r S. 8th bet 10th and 11th avs.

Field Wm. carp; r S. 8th bet 10th and 11th.

Fihn Chas. employe A. M. Johnston & Co.

Fihn Lars, lab; r 134 S. Water; e s.

Fillmore D. H. r N. Avon cor Peach.

Fink J. W. harnessmaker 128 S. Water; e s.

Finley Michael, lab; r 204 Davis; e s.

Finnegan Magan, emp F. Graham; r same.

Finney Daniel, lab; r 805 George; w s.

Finney Thomas, lab; r 805 George, w s.

Firman I. milkman; Firman, from School, near limits.

FISH DARIUS, Retired; residence 305 S. Winnebago st.; he is the son of Andrew and Sarah Fish, and was born in Easttown, Washington Co., N. Y., Aug. 30, 1806; lived in that Co. until 1828, when he removed to Napoli, Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., where he lived about five years; then he went to Darien, Genesee Co., N. Y., and lived there five years; in Sept., 1839, he came to Cherry Valley, in this Co., where he resided on his farm for about 16 years;

22 years ago he came to Rockford to reside; married Mary Brink, daughter of Jacob and Martha Brink, Oct. 23, 1828; she was born in Alexandria, Genesee Co., N. Y., March 28, 1812; Mr. Fish has been engaged in the purchase and sale of horses, buying grain, etc., a portion of the time since he came to Rockford; for about two years during the rebellion, he had charge of stock with the armies of Gen. Pope, Gen. Rosencrans, etc.

Fish Edmund, blacksmith; r 214 S. Church.

Fish G. W. salesman; r 214 S. Church; w s.

Fisher A. H. mcht police, w s; r 1112 W. State.

Fisher B. saloon, 122 W. State; r same.

Fisher Frank P. r 107 S. West cor Elm.

Fisher Franz, clk B. Fisher; r 122 W. State.

Fisher George, r Lincoln av.

Fisher Geo. J. r 107 S. West, cor Elm.

FISHER GEORGE L. Of the firm of Fisher & Wahl, Proprietors of Fisher's Brewery, south of city limits, and Proprietors Saloon 104 W. State st.; Mr. Fisher was born in Germany, Oct. 14, 1839; came to Rockford in 1856; has been engaged in the Brewing business about nine years; he is a member of Star in the East Lodge, No. 166, A. F. and A. M., Turner Society and German Singers Society; he married Barbara Wahl, March 27, 1867; she was born in Germany, Oct. 29, 1846; they have one child, Frank, born March 7, 1868.

Fisher Henry C. sexton W. S. cemetery; r Whitman, near Court.

Fisher L. G. tinsmith; r 204 Horsman.

Fisher W. H. bkpr; r 523 N. Church.

Fitch Benjamin, r 1104 W. State.

Fitch Rev. Chester, r 1104 W. State.

Fitch Henry A. r 1104 W. State.

FITCH JOHN, Retired Farmer; residence 210 S. Winnebago st.; born in Baldwin, Cumberland Co., Me., April 18, 1805; married Lucy L. Sawtelle, Dec. 4, 1835, at Groton, Mass.; ceremony performed by the Rev. Charles Robinson; Mrs. Fitch was born at Groton, Mass., Aug. 14, 1806; they have three children living: Luther P., Wm. Henry and Amelia E.; they have lost two children: Sarah M., died Sept. 21, 1845, aged 7 years; Joanna, died Dec. 23, 1845, aged 3 weeks; Mr. and Mrs. Fitch are members of the Congregational Church; Mr. Fitch first came to this Co., to what is now Cherry Valley, in Nov., 1837; in June, 1838, he removed to the same place with his family; his farm being located in Sec. 1, Cherry Valley Tp.; Sec. 6, Flora Tp.; Sec. 31, Guilford Tp., and Sec. 36, Belvidere Tp.; his house was located on Sec. 1, Cherry Valley Tp.; he lived there until April, 1864, when he removed to Rockford, where he has since resided.

Fitch J. B. salesman; r 606 N. Winnebago.

Fitch Julius C. r 815 S. Main; s s.

Fitch Sanford C. carp; r 606 N. Winnebago.
 Fitch W. H. physician and surgeon, 803 W. State; r 210 S. Winnebago; w s.
 Fitzgerald J. pressman; r 609 N. Main; e s.
 Fitzgerald John, r 609 N. Main; e s.
 Fitzgerald Thomas, r 1209 Third av; e s.
 Fitzgerald Thomas, lab; r 101 River; s s.
 Fitzgerald Wm. lab; r 609 N. Main; e s.
 Fitzpatrick Wm. lab; r 406 S. Winnebago.
 Fitzsimmons C.H. mason; r 906 S. Church; s s.
 Fitzsimmons James, employe R. R.; r 605 N. Main; e s.
 Fitzsimmons J. mason; r 906 S. Church; s s.
 Flanders Daniel B. r 904 S. West; s s.
 Flanery H. tel opr; r 504 S. Fourth; e s.
 Flanery J. expressman; r 504 S. Fourth; e s.
 Flanery M. expressman; r 504 S. Fourth; e s.
 Flannery Michael, bds City Hotel.
 Flannigan Frank, lab; n end Avon.
 Flannigan Thomas, r 508 S. Wyman.
 Fleming J. A. watchmaker; r 1017 Mulberry.
 Fleming Thomas, r 736 N. First; e s.

FLENNIKEN THEODORE N. Mechanical Engineer, with N. Thompson; residence 1101 Rock st.; born in Carmichaels, Greene Co., Penn., Aug. 20, 1844; came to Rockford in 1869; removed his family to this place in 1873; for six years he was engaged in millwrighting and manufacture of water wheels; has been with N. C. Thompson since Dec., 1875; married Ruth E. Peck, Dec. 21, 1870; she was born in Coldsburg, Delaware Co., Ia.; they have two children: Maggie M., born Aug. 14, 1872, and Minnie, born Nov. 1, 1874; Mrs. F. is a member of the Congregational Church.

Fletcher C. farmer; S. Main; w s; nr limits.
 Floberg Aug. P. clk; r 1020 Sixth av; e s.
 Floberg Gust. carp; r 803 Kishwaukee.
 Flodell G. meat market; r 905 Third av.

FLYNN P. Collecting Agent; Office, Room 8, 306 W. State st.; residence 810 N. Main st.; born in Ireland, May 11, 1832; came to Buffalo, N. Y., in 1847; he was for 7 years engaged in the mercantile business in Dunkirk, N. Y., and removed to Rockford in Feb., 1859; continued in the mercantile business here until the call for 300,000 men in 1862; he enlisted about 300 men in the counties of Winnebago, Boone and Stephenson; he was Captain of Co. A, 90th I. V. I., 15th Army Corps, from Aug., 1862, to March, 1863, when he was promoted to Major of the 90th Regt.; commanded that Regt. from March 6, 1863, until he was wounded, the 28th of July, 1864, at battle in front of Atlanta, Ga.; mustered out in June, 1865; the Major was Sheriff of this Co. 4 years, from 1868 to 1872.

Fogg Alfred, clk White's Hotel; r same.
 Foley Patrick, lab; r Kilbourn.
 Foley Thomas, r cor Summit and Jackson.
 Foley Wm. lab; r 907 Horsman; w s.
 Foltz Benj. H. painter; r 212 S. Winnebago.
 Foltz Rev. Benj. r 212 S. Winnebago.
 Fonda A. A. bill poster; r 909 Rock; s s.
 Fonda Henry V. peddler; r 909 Rock; s s.

FOOTE CHAS. E. Dentist, 325 E. State st.; resides at 802 First av.; born in Janesville, Wis., March 25, 1854; came to Rockford Feb. 16, 1877; has been engaged in Dentistry business four years; his father, Rev. Hiram Foote, was born in N. Y. in 1808; came to this Co. in Feb., 1838, and resided for a time near Rockford; was ordained to the Gospel ministry Feb. 15, 1839, then preaching to the Congregational Church at Joliet; was married to Miss Eliza Maria Becker, of Oneida Co., N. Y.; she was born in Cherry Valley, Otsego Co., N. Y., Sept. 21, 1817; they have six children living: Albert E., Hiram W., Nettie C., Lucius F., Chas. E. and Kittie; they have lost two daughters and one son, Horatio D., died in Rebel prison at Florence, Ga.; he was in First Wisconsin Cav.

Foote Rev. Hiram, r 802 First ave; e s.
 Foote J. H. carriage trimmer, 1016 N. Winnebago; w s.
 Foote Lucius F. physician, over 325 E. State; r 114 N. Third; w s.
 Foote Walter L. r 205 N. Fourth; e s.

FORBES ALEXANDER D. Rockford Malleable Iron Works, on water power; residence 427 N. Main st., West Side; born in Perthshire, Scotland, Dec. 13, 1831; came to America in 1842; came to Rockford in March, 1854; in the same year he, in partnership with his father, Duncan Forbes, established a foundry and engaged in the manufacture of stoves and machinery castings; in 1864 they established the first Malleable Iron Works west of Cincinnati; they continued the business together until his father died, in 1871; Mr. A. D. Forbes married Elizabeth Olstrum; she was born near Albany, N. Y.; they have five children living; have lost two; Mr. and Mrs. F. are members of the First Presbyterian Church; he is Vice President of the People's Savings Bank.

Forbes Alex Wm. bds 809 N. Wyman.

FORBES GEO. R. General Superintendent Rockford Malleable Iron Works; residence 421 N. Main st.; born in Scotland; came to Rockford in 1854; has been engaged in iron business ever since; married Jane S. Belknap, Jan. 30, 1868; she was born in Mass.; Mr. Forbes is a member of E. F. W. Ellis Lodge No. 633, A. F. and A. M., Winnebago Chapter No. 24, and Crusade Commandery K. T.

Forbes M. A. moulder; bds 309 N. Wyman; w s.

Forbes Robt. r 309 N. Fourth; e s.

Forbes Thos. H. r 309 N. Fourth; e s.

Forbes Wm. moulder; bds 1113 S. Court; s s.

Forbes Wm. moulder; r 1009 South.

Force W. P. carp; r R.R., nr S. Main; w s.

Force Wm. carp; r R.R., nr S. Main; w s.

Ford Calvin, mechanic; r 807 S. Main; s s.

Ford C. S. draughtsman; r 1011 Rock; s s.

Ford E, carriage mkr; r 507 Rockton; w s.

Ford Geo. clk; bds 807 S. Main; s s.

FORD G. W. 221 East st.; residence 1107 E. State; Patent Attorney; Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents; Suits for Infringement of Patents conducted in the U. S. Courts; opinions given, etc.; Mr. F. was born in Pontiac, Mich., Dec. 6, 1828; came to Rockford in 1857; commenced the patent business here in 1860.

Ford J. N. wood turner; r 104 W. State.

Ford J. S. reporter; bds 807 First av; e s.

Ford Pat'k, lab; r 812 Benton; e s.

Ford Pat'k, Jr., lab; r 812 Benton; e s.

Ford Thos. lab; r 403 N. Main; e s.

Ford Thos. Jr. lab; r 403 N. Main; e s.

Forsall Gust. r Seminary, south of railroad.

Forsberg F. E. clk; r 709 N. Main; e s.

Foss George E. clk; bds 708 N. Court; w s.

Foster A. J. cabinet maker; r rear 408 S. Main; e s.

Fowler Albert, r 520 N. Church; w s.

FOWLER GEORGE W. Of the firm of Fowler & Austin, House, Sign, and Ornamental Painters, S. Court st., near s. w. cor. W. State st.; resides at 1023 Mulberry st.; born in LeRoy, Genesee Co., N. Y., Feb. 27, 1852; came to Rockford nine years ago; he has been studying medicine for three years, has attended full course of lectures at Chicago Medical College; expects to graduate next year.

Fowler John, tinsmith; r 1023 Mulberry.

Fowler Thomas, carp; r 1202 Third avenue.

Fowler Wm. r 1023 Mulberry; w s.

Follett F. F. rooms over Rockf. Nat. Bank.

Fox Alfred D. clk; r 909 Loomis; s s.

Fox G. E. clk; r 710 Mulberry.

Fox J. E. r 710 Mulberry.

Fraley J. M. druggist; r 112 N. First; e s.

Fraser A. stonecutter; bds 414 S. Court; w s.

Fraser T. G. clk; r 109 S. First; e s.

Frasier Alex. stonecutter; bds White's Hotel.

Frasier O. foreman Rhoades & Utter; residence 206 N. Fourth; e s.

Freeberg Peter, carp; r 124 Park; e s.

FREEH JOHN A. Dyer for Graham & Co.; residence cor. Morgan and Corbin sts., South Side; born in Switzerland,

April 11, 1846; came to Rockford, in April, 1874; came to America in 1870; he has worked at the dyeing business for fourteen years; is a member of Turner and German Singers societies; married Maria Robertson, April 1, 1875; she was born in Rockford; they have one child, Minnie E., born Jan. 24, 1877.

Freeman Claus W. tailor; r 505 Union; e s.

Freeman E. harness maker; r 1104 Charles.

Freeman Ethan, pumps; r 1002 South.

Freeman G. B. bkpr; bds 118 S. Main; w s.

Freeman H. princpl. e s high school, supt. e s public schools; r 201 N. Fourth; e s.

Freeman H. H. photographer, 804 E. State; r 701 N. Second; e s.

Freeman Jas. R. printer; r 902 S. West, cor Blake.

Freeman L. G. r 213 S. Main; w s.

Freeman M. S. mason; r S. 8th, cor 12th av.

Freeman E. r Peach, near Avon; w s.

French John, bds 210 N. Main; w s.

French, emptack fac'y; bds 201 N. Main; w s.

Friedman J. jeweler, 113 W. State; r 105 Horsman.

Friend Edw. stone mason; r out of limits.

Fritz Henry V. carp; r S. Ninth; W. A.

Frohning Wm. baker; bds 315 E. State.

Frosard Joseph, express; r 310 S. Court; w s.

Frost A. H. law student; r 122 S. Second.

Frost H. D. r 301 S. Main; e s.

Frost Howard S. clk; r 301 S. Main; e s.

Frost Joseph, r 712 North; e s.

Frowe John M. tinsmith; r 408 S. Fifth; e s.

Froze Harry, r over 310 E. State.

Frundell Peter, r 802 Second av.

FRYER ISAAC D. Harnessmaker and Proprietor Feed Stable, Church st., near Elm; born in Guildiland, Albany Co., N. Y., Sept. 2, 1830; came to Rockford in 1852; married Mary Thompson, Sept. 2, 1850; she was born in Cherry Valley, Otsego Co., N. Y., June, 1830; they have one daughter living, Mary Jane, now Mrs. Chas. Faulkner; they have lost two children.

Fry Geo. B. engineer; bds 511 Rockton av.

Fuller J. A. confectionery 417 E. State; r 503 S. Third; e s.

Fuller David, carp; r 713 Elm; w s.

Fuller L. B. r 1006 Ferguson; s s.

Fuller Lemuel S. r Seminary s of R. R.

Furman O. emp B.S. Morse; bds 507 Market; e s.

GABRIELSON VALENTINE, r S. Seventh; W. A.

Gaffney P. carp; r 908 N. Second; e s.

Galaway T. barbar; r over 113 S. Second; e s.

Gallagher M. H. r 1013 S. Third; e s.

Gallagher John, teamster; r 807 Corbin; s s.
 Gallagher P. lab; r 411 S. West; w s.

Gamble L. S. millinery 118 W. State; r same.

Gardner Eugene, carp; bds 302 S. Main; w s.

GARDNER EUGENE A. Successor to Rowe & Gardner; Wholesale and Retail Dealer in and Manufacturer of fine Havana and Domestic Cigars, 423 East State street; bds at the American House; he was born in Fallsburg, Sullivan Co., N. Y., Feb. 11, 1854; came to Rockford, March 19, 1877; came to this Co., Dec. 20, 1874.

Gardner Joseph, r 112 N. Third; e s.

Gardner —, patternmaker; r Harlem av.

Garner A. T., painter; r 610 Knowlton; s s.

Garner Frederick, r 508 E. Seminary; e s.

Garrett Wm. clk; r 1403 Charles; e s.

Gartland Thos. lab; r 912 East; s s.

GARVER JOHN C. States Attorney for Winnebago Co.; office over Winnebago National Bank; residence 902 S. Main st., South Side; born in Pecatonica, this Co., Nov. 16, 1843; Mr. Garver is a graduate of Wittenburg College, Springfield, Ohio; he read law at Springfield, Ohio, with Gen'l Keifer, present member of Congress; was elected States Attorney in 1872; re-elected in 1876; aside from the duties of States Attorney, Mr. Gardner attends to general law and collection business.

Gasking W. watchmkr; bds 308 Walnut; e s.

Gasking William, Jr., watchmaker; bds 308 Walnut; e s.

Geare F. employe J. B. Marsh & Co.; r 402 S. Main; w s.

Gearn G. C. druggist 808 S. Main; r 806 S. Court; s s.

Gebler J. moulder; r 1113 S. Court; s s.

Gebler M. D. r 1113 S. Court; s s.

Gens Nicholas, barber; r 708 Elm; w s.

GENT WM. Manufacturer of special Machinery of every description; factory south end of Power, near the woolen factory; residence 302 S. West st.; born in Staffordshire, England; came to Rockford about 18 years ago; married Maria S. Taylor; she was born in this Co.; they have five children, four boys and one girl.

George J. farmer; r Longwood cor Crosby.

GEORGE SAMPSON, (Deceased.) The eldest son of Sampson and Anne George, was born in the parish of Middleton, Tyas, Yorkshire, England, April 19, 1789, where he also received his education, and studied law in the office of his father, he being an attorney and counsellor.

On the 18th of June, 1822, he was married to Ann, eldest daughter of James and Margaret Swetnam, of Gayles, parish of Kirby, Ravedsworth, Yorkshire, she being born at the latter place, on the 4th of May,

1799. The names and date of birth of their children are as follows: Margaret, born March 14, 1823; married to Levi Moulthrop, M. D.; both deceased. Sampson, born Sept. 13, 1825; married to Cynthia Saylor; resides in Buchanan Co., Ia.; P. O. Kier. George, born March 12, 1828; married to Lydia M. Loomis; resides in Rockford. Anne, born Aug. 31, 1831; deceased. James Swetnam, born April 27, 1833; married to Mary Jane Quick; resides in Waterloo, Iowa.

The children were all baptized in infancy into the Church of England.

Mr. George and family left England in June, 1836, and arrived in Rockford the following September. In five weeks after their arrival Mr. George was taken ill, and after lingering but a few days died, Oct. 31.

Mrs. George and the children remained here, settling upon a tract of land adjacent to what is now the city of Rockford, enduring the hardships and reaping the rewards of a pioneer life. Mrs. George, now in her 79th year, resides at the home of her grandson, L. Moulthrop, and so far as is known is the oldest lady resident—who was also the earliest resident—now living in the city of Rockford. Mrs. George still retains her faculties and memory to a remarkable degree, and can narrate reminiscences of the early days of Winnebago County with a force and vividness rarely met with in one of her years.

Gerber Adolphus, r 106 Horsman.

GERBER HENRY H. Foreman Utter Manufacturing Co; residence 306 Horsman st.; born in Byron, Ogle Co., Ill., May 18, 1846; came to Rockford in 1852; has been in machinists' business over 12 years; married Carrie I. Dean; she was born in N. Y. State; have one child, Winfred, born July 8, 1876; Mr. Gerber served five months in Co. I, 134th I. V. I.; Mrs. G. is a member of the Episcopal church.

Gerber Julius, accountant; r 106 Horsman.

Gerlach C. carpet weaving; r 810 Horsman.

GEROULD FRANK W. General Insurance Agent, room 6, Masonic Block, W. State st.; residence 709 N. Court st.; West Side; born in Smithfield, Bradford Co., Pa., Jan. 13, 1853; came to Rockford in 1856; Mr. Gerould is Second Lieutenant of the Rockford Rifles, Third Regt. Illinois National Guards.

Gerould M. B. bkpr; r 709 N. Court; w s.

Gerrey Jas. lab; r 1002 River; s s.

Gerrey Owen, gardener; r 1002 River; s s.

Geurey Matt. lab; r 1012 N. Second; e s.

Gibbs P. C. lab; r 1008 N. Second; e s.

Giddings Ralph, r 802 Kishwaukee; e s.

Giffen Alex. (Giffen Bros.) r 307 N. Third.

Giffen Andrew (Giffen Bros.), r 508 Rock.

Giffen Jas. A. clerk A. J. Smith; bds same.

Giffen W. grocer, S. Ninth cor Ninth av; W.A.

GILBERT JAS. Carpenter and Builder, Saw Filer, etc., 504 E. State St.; residence 1116 E. State St.; born in N. Y. city Sept. 11, 1811; moved to Ovid, N. Y., when he was quite young; lived there most of the time until he was 7½ years of age, when his parents moved to Canada, in 1819; worked at his trade of carpenter and joiner, and a portion of the time engaged in farming until he came to Rockford, May 20, 1839; married Sarah Crane, July 25, 1834; she was born in the Black River country, N. Y., Aug. 12, 1818; have five children living; Ellen A., now Mrs. Heman Allen; Hadie, now Mrs. E. E. Holland, of Chicago; Mary E., now Mrs. James Lathrop, of Chicago; James R. and William Henry; lost two children.

Gilbert Stephen, farmer; r 406 S. Third; e s.

Gile Geo. W. lab; r 811 N. Second; e s.

Gillett Henry W. r 1007 East; s s.

Gillett Samuel, r 308 E. State.

GILL HENRY C. of the firm of Babcock & Gill, Dentists, 223 E. State st.; resides at 607 Market st.; he was born in Woodstock, Vt., June 4, 1844; came to this Co. in Sept., 1875; married Ida C. Bunker, Sept. 14, 1871; she was born at Geneva, Ill., April 21, 1847.

Gill J. N. r 403 N. Second; e s.

Gilmour John, painter; r 1007 South.

Glassel H. W. mechanic; r Peach near Avon.

Glenn G. M. M. r 719 N. Church; w s.

Glenns August, lab; r 604 S. Seventh; e s.

Glenny H. tailor, Horsman's new block; r Rockton.

Glenny Henry, dentist; r Rockton av.

Glinn Edwin, employe David Vanston.

Glinn Patrick, lab; r 207 S. Water; e s.

Goddard Chas. W. teacher; r 711 Mulberry.

Godfrey E. L. com mcht; 610 Chestnut; w s.

Godfrey Jno. D. milliner; r S. Church; w s.

Godfrey S. R. clothier; r 309 S. Third.

Golden W. A. moulder; r 205 S. Winnebago.

Goldsmith J. shoemaker; r 801 First av; e s.

Goldsmith Oliver, r 801 First av; e s.

Goodell Chas. H. bds 612 Mulberry.

Goodhart Jas. r 1104 River; s s.

Goodhue E. P. printer *Register*; r 507 Peach; w s.

Goodlander Daniel, vice prés. Emerson, Talcott & Co.; r 405 Park.

Goodwin A. E. physician and surgeon, over 410 E. State; r 710 Court cor N. Fifth; e s.

Goodwin M. O. stoves and tinware, 417 W. State; r 711 George.

Gorden Thos. employe Holland House.

Gork Fred, watchmaker; bds 808 Walnut.

Goaling John, meat; r out of town.

Gossin F. B. collar mkr; r 206 Horsman.

Goss G. R. r 201 S. West.

Gough H. H. emp E. S. Smith; r 203 Mulberry.

Gould Thos. G. moulder; r 1102 S. Main; s s.

Grady Frank J. r 604 Court; e s.

Graham Byron; gen agt Graham & Co.; r cor S. Winnebago and Kent; s s.

Graham David, with Graham & Co.; r 905 S. Main; s s.

Graham Freeman, office 1810 S. Main; r 905 S. Main; s s.

GRAHAM & CO. Proprietors Cotton Mill, on Water Power; they manufacture Batting, Seamless Grain Bags, Twine, Hosiery, etc.; established in 1865; work 150 men; manufactured \$250,000 worth of goods in 1876; Freeman Graham, Jr., was born in Hartford, Conn., March 27, 1842; came to Rockford in 1859; Julius Graham was born in Hartford, Conn., Oct. 6, 1843; came to Rockford in 1859; they were both engaged in the manufacture of Reapers and Mowers until 1865, when they sold out that business to Wm. A. Knowlton.

Graham J. P. salesman; bds 805 Rockton av.

Grandlund Robt. lab; r 1110 Fourth av.

Grandstran C. tailor; r 609 S. Seventh; e s.

Granz John, r S. Sixth, opp soap factory.

Graves Isaac, clk; r over 513 E. State.

Gray A. C. agt Singer sewing machine Co., and organs, 427 W. State; r 205 Horsman.

Gray Chas. r 511 S. Wyman.

Gray D. P. life and fire ins. and real estate agt, 427 W. State; r 507 Locust.

Gray E. H. teamster; r cor Maple and George.

Gray J. L. pres Rockford Brush Co.; r 808 S. Winnebago.

Gray N. B. job printer; bds 202 N. Second.

Greene Benj. lab; r 612 North; w s.

Greene E. W. lab; r 617 N. Main; w s.

Green R. S. r 212 W. State.

Gregory Andrew I. r 104 S. Eighth; e s.

Gregory Carroll S. r 1005 S. Third; e s.

Gregory Ed. S. wind mills; r 1005 S. Third.

Gregory J. A. salesman; r 601 Horsman.

GREGORY JOHN CLARK, Meat Market, E. State st.; residence 501 N. Third st.; born in Rockford, Dec. 13, 1837; he is the oldest native-born resident now living here; married Ellen M. Tisdale, Dec. 25, 1860; she was born in Ware, Worcester Co., Mass., Sept. 1, 1841; they have one child, Ernest I., born April 10, 1868; Mr. and Mrs. G. are members of the First M. E. Church; Mr. Gregory is a son of Samuel Gregory, who first came to this Co. in the fall of 1835, and removed here with his family in the spring of 1836; Mr. Samuel Gregory returned to Niagara Co., N. Y., in 1874, and is now a resident of that Co.

Gregory J. O. hardware, 119 W. State, under Brown's Hall; r 601 Horsman.

Gregory Homer, r 807 Kishwaukee; e s.

Gregory Lewis, farmer; r 1005 S. Third.

Gregory Wm. H. with N. C. Thompson; r cor North and Winnebago.

Gridley P. marble cutter; bds 808 S. Main; w s.

Griffin Charles, r 1002 South.

Griffin G. P. grocer; r 404 N. Court; w s.

Griffin James, lab; r west end Chestnut; w s.

Griffin John, painter; bds City Hotel.

Griffin John P. painter; bds City Hotel.

Griffin Patrick, r west end Chestnut; w s.

Griffin Patrick, lab; r Harlem av; w s.

Griffin T. brickmkr; r w end Chestnut; w s.

Griffin —, lab; r 208 S. Water; e s.

Griggs Chas. L. cigarmaker; r 801 Ferguson.

GRIGGS DANIEL L. Proprietor City Hotel, cor. State and Church sts.; born in Paris, Oneida Co., N. Y., Jan. 9, 1824; came to Rockford in May, 1863; first wife was Amy R. Robinson; she died in July, 1868; five children by this marriage, two deceased; the living are, Chas. L., Nellie, and Emma G.; present wife was Lora D. Pierce, of Union, Rock Co., Wis.; Mr. Griggs has been in the hotel business in Rockford for seven years.

Griggs Geo. G. cigar mfg, 429 W. State; r 811 Cunningham; s s.

Griggs Geo. L. r 811 Cunningham; s s.

Grimes J. T. pumps; r School, cor Lee.

Grimmitt Thomas, wagon maker, 420 Elm.

Griswold Theodore F. emp J. B. Marsh & Co.; r 811 S. Court; w s.

Groneman W. L. r 501 W. S.

Groth Henry C. r 305 N. Wyman; w s.

Grout C. L. bkpr; bds 303 N. Second; e s.

Grunewald A. marblecutter; r 816 Rural; e s.

Gruninger F. Z. soap mkr; r 801 6th av; e s.

Grunland John, lab; r 1107 Fourth av; e s.

Gulbrand H. blacksmith; bds 805 E. State.

Gunderson C. salesman; bds 407 N. Main; e s.

HADLON A. plow maker; r North, cor East; e s.

Hadlon John, tailor; r North, cor East; e s.

Haegg Aug. tinner; r out of town.

Hagberg J. shoemaker; r 404 East; e s.

Hagblad Lans, r Seminary, s of R. R.

Hagblom Peter, r 809 Fifth av; e s.

Hagerty John, lab; r 904 Kent; s s.

Haight Emery, r 305 S. West.

Haight W. M. r 1009 Charles; e s.

HAINES ANTHONY, Manufacturer of the Bean and Welden Sulky, and Riding Cultivator, 204 N. Main st.; East Side; residence 609 Market st.; born in Marietta, Penn., April 21, 1839; came to

Rockford in 1854; married Adaline Rowse, April 24, 1853; she was born in Bucyrus, O.; they have three children; Mr. Haines is Supervisor and Alderman of the First Ward; he has served 18 years continuously as Supervisor, and several terms as Alderman; he was largely engaged in grain and produce business for a great many years; has been engaged in the manufacturing business eight years.

Haime Austin, r 607 N. Main; e s.

Haime E. C. moulder; r 702 N. First; e s.

Haime Norbert, moulder; r 607 N. Main; e s.

Haime Wm. mason; r 607 N. Main; e s.

Haime W. W. moulder; r 1107 S. Church; s s.

Hair J. W. blacksmith; r 608 Longwood; e s.

HALE HEMAN B. Retired Dentist; residence 202 S. Main st.; East Side; born in Rutland, Vt., Nov. 26, 1821; came to Rockford, Oct. 8, 1858; married Sarah A. Mead, of Essex, Essex Co. N. Y., Oct. 17, 1848; she was born Oct. 26, 1823; they have one son, Fred M., born Feb. 16, 1861; the Doctor and Mrs. Hale are members of the First Congregational Church; he was engaged in the dental profession from 1843 to 1877, a period of 34 years.

Hale J. W. salesman; r 704 S. Seminary; e s.

Haley Chas. r 605 East; e s.

Haley Pat'k, engineer; r 704 N. Winnebago.

HALL ASA, Superintendent Wood and Iron Department of N. C. Thompson's Manufactories; residence 409 Kent, cor Church st.; born in Erie Co., Penn., April 28, 1823; parents moved to Westfield, Chautauqua Co., N. Y., when he was three years of age; when he was about twelve years of age they moved to North-East, Erie Co., Penn.; at the age of sixteen they went to Utica, Venango Co., Penn., where he lived until 1846, when he removed to Freeport, Ill.; twenty-five years ago he came to Rockford, and has resided here ever since, except for a period of three years, which he spent in Chillicothe, Mo., where he carried on the milling business; he has been engaged in mechanical business ever since he was sixteen years of age; has been with N. C. Thompson about twelve years; first wife was Nancy Parmenter; she died in 1851; they had two children; one daughter living, Emma M., now Mrs. John Elliott; second wife was Catherine J. Glidden; she died in the spring of 1857; they had two children, both living now; Edward Dwight and Nettie T.; present wife was Emma M. Raymond; they have three children living, Lewis P., Myrtie M. and Laura M.; they have lost two children.

Hall Chester F. r 1215 E. State.

Hall E. D. machinist; bds White's Hotel.

Hall Dr. Eli, physician; r 702 W. State.

Hall H. music teacher; bds 609 S. 4th; e s.

Hall J. J. clk; bds 606 W. State.
 Hall John H. r 107 East; e s.
 Hall Lewis P. r 409 Kent; s s.
 Hall Thos. moulder; r 1504 Charles; e s.
 Hallberg Claus, mechanic; r S. 7th; W. A.
 Hallberg Gust, painter; r 604 S. Fourth.
 Hallen Gust, mechanic; r 511 S. First; e s.
 Halsted Rev. Jesse, r 1811 Charles; e s.
 Hamilton John D.; r 207 N. First; e s.
 Hamilton J. expressman; r 418 S. Court; w s.
 Hamilton J. D., Jr. notions, etc.; r 529 N. Church.
 Hamley Wm. J. mason; r 818 Rural; e s.
 Hamlyn T. meat market; bds 804 Chestnut.
 Hammer Alex. lab; r Lincoln av.
 Hammond C. E.; bakery; r Kent, nr S. Main.
 Hammond Franklin P. bds 804 S. Main; s s.
 Hammon C. N. special agent Travelers' Insurance Co., P. O. Building.
 Hammill A. moulder; r Blake, nr S. Court; s s.
 Hammill John, r 1207 S. Court; s s.
 Ham Freeman, mason; r 403 Catlin; e s.
 Hampton Charles, furniture finisher; r 808 N. Second; e s.
 Hampton J. E. compositor; bds 901 N. Second; e s.
 Hampton John, lab; r 901 N. Second; e s.
 Hampton W. H. printer; r 901 N. Second.
 Hancock Harrison, r N. First; e s.
 Hancock John, teamster; r 709 Fourth av; e s.
 Hancock Wm. T. lab; r S. Winnebago, below Wall; s s.
 Hancox Louis C. G. r 404 S. Fourth; e s.
 Hankinson Mason T. r 702 N. Second; e s.
 Hankinson R. peddler; r 702 N. Second; e s.
 Hanaford Lyman B. carp; r 113 N. Third; e s.
 Hanaford M. L. dentist; r 511 Rockton av; w s.
 Hannan James, r 404 S. Court; w s.
 Hansom C. E. barber; r 204 N. Fourth; e s.
 Hanson C. blacksmith; r 801 Second av; e s.
 Hanson Thos. papermaker; r 910 Fifth av.
 Happs John, lab; r 221 S. Water; e s.
 Harbaugh Benj. r 922 Crosby; e s.
 Harbaugh B. F. brickmason; r 920 Crosby; e s.
 Harbaugh Henry, r 922 Crosby; e s.
 Harbison Omer A. bkpr; r 202 Morgan; s s.
 Harbison W. L. at Emerson & Co.'s; r 202 Morgan.
 Harding A. lab; r S. Main, below R. R.; e s.
 Harding R. R., agt C. & I. R. R.; r 201 S. Court; w s.
 Harding S. T. druggist, 401 E. State; r 804 First av.
HARDY H. M. Proprietor of Hardy's Hotel and Restaurant, 128 S. Main st.; born in Wilton, Me., June 18, 1824; came to Roscoe, this Co., Sept. 16, 1845; he was

engaged for 19 years in the manufacture of wagons in Roscoe; he removed to Rockford in 1867; worked as a carpenter and machinist two years; in 1869 engaged in the hotel business, and has continued it ever since; married Lucy Ann Chase, April 24, 1847; she was born in Wilton, Me., April 20, 1830; they have three children living: Martha A. (now Mrs. Chauncey O. North), Isabell and Gertrude; Mrs. Hardy is a member of the M. E. Church.

Harkness John C. 805 Corbin.
 Harlin H. C. tailor; r 411 E. State.
 Haimes D. K. machinist; r 409 Morgan; s s.
 Harmon Daniel, r 1001 Horsman.
 Harmon Simeon, cigarmaker, 501 W. State; r 1001 Horsman.
 Harrison Wm. J. miller; bds Ira Stanbro.
 Harris Edgar, employe R. Trigg; r same.
 Harris J. N. carriage mkr; bds 301 Horsman.
 Harrell J. F. fotogr; r 201 N. Main; w s.
 Harrop Henry, plumber; r 609 East; e s.
 Hartsel Daniel, bds 221 S. Water; e s.
 Hart A., Jr., r N. Winnebago from Whitman.
HART EUGENE, Painter; residence 920 Crosby st.; born at Little Falls, Herkimer Co., N. Y., Nov. 15, 1850; in 1852, he went with his parents to Beloit, Wis.; lived there until he came to Rockford, in 1875; is a member of the Temperance Union, of Rockford.
 Hart Geo. W. blacksmith; r 709 George; w s.
 Hart Wm. I. meat market; r 608 George; w s.
 Hart Wm. stone cutter; r 605 Oak.
 Hart Wm. bds 504 Knowlton.

HARVEY MATTHEW, Residence 912 N. Horsman st.; born in Scotland, Jan. 16, 1836; came to Harlem, this Co., in 1840; engaged in farming until 1873, when he engaged in the Agricultural Implement trade, with Mr. Ralston; married Jane Ralston, March 8, 1870; she was born in Scotland, Feb. 3, 1848; have three children; Mary Elizabeth, born Feb. 3, 1871; John Alexander, Sept. 13, 1872; Margaret Isabel, Sept. 5, 1877; Mr. and Mrs. Harvey are members of the First Presbyterian church.

HASKELL GEO. S. Senior member of the firm of Geo. S. Haskell & Co., Seed Farmers and Merchants, 112, 114, and 116 Main st.; residence 801 N. Court, West Side; Mr. Haskell was born in Rockford, Oct. 4, 1838; he has been engaged in the seed business since 1864, and has the reputation in this country and Europe, of being one of the best and most reliable seedsmen of the world.

Hastings —, r east end E. State; e s.
 Hawkanson P. shoemkr; r 310 Kishwaukee.
 Hawke Norman A. r 208 S. Winnebago.
 Hawke W. P. clk; r 208 S. Winnebago.

Hawkinson John, lab; r 805 E. State.

Hawkinson H. cabinet maker; r South e Kishwaukee.

Hawn Jacob, r 508 S. First; e s.

Hawn Peter, r 508 S. First; e s.

Hawn R. H. miller; r 508 S. First; e s.

Hawthorne W.S.clk; bds 203 S. Winnebago.

Hayes Chas. lab; r 809 Maple.

HAYES GEO. E. of the firm of Hitchcock & Hayes, Druggists, 323 West State st.; residence 504 Rockton av; born in Prattsburg, N. Y., Aug. 18, 1829; came to Rockford in 1870; married Mary R. Weeks, Feb. 20, 1854; she was born in N. Y.; have two children living, M. Kissie and Hattie Lena; have lost two children.

Hayes Jerry, teaming; r 809 Maple.

Hayes John, r 505 N. Main; e s.

Hayes T. engineer; r S. Court nr Chestnut.

Haynes M. M. r 304 N. Third; e s.

Hazard Wm. H. r 912 Rockton av.

Hazard Wm. R. lab; r 912 Rockton av.

HAZLET JACOB, resides at 201 N. First st., cor. Market; born in Preston Co., Va., Nov. 17, 1813; when he was four years of age his parents moved to Allegheny Co., Md., where he resided twenty years; engaged in Milling business there; in 1841 he moved to Fayette Co., Pa., where he followed farming for three or four years, when he returned to Md., and bought the old mill and carried it on until he came to Winnebago Co., in 1853; for eight months he was in Mercantile business at Rockton, then he came here and for one year kept the Rock River House, on the East Side; at the expiration of that time he engaged in the Boot and Shoe trade, and has continued in that business ever since; married Jane Rush, Oct. 13, 1838; she was born in Somerset Co., Pa., Nov. 1, 1819; have two children, Kate and Margaret, now Mrs. J. P. Largent; Mr. H. and family are members of State Street Baptist church.

Heagle J. B. r 501 S. Third; e s.

Heath W. W. r 509 N. Church; w s.

Hedberg Fred, shoemkr; r 310 Kishwaukee.

Hedlund C. J. tailor, cor North and East; e s.

Hefferan Jno. E. salesman; bds 122 W. State.

Hefferan Patrick, lab; r 704 S. Sixth.

Hefferan Robt. with C. Henry; r same.

Hefferan Wm. lab; r 906 First av; e s.

Heffran Thos. gardener; r 606 N. First; e s.

Heldridge Hugh, room over 328 E. State.

Helem Benj. painter; r 1010 N. Winnebago.

Helem Frank, painter; r 1010 N. Winnebago.

Helem John, painter; r 1010 N. Winnebago.

Helgreen Chas. r 214 S. Water; e s.

Helme Geo. painter; r 510 Fisher av.

Helmer Chas. lab; r over 201 S. Main; w s.

Helmer John, lab; r 610 S. Sixth; e s.

Helmer H. V. livery; r 208 S. Church.

Helmer Geo. carp; r 505 S. Pleasant.

Helmer J. emp W.T. Crook; r 104 N. 5th; e s.

Helstein Andrew, lab; r 124 S. First; e s.

Henderson H. stonecutter; bds White's Hotel.

Henderson J. plumber; r 906 N. Court.

Henderson P. stone-cut; bds 414 S. Court; w s.

Hennebery John, lab; bds 502 S. Main; w s.

Hennessey T. emp R. R.; r 509 S. Fifth; e s.

Henry Albert, clk; r 211 N. Main; w s.

HENRY CHRISTIAN, Proprietor Restaurant and Dealer in Fancy Goods, Confectionery, Oysters, Birds and Cages, Wines and Liquors, &c., 307 and 309 E. State st.; resides at same number.

Henry C. F. salesman; bds 301 N. Main; w s.

Henry John, bds 624 N. Main; w s.

Henry J. G. trav. salesmn; r 624 N. Main; w s.

Henry P. hack driver; r 624 N. Main; w s.

Henry Thomas, tailor; r 805 George.

Hepburn G. T. bkpr; r 307 S. Court; w s.

HEPBURN GEORGE, Carpenter; works in wood department of Emerson, Talcott & Co.; residence 307 S. Court st.; born in Edinburg, Scotland, Sept. 14, 1827; came to Canada in 1833; removed to Rockford in 1870; married Jane Granger, April 26, 1850; she was born in Canada, April 29, 1830; they have five children, John W., Ellen W., George T., Wm. M., and Chas. J.; Mr. and Mrs. Hepburn are Protestants.

Hepburn John W. cashier Emerson, Talcott & Co.; r 307 N. Court; w s.

Heron J. B. machinist; r 1204 Ferguson; s s.

Herrick E. L. furniture; r 301 S. Second.

Herrick Horace P. r 304 Cunningham.

Herrick L. carp; r 604 Cunningham; s s.

Herrick S. cabinet mkr; r 404 S. Fifth; e s.

Herrick W. A. painter; bds 515 N. Church; w s.

Herrick Wm. r 507 Grove; e s.

Hersey H. O. emp Emerson & Co.; r 308 N. Fourth.

Hess L. M. tannery; r 706 Pecatonica.

Hewins John R. painter; r S. Eighth.

Hickbith John, lab; r 1007 Morgan; s s.

Hickey M. emp Graham & Co.; res. 1016 S. Main; s s.

Hickey Matthew, emp H. P. Kimball.

Hickey M. blacksmith; r n end Winnebago.

Hickey Richard, lab; r 504 S. Main; w s.

Hickey Wm. lab; r Harlem av; w s.

Hickson P. lab; r Winnebago, n turn table.

Hicks A. blacksmith; r 508 Chestnut; w s.

Hicks Charles, bds over 328 E. State.

Hicks Daniel, mason; r 507 N. Third; e s.

Hicks John F. r 1203 S. Winnebago; s s.

HICKS JOHN, Foreman of Blacksmithing Department of Enoch & Briggs' Plow Factory; residence 601 N. Winnebago st.; born in England, Aug. 24, 1837; came to Rockford May 2, 1857; he has worked at his trade 24 years; has been with present firm ever since it commenced manufacturing; married Sarah A. Evans, April 6, 1870; she was born in Bristol, England, July 8, 1847; they have four children, Emily J., Wm. C. T., Ella May, and Nellie; lost one son, Charlie; Mr. and Mrs. Hicks are members of the Court street M. E. Church.

Hicks Stephen B. r 811 S. Main; w s.

Hicks Thos. blacksmith; bds 1203 S. Winnebago; s s.

Hiestand Isaac, carp; r 812 N. Court; w s.

Higbee Wm. H. r 1003 E. State.

Higley N. D. foreman Geo. Bradley; r 1010 W. Peach.

Hildebrand Isaac, r 201 N. Third; e s.

Hill A. J. tinner; bds 201 S. Fourth; e s.

HILL C. C. (E. Smith & Co.) Manufacturer of the E. D. Waterbury Extension Rule; residence over 116 S. Main st., West Side; born near Janesville, Wis., Sept. 24, 1847; came to Rockford April 10, 1874; Mr. Hill is Supt. of the manufactory of E. Smith & Co., and by profession engineer and mechanical designer.

Hill Emanuel, stone mason; r 812 Rural; e s.

Hill E. N. r 607 N. Main; w s.

Hill Edwin N., Jr. check clerk C. & N. W. R. R.; 609 Morgan; w s.

HILL FRANK K. Physician and Surgeon; office and residence 611 East State st.; born in Gaines, Orleans Co., N. Y., Sept. 23, 1851; married Sarah R. Wilhelm, July 31, 1878; she was born in Spring Water, Livingston Co., N. Y., Mar. 21, 1855; they have one child, Ermie W., born June 24, 1874; the Dr. and Mrs. Hill are members of the Centennial M. E. Church; the Dr. attended one full course of lectures at the University of New York Medical Department, in 1872 and 1873; he graduated from the N. Y. Homeopathic Medical College, class of 1874 and 1875; Mrs. S. A. Wilhelm (Mrs. Hill's mother) resides at 611 E. State st.; she was born in Bennington, Wyoming Co., N. Y., June 30, 1830; she came to Rockford Sept. 15, 1875; she has two children; she is a member of the Centennial M. E. Church; her husband, Benjamin F. Wilhelm, died at Spring Water, Livingston Co., N. Y.

Hill Capt. Harmon, r 916 Rockton av.

Hill Henry, r 812 Rural; e s.

Hill James E. bds City Hotel.

Hill John, machinist; r 1210 Rock; s s.

Hill J. C. r 911 Benton; e s.

Hill J. M. blacksmith; r 404 N. Third; e s.

HILL JOSEPH M. Dealer in Butter, Eggs, Poultry, &c., 309 W. State st.; residence 302 N. Court st.; born in England, Sept. 16, 1847; came to Rockford in 1864; was in grocery store several years; has been engaged in present business 6 years; married Mary Jane Bridgland; she was born in Seward, this Co., April 30, 1850; Mr. Hill is a member of the Episcopal Church; Mrs. H. is a member of the First Presbyterian Church.

HILLIARD MARTIN, Dealer in Groceries, Flour and Provisions, 509 E. State st.; residence 1201 Third av.; born in Stockholm, Sweden, Sept. 25, 1818; came to America in 1842; came to Rockford in 1870; married Emily Long; she died Nov., 1873; two children living: Joseph and Emily; lost two children; Mr. Hilliard is a member of the Swedish Methodist Church.

Hilman Harry P. r 805 N. Main; w s.

Hinckley A. F. jeweler, 203 W. State; r 304 N. Church.

Hinckley Chas. F. r 1508 Charles; e s.

Hinckley Chas. C. r cor Fifth av and Ninth.

Hinkley Anson, r School, w of fair ground.

Hinkley James, r School, w of fair ground.

Hindes H. F. r S. Eighth, cor Eleventh av.

Hinds Elisha W. peddler; r 906 Horsman.

Hislop James, baker; bds 825 W. State.

Hitchcock A. ngt Forest City Ins Co; r Fourth av, cor Ninth.

Hitchcock G. J. drugst; bds Holland House.

Hitchcock C. H. r S. Main, cor Lincoln av.

Hobart Edward, r 901 S. Main; s s.

Hobart J. A. mechanic; r 909 S. Court; s s.

Hobart T. J. mechanic; r 502 Kent; s s.

HODGSON J. WM. Grocer, 327 E. State st.; residence 405 S. Third st.; born in Canada, Oct. 9, 1841; came to Rockford in 1867; married Libbie Pentecost; she was born in England; they have two children, Carrie and Walter.

Hodnet J. cabinet mkr: r 1105 S. Ninth, W. A.

Hoepfner Henry, painter; r 293 E. State.

Hoffman O. J. cigar mkr; bds 704 N. Main; e s.

Hogan John, bds W. S. Wilkins.

Hogg William, carp; r 708 Rock; e s.

Holcomb F. W. r Kent, bet S. Church and Main; s s.

Holcomb Moses, painter; r 803 N. First; e s.

Holcomb H. W. employe A. VanInwagen; bds 506 W. State.

Holcomb Thos. G. r 203 Pecatonica; w s.

Holeham Patrick, lab; r 1005 East; s s.

HOLLAND, MRS. C. FANNY, Widow of John A. Holland; her father was Dr. Isaiah C. Goodhue, who was born

in Putney, Vt., in 1800; he emigrated to Chicago in 1832, where he practiced his profession until 1838, when he came to Rockford to reside; he married Catherine Dunn, in St. Thomas, Canada, in 1822; she died in 1874; Dr. Goodhue was killed from falling into a well, while attending one of his patients, in 1847. John A. Holland was born Sept. 24, 1815, in Morgantown, Va., and died Sept. 30, 1855; he was married twice; first, to Maria Louisa Curtis; his children by this marriage, Hosmer P., Wm. H., Eleanor (Mrs. Guy H. Cutting), John A. and Charles; his last wife was Catharine Fanny Goodhue, who now survives him; the children by this marriage that reached maturity are Samuel and Philip C.; Mr. Holland was a prominent lawyer and banker of Rockford and was prominently identified with the interests of this city; the present prosperity of Rockford is largely due to his vigorous efforts to add everything possible to the advancement of the interests of the public; too much praise could not be spoken of the enterprise and public spirit manifested by him; his loss has been deeply felt by all who knew him.

HOLLAND, FERGUSON & CO.,
Real Estate and Loan Agents and Abstracters of Titles; Conveyancing done, etc.; Office in Price's Block, under Peoples Savings Bank.

HOLLAND H. P. Secy. and Treas. of the Rockford Watch Co.; residence Harlem av; born in Millersburg, O., Jan. 15, 1838; came to Rockford in 1846; married Laura Blinn, Nov. 21, 1865; she was born in Rockton, this Co., in Nov., 1846; they have five children; Mr. Holland is senior member of the firm of Holland, Ferguson & Co.; he is also U. S. Commissioner and Notary Public.

Holland Philip, r 720 N. Church; w s.
Holland S. dentist; r 612 N. Main; w s.
Hollem Andrew, salesman; r 606 Elm; w s.
Hollem Albert, r 606 Elm; w s.
Hollem J. H. tailor, I. Bacharach; r 305 S. 5th.
Hollem Laus, r 605 S. Fifth; e s.
Hollem P. G. machinist; r 605 S. Fifth; e s.
Hollenbeck C. E. bds 610 Kishwaukee.
Holly F. A. asst engr waterwks; r 607 Loomis.
Holly T. R. agt Rockford Ins Co; r Longwood, n of E. State.
Holly S. T. chief engr waterwks; r 607 Loomis.
Holman Rev. Thomas, r 205 N. Court; w s.
Holmen John, tailor; r 610 Sixth.
Holmes E. M. bkpr; bds 122 S. Second.
Holmes Rev. Israel C. r 201 S. First; e s.
Holmes Rev. Mead, r 201 S. First; e s.
Holmes Wm. r 608 Knowlton; s s.
Holmin August, tailor; r 405 S. Second; e s.
Holmquist A. cutter; r 305 S. Seventh; e s.

Holmquist E. P. blacksmith; r Ferguson bet Loomis and Hulin; s s.

Holmquist John, r Seminary s of R. R.

Holmquist P. E. r Seminary n limits.

Holmquist Swan, carp; r 302 Seventh; e s.

Holt Charles, carp; r 909 Second av; e s.

Holt C., Jr., moulder; r 909 Second av; e s.

Homewood David, carp; r 406 Green; w s.

HOOD DANIEL N. Professor of Music in Rockford Female Seminary; residence 305 S. Third st.; born in Salem, Mass., Sept. 25, 1834; came to Rockford in March, 1858; for the last 11 years he has been Organist of the Second Presbyterian Church of Chicago; there every Sabbath during this period; he married Jennie Greenough; she was born in Boston, Mass.; they have three daughters, Nettie, Carrie, and Genevieve; Mr. Hood has been a Teacher of Music since 1855; has been Professor of Music in Rockford Female Seminary ever since instituted.

Hooley John, lab; r 1004 River; s s.

Hopkins A. B. agt.; r Prospect.

Hopkins W. W. teaming; r Corbin cor Blake.

Horan Patrick, lab; r 721 N. Main; e s.

Horan Thomas, mason; r 607 N. First; e s.

Horsman Charles F. r 306 Chestnut; w s.

Horsman E. A. r 504 Mulberry.

HOSKIN JAMES, Blacksmith with Briggs & Enoch; residence 1104 S. Winnebago st.; born in England, Aug. 16, 1847; came to Chicago in May, 1872; came to Rockford in June, 1876; married Charlotte Squire, Feb. 28, 1871; she was born in Exeter, England, in 1846; they have two children, Mary, born July 9, 1873, and Clara, Sept. 12, 1875; Mr. H. has worked at Blacksmith's trade since he was fourteen years of age.

Hoskin Thomas, r 706 N. Second; e s.

Hosmar A. J. butcher; r cor Winnebago and Green; w s.

Hosmer C. C. stockdlr; r Green cor Winnebago.

Hough D. S. grocer; r 602 Court; e s.

HOUGH JAMES F. Foreman Blacksmithing Department of N. C. Thompson's Manufactories; residence 404 South Church st.; born in Warwickshire, England, December 25, 1842; came to this Co. in 1845; engaged in farming about six years; then commenced working at his trade; worked in Beloit one year; carried on a blacksmith shop here and at Sterling; began work with Clark & Utter in 1856; continued with them until 1861, when he commenced work for N. C. Thompson, and has continued with him ever since; married Fannie Wrench, Dec. 3, 1861; she was born in England; they have two children, Mary and Francis J.; Mr. and Mrs. Hough are Protestants.

Housman M. teamster; r 804 South; s s.
 Houston James, machinist; r 1004 East; s s.
 Hovey Edmund, employe Samuel Meredith.
 Hovey L. A. bds 909 N. Court.. w s.
 Howard Geo., printer *Gazette*; bds S. Main.
 Howard H. messenger Amer Ex Co.
 Howard John J. barber; 113 S. Main.
 Howarth Allen, weaver; r 1001 River; s s.
 Howe Henry R. r 1201 S. Main; s s.
 Howell Ezra, r 801 N. Court; w s.
 Howell J. B. books 408 E. State; r 1210 E. State.
 Howes H. H. r 1013 E. State.

HOWES PHINEAS, Capitalist; resides at 1013 East State st.; born in South-east Putnam Co., N. Y., Sept. 25, 1817; served apprenticeship as carpenter in his native town; came to Rockford in June, 1839; worked at his trade until about the year 1850; he was engaged in partnership with John Lake in the lumber business; he was two years in the coal trade, but for several years past his principal business has been that of loaning money; he married Maria Barnum, Oct. 3, 1839; she was born in Danbury, Fairfield, Co., Conn., Feb. 20, 1811; they have three children, Ellen C., Herbert H., and L. Cora; Mr. Howes was Alderman several years, always taking an active interest in the material welfare of Rockford and Winnebago Co.

Howie David, r 910 First av.
 Howland Alfred, carp; r 608 North; w s.
 Hoyt C. L. watchmaker; r 502 S. Second; e s.
 Huber Frederick, lab; r High; w s.
 Hudler Clark, clk; bds 510 Morgan; s s.

HUDLER WILBUR F. Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, etc., 828 S. Main st.; residence 510 Morgan st., South Side; born in Fallsburg, Sullivan Co., N. Y., Feb. 1, 1835; came to Rockford in 1867; married Clarinda Braden, Sept. 23, 1872; she was born in Greenfield, Ulster Co., N. Y.; they have one child, John; Mr. H. served four years and four months in Co. K., 56th Regt. N. Y. V. I.

Hudson Geo. A. farmer; r 810 S. Court; s s.
 Hughston James, farmer; r 1508 Charles; es.
 Huguet Chas M. bds 108 N. Fifth; e s.
 Huke Geo. W. carp; r 605 N. Church; w s.
 Humeston Frank E. clk; r 1106 River; s s.
 Humeston O. nr S. Main; r 1106 River; s s.
 Humeston W. H. carriagemkr; r 1102 S. Church

HUNTLEY MISS E. N. Physician and Surgeon, office and residence 204 North First st.; born in Columbia, Herkimer Co., N. Y.; came to Fulton Co., Ill., in 1857; she studied medicine three years with Dr. Chas. Tompkins, of Lewiston, Fulton Co., Ill., as Preceptor; graduated

from medical department of the Michigan University, class of 1873; she is also a graduate of Whitestown Seminary, Whites-town, N. Y.; has practiced medicine in Rockford since 1873; she is a member of Westminster Presbyterian Church.

Huntley Frank D. painter; r 601 Kishwaukee.
 Hunt H. H. carp; r 1107 Ferguson; s s.
 Hurd Benj. r 501 Catlin; e s.
 Hurd Jos. watch maker; r Lincoln av.

HURLBUT DE LOS, Carpenter and Joiner, 305 S. Church st.; born in Groton, N. Y., April 11, 1844; married Sarah A. Preston, July 2, 1868; she was born in Camden, N. Y.; they have three children, Julia Florence, Marcus L. and Cora May; they lost two children (twins); Mr. H. served three years in Co. F, 109th N. Y. V. I.

Hutchins Chas. blacksmith, 512 E. State.
 Hutchins J. blacksmith, 512 E. State; r 308 N. Third.
 Hyland J. r 901 Third av.
 Hyland L. W. r 901 Third av.

ICKERBACK JOHN, r 1101 Third av.

Ick John, bds 901 Fourth av.
 Idellar M. merchants' police; r 1110 Elm.
 Illing E. J. tinsmith; bds 410 S. Main; w s.
 Inman S. moving buildings; r 1103 East; s s.
 Inman Wm. N. r 1103 East; s s.
 Ireton S. H. r 404 S. Third; e s.
 Irons Reuben H. r 408 N. First; e s.
 Irvine J. W. salesman; r 406 N. Court; w s.
 Isaacson A. lab; r Winnebago, n Whitman.
 Isbell J. B. mason; r Corbin, cor Loomis.
 Itzen Frederick, carp; bds Hardy; room 407 Mulberry.

JACKSON A. M. watch maker; bds 308 Walnut; e s.

Jackson F. A. cigarmaker; bds Forest City House.

Jackson —, r 604 Oak; e s.
 Jacobson Jacob, tailor; r 308 S. Fourth; e s.
 Jacobson John, r Ninth av, cor S. Eighth.
 Jacobson Jos. r 610 Seventh; e s.
 Jacobs A. D. painter; r 508 Knowlton; s s.
 Jacobs V. R. painter; r 306 S. Church; w s.
 James Geo. blacksmith; r 1205 S. Main; s s.
 James Walter, emp Geo. Bradley; r 706 N. Winnebago; w s.

Jasperson Chas. miller; r 514 Union; e s.
 Jasperson J. bds Peter Freeberg; Park; e s.
 Jeanmaire Paul, watchmkr; r 606 Rock; e s.
 Jeffrey John, mechanic; r 304 S. Sixth; e s.
 Jenkins A. carp; r 306 N. First; e s.
 Jenkins Wm. H. r rear 813 Pecatonica.
 Jens N. barber shop, 312 W. State; r 708 Elm.

Jeratt Wm. r 202 N. Second; e s.
 Jilson Whipple, farmer; r 316 N. Avon.
 Johnson Aaron, coopr; r 502 S. Seventh; e s.
 Johnson A. emp Emerson, Talcott & Co.; r 410 S. Sixth.

JOHNSON A. C. Superintendent of the Forest City Furniture Co., Woodruff's Addition, corner of Railroad av. and Seventh st.; residence on Eighth st., Woodruff's Addition; born in Sweden, Aug. 16, 1836; came to Chicago in Oct., 1854; removed to St. Charles, Kane Co., Ill., in Dec., 1854, and came to Rockford June 10, 1855; was engaged in the business of carpenter and cabinet maker until 1864, when he engaged in the manufacture of sash, doors and blinds; engaged in the furniture business in 1869, and has continued in that line to the present time; became connected with the Forest City Co. in 1875; he married for his first wife Mary Howkan-son, of Sweden; she died Jan. 5, 1860; they had three children, all now living; Hilda Sophia, Theodore and Caroline; present wife was Hilma Augusta Zelen; married June 4, 1874; they have one daughter, Alma Olivia; Mr. and Mrs. Johnson are members of the Lutheran Church.

Johnson A.G. cabt mkr; r S. 8th, cor 10th av.
 Johnson A. L. city express; r 704 George.
 Johnson Albert, lab; r 509 N. Main; e s.
 Johnson Albert, lab; r 508 S. Sixth; e s.
 Johnson A. cabinetmkr; r 8th, cor 4th av.
 Johnson Alfred, r e end Fifth av.
 Johnson Alfred, blacksmith A. Neumeister; bds same.
 Johnson Andrew, r 410 S. Main; w s.
 Johnson Andrew, r 118 W. Third; e s.
 Johnson Andrew S., r 804 Fifth av; e s.
 Johnson And. W. miller; r 509 S. First; e s.
 Johnson C.G. tailor I. Bacharach; r Seventh.
 Johnson C. lab; r s end S. Seventh; W. A.
 Johnson Chas. emp John T. Lakin.
 Johnson Chas, lab; bds 722 N. First; e s.
 Johnson Chas. lab; r 901 Third av.
 Johnson Chas. r S. Eighth; W. A.
 Johnson C. F. carp; r 712 N. Church; w s.
 Johnson Claus, carp; r 910 Fifth av.
 Johnson Dr. E. J. dentist; r 107 N. 1st; e s.

JOHNSON & MINZINGER,
 Dealers in Fruits, Oysters, Confectionery, Cigars and Fancy Groceries; Proprietors of Oyster and Ice Cream Parlors, 125 W. State st.

JOHNSON FRANKLIN, residence over 128 W. State st.; born in Alabama, Genessee Co., N.Y., Nov. 1, 1837; removed to Madison, Wis., in 1853; lived there two years; then came to Rockford in 1855; married Almira E. Thayer, of Schuyler

Co., N. Y.; they have one child, Nettie L., born Jan. 1, 1865; Mr. J. served two years in Co. C, 15th I. V. I.; enlisted as private, mustered out as Corporal.

Johnson Fred'k, lab; r 511 S. First; e s.
 Johnson Fred H. r 801 Pecatonica.
 Johnson Geo. tailor; r 311 S. Fifth; e s.
 Johnson G. F. watchmaker; r 519 E. State.
 Johnson Gust. emp F. H. Manny; room same.
 Johnson Gust. lab; r 402 S. Fifth; e s.
 Johnson Gust. mason; r 716 N. First; e s.
 Johnson Isaac A. r 801 Pecatonica.
 Johnson Jno. P. tailor; r S. Fourth; e s.
 Johnson J. P. tailor; bds C. Henry.
 Johnson Jas. teamster; r n end George; w s.
 Johnson Jas. farm; r School w of fair ground.
 Johnson Jens, cooper; r 1404 Third av.
 Johnson Jno. cooper; r 405 S. Second; e s.
 Johnson Jno. painter; r 207 N. Second; e s.
 Johnson J. A. R. employe B. & Sames; r 410 S. Fourth.
 Johnson John, lab; r 214 S. Water; e s.
 Johnson John, lab; r 403 S. Fourth; e s.
 Johnson Jos. plumber; r 407 N. Main; e s.
 Johnson K. pressman *Gazette*; r 1404 3d av.
 Johnson Benj. lab; r 1107 Second av; e s.
 Johnson Nich. moulder; r 405 S. Fourth; e s.
 Johnson Ole, r 704 Fourth av; e s.
 Johnson Oscar, r 722 N. First; e s.
 Johnson Oscar, lab; r 901 Fourth av; e s.
 Johnson Peter, r 209 S. West; w s.
 Johnson Peter, tailor; r 403 S. Fourth; e s.
 Johnson Peter, mechanic; r 503 S. First. e s.
 Johnson S. A. r 402 Kishwaukee.
 Johnson Sam'l, wire works; r 118 N. 3d; e s.
 Johnson Sam'l, mechanic; r 307 Bluff; e s.
 Johnson S. G. tailor; r S. Fourth.
 Johnson Thos. G. painter; r 207 N. 2d; e s.

JOHNSON W. G. House, Sign and Carriage Painter and Grainer, 514 E. State st.; residence 209 N. Fourth st.; Mr. Johnson deals extensively in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Brushes, and painters' materials of every description.

Johnson W. P, r 901 Ferguson; s s.
 Johnson W. A. painter; r 207 N. 2d; e s.
 Johnson W. W. piano stools; r S. Ninth, cor Thirteenth av.
 Johnson Wm. r 306 S. West.
 Johnson —, musician; r over 328 E. State
 Johnson Chas. tailor; r 607 S. Seventh; e s.
 Johnson W. J. book agt; r over 328 E. State.
 Johnston A. M. oat meal; r 309 N. Main; w s.
 Johnston J. S. blacksmith; r 505 Kishwaukee.
 Johnston Morton, r 610 Mulberry.
 Jones Benj. harnessmkr; r 804 Pecatonica.

Jones Benj. bds 118 N. First; e s.

JONES CASSIUS C. Teller Second National Bank; residence 508 Rockton av.; born at Seneca Falls, N. Y., May 8, 1845; came to Rockford in 1868; has been with the Second National Bank nearly nine years; married Mary D. Hankinson, Dec. 27, 1869; she is a daughter of Dr. G. Hankinson, of Manahawkin, N. J.; have one child, Grace L., who was born April 5, 1874. - *and wife died Nov*

Jones David, carp; r 508 W. State. 21. 88

Jones Ellis L. r 808 Ferguson.

Jones H. A. mechanic; r 906 Ferguson; s s.

Jones H. K. carp; r 201 N. Main; w s.

Jones John, plasterer; r 501 E. State.

JONES J. HERVA. Sup't Emerson, Talcott & Co. Manufacturing Works; residence 710 S. Main st.; born in Canandaigua, N. Y., Aug. 20, 1827; lived in Rochester, N. Y., until 19 years of age; came to Byron, Ogle Co., Ill., in 1846; when only 12 years of age, he commenced work in machine shops, and has continued to work in different mechanical departments ever since; he removed to Rockton in 1847, where he remained until he came to Rockford in 1868; since 1869 he has superintended the entire works of the firm with which he is now connected; in 1854 he invented the first hand corn planter which was ever made, which remains a staple planter at this time, being extensively manufactured by Emerson, Talcott & Co.; he is the inventor of very many other implements, machines and improvements, among which may be mentioned, Self Rakes, attached to the Manny Reaper, Broadcast Seeders, Riding, Combined and Walking Cultivators, Horse Power Equalizers, Horse Corn Planters, improvements on the Marsh Harvesters, etc.; he is one of the Directors of the Public Library; was Co. Supervisor of the 5th ward in 1873 and 1874; married Paulina P. Austin, daughter of Sewell Austin, of Shirland, who came here in 1840; they have one son and one daughter.

JONES J. PRYNNE, Attorney at Law; office over Rockford National Bank; residence 206 S. Main st.; East Side; born in Warren, Ohio, Aug. 14, 1852; came to Rockford in June, 1876; admitted to the bar at Boonsboro, Iowa, in Jan., 1875; admitted to the bar in this state in 1876.

Jones P. with Graham & Co.; r 808 Ferguson.

JONES, WOODRUFF & CO., Manufacturers of the celebrated LXL Wind Engines and Iron Pumps; Deep Well Pumps with the "Mills Patent Cylinder" a specialty; Office, No. 119 Court st., west of Court-house square.

Jones Samuel N. pumps, etc.; r 1019 W. State.

Jones T. W. meat market; r 501 E. State.

Jonstrang S. r street from Seminary, s R. R.

JOSLIN JAMES T. Clerk and Bookkeeper for F. K. & W. H. Dunshee; residence at 205 N. Third st., East Side; born in Nichols, Tioga Co., N. Y., Dec. 12, 1859; came to Rockford in Oct., 1867; he is a member of Washington Camp, P. O. S. of A.

Joyce M. (Walsh & Joyce), r 1005 Third av.

Judd O. H. salesman; r 305 N. Avon; w s.

Julian Stephen T., K. Bros. paper mill; r Wall, n S. West; s s.

KALLSTRAND C. A. painter; bds 513 E. State.

Kallstrand Charles, room.

Kane John, r 320 W. State.

Kasten Gust, r 722 N. First; e s.

Kastholm E. L. stone-cutter; r 504 Mulberry.

Katzung Jos. butcher; r 1010 S. Church; s s.

Kaufman Albert G. r 1411 Charles; e s.

Kaufman A. D. cigar maker; r 1114 Charles.

KAUFFMAN AUGUST, Proprietor Meat Market, 820 S. Main st.; South Side; residence cor Church and Montague sts.; born in Germany, Aug. 31, 1834; came to Rockford in 1854; he has been engaged in present business about 18 years; married Elizabeth Katzung; they have five children: Louisa, Annie, Edward, Charles and Minnie; they have lost one son.

Kauffman Leo. butcher; bds 818 S. Main; s s.

Kaye Geo. hardware, 405 W. State; r 610 W. State.

Kaye Geo., Jr., r 610 W. State.

Keefe Daniel, lab; r 1109 Rock; s s.

Keegan Thomas, r 1211 Rock; s s.

KEELER NORMAN A. Dealer in Fashionable Millinery, Patterns, etc., 208 W. State st.; residence same No.; born in Farmington, Ontario Co., N. Y., Sept. 26, 1838; came to Rockford in 1874; he came to Delevan, Wis., in 1840; married Maria E. Peets, Aug. 26, 1858; she was born in Pike, N. Y., Aug. 26, 1836; they have two children: Minnie, born in LaGrange, Mo., April 11, 1860; Harry B. was born in Delevan, Wis., Jan. 16, 1864; Mr. and Mrs. Keeler are members of the M. E. Church.

Keeling Frank, carp; r 1006 Elm; w s.

Keeling John, painter; r 1108 S. Main; s s.

Keeling Thomas M. r 1006 Elm; w s.

Keeling S. moulder; r 1108 S. Main; s s.

Keeling Thomas M. r 1006 Elm.

Keeling Wm. M. r 1108 S. Main; s s.

Keeling W. tailor; r 205 S. Sixth; e s.

Keeley Michael, lab; r 211 S. Water; e s.

Keeney A. W. paper mill; r 1009 West; s s.

Keeney E. M. bkpr Globe Paper Mills, Rockford, and Enterprise Paper Mills, Wilmington; r same.

Keeney John D. paper mill; r 810 Blake; s s.

Keeney M. D. paper mill; r Wilmington.
 Keig Edward, 1102 Third av; e s.
 Keith C. H. r cor E. Seminary and S. 3d; e s.
 Keith James L. r W. State near limits.
 Kelley John, blacksmith; bds 610 Court; e s.
 Kelley Wm. lab; bds 207 S. Water; e s.
 Kelly Francis H. carp; r Corbin cor Loomis.
 Kellogg B. J. dentist over 308 W. State; r 210 N. First.
 Kellogg Geo. F. bkpr; r 1005 S. Court; s s.
 Kellogg J. K. r 113 N. Winnebago; w s.
 Kellogg N. S. butcher; r 113 N. Winnebago.
 Kelley Richard, blacksmith; r 903 Cedar.
 Kelley S. D. r 1125 W. State.
 Kelsey A. M. dentist 307 W. State; r 301 S. Winnebago.
 Kendlehardt Fred, r 708 Elm; w s.
 Kennish John, harnessmaker Elm bet Main and Church; r 1002 Elm; w s.
 Kennedy A. papermkr; bds 308 S. Main; w s.
 Kennedy John M. employe gas works; bds Holland House.
 Keogh Richard, watchmaker.
 Kern John M. tailor; r 512 Hill; e s.
 Kerr Andrew R. lab; r 107 Peach; w s.
 Kerr J. B. r 518 N. Church; w s.
 Kerr Rev. Dr. T. pastor Christian Union; r 518 N. Church.
 Kerr Wm. painter; r 608 S. Fourth; e s.
 Kessler Aaron H. clk City Hotel; r same.
 Kessler George, r 110 Mulberry.
 Kessler Henry, blacksmith; r 110 Mulberry.
KESSLER JERRY, With F. K. and W. H. Dunshee; residence 308 N. Fourth st., East Side; born in Centre Co., Pa., Jan. 26, 1838; came to this Co. in the fall of 1870; married Eliza Jane Morey, Jan. 12, 1868; was in the army during the rebellion about two years and a half; served four months in Co. E., 141st Regt. I. V. I.; balance of the time in Co. A., 147th Regt. I. V. I.; Mr. Kessler is a member of Winnebago Lodge, No. 31, I. O. O. F., also of Rockford Encampment, No. 44, I. O. O. F.
 Kettlewell Thomas P. meat market 501 E. State; r 113 N. First; e s.
 Keyes C. E. road master; r 309 S. Second; e s.
 Keyes Fred A. r 309 S. Second; e s.
 Keyt D. architect and builder 117 N. Main; w s.
 Keyte George, r 606 Rockton av.
 Keyt James, mason, r 707 W. State.
 Keyt Wm. R. r 117 N. Main; w s.
 Kilhl Charles, cigarmaker; bds W. State.
 Kiley Wm. teaming; r 610 S. Fifth.
 Killey J. W. blacksmith; 404 N. Third; e s.
 Kimball Frank H. r 815 N. Winnebago; w s.
 Kimball Henry P. secy of Winnebago Co. Agricultural Society; r 815 N. Winnebago.

Kimball Willis M. r 815 N. Winnebago.
 Kimball P. T. express; r 1107 Ferguson; s s.
 King Frank C. book-keeper; r 307 S. West.
KING GEORGE E. Assistant Cashier Second National Bank; residence cor. West and Elm sts.; born at Wappinger's Falls, Dutchess Co., N. Y., Aug. 30, 1844; came to Rockford in May, 1856; was with his father, Wm. G. King, in mercantile business until 1864, when he became connected with the Second National Bank, and has continued with it ever since; married Alice E. Fisher, daughter of Henry Fisher, who was one of the prominent business men of Rockford from the time the railroad reached here until his decease, in —; Mr. King has one daughter, Alma E., who was born Oct. 22, 1871.
 King Henry H. r 811 N. Second; e s.
 King John, r 410 S. Court; w s.
 King Henry, r rear 134 S. Water; e s.
 King J. P. seedgrower, r 820 N. Main; w s.
 Kingman D. at tack factory; r Cedar, near S. Court.
 Kingsbury H. grocer, 121 S. Main, w s; r. 506 N. Main.
 Kingsley C. M. painter; r 607 Horsman; w s.
 Kirby Edward, carp; r 308 S. Horsman.
 Kirby T. J. tailor, 112 W. State; r 705 N. Second; e s.
KIRK ELISHA A. Capitalist; resides at 305 N. Second st.; born in East Nottingham, Chester Co., Pa., March 9, 1819; in 1824 his father moved to Dixborough, near Ann Harbor, Mich.; about the year 1825 or '26 his father built the first mill west of Detroit; they moved to Branch Co., Mich., in 1826; came to Guilford, in this Co., March 6, 1837; engaged in farming pursuits ever since he came here; for twenty years very largely engaged in the grain business in Rockford, but at the same time farming extensively; married Rachel Dennis; she was born near St. Thomas, Canada; they have three children, Josephine Marion, now Mrs. Samuel Kerr, Emeline Elizabeth, and Henrietta Theresa; Mr. Kirk and family are Universalists.
 Kirton D. M. attorney at law, Horsman new block, W. State; r 606 N. Church; w s.
 Kirton James, r 606 N. Church; w s.
 Kirton Jas. H. r 606 N. Church; w s.
 Kitchen C. A. dentist; r 507 Cherry.
 Kjellberg And. emp furn fac; r 512 Union.
 Kjellgren A. painter; r 510 S. Seventh; e s.
 Kjellgren Aug. lab; r s end Seventh; W. A.
 Kjellgren John, lab; r 510 S. Seventh; e s.
 Kjellgren Samuel, painter; r 516 Union; e s.
 Klein Louis, clothier; bds Holland House.
 Kloman L. watchmkr; bds 112 Second; e s.
 Knapp M. L. 318 N. Avon; w s.

Knapp Riley I. r 807 Kent; s s.

Knight Dr. D. E. 108 S. Main, w s; boards Forest City House.

Knowles Henry, butter dealer, Masonic Blk; r 510 North.

KNOWLTON WM. A. Manufacturer of Knowlton's "New Manny" Combined Reaper and Mower; by careful manufacture and honest effort, Mr. K. secured the reputation to the machine known as the "New Manny;" because that name is now used by others, he will hereafter call his "Knowlton's Reaper and Mower;" valuable improvements recently made; he also manufactures Knowlton's Patent Ratchet Beam Cultivator, "Dexter, Junior;" also the "Eclipse" Riding Cultivator, and Knowlton's Hay Rakes—the "Knowlton Rake" and the "Paddock Rake;" residence 302 N. Main st., West Side.

Knowlton Wm. A., Jr. r 302 N. Main; w s.

Knudson E. marblecutter; r 607 Rockton av.

Knutson —, s e S. Seventh; W. A.

Koplin C. C. fireman; r 715 S. Winnebago.

Koplin J. L. engineer; r 206 S. West.

Kouright Geo. carp; bds City Hotel.

Krone J. P. mechanic; r 708 S. 7th; W. A.

Kruz A. mechanic; r 510 Kishwaukee; e s.

Kullbom Otto, carp; r nr S. Park; e s.

LACOSTE ED. Agent Rockford Watch Company.

Lacy Miles, lab; r 707 S. Fourth; e s.

Ladue J. H. moulder; r 1001 S. Court; s s.

LaForge C. C. old iron; r 803 S. Court; w s.

LaFountain J. blacksmith; r 806 Rock; s s.

Lake Adam S. carp; bds City Hotel.

Lake Chas. N. carp and cabinet maker; bds White's Hotel.

Lake C. W. messenger express co; bds Forest City House.

LAKE JOHN, Whose portrait appears in this work, was born in England, March 27, 1821. Came to this country in the summer of 1837. Settled in Rockford, Winnebago County, Ill., in December of the same year, and has resided here till the present time. Has represented the Second Ward of the city of Rockford in her Common Council, as Alderman, from May 2, 1864, to May 5, 1873; has also served as Supervisor of same ward some six or seven years. Was extensively engaged in the lumber business from 1850 to 1873.

Mr. Lake has traveled in all parts of the United States, visiting California in 1872. Showing that he is a keen observer and a fine delineator of the scenery for which California is so famous, I insert an extract from a letter written to a friend, and by

him published, describing the Yosemite Valley:

"We will go by way of Stockton to the Valley. About forty miles from Stockton we strike the foot-hills of the Sierra-Nevada Mountain range, and for a distance of one hundred miles we cross a series of mountain chains that are grand beyond any description I can give you. In this distance we ascend to an elevation of at least ten thousand feet above the starting point, at which point we are on the edge of the Yosemite Valley; and now in a distance of two miles we descend four thousand feet into the Valley. It is difficult to give a description or to find comparisons to give an impression of the grandeur of the scenery, or of the lofty precipices surrounding this valley. Seek the highest mountain in England, cleave it in two to the level of the sea, and you will scarcely get one half the depth of this valley, and yet it is but about six miles long, and will not average over half a mile in width. Its sides are bare granite; in places are depressions, and the granite rotten or decomposed sufficiently to admit of vegetable growth; in such places we find huge pines growing, the roots seeking support in the crevices of the rock. The bottom of the valley is a beautiful meadow; through the length of the valley runs the Merced river; some parts are covered with a heavy growth of timber; the meadow is covered with luxuriant grasses and a variety of flowers. The height of the surrounding rocks and waterfalls is wonderful. Cap of Liberty is 4,600 feet high. This rock is almost a bare granite, and nearly vertical on all sides except to the east. I ascended it alone; no one in the party had the courage to try it with me. When at the top, I was amply paid for the toil. Laid out before me was one of the finest panoramic views that I ever set my eyes upon. On every hand mountain peaks covered with snow, their bases presenting a growth of mammoth pine, spruce and balsam. Inspiration Point is 8,200 feet high; with a Dr. Highway, of Cincinnati, I ascended this point of rocks, jutting out into the Valley—at its extremity not more than four feet wide. We took our seats on this, our feet hanging over the sides, and partook of our refreshments—wine and cake. A slip of a few inches would have carried us 2,000 feet into the valley below."

Has visited Europe three or four times, spending nearly a year in 1867, visiting her principal countries and cities.

Married Miss Almeda M. Danley, Oct. 11, 1849; her native place was Chautauqua Co., N. Y. Have had seven children: Sarah E., born Sept. 26, 1850; Geo. W., Jan. 17, 1852, died Sept. 10, 1852; Jane Eliza, Feb. 2, 1854; Alice M., March 28, 1861; Chas. E., Dec. 8, 1862, died June 15,

1863; Frank L., April 5, 1865; Maria A., Dec. 11, 1866, died July 1, 1867.

Mr. Lake has retired from active business, and in his beautiful home is enjoying the accumulations of years of toil in his early manhood. He is the present acting Grand Master of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows for the State of Ill.

Lake J. J. sheet iron worker; rooms over 401 W. State.

Lake L. F. carp; r 1006 Rock; s s.

LAKIN JOHN T. Of the firm of Perry & Lakin, Lumber Dealers, corner State and Third sts., East Side; Mr. Lakin resides at 1109 West State st.; he was born at Dresden, Ohio; came to Rockford in the fall of 1860.

Lakin Josephus, r 608 W. State.

Lakin P. H. clerk C. & N. W. R. R.; r 608 W. State.

Lambert Thomas, r Lincoln av; s s.

Lambert Henry, r Lincoln av.

Lamont David, clk P. O.; r 403 East.

Lamont Jas. bkpr; r 911 S. Church; s s.

Lamphire A. B. mechanic; r 607 Morgan; s s.

Lampson D. E. wind mill; r 718 North; e s.

Lander Franklin C. r 306 N. Church; w s.

Lander F. W. sawyer; r Peach near Avon.

Landers Harry, r 206 S. Winnebago.

LANDIN JOHN. Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots and Shoes, 412 E. State st.; residence 705 Kishwaukee st.; born in Sweden, Oct. 10, 1839; came to N. Y. City in 1864; resided there one year; removed to Rockford in 1865; married Johanna Anderson, Nov. 13, 1866; she was born in Sweden; they have five children; Mr. Landin and family are members of the Swedish Lutheran Church.

Lane Frank, bolt shop; r 906 Main; s s.

Lane Geo. printer; r 906 S. Main; s s.

Lane G. W. hardware, 811 S. Main, s s; r 504 N. Second; e s.

Lane I. harness maker; r 906 S. Main; s s.

Lane James B. r 508 N. Church; w s.

LANE DR. ROBERT P. President Second National Bank, cor Main and State sts.; residence 508 N. Church st.; born in Bedford Co., Penn., Feb. 21, 1818; came to Rockford in 1851; the Doctor was one of the parties who organized the Water Power Co. in 1853, and was most active in its development; was first Treasurer and Manager and for many years President; he organized the Second National Bank in 1864; he has been President of that institution since first organization; he also organized the Rockford Insurance Co. in 1866; has been Treasurer of that Company ever since that time; the Doctor has always been prominently identified with the general business interests of Rockford since he first came to the place, in 1851.

Lane Solomon, carp; r 906 Rock; s s.

Lane Wm. B. r 508 N. Church.

Lane Wm. lab; r 903 N. Second; e s.

Lane Wm., Jr., moulder; r 903 N. Second; e s.

Lang Robert, r 116 S. Wyman; e s.

Lansing A. C. feed store; r 405 N. Third.

Lansing J. A. feed store; bds 405 N. Third.

Lansing E. H. r 1003 Horsman.

Lanyon D. N. carriage ptr; r 708 Peach; w s.

LaPointe Alfred, r 1008 Crosby; e s.

LaPointe John, carp; r 912 Benton; e s.

Largent J. H. clk; r 606 N. Rock; e s.

LARGENT JACOB P. Of the firm of Hazlet & Largent, dealers in Boots and Shoes and Rubber Goods, 402 E. State st.; residence 204 S. Main st., East Side; born in Fayette Co., Penn., Dec. 14, 1832; came to Rockford in Nov., 1854; engaged in grocery business until 1867; since then in present business; married Maggie Hazlet, May 9, 1860; she was born in Maryland; they have one son, Clinton, born Sept. 18, 1868; Mr. and Mrs. L. are members of State St. Baptist Church.

Largent Oscar, bds 204 S. Main; e s.

Largent Albert, bds C. Henry.

Larkins Oliver A. r 505 N. Church; w s.

Larson Albert, tailor A. & D.; r Kishwaukee.

Lasher —, rooms over 329 W. State.

Larson L. painter; r 9th av, cor S. 8th; W.A.

Larson Peter, tailor; r 809 Third av; e s.

Lassaman C. mechanic; r over 108 W. State.

Lathrop Wm. atty at law; r 402 N. West; w s.

Laurence L. H. r 703 George.

Lavin Mich. plow maker; r 1001 Crosby; e s.

Lawless Albert H. r 1012 S. Third; e s.

Lawler Patrick, tailor; r 701 N. Main; e s.

Lawler P. at bolt works, 1106 Ferguson; s s.

LAWLER THOS. G. Milling Business; Mill on water power at east end of dam; residence 208 Kishwaukee st.; born in Liverpool, Eng., April 7, 1844; came to Rockford in 1854; married Fannie A. Rodd, Dec. 24, 1866; she was born in Canada, Sept. 22, 1845; Mr. Lawler enlisted as a private in Co. E, 19th I. V. I., June 8, 1861; was in the service 3 years and 3 months; mustered out as Sergeant, Brevet First Lieut.; was in the battles of Stone River, Chicamauga, Mission Ridge, Bailey's Cross Roads, Mallard Creek, Resaca, and all other engagements of this Regt. until close of the campaign; Mr. L. is Post Commander of Nevius' Post, No. 1, G. A. R.; has been for 8 years; he is also First Lieut. of Rockford Rifles.

Lawrence D. E. ins agt; r 1006 W. State.

Lawrence L. C. trav agt; r 309 North.

Lawrie J. T. emp A. M. Johnston & Co.

Lawrie Thos. J. miller; bds White's Hotel.

Lawshe Spencer, drayman; r 308 North.
 Lawson Albert, tailor; r 705 Kishwaukee; e s.
 Laws Jerry, city exp; r 1109 River.
 Lawson Nels. r Fourth av, cor Eighth.
 Lawson O. L. shoemaker; r 126 Park; e s.
 Lawson O. r 208 S. Fourth.
 Lawson R. employe N. C. Thompson; r 405 Kishwaukee.
 Lawson S. stone quarry, Seminary, s R.R.; e s.
 Lawson —; bds 304 S. Fourth; e s.
 Lawton A. J. grocer; bds 612 Mulberry.
 Lawton T. J. grocer; bds 612 Mulberry.
 Layng Wm. lab; r S. Main cor Lincoln av.
 Leach Isaac J. painter; r Lincoln av.
 Leach E. A. r Lincoln av.
 Leach Wm. John, painter; r Lincoln av.
 Leach W. J. carp; r 925 Crosby; e s.
 Leahy Wm. lab; r 719 N. Church; w s.
 Lear Thomas, blacksmith; r 1206 S. West.
 Leavitt Charles, painter; 1509 Fifth av; e s.
 Leavitt Wm. lab; r 1509 Fifth av; e s.
LEE B. F. County Clerk; r 405 N. West; born in Owen Tp., this Co., April 19, 1842; married Mary Urquhart, Dec. 16, 1874; she was born in Rockton Tp., this Co., March, 1853; Mr. Lee was Clerk of the Board of Supervisors from June 24, 1869, to Sept. 16, 1873; was Collector of Owen Tp. two years, 1866 and 1867; he has served as County Clerk since Dec., 1873; served three years and ten months in Co. L., 8th Regt. I. V. C.; enlisted as private, mustered out as Second Lieutenant; lost left arm in the fight at Ft. Stevens, D. C., in July, 1864.
 Lee Chas. H. salesman L. Moulthrop.
LEEDS RICHARD C. Agent for White's Sewing Machines, 217 East State st.; residence 308 Walnut st.; born in Canaan, N. H., Jan. 3, 1815; came to Roscoe, this Co., in 1863; came to Rockford in 1864; married Mary P. Rice; she was born in Windsor, Vt.; they have three children, Helen A., now Mrs. J. D. Durell; Lizzie M., now Mrs. John P. Zimmerman; and Della C.
 Leland A. J. register clk P.O.; bds 210 S. 1st; e s.
 Lemley John, editor and prop. *Golden Censer*, cor S. Main and Walnut.
 Leonard E. M. provisions; r 527 N. Church; w s.
 Leonard F. J. confectionery 405 E. State; r 501 S. Third; e s.
 Leonard I. A. grocer 329 W. State; r 309 Horsman
 Lesuer M. L. painter; bds American House.
 Letts D. M. r 209 S. Fourth; e s.
 Levings P. R. r 709 Morgan; s s.
 Lewis Mrs. F. J. r over S. Stern.
 Lewis H. Fay, cigars and tobacco 314 W. State; r over S. Stern.
 Lewis Wm. lab; r s e Kishwaukee.

Lewis Stephen R. woodturner; r 514 S. Main.
 Lidell John, emp C. & U.; r 120 Park; e s.
 Lief A. emp Thompson's; r 308 S. Fourth.
 Lillibridge F. teacher; r 605 S. Third; e s.
 Lillibridge N. K. r 605 S. Third; e s.
 Lillie F, B. bds 805 Sixth av; e s.
 Lillyholm P. E. cabinetmkr; r 301 Bluff; e s.
LINCOLN GEORGE, Engaged in the business of Bottling Foreign and Domestic Ales, Porter, Beer, Wines, etc. —orders by letter or otherwise solicited— bottling establishment, No. 408 S. Main st.; residence at 406 S. Main st., West Side; born in Lowell Co., Mass., Aug. 4, 1838; came to Rockford in May, 1855; married Martha Adeline Matthews: she was born in Lowell, Mass.; they have one child.
 Lincoln Marshall, bottling with Geo. Lincoln; r 408 S. Main; w s.
 Linbeck A. lab; r Gregory bet S. 4th and 5th; e s.
 Linbeck I. P. lab; r Gregory bet S. 4th & 5th; e s.
 Lindahl P. grain warehouse 202 N. Main; r 513 N. Second; e s.
 Lindblade Augustus, emp Briggs & Enoch; r 911 Kishwaukee; e s.
 Lindblade J. emp E. & Co.; r S. Seventh; W. A.
 Lindbom John, miller; r 507 Pope; e s.
 Lind August, r 506 Kishwaukee.
 Lind Andrew, carp; r 508 S. Sixth; e s.
 Lindeloff Alfred, clk; bds 302 S. Second.
 Linden A. W. painter 307 S. Main; r 1003 S. Winnebago.
 Linderman Jno. H. r 609 N. Main; w s.
 Linderman John, trav agt Emerson, Talcott, & Co.; r 509 N. Main; w s.
 Lindervoot J. P. r 706 S. Seventh; W. A.
 Lindholm Jno. lab; bds 307 Bluff; e s.
 Lindfeldt A. cabinet maker; r 805 Kishwaukee; e s.
 Lindquist Chas. r 802 Second av.
 Lindsay Albert, clerk; bds 907 Loomis.
LINDSAY JOHN, Dealer in Groceries, Flour, Feed and Provisions, 823 S. Main st.; residence 907 Loomis st.; born in Ireland, Oct. 8, 1840; came to N. Y. State in 1853; lived there until he removed to Rockford, in 1866; married Caroline Dodge; she was born in Glenn, Montgomery Co., N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. L. are members of the South Rockford M. E. Church; Mr. Lindsay served two years in Co. B, 82d N. Y. V. I.; participated in every battle that regt. was engaged in; was Color Sergeant sixteen months, and for eight months of latter part of service was Orderly Sergeant.
 Lippitt J. L. r 814 N. Main; w s.
 Lischten Morris, emp A. VanInwagen.
 Lischten Richard, r 211 S. Wyman.

Little H. D. crockery, 201 W. State; bds 517 N. Church.

Littlefield Dan. C. r 210 S. First; e s.

LITZELLE JNO. C. Physician and Surgeon; office 316 East State st.; residence 408 Kishwaukee st.; born in Sweden, March 9, 1825; came to Rockford in 1871; the Doctor received his medical education in Stockholm, the capital of Sweden; has been engaged in the practice of his profession since 1851.

Livingston Frank, r 310 N. West; w s.

Livingston Isaac, saloon, 407 W. State; r 310 N. West.

Lloyd Wm. carp; r 807 Third av; e s.

LOCKWOOD ISAAC B. Of the firm of Lockwood & Lyman, Wire Works, on Water Power; resides at 809 Mulberry st.; born in Niagara Co., N. Y., Oct. 12, 1837; came to Laona, this Co., in 1839; engaged in farming until he came to Rockford, in 1862, when he went into the Hardware store of Israel Sovereign, and remained with him until 1872, when he engaged in present business; married Louisa M. Koyl, Aug. 21, 1861; she was born in Michigan, May 30, 1839; have three children; Iva Blanche, born April 1, 1868; J. Ralph, Aug. 6, 1872; Pearl, Oct. 6, 1874; Mrs. Lockwood is a member of the M. E. church.

Lockwood Byron, eng brewery; r foot Prairie.

Lockwood E. wireweaver; r 1203 Court; s s.

Lockwood Geo. S. carp; r 803 S. Court; s s.

Lockwood Henry, r 809 Mulberry.

Logan John, lab; r 908 S. West; s s.

Logue Wm. H. moulder; r 908 Fourth av.

LOGUE WM. Undertaker, 502 E. State st.; resides 409 Sixth st.; born in Manchester, Eng., Oct. 14, 1820; came to Patterson, N. J., June 7, 1847; remained there two years, and then moved to Chicago, where he lived four years, and moved to Rockford in April, 1853; he is a cabinet maker by trade; has been engaged in the business of Undertaking here 16 years; married Jane Aspden, in England; have five children living; lost two; Mr. and Mrs. L. are Protestant in religion.

Lonenbeck Fred, r Lincoln av.

Lonergan John K. carp; r 406 River; s s.

Lonergan Pat'k, carp; bds 114 S. Water; e s.

Longcor Jas. r 509 S. Second; e s.

Long And. teaming; r 1201 Third av; e s.

Long Michael, lab; r 1202 S. West.

Long M. emp furniture factory; r L. Osborn.

Long Wm. J. r 609 Horsman; w s.

Loomis H. W. r 301 N. Court; w s.

Loren Mich. mechanic; r 408 S. Winnebago.

Loudy Jonas, r Ninth av cor Eighth; W. A.

Love Harry, blacksmith; r 405 N. 2d; e s.

LOVE JNO. Of the firm of Savage & Love, Mill st., on the Water Power; residence 410 Morgan st.; South Side; Pattern and Model Makers; General Work and Jobbing in Wood, Iron, Brass and Steel done, and satisfaction guaranteed; ample facilities for doing all kinds of work in their line, upon short notice; Mr. Love was born near Chambersburg, Franklin Co., Pa., Oct. 21, 1835; came to Rockford in 1844; married Anastasia Young, Oct. 16, 1858; she was born in Jefferson, Cambria Co., Pa., Nov. 29, 1835; have two sons.

Loveland Harvey S. r 714 N. Church; w s.

Loveland John, baker; r 914 N. Court; w s.

Loveland R. P. r 914 N. Court; w s.

Loveland Wm. bds 508 Gregory; e s.

Lovelace N. blacksmith; r 707 N. 2d; e s.

Lewis J. B. paper and tinware; bds 402 Gregory; e s.

Lowney Jas. lab; r w. E. Chestnut.

Lown Frank, painter; r 512 Gregory; e s.

Lownsbury C. W. teacher; r 508 Mulberry.

Lowgreen O. emp Bertrand & Sames; r 502 S. Sixth.

Lucas Aug. engineer; r S. Court nr Chestnut.

Luce C. A. carp; r 701 Market; e s.

Luce C. D. r 701 Market; e s.

Luce Frank D. clk; r 701 Market; e s.

Lund Fred, jeweler, 311 E. State; r 306 S. 4th.

Lundburg K. lab; r 517 Union.

LUNDGREN C. A. 301 S. Main, West Side; House, Sign and Decorative Painter; Frescoing and all kinds of Painting in the best style of the art; Mr. L. was born in Sweden, Aug. 22, 1829; in 1851 he came to N. Y. city; lived there 7 years, then removed to Minnesota, where he resided most of the time until 1861, when he went to Europe and spent a year; in 1863 he came to Rockford; he has had extensive experience as a painter, both in Europe and this country; married Carrie P. Gilson, Nov. 4, 1866; have three children, Frank G., Fred. L., and Ethel.

Lundgren Chas. r Fifth av n Eighth.

Lundgren Chas. blacksmith; r 403 S. 4th; e s.

Lundgren Gust. blacksmith; r 403 S. 2d; e s.

Lundgren Jno. mason; r 610 N. First; e s.

Lundin Samuel, r 915 Kishwaukee; e s.

Lundine Solomon, bds 304 S. Fourth; e s.

Lundquist Peter, lab; r 609 S. Fifth.

Lonergan John, carp; r 1008 River; s s.

Lundstrum A. mechanic; r 103 Morgan; s s.

Lundstrum A. M. blacksmith; r 606 S. 6th; e s.

Luther Vincent C. farmer; r 806 Ferguson.

Lyman Edward H. taxidermist, Rockf Natl Bank building; r 1007 Mulberry, W. State.

LYMAN DR. J. BALDWIN, Physician and Surgeon, 118 and 120 N. Second st., East Side; born in East Hamp-

ton, Mass., April 18, 1820; came to Rockford in the spring of 1858; the Dr. is a graduate of Jefferson Medical College; also a graduate of Amherst College; in 1848 he became Instructor of German and French Languages at Amherst College; in 1850 he was Professor of Mathematics in Oglethorpe University, in Georgia; married Lucy Depue; she was born in Hainesville, N. J.; they have five children; the Dr. is President of the Board of Education; he is Examining Pension Surgeon; has been acting as such since 1863.

LYMAN N. E. President Peoples Savings Bank; residence 504 N. Court st., West Side; born in Rushford, Allegheny Co., N. Y., Nov. 17, 1834; came to Rockford in 1873.

Lyman Wm. H. carp; r 1105 Crosby; e s.

Lynch John, r 801 Corbin; s s.

Lynch John, lab; r 801 Crosby; e s.

Lynch J. moulder; r Cunningham, n limits.

Lynch Patrick, employe Forbes & Co.; r foot Knowlton; s s.

Lynn Herman J. baker, C. D. Asprooth.

Lyon D. G. moulder; r 1107 S. Court; s s.

Lyon I. justice of peace; r 209 N. Church; ws.

Lyon Wm. G. painter, 1406 S. West.

Lyon Wm. P. carp; r 408 Park; w s.

Lyon George, lab; r 1208 S. Court; s s.

Lyons Wm. grocer, 431 W. State; r 207 N. Avon; w s.

McAFFEE WM. D. Physician and Surgeon, 106 W. State st.; resides at same number; born in Towanda, Pa., May 26, 1838; came to Mt. Carroll, Ill., in 1858; removed to Rockford in the spring of 1867; married F. Viola Seymour; she was born in this State; the doctor is a graduate of the Homeopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, class of 1861; during the rebellion he served about one year as Quarter Master, and acted as physician and surgeon in the Army of the Tennessee; the Dr. and his wife are members of the Church of The Christian Union.

McAnarney John, r 503 N. First; e s.

McAnarney John, Jr. clk; r 503 N. First; e s.

McArthur Dr. A. L. phys; r foot Seminary

McArthur Frank, clk; bds Cherry.

McCammond John R. r 918 Crosby; e s.

McCammond Wm. A. paper box manufacturer; r 208 N. Fifth.

McCann Charles, clk; bds 402 S. Main; w s.

McCard J. barber shop, 113 S. Main; r same.

McCarrick J. shoemkr; r 804 N. Winnebago.

McCarty Dennis, lab; r 709 S. Fifth; e s.

McClafferty Ed. machinist; r 608 Montague.

McComb John D. employe coal yard.

McCommons Perry, r 208 N. West; w s.

McConnell J. emp Graham & Co.; r 205 Kent.

McConnell J. pressfeeder, *Gazette*; r 205 Kent.

McCormick Thomas, lab; r 904 Horsman.

McCourt Patrick, r Wall, near S. Court; s s.

McCoy F. mechanic; r 1101 Ferguson; s s.

McCoy Thomas, r 904 South.

McCutchan W. H. clk C. & N. W. R. R.

McDermid J. cooper; r 509 N. Main; e s.

McDermott J. M. lab; r 1509 S. West; s s.

McDonald Jas. lab; r N. Water; e s.

McDonald Jas., Jr. r N. Water.

McDonald John, lab; r 806 Horsman.

McEwan Joseph, r 924 Crosby; e s.

McEwan Hugh, r 924 Crosby; e s.

McEwan Samuel, r 924 Crosby; e s.

McFarlan Alex. emp Clark and Utter; r 908 S. West.

McGill P. lab; r Blaisdell, w of fair ground.

McGinnis Daniel, lab; r South; s s.

McGinnis, Patrick, r 1002 Benton; e s.

McGookin Arthur, bds C. Henry.

McGookin D. mason; r 707 N. Winnebago; w s.

McGrath Dan'l, lab; r 708 Chestnut; w s.

McGrath Philip, lab; r 1008 South.

McGrath Thos. lab; r 714 N. Main; w s.

McGraw Pat'k, lab; r 709 Rockton av.

McGraw Thos. lab; r 709 Rockton av.

McGregor W. supt. N. C. Thompson, 304 S. West.

McGuffey E. M. private tutor; bds 508 Rockton av.

McGuire B. lab; r rear 818 Pecatonica.

McHugh Josie, emp A. C. Gray; r same.

McIntee Matt. lab; r 720 N. Main; e s.

Macintosh Jas. C. carp; r 104 N. Court.

Macintosh Jos. r 808 Rockton av.

McIntosh A. K. carp; r 1123 W. State.

McInnes J. A. clerk Ins Co.; r 506 S. 4th; e s.

McInnes Robt. W. r 407 S. Fourth; e s.

McInnes Wm. carp; r 407 S. Fourth; e s.

McKINLEY WM. Grocer, 409 W. State st.; residence 605 Horsman st.; born in Gettysburg, Pa., Jan. 1, 1816; came to Owen Tp., this Co., in 1844; was engaged in farming until he removed to Rockford, in 1855; he was engaged in lumber business until 1857; was Town and City Collector in 1857 and 1858; in 1858 he went to Mo., where he remained until 1861, when he returned to Rockford and engaged in grain business, which he continued until 1870; then he went into the grocery trade and has continued in it ever since; his first wife was Matilda A. Waller; she died in 1848; they had three children, two of whom are now living, Leroy C. and Mary A.; present wife was Mercy L. Nichols; she was born in Genesee Co.

N. Y.; they have six daughters, Frances L., Alice L., Eva, Bertha R., Cora and Edith; lost one daughter; Mr. and Mrs. McKinley are members of the Court Street M. E. Church.

McKinnie Frank, r 117 N. Third; e s.

McGowan F. mason; r E. State, nr limits.

McLane Edw. r 510 S. Sixth.

McLaughlin Dennis, carp; r 808 N. 2d; e s.

McLaughlin P. grocer, 305 E. State; r 508 N. Winnebago.

McLelland W. H. trav agt; r 1202 E. State.

McMahon Jas. lab; r S. Wyman.

McMahon J. baggagemastr; r 908 South; s s.

McMahon Michael, r 1017 South.

McMahon Peter, lab; r S. Wyman.

McMahon Wm. r S. Wyman; w s.

McMann J. H. emp E. S. Smith's livery; bds City Hotel.

McNeil Wm. clk; r 1006 East; s s.

McNaughton Oliver, furniture upholstering, 213 E. State; r same.

McNaughton Peter, carp; r over 213 E. State.

McNeany Arthur, lab; r 502 S. Main; w s.

McNeany Frank, lab; r 502 S. Main.

McNeil Thos. r 1006 East; s s.

McPHERSON JAS. residence 707 Elm st.; born in Scotland, Aug. 28, 1851; came to Canada when about five years of age; lived there until the fall of 1860, when he came to Rockford.

McRoberts Geo. blacksmith; Morgan, nr S. Main.

McRoberts J. blacksmith; r 117 S. First; e s.

Mabie Rev. John S. pastor 1st Bapt. Church.

Maguire Geo. W. r 207 N. Court; w s.

Mahan Thos. lab; r 1007 S. Church; s s.

Maher J. mechanic; bds 112 N. Second; e s.

Mahoney Timothy, r Green, cor Horsman.

Mahon James, lab; r 409 Rural; e s.

Malaney T. blacksmith; bds 115 S. First; e s.

Maine S. V. billiard room, 205½ W. State; r 209 N. Main; w s.

Mamlberg Andrew, r 607 S. Fourth.

MANARD & BRO. Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, and dealers in Gas and Kerosene Fixtures, Pumps, Mantels, Grates, Awnings, Tents, etc., etc., Post-office Block; Alpheus B. Manard resides at 708 W. State st.; born in Canada, in March, 1837; came to Rockton in 1856; to Rockford ten years later; was Deputy County Recorder six years; married Alice Z. Wright; she was born in England; they have three children: Emma Rosalie, Robert and Sidney T.

MANARD JAMES W. Boards at Hardy's Hotel; he was born in Canada, Jan. 15, 1835; came to Rockton in Nov., 1855; came to Rockford in 1874; married

Julia A. Blake; she died March, 1874; one child, James Julian, born Feb. 24, 1874; he lives with his grand-parents in Rockton.

Manard A. P. employe Manard & Bro., r 123 N. Main; w s.

Mandeville Cortland, r 802 Montague.

Mandeville E. H. grocer; r 802 Montague.

Mandeville Rev. C. E. pastor Court Street Methodist Church; r 302 N. Church; w s.

Mandeville F. D. r 1008 S. Church; s s.

Mandeville H. D. r 1008 S. Church; s s.

Mandeville Michael, r 802 Montague; s s.

Mandeville W. H. baker; r 1008 S. Church; s s.

Manifold J. N. phys, 320 W. State; r 506 S. Avon.

MANLOVE J. G., Jr., 211 Peach st.; born in Madison, Ind., March 12, 1839; married Hattie E. Case, April 4, 1870; she was born near Utica, N. Y.; they have two children: George H., born Aug. 27, 1872, and one infant child; Mr. Manlove enlisted with the Rockford Zouaves in 1861, the first call for 75,000 three-months men; re-enlisted in Waterhouse Battery from Chicago, First Regt. Ill. Art., Co. E; was wounded at Shiloh, April 6, 1862; served until Dec. 25, 1864.

Manlove J. G. atty at law, over 316 W. State; r 211 N. Church; w s.

Manlove L. A. shirt factory, 212 W. State; r 202 North.

Manning Henry J. r Blake, nr S. Court; s s.

Manning W. A. jeweler, 111 W. State; r 309 N. Second.

Manix Thos. drayman; r 602 S. Fourth; e s.

Manny F. H. agl imp mfg, water power; r Kent, cor S. Church; s s.

Manny Geo. J. foreman John P. Manny; r 619 N. Main.

Manny James H. with F. H. Manny; r 603 Peach; w s.

MANNY JOHN P. Manufacturer of Mowers and Reapers, on water power; residence 433 N. Main st., West Side; born in Amsterdam, Montgomery Co., N. Y., March 8, 1823; came to Stephenson Co., Ill., in 1842; was engaged in farming until 1849, when he commenced making mowers and reapers in Stephenson Co.; in 1835 he came to Rockford, and from that time until 1856 he was associated with J. H. Manny in the manufacture of mowers and reapers; in 1856 he manufactured the John P. Manny Combined Machine, that being the first two-wheeled combined machine manufactured; N. C. Thompson manufactured these machines largely after 1862, but Mr. Manny is now the exclusive manufacturer; he is one of the Directors of the Winnebago National Bank, and is President of the Rockford Cemetery.



D. H. Husey M.D.
CHERRY VALLEY

Manny John, moulder; bds 1105 S. Winnebago; s s.

Manson Louis, jeweler; bds City Hotel.

Manuel A. I. genl delivery clk P. O.; r 307 Chestnut.

Manuel J. H. slsman; bds 511 N. Church; w s.

Mapes F. saloon, 328 W. State; r 403 S. Church.

Maranville C. bolt factory; r 809 River; s s.

Marcellus W. H. watchmaker; r 504 N. Main; w s.

Marshal C. B. millwright; bds City Hotel.

Marshall E. B. room 407 Mulberry.

Marshall P. R. carp; r 1218 S. Winnebago; s s.

Marshall W. attorney; r 708 Benton.

Marsh Chas. carp; r 1001 First av; e s.

Marsh C. G. bkpr; r 708 Seminary; e s.

Marsh C. S. r 305 N. Main; w s.

Marsh G. L. upholsterer; bds 811 E. State.

Marsh H. E. clk ins co; r 305 N. Main; w s.

Marsh H. C. clk A. C. Burpee; bds Cherry.

MARSH J. B. & CO., Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Household Furniture a specialty, 404 E. State st.; residence 805 First av; J. B. Marsh was born in Kent, Litchfield Co., Conn., July 21, 1833; came to Rockford in Oct., 1855; married Amanda J. Work, June 6, 1858; she was born in Mt. Vernon, O.; they have two children, Edward H. and Fannie E.; when 3 years of age, Mr. Marsh moved to Putnam Co., N. Y., where he remained until he came here; he has been engaged in furniture business here all the time since he came.

MARSH WM. J. Foreman of Painting Department of N. C. Thompson's Manufactories; residence, State st., $\frac{1}{2}$ mile west of city limits (south side of street); born in Boston, Mass., April 23, 1840; first wife was Mary F. Rhoades; she died March 27, 1875; five children by this marriage; four now living: Jennie E., Ida M., George L. and Emma; present wife was Emma J. Aldrich; they were married Oct. 25, 1875; they have one child, Wm. J., Jr.; Mr. Marsh was a member of Massachusetts State Militia before the breaking out of the rebellion; during the war he served in Co. F, 18th Mass. Inf.; was at both battles of Bull Run, Fredericksburg, etc.; was wounded at second battle of Fredericksburg; he participated in all the engagements which the Army of the Potomac was in except that of Gettysburg; he was at that time confined to hospital; he was mustered out at Washington, D. C. at time of general muster out in 1865; he is a member of Star in the East Lodge, No. 166, A. F. and A. M., and Winnebago Chapter, No. 24.

Martin Chas. E. r 303 First; e s.

Martin Elias, r 811 Benton; e s.

Martin Geo. A. r 303 S. First; e s.

Martin Jacob, mechanic; r 701 E. State.

Martin H. A. agt ins co; r 804 Kishwaukee.

Martin Rev. H. L. r 210 N. West; w s.

Martin Marshall T. r 303 S. First; e s.

Martin Mathew, lab; r 411 S. Court.

Martin P. S. r 707 Mulberry.

Martin S. ins agt; r 302 Kishwaukee; e s.

Martin S. S. confectionery S. Main; r 1205 S. West

Martin S. W. r S. Ninth, near R. R.

Martin T. M. clk circuit clk's office; r 303 S. 1st

Marten Wm. carp; r —.

Martin Wm. shoemaker W. A.

Mason John M. baker; r 1111 E. State.

MASON ROBERT, Proprietor of Bakery 505 E. State st.; residence 1111 E. State; born in Scotland, Jan. 27, 1827; came to N. Y., in September, 1850; lived in N. Y. and Cincinnati a few years, and came to Rockford in 1855; married Ann Murdock; she was born in Scotland; they have one son and one daughter living, and have lost three children; Mr. and Mrs. Mason are members of the First Congregational Church.

Mather A. P. carp; r 1109 S. Winnebago; s s.

Matthews Wm. F. printer; r 808 Mulberry.

Mattson F. B. woodturner; r 904 1st av; e s.

Mattes Geo. lab; r 1417 Charles; e s.

Matteson E. S. r 201 S. Court; w s.

Mayberry J. C. clk 2d nat'l bank; r 310 N. Church

Mayer Albert, r over 108 W. State.

Mayer Chas. saloon; r over 108 W. State.

Mayr Julius, tobacconist; r 716 Elm; w s.

Mayr Julius, Jr., r 716 Elm; w s.

Mayr O. C. tobacco; r 716 Elm; w s.

Mayr P. A. watchmaker; r 716 Elm; w s.

May W. H. watchmaker; r 122 S. 2d; e s.

Meach Wm. F. r 1108 Elm; w s.

Mead J. F. mechanic; r 609 Kent; s s.

Mead W. cabinetmkr; r 911 S. Main; s s.

Mears Horace, hardware; r 511 N. Church.

Meaton T. lab; r N. Wyman near W. State.

MEDLAR J. B. Art Emporium Studio 120 West State st., P. O. Box 2028; residence 310 S. First st.; pictures copied to any size, in oil, water colors, India ink, silver crayon, photos, etc.; Mr. M. was born in Fallsburg, Sullivan Co., N. Y., Jan. 9, 1845; came to Rockford in 1860; married Lizzie A. Curtis, Jan. 8, 1874; she was born in Piermont, N. H., Oct. 17, 1845; they have one child, Bessie Fay, born April 23, 1875.

Meeker W. V. bds Forest City House.

Meickle James, lab; r 1013 Mulberry.

Meison Theodore, lab; r High; w s.

Meiklejohn J. R. mechanic; r 405 S. West.

Mellgreen J. weaver; r 603 S. Sixth; e s.

Melquist Gust., r 607 S. Sixth; e s.
 Melville G. M. printer; bds 801 S. Second.
 Mentzer John, r 1005 Benton; e s.
 Mentzer Mary H. r 506 N. Court; w s.
 Meredith S. B. farm; r 608 Cunningham; s s.
 Merrill J. C. F. bkpr Agard & Ross; r 710 W. State.
 Merrick Wm. H. carriage mfg; r 1202 N. Court cor Napoleon; w s.
 Merrill G. L. livery; r Kent near S. Main.
 Mesick P. ins agt; r 906 S. Winnebago; s s.
 Messenger Calvin W. blacksmith; r S. Water.
 Meyer J. emp I. A. Leonard; bds 809 Horsman
 Meyers J. marble cutter; r N. 2d, nr limits.
 Mitchell David G. clk; r 311 Chestnut.
 Midgley T. shoemaker; r 1205 S. Court.
 Miles Amos, lab; r 712 North; e s.
 Miles S. blacksmith; r 110 N. Third; e s.
 Miles Fred, clk; r 110 N. Third; e s.
 Miles W. M. blacksmith; r 110 N. Third; e s.
 Millard B. C. carp; r 805 Corbin; s s.
 Millard B. H. livery; r 1108 S. Winnebago.
 Millard E. R. papermaker; r 1004 S. Main; s s.
 Miller Asher, mason; r 701 Pecatonica.
 Miller August, livery; r 1008 River; s s.
 Miller D. printer *Journal*; r 123 N. Main; ws.
 Miller Edward T. bkpr; r 302 S. Sixth; e s.
 Miller Elam, r 606 Seventh av.
 Miller Charles T. bds C. Henry.
 Miller D. C. r 202 N. First; e s.
 Miller D. W. boots and shoes, 320 E. State;
 r 408 S. Second; e s.

Miller Frank E. r 302 S. Sixth; e s.
MILLER G. CLARK, Retired Farmer; residence 506 E. Seminary st., East Side; born in Munda, Livingston Co., N. Y., June 7, 1819; married Asenath Jane Chandler, July 4, 1840; she was born in Norfolk, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y.; Mr. Miller came to what is now New Milford, in this Co., in 1839; he was Township School Treasurer for 12 or 14 years while he lived in New Milford; he was engaged in farming pursuits twenty years; in the fall of 1858 he came to Rockford, where he has since resided; he has assisted in making the city assessments in Rockford several years; Mr. and Mrs. Miller are members of the Centennial M. E. Church.

MILLER GEORGE E. Dentist, Room 2, Post-Office Block; residence 512 N. Main st., West Side; born in New Milford, this Co., Aug. 28, 1849; married Lizzie C. Burncard, April 15, 1872; she was born in Indiana, Nov. 16, 1851; they have one child, Mattie M., born Jan. 9, 1874; the Dr. and his wife are members of the Second Congregational Church.

Miller H. 306 N. Main; w s.

Miller Jacob, emp C. & N. W. R. R.; r S. 8th, bet Tenth and Eleventh avs; W. A.

Miller James, miller; r 606 Seventh av.

Miller J. D. meat market; r 1011 W. State.

Miller John, lab; r 1417 Charles; e s.

Miller J. R. blacksmith; r 411 S. Church; w s.

Miller J. T. stock dealer; r 302 S. Sixth; e s.

Miller S. G. salesmn; bds 810 N. Church; ws.

Miller W. H. C. farming; r cor Thomas and John, above N. Winnebago.

Miller W. H. milkman; r 1501 Charles; e s.

Miller W. L. tinsmith; r 511 Peach; w s.

Miller Wm. r 210 Horsman.

Miller Wm. emp W. A. Thompson; bds 414 S. Main; w s.

Millis C. H. r w S. Ferguson, nr Montague.

MILLS GEORGE, Dealer in Groceries, Flour and Provisions, near cor. of E. State and Kishwaukee sts., first store south of State; residence 1315 Charles st.; born in Urbana, Steuben Co., N. Y., Mar. 13, 1830; came to Rockford in 1849; for five years he was engaged in farming in New Milford; for ten or twelve years he worked at the masonry business in Rockford; first wife was Susan Reynolds; she died in August, 1859; two children by this marriage; only one now living, Sarah E., now Mrs. H. H. Atwood; present wife was Frances H. Drewnell; married in April, 1861; she was born in N. Y. State; they have two children living, Shiloh and Freddy; they have lost four children; Mr. Mills served three years in Co. M, 8th I. V. C.

Mills Geo. millwright; r 1103 S. Main; s s.

Mills Henry, mason; r 1313 Charles; e s.

Mills Phileman, r 1313 Charles; e s.

Mills Wm. C. r 407 Mulberry.

Minard James T. carp; r 902 S. West; s s.

Minnick Hiram, r 911 S. Court; s s.

Minnick L. D. pattern; r 911 S. Court; s s.

Minot A. W. butter tub manufacturing, 314 S. Main; r 306 S. Church.

Minzinger H. r N. Main, near Harlem av.

MINZINGER PHILIP, Confectioner; residence 401 S. Church st.; born in Germany, Dec. 12, 1826; came to Rockford in 1854; engaged in present business ever since he came here; married Eliza White, March 26, 1864; she was born in Germany; they have four children, Emma, Lizzie, Katie, and Jennie; Mrs. M. is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and Mr. M. belongs to the Christian Union Church.

Mitchell D. E. barber; 326 W. State; r same.

Mitchell J. B. barber, 326 W. State; r same.

Mix S. H. salesman; r 208 N. Main; w s.

Moberg C. blacksmith; r 308 S. Fourth; e s.

Moberg J. emp N. C. Thompson; r 308 S. 4th.

Moffatt C. Dell, clk; r 807 Cunningham.
 Moffatt G. W. cashier S. C. Withrow; r 605 Oak; e s.
 Moffatt Wm. E. mechanic; r 807 Cunningham; s s.
 Moffatt Wm. blacksmith; r 205 Pecatonica, bet Mulberry and Peach.
 Molson Herman, r Lincoln av.
 Molson Wm. r Lincoln av.
 Moncrieff Alex. pressman *Gazette*; r 906 Pecatonica.
 Moncrieff David, carp; r 906 Pecatonica.
 Monfort L. r 115 S. Third; e s.
 Monks Jas. moulder; r East; s s.
 Monks T. wire wks; bds 1106 Ferguson; s s.
 Monks Wm. lab; r 132 S. Water; e s.
 Monroe Eddy, teamstr; r 608 Longwood; e s.
 Monroe O. eating house Galena depot, foot of Court; r same.

MONTAGUE RICHARD, Retired Farmer; residence 1308 S. Main st; born in Old Hadley, Hampshire Co., Mass., Aug. 2, 1799; in his early days moved to Greenfield; then to Keene, N. H.; was for several years engaged in the clothing business at the latter place; came to Rockford in 1835, where he has been largely engaged in farming since that time; only two settlers, Kent and Haight, here then; he did not bring his family here until 1836; first wife was Content W. Skerry; married at Old Hadley, Dec. 19, 1826; she died Feb. 17, 1842; they had eight children; two living; Samuel Skerry, born July 6, 1830; and John Vose Wood, Sept. 3, 1833; lost six children; Mary W., died Feb. 21, 1851, aged 12 years; Richard W., Jan. 2, 1875, aged 38 years; Wm. Russell, Nov. 30, 1832; Henry Ward, Aug. 4, 1837; Richard, Nov. 19, 1832; and one infant; Mr. Montague's present wife was Caroline Farnsworth; they were married at Lancaster, Mass., Oct. 19, 1850; she was born in Groton, Mass., July 18, 1806.

Montgomery I. S. collector ins co; r 908 Ferguson.
 Moore C. emp bolt factory; r Pecatonica cor Peach.
 Moore E. A. emp E., T. & Co.; r 1209 S. Court; s s.
 Moore John, plowmkr; r 808 Corbin; s s.
 Moron Wm. mason; r 904 N. Second; e s.
 Moranville J. emp bolt shop; r 911 Rock; s s.
 Morey E. F. carp; r 308 N. Fourth; e s.
 Morey E. J. painter; r 110 Mulberry.
 Morgan Chas. r 1201 S. Winnebago; s s.
 Morgan W. A. carp, Salem, bet N. Main and Church.
 Morrill J. H. r 1102 E. State.

MORSE BENJ. S. Proprietor of Livery Stables 520 E. State st. and 119 S.

First st.; residence 507 Market st.; born in Canada, May 5, 1836; came to this Co. in 1849; married Caroline Woodworth; she was born in Canada; they have three sons, Chas. S., Frederick R. and John; Mr. M. was engaged in carpentering business about 10 years, farming in Guilford 15 years, livery business about three years; he was Town Collector in Guilford one term.

Morse O. E. carp; r S. Eleventh, bet Eleventh and Twelfth avs; W. A.

Morissey Dennis, lab; r 201 S. Avon.

Morissey Thos. lab; r 1005 Elm; w s.

Morissey John, lab; r w end Chestnut; w s.

Morissey Pat'k. lab; r w end Chestnut; w s.

Morten Frank, bds 405 S. Fifth.

Morten J. F. carp; r 405 S. Fifth; e s.

Mosher Wallace, machinist; r 1008 Rock.

MOULTHROP L. Dealer in Dry Goods; residence over 324 and 326 E. State st.; born in what is now New Milford, March 16, 1841; he is the only son of Levi Moulthrop, M. D., and Margaret George Moulthrop; his parents and grandparents came to this Co. in 1836; his father was the first physician in the Co.; Mr. M. has been engaged in mercantile pursuits since he was fourteen years old; he engaged in business for himself in 1865; he is a member of Immanuel's Episcopal Church.

MOULTHROP LEVI, M. D. (deceased) Eldest Son of Abraham and Rachel Landon, was born near Litchfield, Litchfield Co., Conn, Nov. 1, 1805; he was a direct descendant of Matthew Moulthrop, who came to this country, and settled in Conn., in 1638; Levi received his early education in Litchfield, afterwards studying Medicine and Surgery at Fairfield College, State of New York, from whence he graduated with high honors; in the Spring of 1836, he came to Winnebago Co.; settled upon a claim of several hundred acres of land; near Kishwaukee, now in the township of New Milford, and commenced the practice of his profession; on the 30th of June, 1840, he was united in marriage with Margaret, eldest daughter of the late Sampson George, and died after a short illness, on the 12th of September, of the same year; on the 16th of March following, his widow gave birth to a son, who received at baptism the name Levi; Dr. Moulthrop was a member of the Masonic fraternity, a communicant of the Episcopal church, and in politics a Democrat; he took no active part in either, however, confining his attention wholly to his profession, in which he was pre-eminent. Mrs. Moulthrop, after the death of her husband, resided for the most part in Rockford, carefully attending the growth and education of her son, during

his early years and youth, when such care was needed; on the 5th of December, 1875, she departed this life for the life immortal. During the several years preceding her death, Mrs. Moulthrop had devoted a considerable portion of her time to travel and study; she had also collected a very fine cabinet of mineral, geological and other specimens, a field in which she took great delight; as a correspondent her style was easy and attractive as the many who have been favored with her letters can testify; she was a communicant of the Episcopal church, and her religion consisted of *acts* not professions; her mind was carefully stored with useful information, and in whatever sphere she was thrown those about her might receive benefit and instruction; she was charitable and benevolent to those in need, ever unmindful of self in her ministrations upon others' wants; her late residence, now in the possession of her son, Mr. L. Moulthrop, abounds in beautiful mementos of her skill and labor; her remains rest in the Rockford Cemetery, on the west side of the River, over which a beautiful and appropriate monument has been erected to her memory by her son.

Moulton T. mechanic; bds 205 N. Court; w s
Moulton Wm. N. clk; bds White's Hotel.

Mower David, r 113 S. Third; e s.

Moxley J. R. hardware; r 117 N. Third.

Mullings Isaac, r 908 Rockton av.

Mullin W. D. mechanic; r 607 Kent; s s.

Mullin Alex. W. r 607 Montague; s s.

Munhall W. D. law student; bds 706 N. Main; e s.

Munson Chas. mechanic; r 120 Park; e s.

Munson P. G. lab; r 407 Walnut; e s.

Munthe T. (Munthe & Haegg) r 119 Park.

Murdock Hudson I. carp; r 610 George; w s.

Murdock Jos. S. carp; r 610 George; w s.

Murdock Wm. r 610 George; w s.

Murphy Chas. r 413 S. Court; w s.

Murphy Jno. lab; r 409 N. Main; e s.

Murphy Oliver, r 108 S. Eighth; e s.

Murphy Patrick D. r 812 Horsman.

Murphy Patrick, lab; r 322 S. Wyman.

Murphy Roger, painter; r N. Water; e s.

Murphy T. furniture; 216 E. State; r same.

Murray W. J. cooper; r 1111 S. Court; s s.

Murrison J. mechanic; r Knowlton foot S. Church.

Mutimer D. C. grocer; r out of limits.

Mutimer Nathaniel, shoemaker; r 903 Rock.

MUTIMER FRED, Sup't Rockford Bolt Works; residence Prospect st. near city limits; born in Amsterdam, Montgomery Co., N. Y., April 14, 1842; removed to Buffalo, N. Y., where he lived 4 years; came from there to Rockford 10

years ago; worked in bolt factories 17 years; has been with present Works about 9 years; married Mary Cornelia Fulmer; she was born in Montgomery Co., N. Y.; have seven children, Mary Cornelia, Hattie E., Fannie L., P. Addie, Jessie L., Emeline L. and Frederick E.; Mr. and Mrs. Mutimer are members of the Winnebago St. M. E. church.

Mutimer Jeremiah, farmer; r Prospect; s s.

Mutimer Willard, r 903 S. West; s s.

Myers John, emp I. A. Leonard; bds Hardy's.

Myers M. B. paper and tinware; r 402 Gregory; e s.

Myers Jno. peddler; bds 402 Gregory; e s.

NAREEN L. cabinet maker; r 101 Morgan.

Nary J. lab; r 10th av bet S. 8th and 9th; W. A.

Nash Elmer W. painter; r 406 Kishwaukee.

Nash Frank W. emp bakery; r 310 E. State.

Nash J. B., Jr., clerk recorder's office; r 404 N. First; e s.

Nash J. B. r 404 N. First; e s.

Nash Jno. A. r 210 N. Second; e s.

Nashold Jno. r 201 N. Fifth; e s.

Naylor Jno. harnessmkr; r 111 S. Main; e s.

Neal Jerry, bds 1001 South.

Needles Joseph, r S. Seventh; W. A.

Needham Horace, moulder; bds 1208 S. West.

NEEDHAM FRANKLIN M.

Foreman Foundry of N. C. Thompson; residence 506 S. Main st.; West Side; born in Wales, Hamden Co., Mass., Jan. 17, 1842; parents removed to Cleveland, O., when he was 8 years of age; resided there 6 years, then came to Rockford; married Mary A. Derwent; she was born in Durand, this Co.; have four sons, Samuel F., Moulton T., George M. and Harry; Mr. N. served two years in the army during the war of the rebellion, first in Co. D, 11th I. V. I., first three months call; re-enlisted in Co. E, 74th I. V. I., but was transferred early thereafter to the 92d I. V. I., as Principal Musician; afterwards went into Co. B, 146th I. V. I.; he is a member of Star in the East Lodge, No. 166, A. F. and A. M.

Needham W. moulder; r 1001 S. Court; s s.

Neisdet Andrew, r 1105 Fourth av.

Nelson Andrew, lab; bds 407 Fifth; e s.

Nelson Andrew S. emp American House.

NELSON AUGUSTUS, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats, Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, etc., which will be sold at all times at bottom prices; 416 E. State st.; residence 203 N. Third; born in Sweden, Oct. 18, 1834; came to Chicago in 1854; removed to Rockford in 1861; was with the army of the Tennessee at Nashville, seven months; employed in wagon shops most of the time; married Christina

Mary Peterson, Sept. 26, 1857; she was born in Sweden; have six children, Frank E., Alice M., Ada T., Emma A., Carl A., and George A.; have lost one daughter; Mr. Nelson is a member of the Lutheran church.

Nelson August, emp N. W. oatmeal mills.
Nelson B. glovemaker at Munthe tannery.
Nelson B. marble cutter; r 407 Walnut; e s.
Nelson C. globe tea co. bds American House.
Nelson Chas. r 1007 Third av; e s.
Nelson C. r emp H.G.Allen & Co.; bds same.
Nelson Chas. emp livery; bds H. G. Allen.
Nelson Chas. painter; a 1007 Second av.
Nelson Gust. engineer; N. O. meal mills.
Nelson Emil G. clk; p. o.; r 419 E. State.
Nelson Jno. A. r 410 Rural; e s.
Nelson Jno. bds 904 Kishwaukee.

NELSON JNO. Of the firm of Burson & Nelson, Proprietors of the Rockford Knitting Factory, Water Power, across the race near R. R. bridges; residence 906 East st.; South Side; born in Sweden, April 5, 1830; came to Chicago in 1852; removed to Rockford in 1854; married Christina Bowman, Nov. 4, 1855; she was born in Sweden, May 6, 1834; have six children, Alfred, William, Oscar, Frithiof, John Franklin, and Anna Catharine; Mr. N. is the inventor of the most perfect knitting machinery in the world; is a member of the Rockford Masonic Lodge, 102; Mrs. N. is a member of the Lutheran church.

Nelson Jno. plowmaker; r 304 S. Fourth; e s.
Nelson Jno. lab; r over 419 E. State.
Nelson N. A. clk; bds American House.
Nelson N. P. lab; r 718 N. First.
Nelson O. P. mechanic; r 406 N. 4th; e s.
Nelson P. emp G. Bradley; r 407 S. 5th; e s.
Nelson Peter, r Seminary; s R. R.
Nethercut John E. foreman *Golden Censer*; r 509 Oak; e s.

Nethercut R. E. printer; bds 509 Oak; e s.

NEUMEISTER ANTON, Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, and Spring Wagons; all kinds of Wagons manufactured to order; general jobbing and repairing done; manufactory 119 N. Main st., East Side; residence same No.; born in Germany, Nov. 27, 1837; came to Milwaukee in 1847; was in the war of the rebellion; served two years in Co. I., 26th Regt. Wis. V. I.; came to Rockford in 1865; married Teresa Staps, April 12, 1869; she was born in Germany; Mr. N. has been engaged in the carriage and wagon business twenty years.

NEUMEISTER AUGUSTUS, Carriage Manufacturer, 212 and 214 East State st.; residence same No.; came to Rockford twenty-six years ago; manu-

factures all kinds of Carriages, Buggies, and Spring Wagons; jobbing and repairing of every description; carriage painting, etc., done in the best style.

Nevill John, emp Graham & Co; r Wall.
Nevill Michael, emp Graham & Co; r Wall.
Nevius W. L. ice dealer; r 405 N. Main; e s.
Newcomer C. E. phonographer; bds 206 N. Church; w s.
Newkirk Wm. M. painter; r 201 S. 4th; e s.
Newlander J. r opp Chick & Cox's mill, stone row.
Newman Abram, lab; r 1010 Sixth av.
Newton E. H. carp; r 707 Ninth; e s.
Newton Albert H. r 505 S. Seventh; e s.
Newquist M. lab; r 115 S. Main; e s.
Neuman G. D. wagonmaker; r 106 S. First.
Nickel Casper, butcher 820 S. Main; s s.
Nickel Valentine, bds 820 S. Main; s s.
Nichols Rev. D. B. r 512 Gregory; e s.
Nichols Eugene, fireman; r 114 N. First; e s.
Nichols J. B. carp; 209 N. Second; e s.
Nichols J. H. engineer; r 505 N. First.
Nicholls Oscar F. harness maker; r 704 Rockton av; w s.
Nicholls W. H. r 203 Mulberry.
Nicholls Wm. upholsterer, 212 S. Main; r 708 N. Main; w s.
Nicol A. B. sash and blindmaker; r 911 Rockton av.
Nicol Hugh, stone cutter; r 911 Rockton av.
Nicol J. A. woodworker; r 911 Rockton av.
Nicol Robert, lab; r 911 Rockton av.
Nicol Robt., jr., trav. agt; r 911 Rockton av.
Nido Jno. mechanic; r 1007 S. Court; s s.
Noble Chas. G. wire works; r 407 East; e s.
NOBLE FRANK, Of the firm of Spafford, Parmele & Co., Manufacturers of Wire Goods, Wire Cloth, etc., cor. Market and Main sts., East Side; residence 407 East st.; born in Pittsburg, Pa., July 12, 1848; came to Rockford in April, 1867; married Mary E. Stokes, of Beaver, Pa.; have one daughter; Mr. Noble is adjutant of the Third Regt. Ill. Nat. Guards; he served three years during the rebellion as Commissary of the 5th Iowa V. I.; served about two years as Adjutant of the 5th Iowa V. C., and was afterwards on staff duty, principally, at Louisville, Ky., about one year; has been engaged in the manufacture of wire goods ever since he came to Rockford.
Noble W. J. watchman; r 1101 S. West; s s.
Nolan N. horse shoer; r 717 S. Winnebago.
Noline Jno. lab; r S. Main below R. R.; e s.
Noling L. wood turner; r 801 Seminary; e s.
Noonan Patrick, r 407 Hill; e s.
Noonan Thos. saloon, 306 W. State; r 1015 W. State.

Norberg August, tailor; bds 805 E. State.
 Norcross A. H. carp; bds 724 N. Church; w s.
 Norcross I. M. carp, 515 Main; r 724 N. Church; w s.
 Nord John, lab; r 507 S. First; e s.

NORDIN JOHN A. Kishwaukee st., cor. Third; resides at 305 N. Fourth st., East Side; Manufacturer of Wagons and Buggies; all kinds of repairing and jobbing work done; also horse-shoeing and general blacksmithing; Mr. Nordin was born in Sweden, June 22, 1846; came to Rockford, May 27, 1869; he married Emma Peterson; she was born in Sweden; they have one daughter, Esther Victoria, born Oct. 19, 1875; Mr. and Mrs. N. are members of the Lutheran Church.

Nordin John, r 307 N. Fourth; e s.
 Nordin J. wagon-mkr; r 307 N. Fourth; e s.
 Norman J. P. prop Brown's Hall; r 124 N. Main; w s.
 Norman R. S. bds 124 N. Main; w s.
 Nordstrom Chas. r 114 W. State.
 Nordstrom Gust. millinery and fancy goods, 114 W. State; r same.
 Norstrum Chas. F. r 904 Kishwaukee.
 North A. J. watch mkr; r 207 N. Third; e s.
 North C. O. drayman; r 409 S. Church; w s.
 North H. N. carp; r 1201 S. Ninth, cor 11th.
 North H. W. carp; r S. Tenth; W. A.
 Norton C. E. tinsmith; bds 912 S. Main; s s.
 Norton G. W. carriage painter; r 408 Peach.
 Norton H. B. r 911 Rock; s s.
 Norton M. A. at F. H. Manny's; r 904 River; s s.
 Norton Reuben C. carp; r 913 Rock; s s.
 Norton Sam. druggist; r 306 S. Main; w s.
 Norton W. H. r 912 S. Main; s s.
 Nugent Patrick, lab; r 709 Green.
 Nugren Fred. mechanic; r 303 Bluff; e s.
 Nyberg Andrew, r Park, near River.
 Nygren N. P. blacksmith; r 1106 Fourth.

AKER JOHN, r 309 S. Fifth.

Oberg John, lab; r 510 Walnut; e s.
 O'Brien J. lab; r cor S. West and Lincoln av.
 O'Brien Patrick, lab; r w end Chestnut; w s.
 O'Connell James, r 406 S. Fifth.
 O'Connell John, boots and shoes; bds 606 Seminary.
 O'Connell Patrick, lab; r 1304 S. Main; s s.
 O'Connor C. J. carriage pntr; r 1507 4th av.
 O'Connor Jos. E. r 1506 Fourth av; e s.
 O'Donnall John, lab; r 725 N. Main; e s.
 O'Dowd John, ins agt; r 1104 S. Church; s s.
 Ogilby A. S. T. milkman; r W. J. Cole.
 Ogilby R. civil engineer; r 707 First av; e s.
 O'Hern John, lab; r 815 N. Second; e s.

O'Herrin John, lab; r 1111 Rock; s s.
 O'Herrin Patrick, lab; r 1111 Rock; s s.
 O'Keefe Daniel, lab; r 1109 Rock; s s.
 Olmsted H. C. salesman; r 407 N. Main; e s.
 Olson A. cabinet maker; r 808 S. Fourth; e s.
 Olson A. W. shoemaker, 416 E. State; r S. Main; e s.
 Olson Barnard, painter; bds 411 E. State.
 Olson John, tailor; r 609 S. Fifth.
 Olson John, lab; r 1311 Third av.
 Olson John, bds 302 S. Second.
 Olson Peter, lab; r S. Main, below R.R.; e s.
 Olsson Van, shoemaker; r 508 Walnut; e s.
 Olsson Henry, lab; r 507 N. Second; e s.
 Olsson S. W. shoemaker; r 508 Walnut.
 Olsson —, shoemaker; bds 411 E. State.
 Olstrum John, lab; r 309 S. Fifth; e s.
 O'Neil R. E. printer; r 123 N. Main; w s.
 Onthank C. W. glovemkr; r 713 S. Winnebago.
 Oppelquist John, r 509 S. First; e s.
 O'Rourke Thomas, employe A. & R.; r 910 South; s s.
 Orput E. L. r 706 Kishwaukee.
 Orput Geo. D. r 706 Kishwaukee.
 Orput John B. r 706 Kishwaukee.
 Orput John M. r 706 Kishwaukee.
 Orr Edgar, r 1409 Third av; e s.
 Orton I. mason; r 508 Pope, nr Kishwaukee.

ORVIS EUGENE E. Manufacturing Jeweler, of the firm of Clark & Orvis, Jewelers and Watchmakers, 408 E. State st.; r 330 E. State; born in Waukesha, Wis., Aug. 30, 1855; came to Rockford in June, 1876; married Mattie H. Wise, Mch. 15, 1877; she was born in Freeport, Ill.; Mr. Orvis has been engaged in the manufacture of jewelry five years, and is an accomplished workman; his firm does all kinds of watch and jewelry repairing, in the finest manner and at lowest prices for first-class work.

Osborne C. E. r 705 E. State.
 Osborne U. C. watchmkr; bds 210 S. First; e s.
 Osborn A. S. gunsmith, 112 W. State; r 202 N. Church.
 Osborn Lewis, farmer; r S. Eighth; W. A.
 Osborn V. D. carp; r 1001 Rock; w s.
 Ostberg G. P. r foot Loomis; s s.
 Ostrom George, employe C. Russell.
 Ovall John, lab; r stone row opposite Chick & Cox mill.
 Owen Patrick, lab; r 919 N. Court; w s.

PADDOCK WILLIAM, r 1002 S. West; s s.
 Paine Charles, agent Rockford Ins Co; r 1008 S. Main; s s.
 Painter Theodore, plasterer; r S. 8th; W. A.
 Palmer Albert Z. r 705 Pecatonica.

Palmer George H. r S. Eighth; W. A.

Palmer Gilbert D. r 803 W. State.

PALMER HENRY H. Manufacturer of Churns, 601 S. Pleasant st.; residence same number; born in Hillsdale, Columbia Co., N. Y., July 2, 1824; came to Dupage Co., Ill., in 1855, and to Rockford in 1856; he has been engaged in inventing and manufacturing business ever since he came here; he has given much of his attention to inventions; eight patents have been issued to him for valuable inventions; married Louisa H. Mitchell, Feb. 29, 1848; she was born in Hillsdale, N. Y., Nov. 26, 1826; they have one son, Samuel D., who was born in 1848; Mr. and Mrs. Palmer are members of the Christian Union Church.

Palmer J. J. mail agent; r 109 S. First; e s.

PALMER (T. F.) & CO. Dealers in Hardware, Stoves, Wagon Materials, Iron, Tinware, &c., 429 E. State st.; T. F. Palmer was born in Pittsfield, Rutland Co., Vt., June 8, 1829; came to Rockford in March, 1856; married Sarah Wiswell, July 14, 1868; she was born at Vallonia Springs, Broome Co., N. Y.; J. B. Moxley was born in Baltimore, Md., Oct. 25, 1832; came to Dixon, Ill., in 1854; to Rockford in 1856; married Ellen J. Hale, of St. Johnsbury, Vt.; they have one daughter, Marion H.

Palmer W. H. hardware; r 207 N. Third.

Palmer Wm. T. r 802 W. State.

Palmer Z. S. r 705 Pecatonica.

Palm John A. mason; r 801 Second av.

Palmquist Frank, mason; r 1112 Fourth av.

Parker C.W. watchmaker; r 702 S. Seminary.

Parker Erastus E. r 819 N. Main; w s.

Parker Geo. r 609 S. Fourth; e s.

Parker G. W. r 803 N. Court; w s.

Parker N. watchmkr; r 608 Kishwaukee.

Parker R. M. piano stool mfg; office 418 S. Court; bds 501 Catlin; e s.

Parker W. machinist; r 702 S. Seminary; e s.

Parkhurst G. C. carp; bds 121 S. Court; w s.

PARMELE CHAS. O. Of the Firm of Spafford, Parmele and Co., manufacturers of Wire Goods; residence 511 Walnut st.; Mr. Parmele was born in Lima, Livingston Co., N. Y., Jan. 30, 1838; he came to Rockford in 1857; married Maria E. Pratt, Nov. 24, 1862; she was born in Canada; they have two sons and one daughter.

Parmeles Jas. A. bkpr; r 511 Walnut; e s.

Parmeles M. S. cashier Rockford National Bank; r 307 S. Second.

Parmeles Wm. furniture, 117 S. Main; r 509 N. Church; w s.

Parsons N. B. r 1106 Fourth av.

Patch W. A. watchmkr; r 609 Sixth av; e s.

Patrick Fred. watchmkr; bds 109 N. 3d; e s.

Patterson Alex. r 803 Longwood; e s.

Patterson Geo. W. meat market; r 306 N. Fourth; e s.

PATTERSON JAS. H. Of the Firm of Patterson Bros., Proprietors of Meat Market, 421 E. State st.; residence 502 Catlin st.; born in Rockford, Sept. 13, 1844; first wife was Mary E. Edie; she died Sept. 22, 1874; one child by this marriage, Mary E.; now living; Mr. Patterson's present wife was Mrs. Rosina White; married in Oct., 1876; Mr. and Mrs. P. are members of the Second Presbyterian Church; Mr. P. served one year in Co. A, 147th I. V. I.

Patterson John L. r 208 S. Church; w s.

Patterson Orlando, r 1107 Rock; s s.

Patterson W. C. r 809 George; w s.

Patterson Wm. T. r 810 E. State.

Patterson Wm. r 805 Mulberry; w s.

Patton T. emp. American express company; bds American House.

Paul Jas. M. carp; r 508 N. First; e s.

Paul John, prop White's Hotel; r same.

Paxson A. jeweler; r 522 N. Church; w s.

Paxson C. F. clk; r 522 N. Church.

Paye Jos. blacksmith; r Ferguson, cor Hulin; s s.

Payne A. D. piano stools; r 805 S. First; e s.

Payne R. C. piano stools; r 805 S. First; e s.

Peacock Edwin H. r 502 N. Main; e s.

PEACOCK JONATHAN. Proprietor of Rockford Brewery, 502 N. Main st.; East Side; residence at same number; born in England, June 1, 1821; came to Chicago in 1846; worked with Lill & Diversey three years, and came to Rockford in 1849; purchased the ground where the Brewery is now located, from Wm. Fulton in 1849, and commenced manufacturing beer and ale the same year; married Eliza Hammond, in England, Sept. 17, 1856; she was born in England; they have five children living; Edwin H., Jonathan D., Charles, Frank and Olive; lost one daughter, Ida J., who died June 13, 1877, aged fifteen years.

Peake Fred'k, teacher; r 505 East; e s.

Peake Henry, harnessmaking, bds City Hotel.

Peake L. harnessmaking, Kishwaukee, near E. State; r 505 East; e s.

Peake Wm. F. harness, trunk and bag manufacturing, 116 W. State; r 206 S. 2d; e s.

PEATS FRANK F. Sheriff of Winnebago Co.; born in N. Y. city, Oct. 21, 1834; came to Rockford in 1855; married Bessie R. Tew, Nov., 1861; was elected Sheriff in fall of 1872; now serving his third term.

Peck Philip, painter; r 108 S. Eighth; e s.

Peck F. C. pianos and organs; r 1002 E. State.

Peck Geo. moulder; r 808 S. Main; s s.

Peck Bradford, musical instruments, 316 W. State; 609 S Fourth; e s.

Peck Walter, windmills; 1009 Charles; e s.

Pedler S.P. salesman; bds 610 Mulberry; w s.

Peers Henry, carp; r 208 N. Fourth; e s.

Peers J. C. jeweler; r 405 S. Church; w s.

Peggs Wm. B. Ins agt; r 908 Ferguson; s s.

Pells S. E. emp tack factory; r 504 Knowlton.

Pells Wm. J. Oregon stage driver; r 705 Horsman.

Pendergast D. emp E.T. & Co.; r 905 Rock; s s.

Pendergast Jas. lab; r 1206 S. Court; s s.

Pendergast Lawrence, r 402 S. West.

Pendergast Lawrence, lab; r Wall.

Pendergast R. r Montague cor S. Church; s s.

Pendergast Wm. lab; r 402 S. West.

Pendergast Wm. lab; 407 Rural; e s.

Penfield Chas. S. clk; r 902 Third av; e s.

Penfield S. F. real estate; r 902 Third av.

Penfield Geo. F. real estate; r 207 S. Fourth.

Penfield Ed. M. money order clk p. o.; r 902 Third av.

PENFIELD JOHN G. Loan and Note Broker, Conveyancer, Notary Public and Dealer in Real Estate; money in hand to loan on good security, at lowest rates, without unnecessary delay; he has considerable city and farm property for sale and rent upon favorable terms; office 323 East State st., over Third National Bank; residence 804 Seminary st.; Mr. Penfield was born in Pittsford, Rutland Co., Vt.; was for several years engaged in Woolen and Cotton Manufacturing in Pittsford; removed to Rockford in 1854, since which time he has been engaged in the Loaning and Real Estate business; married Mary E. Crosby, Oct. 22, 1856; she was born in Troy, N. H.; have three daughters, Helen M., Fannie H., and Katie C.

Pepper H. L. carp; r 703 Kishwaukee; e s.

Penneil Jonathan, cabinetmaker; bds 1104 Ferguson; w s.

Penny J. A. salesman; r 206 N. West.

Pennock W. D. r 1314 Charles; e s.

PENNOYER OLIVER A. Attorney, Abstractor of Land Titles, Notary Public; residence East st., near E. State st.; born in N. Y., July 15, 1826; came to Rockford in Jan., 1857; married Margaret L. Morris, June, 1856; she was born in Pontiac, Mich., May 23, 1830; have four children, all deceased; admitted as Attorney in Illinois, May 4, 1857, and as Attorney of the U. S. Supreme Court, Jan. 7, 1869; elected Clerk Circuit Court and Recorder, Nov. election, 1860, for four years; City Clerk of Rockford from April, 1866, one year; elected Justice Peace, April 28, 1866; resigned in 1868; engaged mostly in Abstracting and Recorder's office since 1847.

Pensteel Casper, lab; r 1301 Charles; e s.

Pensteel Sam'l, lab; r 1301 Charles; e s.

Pensteel W. G. barber; r 912 N. Court; w s.

Pensteel Wm. lab; r 1301 Charles; e s.

Perine Mark, watchmkr; bds 107 N. 1st; e s.

Perkins C. emp tack factory; bds 201 N. Maine; w s.

PERKINS J. P. Agent C. & N. W. Railway; residence 305 S. Church st.; born in Essex, Mass., March 27, 1835; in 1838 his parents removed to Cook Co.; he was engaged in farming pursuits till 1853; in 1856 he went into the employ of the C. & N. W. Railroad, and has continued with that company ever since; came to Rockford in 1864; has the entire management of the Galena & Kenosha Division of the C. & N. W. Railroad at this point; married Isabella J. Reynolds, May, 1859; she was born in Burdette, Schuyler Co., N. Y.; they have one child, Geo. P., who was born March, 1861; Mrs. Perkins is a member of the Second Congregational Church.

Perry E. B. lumber; r 803 E. State.

PERRY SEELY, Lumber Dealer; yard, cor State and Third sts.; residence 307 S. First st.; born in Stockbridge, Berkshire Co., Mass., Aug. 10, 1822; came to Rockton, in this Co., in 1849; came to Rockford in 1851; Mr. Perry was Mayor of Rockford in 1858 and 1859; was Alderman 1873, 1874, 1875, 1876.

Perry Wm. F. r 1107 Charles; e s.

Pershall G. W. rule maker; r 1003 S. Church; s s.

PETERS REV. GUSTAVUS, Pastor of the Swedish Evangelical Lutheran Church; East Side; residence 505 E. Seminary st.; born in Sweden, Jan. 4, 1832; came to Chicago in 1859; one year was assistant pastor of Immanuel's Church in Chicago; was for three years pastor of Lutheran Church at Moline; came to Rockford in June, 1864, and has continued as pastor of the church here ever since; was educated at Calmar Seminary and at Stockholm; ordained to the holy ministry at Clinton, Rock Co., Wis., June 10, 1860; first wife was Ida H. Strone, of Sweden; she died at Moline, May 18, 1862; they had one child; deceased; present wife was Sarah Johnson; married Oct. 8, 1864; she was born in Sweden; they have four children living, John T., Esther, Ebenezer and Joseph T.; they lost one son and two daughters, who died in infancy.

Peters Albert H. lab; r 805 Horsman; w s.

Peters Charles, clk P. O.; bds N. First; e s.

Peters Jonas, treas Union Furniture Co.; r 602 N. Second; e s.

Peters Peter A. lab; r 805 Horsman; w s.

Peters Wm. r 302 S. Church.

Peterson Gust. tailor; r Park; e s.

Peterson Adolph, tailor; r 405 S. First; e s.
 Peterson Andrew, lab; r stone row, opp
 Chick & Cox Mill.
 Peterson Andrew, r 305 Kishwaukee.
 Peterson Andrew, r S. Seventh; W. A.
 Peterson P.A. meatmarket; bds P.A. Flodell.
 Peterson A. M. tailor; r 501 S. Fifth; e s.
 Peterson Aug. tailor; r 810 N. Fourth; e s.
 Peterson Aug. G. tailor; r 609 S. Third; e s.
 Peterson C. B. painter; r 901 S. West; s s.
 Peterson C. G. painter; r 108 S. Fifth; e s.
 Peterson Charles, gents' furnishing goods,
 Kishwaukee, near State; r 302 Seventh.
 Peterson Dan. plowmaker; r 502 S. 6th; e s.
 Peterson Charles, r park; e s.
 Peterson F. J. carver; r 408 Kishwaukee.
 Peterson Guss, tailor; r park.
 Peterson Geo. painter; r 1403 S. West; s s.
 Peterson Rev. Gust, pastor Second Baptist
 Church; r 1207 Ferguson; s s.
 Peterson H. F. grocer; r Seminary, cor Bluff.
 Peterson Isaac, tailor; r 510 S. Fifth; e s.
 Peterson J. mechanic; r 608 S. Sixth; e s.
 Peterson John, r e s S. Seventh; W. A.
 Peterson J. shoemkr; r 501 S. Seventh; e s.
 Peterson J. emp Wm. A. Knowlton; r same.
 Peterson J. P. tailor; r 408 Kishwaukee; e s.
 Peterson Jonas, r 509 Union; e s.
 Peterson Jonas, r 1018 Sixth av; e s.
 Peterson J. H. butcher; r 502 Catlin; e s.
 Peterson Nels. r 718 N. First; e s.
 Peterson Nels. tailor; r n s Park; e s.
 Peterson Oscar, painter; r 511 Union; e s.
 Peterson O. r street from Seminary, s R. R.
PETERSON P. A. Secretary Rock-
 ford Union Furniture Company; resi-
 dence 513 Catlin, East Side; born in
 Sweden, Sept. 8, 1846; came to Rockford
 in 1852.
 Peterson P. A. r 1007 First av; e s.
 Peterson P. M. tailor; r 508 S. Sixth; e s.
 Peterson Peter, tailor; r 513 Catlin; e s.
 Peterson P. furniture mkr; r 1103 Third av.
 Peterson P. shoemaker; r 316 S. Main; w s.
 Peterson Peter, employe E., T. & Co.; bds
 702 N. Main; e s.
 Peterson Pontus, bds 702 N. Main; e s.
 Peterson Stephen, lab; r 1006 Fifth av; e s.
 Peterson August, tailor; r 607 Rock; e s.
 Pettibone John T. r 606 Court; e s.
 Pettengill J. W. turning; r 806 Rock; s s.
 Pettis L. M. trav agent; r 1015 S. Main; s s.
 Petit Andrew, carp; r 607 Rockton av.
 Petit Jacob, carp; r 406 S. Church.
 Pfanstiel Geo. livery; r 506 N. Third; e s.
 Phelps Walter, r 506 Chestnut.

Phillips A. F. livery; r 306 S. Winnebago.
 Phillips Hiram C. pattern maker; r 1101 S.
 Winnebago; s s.
 Phillips Ivar I. r 106 Summit; e s.
 Phillips Ira, r 106 Summit; e s.
 Phinney A. grocer; 108 S. Main; r 206 Hors-
 man.
 Phoenix W. H. sewing machines, 212 West
 State; r 306 N. Court; w s.
 Pickett Buell, r 209 N. Third; e s.
 Pickett Wm. O. r 209 N. Third; e s.
 Pierce D. B. harness mkr; 307 N. Main; e s.
 Pierce L. R. r 1006 S. Main; s s.
 Pierpont W. T. pumps, etc.; bds 1019 W. State.
 Pierson John, Vice Pres Rockford Union
 Furniture Company; r 809 Third av.
 Pierson T. watchmaker; bds 308 Walnut; e s.
 Pitkin T. D. pumps; r out of city.
 Pitney Levi, mason; r N. Avon, n end.
 Pitney Wm. lab; r 322 N. Avon.
 Pitney Wm., Jr. plasterer; r 1016 Mulberry.
 Platner Geo. H. r 712 Mulberry.
 Platner Harrison M. r 712 Mulberry.
 Platner Peter H. r 202 N. West; w s.
 Plato H. F. 207-209 W. State; r S. Court,
 cor Chestnut.
 Plato J. D. r S. Court, cor Chestnut.
PLATT JOHN, Farmer; residence
 712 W. State st.; born in West Haven,
 Conn., March 8, 1818; removed to Alton,
 Ill., in Oct., 1836; was employed as a dry
 goods clerk until May, 1837, when he
 came to Rockford; built a store on the
 bank of Rock river, just below where the
 State street bridge now stands, and carried
 on general merchandising business until
 1839, when he sold out to Dr. Haskell and
 moved to what is now Pecatonica Tp.,
 where he engaged in farming very exten-
 sively, having some 1,100 acres; his resi-
 dence was on Sec. 13, Tp. 27, he remained
 there six years; then about 1845 returned
 to Rockford, and has continued to engage
 very largely in real estate operations,
 sometimes owning 9,000 acres of land at
 one time; he married Harriet W. Trow-
 bridge, Feb. 24, 1836; she was born in
 New Haven, Conn., Dec. 11, 1814.
 Polchow Chas. lab; r 1109 S. Court; s s.
 Pomeroy W. D. carp; r 514 N. Main; w s.
 Ponsomby Chas. lab; bds 308 S. Main; w s.
 Pooley S. J. carp; r 903 Horsman.
 Pope Isaac, r 404 S. Court; w s.
 Porter Frank H. bds 107 Horsman.
PORTER JOHN R. Druggist, 301
 W. State, cor Main st.; residence 571 N.
 Church st.; born in Fultonham, near
 Zanesville, Ohio, Sept. 22, 1833; came to
 Rockford in Nov., 1859; married Lucretia
 V. Hosmer, Oct. 3, 1861; she was born in
 Ohio, Oct. 3, 1834; they have four children

living: Chas H., Hosmer C., John Wm. and Frances Irene; they have lost one daughter, Lucy M., who died Feb. 16, 1865, aged two years and four months.

Porter J. S. salesman; r 608 W. State.

Posson F. L. painter, 113 S. 2d; r 110 N. 5th.

Posson Henry A. painter; r 201 N. Second.

Post Daniel, farmer; r 402 S. Winnebago.

Potter Geo. carp; r 911 Pecatonica.

Potter Joel B. r 503 Oak; e s.

Potter Lyman H. r 712 N. Second; e s.

Potter M. C. r 506 S. Avon.

Powell Geo. r 405 N. Winnebago; w s.

Powell E. W. carp; r 509 N. Second; e s.

Powell G. W. bds 502 W. State.

Pratt Geo. miller; bds White's Hotel.

Pratt Wm. C. r 207 S. Third.

Preble E. lab; r S. Twelfth; W. A.

Predmore Ira, carp; 1104 S. Court; s s.

Predmore L. mechanic; r Ferguson, cor Kent.

Prentice Fred. S. clk; r 616 N. Main; w s.

Prentice W. M. clk; bds 122 S. Second; e s.

Presbrey W. D. farmer; r 1104 S. Main; s s.

Preston Mott, r 806 First av.

Price H. W. glove works; office 113-115 W. State; r 530 N. Church.

Prince Chas. lab; bds 703 Peach; w s.

Prior D. S. r 1009 Second av; e s.

Prior P. B. shoemaker; r 503 S. Fifth; e s.

Proctor Jno. street sprinkler; r 1009 Maple.

Prouty F. C. salesman; r out of city limits, E. State.

Prouty Henry E. salesman; r 1012 W. State.

PROUTY WM. C. Dealer in Boots and Shoes, 126 W. State st.; residence 1012 W. State st.; born in Brattleboro, Vt., Aug. 25, 1808; came to Byron, Ogle Co., Ill., July 22, 1844; removed to Rockford, April 14, 1865; married Adeline Amelia Wheelock, June 21, 1835; she was born in Wardsborough, Vt., Aug. 28, 1812; have three children living, Henry E., Frederick C., and Adelaide A., now Mrs. Dr. T. M. Butler.

Puffer Frank M. clk; bds W. S. Wilkins.

Pumprey T. emp B. W. & Co.; r 710 N. Church.

Punnell J. H. ex mess; bds Holland House.

Pyng T. liquors, 308 E. State; r 310 N. 1st; e s.

QUINN J. S. lab; r 502 S. First; e s.

Quinn Mat. blacksmith; r 1006 Morgan; s s.

Quinn Philip, lab; r South; s s.

Quinn Patrick, r 706 N. First; e s.

Quinlan P. emp T. Scott; r 303 N. Main; e s.

RADECKE THOS. F. upholstery, over 116 W. State, 2d floor; r 309 S. West.

Rae Wm. G. trav agt; r 203 S. Court; w s.

Raidart G. P. cabinetmkr; r 1013 S. 3d; e s.

RALSTON & HARVEY, Dealers in Agricultural Implements, Carriages, Wagons, etc., 502 W. State st., cor. Court st.; John B. Ralston was born in Marietta, Washington Co., O., April 21, 1846; came to Harlem, this Co., in 1850; engaged in farming principally, until the fall of 1872, when he engaged in present business; married Ellen Brown, March 11, 1875; she was born in Harlem, Winnebago Co., Ill., Aug. 28, 1855; have one child, Edward Henry, born Feb. 4, 1876; Mr. and Mrs. R. are members of the First Presbyterian church; residence 612 Knowlton st., South Side.

Randall G. B. watchmkr; bds 107 N. 1st; e s.

Rand S. L. clk; room 315 W. State.

Randolph R. J. diamond pavement, over 302 E. State; r 307 East; e s.

Rankin Marshall, carp; r 508 Hill; e s.

Rannie Wm. lab; r 412 S. West; w s.

Rath H. tack factory, r 1308 S. Court; s s.

Raymond A. E. painter; bds 906 River; s s.

Ray Geo. emp N. C. T.; r 1009 S. Main; s s.

Rea Allen R. clk; r 308 S. Court; w s.

Read G. L. r 210 N. Main; w s.

Redd Jas. r rear 408 Rural; e s.

Red Jas. emp gas works; r 504 East; e s.

Redfield C. H. r 1108 Elm.

Redfield Dudley, r 202 Horsman.

Redfield W. hack driver; r 808 Mulberry; w s.

Redington H. P. 502 W. State; r 707 Elm.

Redmond Garrett, r 517 Cedar.

Redmond Henry, r 517 Cedar.

Redricks Thos. lab; r 909 Crosby; e s.

Reed Rev. D. M. r 611 N. Main; w s.

Reed Ed. T. tack factory; bds 602 Rockton av.

Reed Edgar, tack factory; bds 612 Mulberry.

REED FRANKLIN P. Traveling Insurance Agent; residence 906 S. West st.; born in Lexington, Mass., March 19, 1835; came to Rockford in Sept., 1875; married Georgia W. Wilson, June 17, 1858; she was born in N. H., Dec. 12, —.

Reed P. M. carp; r 306 Kishwaukee.

Reeves Frank E. r 506 Mulberry.

Reeves Geo. carriage mfr; r 506 Mulberry.

Reeves Geo. W. moulder; r 522 W. State.

Reeves Geo. W. r 209 N. Court.

Reeves Wm. blacksmith; r 522 W. State.

BEGAN JAS. Boot and Shoe Maker, 204 W. State st.; residence 712 N. Main st., East Side; born in Ireland, Nov. 25, 1826; came to Canada in 1840; lived there until 1844, when he removed to Chicago; lived there a year or two, and then went to Sheboygan, and remained there until 1848, when he returned to Chicago and made that city his home until 1855, when he

came to Rockford; married Mary Ann Wood, May 4, 1851; she was born in Buffalo, N. Y., March 28, 1835; they have six children, Joseph, Michael, John Valentine, Mary Eveleen, Minerva and Agnes B.; lost two daughters, Virginia and Josephine; served three years in Co. K, 74th I. V. I.; is President of the Rockford Reform Club.

Regan Jno. lab; r 1012 South; s s.

Regan Jos. clk; bds City Hotel.

Regan Michael, r 712 N. Main; e s.

Regan Valentine, r 712 N. Main; e s.

Regan Wm. lab; r 906 Kent; s s.

REMINGTON THOMAS J. L.

County Surveyor; office at the Court House; residence 114 S. Second st., East Side; born in Hopkinton, N. Y., Dec. 7, 1823; came to Rockford in 1850; married Mrs. Emily Robinson for first wife; she died in January, 1871; they had three children; only one now living, Helen S.; Mr. R.'s present wife was Martha A. Gregg; they have one child, Rosalind; Mr. R. has served as County Surveyor 22 years; he was City Engineer in 1858, 1866, and 1867; served in the war of the rebellion; was Capt. Co. A, 74th I. V. I., from September, 1862, until May, 1863, when he became Major of the 74th; in December, 1863, he became Chief Engineer of the 2d Div. 4th Army Corps; in September, 1864, he was detailed as Asst. to Gen. Sherman's Chief Engineer, Army of the Tennessee, where he served until February, 1865, when he was made Chief Engineer of the 4th Army Corps, and served as such until he was finally mustered out, at Chicago, June 26, 1865.

Renninger Harry, carp; r 703 Rockton av.

Revelle M. E. salesmn; bds 808 Seminary; e s.

Rew Robert, teacher; r 106 S. Second; e s.

Reynolds G. W. auction and commission; r 310 N. Court.

Reynolds Geo. L. feed stable, Elm, bet Court and Church; r 310 N. Court.

Reynolds H. blacksmith; bds 403 N. 3d; e s.

Reynolds James, r S. Winnebago, s of Wall.

Reynolds J. W. r 606 E. State.

Reynolds W. B. salesman; r 310 N. Court.

Rhoades Edward, r 603 N. Winnebago; w s.

Rhoades D. bds City Hotel.

Rhoades John, cooper; bds City Hotel.

RHOADES LEVI, Of the firm of Rhoades, Utter & Co., Proprietors of Rockford Paper Mills; office 120 W. State st.; residence 710 North Court st.; born in Hinsdale, Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., June 25, 1830; his parents moved to Alabama, Genesee Co., N. Y., in 1836, and to Troy, Walworth Co., Wis., in 1843, where he lived until he came to Rockford, in 1848; he engaged in various kinds of work until

he went into the cooperage business for himself, in 1853, a business which he has continued and still carries on here quite extensively; he commenced the construction of the Rockford Paper Mills in 1865; in the fall of the same year the Utters formed a co-partnership with him, and in the spring of 1866 they commenced manufacturing; became a Director of the Peoples Savings Bank at the time of its organization in 1873, and has continued as a Director ever since; in the spring of 1874 the Rockford Watch Co. was organized, and he became President of the company, a position which he still holds; he is also Vice President of the Rockford Tack Co., and Director of Water Power Co.; was Mayor of Rockford one term, '76 and '77; married Frederica Rhoades, in December, 1854; she was born in Germany; they have two daughters, Lucinda H. and Luella I.; Mr. R. has been a member of the M. E. Church about 26 years.

Rice Allen, r N. Main, cor High; w s.

Rice Benj. G. r 512 N. Church; w s.

Rice Chas. H. lab; r 807 Ferguson; s s.

Rice Geo. S. ins agent; r over 322 E. State.

Rice Joseph, bds Forest City House.

Rice Wm. r 206 N. Avon.

Richardson O. A. lumber; r 315 S. Main; w s.

Richards P. S. conduc; bds Holland House.

Richey Rev. John H. pastor Westminster Presbyterian Church; r 501 S. Second.

RICHINGS DR. CHARLES HENRY

Physician and Surgeon; office 302 W. State st.; residence 804 W. State st.; born in England, Feb. 26, 1815; the Dr. studied medicine in Belgium; came to Rockford, July 18, 1836; he has been engaged in practice over 40 years; married Mary Stevenson, of England; they have one son, Henry, now a practicing physician of Washington, D. C.

Rich Wm. carp; 407 Horsman; w s.

Rich Henry, carp; r 704 Horsman; w s.

Richmond G. upholst'r; r over 116 W. State.

Richmon L. emp livery; bds Hardy's Hotel.

Ricker Emerson E. clk; r 711 Elm; e s.

Ricker Ephraim G. collect'ng agt; r 711 Elm.

Rickon E. H. clk City Hotel.

Ridgley Edward, mason; r 310 S. Court; w s.

Ridler Jno. W. (Ridler Bros.) r 415 E. State.

Ridler Thos. K. (Ridler Bros.) r 415 E. State.

Rightor C. r 310 N. Main; w s.

Riley Wm. watchmaker; r 308 Walnut; e s.

Rimpler W. stonecutter; bds 602 George; w s.

Ripcan Wm. emp furn fac; bds L. Osborne.

Ripley F. P. watchmkr; bds 210 S. 1st; e s.

Risley M. L. r 706 Rock; e s.

Rising Chas. E. clk; r 611 N. Church; w s.

Rising Henry, r 611 N. Church; w s.

Ritchie C. plasterer; r 612 N. Second; e s.

RITCHIE JIM, Mason and Plasterer; resides at 112 N. Third st., East Rockford; he is a son of Francis E. and Margaret Eliza Ritchie, and was born in Greenbush, N. Y., April 2, 1830; came to Rockford in 1857.

Rivers Charles, clk; r 114 N. Church.

Roach J. saloon, S. Court, cor Cedar; r same.

Robertson George J. portrait painter; r 1211 S. Winnebago.

Roberts Chas. A. r 608 N. Second; e s.

Roberts C. furniture, 215 E. State; r 716 N. Main; e s.

Roberts E. C. carp, 510 W. State; r 720 N. Court; w s.

Roberts Fay E. bkpr; r 720 N. Court; w s.

ROBERTS GEO. W. Sculptor, Monument Builder and Designer, 220 S. Main st.; residence 307 S. Seventh st; East Side; Gravestones of the best American and Italian marbles; Mr. Roberts imports Scotch Granite Monuments direct from Scotland.

Roberts J. W. shoemkr; r 809 N. Court; w s.

Roberts C. J. r 204 N. West.

Roberts Jeremiah, N. West, nr Napoleon.

Roberts Thos. O. bds 907 S. West; s s.

Roberts Walter, r 301 East; e s.

Roberts Walter, cigar maker; bds C. Henry.

Roberts F. E. moulder; r 1109 S. West; s s.

Robertson G. C. bds 1211 S. Winnebago; s s.

Robertson Fletcher, carp; r 1015 South.

Robertson S. F. carp; r 1015 South.

ROBERTSON THOS D. President Winnebago National Bank; residence 601 N. Main st.; West Side; born in Scotland, March 18, 1818; came to Rockford, Dec., 1838.

Robertson W. T. cashier Winnebago National Bank; r 506 N. Main; w s.

Robertson G. moulder; r 1401 S. West; s s.

Robinson Chas. emp W. H. Miller.

ROBINSON CALVIN LEWIS, Insurance, Real Estate and Loan Agent, Winnebago National Bank Building; born Nov. 22, 1837, in Columbus, Warren Co., Penn.; with his parents, Horace and Fanny W. Robinson, moved to Belvidere, Ill., June, 1842; to Cherry Valley in fall of 1853; while there engaged in the drug business some two years, on his own account; in the dry goods business two years, as clerk. In the spring of 1860 went to Champaign, Ill., to help open a dry goods store for eastern parties; continued there in the business three years, to April, 1863, when he entered into government employ, in the Subsistence Department, first with the Third Division, Army of the Ohio, in Eastern Kentucky and Western Virginia; then in Eastern Tennessee and Georgia,

till fall of Atlanta; from there, back with Gen. Schofield's command to Nashville, Tenn. After battle of Nashville and defeat of Gen. Hood, was ordered, Jan., 1865, to Washington; from there down the coast, and entered Wilmington, N. C., with Gen. Terry's command. Was stationed there till fall of 1865. In the winter of 1866 engaged in the dry goods business with Geo. M. Smith, at his present location in Rockford. The partnership continued till May, 1870, when Mr. R. retired. Was married June 1, 1870, to Miss Charlotte C. A. Kent, youngest daughter of Germanicus Kent. In the fall of same year engaged in his present business.

Robinson F. porter White's Hotel; r same.

ROBINSON HENRY H. Real Estate and Loan Agent, 325 E. State st.; residence 805 Seminary st.; born in Chicago, Sept. 6, 1846; came to Rockford in 1847; married Laura Penfield, March 27, 1873; she was born in Rockford, March 10, 1848.

Robinson J. B. bds 310 N. Church; w s.

Robinson John, lab; r 807 E. State.

Robinson N. S. hardware; r 204 N. Second.

Robinson Thos. carp; bds 801 George; w s.

Robinson W. machinist; r 801 George; w s.

Robinson Walter, Jr. r 801 George.

Robbins J. watchmkr; bds American House.

Rockwood Warren, r 907 S. Church; s s.

Rodd J. prop grist mill; r 208 Kishwaukee.

Rogan M. machinist; r 503 N. Winnebago.

Rogers F. S. r 810 Montague; s s.

Rogers Jno. L. machinist; r N. Winnebago above Whitman.

Rogers Martin, bolt fact; r 910 Crosby; e s.

Rogers Michael, lab; r 910 Crosby; e s.

Rogers R. W. r Winnebago above Whitman.

Rogers W. r N. Winnebago above Whitman.

Rohkar Henry, barber; r 111 N. Winnebago.

Rohr G. W. physician and surgeon, over 120 S. Main; r 402 N. Main; w s.

Rope Fred, emp C. Schorn; r same.

Roper O. S. baker; r 1213 Second av; e s.

Roper Sam. miller; bds 402 S. Main; w s.

Rosa A. furn finisher; r Market cor E. State.

Rosacranse N. emp R.R.; r 707 N. Main; e s.

Rose Benj. farmer; r Montague w. end s s.

Rose Chas. emp White's Hotel.

Rose E. S. r s end Kishwaukee.

Rose Geo. r Montgomery, w end s s.

Rose Henry, r Montgomery, w end s s.

Rosenberg Peter, blacksmith; r S. Fourth.

Rosseter Wm. E. r 802 Rock; s s.

Ross A. M. salesman; r 307 S. Court; w s.

Ross Hugh R. cashier Home saving bank; r 308 S. Church.

Ross Jno. C. r 710 W. State.

Ross L.P. bkpr Rockf nat bank, r 301 S. West.

ROSS R. HERVEY, Of the firm of Catlin & Ross, Grocers, 511 E. State st.; Mr. Ross resides at 603 Kishwaukee st.; he was born in Norfolk Co., Canada West, April 17, 1835; moved to Iowa in 1856, and to Ogle Co., Ill., in 1859; came to Rockford in 1859; married Mary J. Sovereign, Jan. 1, 1860; she was born in Canada West; have one child, Florence M., born Jan 13, 1863; Mr. Ross is a member of the Rockford Rifles, Third Regt. Ill. Guards.

Ross Robt. bridgebuilder; r 511 Rockton av.

Ross Wm. G. r 511 Rockton av.

Roth Jno. F. cabinetmaker; r 408 S. Fifth.

Rourk Pat. lab; r 408 S. Horsman.

Rourke Thos. r 910 South.

Rouse Frank, r 1102 S. Court; s s.

Rouse Sager, r 1102 S. Court; s s.

Rowe F. M. cigars; bds 301 East; e s.

Rowe Martin, blacksmith; r 301 East; e s.

Rowell Henry W. r 414 S. Court; w s.

Rowland J.P. grocer; r 1110 S. Winnebago; s s.

Rowland R. C. druggist; bds Holland House.

Rowlee A. r Winnebago above Napoleon.

Rowley Calvin, r Prospect; s s.

ROWLEY E. A. Photographer, 321 W. State st.; born in Sullivan, Ashland Co., O., July 10, 1849; came to Rockford in 1873; he has been engaged in the business of Photographer four years.

Rowley Edwin R. r 509 Catlin.

Rowley Milton, painter; r 302 S. First; e s.

Royce A. T. street com; r 713 N. Court; w s.

Ruchhime Jno. emp A. K. Shirley.

Ruddick B. machinist; bds 302 S. Main; w s.

Rugg Josiah, farmer; r W. State, city limits.

Ruhl A. S. salesman; bds 607 N. Winnebago.

Rundquist Chas. tanner M. & H.; r 802 Oak.

Rundquist F.O. tailor; r 605 Kishwaukee; e s.

Russell Chas. mechanic; r South; s s.

Russell Cornelius, stock dlr; r 717 Elm; w s.

Russel Jno. mason; r 501 S. Sixth; e s.

Russell Mich. lab; r foot of Chestnut; w s.

Russell Wm. lab; bds 112 N. Second; e s.

RUTLEDGE ANDREW, Sup't of Wm. A. Knowlton's Manufactories; residence 1002 Main st., cor. Loomis st.; born in England, May 4, 1836; came to Rockford in 1851; first learned carpenter's trade; in 1854 commenced work in the Reaper shops; has worked for N. C. Thompson, Emerson & Co., John P. Man-ny, and Graham & Co.; has been with Wm. A. Knowlton since 1873; married Maggie J. Ryan, Sept. 10, 1860; she was born in Ireland; have three children, William, Arthur, and Freddie; Mr. R. is a

member of Star in the East Lodge, No. 166, A. F. and A. M., Winnebago Chapter, No. 24, etc.

Rutledge Wm. C. r 211 S. Fourth; e s.

Rutledge Wm. r 305 N. Wyman; w s.

RYAN F. T. Proprietor Central Wire Works, 212 S. Main st., next to Holland House; Manufacturer of Wire Flower Pot Stands, Window Guards, Waste Paper Baskets, Bank and Office Railing, Fruit and Umbrella Stands, Hat Stands, Ladies' Work Baskets, Sponge and Moss Baskets, Coal and Sand Screens, Barrel Covers, Horse and Dog Muzzles, Spark Guards, etc.; Twisted Wire Fence made to order; Mr. Ryan was born in Rochester, N. Y., Feb. 15, 1856; came to Rockford about 18 years ago.

Ryan Jas. painter; r 622 N. Main; w s.

Ryan Jas. lab; r 809 N. Second; e s.

Ryan Jno. lab; r West; s s near foot bridge.

Ryan Jno. lab; r 809 N. Second; e s.

Ryan Matt. r near foot bridge, S. Winnebago.

Ryan M. H. shoemaker, 112 W. State; r 309 N. Main; w s.

Ryan Michael, moulder, 502 S. Main; w s.

Ryan Michael, lab; r 1301 Rock.

Ryan Michael, r 406 S. West.

Ryan Tim. tailor; bds Adams, bet E. State and Crosby.

Ryan Wm. lab; r N. Wyman, nr W. State.

Ryan Wm. lab; r 601 Oak.

Ryan W. blacksmith; bds City Hotel.

Ryburn Wm. r 117 S. First.

Rydberg C. cabinetmaker; r 609 S. Seventh.

Rydberg John Z. clk; r 608 S. Fourth.

Rydbloom J. lab; r Gregory, bet S. 4th and 5th.

Ryman John, lab; r 132 Park; e s.

Ryman J. G. tailor, 217 E. State; r 132 Park

SAAF S. tailor; r cor Sixth and Fourth av.

Sabin Chas. r 609 N. Church; w s.

Sackett E. B. painting, 513 E. State; r 205 S. First; e s.

Sadewater F. saloon, 119 S. Main; w s; r same.

Safflemire Wm. bds Hardy's Hotel.

Saley M. L. grocer; r Peach; w s.

Saline John, r 810 Fifth av; e s.

Saline S. A. lab; r 810 Fifth av; e s.

Salstrom G. A. grocer; r 1211 Third av.

Sames P. cultivator mfr; r 416 N. Main; w s.

Samuelson C. r Gregory, bet S. 4th and 5th.

Samson H. brewer; r n of bridge, Beloit road.

Samulson F. A. tailor; r 411 N. First; e s.

SANBORN C. A. Druggist, 319 W. State st.; residence 505 Rockton av; born in Barry, Vt., July 15, 1848; came to Rockford in June, 1867; married Mary A.

Wallis, May 14, 1873; she was born in Patterson, N. J.; they have two children, Howard C. and Wallis R.

Sanborn Simon, bds 114 S. Second; e s.

Sanborn R. S. r 1217 E. State.

Sanders Alex. r Fourth av, bet 7th and 8th.

Sanders C.W. mechanic; r 1406 Charles; e s.

Sanders E. mechanic; r 1406 Charles; e s.

Sanders L.S. emp Chick & Cox; r 8th; W.A.

Sanders Wm. bds 402 S. Main; w s.

Sandine Claus, shoemkr; r 513 Union; e s.

Sands John F. lab; r 705 Rockton av.

Sanford C. S. mechanic; r 1102 River; s s.

SANFORD GOODYEAR A.

Cashier of the Second National Bank, and President of the Rockford Savings Bank, s e corner of W. State and Main sts.; residence 407 N. Main st.; born in Hamden, Conn., Aug. 28, 1814; he was engaged in farming pursuits till he came to Alton, Ill., in Dec., 1836; in 1837 he came to Rockford; was in mercantile business here until he was appointed Deputy Sheriff, in 1838; served in that capacity four years; he built, in 1838, the first "flat boat" in this section of the State; loaded it with potatoes and other produce, which he marketed in St. Louis; in 1852, at Cherry Valley, he helped to load the first car of grain which was shipped from the Co.; in 1842 he was elected Sheriff; was in that position until 1844; from 1838 to 1844 he collected the entire taxes of the Co., which amounted to only from \$237 to \$640 per annum, total collections, during those years; from 1844 to 1847 was engaged in general merchandising on the present site of the Second National Bank; commenced the banking business Jan. 1, 1855; the firm was then Dickerman, Wheeler & Co.; in 1856 the firm changed to Lane, Sanford & Co; the Second National Bank was organized Aug. 1, 1864; Mr. Sanford has been its cashier since its organization; he is also President of the Rockford Savings Bank, which was organized in Aug., 1873; married Elizabeth Bassett, in Feb., 1838; she died Oct., 1857; they had one child, which died in infancy; his present wife was Harriet Austin; married Nov., 1858; she was born in Skaneateles, N. Y.; Mr. S. was originally a Whig; has always been prominently identified with the Republican party since its organization; he is a member of the Congregational Church.

Sanford H. S. bds American House.

Sanford John, painter; bds 111 S. Third; e s.

Sargent J. H. barber; r 113 S. Main; w s.

Sargent I. Chase, r 602 Pleasant; s s.

Sargent Isaac, ins agt; r 602 Pleasant; s s.

Satterlee A.F. printer *Journal*; bds City Hot.

Satterlee M. L. bds 106 S. Fifth; e s.

Sauber J. P. r 606 North.

SAVAGE JOHN T. Of the firm of Savage & Love, Mill st., on the water power; residence 909 Ferguson; South Side; Pattern and Model Makers; they do general wood, iron, brass and steel work; all kinds of jobbing in those materials done; Mr. Savage was born in Shefford, Canada East, April 16, 1842; came to Rockford in 1866; married Jane Wallace, May 8, 1866; she was born in Abbottsford, Canada East, July 9, 1844; they have five sons; Mr. S. served one year and a half in the 7th Maine Battery; Republican; Independent in religion.

Savage T.S. shoemkr; r 1024 Mulberry; w s.

Savery H. L. stock dealer; r 905 Second av.

Sawyer H. J. constable; r 814 N. Main.

Scannell M. J. billiard hall over 303 E. State; r 113 N. Second; e s.

Scattergood Walter, carp; r 506 S. Sixth.

Scharfenberg Charles, lab; r 912 Horsman.

Schicker A. bakery and saloon 315 E. State; r same.

Schicker Edward, baker; r 315 E. State.

Schlander —, lab; r s s Park; e s.

Schmalick Jos. tailor; r 405 S. Third; e s.

Schmalz George, saloon; r 710 Horsman.

Schmalz Jacob, lab; r 706 Oak.

Schmauss John, r 1106 Charles; e s.

Schmauss Joseph, meat market 115 S. Main; r 211 N. Main.

Schmauss Joseph L. clk; r 313 E. State.

SCHMAUSS LEONARD, Proprietor Meat Market 313 E. State st.; resides at same No.; born in Bavaria, Sept. 29, 1825; came to Rockford in Sept., 1853; married Margaret Schlenk, May 21, 1852; she was born in Bavaria; they have six children living, Joseph L., Leonard H., Frank, Frances, Edward, and Alice; they have lost three children.

Schmauss Leonard, clk; r 313 E. State.

Schneider H. blacksmith, r Wall, foot S. Court.

Schneider Leonard, r Wall, foot S. Court; s s.

Schnell —, r E. State; e end.

Schoonmaker Moses, r 203 Mulberry; w s.

Schorn Charles, meat market 317 E. State; r 122 S. Main; e s.

Schueller Hermon, r Lincoln av.

Schuster Paul, bkpr; r 533 N. Church; w s.

Schultz Chas. lab; r 708 Wall, foot S. Court.

Schwartz Charles, employe furniture factory; r L. Osborne.

Schwender John, saloon 319 E. State; r same.

Schwender John, Jr., clk; r 319 E. State.

Scully John, lab; r 1013 South.

Scott Charles, barber; r 702 George; w s.

Scott Douglas, butcher; bds 313 E. State.

Scott James, r 702 George; w s.

Scott John, painter; bds 414 S. Main; w s.

Scott Sylvester, lab; r Seminary, at limits.
 Scott T. coal 202 E. State; r 116 N. 2d; e s.
 Scott Wm. r 208 Horsman.
 Scougall T. O. mason; r 1217 S. Winnebago.
 Scovill H. C. lumber; r 709 Seminary.
 Scovill Henry T. r 1014 S. Third; e s.
 Scovill Horace, r with J. Wiggins, Prospect.
 Scully Benj. watchmkr; bds 308 Walnut; e s.
 Seal Christopher, r 1103 Second av.

SEALY GEORGE A. Assistant Superintendent, Emerson, Talcott & Co.; boards at 609 N. Church st.; born in England, May 11, 1841; his parents moved to Geneva, N. Y., in 1843; lived there 10 years; then removed to Dansville, Livingston Co., N. Y.; resided there about 3 years; then came to Rockford, arriving here Jan. 1, 1856; for 6 years he was engaged in the manufacture of sash, doors, and blinds; then he went to Chicago, where he remained 2 years; then went to Denver, where he spent 1 year; from there he moved to Kalamazoo, Mich., where he resided nearly 2 years; then returned to Rockford; he has been with Emerson, Talcott & Co. since Aug., 1876; married Mrs. Fannie E. Zimmerman, Aug. 5, 1877; his first wife was Jennie A. Paxson; she died May 4, 1876; one daughter by first marriage, Louise J., born Dec. 6, 1866; Mr. Sealy served 3 years and 10 months in Co. G, 45th I. V. I.; was 1 year Sergeant; 2 years was Commissary of Regiment; was commissioned Second Lieutenant; participated in all the engagements which the 45th Regt. was in, Ft. Henry, Ft. Donelson, Shiloh, Corinth, Jackson (Tennessee), etc.; Mr. and Mrs. S. are members of the Christian Union Church.

Searle B. salesman; bds American House.
 Searle R. shoemaker; r 705 N. Second; e s.
 Sears B. C. secy brush co; r 303 S. Winnebago.
 Sears D. A. trav agt; r 600 Peach; w s.
 Sears David G. r 607 Kishwaukee; e s.
 Sears Henry, r 602 N. Church; w s.
 Seccomb J. W. books and stationery 317 W. State; r 306 N. West; w s.
 Seeley W. F. agt sewing machines; bds White's Hotel.
 Seeley Wm. T. r 117 N. First; e s.
 Segar John, r Seminary, s R. R.
 Segur J. F. machinist; r 1003 S. Court; s s.
SEGUR JOHN, Foreman Machinery Department Emerson, Talcott, & Co.; residence 828 S. Main st., cor Morgan st.; born in Granville, Conn., July 6, 1830; removed to Beloit, Wis., in 1855; came to Rockford in 1857; married Jane Trowbridge, July 6, 1852; she was born in New Hartford, Conn., in 1830; they have two children, James F. and Sarah A.
 Seidermann Christof, r over 106 W. State.

Sexton John, plasterer; r 914 Rock; s s.
 Seymour Samuel, r 409 S. Second; e s.
 Shaffer W. H. plasterer; r 914 Pecatonica.
 Shaffstall John M. r 305 S. Church; w s.
 Shaffstall S. P. r 305 Church; w s.
 Shalin A. W. bkpr; r 1101 East; s s.
 Shannon F. J. printer, *Register*; r Eighth, bet Tenth and Eleventh avs; W. A.
 Shannon J. blacksmith; r 507 N. First; e s.
 Shannon L. B. miller; r Eighth, bet Tenth and Eleventh avs; W. A.
 Shattack Wm. carp; bds 111 S. Third; e s.
 Shattuck Wm. carp; r 806 Peach; w s.
 Shaut Col. W. B. cutter; r 306 N. Church.
 Shaw C. A. r 310 S. Second; e s.
 Shaw F. A. carp; r Ferguson, s of Loomis; s s.
 Shaw Gust. lab; r 706 Wall; s s.
 Shaw Jas. watchmkr; bds American House.
 Shaw John A. r S. Tenth; W. A.
 Shaw O. B. Dep Co Clk; r 903 N. Court; w s.
 Shaw W. A. carp; r Ferguson, s of Loomis; s s.
 Shaw Wm. F. wagon maker; r 108 N. Fifth.
 Shaw Zachariah, r 903 N. Court; w s.
 Shedd David, moulder; r 802 Rock; s s.
 Shedd Henry C. moulder; r 807 River; s s.
 Sheffield D. S. r 902 Horsman.
 Sheffield F. B. carp; r 306 Chestnut; w s.
 Shelden E. M. bkpr, Peoples Savings Bank; r 1012 Mulberry.
 Sheldon Benj. R. Judge Supreme Court, over Winnebago Nat. Bank; r 1104 W. State.
 Sheldon C. W. Secy Forest City Ins Co; r 514 N. Second.
 Sheldon Chas. E. ins agt; r 514 N. Second.
 Sheldon G. P. clk ins co; r 514 N. Second.
 Sheldon T. B. painter; bds City Hotel.
 Shelp Geo. H. tailor; r 303 Morgan; s s.
 Shepardson E. D. bds S. Main; w s.
 Shepardson W. B. bds 302 S. Main; w s.
 Shepherd R. A. lime kiln; r 1109 Third av.
 Sherer A. F. painter; r 204 N. Third; e s.
 Sherer G. wagonmakr; r 204 N. Third; e s.
 Sherer G. W. confectionery; bds 114 N. Winnebago.
 Sherman Chas. E. lab; r 918 Rockton av.
 Sherman Fred. M. marble carver; r 220 S. Main; w s.
 Sherman T. M. bds Hardy's Hotel.
 Sherratt A. H. ins agt; r 406 Horsman.
 Sherwood Chas. M. trav agent; r 507 Locust.
 Shields M. butcher; r 717 N. Winnebago; w s.
 Shimmin E. blacksmith; r 610 E. Court; e s.
 Shirley A. K. lab; r 901 Cedar; s s.
 Shlademan Henry, mason; r 1104 Rock; s s.
SHOUDY GEORGE A. Soap Manufacturer, 709 S. Sixth st.; residence 805

Sixth av., East Side; born in Niles, Mich., May 4, 1837; went to Rock Island in 1840; moved to Allen's Grove, Lee Co., Ill., in 1844; followed farming pursuits there until 21 years of age, then engaged in mercantile business, at Rochelle, Ogle Co., Ill.; continued in that business seven years, until he came to Rockford, in 1870, and engaged in the manufacture of soaps; he is manufacturing all kinds of hard and soft soaps, laundry, toilet and fancy soaps of every description and of best quality.

Shoults Louis, lab; r 1305 Charles; e s.

Shores Horace, carp; r 1203 S. Main; s s.

Shores Lorenzo D. watchman; r Ferguson, cor Montague.

Shores O. B. r Knowlton, foot S. Church; s s.

Shugrue Patrick, lab; r 308 Court; e s.

Shumway R. H. seedsman, over 323 E. State; r 509 Pope.

Shunbt Andrew, emp American House.

Shurtliss Charles, emp A. VanInwagen.

Sidders C. employe Graham & Co.; r 1110 S. Main; s s.

Sine John B. ins agt; r 807 N. Main; w s.

SILSBY GEORGE A. Proprietor Globe Shoe Store, 110 S. Main st.; residence same number, up stairs; born in Rockford, March 28, 1847; married Emily Derwent, Feb. 25, 1868; she was born in Durand Tp., this Co., Oct. 1, 1847; they have two children, Mabel C. and Maud M.; Mr. Silsby served in Co. K, 132d I. V. I.

SILSBY HARVEY H. Retired Merchant; residence 311 South Court street; born in Acworth, Sullivan Co., N. H., Nov. 1, 1817; came to Alton, Ill., in December, 1837; resided there until his removal to Rockford, April 24, 1838; married Melinda Stearns, at Claremont, N. H., Aug. 17, 1842; she was born in Cornish, N. H., July 30, 1818; they have four children, Mary E., now Mrs. Levi Sanders, George E., born March 28, 1847, Hattie J., and Flora M., born April 8, 1856.

Simons Rev. Abraham; r 809 N. Court; w s.

Simons C. L. carp; r 610 Mulberry; w s.

Simons —, with Wm. Blinn, Harlem av.

Simpson Isaac, gardener; r 720 North; e s.

Simpson Wm. gardener; r 720 North; e s.

Skeyhan J. lab; r 808 N. Winnebago.

Skiff Wm. T. r 605 Kishwaukee; e s.

Skinner James, shoemaker; r 906 Rockton.

SKINNER HENRY M. Superintendent of Enoch & Briggs' Plow Factory; residence 1003 S. Main st.; born at Barry Centre, Orleans Co., N. Y., July 17, 1835; his parents came to Rockford in 1839; he married Eleanor J. Stockwell, Sept. 5, 1861; she was born in Penn; they have two children, Edith L. and Carrie R.; lost one daughter, Lizzie M., who

died at the age of 7 years; Mr. S. served nine months in Co. M, 8th Illinois Cav.; he has been engaged in present business 18 years, with same manufacturers during the entire time; Mr. and Mrs. S. are members of the Winnebago st. M. E. Church.

Skinner E. H. Rockford Packing Co.; r W. State, near limits.

Skinner R. W. clk; bds 306 N. Court.

Skogland John, lab; r cor 8th and 6th av.

Sloggett Wm. mason; r Blaisdell, w of fair ground.

Smith A. B. carp; bds 305 S. Church; w s.

SMITH ABRAHAM E. Residence 711 N. Court st.; born April 6, 1800 in Royston, England; in 1850, in company with his widowed mother and younger brother, emigrated to this country, and settled at Quincy, Ill.; in 1854, removed to Chicago; in 1858 removed to Woodstock, McHenry Co., Ill., and, with his brother, purchased the Woodstock *Sentinel*; in 1861 was appointed, by President Lincoln, Postmaster at Woodstock, and served five years, till Andrew Johnson apostatized; that year he sold the *Sentinel* and removed to Indianapolis, conducting the *Daily Evening Gazette* for 9 months; disposing of that, he then, in March, 1867, removed to Rockford, and, with his brother, purchased a controlling interest in the Rockford *Register*; in July, of the same year, disposed of the *Register*, and in the following month, with Wm. E., purchased the Rockford *Gazette*; in 1869 he bought out his brother's interest, and has since been sole proprietor of that handsomely appointed newspaper establishment; in February, 1875, was appointed, by President Grant, Postmaster of Rockford, which position he still holds; in 1869, married Frankie J. Rice, at Beloit, Wis., a native of Waverly, New York; has three children, Abraham Phillip, Lillian Rice, and Sydney William.

SMITH ADELBERT, Clerk for F. K. & W. H. Dunshee; resides at 606 George st.; born in Owen Tp., this Co., July 29, 1853; he is a son of John and Jerusha Smith, who settled in Owen Tp. over twenty years ago.

Smith A. J. grocery and provisions, 419 W. State; r 708 N. Church.

Smith A. M. blacksmith; r 1211 Second av.

Smith Benj. mason; room Wallach's block.

Smith Charles, emp Holland House.

Smith Chas. harness maker, 505 W. State; r 507 Elm.

Smith C. M. clothier; r 613 E. State.

Smith Danl. B. paper mkr; r 1005 River; s s.

SMITH COL. FLIPHAZ, Manufacturer of E. D. Waterbury's Patent Combined Extension Rule; Office and Factory in Emerson & Co.'s building, Water Power; residence 507 Loomis st., South Side;

born in Greenfield, Ulster Co., N. Y., Oct. 8, 1841; enlisted Sept. 17, 1861, in Co. K, 56th N. Y. V. I.; promoted to Second Lieutenant, Oct. 10, 1861; to Captain, June 10, 1862; to Major, Feb. 15, 1864, and to Lieutenant Colonel, Sept. 29, 1865; married Sara Emma Barnes, Jan. 22, 1866; they have four children: Cora E., born Sept. 7, 1867; Willie B., March 29, 1870; Myron W., Oct. 27, 1871, and Fred E., March 29, 1873; the Colonel came to Rockford in July, 1866; engaged in mercantile business until Sept., 1876, when he sold out, and in Nov., 1876, engaged in manufacturing-business, which he is now carrying on; represented the Fifth Ward in Common Council from 1875 to 1877; he is now member of the Board of Education.

Smith Elka, harness maker; r 507 Elm; w s.

Smith E. S. livery, cor S. Court and Elm; r 1020 W. State.

SMITH FRANK G. Dealer in Leather, Sadlery, Hardware, Buffalo Robes, Horse Blankets, Fly Nets, Collars, Brushes, and Manufacturer of every variety of Harness; cash paid for Hides, Pelts and Tallow; Store, No. 306 E. State st.; boards at 208 S. Main st., East Side; born in Kenosha, Wis., Jan. 8, 1847; came to Rockford in 1861.

Smith Frank L. baker, 315 E. State.

Smith Geo. r over 330 E. State.

Smith G. D. ins agt; r S. Tenth, cor Tenth av.

SMITH GEORGE M. Dealer in Dry Goods and Furs, 305 W. State st.; residence 430 N. Main st.; born in Pike, N. Y., Nov. 1, 1832; came to Rockford, Aug. 6, 1854; married Calista J. Bronson, Oct. 24, 1855; she was born in Warsaw, N. Y., Dec. 2, 1836; they have three sons and three daughters; Mr. Smith is a member of the Board of Supervisors, elected from the 4th Ward.

Smith G. H. mechanic; r 1110 S. Court; s s.

Smith Herbert C. r 306 S. Winnebago.

Smith Herbert, r A. F. Phillips.

Smith Henry, harness mkr; r 120 N. Main; e s.

Smith H. T. stone mason; r 809 Ferguson; s s.

Smith J. stone mason; bds 502 S. Main; w s.

Smith John C. cooper; bds C. Henry.

Smith John D. bds City Hotel.

Smith J. D. employe E., T. & Co; r 1103 S. Winnebago; s s.

Smith John, r 906 N. Second; e s.

Smith John, Jr., r 606 George; e s.

Smith J. H. tailor; r 301 S. Avon.

Smith Jos. employe J. Schmauss; bds 211 N. Main; w s.

Smith Joseph S. r 613 E. State.

Smith L. K. harness maker; r 507 Elm; w s.

Smith N. S. salesman; r 904 Cedar.

Smith Patrick, lab; r n e Pecatonica.

Smith R. C. printer, *Gazette*; bds 521 W. State.

Smith Robt. well digger; r 801 Rockton av.

Smith R. G. hats and caps, 120 W. State; r 601 N. Second.

Smith Robert, r 603 N. Second; e s.

Smith S. W. watchmaker; r rear 408 S. Main; e s.

Smith Stephen, lab; r 205 S. Water; e s.

Smith Thomas, brewer; r 110 S. Main; e s.

Smith Walter, r 402 S. Fifth; e s.

Smith Wm. H. r over 320 E. State.

Smith Wm. H. messenger Second Nat Bank; r 713 S. Winnebago; s s.

Smith Rev. Wilder, pastor First Congregational Church; r 1212 E. State.

Smith Wm. carp; r 911 First av; e s.

Snell Alander, painter; r 1008 S. Third; e s.

Snell Andrew, lab; r 501 Pope.

Snow J. M. r 204 N. First; e s.

Snyder W. D. moulder; r over 111 S. First; e s.

Sodergreen Chas. mechanic; r 602 Kishwaukee; e s.

Sonstrom P. cabinetmkr; r 1101 3d av; e s.

Soper H. B. notions; r 703 E. State.

Soper W. F. emp watch fact; r 305 S. 1st; e s.

SOUTHGATE J. M. Of the firm of Southgate Bros., Grocers, 427 E. State st.; resides at 608 Grove st.; born in Bridgewater, Vt., July 10, 1837; came to Rockford in 1852; married C. J. Shaw, Sept. 10, 1862; she was born in Michigan; have two children; Mr. and Mrs. S. are members of the First Congregational church; Mr. S. served three months in Co. D, 11th I. V. I.; enlisted in 1861, when the first call for troops was made.

Southgate V. M. grocer; r 1016 E. State.

Southworth Frank M. r 302 N. Third; e s.

Southworth S. B. r 302 N. Third; e s.

Sovereign C. E. salesman; r 112 N. Winnebago; w s.

SOVEREIGN ISRAEL, Dealer in Stoves and Hardware, 118 S. Main st.; residence 116 S. Main st.; born in Canada, Nov. 6, 1827; came to Rockford in 1840, and has resided here since that time; was engaged in farming pursuits until 23 years of age; in 1857 he purchased a third interest in the Hardware business of the firm of Day & Breasted; in one year Day retired from the firm, and the business was continued by Breasted & Sovereign two years longer, when Mr. Sovereign became the sole proprietor of the business, which he has continued alone, with the exception of a period of five years, two years of which he was associated with Alfred Lunders, and three years with Edgar A. Van Wie; Mr. S. was for several years a member of the Board of Education; he was for 14 years Superintendent of the South Rockford Methodist Sunday School, and through his efforts the money was raised

and the S. Rockford M. E. church was built and placed on a good financial basis; he married Laura A. Judd, Jan. 15, 1851; she was born in Ohio, March 11, 1831; have three children; C. Eugene, born Sept. 22, 1852; Frederick Jerome, Nov. 1, 1854; Alice Maud, Sept. 25, 1871.

Sovereign F. J. bkpr; r 116 S. Main; w. s.

SPAFFORD A. C. President of the Third National Bank, 323 E. State st.; residence on Prospect st., near city limits; born at Adams, Jefferson Co., N. Y., Sept. 14, 1824; came to Rockford in Oct., 1839; was engaged in farming pursuits until 1848, when he went to N. Y. and spent one year, then returned and engaged in the mercantile business, and built a saw mill on the old Water Power; he went to California in 1850, where he remained two years, when he returned to Rockford and again engaged in mercantile trade with L. B. Gregory, and continued in that business for about two years, when he engaged in Banking, the firm being at that time, Brigga, Spafford & Penfield; he has continued in Banking business ever since; became President of the Third National Bank at the time of organization, Sept. 1, 1864; has held various township and municipal offices; was one of the Illinois State Commissioners at the Centennial; married Elizabeth B. White, March 25, 1850; she was born in Peterboro, N. H.; have four children, Belle, L. Nettie, Jessie and George C.

Spafford C. C. r 209 First; e s.

Spafford Chas. H. r 206 S. Main; e s.

Spafford C. H., jr., r 206 S. Main; e s.

SPAFFORD JNO. Lumber Dealer, 201 N. Main st.; residence 205 East st., East Side; born in Adams, Jefferson Co., N. Y., Nov. 26, 1821; came to Rockford, June 1, 1839; was for two years engaged in improving the water power at New Milford, this Co.; two years engaged in farming and mercantile business; July 26, 1848, he married Harriet White; five years thereafter he was engaged in farming on what is known as the Grove farm, south of Rockford; in 1849 he engaged in the grocery trade in E. Rockford; continued in that business until 1856, when he became General Agent of the Kenosha railroad, and was engaged with that company about four years; built a large grain warehouse in 1860, and the large Wire Works block on N. Main st., both in East Rockford; from 1859 to 1872, was engaged in the Grain business, and has been in the Lumber trade since 1865; was Alderman six years; is a member of the First Congregational society; was for about ten years one of the Trustees of the society; his wife is a member of the First Congregational church; has three children, A. Katie, Alice E., and Jennie, now Mrs. Philip Holland; Mr. S. is senior member

of the firm of Spafford, Parmele & Co., Manufacturers of Wire Goods.

Spalding E. C. watchmkr; r 507 E. Seminary.

Spalding H. R. machinist; r 507 E. Seminary; e s.

Spalding A. G. r 302 Horsman.

Spaulding A. C. carp; r 707 Pecatonica.

Spaulding B. F. notions; r 602 George, cor Winnebago.

Spaulding Dexter D. marble cutter; r 602 George; w s.

Spaulding D. G. r 122 N. Court; w s.

Spaulding G. H. machinist; r 812 Rock; s s.

Spaulding O. F. notions; r 602 George, cor Winnebago.

Spear Jas. R. barber; r 806 Crosby; e s.

Speake G. W. music; r 917 N. Court; w s.

Spellman F. W. watchmkr; r 304 Horsman.

Spellman H. A. r 304 Horsman.

Spellman M. J. bolt shop; r 806 South; s s.

Spencer D. W. milkman; r Lincoln av.

Spencer H. plunder store, 205 W. State; r same.

Spencer —, r 1008 Mulberry; w s.

Spink Robt. S. r 207 S. Third; e s.

Sprague C. W. clk; bds 505 Peach.

Spitts Jno. tailor, room over 328 E. State.

Springer I. W. wind mills; r 504 S. Second.

Spurr Rufus, over 310 E. State.

Stanbro I. flour and feed, N. Main; e s; r same.

Stanley A. G. patternmkr; r 1006 S. West; s s.

Stanley G. H. trav agt; r 1006 S. West; s s.

Stanley S. W. coal 503 S. Main; r 302 S. Church.

Staplin Geo. W. ins agt; r 1201 S. Court; s s.

Staplin W. D. ins agt; r 405 S. Fourth.

Starks Ezekiel, r S. Eleventh, W. A.

Starkweather E. S. ins agt; r 1209 Second av.

Starr Chandler, assistant cashier Winnebago National Bank; r 508 N. Main; w s.

Starr David, bds 503 N. Main; w s.

STARR HARRY N. Proprietor Holland House; born in New York City, Aug. 12, 1840; came to Rockford in 1850; married Emma Stuart, July, 1861; she was born in Argyle, Washington Co., N. Y.; they have two children, Laura L. and Mabel; Mr. Starr was engaged in mercantile business here from 1858 to 1868; Sept. 1, 1868, he became Proprietor of the Holland House, and has conducted it ever since, having purchased the house in 1874; he was Supervisor of the Third Ward in 1876 and 1877; he is Second Lieutenant of the Rockford Rifles, Third Regt. Illinois State Guards.

STARR MELANCTHON. Vice President Winnebago National Bank; residence 503 N. Main; w s.

Startup W. T. blacksmith; r 708 George; w s.

Stearns L. A. mason; r 802 Second av.

Stearns L. E. mason; r 802 Second av; e s.
 Stearns Lloyd, r 810 Horsman.
 Stearns W.S.knitting factory Masonic Block;
 r 814 Horsman; w s.
 Steele C. W. painter; r 1509 Fourth av; e s.
 Steel George, lab; r 1415 Charles; e s.
 Steenberg C. G. r s Park; e s.
 Steenberg D. P. painter; r 702 N. Main; e s.
 Steffa S. painter; room 413 S. Court; w s.
 Stenander Peter, lab; r 134 S. Water; e s.
 Stenball John A. r Seminary, s R. R.
 Stennett J. cabinet maker; r 405 S. 3d; e s.
 Stephen W. A. mason; r 1310 S. Court; s s.
 Stern H. clothing 313 W. State; r 210 N.
 Church; w s.
 Stern Sam, clothier cor Main and W. State;
 r 213 N. Church; w s.
 Stevens Anthony, watchmaker; r 803 1st; e s.
 Stevens C. J. ins agt; r 605 N. Court; w s.
 Stevens J. J. woodturner; r 609 S. 7th; e s.
 Stewart D. J., Jr., salesman; r 305 Horsman.
 Stibb John, r 305 Kishwaukee.
 Stillwell H. H. clk; r 206 N. Church; w s.
 Stiner C.J.A.stonecutter;bds 402 S.Main; w s.
 Stites Geo. carp; r 1212 Third av; e s.
 Stites Joshua, carp; r 1212 Third av; e s.
 Stocking Rev. S. H. r 515 N. Church; w s.
 Stockhus C. A. blacksmith; r 702 S. Third.
 Stockhus J.G.blacksmith; bds 702 S. 3d; e s.
 Stone H. H. tannery; r out of town.
 Stone Michael, lab; r Lincoln av.
 Stoner B. F. patternmaker; r 601 Third; e s.
 Story A. J. ins agt; r 1106 S. Main; s s.
 Stothard W. tailor; r Ninth cor Fifth av; e s.
 Stothard W. N. r Ninth cor Fifth av; e s.
 Strachan Alex. trav. agt; r 1405 S. West; s s.
 Stroh Charles, r 1310 Charles.
 Stromberg Abraham, emp C. C. Briggs.
 Stromberg G. A. r Seminary, s R. R.
 Stromberg John, r Seminary, s R. R.
 Stromberg John S. r stone row opp Chick
 & Cox's Mill.
 Strong David E. lab; r 507 S. Pleasant.
 Strong Charles, stone cutter; r 1112 W. State.
 Stuart S. S. salesman; r 403 Kishwaukee.
 Stuart Wm. constable; r 723 N. Main; w s.
 Stuckhus J. P. blacksmith; r 609 S. 7th; e s.
 Sturtevant Z. B. miller; r 610 E. State.
 Sullivan D.J.wagonmkr;bds 502 S.Main; w s
 Sullivan P. J. fireman R.R.; r 1001 South.
 Sully Thos. chief marshal; r 407 N. First.
 Sully Chas. F. salesman; r 407 N. First.
 Summerfield L. M. clothier; bds Holland
 House.
 Sumner C. Eugene, r 709 Second av.

SUMNER E. B. Attorney and Coun-
 sellor at Law, 407 W. State st.; residence
 516 N. Church st.; born in Pecatonica,
 this Co., Nov. 14, 1850: he is a graduate
 of the West Rockford High School, class
 of 1866; in 1867 he entered the University
 of Michigan, graduated from Literary De-
 partment, class of 1871; graduated from
 the Law Department of the same college,
 class of 1873; admitted to the bar at De-
 troit, Mich., in 1873; admitted to the bar
 of this State, at Mount Vernon, in June,
 1873; he is one of the most promising
 members of the bar of Rockford.

SUMNER HON. EPHRAIM,
 Capitalist; residence 516 N. Church;
 West Side; born in Winhall, Vt., Feb. 9,
 1808; in 1810 his parents moved to Darien,
 Genesee Co., N. Y., where they remained
 until 1821, when they moved to Mass.; in
 1835 Mr. Sumner came to what is now
 Pecatonica, Winnebago Co., where he was
 engaged in farming and milling business
 quite extensively for a great many years;
 is still interested in flouring mills there,
 and is the owner of large tracts of land in
 this Co.; was Justice of the Peace from
 the organization of the Co. for a great
 many years; Post-master several years;
 was first Assessor, Road Commissioner,
 Supervisor, etc.; represented this District
 in Twenty-sixth General Assembly; mar-
 ried Betsey Blake, May 4, 1847; she was
 born in Maine, in 1813; they have two
 children, Edward B. and Annie (now Mrs.
 James B. Lane).

Sumner Thos. r 709 Second av; e s.
 Sumner W. A. moulder; r 709 2d av; e s.
 Sundsleht Aug. machinist; r 1306 Third av.
 Sundquist J. cabinetmkr; r 610 S. 6th; e s.
 Sutton A. woodturner; r Knowlton, cor S.
 Court.
 Swab E. r 302 S. Main; w s.
 Swab J. J. bds 302 S. Main; w s.
 Swain Chas F. r 912 S. Court; s s.
 Swain Chas. P. r 912 S. Court; s s.
 Swain Samuel, cabinetmaker; r 402 S. Main.
 Swan Aug. r n s Park; e s.
 Swan P. G. r Seminary, s R. R.
 Swanberg John, r A Bowman, Park; e s.
 Swanson A. mechanic; r s end S. Eighth.
 Swanson Andrew, r 124 N. First; e s.
 Swanson John, tailor; r 801 Rural; e s.
 Swanson John, r 807 Bluff; e s.
 Swanson Peter, carp; r 608 S. Sixth; e s.
 Swanson S. lab; r s end Kishwaukee; e s.
 Swarthout R. B. painter; r 303 N. 4th; e s.
 Swamstrom C.G. mechanic; r n s Park; e s.
 Sweeney J. emp Forbes; r 1010 S. Main; s s.
 Swenson Louis, lab; r 505 E. Seminary; e s.
 Sweezey A. J. r Guilford.

Swits I. H. grocer; r 906 Seminary.

Swits W. J. grocer; r 305 S. Second.

Swits Wm. A. r 906 Seminary; e s.

Sykes O. E. flour and feed, 423 W. State; r 507 Chestnut; w s.

TAGGART ALFRED, attorney; r N. West, nr Napoleon; w s.

Talcott Wm. A. secy and treas Emerson, Talcott & Co.; r 408 N. Main; w s.

TALCOTT HON. WAIT, Whose portrait we give in this work, was born at Hebron, Conn., Oct. 17, 1807, removing to Rome, N. Y., in 1810, where he remained till his 19th year. After a few years in a store at Booneville, N. Y., he engaged in mercantile business in Utica till 1830. He then removed to the village of Horseheads, Chemung Co., where, on Feb. 5, 1834, he married Elizabeth Anna, daughter of Dr. Ariel Norton, of Vernon, Oneida County.

In the fall of 1838 he left New York for Illinois, reaching Rockton, Winnebago Co., on Oct. 12, after a trip of six weeks' duration, made with his wife and child (now Mrs. Ralph Emerson) in an emigrant wagon.

Mr. Talcott soon united with the Congregational church of Rockton, which had been organized a few months before chiefly through the instrumentality of his father, William Talcott, now deceased, and at once identified himself actively with the religious, educational, political and industrial interests of the new community.

He was one of the original incorporators of Beloit College and of Rockford Female Seminary, and has been a member of the Board of Trustees of the College from the date of its organization.

As early as January, 1844, he introduced into the church of which he was an active member, a series of strong anti-slavery resolutions; and in the election of that year, his was one of the seven votes in this county for James G. Birney, the Liberty party candidate. The principles which he then supported under the ban of overwhelming public opposition have since become the settled policy of the nation. He was the candidate of the Liberty party for Congress, when scarcely 500 votes could be polled in support of its principles. In the autumn of 1854 he was unanimously nominated to the State Senatorship from this district, representing the counties of Winnebago, Carroll, Boone and Ogle, and was elected by a handsome majority, serving the term of four years with credit to himself and satisfaction to his constituents.

Mr. Talcott may well be said to be a pioneer in the manufacturing business of Rockford, which has now grown to such importance.

In the spring of 1854, he, with his brother Sylvester, formed a partnership with John H. Manny, the inventor, and commenced the manufacture of the celebrated John H. Manny Combined Reaper and Mower, at Rockford. The firm manufactured that year 1,100 implements. In the autumn of that year the firm was enlarged by the addition of Ralph Emerson and Jesse Blinn; and, with increased capital, in the season of 1855, they made 2,300 machines; in 1856, 3,800; and in 1857, 5,000.

To the enterprise thus early started, may now be attributed much of the present prosperity of Rockford, and the fact that it is to-day the chief manufacturing city in Illinois.

Ever since the inception of this enterprise, Mr. Talcott has been associated with the manufacturing interests of Rockford, as has also Ralph Emerson, the senior member of the firm of Emerson, Talcott & Co., which is the direct outgrowth of the original firm, established in 1854, through Mr. Talcott's agency. Since 1860, Mr. Talcott's oldest son, William A. Talcott, has also been an active member of the firm.

To this firm was due the successful conduct of the great patent case originating in Cyrus H. McCormick's celebrated suit against them under charge of infringement and resulting in opening the construction of reapers to the manufacturing public. The conduct of this case cost the defendants over \$75,000, and enlisted in their behalf some of the ablest legal talent in the nation. Among their counsel were Abraham Lincoln, Edwin M. Stanton and Peter H. Watson, who first met personally in the defense of this suit, and afterwards formed the celebrated triumvirate who, as President, Secretary of War, and Assistant Secretary of War, played so conspicuous a part in subduing the great rebellion and preserving the nation. The firm paid Mr. Lincoln a retaining fee of \$1,000, which Mr. Lincoln afterwards said was the money that enabled him to stump the state of Illinois against Stephen A. Douglas, and thus introduced him to the nation at large and gave him the Presidency.

In after years, and during the dark hours of the rebellion, President Lincoln often spoke of this lawsuit as being the means of bringing to his notice the two men who so ably assisted in that trial and who afterwards so bravely held up his hands during the war.

After the passage of the Internal Revenue Act, Mr. Talcott was appointed by President Lincoln, Collector of Internal Revenue for his Congressional District—the Second Illinois. The President sent him notice of his intention to appoint him in the following personal note:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, }
WASHINGTON, Aug. 27, 1862. }

HON. WAIT TALCOTT:

My Dear Sir—I have determined to appoint you Collector. I now have a very special request to make of you, which is that you will make no war upon Mr. Washburne, who is also my friend, of longer standing than yourself. I shall even be obliged if you can do something for him if occasion presents.

Yours truly,

A. LINCOLN.

The office thus conferred, he held some five years. This note, indited in his kindness of heart by Mr. Lincoln, and in opposition to the request of several Congressmen who were clamorous for the appointment of favorites, shows in what esteem and in what kindly feeling Mr. Talcott was held by the martyred President.

Mr. Talcott was in Washington just after the assassination of President Lincoln, and having been selected by the citizens of Illinois then in Washington, attended the funeral services as one of the mourners, to represent the State of Illinois.

At the breaking out of the rebellion, Mr. Talcott was past the age fixed by law for military duty; but when Congress passed the law authorizing citizens to employ a substitute, to be designated by their name, he paid a large bounty to Charles H. Redington, a veteran, who represented him. A certificate from the government for this representative service in the war, signed by General James B. Fry, is in his possession.

On the 7th of August, 1873, Mr. Talcott was called to part with his life-long companion, Mrs. Elizabeth Anna Talcott, whose death was mourned by a wide circle of friends and whose memory is still precious to all who knew her, and especially to the poor and the sick, whom her sympathy and charity so constantly cheered and blessed.

Although far advanced in life, having just passed the three score years and ten allotted to man, Mr. Talcott, now the President of the Winnebago County Early Settlers' Society, is hale and hearty, and does not abate his wonted activity in business life. Up early and late, he continues to look after many of the details and intricacies of the business matters incident to the wide spread interests of Emerson, Talcott & Co., with which firm he still retains a business connection. Nor does he relax in any degree the acts and duties of the good citizen in the social, civil, and religious relations of life.

To such men is Winnebago County greatly indebted for the development of its physical resources, its social relations, its church and educational advantages. The marks of such early pioneers are

seen in all its rapid growth and present prosperity.

Tambling W. H. carp; r S. Avon, cor Cedar.

Tanner Jas. D. r 504 E. Seminary; e s.

Tanner S. W. horse collar mfg, under Rockford Nat'l Bank; r 504 E. Seminary; e s.

Tanner Wm. J. r 504 E. Seminary.

Taylor A. W. carp; bds Forest City Hotel.

Taylor E. I. trav agt; r North, cor Horsman.

TAYLOR HORACE W. Attorney and Master in Chancery; office over Rockford Nat'l Bank; residence 535 N. Church; West Side; born in Granby, Hampshire Co., Mass., Feb. 1, 1823; came to Rockford, in Nov., 1857; married Ama A. Robinson, of Enfield, Mass.; they have three children, Agnes, Willard R. and Ama S.; Mr. Taylor has served as Master in Chancery over seven years in this place.

Taylor J. A. printer; bds 1202 S. Main; w s.

Taylor Jas. machinist; r 1012 Rock; s s.

Taylor M. A. watchmkr; bds 107 N. 1st; e s.

Taylor R. J. machinist; r 1012 Rock; s s.

Taylor Robt. blksmith; r 1012 Rock; s s.

Teachout F. emp W. T. Crook; r 609 5th av.

Teague Geo. printer; r over 818 E. State.

Teague Wm. carp; r over 818 E. State.

Tebbetts A. A. architect; r 621 N. Main; w s.

TEBBETTS HIRAM W. Physician and Surgeon; office over N. C. Thompson's Bank, 329 E. State st.; residence 303 Market st., bet. N. First and N. Second, East Side; born in Carroll Parish, La., Dec. 22, 1845; came to Rockford in April, 1876; educated at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H.; graduate of Dartmouth Medical College, Hanover N. H., class of 1866; married Lucy J. Morrill, daughter of Elisha Morrill, Oct. 20, 1875; she was from Marion Tp., Ogle Co., Ill.

Teeple C. G. bkpr Chick & Cox; r 409 N. 1st.

Terry F. W. watchmaker; r 104 North; w s.

Terry George S. r 104 North.

Terry J. W. mchts' police; r 104 North; w s.

Tetlow Joshua H. r John W. Tetlow.

Tetlow J. W. emp at depot; r 507 Pleasant.

Tewksbury A. watchmaker; bds 209 N. First

Tewksbury I. A. watchmkr; r 408 S. Main; e s.

Thayer Geo. r 303 S. Winnebago; w s.

Thayer John, r 401 N. West.

THAYER J. Of the firm of Springer, Thayer & Co., manufacturers of IXL Windmills, and dealers in Iron and Wood Pumps, cor. State and Water sts.; residence 302 S. Court, South Side; Mr. Thayer was born in Salem, Mass., May 31, 1817; came to Rockford in Aug., 1858; married Maria Rosegrant, Jan. 10, 1837; she was born at Lodi, Seneca Co., N. Y., Feb. 26, 1819; they have five daughters.

Thayer R. B. machinist; r 1002 S. Church; s s.

Thayer W. T. tack factory; r 606 N. Winnebago.

Thiers W. C. clk Am Ex Co; bds Holland House.

Thomas E. A. carp; r S. Tenth, bet Tenth and Eleventh avs; W. A.

Thomas E. G. clk; bds 708 N. Court; w s.

Thomas E. P. bkpr; r 618 N. Church.

Thomas M. D. soap mkr; r 608 S. Fifth; e s.

Thompson A. blacksmith; r 208 N. Second.

Thompson A. J. engineer; r S. Third.

Thompson E. H. mechanic; r 1107 S. West.

Thompson G. W. r 507 N. Main; w s.

Thompson H. wood sawer; r over 328 E. State.

Thompson James B. bds 111 S. Third; e s.

Thompson Jonas, r 405 S. Main; e s.

THOMPSON N. C. Manufacturer of Gorham Sulky and Walking Cultivators, Gang, Sulky and Stirring Plows, Sulky Attachments for Plows, Corn Stalk Cutters, Rolling Coulters, Grain Binders, etc., 329 E. State st.; water power, 642 S. Main: residence 507 N. Main, West Side.

Thompson N. F. r 507 N. Main; w s.

Thompson N. T. tailor; r 405 S. Main; e s.

Thompson P. R. conductor; r 207 S. West.

Thompson Thos. employe rule factory; bds 711 Mulberry.

Thompson F. A. moulder; r 1208 S. West.

Thompson J. mechanic; r 508 Kishwaukee.

THORESON JOHN, Manufacturer of Wagons, Carriages, Buggies and Sleighs; all kinds of repairing and carriage painting to order, 320 and 322 S. Main st.; residence 322 S. Main; born in Christiana, Norway, April 16, 1820; came to Chicago in 1853; removed to Rockford in 1855; Mr. Thoreson commenced working at carriage making in 1835, while in Europe, and has continued in the same business ever since; married Martha Olson, Dec. 18, 1848; she was born in same place as Mr. T.; they have two children living: Thomas, born March 6, 1850, and Matilda J., Sept. 5, 1861; they have lost five sons.

Thoreson T. carriage painter; r 606 Pleasant.

Thurston J. painter; r 404 Kishwaukee; e s.

THURSTON J. H. Buyer of fine grades of Butter, highest market price paid at all times, 303 E. State st.; residence 207 S. Main, East Side; storage (temperature 58 degrees) without charge for those who may desire to hold for any expected market advance.

Thurston J. W. tinsmith; r 506 N. Second.

Ticknor D. W. auctioneer, 120 S. Main; r 708 N. Court.

Ticknor J. S. agt Am Ex Co, 208 S. Main, under Holland House; r 608 N. Court; w s.

Ticknor L. W. with D. W. Ticknor; r over 120 S. Main; w s.

Tierney Michael, lab; r 1303 Second av.

Tierney Michael, r 1108 River; s s.

Tierney Peter, lab; r 1108 River; s s.

Tierney John, painter; r 1108 River; s s.

Tierney Wm. bartender; bds 1108 River; s s.

Tichman H. emp Forbes; r 902 Rock; s s.

TILDEN J. R. Carpenter and Contractor, 1305 S. West st.; born in Boston, Mass.; came to Rockford in 1860; married Ellen Snow; she was born in Pomfret, Vt.

Tilden Wm. H. carp; r 1305 S. West; s s.

Timmins John, r 724 N. First; e s.

Timmins Thomas, r 724 N. First; e s.

TINKER HON. ROBERT H. Capitalist; r S. Main st.; born in Honolulu, Sandwich Islands, Dec. 31, 1836; came to Rockford in Aug., 1856; married Mrs. John H. Manny, April 24, 1870; she was born at Hoosac Falls, N. Y.; Mr. Tinker is President of Chicago, Rockford & Northern Railway Co.; in 1875 and 1876, he was Mayor of Rockford; he is one of the Directors of the Water Power Co., Director of the Rockford Bolt Works, Secretary and Treasurer of the McPherson Steam Vacuum Pump Co., Treasurer Rockford Brush Co., and largely interested in other enterprises.

Tisdale E. L. mechanic; r 708 Wall; s s.

Titus John, cooper; r 608 N. First; e s.

Titus S. emp T. Scott; r 710 N. Main; e s.

Tobin J. E. watchmaker; bds 107 N. 1st; e s.

Toffelmire Wm. hack driver A. VanInwagen.

Tolmie D. stonecutter; bds White's Hotel.

Tompkins John, r 606 S. Fourth; e s.

Toner C. gardener; r 829 N. Main; w s.

Tool A. lab; r Corbin bet Blake and Kent; s s.

Tool J. lab; r Corbin bet Blake and Kent; s s.

TOWER CALEB E. With Orlando Clark Manufacturing Heating Apparatus, etc.; residence 526 N. Church st.; born in Edwardsville, Madison Co., Ill., Nov. 13, 1841; he, with his mother and two sisters, removed to Rockford when he was fourteen years of age; he has worked at machinists' business since he was fifteen years of age; was with Clark & Utter 21 years; was foreman of their works 10 years; he married Nellie H. Dunn, Oct. 4, 1868; she was born in N. Y. State, Sept. 20, 1839; Mrs. Tower is a member of the Christian Union Church.

Towle C. H. painter; bds City Hotel.

Towne J. watchmaker; bds 107 N. 1st; e s.

Towner Joseph H. carp; r 708 W. State.

Townsend C. C. clk; r 702 N. Winnebago; w s.

Tracy T. M. emp G. Bradley; r Lee cor School.

Tracy Timothy, r Lee.

Treadwell G. Frank, machinist; r 205 N. 3d.

Trahern Delbert, r Kent cor S. Court.

TRAHERN FRANK B. Superintendent of W. D. Trahern's Iron and Pump Works; residence 308 Kent st.; born in Fredericktown, Ohio, Feb. 6, 1829; came to Rockford in Jan., 1848; he has worked at machinists' business since he was 19 years of age; married Martha Reader, Nov. 4, 1854; she was born in N. Y. State, in 1832; they have two children, Delbert E. and Harvey R.; Mrs. Trahern is a member of the First Baptist Church.

Trahern Oscar, r 910 S. Winnebago; s s.

TRAHERN W. D. Proprietor of the Rockford Metal Pump Works; residence 910 S. Winnebago; South Side; manufactures Force, Suction and Lift, Engine, Wind Mill and Cistern Pumps; Mr. T. also manufactures Horse Powers; general iron jobbing work done; send for illustrated catalogue, with prices, discounts, etc., to the trade; address W. D. Trahern, Rockford, Ill.

Traner Peter, mechanic; r 503 S. First; e s.

Traphagen W. J. r 811 S. Winnebago; s s.

TRAPHAGEN WM. H. Pattern Maker and Experimental Machinist for Emerson & Co.; residence 1001 Ferguson st.; born in N. Y. City, Sept. 26, 1838; came to Sparta, Wis., in 1857; lived there two years; then removed to Jefferson City, Mo., where he was engaged 1 year on the State House, interior carpenter work; he returned to N. Y. City, in 1860, where he remained until the fall of 1861, when he came to Rockford; carried on carpenter work here for a few years; in 1872, he began work for Emerson & Co., and has been with them ever since; married Rachel Ann Price, Sept. 26, 1861; she was born in Germantown, Columbia Co., N. Y., Feb. 22, 1838; they have three sons, Willie P., Frank E., and Harry V. V.; Mr. and Mrs. Traphagen are members of the Winnebago Street M. E. Church.

Treat S. W. loan agt 401 E. State; r 502 E. Seminary.

Trenholm Alex. r 706 Kishwaukee; e s.

Trickey Wm. lab; r 108 N. Fifth; e s.

Trigg R. marble works; r 610 Longwood; e s.

Tripp Tomkins, r 1005 E. State.

Tripp W. A. mechanic; r 506 Knowlton; s s.

Trott Wm. M. collector, r S. Winnebago near Cunningham.

Troxell Geo. r 609 N. Second; e s.

TROWBRIDGE L. A. Assistant Cashier Third National Bank; residence 802 Rock st., opp East Side Park; born in Danbury, Conn., April 19, 1847; came to Rockford in March, 1861; he has been connected with the Third National Bank 13 years; for 3 years previous to his connection with the Bank he was in the bookstore of J. B. Howell, East Side.

Trowbridge M. T. r 302 Rock; opp Park.

Truesbury A. blacksmith; r 129 S. Water; es.

Truesdell Byron, lab; r 107 S. Avon.

Truesdell Frank, lab; r 807 Mulberry.

Truesdell W. H. painter; r 905 Ferguson; s s.

TRUFANT GEORGE H. Cashier Peoples Savings Bank; residence over 118 S. Main st., West Side; born in Lynn, Mass., Feb. 28, 1841; came to Rockford in Sept., 1855; married Emma L. Faulkner; she was born in England; they have one daughter, Della, born April 17, 1861; Mr. Trufant served 2 years and 8 months in Subsistence Department, at Chattanooga, during the war; from 1866 to 1874, he was connected with American and Merchants Union Express Companies, in Rockford; for some time previous he was with his father in the boot and shoe business here; he was City Treasurer in 1876.

Trufant S. eng; r 1110 Montague; s s.

Trumbull Walter, carp; r 801 E. State.

Truman Orson, r 509 Walnut; e s.

Truman Wm. blacksmith 107 Kishwaukee.

Tucker C. S. milkman; r 210 Davis; e s.

Tucker H. milkman; r 7th house n bridge, N. 2d

Tucker H. L., mechanic; r s 8th cor 11th av.

Tucker R. emp gas works; r 822 Rural; e s.

Tucker Mrs. Mary A. r 811 Benton; e s.

Tucker W. emp gas works; r st n cemetery; e s.

Tupper Frank, r Rock, cor N. Second; e s.

Tupper H. L. attorney at law; 211 W. State; r 401 N. Second.

Turison Louis, r 510 S. First; e s.

TURKENKOPH DAVID, Proprietor Centennial Clothing House 123 W. State st.; the latest and best grades of Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps and Trunks always on hand, and will be sold at bottom prices; born in Easton, Pa., Aug. 12, 1853; came to Rockford in June, 1871.

Turneure Peter R. r Chestnut near S. West.

Turner Jos. E. r 807 Rockton av.

Tuttle Sam. express; r 118 N. First; e s.

Two Thos. lab; r 118 S. Water; e s.

Twiss G. W. florist and seeds; r 706 S. 4th.

Tyan Mich. lab; r 309 S. Fifth; e s.

Tynan Ed. lab; r 1014 N. Second; e s.

UBBING F. shoemaker; r 503 N. Third; e s.

Ufford Alfred, r 610 N. Second; e s.

Ulrici D. bookbind *Register*; r 1008 Mulberry.

Ulrici H. bookbind *Register*; r 1008 Mulberry.

Updick G. at H. G. Allen & Co.; r S. Main; s s.

Upson L. D. furniture mfr; r 423 N. Main; w s.

UPTON CHAS. O. Proprietor Meat Market, 311 W. State st., and member of the firm of Upton & Crill, dealers in Live Stock; yard at Galena depot; Mr. Upton resides at 712 N. Court st.; he was born in

Reading, Mass., Sept. 17, 1832; came to Rockford in 1854; married Lizzie C. Raynor, March 26, 1855; she was born in Reading, Mass.; have three children living, Flora, Clyde Warren, and Lucy Josephine; lost one daughter, Nellie Raynor; Mr. Upton was Alderman of the Fourth Ward two terms, of two years each; was one of the Committee that built the Holly Water Works here; is one of the Directors of the Second National Bank.

Urquhart D.G. blacksmith; r 701 Rockton av.

Utter C. M. paper mill; r over 120 W. State.

Utter F. at Utter mfg Co; r 211 S. Winnebago.

Utter H. B. secretary and treasurer Utter Manufacturing Co.; r 408 S. Church; w s.

UTTER ISAAC, Pres. Utter Mfg. Co.; residence 211 S. Winnebago st.; born in Eaton, Madison Co., N. Y., Jan. 17, 1809; lived in that Co. until 1837, when he moved to Angelica, Allegany Co., N. Y., where he lived until 1840, when he removed to Warsaw, Wyoming Co., N. Y., where he built a woolen factory, and carried on the business of cloth manufacturing until 1850, when he sold out; was out of business for two years; in 1852 he came to Rockford; entered into partnership with Orlando Clark the same year, and continued in partnership with him until Oct., 1876; in 1865 he entered into partnership with Levi Rhoades; they built the Rockford Paper Mills, and commenced the manufacture of paper in the spring of 1866, and have continued the business ever since; he is one of the owners and directors of the Rockford Tack Co.; is a Director of Peoples Savings Bank; also stockholder of Rockford Watch Co., etc; married Eliza Smith, Jan. 14, 1832; she was born in Eaton, N. Y., in May, 1810; she died Oct. 28, 1871; six children by this marriage, now living; Chas. M., Morris L., Harriet L., now Mrs. W. E. S. Trowbridge; Horace B., Mary Eliza, now Mrs. Milton D. Fraley, and Fiddello O.; present wife was Lydia Rush; married Jan. 18, 1873; she was born in Penn.; Mr. and Mrs. Utter are members of the Christian Union church.

UTTER M. L. Vice Pres' Utter Mfg. Co., Manufacturers of Gorham's Broadcast Seeder, Corn Cultivator, Flouring, Grist and Saw Mill Machinery, Well Drilling Machines, and Drilling Tools; also General Jobbing of all kinds, Rockford, Ill.; boards Holland House.

VALENTINE A. P. lab; r Sixth av. cor S. Seventh; e s.

Valentine G. r st. from Seminary, s. R. R.

Valentine Louis, r Seminary, s. R. R.

Van Alstyn Albert T. bds 117 N. Third; e s.

Van Alstyne Walter, carp; r 512 Elm; w s.

Van Arnham Wm. hardware; r 117 N. Church.

Van Arnham W. E. clk; bds 117 N. Church; w s.

Vanberg Andrew, r 605 S. Sixth.

Vanblumb Gust. r st. from Seminary, s R.R.

Vanblumb Gust. stonecutter; r Seminary s. R. R.; e s.

VanBrocklin Alex. r 109 Summit.

VanBrocklin Alex., jr., bds 402 S. Main; w s.

VanBrocklin D. C. moulder; r 109 Summit.

VanBrocklin J. machinist; r 107 Peach; w s.

VanDeMark Jacob, janitor; r 1201 Charles.

VanEtten S. life ins agt; r 501 N. Church; w s.

VANINWAGEN ANTHONY, Livery, Feed and Boarding Stable, and of Rockford Omnibus and Hack Line; stables cor Church and Elm sts.; residence 309 North st.; born in Orange Co., N. Y., Feb. 11, 1809; when he was two years of age his parents moved to Wayne Co., N. Y.; for several years he was Captain of a boat on the Erie canal; was in mercantile business about six years in Wayne Co.; was engaged in business in Troy, N. Y.; had the agency of Detroit line, etc.; was in business in Buffalo, several years, Forwarding business, etc.; in 1855 he came to Chicago; was in Forwarding and Commission business twelve years; was also Agent Peoples' Line of Propellers at Chicago; came to Rockford in 1867; first wife was Maria Jackson; she died in 1844; three children living, by this marriage; Mary Jane, now Mrs. Geo. Keyes, James and Caroline, now Mrs. Chas. H. Foster; second wife was Matilda Jordan; she died Jan. 30, 1877; three children living; Adeline G., now Mrs. L. C. Lawrence; Emeline R., now Mrs. James H. Bishop, and Charles A.

Van Inwagen Chas. A. r 309 North.

Vanoit N. at Friedman's, bds 201 N. Main; w s.

Van Order Cyrus, bds W.S. Wilkins, Kent; s s.

Van Patten J. T. painter; bds 1105 S. Winnebago; s s.

Vanston David, r 804 N. Main; w s.

Van Valkenburgh Chas. r over 203 W. State.

Van Valkenburgh M. r over 203 W. State.

Van Wie A. H. r w end Montague; s s.

Van Wie E. A. woolen mill; r 123 N. Main; w s.

Van Zant Dr. G. W. r 206 N. Second.

Vasey Nich. veterinary surg; r 217 S. Main; w s.

Vellage B. G. watchmkr; r 705 N. Main; e s.

Vellage Bernard G. jr. r 705 N. Main; e s.

Vellage Chas. r 705 N. Main; e s.

Vestal Geo. W. col; r 1206 Second av; e s.

Vincent T. G. physician, over 125 W. State; r 603 N. Church.

Vincer John, r cor South and Cunningham.

WADDELL A. M. r 3d house n of bridge, N. Second.

Waddell A. S. cabinetmkr; r 1104 Ferguson; s s.

Waddell D. J. bkpr; r 3d house n of bridge, N. Second.

Waddles Jefferson S. r 1101 Ferguson; s s.

Wadsworth F. C. r 810 Second av.

Wahlgren P. carriagemaker, bds same.

Wahl C. E. brewer; r Fisher's brewery.

WAHL E. C. of Fisher & Wahl, Manufacturers and Dealers in Lager Beer and Ale; residence Fisher's Brewery; Brewery established in 1869; manufactures at an average of 800 barrels a year, mostly consumed in this county; born in Germany March 10, 1838; came to America, 1864; and to Rockford in 1867; married Mary E. Behr, Oct. 17, 1875; she was born in Chicago; they have one child, Anne Elizabeth, born June 28, 1877.

Wakeman B. Howard, r 612 North; w s.

Waldo B. R.

Waldo Henry D. r 1302 Third av; e s.

WALDO HIRAM H. Bookseller and Stationer, 804 W. State; residence 209 N. Main, West Side; born in Alba, Genesee Co., N. Y., Nov. 23, 1827; came to Rockford in 1846; married Olive S. True, 1854; she died Aug. 26, 1858; present wife was Sarah E. Hulett, married Dec. 20, 1860; one child by this marriage, deceased; Mr. Waldo was County School Commissioner.

Waldo Elder L. D. pastor Disciples church; r 1302 Third av.

Waldron C. J. grocer, 1309 S. Court; s s.

Walker A. J. carp; r 311 S. Main; w s.

Walker Albert, r 704 N. First; e s.

Walker Barney, lab; r 1307 S. Court; s s.

Walker J. B. mechanic; bds 302 S. Main; w s.

Walker N. A. r 803 S. Main; s s.

Wall Andrew, papermaker; r River.

Wall Joseph, papermaker; r River, lower end.

Wall P. O. N. tailor; bds over 410 E. State.

Wall P. U. tailor; r 1108 Third av.

Wallace Chas. painter; bds 906 Pecatonica.

Wallberg Gust. r 504 Pope.

Waller John, lab; r 1001 Rock; s s.

Wallin Adolph, lab; r 1105 Fourth av; e s.

Wallin C. J. papermaker; r 602 Kishwaukee.

Walling D. W. C. scroll sawyer; r 509 S. Second.

Walling John, lab; r 1007 E. State.

Walling Thomas, lab; r 1007 E. State.

Wallis B. M. carp; r 712 Benton; e s.

Wallis John, r 501 Longwood; e s.

WALLIS WM. T. Cashier of Third National Bank; residence Prospect st., near city limits; born in New York City, March 13, 1817; he was engaged in wholesale Dry Goods trade there from 1840 to 1852; first came to Rockford in 1852; spent the summers of 1852 and 1853 here, and in 1857 removed to Rockford and made this his permanent residence; he

organized the Third National Bank Sept. 1, 1864, and has continued in the banking business ever since; in May, 1857, he married Henrietta Remsen of New Jersey; they have two children: Mary Ann, now Mrs. C. A. Sanborn, and Henrietta E.

Walmsley Thos. carp; r 1009 S. Winnebago.

Walmsley Wm. gardr; r 1009 S. Winnebago.

Walrath C. W. teacher; bds 606 N. Fourth; e s.

Walrath J. A. carp; r S. Eighth, W. A.

Walsh James, grocer; r 719 S. Winnebago.

Walton R. wire cloth weaver, 213 S. 4th; e s.

Walquist Chas. r Seminary, near limits.

Ward A. J. painter; r 221 S. Water; e s.

Ward Anson, r 604 Knowlton.

WARD FRANK, Proprietor of Foundry and Machine Shops, on Water Power, Tinker's building; resides at 1008 S. West st.; born in Canada, May 30, 1836; came to Rockford 24 years ago; married Helen Workman; she was born in Penn.; they have five children; Mr. Ward has worked at machinists' trade since he was 14 years of age; he does general jobbing work of every description in his line.

Ward F. G. tailor; r 1104 Fourth av.

Ward Geo. S. carp; bds 112 S. Second; e s.

Ward Hiram, cooper; bds C. Henry's.

Ward Hugh, clk; bds 501 S. Third; e s.

Ward James, carriage painter.

Ward Joseph, r 820 Rural; e s.

Ward S. L. painter; r 221 S. Water; e s.

Warfield John, r 202 S. Water; e s.

Warfield J. W. carp; r 802 Montague; s s.

Warner Albert S. r 1105 S. West; s s.

Warner Frank E. r 1105 S. West; s s.

Warner C. cabinet maker; r 503 East; e s.

Warner D. carp; r Corbin, cor Morgan; s s.

Warner Julius, r 503 East; e s.

Warner L. F. attorney, State st, opposite court house; r 601 Cherry.

WARNER NORMAN C. Attorney and Counselor at Law; Office, No. 2 Masonic Block; born in Lima, Livingston Co., N. Y.; came to Wilmington, Will Co., Ill., in 1849; came to Rockford in 1869; he pursued an academic course at Clark Seminary, Aurora, Ill.; pursued law course at Columbian College, Washington, D. C.; graduated and was admitted to the bar at Washington, June, 1868; since that time has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession, and is ranked as one of the leading members of the bar of this State; Major Warner enlisted as a private in Co. E, 39th I. V. I., Sept. 22, 1861; for meritorious conduct he was promoted to Second Lieutenant, First Lieutenant, and Captain of his Co., and then to Major of Volunteers; was dangerously wounded Aug. 16, 1864, at Strawberry Plains; in

consequence retired from the service two months later, having served three years.

Warner S. P. millwright; r 1105 S. West; s s.

Warner Wm. lab; r 1504 S. West; s s.

Warren Rev. Alphe, r 515 N. Church; w s.

Warren Geo. S. carp, Salem, n N. Church.

WARREN JOHN H. Of the firm of Soper & Warren, wholesale dealers in Fancy Goods, Notions and Cigars, 126 W. State st.; Mr. Warren resides at 513 N. Church; born in Milton, Wis, March 31, 1850; came to Rockford in 1870; married Lottie A. Mentzer, Nov. 14, 1870; they have two children living, Edward S. and Harriet M.; lost one child, Henry A., who died Dec. 31, 1874, aged 1 year and 10 months.

Warren M. B. drayman; r 803 Rock; s s.

Washburne C. E. cabinet maker; r 904 Rockton av.

Washburne J. T. cabinet maker; r 904 Rockton av.

Washburne Edward Y. r 904 Rockton av.

Washburn G. H. emp tack factory; r 207 Horsman.

Waterbury E. D. rule mfr; r 1008 S. Church; s s.

Waterman F. W. Travelers' Ins Co, P O building; bds 609 S. Fourth; e s.

Waterman J. D. bkpr; r 214 S. Church; w s.

Waterman J. H. manager W. U. telegraph office, Galena depot; r 709 Elm.

Waterman Hiram, carp; r 406 S. Main; e s.

Watson Edward, butcher; bds City Hotel.

Watson Fred. S. r 707 N. Main; w s.

Watson Rev. John, r 703 Rural; e s.

WATSON WM. Secretary Rockford Insurance Co.; Office over Second Nat'l Bank, cor. State and Main sts.; residence 611 W. State st.

Watts —, rooms Wallack's block.

Waxham E. bkpr; r 605 Rockton av; w s.

Waxham Geo. pattern maker; r Montague, bet S. Main and Church; s s.

Way S. J. druggist; r 406 N. First; e s.

Weary M. S. photog'r; bds 508 S. Main; w s.

Weatherspoon G. watch maker; bds American House.

Weaver Geo. W. r 1109 Ferguson; s s.

Weaver Lester B. r 1109 Ferguson; s s.

Webb James, r 1202 S. Winnebago; s s.

Webb Rev. Wm. R., D.D., r 604 N. Second; e s.

Weber B. A. tin and copper works, 110 N Main; r 1012 Elm; w s.

Weber Claus, blacksmith; r 1205 S. Winnebago; s s.

Webster Carlton, r Ninth av; W. A.

Webster Charles, r 310 S. Main; e s.

Webster Wm. V. r 301 N. Second; e s.

Weeden R. C. r 910 S. Main; s s.

Weidman J. E. carp; r 405 N. Third; e s.

Weir D. emp G. Haskell; r 815 N. Main; w s.

Weir Neil, emp B. & E.; r 815 N. Main; w s.

WEISENAHL JACOB, Dyer and Scourer of Ladies' and Gents' Clothing, etc., 108 W. State st.; residence same No.; born in Germany, April 5, 1846; came to Chicago in 1870; to Rockford in 1871; he is a practical dyer and scourer, having been engaged in the business in France, Belgium and this country more than 18 years; first-class work done at lowest prices; perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

Welch D. mechanic; r 1006 S. Church; s s.

Welch Frank H. bolt shop; r 911 Rock; s s.

Welch Geo. E. lab; r 911 Rock; s s.

Welch Jas. lab; r 1007 Elm; w s.

Welch Jas. lab; r 318 S. Wyman.

Welch John, lab; r 1007 Elm; w s.

Welch John, lab; r 318 S. Wyman.

Welch Louis A. r 911 Rock; s s.

Welch Michael, lab; r 318 S. Wyman.

Welch Patrick, lab; r 712 Wall; s s.

Welch Patrick, lab; r 318 S. Wyman.

Welch Thos. lab; r 1312 Rock; s s.

WELD WM. E. Justice of the Peace and Insurance Agent, 306 State st.; West Side; residence 406 N. Rockford; East Side; born in Le Roy, Genesee Co., N. Y., Oct. 12, 1820; came to Geneva, Wis., in 1845; removed to Rockton, this Co., in June, 1849; came to Rockford in June, 1872; he was Justice of the Peace in Rockton Tp. 14 years; eight years of the time he was Associate County Justice; for a number of years he was Clerk of Rockton Tp.; elected Justice and Police Magistrate here in the spring of 1877.

Welden A. W. r 1202 Montague; s s.

Welden Edward, r 512 N. Second; e s.

Welden F. N. cultivator mfr; r 512 N. 2d.

Weldon C. J. blacksmith; r 301 Morgan; s s.

Weldon John, r 301 Morgan; s s.

Weldon J. carriagemkr; r 301 Morgan; s s.

Weldon Thos. carp; r 301 Morgan; s s.

Wellington Horace, r 716 North; e s.

Wellington W. stonemason; r 716 North; e s.

Wells Alfred P. city clerk, office Wallach's block; r 524 N. Church; w s.

Wells Fred K. r 524 N. Church; w s.

Wells F. M. bds 210 N. Fourth; e s.

Wells H. R. expressman; r 209 N. Church; w s.

Wells John F. painter; bds City Hotel.

Welshe Geo. lab; r Harlem av; w s.

Welshe Jas. lab; r Harlem av; w s.

Welty John, r 1308 Charles; e s.

Wendland C. F. bds 224 S. Main; w s.

Wenstrom Gust. carp; r 1105 Third av; e s.

Wenstrom P. A. lab; r 1108 Fourth av; e s.

Wentworth C. W. lab; r Cunningham, n South.
 Wentworth Geo. H. r Cunningham, n South.
 Wert D. blacksmith; r 1208 S. Court; s s.
 West E. S. bkpr; bds 124 S. Main; e s.
 West H. H. with Rockf. ins co; r 203 N. 4th; es.
 West John, mechanic; r 708 N. Main; e s.
 West L. J. r 124 S. Main; e s.

WEST LUCIUS M. Manufacturer of Enamel Leather Dressing, 121 N. Main st.; residence 124 S. Main st.; East Side; born in Vernon, Oneida Co., N. Y., June 19, 1820; he was for seven years, with Charles Goodyear, engaged in the manufacture of rubber goods; in the fall of 1858 came to Rockford and for twelve years carried on the business of dealer in rubber goods and boots and shoes; commenced the manufacture of leather varnish before he retired from the boot and shoe and India rubber goods business; for six years he has been engaged in the manufacture of leather dressing, especially used for carriage tops; Mr. West married Sarah Sturtevant, of Verona, Oneida Co., N. Y.; they have three sons, Hamilton H., Elliott S. and L. Judson; Mr. W. and family are members of the Baptist Church, he being one of the Deacons of the State Street Baptist Church; for ten years he was Treasurer of the Society.

Wettergreen John, r 910 Second av.
 Weyburn L. A. bkpr; r 607 N. Church.
 Weyburn S. F. bkpr; r 607 N. Church.
 Wheat Chas H. painter; r 805 Chestnut; w s.
 Wheat Fred, mail agent; bds 406 N. Winnebago; w s.
 Wheat James, carp; r 407 N. West; w s.
 Wheat J. H. carp and joiner; 1012 E. State.
 Wheeler A. J. bkpr; r 402 Kishwaukee.
 Wheeler A. J. RR. bridge night watchman; r 407 S. First.
 Wheeler C. W. trav agt; r 202 Horsman.
 Wheeler H. E. r 904 E. State.
 Wheeler Solomon, r 108 S. Sixth; e s.
 Wheeler Victor M. tinsmith; r 707 W. State.
 Whiffin F. J. dry goods, etc; bds 901 S. Main.
 Whipple B. F. carp; r 1003 S. West; s s.
 Whipple C. M. salesman; r 1003 S. West; s s.
 Whirgren John, bds 302 S. Second; e s.
 Whitaker D. sexton; r 502 N. Second; e s.
 White A. S. pattern maker; r 708 N. Winnebago.
 White H. eng C. & N. W. RR; bds 306 S. Church.
 White Jack, r 210 Horsman; w s.
 White Richard, lab; r 602 N. First; e s.
 White Wm. B. blacksmith; r 906 E. State.
 White W. M. bds; 509 Oak; e s.
 Whiteside H. R. r 607 N. Court; w s.
 Whiteside John W. r n end Winnebago; w s.

Whiteside M. P. farmer; r n end Rockton av. and N. Winnebago.
 Whitmeyer A. B. agt C. & N. W. RR. co; r at depot; e s.
 Whitmore C. W. emp George Bradley; r 605 N. First.
 Whitmore J. H. carp; r 409 N. First; e s.
 Whittall Wm. stonemason; r 808 Rural; e s.
 Whittall Wm., jr. r 808 Rural; e s.
 Wiffin Herbert W. r 212 N. Church; w s.
 Wiggins Charles E. r Prospect; s s.
 Wiggins Horace, r Prospect; s s.
 Wiggins Jacob, ins agt; r Prospect; s s.
 Wiggins M. B. bds. 605 N. Second; e s.
 Wight J. M. atty; r 202 S. First; e s.
 Wigton J. B. blacksmith; r 919 Horsman; w s.
 Wigren Charles J. r 712 First av; e s.

WIGREN REV. JOHN, Pastor of the Swedish M. E. Church; res. 712 First avenue, East Side; born in Sweden, Oct. 1st, 1826; came to Indiana in 1852; resided there 11 years; preached in Iroquois Co., Ills., 2 years; Mercer Co. 2 years; Andover, Henry Co., 4 years; Moline, 2 years; then went back to Mercer Co. and remained 2 years again; then came to Rockford—has been here 2 years; for 4 years Mr. Wigren preached under a local license; was ordained Deacon the 24th Sept., 1865; ordained Elder Sept. 27th, 1868; married Hannah Anderson, June 24, 1849; she died June 16, 1856; they had three children; two living, Charles J. and James T.; August P. died in Sweden, Feb. 19, 1874, aged 24 years; Mr. Wigren's present wife was Marry C. Johnson; married Nov. 16, 1856; they have six children living, Hannah V., Theodore E., Victor A., Elmer E., Emily W., and Eugene A.; lost one daughter, Aurora J., who died Nov. 12, 1875, aged 19 months.

Wilber L. watchmaker; r 906 S. Church; s s.
 Wilcox George W. r 902 Montague; s s.

WILCOX WM. H. Dealer in Musical Instruments and Sewing Machines, 223 E. State street; residence 708 First avenue; born in Berlin, Hartford Co., Conn., July 27, 1835; came to Roscoe Township, this Co., in 1837; lived in Iowa 3 years, in Wis. 2 years; married Alice Curtis, Dec. 18, 1856; she was born in Bucksport, Maine, Sept. 19, 1837; they have two children living, Clifford W. and Alvin C.; they have lost three children, Clifford L. died Aug. 19, 1858, aged five months; Carroll L. died in infancy in 1870, and Frank M. died June 27, 1873, aged 11 years; Mr. and Mrs. Wilcox are members of the Third street M. E. Church.

Wilder Nathaniel, r 526 N. Church; w s.
 Wildt Wm. watchmaker; bds 107 N. First; e s.
 Wilhelm C. M. salesman; r 611 E. State.

WILKINS SYLVESTER B. President Rockford Bolt Works, Water Power, near R. R. Bridge; residence 412 N. Main street; born in Coventry, Chenango Co., N. Y., March 24, 1833; came to Rockford in Oct. 1870; married Jennie I. Goodlander, May 16, 1861; she was born in Milton, Northumberland Co., Pa.; they have two children, George L., born July 11, 1864, and Mary R., born Dec. 27, 1869.

WILKINS WALTER S. Superintendent Painting Department of Emerson, Talcott & Co.; residence 304 Kent street, between Church and Main; born in Coventry, Chenango Co., N. Y., Sept. 28, 1825; came to Rockford in 1871; married Elizabeth A. Arnold, Nov. 1855; she was born in Volnez, Oswego Co., N. Y., in 1833; they have one child living, Emma J., born Nov. 7, 1859; they have lost one son, Earl D., who died in Aug. 1874, aged 19 years; Mr. and Mrs. Wilkins are members of the South Rockford M. E. Church.

WILLIAMSON FRANCIS D. & SON, Proprietors of the 99 Cent Store, Jobbers and Retail Dealers in Jewelry, Staple and Fancy Goods, etc., 107 West State street; Francis D. Williamson resides at 205 North Church street; he was born in Cornwall, Addison Co., Vt., Jan. 1st, 1824; came to Lee Co. in 1852; he served as Justice of the Peace in Bradford, Lee Co., Ills., 14 years; was Township Treasurer there 12 years, and served six years continuously, besides serving two or three other terms, as Supervisor of Bradford Township; was Supervisor during the war and took an active part in raising and enlisting men for the different quotas of that town.

Williamson H. H. 99 cent store; r 205 N. Church.

Williamson F. W. clk; r 205 N. Church; w s.

Williams C. W. mechanic; r 406 S. Main; e s.

Williams B. C. meat market, 506 E. State.

Williams C. L. r 431 N. Main; w s.

Williams D. H. billiard room, below 301 W. State; r 111 N. Winnebago.

Williams Wm. Emory, lab; r S. Water; e s.

Williams H. W. bkpr; r 309 S. Court.

Williams Irving, clk; r 105 Summit; e s.

Williams J. carp; bds 112 S. Second; e s.

Williams James, barber shop, cor W. State and S. Main; r 702 George; w s.

Williams John L. law student; bds 907 N. Court; w s.

Willis Rev. E. D. r Whitman, cor N. Church.

Willis E. D. r cor Whitman and N. Church; w s.

Willis Wm. emp A. VanInwagen; r over 329 W. State.

Will Andrew, r 704 Fourth av; e s.

Will Chas. 1017 Mulberry; w s.

Will E. clk Wm. McKinley; r 1017 Mulberry.
Will W. H. r 808 Peach; w s.

WILLOUGHBY FRANCIS E. Farmer (Sec. 12) and Manager of the Winnebago Co. Patrons' Co-operative Association Store, 504 W. State st.; born in Oxford, Chenango Co., N. Y., April 30, 1831; came to this Co. in Feb., 1866; married Jenett E. Root, Feb. 6, 1857; she was born in Oxford, N. Y.; they have five children: Augusta E., Edgar C., Arthur B., John H. and Francis; they have lost two daughters; Mr. and Mrs. Willoughby are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Wills Charles, r 1103 Third av; e s.

Wilsey Hoffman, lab; r 1302 S. Main; s s.

Wilsey James H. lab; r 1302 S. Main.

Willsey P. C. stone cutter; r 608 Rockton av.

Willsey Wellington, r 608 Rockton av.

Willson Wm. G. r 501 N. Second; e s.

Willmarth Irod C. agt; r 809 Third av; e s.

Wilmarth Willie, lab; r 113 S. Main; e s.

Wilmarth Wm. employe Holland House.

WILMOT HENRY L. Foreman of Planing Mill, Sash, Door and Blind Factory of J. F. Lander Estate; residence 1109 S. Main st.; born in Stamford, Fairfield Co., Conn., Jan. 28, 1833; came to Rockford in the spring of 1864; served apprenticeship as Carpenter; has been engaged in present occupation 23 years; married Almira M. Dewey, Dec. 15, 1857; she was born in N. Y. State, Jan. 11, 1836; they have one daughter, Ida M., born July 13, 1859; Mr. Wilmot served 1 year in Co. B, 28th Conn. V. I.; was Second Lieutenant; was at Siege of Port Hudson, etc.

Wilmot T. W. painter; r 1206 S. Main; s s.

Wilson C. T. emp Geo. Bradley; r 603 S. 3d.

Wilson C. W. r 808 George; w s.

Wilson E. T. cigars, etc.; r 807 S. West; s s.

Wilson E. H. cigars, etc.; r 807 S. West; s s.

Wilson Fillmore, printer; r 809 Pecatonica.

WILSON GEORGE, Stone Cutter, Stone Mason, and Contractor and Builder; estimates given and contracts taken for all kinds of buildings; he is one of the principal contractors in Rockford; all kinds of stone can be obtained at his yard, 404 Cedar st.; r Cedar, bet S. Court and Church sts, West Side; Mr. W. was born in Scotland, March 28, 1849; came to N. Y. City in 1870; came to Chicago in 1872, and to Rockford June 10, 1873; married Anna C. Milne, July 12, 1874; she was born in Scotland; they have one daughter living; have lost one daughter; Mr. W. resides on west side of Cedar st., second house east of Court st.

Wilson Geo. carp; r 909 N. Court; w s.

Wilson H. D. ice dealer; r 306 Chestnut.

Wilson Geo. F. clk Holland House; r same.
 Wilson Henry C. r 807 S. West; s s.
 Wilson J. C. meat mkt; bds 906 S. West; s s.
 Wilson T. printer *Gazette*; bds 802 S. Main; w s.
 Winchester Wm. cooper; r 804 Corbin; s s.
 Wingate Stephen, r 808 Seminary; e s.
 Wingate W. S. clk; r 808 Seminary.
 Winn C. A. painter; r 1212 S. Winnebago; s s.
 Winn C. J. painter; r 1212 S. Winnebago; s s.
 Winn D. C. painter; r 1006 S. Court; s s.
 Winn J. S. painter; r 1101 S. Winnebago; s s.
 Winnie C. H. barber; r 821 S. Main; s s.
 Winnie J. Lansing, barber; r 1007 S. Main; s s.
 Winslow D. H. mason; r 805 Ferguson; s s.
 Winslow George F. r 805 Ferguson; s s.
 Wise C. R. bkpr; r Mulberry bet West and Winnebago.
 Wise E. C. carp; r 610 Mulberry.
 Wise Harry, 412 N. Main; w s.
 Wise Harry L. r C. H. Wise, Mulberry.
 Wisson J. carp; r Morgan cor Corbin; s s.
 Wiswell Z. C. r 109 N. Fifth; e s.

WITHROW S. C. Dealer in Dry Goods and Carpets 114 and 116 S. Main st.; residence on S. Main st., cor Kent; South Side; born in Summerford, Ohio, Aug. 26, 1837; came to Rockford in 1861; he has been engaged in present business since he first came here.

WITWER BENJAMIN H. Of the firm of Hough & Witwer, Grocers, 326 E. State st.; residence 502 N. First st.; was born in Alden, Erie Co., N. Y., June 25, 1842; came to Cherry Valley, in this Co., in April, 1858; came to Rockford, and engaged in the Grocery business with Mr. Hough, in Feb., 1864; married Mary Addie Hurd, Sept. 25, 1866; she was born in Marshall, Mich., May 2, 1843; they have two children, Mary H., born March 19, 1868, and Jessie June, June 8, 1875; Mr. Witwer is a member of the Disciple Church; his father, John Witwer, resides with him; he was born in Lancaster Co., Pa., May 3, 1801; he was engaged in the milling business until he came to Cherry Valley, in 1858; he then engaged in farming, which he continued until he came to Rockford, in 1866; his wife was Maria Weaver; they were married Feb. 12, 1824; she was born in same place in Pa. as her husband, and died here, Aug. 14, 1872; there are eight children living; Mr. John Witwer is also a member of the Disciple Church.

Witwer Geo. W. salesman; r 501 N. 2d; e s.
 Witwer W. D. r 509 Oak; e s.
 Woiceshky F. J. clk; r 310 E. State.
 Wolford E. mason; r 214 S. Church.
 Wood Freeman, farmer; r 805 S. Court; s s.
 Wood James S. r 601 Pecatonica.

Wood Joa. cabinetmaker; r over 418 E. State.
 Wood Philip R. carp; r Winnebago, above Whitman.
 Wood W. B. machinist; r 1807 Second av.
 Woodard H. W. painter; r 105 N. 2d; e s.
 Woodbury Rev. F. P. pastor Second Congregational Church; r 404 N. Main; w s.
 Woods Jas. lab; r 510 N. First; e s.
 Woods Thos. lab; r 510 N. First; e s.
 Woodman Robt. r 906 Rockton av.
 Woodruff A. candymkr; r 439 Chestnut; w s.
 Woodruff Chas. H. r stone block, Cherry.
 Woodruff C. W. lab; r 1208 S. Winnebago.
 Woodruff E. L. r 207 N. Court; w s.
 Woodruff E. Wm. r stone block; Cherry.

WOODRUFF GILBERT, residence 502 S. Third; East Side; President Rockford National Bank, also President of the Forest City Insurance Co. and of Forest City Furniture Co.; he is a member of the Seminary Board of Trustees; was Mayor of the city in 1873 and 1874; he was born in Watertown, N. Y., Nov. 20, 1817; came to Rockford in 1858.

Woodruff G. L. assistant book keeper Second National Bank; r 207 N. Court.
 Woodruff Russell D. painter; r 505 E. State.
 Woodruff John H. r stone block, Cherry.
 Woodruff V. D. r 502 S. Third.
 Woodruff W. F. messenger Rockford National Bank; r 502 S. Third; e s.
 Woodruff W. hardware; r 509 Peach.

WOODWARD AMOS W. Manufacturer of Iron Pumps, Water Wheel Governors, and General Machine Work; on water power, first building east of the woolen mill; residence 601 Peach st.; born in Winthrop, Me., July 16, 1829; he has been engaged working as machinist 27 years; came to Rockford in Oct., 1856; married Mary L. Sealy, of England; they have two sons and two daughters; Mr. and Mrs. Woodward are members of the First Baptist Church.

Woodward Eugene, r 304 Chestnut; w s.
 Woodward —, painter; r 105 N. Second; e s.
 Woolery John, lab; r n end Pecatonica.
 Wolfel J. emp Miller & Hamlyn; r 1011 W. State.
 Wolff J. fur goods mfg., hats and caps, 809 W. State; r 612 Court; e s.
 Wolf Wm. r Lincoln av.
 Woolsey Clare, r 507 S. Second; e s.
 Woolsey C. M. miller; r 404 S. First; e s.
 Woolsey A. J. harnessmkr; r 1102 Charles.
 Woolsey Chas. miller; r S. First.
 Woolsey C. H. cashier Galena division C. & N. W. R.R.; r 507 S. Second; e s.
 Wooster Wm. fireman, nr limits.

WORKS CHARLES, Justice of the Peace, Conveyancer and Collecting Agent; office E. State st.; residence 501 Seminary st.; East Side; born in Westmoreland, N. H., Nov. 24, 1803; lived in Dutchess Co., N. Y., from 1827 to 1830; from 1830 to 1834, in Oswego Co.; came to Ottawa, Ill., in 1834; lived there until Feb., 1836, when he came to Rockford, where he has resided since that time; he was one of the first voters at the first election in Winnebago Co.; was first Supervisor of Guilford Tp.; elected in 1850; Assessor of same Tp. one year, also Collector one year; in 1863 he was elected County Treasurer; held that office four years; in 1868 elected Justice of the Peace; has held that office continuously since first election; first wife was Mary L. Kellogg, of Mexico, N. Y.; married in 1832; she died in 1843; they had one son, Wm. W., who enlisted in the First Board of Trade Regt., Chicago, in 1862, and was killed at Vicksburg, May 19, 1863; second wife was Jeannette S. Duncan; married in 1846; she died in 1862; three children living by this marriage, Chas. A., Mary H. and Laura J.; present wife was Mrs Ann D. Wheeler; married in 1865.

Wormwood Chas. r 506 S. Main; w s.

Wormwood Wm. O. r 419 N. Main; w s.

Worsley G. H. tinner; r 1001 S. Winnebago; s s.

Worsley Geo. R. machinist, 785 N. First; e s.

Worsley Jas. moulder; r 402 Hill; e s.

Worsley J. F. mechanic; r 1001 S. Winnebago.

Worsley Jos. carp; bds White's Hotel.

Worster Isaac H. r Market, cor E. State.

Worthington Frank E. r 209 N. First; e s.

Worthington Chas. R. r 209 N. First; e s.

Worthington F. H. druggist; r 209 N. 1st; e s.

WORTHINGTON WM. Druggist, 407 E. State st.; residence 209 N. First st.; born in Enfield, Conn., July 5, 1813; came to Rockford in the spring of 1838; followed farming pursuits, clerked in Post-office, blacksmithing, etc., until 1843, when he opened the first drug store in Rockford; first wife was Maria Baker; married at Little Fort (now Waukegan), Oct. 27, 1844; she died Oct. 2, 1846; they had one child, Albert, who died in Sept., 1846, aged 13 months; present wife was Eliza Kellogg; married in Rockford; she was born in Geauga Co., Ohio, June 14, 1828; they have four children living, Wm. H., born Nov. 4, 1854; Frank H., Aug. 23, 1856; Chas. V., Sept. 17, 1858; and Julia, in 1852; lost two children, Ella, born July 20, 1848, died May 2, 1852; Ida, born Feb. 26, 1865, died Dec. 10, 1865; Mr. and Mrs. W. are members of the M. E. Church.

Worthington W. H. druggist; r 209 N. 1st; e s.

Wortman Samuel, r 504 S. Sixth; e s.

WRIGHT ALBERT W. Butcher; 408 W. State st.; residence 207 S. West st.; born in Nassau, N. Y., Oct. 6, 1828; came to Rockford in 1858; has been engaged in butchering business most of the time since he came here; first wife was Carrie L. Welch; she died in May, 1870; present wife was Annie Weary; she was born in Rockford; Mr. and Mrs. Wright are members of the Second Congregational Church.

Wright C. B. at Rockford *Register*; r 908 First av; e s.

Wright M. O. painter; bds Forest City House.

Wright John H. r 813 Pecatonica.

WRIGHT NEWTON D. Senior Editor of the Rockford Daily and Weekly *Register*; was born Oct., 1842, in Adams, Jefferson Co., N. Y.; removed with parents to McHenry Co., Ill., in 1846; in 1854 went to Salem, Kenosha Co., Wis.; his early years were spent on a farm, getting a good, thorough English education from schools and academies in the vicinity; in 1860 learned the printer's trade at Kenosha, Wis.; enlisted in 1862, in Co. C, 33d Regt., of Wis. V. I.; was discharged on surgeon's examination; afterwards enlisted in 39th Wis. V. I., 100 day men, and served during enlistment; in 1867 bought *Delavan Republican*, and published it for 7 years; came to Rockford in spring of 1875, and purchased the *Rockford Register*, and is at present at the head of the paper; married Miss Mary A. Winegar, of Kenosha, Oct. 1, 1868, who died in Aug., 1868; had two sons, Elton S. and Charlie E.; married for his second wife, Oct. 1, 1870, Miss H. M. Munsel, of Delavan, Wis.; one daughter, Bertha M.

Wright Pat. lab; r 114 S. Water; e s.

Wunder Geo. r 1812 Charles.

Wylander August, bds 901 Fourth av; e s.

Wyman C. W. machinist; r Lincoln av; s s.

WYMAN EPHRAIM, Retired; residence Lincoln av., near Main st.; South Side; born in Lancaster, Mass., Jan. 26, 1809; when 15 years of age he moved to Keene, N. H., where he followed the business of a baker there, until he removed to Rockford, Sept. 20, 1835; was engaged in the bakery business here until 1850, when he went to California and remained there until 1853, when he went to Lancaster, Mass., and married Caroline Pierce, June 15, 1853; she was born in Waltham, Mass., Dec. 29, 1819; they had one child, Frederick Thayer, who was born Sept. 9, 1861, and died Aug. 4, 1865; Mr. Wyman was County Treasurer and Assessor in 1844 and 1845; he was Street Commissioner nine years, from 1862 to 1871.

Wyman Ephraim, jr., r Lincoln av.

Wynkoop H. L. hackdriver; r 407 E. State.

YALDEN JOHN, r cor Jackson and Summit.

ROCKFORD CITY.

Yalden Wm. lab; r 1407 Charles.
 Yates Alexander, sash and blindmaker; r 609
 Rockton av.
 Yates A. P. hardware; r 515 E. State.
 Yates Jno. hardware; r 515 E. State.
 Yates A. W. tinsmith John Yates & Son; r
 515 E. State.
 Yard Sidney, r 201 N. Main; w s.
 Yard W. K. carp; r 201 N. Main; w s.

Young Edwin F. en
 Chestnut; w s.
ZEIGLER JACO
 Main.
 Zerlaut A. soda water
 Zimmermann Augu
 Zimmerman J. P. tr
 Zoller C. mechanic;
 Zuck F. J. barber u
 Horsman.

ABBREVIATIONS FOR TOWNSHIP DIREC

Co.....company or county
 farm.....farmer
 I. V. I.....Illinois Volunteer Infantry
 I. V. C.....Illinois Volunteer Cavalry
 I. V. A.....Illinois Volunteer Artillery
 mkr.....maker

P. O.....
 prop.....
 S or Sec.....
 st.....
 supt.....
 treas.....

ROCKFORD TOWNSHIP.

ABBOTT T. J. farmer; Sec. 9.

Anderson John, Sec. 35.

Ashford Alfred, farmer; Sec. 17.

Austin Wm. farmer; Sec. 16.

BARNS HENRY, farmer; Sec. 8.

BARBER NOLTON, Farmer; Sec.
 9; owns 100 acres land, valued at \$7,500;
 born in Madison Co., N. Y., April 29, 1826;
 came West in 1855; on this farm 14 years;
 married Emily Marshall, March 15, 1849;
 she was born in Madison Co., N. Y.; have
 three children, Myron E., born April 2,
 1850; Louisa M., June 14, 1853; Ada I.,
 July 21, 1858; held office of Commissioner
 of Highways 4 years; Republican; Meth-
 odist.

Bartholomew Chas. renter; Sec. 35.

Bartholomew H. J. Sec. 35.

Bensley John, farmer; Sec. 35.

Birmingham Simon, rents farm; Sec. 17.

BLACKLAW JAMES, Farmer;
 Sec. 6; owns 160 acres land, valued at
 \$8,000; Republican; never accepted any
 town office; born in Scotland, 1833; came
 to America and direct to this Co., in 1850;
 married Jessie Simpson, April, 1859; she
 died in 1866, leaving three children,
 Henry, Albert and Lewis; his present
 wife was Ellen Welsh, born in Ireland, in
 1852, by whom he has also three children,
 Nelly, Hattie and James.

Braden John, farmer; Sec. 10.

Bull Israel, renter.

Burdick Wm. rents

BUSH WILLI
 treville" Cheese F
 Taylor, N. Y., M
 Wisconsin in 184
 1875; married Jul
 in Prussia, Oct. 2,
 James W., born D
 12, 1860; Julia, A
 March 13, 1864;
 Alice, June 8, 187

CARNEY DANI

Cassidy Thomas, far

CHAMPLIN A
 Sec. 5; owns 205
 \$10,000; born in S
 1806; came to this
 three times—first v
 in 1833; she was
 died in 1835; her
 ond wife was Pa
 N. Y.; married in
 had five children,
 born in 1841, and
 wife was Elvira
 July 21, 1823; she
 H. Sophia, born
 April 3, 1854; Ada
 June 26, 1861; I
 Clara, June 24, 1
 army, and one w
 School Trustee.

Chapman Henry, ga

Chappell John C. farmer; Sec. 10.

CHURCH SAMUEL I. Farmer; Sec. 16; owns 160 acres land, valued at \$16,000; born in N. Y., June 11, 1815; came to this Co. in June, 1848, with his family; held office of County Sheriff one term; Republican; Congregationalist.

CHURCHILL P. P. Farmer; Sec. 25; owns 165 acres land, valued at \$16,500; born in Vermont, 1804; lived in N. Y. 4 years; came to this Co. in 1835, where he pre-empted the land he now occupies; was offered \$3,000 for his claim before making much improvements; married Amanda Wright, 1831; she was born in Vermont, in 1804; they have three daughters, Mary R. (now Mrs. Chapman), Minerva R., Amanda A. (now Mrs. Kettlewell); Mr. Churchill is a member of the "Early Settlers' Society," and a Republican.

Cigrand Jacob, Sec. 6.

Clark Miles J. fruit farm; Sec. 20.

Collins A. renter; Sec. 34.

Collins Ferdinand, rents farm; Sec. 34.

Conant N. gardener; Sec. 9.

Comings Sherman, farmer; Secs. 3 & 4.

Converse Frank, farm laborer.

COOK ISAAC, Farmer; rents farm; Sec. 9; Republican; School Director; served in 14th I. V. C. nearly 3 years; was in 22 hard-fought battles; born in Boone Co., Ill., Jan. 18, 1841; maiden name of first wife was Nancy E. Baker, who died in 1864, leaving two daughters, Sarah I. (now Mrs. Henry Wilt), and Mary Jane, who died Sept. 6, 1867; his present wife was Mrs. Lucy A. Wilcox; they were married Jan. 13, 1866; have lost two children and have one living, Elizabeth Irene, born Feb. 14, 1871.

Copewell N. W. farmer; Sec. 14.

COREY ALONZO, Farmer; Sec. 34; born near Skaneateles, Onondago Co., N. Y., July 3, 1811; moved to Madison, Ohio, in 1821; in Nov., 1824, he moved to Clark Co., Ill.; in 1829, went to Edgar Co., Ill., but returned to Clark Co. in 1832, and remained there until his removal to Rockford, May 17, 1836; from 1832 to 1836, he was engaged in the milling business with his brother, in Clark Co.; the balance of his life has been spent in farming pursuits; married Sarah Ann Keller, Dec. 1, 1841; she was born in St. Albans, Vt., Oct. 2, 1820; they have five children living, James Dwight, Luther S., Franklin Alonzo, Sarah E. (now Mrs. Walter D. Pease), and Clara; they have lost two children, Franklin, who died at the age of 2 years and 4 months, and Harriet E., aged 4 years and 4 months at time of death; Deacon Corey became a member of the First Baptist Church in 1843, being baptized the first Sabbath in Dec. of

that year; in 1855, he was Assistant Supervisor of Rockford Tp.

Corey Lonson, farmer.

Corey Wm. R. farmer; Sec. 15.

Crampton Nelson, rents farm; Sec. 9.

Crandall Chas. F. farmer; Sec. 20.

CRAGG RIRKETT, Farmer; Sec. 7; owns 100 acres land, valued at \$9,000; born in England, Aug., 1811; came to America in 1833; lived ten years in New York State; came to this Co. in 1843; married Ruth S. Wilson, in April, 1854; she was born in N. Y., 1814; lost one child; has been School Director one term; Congregationalist; Republican.

CUNNINGHAM B. F. Farmer; Sec. 34; born in Petersboro, N. H., Feb. 26, 1820; married Clarissa J. Mandeville, March 14, 1844; she was born near Auburn, N. Y. April 1, 1822; they have one child, Jennie E., born May 26, 1852; Mr. C. came to this Co. in 1839; for a number of years was engaged in farming in Pecatonica; balance of the time has lived in Rockford Tp. and city; was County Commissioner in 1867 and 1868.

CUTLER ASA E. Farmer; Secs. 3 & 4; born in West Brookfield, Mass., June 23, 1824; lived in Chicago from spring of 1855 until 1871, when he came to this Co.; owns 250 acres land, valued at \$18,000; held office of School Director three years; married Miss Lucy Smith, Dec., 1862; she was born in Princeton, Ill.; have four children, Fred Selby, Jesse Doolittle, Alex Ellis and Dwight Porter.

DAMON SIMEON, farmer; Sec. 7.

Davey John, farmer; Sec. 8.

Day Mark, farmer; Sec. 20.

Day Oscar, Sec. 21.

Day Thaddeus, Sec. 20.

Day Wm. C. farmer; Sec. 14.

Dickerman Jewell, Sec. 35.

DORR EDWARD, Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 9; owns 236 acres land, valued at \$18,000; also owner of the celebrated trotting stallion "Tornado," for which he has refused the handsome sum of \$20,000; he has several of "Tornado's" colts; one of them, "Tornad Ned," (five years old) is valued at \$1,500; Mr. D. came to this Co. in 1862; first wife was Angeline Willis; married in 1855; she died in 1867, leaving five children; Seth P., Wm. H., Marcia, Jeasie and Frederick; married second wife, Henrietta Hickok, in 1872; she was born in Penn., in 1853; one child Nathalie, born March 20, 1875; Mr. Dorr is a sound Republican.

EDDY OTIS, farmer; Sec. 11.

ROCKFORD TOWNSHIP.

EDDY ELI R. Farmer; Sec. 36; owns 160 acres land, valued at \$14,000; born in Rhode Island, in 1808; lived in N. Y. from 1832 until he came to this Co., in 1851; married Sally Northrup, in 1834; she was born Oct. 15, 1815; three children, Elliott, Geo. E. and William; Mr. Eddy is a Republican and Methodist; the first white man who died in Winnebago Co. was buried on his farm; his son William married Matilda Carmichael, in 1867; she was born in this Co., in 1844; they have three children, Ernest, Fred and Lulu.

Ellis Chas. renter; Sec. 5.

Ellis Richard, farmer; Sec. 4.

Enright Mike, farmer; Sec. 30.

FALCON CHAS. farmer; Sec. 18.

Falconer Robt. farmer; Sec. 5.

Farmer C. M. Sec. 2.

Farrington C. W. farmer; Sec. 28.

Ferguson Isaiah, farmer; Sec. 15.

Foot Horace, farmer; Sec. 13.

Foot O. R. farmer; Sec. 9.

Freeburg Chas. farmer; Sec. 30.

Frisbee W. L. farmer; Sec. 32.

FULLER MRS. LUCY, Farming; Sec. 19; Widow of John Fuller, who died in Oct., 1853; came from Genesee Co., N. Y., in 1839; she has seven children, Lemuel, Levi B., Charles, Nancy (now Mrs. Ingals), John, Eliza Hartwell, Ellen L.; has 520 acres land, 200 under cultivation.

GARDNER C. farmer; Sec. 6.

Gardener Jas. farmer; Sec. 30.

GAGE A. E. Inventor, Manufacturer, and Dealer in Novelties; born in Waukegan, Ill., Aug. 15, 1845; came to this Co. in 1866.

Geer Collin, rents farm; Sec. 33.

Gilmore Henry, rents farm; Sec. 25.

Glenney Alex. rents farm; Sec. 17.

Glenney Thos. farmer; Sec. 3.

Gregory Wm. farmer; Sec. 6.

Gunter Wm. farmer; Sec. 9.

HALSTED J. H. farmer; Sec. 11.

HALL FRIEND C. Farmer; Sec. 19; owns 808 acres land, valued at \$40,000; is a Tilden Republican, and a Free Mason; born in Wallingsford, Conn., July 23, 1831; came to this Co. in Sept., 1857; married Loly B. Matthews, July 27, 1852; she was born in Conn., April 1, 1835; four children: F. Leroy, born March 23, 1853; Chas. R., Aug. 8, 1855; Ella J., March 26, 1858; Mila A., Jan. 20, 1861.

Hamilton Geo. farmer; Sec. 19.

Harmon Francis, farmer; Sec. 7.

Herrick E. A. farmer

Herrick Geo. farmer

Herrick L. E. farmer

HIGLEY MR

ing; Sec. 9; owns at \$8,000; is a Mr. R. Higley; came H. enlisted, and came to Rockford, in 1864, age married Dec. 16, 1864, O., Orson T., Artl Theresa (deceased) daughter of Sidney L. Winnebago's early still living.

HIZER CHAS

born in Oneida Co. came to this town lived ten years in married Mary E. Sta she was born in March, 1843; having Willard, born Nov. 30, 1873; Eucedia valuable farm of Rock river.

Hollister Roswell, farmer

Holmes E. M. farmer

Holmes F. E. farmer

HOLMES GE

Proprietor of Hill owns 140 acres land born in this Co., February months in 67th I. navy, and served on the U. S. S. Albatross; in N. Y., about 1839, with his father; his wife was Sarah M. had three children, 1844; Edward M., May 19, 1855; Mr. 1859, highly respected office of County Clerk 1849. Greenville O. South Salem, N. Y. land ancestors; came to this Co. in 1866.

INGALS H. farmer

Ingraham Geo. H. farmer

Jacoby L. C. attorney

Jewell Edwin W. farmer

Jewell Ripley, farmer

Jewell Thos. J. farmer

Johns Richard, farmer

Johns Wm. farmer; Sec. 3.

Johnson H. I. farmer

Johnson Jno. farmer;

Johnson Jos. farmer;

Johnson M. M. farmer

KANADY JAMES

WINNEBAGO COUNTY DIRECTORY:

Keene Ralph, farm laborer.

Keyes Archibald, farmer; Sec. 18.

KILBURN MRS. ADALINE, Farming; Sec. 4; owns 145 acres land, valued at \$10,000; widow of Milton Kilburn, who died Feb. 16, 1863, aged 52; he was the first Judge of Probate in this county; was appointed by the Governor; was afterwards elected Justice of the Peace and served two years; was Quartermaster in Missouri a while during the war of the rebellion; they were married in 1835, and have six children: George Milton, James Hervey, Adda E., Clara A., Samuel A. and Charles P.

Kilburn J. H. farmer; Sec. 4.

Kline J. rents farm; Sec. 80.

Knolan Chas. farmer; Sec. 20.

LAKE HARVEY, farmer; Sec. 10.

LAKE JAMES, Farmer, also Manufacturer and Dealer in Lime; Secs. 1 and 2; owns 168 acres of land, valued at \$16,000; is Republican and Christian Union; was born in England in 1815; came to New Brunswick in 1822; and to this county in 1855; married Sarah Riecker in Feb., 1837; she was born in St. Johns, N. B., 1818; they have six children: Henry, 1837; Elizabeth, 1840; Sarah, 1846; Eliza, 1848; James, 1850; Robert 1853; lost one.

LANGA FRANK, Farmer; Sec. 7; owns sixty acres land, valued at \$2,000; born in County Mayo, Ireland, Jan. 29, 1838; came to America in 1851; lived in Putnam County two years, Penn. two years, Minn. a year; came to this county in 1857; married Catherine Comings, Jan. 10, 1858; she was born in Ireland, May, 1833; they have two children: John F., born March 1, 1860; James, July 26, 1874; lost five boys and three girls: Eddie, Frank, Mary, Annie and infant daughter; Republican; Catholic.

LEACH SHEPHERD, Farmer; Sec. 32; owns 1000 acres land, valued at \$100,000; is a Republican and member Second Congregational Church; came to this county in June, 1839; married Phebe A. Allen in 1848; she was born June 25, 1820, in Franklin Co., Mass; they have four children: Clara Frances, June 27, 1851; Elizabeth Abba, Dec. 11, 1854; Harriet Shepherd, Nov. 18, 1857; Emma Allen, Dec. 19, 1863; lost one, Ida S., Sep. 17, 1856.

Ledduck G. gardener; Sec. 21.

Lewis Wm. rents; Sec. 35.

Livingston A. farmer; Sec. 28.

Livingston B. farmer; Sec. 28.

Livingston Thos. G. farmer; Sec. 28.

LONG RICHARD, Farmer; Sec. 9; owns 280 acres land, valued at \$14,000; born in Clement County, Ohio, forty miles from Cincinnati, May 5, 1834; came to

Illinois, May, 1835, and to this county in 1836; his brother, John B., came to this county in 1835, whose daughter was the first white child born in Winnebago county; Richard married Emily Woods, July 12, 1860; she was born in this county, Aug. 21, 1843; they have six children: Margaret Ann, born July 2, 1861; Mary Jane, March 13, 1864; Elizabeth Emily, Nov. 25, 1866; Richard B., July 13, 1869; Charles S., March 27, 1872; John E., Sept. 10, 1874; Democrat and member M. E. Church.

Lovell Wm. farmer; Sec. 8.

LUNDVALL CHARLES, Brick Maker and Farmer; Sec. 24; residence East End Rural St; owns 25 acres land, valued at \$4,000; born in Sweden, 1850; came to this Co. in 1867; manufactured brick six years, averaging 700 to 800 thousand per annum; maiden name of wife Augusta Swanson; married 1873; she was born in Sweden in 1852; they have two children: Huldah, born in 1873; Alice, 1875; Republican and Lutheran.

MCCOLLUCK R. farmer; Sec. 5.

MCCAUGHEY WILLIAM C. Market Gardener and Fruit Raiser; Sec. 25; owns 20 acres land, valued at \$4,000; born in Ottawa, La Salle Co., March 8, 1838; moved to Dodge Co., Wis., in 1840; came to this Co. in 1860; during first year of war was employed as drill officer at Rockford and vicinity; enlisted, August, 1862, in 74th Regt. I. V. I.; served two years; was engaged in battle of Perrysville and several other hard fought battles and skirmishes; exposures of camp life produced disease of the lungs, endangering his life; lost one lung entirely; was discharged for disability, and is now a pensioner; has held office of Town Collector two terms, and Deputy Sheriff one; is an Ancient Odd-Fellow; Democrat; Methodist; married Mary E. Kettlewell, April 13, 1870; she was born in Canada, Dec. 27, 1846; have one child, Hallie Pauline, born June 5, 1871.

McDonald David, farmer; Sec. 34.

McDonald Jas. rents farm; Sec. 33.

McDonald Wm. farmer; Sec. 8.

McGraham Jas. farmer; Sec. 17.

MCLEAN LAUHLIN, Retired; born in the town of Caledonia, Livingston Co., N. Y., Jan. 7, 1817; came to this Co. in 1859; married Miss Hannah Kelley; she was born in Ireland; they were married in 1846; in the fall of 1861 he enlisted and went into the army and served until the close of the war; acted as Orderly two years; he served six months in the 8th Ill. Cav.; he then enlisted in the 65th I. V. I., and acted as Sergt. two years; the balance of the time was in the medical depart-

ROCKFORD TOWNSHIP.

ment, looking after the sick and wounded; has one son and four daughters, Mary J., Sarah, Frances M., Hannah, and Edward.

Mackey James, farmer; Sec. 17.

Maher Jas. rents farm; Sec. 16.

Millard Merritt, farmer; Sec. 17.

Milligan Wm. farmer; Sec. 30.

MINARD EDWARD W. Farmer; Sec. 1; born in Vermont, Feb. 18, 1836; came to this Co. in March, 1857; married twice; his first wife, Mary L. Adams, died in 1868, leaving four children, Lester, Ellis, Burnside, and Mary; second wife was Frances McKinley, married in 1871, at Rockford, where she was born; three children by this marriage: Nellie, born in 1872; Jessie, 1874; Blanch, 1875; owns 200 acres of rich, mostly river bottom, land, valued at \$16,000; Republican; Methodist; holds office of School Director.

Minnick A. P. patent churn; Sec. 15.

Minot Wallard, painter; Sec. 35.

Morey Benj. rents farm; Sec. 1.

Morrissey P. farmer; Sec. 17.

O'CONNOR PATRICK, farmer; Sec. 5.

Odgers Jos. farmer; Sec. 25.

PARK JOSHUA, farmer; Sec. 1.

Patterson Alex. farmer; Sec. 6.

Patterson Alex., Jr., farmer.

PELLEY MRS. AMY, Widow of John Pelley; Farming; Secs. 9 and 16; owns 140 acres, valued at \$9,000; he was born in England, April 5, 1810; came to America when a young man; married in November, 1832, in Canada; came to this Co. in 1838; lived on Deacon Corey's farm until 1848, when they bought the farm now occupied by the widow; they have five children: Orrin, born in 1832; Sarah, in 1839, now Mrs. J. Ryan; John T., 1846; Wm. F., 1850; Mary Emma, 1852, now Mrs. Albert Wheat; Mr. Pelley was School Director a few years; both members of First Baptist Church.

Pepper C. B. farmer; Sec. 36.

PIERPONT MRS. J. G. Farming; Sec. 20; owns 237 acres land, valued at \$20,000; is widow of Guy Pierpont; came to this Co. in 1857; Mrs. P. was born April 6, 1820, in Connecticut; has three children: Elenor J., born Feb. 1, 1849, now Mrs. St. Johns; Theron G., April 31, 1851; Watson T., Feb. 11, 1855; all members of the Congregational Church.

PORTER JAMES, Farmer; Sec. 6; owns 145 acres land, valued at \$10,000; born in Scotland, April 24, 1817; came to this Co. June 12, 1843; married Barbara Kirton, Sept. 30, 1843, in Chicago, she was born in Scotland, in 1817; two children.

James, born July, 1855, and Margarette, Sept., 1858; she married John McGee, of Iowa; Mr. P. is a Republican and a Presbyterian.

Preston Elbert, farmer.

Puddicombe Jno. rents farm; Sec. 18.

RAND CHAS. E. farmer; Sec. 15.

Rand Chas. L. farmer.

Redington D. B. farm; Sec. 8.

Redington H. P. farmer; Sec. 14.

Redington Jno. rents farm; Sec. 31.

Recker J. farmer; Sec. 8.

Rockwell Jos. farmer; Sec. 7.

Rose B. A. farmer; Sec. 28.

Rose E. S. farmer; Sec. 35.

Rose Wm. W. farmer; Sec. 35.

Rowley Jno. D. farmer; Sec. 14.

Rudd T. J. farmer; Sec. 18.

SAFFORD DARIUS, farmer; Sec. 7.

SEARLES JOHN, Farmer; Sec. 15; owns 100 acres land, valued at \$9,000; born in England, Aug. 15, 1827; came to Canada in 1848; lived in Michigan awhile; was in Southern States one winter; finally settled in this Co. in 1850; maiden name of wife was Maria Wilcox; born in England, in 1829; they were married in 1852; have no children; Mr. S. is a carpenter and builder by trade.

Searles Walter, Sec. 15.

Shepherd Reason, farmer; Sec. 8.

Simmons Wm. G. farmer; Sec. 11.

SIMPSON MRS. REBECCA, Farming; Sec. 6; widow of Peter Simpson; he was born in Scotland in 1812; came to Canada in 1823; to this Co. in 1828; married twice; first wife was Henrietta Curry, born in Scotland; died in 1850; they had seven children; two living: Robert and Susan; Mrs. Rebecca Simpson was born Dec. 17, 1832, and has two children: Charles K., born Dec. 24, 1852; Clara, Aug. 7, 1855; Mr. Simpson was in the army; served in Co. C, 15th I. V. I.

SIMPSON ROBERT, Farmer; Secs. 5 and 8; born in Canada, March 16, 1836; came to this Co. in 1839; married twice; first wife was Eliza Davis; died in Oct., 1872; second wife was Catherine Spottwood; married Nov. 26, 1873; she was born in Canada, March 17, 1848; two children: Effie, by first wife, born in Oct., 1869, and Mary Henrietta, by second wife, born March 25, 1877; School Director several years; Christian Union Church; Commissioner of Highways, served in 74th Regt. I. V. I.; with Sherman in his march to the Sea; discharged Aug. 10, 1865.

SKEED THOMAS, Farmer; Sec. 8; owns 160 acres land, valued at \$15,000;

WINNEBAGO COUNTY DIRECTORY:

Republican; has held offices of School Director and Path Master; was born in Truro Tp., Nova Scotia, Nov. 27, 1807; came to this Co. Sept. 18, 1848; not finding location of land and prices satisfactory, he went to Wisconsin, where he stayed a year; learning that the land reserved in this Co. for half-breed Indians, was soon to be on the market, he returned and pre-empted the land he now occupies, paying only \$1.25 per acre; maiden name of wife was Elvira Pennook; married Sept. 4, 1836; she was born in York, N. Y., Nov. 6, 1814; three children: Elizabeth S. (now widow Crawley), William H., Judson D.; William enlisted in the first company that went from Rockford.

Skinner E. H. prop. Highland Nurseries.

Sluyter Jonathan, farmer; Sec. 16.

Smith Gilford, renter; Sec. 10.

SMITH MRS. ISABELLA, Farming; Sec. 17; owns 245 acres, value \$15,000; Member Episcopal Church; born in England in 1827; married Thomas Smith in 1848; came to Lockport, N. Y., in 1852; he died in Oct., 1855; she came to this Co. in 1857; has five children: Dorothy, James C., Mary, Thomas and William.

SMITH PLIN, Farmer; Sec. 20; owns 185 acres land, valued at \$10,000; born in Vermont, March 14, 1823; came to this Co. in 1844; married Juliet T. Campbell, April 9, 1844; she was born in Vermont, Oct. 25, 1825; four children: Melvin A., born Nov. 1, 1845; Hattie A., Oct. 21, 1850; Geo. E., Oct. 1, 1856; Juliet A., Aug. 27, 1866; Hattie is married to M. J. Clark; Mr. Smith is a Republican and Methodist.

Smith Melvin, farmer; Sec. 8.

STEBBINS AUBORA, Farming; Sec. 21; owns 80 acres, value \$3,000; born Aug. 19, 1835, in La Porte Co., Ind.; married Geo. Stebbins, Dec. 19, 1858; four children: Carry J., born Sept. 10, 1865, died June 9, 1869; Corie L., Oct. 17, 1858; Charlie C., June 6, 1858; Carlyle E., Nov. 10, 1862; members Methodist Church.

STEVENS GEORGE C. Fruit Farming; Sec. 21; owns 15½ acres land,

value \$8,500; born in Allegany Co., N. Y., Nov. 8, 1836; came to this Co. in 1869; married Harriet Truesdell, Dec. 9, 1839; she was born in Mich., May 18, 1843; three children: Fred H., born Sept. 30, 1870; Floy L., Dec. 19, 1871; Rena M., Oct. 10, 1876; School Director six years; served in Co. C., 22d I. V. I.; Republican.

STILES RICHARD S. Farmer; Sec. 19; owns 200 acres land, valued at \$16,000; born in N. H., Aug. 15, 1811; came to this Co. March 29, 1837; married Sarah Stillson, Dec. 10, 1846; she was born in Lobo, Canada, in 1822; five children: John A., born Aug. 26, 1851; Lucy A., Aug. 19, 1853; Richard L., April 18, 1856; Luther A., Aug. 17, 1858; Amos D., June 17, 1861; lost two daughters; is a Republican and member Congregational Church.

SWAN ELIZA L. Farming; Sec. 18; widow of Philander Swan, who died Feb. 26, 1869, aged 71 years; they came to this Co. in 1856; no children; Universalist.

T HAYER HERMAN, farmer; Sec. 7.

THOMAS ALBERT S. Manufacturer and Dealer in Neatsfoot Oil and Bones and Fertilizers; Sec. 34; born in Genesee Co., N. Y., in 1834; came to this Co. in 1876, after living a few years in Ft. Atkinson, Wis.; married Hatty S. Sears in 1859; she was born in Waterloo, N. Y., in 1835; four children: Luther S., Gertie M., Mabel, Nelson A.

Tillmew Jno. rents farm; Sec. 35.

WAGNER FRANK, Sec. 14.

Walling Jno. laborer; Sec. 10.

Waxham Jas. farmer; Sec. 5.

Weaver Charles, Sec. 35.

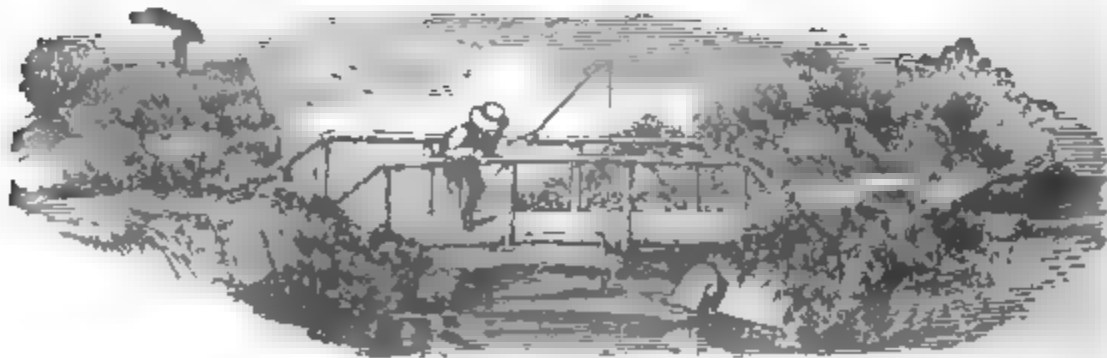
Welty Calvin, Sec. 25.

Williamson Geo. W., Sec. 17.

Wing L. J. farmer; Sec. 20.

Woodruff C. H. farmer; Sec. 10.

Woodruff Jno. H. farmer; Sec. 10.



CHERRY VALLEY TOWNSHIP.

ADAMS EDWARD, SR., Farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Adams F. renter; S. 10; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Adams Phillip, laborer; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Adams William, painter; Cherry Valley.

Ager Luke, farm; S. 27; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Akeely N. N. carpenter; Cherry Valley.

Anderson Frank.

Andrus Henry, farmer; Sec. 3; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Aney D. renter; Sec. 10; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Aney G. renter; Sec. 10; P.O. Cherry Valley.

BAIRD E. G. farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Bander L. farm; Sec. 2; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Bangston John, laborer; Cherry Valley.

BARNUM D. H. Farmer; Sec. 5; P.O. Rockford; was born in Fairfield Co., Conn., town of Danbury, on Feb. 12, 1816; came to this Co. in June, 1838, and is one of the oldest settlers; no children; wife was Miss Hattie, daughter of Dr. J. C. Goodhue, one of the first physicians of Rockford; she was born in Chicago, May 1st, 1840; married Feb. 22, 1870; has 163 acres valued at \$8,150.

Barton B. farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Rockford.

Baxter John.

BEAMER ALVA, Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Cherry Valley; was born in Stuben Co., N. Y., May 7, 1830; came to Belvidere with his parents in the spring of 1838; remained in Boone Co. 19 years and then came and has remained here ever since; has 82 acres valued at \$4,100; married Miss Clarinda Doolittle; she was born in this Co. Oct. 16, 1841; they were married Jan. 22, 1863; has three children, Minnie L., Ettie M., and Herbert E.

Beckett W. farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Rockford.

BELLMYER E. T. Physician and Surgeon; Cherry Valley; was born in Union Town, Carroll Co., Md., July 8, 1831; commenced the study of medicine under Dr. Leroy Swormsted, of Westminster, Md.; he graduated at the Physio-Medical Institute, of Cincinnati, in 1855; and commenced practice in Aug. the same year in this Co.; he married Miss Mary Mettler; she was born in Endfield, Thompkins Co., N.Y., March 26, 1829; she came to the Co. in the fall of 1840; they were married June 2, 1858.

Beevins James.

Bennet O. farm; Sec. 8; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Biggers S. M. farm; Sec. 6; P. O. Rockford.

BOWER A. C. Farmer and Stock Dealer; Sec. 25; P. O. Cherry Valley; was born in

Weitenburg, Germany, Dec. 5, 1835; left there when past 17 years of age and came to the U. S., and to N. J., and located near Newark; remained there 3 years and then came to Ill., and to this Co. in 1858; owns 420 acres, valued at \$16,800; he married Miss Sarah Shetter; she was born in Yorktown, Pa., March 21, 1836; they were married in Sept. 1861; have three children, Lizzie, Eugene and Ophelia.

Brady J. farmer; Sec. 17; P.O. New Milford.

Bradt John, broom-maker; Cherry Valley.

Brown A. S. farm; S. 20; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Brown C. W. farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Brown Fletcher, works for J. Brown; Sec. 11; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Brown F. laborer; S. 16; P.O. Cherry Valley.

BROWN G. W. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 26; P. O. Cherry Valley; was born in this Co. March 6, 1838; his father, Jacob, settled in this Co. in Aug., 1835, and was one of the first settlers; he died in June, 1868; Mr. B. owns 400 acres, valued at \$20,000; he married Miss Marie Gouchenour; she was born in Noble Co., O., May 2, 1840; they were married June 19, 1866; has two sons and two daughters; Clarence born May 11, '67; Florence born Sept. 7, '70; Arthur born Jan. 15, '65; baby not named, born Aug. 27, '77.

BROWN JOHN, Farmer and Stock Dealer; P. O. Cherry Valley; was born in Morgan Co., O., Sept. 11, 1832; came to Winnebago Co. with his parents in 1836, and is one of the earliest settlers of this Co. now living; he owns in Winnebago and Boone counties 1,000 acres land, valued at \$60,000; raises 350 acres and upwards of broom corn annually; owns 172 acres in Buena Vista Co., Ia.; deals largely in cattle, and has 350 head on his western farm and 100 head here and 40 head horses, and has the largest and best arranged barn in the State; married Miss H. M. Packard, of Mass.; they have 7 children, five sons and two daughters, Annie, now Mrs. Kaymond Rowley, John, Lina, Richard, Ellsworth, Scott, and Major.

BROWN MICHAEL, Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 20; P.O. Cherry Valley; was born in Morgan Co., O., Sept. 9, 1830; came to this Co. in Aug. 1836, and is one of the first settlers; has 134 acres, valued at \$8,710; he married Miss Nancy Frick; she was born in Erie Co., N. Y., May 6, 1831; she came to the Co. in 1840; they were married March 6, 1853; she died July 31, 1875; has two sons, Albert S. and Chas. W.

Brown R. R. farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Rockford.

BUCHAN MRS. SUSANNAH J.

Farming; Sec. 6; P. O. Rockford; daughter of Harley Stilson, born near Hartford, Conn., Jan. 17, 1800; he came this Co. and to Rockford in April, 1844, and was one of the oldest settlers; he died March 17, 1874, on his farm in Rockford township; Retta Burton, her mother, was born Feb. 13, 1803, in Sullivan Co., N. Y.; she died April 10, 1876, at their home in Rockford township; Mr. S. was a carpenter by trade; he helped build the first bridge in this Co. across Rock River, also helped build the first Court House; he left a family of two daughters and one son; Mrs. Buchan, born in Broome Co., N. Y., Sept. 3d, 1825; Nathaniel L., born in Broome Co., N. Y., March 19, 1832; Lucy L., now Mrs. Q. H. F. Burt, born in Lanesborough, Pa., June 14, 1837; he lost one son, Christopher; he died at his father's home, Feb. 27, 1852, was born in Broome Co., N. Y., Nov. 8, 1834; Mrs. B. has 177 acres, valued at \$12,390.

Buchan W. P. farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Rockford.

Buck P. renter; Sec. 1; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Burk Luke, blacksmith; Cherry Valley.

CANNELL R. T. hardware merchant; Cherry Valley.

Carlson John, shoemaker; Cherry Valley.

CARMICHAEL H. W. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 18; P. O. New Milford; was born in New Milford township, this Co. July 13, 1845; his father, J. P., came to this Co. in 1838; he married Miss Lyda Carpenter; she was born near Oswego, N. Y., March 6, 1851; they were married Dec. 14, 1870; have one son and one daughter, Edith M. and Leroy C.; owns 280 acres valued at \$14,000.

Carr George, shoemaker; Cherry Valley.

CASE AMON, Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 13; P. O. Cherry Valley; was born in the town of Hoosick, Rensselaer Co., N. Y., Oct. 8, 1816; located in this Co. in June 1846; owns in this Co. and Boone about 2,500 acres, valued at \$75,000; Mr. C. is one of the most extensive farmers in Northern Ills.; he married Miss Mary J. Lamb; she was born in Pittstown, Rensselaer Co., N. Y., Feb. 22, 1825; they were married June 21, 1846; have two sons and one daughter, Chas. C., David L. and Sarah E.

Case M., farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Rockford.

CASSIDY MOSES, Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 35; P. O. Cherry Valley; was born in the Co. of Donegal, Ireland, in 1847; left there and came to the U. S. and to this Co. in 1862, owns 200 acres valued at \$10,000; he married Miss Sarah Graham; she was born in the Co. Antrim, Ireland, June 4, 1853; they were married Dec. 20, 1870; have four children, three sons and one daughter; Samuel, born Sept. 24,

1867; Henry, born Aug. 31, 1869; Emogene, born April 14, 1873; Wm. H., born Oct. 29, 1876.

Castelo D. farm; Sec. 16; P. O. New Milford.

Chamberlin A. A. Justice of the Peace; Cherry Valley.

Chamberlin D. A. livery, and insurance agent; Cherry Valley.

Chase H. B. farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Clark E. laborer; Cherry Valley.

Clark J. farm; Sec. 34; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Clark John, farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Clark Joseph, insurance agt.; Cherry Valley.

Clark P. renter; S. 35; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Cleveland F. L. farm; S. 27; P. O. Rockford.

CLEVELAND GEO. C. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 27; P. O. Rockford; was born in Washington Co., N. Y., July 27, 1818; he came to this Co. in July, 1843; owns 254 acres valued at \$15,240; has been married twice; married Miss Elvira J. Clark; she was born in Manchester, Bennington Co., Vt., Feb. 23, 1820; they were married Jan. 18, 1843; she died Oct. 25, 1849; he married again to Pamela Lewis; she was born in Orangeville, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Dec. 7, 1823; they were married Oct. 1, 1851; has one son by first marriage, three sons and one daughter by second; Geo. C., Jr., Frank L., Edward W., Willis P., and Carrie E.; was School Treasurer 14 years; Assessor 3 years, and Commissioner of Highways about 5 years.

Cling Wm. laborer; Cherry Valley.

Colwell Benj. pedler; Cherry Valley.

Compton H. broom-maker; Cherry Valley.

Compton J. H. dealer in agricultural implements; Rockford.

CONKLIN GEO. Carriage Making and Painting; Cherry Valley; was born in Tioga Co. N. Y.; he came to this Co. in Sept. 1825; he married Miss Amanda Shelton; she was born in Guilford, N. Y., Dec. 12, 1835; they were married Sept. 24, 1854; have seven children, Isabel, Emma H., Mary K., Geo. F., Chas. E., Maynard W., and Asa F.

CONKLIN JAMES, Farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. New Milford; was born in Washington Co., N. Y., June 14, 1823; came to this Co. in Oct. 1860; owns 95 acres valued at \$4,750; he married Miss Teresa Martin; she was born in Oneida Co., N. Y., July 14, 1826; they were married in Feb. 1845; have two sons and eight daughters living; lost two sons and two daughters, Helen, Emma, Laura, Melva, Cora, Kate, Lulu, Capitola, Martha and Clara; Fred, Oscar, George and John deceased.

Conklin J. wagon-maker; Cherry Valley.

CHERRY VALLEY TOWNSHIP.

Craig G. A. R. R. laborer; Cherry Valley.
 Craig Wm. station agent; Cherry Valley.
 Cramer Geo. broom-maker; Cherry Valley.
 Crandall W. H. carpenter; Cherry Valley.
 Crawford A. J. farm; Sec. 5; P.O. Rockford.
 Crisp Wm. insurance agent; Cherry Valley.
 Crosby Sidney, carpenter; Cherry Valley.
 Cross H. E. Baptist minister; Cherry Valley.

DALE A. A. painter; Cherry Valley.

DANNENBERG CHAS. A.
 Farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Rockford; was born in Germany, Aug. 8, 1828; came to the U. S. in 1854, and to this Co. in 1855; he married Miss Daugherty Chear; she was born in Germany, Oct. 24, 1828; they were married, June 24, 1854; she died July 16, 1874; has three sons and one daughter, Chas. F., Frances A., Albert and Wm. H.; owns 98 acres valued at \$4,900.

Davis G. W. farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Rockford.

DAWSON MRS. CORNELIA,
 Farming; Sec. 27; P. O. Cherry Valley; widow of Robert Dawson: he was born in Toronto, Canada, Nov. 17, 1819; he came to this Co. in 1846; Mrs. D's maiden name was Dewitt; she was born in Herkimer Co., N. Y., May 16, 1821; they were married May 1, 1843, in Twinsburg, O.; he died Aug. 2, 1856; left a family of one son and one daughter, Trocelia M., now Mrs. Calvin Welty, living in Rockford; James, who was killed in the late rebellion on the gunboat Hastings; she was married again to Saml. Kyes, Dec. 13, 1859; he was born in Avon, O., June 14, 1833; she has 100 acres valued at \$7,000.

Dean J. J. farm; Sec. 34; P.O. New Milford.

Dean T. farmer; Sec. 29; P.O. New Milford.

DeGraff A. F. carpenter; Cherry Valley.

Dewan James, salesman; Cherry Valley.

DOLAN MICHAEL, Farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Cherry Valley; was born in the Co. Galway, Ireland, in 1827; came to the U. S. and to this Co. in 1855; owns 200 acres valued at \$10,000; he married Miss Mary Dowd; she was born in the same place in 1822; they were married in 1847; have three sons and four daughters, Patrick, Thomas, James, Bridget, Annie, Mary E., and Aveline.

Dolan Pat. renter; S. 33; P.O. New Milford.

Dolin M. farm; Sec. 22; P.O. Cherry Valley.

DOTY L. W. Proprietor Valley House; Cherry Valley; was born in Tioga Co., O., Aug. 9, 1825; came to this Co. in 1857; have seven children, R. B., Chas. E., Bertha, Hattie, Lewis, Oscar, and Jessie; wife was Miss Emeline Blakley; she was born in Ashtabula Co., O.; served 3 years in the late rebellion; was 1st Lieutenant of Co. G, 46th Regiment of Wis. Vol.

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children, Frank, Ida, Emma, John, Charles, Henry, William, Rachael and Benj.

Flyn J. K. harness-maker; Cherry Valley.

Flynn Thos. laborer; Cherry Valley.

Fossitt Frank, farmer; Cherry Valley.

FOWLER GEO. Farmer; Sec. 2, P. O. Cherry Valley; was born in Westfield, Mass., May 11, 1825; located in this Co. in the fall of 1840, and is one of the oldest settlers; owns 90 acres valued at \$4,500; married Mrs. Elizabeth E. Patten, widow of Samuel; she was born in the town of Homer, Cayuga Co., N. Y., July 27, 1830; they were married Feb. 15, 1855; they have six children, two sons and four daughters, Emma, George, Estella, Edgar, Annie and Ida; Mrs. F. has two sons by former marriage, Berdett E. and Frank; Mr. F. has 320 acres in Pottawattomie Co., Kansas.

Frich B. M. farm; S. 16; P. O. Cherry Valley.

GARRETT W. D. farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. New Milford.

Gibbus Barney, farmer; Cherry Valley.

Gibbus John, Town Clerk; Cherry Valley.

Goble H. farm; Sec. 15; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Goble Wm. laborer; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Gouchenour J. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Govern J. farm; S. 33; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Govern J. W. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Cherry Valley.

GOVERN PATRICK, Farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Cherry Valley; was born in Ireland in 1823; left there and came to the U. S. in 1853, and to this Co. in 1857; owns 320 acres valued at \$16,000; he married Miss Mary Turley; she was born in Ireland in 1825; they were married in 1851; have three sons and two daughters, John, Michael, Peter, Mary and Julia A.

Gunsolus Chauncey, farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. New Milford.

GUNSOLUS MRS. SOPHIA, Farming; Sec. 17; P. O. New Milford; widow of James S.; he was born in Cayuga Co., N. Y., Sept. 17, 1810; he came to this Co. and settled on the place where they now live in the spring of 1835, and was the first settler in Cherry Valley township; he died July 17, 1872; Mrs. G's maiden name was Babcock; she was born in Oswego, N. Y., Jan. 12, 1816; they were married June 19, 1834; he left an estate of 145 acres valued at \$7,250; he served all through the Black Hawk War, and was Justice of the Peace in this town 11 years; left family six sons and three daughters, Caroline, Jeanette, Isaiah, Chauncey, John T., James H., Sarah L., Andes, and Alson (deceased); Alson was killed at the Camee Agency while fighting the Indians; he belonged to Howard Command, Co. I 21st Infantry.

HALEY JOHN, warehouse man; Cherry Valley.

Hammond Richard, farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Haselo F. farm; Sec. 9; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Hawks E. R. pedler; Cherry Valley.

Henderson Chas. H. renter; Sec. 22; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Henderson J. H. farm; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Hendrickson G. S. farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Henry Geo., Sr. blacksmith; Cherry Valley.

Henry Geo. blacksmith; Cherry Valley.

Herrick Ed. farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Rockford.

HESTED JAMES, Farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. New Milford; was born in Kent, England, Oct. 9, 1825; came to the U. S. with his parents when five years of age; came to this Co. 22 years ago and has remained here ever since; owns 160 acres valued at \$8,000; he married Miss Mary J. Baltozer; she was born in Penn. in May, 1835; they were married in January, 1861; have four children, William E., Minnie E., Harriet B., and Eddie J.

Holdridge Frank, farm; S. 7; P. O. Rockford.

Holmes Chas. renter; Sec. 26; P. O. Cherry Valley.

HORTON LEVI D. Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. New Milford; was born in Tompkins Co., N. Y., April 22, 1811; came to this Co. in July, 1844; owns 160 acres valued at \$8,000; he married Miss Susan Polhamus; she was born in Orange Co., N. Y., Feb. 18, 1813; they were married July 12, 1834; have five children, one son and four daughters, Annie R., Ruth A., Phoebe J., George, Clara, Eva L.

Houge Martin, broom-maker; Cherry Valley.

HOVEY B. B. Merchant; Cherry Valley; born in Washington Co., O., Jan. 16, 1825; came to this Co. in April, 1856; have family eight daughters and one son, Edwin H., Mary F., Minnie F., Josephine L., Esther C., Nellie H., Clara S. and Nina B.; wife was Miss Elizabeth Farley; she was born in Morgan Co., O., April 1, 1832; they were married Dec. 25, 1850; is Notary Public, and was Overseer of the Poor about 4 years.

Howdershell Jacob, farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Howdershell Jesse, farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Howe E. W. farmer; Cherry Valley.

Howe Wilson, speculator; Cherry Valley.

HUSSEY D. J. Physician and Surgeon; Cherry Valley.

HYLAND EDWARD, Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Cherry Valley; was born in Ireland 16, 1827; came to the U. S. in June 1853, and to this Co. in 1855; owns 123 1/2 acres valued at \$6,150; he married Miss

Rosa Burns; she was born in Ireland in 1837; they were married Jan. 23, 1858; have three sons and three daughters, Edward, Arthur, Mary A., Kate, Rosa and Charles.

Hyland J. renter; S. 11; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Hyland T. renter; S. 11; P.O. Cherry Valley.

IRELAND JAMES, renter; Sec. 11; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Ireland T. renter; Sec. 11; P.O. Cherry Valley.

JOHNSON ANDREW, shoemaker; Cherry Valley.

Johnson A. farm; S. 9; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Johnson J. farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Rockford.

Jones C. A. farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Rockford.

JONES JOHN E. Farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Rockford; was born in Glessenburg, Conn., June 12, 1813; came to this Co. in Dec. 1866; has 84 acres valued at \$5,880; he married Miss Roxanna Barber; she was born in the town of Maryland, Otsego Co., N. Y., July 17, 1815; they were married in Sept. 1832; have five children, two sons and three daughters, Ruth C., Mary, Chas. A., Joseph H., and Eunice.

KANE THOMAS, laborer; Cherry Valley.

Keep C. A. stone mason; Cherry Valley.

KEITH WESLEY, Merchant; Cherry Valley; was born in Flora township, Boone Co., Ill., Jan. 23, 1856; has been in the mercantile business here for two years; not married; owns 160 acres on Sec. 20, Flora township, Boone Co., valued at \$12,000.

Kennedy T. farm; S. 17; P.O. New Milford.

Kelner Amos, painter; Cherry Valley.

Kettle A. rents; Sec. 11; P.O. Cherry Valley.

KING OSCAR, Druggist; Cherry Valley; was born in Broome Co. N. Y., March 9, 1832; came to the Co. in 1854; have two children, Arthur H., and Lizzie B.; wife was Miss Annie E. Swits; she born in Schenectady, N. Y., March 2, 1852; they were married Oct. 22, 1873; he served about seven months in the late rebellion in Co. C, 15th I. V. I.

Knighton John, farm; Sec. 27; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Knop H. farm; Sec. 13; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Koho Wm. laborer; Cherry Valley.

Kyes S. farm; Sec. 27; P. O. Cherry Valley.

LACE T. C. renter; Sec. 28; P. O. New Milford.

Lamb C. C. shoemaker; Cherry Valley.

Lance John, shoemaker; Cherry Valley.

Landers Wm. harness-maker; Cherry Valley.

Lawrence Henry, farmer; Cherry Valley.

Lawrence M. J. laborer; Cherry Valley.

LEE T. M. Lumber dealer; Cherry Valley; was born in Flora township, Boone Co., Ill., Sept. 6, 1844; has lived in Cherry Valley 6 years; he married Mrs. Susan Howe, widow of M. M. Howe; she was born in Warsaw, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Aug. 22, 1845; they were married Nov. 27, 1875; no family; Mrs. L. has one son and one daughter by her former marriage, Fannie M., and Frank W.; Mr. L. is Township Treasurer.

Leggett A. P. broom manf.; Cherry Valley.

Livingston Thos. laborer; Cherry Valley.

Lowery Elias, blacksmith; Cherry Valley.

Lyons Peter, laborer; Cherry Valley.

MCGINLEY CHARLES, laborer; Cherry Valley.

McKee John, merchant; Cherry Valley.

McKEE J. N. Merchant; Cherry Valley; was born in Blair Co., Penn., Feb. 9, 1837; he came to Flora township, Boone Co., Ill., in 1846; he came to Cherry Valley in 1861, and two years later started business, dealing in dry goods, groceries, hats, caps, etc., of which he now keeps a full assortment; he married Miss Louise, daughter of Rufus C. Potter; she was born in Lapeer Co., Mich., May 20, 1845; they were married Dec. 20, 1865; have two children, Frank, born Nov. 4, 1866; Mabel, born Feb. 3, 1874.

McKee Thos. carpenter; Cherry Valley.

McMAN PETER, Farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Cherry Valley; was born in the Co. of Armaugh, Ireland, in 1817; left there when 16 years of age and went to Orange Co., N. Y.; came to this Co. in the fall of 1854; has 80 acres, valued at \$4,000; he married Miss Anne Welch; she was born in the Co. Longford, Ireland; they were married April 26, 1860; have one daughter, Rosanna; she was born Dec. 4, 1863.

MACKAY C. H. Proprietor, Meat Market; Cherry Valley; was born in Washington Co., O., Nov. 17, 1848; came to the Co. in 1864; he married Miss Laura Griswold; she was born in Madison Co., N. Y., March 20, 1853; they were married March 20, 1871; they have one daughter, Elvira M.; she was born June 23, 1877.

MACKAY HUGH, Farmer and Stock Dealer; Sec. 1; P.O. Cherry Valley; was born in Washington Co., Penn., May 1, 1822; located in this Co. Sept. 7, 1865; owns in Winnebago and Boone counties 940 acres valued at \$65,800; he raises 350 acres, and upwards, of broom corn, annually; deals largely in cattle, and has some very fine Durham stock; he married Miss Eliza L. Adams, from Delaware; she was born July 1, 1822; they were married July 3, 1845; was Supervisor two terms, and School Director nine years;

they have five children, one son and four daughters, Mary E., now Mrs. Dr. D. J. Hussey; Sarah L., now Mrs. Charles E. Fuller; Florence, now Mrs. George W. Priest; Emma J. and William Wallace.

Mackey J. B. farmer; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Madigen T. farm; S. 2; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Malvern M. farm; S. 23; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Medin John, laborer; Cherry Valley.

MESICK D. P. Farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Rockford; born in Athens, N. Y., Jan. 2, 1824; came to this Co. Dec. 16, 1854; has 93 acres, valued at \$4,900; no children: wife was Miss Susan Crane; she was born in Clinton Co., N. Y., Feb. 25, 1829; they married Oct. 5, 1861; Mr. M. has followed the Carpenter and Joiner business from the time he was 17 years old till 1871, and then moved on his farm where he now lives.

Miller Jno. farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Rockford.

Mulford Edw. grain buyer; Cherry Valley.

Mulford J. farm: Sec. 3; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Murphy D. rents farm; Sec. 14; P. O. Cherry Valley.

NOWLES C. H. physician; Cherry Valley.

OILL HERVEY, farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

OILL W. H. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford; was born in Canada, Aug. 2, 1820; came to this Co. in May, 1855; owns 160 acres, valued at \$10,400; he married Miss Hester A. Snure; she was born in Canada; no children, has five adopted children, Hervey H. Hulbert, has taken the name of Oill; Wm. and Adalaide Beckett, Harriet A. and Chas. Gipple.

PACKARD GEORGE, farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Cherry Valley.

PACKARD CHAS. Farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Cherry Valley; born in Hampshire Co., Mass., Sept. 7, 1816; came to this Co. in 1842; married Mary J. Fowler; she was born in Hatfield, Mass., Feb. 23, 1826; she came to this Co. in Sept., 1839; they were married Aug. 27, 1843; have four children, George F., Wm. H., James A., Addie L.; lost three, Chas. E., Harriet J., Lewis S.; owns 82 acres, valued at \$3,280.

Parker J. F. speculator; Cherry Valley.

Patten R. C. merchant; Cherry Valley.

PEACOCK THOMAS, Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 10; P. O. Cherry Valley; born in Lincolnshire, England, Sept. 17, 1835; left there and came to the U. S. and to this Co. in 1862; he works 308 acres; has a fine herd of Hereford cattle, all of which took the premium at the Co. Fair last fall; married Miss Jeanette Brunton, Feb. 22, 1855; she was born in

Scotland, Jan. 8, 1839; have nine children eight sons and one daughter.

Pearson J. D. farmer; Cherry Valley.

Pearson J. J. farmer; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Pearson J. J. broom manufacturer; Cherry Valley.

Peck Thos. farmer; Sec. 4; P.O. Rockford.

Pell G. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. New Milford.

Pell T., Sr., farm; S. 21; P. O. New Milford.

Pell T., Jr. farm; S. 21; P. O. New Milford.

Perry C. farm; Sec. 11; P. O. Cherry Valley.

PERRY DAVID, Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 11; P. O. Cherry Valley; born in Cayuga Co., N. Y., July 6, 1825; came to this Co. in Sept., 1851; owns 280 acres, valued at \$14,000; married Miss Charity Vanalstine; she was born in Montgomery Co., N. Y., in Jan., 1832; married in Feb., 1854; have two children, one son and one daughter, Clark and Ella F.; is Commissioner of Highways.

Perry O. farm; Sec. 10; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Peterson A. farm; S. 3; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Peterson F. laborer; Sec. 25; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Priest Chas. works for J. Brown; Sec. 12; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Pritchard M. S. carpenter; Cherry Valley.

Pritchard Myron, carpenter; Cherry Valley.

RADIGAN JOHN, laborer; Cherry Valley.

Reid C. H. painter; Cherry Valley.

Reid J. H. constable and assessor; Cherry Valley.

Reid James, laborer; Cherry Valley.

Reid Robt., Sr., laborer; Cherry Valley.

Reme Jerry, laborer; Cherry Valley.

Riddle Eugene, grain buyer; Cherry Valley.

Riddier W. O. mason; Cherry Valley.

RIVENBURGH HIRAM B. Restaurant; Cherry Valley; born in Oneida Co., N. Y., Jan. 25, 1845; came to this Co. in 1864; married Miss Addie S. Merrill, of Oneida Co., N. Y.; born in August, 1850; married in August, 1864; have four children, Eva, Irving, Edward and Faye.

Robbins Henry, laborer; Cherry Valley.

Robinson C. W. cattle buyer; Cherry Valley.

ROWLEY AARON, Farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Rockford; born in Ontario Co., N. Y., Sept. 7, 1839; came to this Co. in 1850; has 77 acres, valued at \$4,235; married Miss Elizabeth Thompson; she was born in Kalamazoo Co., Mich., May 15, 1849; married Oct. 17, 1867; have two sons and one daughter, Bertie, James and Ella May.

Rowley W. farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Rockford.

Ryerson Geo. laborer; Cherry Valley.

Ryther Dan. harness-maker; Cherry Valley.

CHERRY VALLEY TOWNSHIP.

Ryley Mich. section boss; Cherry Valley.

SAYLER J. N. farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. New Milford.

SANBORN B. S. Grain Buyer; Cherry Valley; born in Canada, Jan. 23, 1846; came to this Co. in Sept., 1865; is Supervisor; has four daughters, Jennie M., Lizzie D., Lillie E., and Grace; wife was Miss Anna Mahaffey, born in Richmond Co., Canada, June 20, 1845; married March 9, 1867.

SAYRE JAS. P. Harness-Making; Cherry Valley; born in Morris Co., N. J., June 30, 1813; left New York city Dec. 13, 1836; arrived in Chicago Dec. 23d, and to this Co. Jan. 1, 1837; is one of the oldest settlers, and helped raise the first crop that was raised on Big Bottoms, on Rock river; raised the first crop of broom corn and made the first broom ever made in Northern Illinois, in 1837; has been following his trade for the past 35 years; has one daughter, Mary A., now Mrs. Dale; wife was Eunice C. Holden; she was born in Batavia, N. Y., May 25, 1817; married May 13, 1849; has been Collector two terms, and Constable two; has lost one daughter, Clara, aged 6 years; two children, Helen M., born March 26, 1852; Clara E., Sept 26, 1854.

Schommaker Rev. A. H. Methodist Minister; Cherry Valley.

Shean S. farm; Sec. 4; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Sheehy Edw. laborer; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Shipe A. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

Shipe B. F. renter; Sec. 17; P. O. Rockford.

Shirley C. W. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Shirley S. W. farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Slater W. J. merchant; Cherry Valley.

Slater Wm. merchant; Cherry Valley.

SLATER WM. & SON, Dealers in Groceries, Crockery, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, and Notions; Cherry Valley; Wm. Slater is a native of England; he came to the U. S. and located in Rockford in 1852; they have carried on the above mentioned business in Cherry Valley since 1872.

Smith J. C. wagon-maker; Cherry Valley.

Snider Daniel, laborer; Cherry Valley.

Staff C. A. laborer; Cherry Valley.

Staff N. P. laborer; Cherry Valley.

Stackey H. M. farm; Sec. 5; P. O. Rockford.

Stigman C. farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Rockford.

Straw John, livery; Cherry Valley.

STRINGER LEWIS L. Blacksmith and Wagon-maker; Cherry Valley; born in Franklin Co., N. Y., in 1822; came to this Co. in 1851; he has been married twice; first wife was Miss Jane Seiger;

she was born in 1830; she died again to Jane Ireland; they have three children, J., Lewis A. and Stringer L. A. la Swanson C. farm Swanson John, 12; P. O. Cherry Swanson S. M. to Switts Abraham, Switz Frank, dr

TAYLOR Stock Rais Valley; born in 1817; left there 1850, and to Rock 470 acres land, ried Miss Eli; born in the same married July 2 lost three children

TERRY G. ley; born in 1830; came to the mercantile 1870; has no Martha Brown water, Oneida they were married Post-master for Thompson E. A. f Valley.

Thompson Hiram Cherry Valley.

Towson John, la

TRACY JO P. O. Rockford Co., Mich., Apr Co. in March, 1830 acres land, ried Miss Lau in Hillsdale C they were married children, one David C. and M

Turly A. farm; S

Turly J. farm; S

TURLEY Sec. 22; P. O. Roscommon, I there and came to this Co. in 1815 valued at \$9,600 Watson; she was in May, 1815; 1839; they have ter living: And Jr. and Edward

Turner E. T. farm

Turner T. farm;

Turner W. farm;

Vale Chas. laborer; Cherry Valley.

Vanburen L. M. physician; Cherry Valley.

VANDERCOOK G. M. Grain Buyer; Cherry Valley, born in Rennselaer Co., N. Y., Oct. 16, 1828; came to this Co. in the fall of 1848; is one of the oldest settlers; he married Miss Harriet E. Hillard; she was born in Ohio; have seven children: Emma, Ella and Frank (twins), Carrie, Gertie, Elizabeth and Tillie.

Vincent Wesley, laborer; Cherry Valley.

WADDELL GEO. A. farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Rockford.

Waddell G. W. farm; S. 5; P. O. Rockford.

Ward Geo. J. farmer; Cherry Valley.

Ward N. S. carpenter; Sec. 16; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Whitsed Benj. farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Wilcox Simeon, laborer; Cherry Valley.

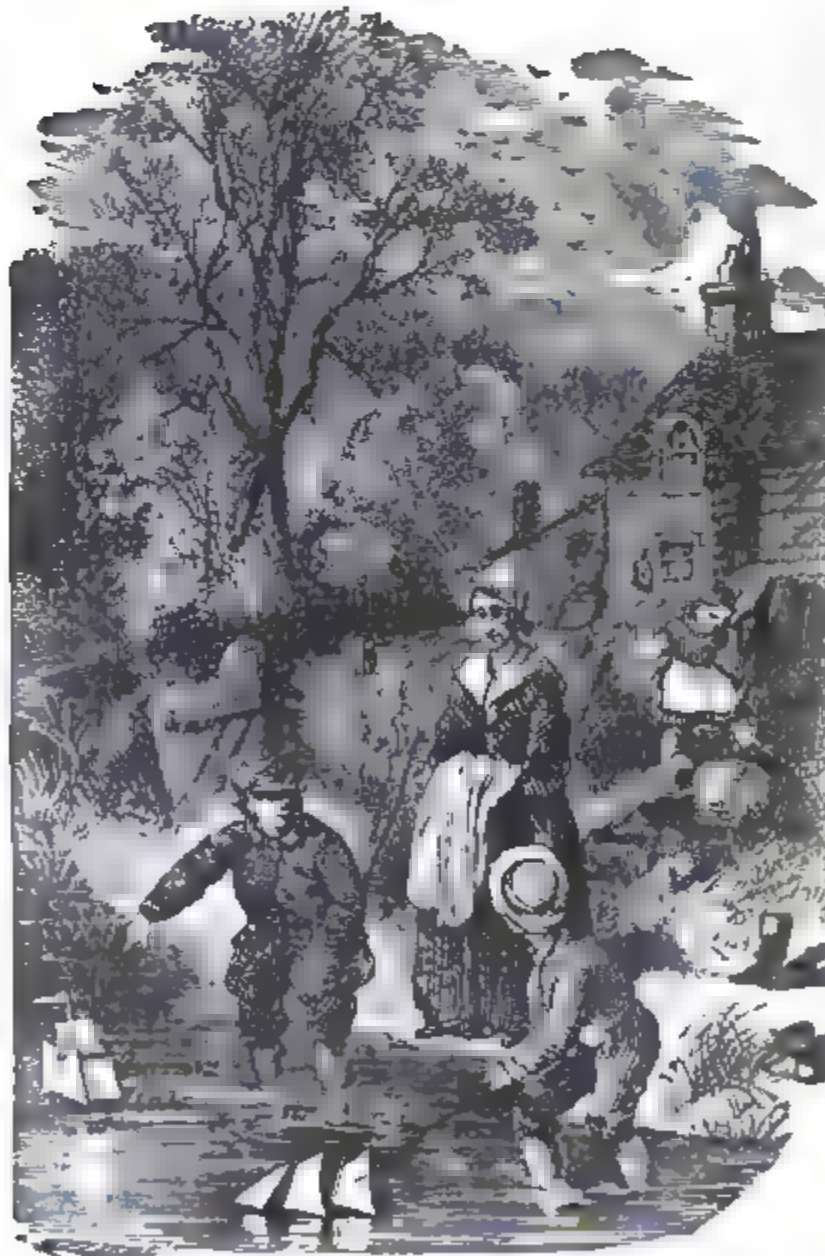
Williamson Floyd, farmer; Cherry Valley.

Williamson J. retired farmer; Cherry Valley.

Wilmot Jos. farmer; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Winstrum O. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

Wright Jerome, laborer; Cherry Valley.



1875



J. P. Jones
CHERRY VALLEY

GUILFORD TOWNSHIP.

ASHLEY ALEXANDER, carpenter; Cherry Valley.

AKERLY W. F. Farmer and Carpenter; Sec. 35; P. O. Cherry Valley; born in Delaware Co., N. Y., Sept. 12, 1832; came to this Co. in 1856; owns 125 acres, valued at \$7,500; married Miss Adeline Alexander; she was born in Otsego Co., N. Y.; married Aug. 3, 1855; have five children, Ella, Freddie, Frank, Jesse, Clark.

Alverson H. B. farmer; Sec. 23; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Andrew W. farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Harlem.

Atwood P. B. farm; Sec. 33; P. O. Rockford.

BAKER CHARLES, rents farm; Sec. 28; P. O. Rockford.

Barrows F. rents farm; S.30; P.O. Rockford.

Beckenbridge H. farm; S. 9; P.O. Rockford.

Blunk A. farmer; Sec. 18; P.O. Rockford.

Breckenbridge E. farm; S.12; P.O. Rockford.

Brown H. farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Harlem.

Brown Jas. farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Harlem.

Buckley And. farm; Sec. 29; P.O. Rockford.

Buckley E. E. farm; Sec. 29; P.O. Rockford.

CAMPBELL FRANK, laborer; P. O. Rockford.

CARMAN GEO. W. Farmer; Sec 34; P. O. Cherry Valley; born in Canada, Jan. 4, 1828; came to this Co. June 19, 1840, and is one of the oldest settlers; has 180 acres, valued at \$9,500; not married; is Overseer of the Highways.

CARMAN P. J. Farmer; Sec. 34; P.O. Cherry Valley; born in Canada, April 22, 1830; left there and came to the U. S. and to this Co. with his parents in 1840; is one of the oldest settlers; has 80 acres, valued at \$4,000; no children; wife was Mary A. Pell, born in Elgin, Kane Co., Ill, April 17, 1851; married Dec. 25, 1876; he went to California in 1850, remained there 20 years, and has been here ever since.

Carman W. farm; S. 34; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Carpenter H. H. farm; S. 6; P. O. Rockford.

Case Mahlon, laborer; P.O. Rockford.

Chamberlin D. C. farm; Sec. 26; P.O. Cherry Valley.

Chase E. W. farmer; Sec. 15; P.O. Rockford.

Chase Jno. farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford.

Clayton W. E. farm; Sec. 6; P. O. Rockford.

Clayton Wm. farmer; Sec. 6; P.O. Rockford.

Clerry Pat. farmer; Sec. 19; P.O. Rockford.

COLE C. F. Farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Rockford; born in Kirkland, Me., April 21, 1842; came to this Co. in 1855; owns 5 acres, valued at \$1,000; not married; served

three years and rebellion, in Co. D

Collins G. W. farmer

CONVERSE V
Sec. 16; P. O. Rockford
Co., Penn., Jan. 2
Co. in Oct., 1839,
settlers; married
was born in Orleans
1831; married Au
to this Co. in Jun
dren by a former
Mrs. Leonard Ma
tle; has 188 acres

Cook J. N. farmer;

Cooper J. farmer; f

CORLETT J.
Stock Raiser; S
born in the Isle
left there when fo
to Ohio with hi
mained 16 years,
1844; owns 600
has been marrie
Mary A. Vanalsti
March, 1847; she
34 years, 2 mont
again to Emma
Co., N. Y., Feb. 2
dren living; lost
daughters.

Cortell L. farmer;

Coy Jno. farmer; Se

Coy W. E. farmer; f

Coy Wm. farmer; S

Cramer C. farmer; f

Culvin J. H. rents fa
Valley.

CUMMINGS C
P. O. Rockford; 1
Dec. 28, 1832; lef
Co. in Feb., 1844;
\$7,250; married M
in Penn.; married
children, Lillie, M
ler; served 8 mor
in Co. D, 74th I. V

DAVIS J. S. farm
ford.

DAVIS D. A
Raiser; Sec. 24; F
in Canada West, 1
this Co. July 6, 18
est settlers; owns
600; has been tw
was Miss Nancy
same place; born
Nov. 24, 1850; sh
married again to
born in Unadilla,

1871; has seven children living, and lost two by first wife; Catherine E., Wm. H., Elexa J., Ella E., Susan, George, Thaddeus; Charles and John deceased.

DAVIS DANIEL H. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 11; P. O. Rockford; born in Southhold, Canada West, May 15, 1825; came to this Co. with his parents in June, 1839, and is one of the oldest settlers; has 113 $\frac{3}{4}$ acres, valued at \$8,000; married Miss Agnes G. Patterson; she was born in Scotland, Feb. 9, 1834; married Feb. 9, 1858; have six children, three sons and three daughters; Catherine J., Abram W., D. Harry, Archie A., Grace A., Susanna B.

DAVIS THADDEUS. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 24; P. O. Cherry Valley; born in Southhold, Canada West, London Dis't, June 17, 1829; came to this Co. with his parents, in June, 1839, and is one of the oldest settlers; owns 193 acres, valued at \$11,580; married Miss Mary A. McClary; she was born in Onondaga Co., N. Y., April 26, 1834; married Dec. 10, 1857; have four children, two sons and two daughters; Alma, born Sept. 21, 1861; Thaddeus G., March 15, 1863; Mary E., Sept. 23, 1869; Frank, July 10, 1871.

Davis W. H. rents farm; Sec. 13; P. O. Cherry Valley.

DOOLITTLE HARRY, Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 11; P. O. Cherry Valley; born in Erie Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1815; located in this Co. in Feb., 1836, and is one of the oldest settlers; owns 372 acres, valued at \$18,500; married Miss Catherine Stedman; she was born in Mass., June 10, 1820; married in Nov., 1838; she came to the Co. in 1837; have seven children, four sons and three daughters; Julia, P. W., Clarinda, Amzi, Edward, Elizabeth and Austin.

Doolittle P. W. farm; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford.

EASTON WILLIAM, laborer; P. O. Rockford.

FITCH J. farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Rockford.

Foote H. farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Rockford.

Forsaith Eugene; Sec. 34; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Forsaith C. farm; S. 34; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Forsaith F. P. farm; S. 34; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Fox L. farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Rockford.

GARRETT B. F. farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Rockford.

Garrett J. farm; Sec. 26; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Garrett R. farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford.

GARRETT THOS. Farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford; born in the Isle of Man, Feb. 11, 1827; came to the U. S. and to Ohio with his parents, when nine weeks of age; remained there ten years; came to Winnebago Co. in Aug., 1838, and is one of the oldest settlers; owns 100 acres, val-

ued at \$6,000; married Miss Mary A. Radcliffe; she was born in Ohio; married June 6, 1852; have one son, William N.

Garrett W. M. farm; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford.
George Edw. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Rockford.

GILBERT CHAS. E. Farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Cherry Valley; son of the late Neziah D. Gilbert, who was born in Troy, N. Y., Aug. 1, 1819; he came to the State and to Galesburg in 1837, and to this Co. in 1839, and was one of the oldest settlers; he died April 25, 1876; Mrs. Celinda Gilbert, mother of Chas., was born in Pownel, Vt., Nov. 24, 1819; she died Oct. 19, 1866; her maiden name was Jewett; they were married Feb. 27, 1850; left but one son, Charles; he owns 120 acres, valued at \$6,000.

Gleason A. C. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Gleason M. W. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Cherry Valley.

GLEASON S. W. Post-Master; Cherry Valley; born in Pownel, Bennington Co., Vt., April 20, 1823; came to this Co. in Sept., 1837, and is one of the oldest settlers; has one son, Herbert; wife was Miss Louisa Stetson; she was born in Chautauqua Co., N. Y.; married Jan. 8, 1858; has been Post Master two years.

Gorham A. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

GORHAM EDWARD, Farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford; born in N. Y., March 1, 1814; came to this Co. in May, 1837, and is one of the oldest settlers now living; owns 160 acres, valued at \$8,000; he married Miss Rhoda Marsh; she was born in Cayuga Co., N. Y., June 25, 1812; they were married Feb. 9, 1854; have five children, three sons and two daughters, living: George, Murray, Adelbert, Lucy and Mary; lost one son, Charles; killed in the late rebellion, near Atlanta; he belonged to the 74th I. V. I.

Gorham Geo. farm; Sec. 17; P. O. Rockford.

Gorham M. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

Gregory J. B. farm; Sec. 29; P. O. Rockford.

Gregory S. D. farm; Sec. 33; P. O. Rockford.

GREEN A. J. Farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford; born in Va., Aug. 7, 1735; came to this Co. in 1865; married Miss Catharine Reid; she was born in Scotland, Mch. 22, 1840; they were married Oct. 23, 1858; have three children: Maggie R., born Dec. 22, 1860; Mary E., Jan. 10, 1865; Agnes A., Sept. 14, 1872; lost two: John W., born April 1, 1864; died Aug. 12, 1871; Ida B., born Jan. 8, 1868; died Aug. 25, 1871.

HARD J. C. farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Rockford.

HARD GILES C. Farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Rockford; born in Addison Co., Vt., Sept. 30, 1813; located in this Co. in Nov., 1836, and is one of the oldest settlers now

living; owns 160 acres land, valued at \$11,200; married Harriet Clark; she was born in Orleans Co., N. Y., Dec. 29, 1817; they were married Sept. 12, 1838; have two sons and one daughter: J. C., George and Arabelle E.; was Associate Judge and Coroner of the Co., and has been Commissioner of Highways about 12 years; run the ferry across Rock river, at Rockford, about 4 years, commencing in 1839; he also opened the first mail ever received in Rockford.

Hardy D. renter; Sec. 19; P. O. Rockford.

Hardy H. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford.

Hart A. F. farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Rockford.

Hartman Robt. farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Hayes J. M. laborer; P. O. Rockford.

Hayes Wm. laborer; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford.

Hewett J. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford.

HORTON G. L. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 21; P. O. Cherry Valley; born in Charleston, Montgomery Co., N. Y., Nov. 24, 1813; came to this Co. in Nov., 1837, and is one of the oldest settlers now living; owns 125 acres land, valued at \$6,250; married Miss Jane McBride, a native of Allegheny Co., N. Y.; she was born July 17, 1811; they were married March 2, 1837; have two sons living; Ambrose A. and Robert A., both living in Iowa; lost three sons and one daughter: Mary J., Wilbur, Roger S. (killed in the late Rebellion), and Frank G.

Hunt Chas. renter; Sec. 20; P. O. Rockford.

Hunt H. farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Rockford.

Hunt Ira, farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Rockford.

Hunter D. farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford.

Hurlburt C. farmer; P. O. Rockford.

Hutchings Amasa, farmer and carpenter; Sec. 10; P. O. Rockford.

JOHNSON NORMAN, farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Rockford.

Johnson W. H.

Jones B. farm; Sec. 35; P. O. Cherry Valley.

JONES J. P. Sec. 35; P. O. Cherry Valley; born in Chester, Warren Co., N. Y., Jan. 13, 1823; he received a good common school education, at Ball's Academy, Hoosick Falls, Rennselaer Co., N. Y.; at the age of 21 he commenced the study of law; he graduated at the State and National Law School, at Ballston Spa, Saratoga Co., N. Y.; at the age of 25 he commenced the practice of law in Troy, N. Y., where he continued until the age of 32; he then went to Belvidere, Boone Co., Ill., where he bought what is called the Newburgh Farm, of 660 acres; up to five years ago he had made a specialty of stock raising and dairying; then removed to Rockford, where he followed his profession for three years, and since that time

has been engaged in Chicago; he married the daughter of Peter Newburgh, Rennselaer Co., N. Y., 1851; they have one son: J. P. B., born in 1851; now Mrs. C. H. Fisher, Ogle Co., Ill.; she

KELLY FRANK Rockford.

Kelly John, farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Rockford.

Kelly Wm. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford.

Kennedy Robt. farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Cherry Valley.

KEZAR DENNIS

24; P. O. Cherry Valley; born in Essex Co., Mass., Jan. 29, 1818; one of the oldest settlers now living; land, valued at \$4,000; twice married; first wife was she was born in 1844; she died April 1844; she married again to Amasa of Roman P.; she was born in Monroe Co., N. Y.; they were married Jan. 1844; the Co. in June, 1844; marriage; seven children; six living: Hosea B., Harriet and Helen A.; Ho

Kezar H. B. farm; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford.

KIRK J. H.

Rockford; born in Aug. 31, 1817; located in 1837, and is one of the oldest settlers now living; was Miss Marcilla in Canada, March 1837; married July 3, 1837; land, valued at \$7,000; two sons and three daughters: Ella M., Henry F. M.; is Supervisor of the town; took the U. S.

KNOUD THOMAS

P. O. Rockford; born in Donegal, Ireland, O came to New York there till 1870, and 1873 1/4 acres land, valued at \$7,000; married Miss Fanny H. in County Cavin, Ireland in 1842; have one daughter: Robert, J. Elmer E. and Catha

Korte H. farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Rockford.

Korte E. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford.

LAHEY JOHN, Rockford.

Lake J. J. farmer; P. O. Rockford.

Lake Robt. farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Cherry Valley.

LAKE THOMAS

Rockford; born in 1817; located in 1837, and is one of the oldest settlers now living; was Miss Marcilla in Canada, March 1837; married July 3, 1837; land, valued at \$7,000; two sons and three daughters: Ella M., Henry F. M.; is Supervisor of the town; took the U. S.

shire, Eng., July 4, 1806; came to the U. S. in 1832, and located in Cleveland, O.; remained there till Oct. 1, 1835, and then came to Chicago; came to Rockford March 1, 1836, and built the first house in the city; he entered 160 acres at the land sale of 1839, and now owns 288 acres, valued at \$14,400; married Miss Lavina Atkins; she was born in England, in 1806; they were married in 1831; Mr. L. and his wife are among the oldest settlers now living; have two children living, one son and one daughter: Robt. W. and Eliza J.

LAMB O. E. Farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Cherry Valley; born in Rensselaer Co., N. Y., March 12, 1817; located in this Co. in Nov., 1839, and is one of the oldest settlers; owns 90 acres land, valued at \$6,750; has been married twice; first wife was Miss Phoebe Lowry; she was born in Burlington, Vt.; they were married in June, 1841; married again, to Irene Morse; she was born in Chenango Co., N. Y., Aug. 29, 1822; married Oct. 4, 1865; have three children living; Ruth, Florence E. and Alice M.

LAPORTE O. M. Farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford; born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., April 10, 1834; came to Chicago in April, 1838, and to this Co. in 1857; owns 120 acres land, valued at \$8,400; married Miss Elizabeth F. Benjamin; she was born in Orange Co., N. Y., March 21, 1832; they were married Sept. 5, 1858.

Larkin O. A. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford.

Larson P. tenant; Sec. 30; P. O. Rockford.

McNAIR D. M. tenant; P. O. Cherry Valley.

McPhail A. farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Rockford.

McPhail A., Jr., farm; Sec. 1; P. O. Rockford.

McPhail D. farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Rockford.

MANNING JOSIAH, Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 25; P. O. Cherry Valley; born in town of Westminster, Middlesex Co., Can., April 19, 1833; located in this Co. April, 1844; owns 260 acres, valued at \$13,000; married Miss Julia A. Hale, born in New Port, Herkimer Co., N. Y., Sept. 23, 1838; they were married Oct. 24, 1858; she died Aug. 3, 1876; has one daughter, Eleanor; was Assessor two terms, and Road Commissioner a number of years.

Marsh A. A. farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Rockford

Marsh Geo. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

Marsh L. farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Rockford.

Marsh R. farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Rockford.

Marsh R. farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Rockford.

Meach S. farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Rockford.

Miners Wm. tenant; Sec. 26; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Mobarg S. laborer; P. O. Cherry Valley.

MONROE GEO. E. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 31; P. O. Rockford; born in

City of Troy, N. Y., May 15, 1831; came to this Co. in spring of 1871; wife was Miss Margaret L. Dunn, born in Nova Scotia, May 13, 1841; married in fall of 1862; has 160 acres, valued at \$14,000; have four children, three daughters and one son: Sarah J., Louisa, Charles and Gertrude.

MORTEN J. L. Farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Rockford; born in Hamilton Co., O., May 11, 1851; came to this Co. April 6, 1868; married Miss 'Ettie A. Sawtell, born in Belvidere, Boone Co., Ill., June 22, 1858; married March 13, 1878; have one son and one daughter, Florence M., Clarence Z.

Morse A. farm; S. 26; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Morse R. farm; Sec. 26; P. O. Cherry Valley.

MORSE S. M. Farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Rockford; born in Chatauqua Co., N. Y., Feb. 18, 1837; came to this State, to Kane Co., in 1840, and to this Co. in 1861; owns house and one acre, valued at \$1,000; married Miss Elizabeth I. Thoday, born in Canada, March 7, 1859; married March 14, 1877; he served three years in the late rebellion, Co. A, 74th I. V. I.; wounded four different times.

Morse Wm. farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Rockford.

Mulford C. farm; Sec. 34; P. O. Cherry Valley.

MULFORD MRS. LUCY, Farming; Sec. 33; P. O. Cherry Valley; widow of Wm. M., who was born on Long Island, June 10, 1799; he came to this Co. in 1836; was one of the first settlers; Mrs. M.'s maiden name was Stuart; born in town of Venice, Cayuga Co., N. Y., April 5, 1817; married June 6, 1841; he died March 2, 1862; left family six children, five sons and one daughter: Eli H., Edward, John H., Wm. D., Chas. L. and Mary E.; they have 640 acres, valued at \$44,800.

Mulford Wm. farm; S. 34; P. O. Cherry Valley.

NEWTON ELIAS, tenant; Sec. 3; P. O. Rockford.

Newton F. tenant; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

Noble D. D. tenant; Sec. 2; P. O. Harlem.

Noble N. D. tenant; Sec. 2; P. O. Harlem.

PADDEN JOHN, farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Rockford.

Palmer G. R. farm; Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford.

Palmer Wm. farm; Sec. 18; P. O. Rockford.

PARKER BRAY, Farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Cherry Valley; born in Canada, March 15, 1832; came to this Co. in fall of 1837, with his parents, and is one of the first settlers; has 150 acres, valued at \$7,500; has been married twice; first wife was Miss Elizabeth Kelley, born in State N. Y., married in March, 1867; she died April 26, 1872; he married again to Sarah A. McLain, born in Waukesha Co., Wis., Dec., 1850, married April 15, 1875; has one son

by first wife, William; one son and one daughter by second, George W., Frances.
 Picken C. farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Rockford.
 Picken G. farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Rockford.
 Post J. R. farm; Sec. 35; P.O.Cherry Valley.

POST NATHANIEL, Farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Cherry Valley; born in Herkimer Co., N. Y., May 21, 1810; located in this Co. June, 1839; is one of the oldest settlers; owns 193 acres, valued at \$13,510; married Miss Eliza Rich, a native of the same place, born Jan. 31, 1817; married Oct. 13, 1837; have two sons: John R., born June 1, 1842; Erwin N., Feb. 14, 1851.

Pottenger A. farm; S. 26; P.O.Cherry Valley.
 Pottenger A. farm; S. 27; P.O.Cherry Valley.
 Pottenger M. farm; S. 27; P.O.Cherry Valley.
 Pottenger W. farm; S. 27; P.O.Cherry Valley.
 Potter C. T. laborer; Cherry Valley.
 Potter J. H. farm; S. 36; P.O.Cherry, Valley.
 Poulton C. P.

POULTON T. W. Nurseryman; Sec. 36; P. O. Cherry Valley; born in Bucks Co., Pa., March 9, 1812; left there and came to this State in 1833, and has lived within one hundred miles of here ever since he located in this Co. in 1848; owns 15 acres, valued at \$5,000; married Miss Sarah E. Patterson, born in Newburgh, Orange Co., N. Y., Feb. 15, 1828; married Jan. 7, 1847; have nine children, five sons and four daughters: Maria J., Sarah E., Charles H., Henry J., Truman W., Wm. H., Ambrose F., Mary M., Florence R.

PRATT SENECA, Retired Farmer; Sec. 83; P. O. Rockford; born in Washington Co., N. Y., March 18, 1803; came to this Co. Nov. 1, 1837; is one of the oldest settlers; has been married twice; first time to Jane Woodward, born in Rensselaer Co., N. Y.; married in 1829; she died in 1831; married again to Martha Clary, born in N. H., Jan. 12, 1809; married Aug. 13, 1846; she came to this Co. in 1836; two children, Hiram and Hattie.

Pratt W. M. tenant; Sec. 27; P. O. Rockford.

PRICE DAVID, Farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford; born in Wales, May 14, 1830; came to this Co. in 1855; owns 220 acres, valued at \$11,000; married Miss Fannie Jones, born in Wales, 1830; married in 1853; have six children: Richard, Elnor, Margaret, Mary, Fannie and Frank; served 3 years in late war, in Co. D, 74th I. V. I.

Pryse D. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford.
 Pryse R. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford.
 Purdy A. farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Rockford.
 Purdy E. farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Rockford.
 Purdy Ira, farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Rockford.

RALSTON JAMES, farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Rockford.

Reid D. farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford.

Reid E. farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Rockford.

Reid John, farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford.

Reid Wm. farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Rockford.

Richardson C. A. farm; S. 30; P.O.Rockford.

Richardson H. farm; S. 30; P. O. Rockford.

Roake M. farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford.

Robbins J. W. laborer; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Robinson C. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

Robinson E. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

Rosenquist Charles.

Rowley A. farmer; Sec. 33; P.O.Rockford.

Rowley C. gardener; Sec. 29; P.O. Rockford.

BOWLEY ISAAC H. Farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Rockford; born in Monroe Co., N. Y., June 25, 1818; located in this Co. 1841; one of oldest settlers; has 120 acres, valued at \$7,200; wife was Miss Harriet A. Monroe, born in Troy, N. Y.; married in Oct., 1848; have three sons living: Edwin R., Milton C., Harry H.; lost one, Walter, deceased.

Rowley M. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Rockford.

SAUNDERS AARON, farmer; Sec. 11; P.O. Rockford.

Saunders T. farmer; Sec. 20; P.O. Rockford.

Sanders W. farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Rockford.

SCOTT DANIEL, Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 19; P. O. Rockford; born in Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., Jan. 26, 1830; came to this Co. in the fall of 1837, with his parents, and is one of the oldest settlers; has 199 acres, valued at \$13,980; married Miss Nancy J. Hayes, July 9, 1848; she was born in Canada, Oct. 19, 1831; have one son and one daughter, Luther and Annie L.

Scott Luther, farmer; Sec. 19; P.O. Rockford.

Shaw Jno. farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Rockford.

SMITH DANIEL, Farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Rockford; owns 82 acres, valued at \$4,920; came to the Co. in 1842, and is one of the oldest settlers.

Smith David, farmer; Sec. 19; P.O. Rockford.

Smith G. W. farmer; Sec. 30; P.O. Rockford.

Smith S. farmer; Sec. 17; P.O. Rockford.

Sovereign R. farmer; Sec. 31; P.O. Rockford.

Sterling G. farm. S. 13; P.O. Cherry Valley.

SWEZEY A. J. Farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Rockford; born in Chautauqua Co., N. Y., Feb. 22, 1836; came to this Co. and settled on the place he now lives, in April, 1851; owns 70 acres, valued at \$3,500; married Miss Malinda Bruner; born in Gossfield, Canada West, Oct. 10, 1843; married June 28, 1866; have four children, Esther, Otto, Royal and Annie.

Swezey L. S. farmer; Sec. 18; P.O. Rockford.

T HOMPSON CALVIN.

TAYLOR JAS. Farmer; Sec. 31; P.O. Rockford; born in Salisbury, N. H., Sept.

18, 1804; located in this Co. in June, 1835, and is one of the oldest settlers now living; Mr. T was the first regular Ferryman on Rock river, at Rockford, has remained here ever since, and has seen Winnebago Co. grow to be one of the finest in the state of Illinois; has 140 acres, valued at \$8,400; married Jane Sovereign, April 18, 1848; she was born in Canada, Jan. 2, 1821; she died Oct. 18, 1884; they have four children living, and lost four.

Thompson S. farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Rockford.

Toms Isaac, farmer; Sec. 37; P. O. Rockford.

TURNER J. M. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 28; P. O. Cherry Valley.

TURNER M. H. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 29; P. O. Rockford; born in Riga, Monroe Co., N. Y., Sept. 3, 1818; came to this Co. June 25, 1838, and is one of the oldest settlers; has 174 acres, valued at \$12,180; married Miss Julia Kelley, May 10, 1838; she was born in Ireland, Dec. 22, 1814; have one daughter living, Mary, now Mrs. Nathaniel Watkins; lost one son, Wm. H., aged 12 years, 6 months, and 5 days.

Turner S. farm; Sec. 26; P. O. Cherry Valley.

VANALSTINE JOSEPH, farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Rockford.

VANDERCOOK WM. C. Farmer, Sec. 35; P. O. Cherry Valley; born in Cherry Valley Tp., this Co., Feb. 14, 1840, and has lived here ever since; owns 80 acres, valued at \$4,000; married Miss Addie, daughter of A. E. Hale, April 7, 1870; she was born in Guilford Tp., this Co., Jan. 28, 1841; have one daughter, Loe, born Sept. 25, 1874; is Town Collector, and was Notary Public four years; served one year in the late rebellion, in Co. E, 74th I. V. I.

Van Wie J. farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Rockford.

WATKINS N. W. farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Rockford.

Watson Peter, farmer; Sec. 13; P. O. Harlem.

White J. D. farm; S. 34; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Whittle Chas. farm; Sec. 27; P. O. Rockford.

Whittle H. rents farm; S. 28; P. O. Rockford.

Wilcox S. retired; S. 28; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Wills Geo. farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Rockford.

Woodruff G. farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Rockford.

Worthington J. laborer; Sec. 25; P. O. Cherry Valley.

Wrench W. farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Rockford.



NEW MILFORD.

ADAMS JOHN, pastor of M. E. Church; New Milford.

Agnew H. farm; Sec. 28; P. O. Kishwaukee.

Agnew Geo. farmer; P. O. Kishwaukee.

Agnew W. J. farm; S. 21; P. O. Kishwaukee.

Aiken Dan. farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Rockford.

BALDRY WM. farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. New Milford.

BALDWIN BENJ. Farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Rockford.

Banks R. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Kishwaukee.

Banks S. farm laborer; Sec. 33; P. O. Kishwaukee.

BARROSS R. M. Farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. New Milford; born near Rockford, July 17, 1853, his father being an early settler (1840); moved to California in fall of 1868; returned in 1871; married Orissa B. Evans, Sept. 1, 1874; born Oct. 18, 1854, in Rockford, Ill.; one child, Herbert H., born Jan. 1, 1876; owns 80 acres land, worth \$30 per acre.

Bartlett J. R. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford.

Bauder F. M. lives with his father, P. G. Bauder; P. O. New Milford.

Bauder J. J. retired farmer; New Milford.

Bauder P. G. farm; S. 23; P. O. New Milford

Baxter C. M. farm; S. 30; P. O. New Milford.

Baxter G. W. farm; S. 26; P. O. New Milford.

BAXTER MRS. JOHN, P. O. New Milford; born Dec. 29, 1806; married John Baxter in 1832; came to this Co. in Nov., 1843; has had eight children, Johanna, Lafayette, George, Levi H., Rosetta Ann, Francis Asbury, Chas. Merrit, Edgar H.; some of her children continue to reside in this Co., others have moved to other States.

Beale J. farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. New Milford.

BETTS E. B. South Bend Mill, situated at the mouth of Kill Buck creek; General Custom Grinding; making "New Process Flour" on all grists ground; P. O. New Milford; owns a half interest in the above mill, value \$6,000; 2½ miles south of New Milford; Republican; Baptist; born in Jenner Tp., Somerset Co., Pa., Jan. 15, 1824; came to this State in 1846, and settled in Dupage Co., where he lived until 1855; came to Winnebago Co. in 1855, where he has since resided, except three years at Elgin; married Harriet Sterns, May 7, 1857, born in Bloomingdale, Dupage Co., Ill., Sept. 22, 1837; have four children; Mary Emma, born April 13, 1859; Fred. Grant, March 2, 1865; Lloyd F., March 29, 1868; Henry Sterns, Dec. 4, 1871.

Bordwell W. farm; S. 31; P. O. New Milford.

Boyden C. A. carpenter

Brooks A. R. pastor of Kishwaukee.

BROWN SAM New Milford in north ¼ of Sec. 24, cent village; married 8, 1839; she was b Sweden, Monroe Co. this State with her f in 1838, settling in children; Jonathan 1840, graduated at Galesburg, in 1860, the first native grad 1842; Sarah E., F Brown was born in N. Y., Oct. 11, 1809

CARMICHAEL E. waukee.

CAMPBELL V Sec. 22; P. O. New Cherry Valley, Otse 1832; came to this married Mrs. M. A she came to this Co. ca, Ontario Co., N. children; Maud E., Wm. H., Jr., March

CAREY WALL New Milford; born England, March 10, State in 1852; learned Ill., married Mary V born Jan. 16, 1854; Wm. L., Josephine a ber of Co. D, 42d Franklin, Tenn.; dis

Castle J. L. farm; S. 30

Clark C. C. farm; Sec. 2

Clark F. F. lives with

Cline L. farmer; Sec. 1

CLOTHIER CY 31; P. O. Kishwaukee. Grenville Co., Ontario to this Co. with Clothier, in the fall c til he enlisted in the Louisa Van Doren, four children; Wilfo 1860; Elmer, July 19 8, 1866; Nellie M., A stable at the present worth \$3,500.

Clothier F. farm; Sec. 3

Clothier G. laborer for Kishwaukee.

Clothier H. L. farm; S. 3

CLOTHIER LE 32; P. O. Kishwaukee

tist preferred; owns 48 acres, valued at \$3,000; born at Oxford Mills, Canada East, Jan. 18, 1837; came to this Co. when quite young, and returned again after an absence of a few years, in 1855, living about here ever since; enlisted in 14th Iowa V. I.; served three years; married Miss Emma C. Miller, Dec. 5, 1867; have three children, Curtis, born March 5, 1869; Alma, March 23, 1873; Mabel, April 14, 1876; Mrs. Clothier holds the office of Post-mistress of Kishwaukee.

COLE H. B. Farmer; Sec. 32; P.O. New Milford.

Colwell G. A. laborer; P. O. New Milford.

CONDON MICHAEL, Farmer; Sec. 32; P.O. Kishwaukee; owns 100 acres land, value \$7,000; Democrat; Catholic; born in County Cork, Ireland, June, 1822; came to America in 1852; lived in Wallingford, Conn., 5 years; came to this Co. in April, 1857; married Katharine Dwyer, June 4, 1859; she was born in County Cork, Ire., March, 1835; six children: Mary Ann, born April 4, 1860; Edward and Edwin, Feb. 26, 1862; Wm., Jan. 28, 1864; Ellen, Oct. 12, 1871; Honora, Aug. 4, 1874.

Cone Frank, lives with father, Mander Cone.

CONE MANDER, Farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford; born in Berkshire Co., Mass., June 9, 1807; came to this Co. in 1837, when it was all a new country; married Esther C. Hawk, from Berkshire Co., Mass., in 1832; one child, born Dec., 1834; wife died on Lake Huron; married Sarah M. Odell, April 22, 1847; have had three children; F. J., born April, 1849; E. Frank, Dec., 1852; Hiram R., Sept., 1854, who died in Dec., 1874; owns 250 acres, valued at \$16,250.

COOK GEO. H. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 2; P.O. Rockford.

COONEY JNO., Sr., Harness-maker; New Milford; Independent; Episcopalian; born in Co. Meath, Ireland, in May, 1827; came to this country in Oct., 1849; married, Aug. 1849, in Ireland, to Margaret Reynolds; born in her husband's native county, in 1829; have seven children, Sarah Ann, John, Elle, William, Emma, Carrie and Eva; Mr. Cooney was in the 11th I. V. C. one year, and was honorably discharged.

Cooney J., Jr., harness-maker; New Milford.

Conrodt P. A. Sec. 12; P.O. Rockford.

Conrodt W. P. farm; Sec. 12; P.O. Rockford.

Corlett W. E. farm; S. 25; P.O. New Milford.

Coshen R. S. farmer and stock raiser; Sec. 2. P. O. Rockford.

Cuddae Jas. farmer; Sec. 15; P.O. Rockford.

Cummings D. farm; S. 30; P.O. New Milford.

DAVIS W. A. farmer; Sec. 32; P.O. Kishwaukee.

Demming A. C. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. New Milford.

Dickerman M. L. farm; S. 14; P.O. Rockford.

DICKERMAN P. B. Farmer; Secs. 15 and 22; P. O. Rockford; owns 160 acres, value \$50 per acre; born at Jewett, N. Y., July 7, 1840; married Sept. 12, 1865, Emily F. Peck, born Sept. 13, 1841; came to this Co. 1865; three children: Alfred Grant, born Jan. 9, 1867; Mary Ellen, July 25, 1871; Edward Burton, March 26, 1873; Mr. Dickerman was 2d Lieut. Co. F, 120th N. Y. V. I.; discharged at close of war.

Doran J. farmer; Sec. 29; P.O. Kishwaukee.

Doran M. farmer; Sec. 34; P.O. New Milford.

Doran T. G. lives with M. Doran; P.O. New Milford.

EASTMAN H. W. farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. New Milford.

Eastman J. farm; Sec. 36; P.O. New Milford.

Eaton M. G. farmer; P. O. Kishwaukee.

Eddy William.

Elbridge E. E.

ERFFMEYER W. G. Farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Kishwaukee; owns 106 acres land, value \$5,300; born in Preuss Mindem, near Bremen, Germany, Nov. 8, 1841; came to U. S. 1856; married Mary Exleben, Feb. 27, 1872, born 1852, near Berlin, Germany; two children: Oliver, born Feb. 1, 1873; Emma, Oct. 30, 1875.

Evans T. W. farmer; Sec. 34.

FANNIN H. V. insurance agent; P. O. New Milford.

Fields E. B. S. mechanic; P.O. New Milford.

Fitzgerald M. farm; P.O. New Milford.

Fitzpatrick T. farm; S. 30; P.O. Kishwaukee.

Foley T. carpenter; S. 26; P.O. New Milford.

Fox S, J. rents farm; P. O. Kishwaukee.

French S. H. physician; New Milford.

GARDNER W. H. merchant; New Milford.

Gilbert H. farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Rockford.

GINDERS GEO. Farmer; rents land on Sec. 26; P. O. New Milford; born in Billingham, Lincolnshire, Eng., Sept. 4, 1837; came to this country 1852, and to Rockford, 1854; has lived near here ever since; married, May 29, 1856, to Miss Mary E. Peck, born at Claythorpe, Lincolnshire, Eng., June 8, 1836; came to this country 1855, and always lived about Rockford; seven children; those living are: Elizabeth L., born March 15, 1857; Ira E., Jan. 8, 1861; Carrie, April 24, 1864; Wm. Henry, Sept. 26, 1867; Lucy Rebecca, Sept. 3, 1870; Joseph Thomas, Oct. 19, 1872; (George Harry, born Jan. 13, 1859, died June 7, 1860.)

Graham A. R. rents farm; P.O. New Milford.

Graham H. rents farm; P. O. New Milford.

Graves C. farmer; Sec. 31; P.O. New Milford.
Graves C. L. lives with C. Graves; P.O. New Milford.

HAGERMAN F. farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Kishwaukee.

Haight E. H. farm; S. 18; P.O. New Milford.

Haight M. E. clerk; New Milford.

Haight W. S. farm; S. 28; P.O. Kishwaukee.

Haley Nicholas C. laborer; New Milford.

Hall L. farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. New Milford.

Hall Wm. farmer; Sec. 29; P.O. New Milford.

HARRIS R. H. Farmer; P. O. Kishwaukee; Republican; Congregationalist; Mr. Harris was born at Brattleboro, Vt., Aug. 25, 1817, where he married Mary F. Harris, born Aug. 30, 1817; Mrs. Harris died Feb. 16, 1877; he came to this Co. in the fall of 1839, having lived for 29 years on Sec. 31, his present residence; have had seven children; those living are: Wm. H., born Nov. 25, 1840; Sarah, Jan. 19, 1842; Mary F., Sept. 30, 1844; Olive E., July 26, 1848. Mr. Harris owns 124 acres land, valued at \$7,500; has been Supervisor 2 years, Assessor 7, and Justice of Peace 13.

Heagle B. J. farmer and grain buyer; Sec. 13; P. O. New Milford.

Hilderbrand G. farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. New Milford.

Hintsman M. B. wind mills; New Milford.

Hoisington H. E. farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Kishwaukee.

Hoisington Harris, lives with father, H. E. Hoisington; P. O. Kishwaukee.

Holden S. W. stone mason; New Milford.

HOLDRIDGE JOHN, Farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Rockford; born Spencertown, N. Y., Aug. 8, 1794; enlisted in Capt. Kennedy's Co., Col. Hopkins' Regt.; was at battle of Fort Erie, Sept. 17, 1814; his father was Lieut. in revolution; married, March 25, 1828, Rachel Briggs, born near Danville, Pa., Aug. 15, 1798; came to this Co. June 7, 1849; have had ten children: George W., born March 15, 1825, died of disease contracted in army May 14, 1863; Nancy, Jan. 7, 1827, lived one month; Sarah, Dec. 24, 1827; John Q., March 31, 1830; Robert B., Sept. 4, 1832; Dwight B., Jan. 28, 1835, died March 12, 1863, at Murfreesboro, Tenn., member of Co. E, 74th I. V. I.; Emily A., Feb. 11, 1839; Charles H., May 9, 1843, died at Gallatin, Tenn., Feb. 4, 1863, member Co. E, 74th I. V. I.; two others died in infancy; this family has been represented in the three great wars of the United States.

Horton A. C. farm; S. 29; P.O. New Milford.

HOTELLING H. Farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. New Milford; Republican; Methodist; born at Bethlehem, Albany Co., N. Y., Feb. 16, 1813; married March 12, 1835, Mary C. Zimmer, born in Schoharrie Co.,

N. Y., Oct. 9, 1816; came to this Co. March 26, 1857; their children are as follows: Elizabeth E., born May 6, 1837; Catherine M., July 28, 1839; Martha A., July 22, 1841; Addison H., March 22, 1844, member Co. G., 45th I. V. I., promoted Lieut., discharged 1863 Capt. Co. E, O. V. I.; Mary H., Sept. 9, 1847; Harriet S., May 6, 1849, died Oct. 7, 1871; Peter G., Oct. 10, 1851; Samantha E., May 28, 1853, died March 5, 1855; John H., Sept. 4, 1855; Charles F., Nov. 6, 1860; Carrie May, Oct. 25, 1862, died in few days.

Hyde B. F. farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Rockford.

Hyde C. B. lives with father, B. F. Hyde; P. O. Rockford.

JAMES CHARLES, farmer; P. O. New Milford.

James Wm. farm; S. 22; P. O. New Milford.

Jarvis A. farm; Sec. 33; P. O. New Milford.

Jarvis M. tenant; Sec. 30; P. O. Kishwaukee.

Jernberg Erie, farmer; lives with father, John E.; P. O. Rockford.

Jernberg J. E. farm; Sec. 12; P.O. Rockford.

Johnson C. B.

JOHNSON F. C. Farmer and Manufacturer of Pure Cider Vinegar; Sec. 34; P. O. Kishwaukee; born in this Co., April 21, 1843, where he has always lived; March 17, 1869, married Miss Carrie E. Adams, of Beloit, Wis.; have one child living, Chandler.

Johnson John, farm laborer; P. O. Rockford.

Johnson Lovejoy.

Jones W. A. farm; S. 24; P. O. New Milford.

Jones W. physician; New Milford.

KINGHTON BENJ. rents farm; Sec. 30; P. O. New Milford.

KEWISH W. D. Blacksmith; New Milford; born Aug. 18, 1832, at Paynsville, O.; came to this Co. 1850; married, Dec. 5, 1865, Louisa G. Pease, born Dec., 1841; have four children: Ida O., Hattie J., Carrie A., Charley D.; was in Co. A, 74th I. V. I.; discharged at close of war; owns a homestead worth \$500.

Kington J. rents farm; Sec. 30; P. O. New Milford.

Kingsbury A. farm; S. 32; P.O. Kishwaukee.

KINGSBURY MRS. ELIZABETH, P. O. Kishwaukee; born in Newfield, Thompkins Co., N. Y., Dec. 10, 1812; daughter of Benjamin and Phoebe Horton, of Orange Co., N. Y.; married Elijah Miller (born May 27, 1804,) May 2, 1833; had five children: Mary A. and Betsy A., born March 12, 1834, the latter dying when two months of age; Martha E., March 12, 1836, died June 9, 1848; Obadiah A., April 18, 1838; Benjamin H., Sept. 28, 1840; in this Co., Nancy Jane, April 4, 1846, died Dec. 2, 1847; Rhoda E.,

March 10, 1848; Cornelius E., May 4, 1856; married Addison Kingsbury, Sept. 15, 1857; Mrs. Kingsbury is among the early settlers, coming here with her father 1843. Kinson D. farm; Sec. 32; P. O. New Milford. Kinson J. farm; Sec. 33; P. O. New Milford.

LAWSON JOHN F., P. O. New Milford.

Lawson T. F. rents farm; S. 26; P. O. New Milford.

Lee C. M. farmer; lives with father, L. H. Lee.

LEE LUKE H. Sec. 29; P. O. Kishwaukee; Republican; Independent; born at Weston, Windham Co., Vt., July 28, 1828; came to this Co. May 2, 1834, and settled here Dec. 3, 1854; married Mary Jane Haney; born in Co. Carlton, Upper Canada, June 2, 1839; has eight children; Chas. N., born May 28, 1856; Fred J., Nov. 11, 1859; Frank H., Jan. 19, 1861; Adalece J., Jan. 18, 1869; Wm. D. Oct. 19, 1871; Ernest, April 19, 1873; Amos R., June 5, 1876; owns 120 acres land, worth \$5,000.

Litchfield G. L. laborer; New Milford.

MCCAMMOND JOHN, laborer; P. O. New Milford.

MCCAMMOND DAN'L L. Son of William P. and Sarah E. McCammond.

McEvoy J. A. farm; rents thresher; P. O. New Milford.

McEvoy J. L. farm; S. 29; P. O. New Milford.

McMahan P. farm; S. 32; P. O. New Milford.

Main Jno. laborer; New Milford.

Marsh F. M. farmer; lives with father, A. M. Marsh.

Marsh P. A. creamery; New Milford.

Maxwell A. H. son of F. H. Maxwell; New Milford.

Maxwell E. L. wagon maker; New Milford.

Maxwell F. H. farm; S. 24; P. O. New Milford.

MILLARD JOHN B. (Deceased); born Jan. 18, 1836, at Canaan, Litchfield Co., Conn.; married Oct. 25, 1860, to S. Jane Millard; born in New Marlborough, Berkshire Co., Mass., May 7, 1837; came here in March, 1866; five children; Mattie J., born Jan. 2, 1862; May, May 13, 1867, died April 7, 1874; Jessie, Oct. 25, 1869, died March 30, 1874; Walter E., Jan. 26, 1871; Bertha, Jan. 13, 1873, died Jan. 26, 1873; John B. Millard died April 18, 1874.

Miller C. rents farm of C. Kingsbury; P. O. Kishwaukee.

Miller H. G. farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Rockford.

MILLER HORACE, (Deceased); born in 1798, in Berkshire Co., Mass.; married Hannah Clark, of Montgomery Co., N. Y., in 1817; moved to Livingston Co., N. Y., then to New Milford, in March, 1834; extensive Farmer and Stock Raiser; Republican; Methodist; member of Legislature 1851-2; their home was known for

its liberal hospitality for many miles; Mr. Miller died Aug. 5, 1864; Mrs. Miller, Sept. 14, 1877; they left six children; G. Clark, Sarah A., N. Eliza, Horace G., Caroline H., and Wm. H., all residents of this Co.

Miller J. P. farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Rockford.

Monroe L. farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Rockford.

Monroe M. C. farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Rockford.

Moore T. R. farm; S. 12; P. O. New Milford.

Morey J. W. farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Rockford.

Morey Walter, rents farm; Sec. 11; P. O. Rockford.

MORRIS JOSEPH D. Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Kishwaukee; born in Coleville, Broome Co., N. Y., Dec., 1806; came to Ottawa, Ill., in 1834, and to this Co. in 1836; settled at the mouth of the Kishwaukee; married Nancy McCammond, Nov. 29, 1846; she was born Nov. 27, 1816; have had five children, those living are Reuben, born Sept. 8, 1849; Anna, Oct. 13, 1859; owns 70 acres of land, worth \$2,700; Republican; Methodist.

Morris R. M.

NUTT MORRIS, farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. New Milford.

NORTON A. K., M. D. Physician and Surgeon; New Milford; born at Byron, Ogle Co., Aug. 13, 1850; his parents were early settlers of that Co., and descended from Revolutionary ancestry, of Bennington, Vt.; graduated at Chicago Medical College, 1872; was on the staff of Mercy Hospital, Chicago, one year; Assistant Physician of Sanitary Department of Relief Paid Society, and for the winter of 1873 Superintendent of the Department.

PACKARD JOHN, Sr., laborer; New Milford.

PARNELL J. Farmer; Secs. 32 and 29; P. O. Kishwaukee; Republican; Protestant; born in August, 1824, at St. Winnow Parish, Cornwall Co., England; emigrated to America June 19, 1854; married Feb. 13, 1864, to Winifred Larkin, born in Kings Co., Ireland, Dec. 25, 1836, and came to America when 19 years old; settled where they now live, in March, 1867; have had six children, those living are James, born August, 1860, son of Mrs. Parnell; Louisa, May 5, 1866; Matilda, Feb. 24, 1869; Charles H., Sept. 30, 1870; owns 140 acres land, worth \$7,000.

Pope J. farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford.

PRENTICE JOHN, Farmer; P. O. Kishwaukee; Republican; Methodist preferred; owns 160 acres of land in Ogle Co., value \$9,600, and 49 acres on Sec. 30 in this Tp., value \$3,500; Mr. Prentice is a native of Allegheny Co., N. Y.; came to this Co. in Sept., 1842, and settled at the mouth of the Kishwaukee, living there 15 years; he moved to Ogle Co.; returned to this Co. in fall of 1877; married Anna

McCammond, in 1848; she died in 1857; one child, William, born in 1850, second wife was Adaline L. Banks, born Aug. 29, 1838, married Oct. 3, 1857, have ten children, Mary M., born Aug. 31, 1858, Francis E., March 29, 1860, Orville L., April 18, 1862, Benjamin F., Feb. 20, 1864, Ward L., May 9, 1866; Sarah F., Aug. 29, 1868, Adda A., Nov. 1, 1870, Maggie E., Sept. 12, 1872, Johnnie C., May 8, 1874.

PRICE EDWARD E. Farmer; Sec. 20, P. O. Kishwaukee, owns 175 acres land value \$15,175, born in Montgomeryshire, North Wales, in 1835, came to U. S. in 1851, married Sarah E. Goodhue, Sept. 23, 1859, born Aug. 16, 1836, in this Co.; married her first husband, Wm. H. McCammond, Jan. 13, 1856, by whom she had one child, Daniel L., born Dec. 14, 1856. Mr. and Mrs. Price have had seven children; Margaret E., born Nov. 14, 1860; Edward J., April 10, 1863, Thomas A., Oct. 7, 1865, Albertie E., May 31, 1868; Lillie F., Aug. 21, 1871; Leora and Leonora, Aug. 26, 1874.

Price L. farmer, Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford

RADCLIFF CHARLES, farmer; lives with his father, T Radcliff.

RADCLIFF THOS. Farmer, Sec. 23, P. O. New Milford

Radcliff T. farm, lives with father, T Radcliff.

RAMSEY ADDISON, Farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. New Milford, Rep. Ind; came to this Co. with his father, Samuel Ramsey, in the fall of 1840, and has lived in this township ever since; married Miss A. E. Munger, Oct. 1855, born Jan. 16, 1834, died June 19, 1858; one child, Louilla, born May 1, 1856; married, Dec. 27, —, Catherine A. Dickerman, born Feb. 12, 1827, at Lexington, Green Co., N. Y.; owns 146 acres land worth \$9,000.

Richards E. C. wagon maker; New Milford.
Rose J. C. farm, Sec. 30, P. O. New Milford.
Rosecrans J. E. physician; New Milford.

ROTHWELL ROBERT, Farmer, Sec. 32; P. O. Kishwaukee; born in Lancashire, Eng., June 2, 1803, came to U. S. 1826, married, in spring of 1829, Susan Andrus, daughter of a revolutionary soldier; she was born Jan. 13, 1797, at Berkley, Mass., they lived in Ohio five years; came to this Co. April, 1837; have lived here ever since, have one son, William, born Feb. 19 1838

Rothwell W. A. farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. New Milford

Rowley B. rents farm; Sec. 1; P. O. Rockford.

SANBORN GEO. C. Teacher; New Milford, Rep. Univ; born in Dubuque, Iowa, June 7, 1853; came to this Co. 1868; married, March 28, 1876, Cora E. Allen, of Shabbona Grove, where she was born, Sept. 10, 1857, her father, Capt. M. V. Allen, being an old settler in that vicinity.

Seak Geo. W. farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. New Milford.

Sheffield W. D. rents farm; P. O. New Milford.

Shipe I. N. farm; S. 26; P. O. New Milford.

SHUMWAY D. S. Farmer, Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford, born Jamaica, Windham Co., Vt., March 27, 1803; married, Nov. 20, 1825, Sallie Greeley, a relative of Horace Greeley, of N. Y. City; she was born Feb. 8, 1806, at Andover, Windsor Co., Vt.; they came to this Co. 1836, and have lived on the same section since their first settlement, when but two buildings were to be seen, a log house and a shanty; have had eight children, five living: Romanzo, Rolenzo, Alvaro, Rolland, Monroe; Mr. Shumway bore a conspicuous part in the early settlement of the county

SHUMWAY R. B. Farmer and Stock Dealer, Sec. 27; P. O. New Milford; born May 25, 1835, came to this Co. May 29, 1836; one of the oldest settlers in the Co.; married March 2, 1856, Sarah Hall, born in Canada; have six children: Alva E., Carrie F., Hattie M., Nora J., Minnie C. and Harry; has filled the offices of Assessor 4 years, Road Commissioner 8 years, Township Treasurer, and until 1876 has been School Director since 22 years of age.

Smith J. T. farm; Sec. 33; P. O. Kishwaukee.
Stevens G. farm; S. 28; P. O. Kishwaukee.

TAYLOR DR. L. P. New Milford.

USHER JOHN A. rents farm; Sec. 36; P. O. New Milford.

WARD J. C. farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Rockford.

WARD D. D. Farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Rockford; born in Taburg, Oneida Co., N. Y., Nov. 24, 1859, came to this Co. in 1865; lived at his present residence with his father, J. C. Ward, ever since

Ward E. rents farm; P. O. New Milford.

WATSON JOHN S. Farmer; Sec. 32, P. O. New Milford; born in Coventry, Eng., Aug. 19, 1820; came to U. S. June, 1835, lived at Weedsport, N. Y., Ohio 4 years, Indiana 6 years; came to this Co. May 16, 1846; married, Dec. 9, 1847, Abby L. Stickney, born March 25, 1825, at Addison, Addison Co., Vt., came to N. Y. 1830, to this Co. Oct. 1846; five children: Robert S., born Oct. 13, 1848; Elizabeth, Feb. 21, 1850; Thomas F., May 21, 1853, died of excessive cold in mountains of California; Eva A., March 24, 1859; George C., Jan. 3, 1868; Robert was a member of Co. G, 9th I. V. C.

Watson R. farm, S. 32, P. O. New Milford.
Waugh A. M. farm; S. 13; P. O. New Milford.
Weeks H. J. lives with father, R. C. Weeks.
Weeks R. C. farm, S. 26; P. O. New Milford.
Wilcox I. L. farm; S. 13, P. O. New Milford.
Wilcox W. M. lives with father, E. S. Wilcox.
Wilson G. farm; S. 24; P. O. New Milford.

PECATONICA TOWNSHIP.

ADAMS JOHN, Pecatonica.

ADAMS DANIEL D. Farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Pecatonica; born near Saratoga Springs, N. Y., Sept. 29, 1825; married Miss Olive, daughter of Ashel and Charlotte Satterlee, of Oswego Co., Jan. 27, 1851; has one daughter, Arabel, born Oct. 31, 1851; came to this Co. in 1865; owns 29 acres, worth \$1,160; daughter is married to Frank B. Campbell, of Durand Tp.; Republican; Independent; has been five years School Director.

Almquist Andrew, shoemaker; Pecatonica.

Almquist John, R. R. hand; Pecatonica.

Anderson Chas. laborer; Pecatonica.

Anderson Chas. farmer; Sec. 9.

ANDERSON ELIPHALET. Farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Penn., in 1831; came to this Co. in 1861; owns 120 acres of land; has held office of School Director; married Miss Isabella Comly, Aug. 3, 1858; she was born in Penn.; has four children; Wm. C., born Dec. 19, 1859; Ada L., April 13, 1863; Mary E., Dec. 18, 1866; Martha B., Dec. 15, 1872.

ANDERSON JAS. Farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Penn., 1835; came to this Co. in 1855; owns 210 acres; is School Director and Road Commissioner; married Miss Amelia Clark in 1862; she was born in N. Y.; has two children, Blanche and Howard.

Anderson John, Sr., farmer; Sec. 17. P. O. Pecatonica.

Anderson John, Jr., farmer; Sec. 17. P. O. Pecatonica.

Anderson Wm. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Anderson W. B. retired; Pecatonica.

Andrus C. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

BELLICK EDWARD, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

BARLOGA JNO. B. Farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Wis. in 1854; came to this Co. in 1875; owns 185 acres.

Bertrand W. harness-maker; Pecatonica.

Bessey Anson, laborer; Pecatonica.

BESSEY SOLON. Farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Franklin Co., Vt., in 1809; came to this Co. in 1846; has held offices of School Director and Highway Commissioner; owns 65½ acres, value \$60 per acre; married Miss Lydia Sumner, in 1833; she was born in N. Y., in 1819; has four children living; Julia V., Sarah J., Charles H., and Edna E.; lost one son and four daughters.

Best H. B. laborer; Pecatonica.

Best W. laborer; Pecatonica.

Blair Frank, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

BLAKE JNO. Farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Georgia, Franklin Co., Vt., March 31, 1813; married Aug. 12, 1841, to Miss Miranda, daughter of Asa and Mary Barker, of Swanton; came with his young wife to the West in the following month, and drove to Durand, where he located; he drove the first single buggy in that township; lived there 15 years; hauled his grain, dressed cattle and hogs to market in Chicago, Milwaukee and the Wisconsin Pineries, over hills, sloughs, and oftentimes deep and turbulent streams, lying many nights under the twinkling stars, contemplating the works of the Creator or listening to the howling wolves that not unfrequently came to reconnoitre the wagon loaded with the butter and cheese his good wife had made; has six children: Milan A., Harlow E., Andrew S., Hervy J., Mary A., and Sarah A.; aged in the order named, 34, 31, 27, 23, 20 and 18 years; 173¼ acres, valued at \$8,000; Republican; Methodist; served three years as School Director.

Bond J. S. grain dealer; Pecatonica.

Bowerman A. M. mason; Pecatonica.

Brannen G. farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Pecatonica.

Brewster B. wagon maker; Pecatonica.

Brewster J. A. wagon maker; Pecatonica.

Brown A. L. farm; Sec. 25; P. O. Pecatonica.

Brown A. W. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Brown Jas. laborer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Brown J. D. farm; Sec. 25; P. O. Pecatonica.

BROWN JNO. Farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Northumberland Co., Penn., in 1813; came to this Co. in 1861; has been School Director eight years; married Miss Lucy Ludwig in 1837; she was born in Union Co., Penn.; has six children living, Margaret J., Mary H., John A., Abram L., James D. and Charles H.; lost four sons and two daughters.

Brown A. John, farmer; Sec. 25. P. O. Pecatonica.

Brown Wm. stock dealer; Pecatonica.

Bucklin August, farmer; Pecatonica.

Bucklin John, farmer; Pecatonica.

BUCKLIN L. R. Retired; Pecatonica; born in N. Y., in 1824; came to this Co. in 1863; owns 100 acres of land; married Miss Lorinda Salisbury in 1850; she was born in Erie Co., N. Y.; has three children, Francis, Winslow and Rodney; lost one daughter, Nettie.

Bull D. sewing machine agent; Pecatonica.

Burnham Milo, cabinet-maker; Pecatonica.

Burrage Joa. brewer; Pecatonica.
Burrage Wm. brewer; Pecatonica.
Burt A. D. retired; Pecatonica.
Buttolph J. retired; Pecatonica.

CAMPBELL A. merchant; Pecatonica.

CABLE EZRA S. Farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Litchfield Co., Conn., Sept. 24, 1797; married Miss Pamela, daughter of Job and Louisa Fenn, of that Co., Jan. 1, 1826; moved to Ohio; lived in Portage Co. 8 years; was Justice of the Peace; came to this Co. and located on his present farm in 1837, bringing wife and four children all the way in an ox team, 36 days on the road; there were then several Vermont and some Ohio families in the settlement; had seven children, five are living; Cornelia, born in Conn., Nov., 1826; Malvina, in Ohio, Dec., 1829; Laura C., Oct., 1833; Mary M., in this Co., Nov., 1838; Louisa, Nov., 1840; Republican; Independent; was Trustee of School Fund and served two terms as County Commissioner; owns 430 acres, valued at \$26,000; his golden wedding was celebrated in a most sumptuous and pleasant manner on New Year's day, 1876.

Campbell A. merchant; Pecatonica.

CAMPBELL ARBA Z. Farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Durand Tp., in 1853; owns 181 acres; married Miss Eliza Hulse, in 1872; she was born in this Tp.; has one son, Daniel Ward; lost one son, Starr Hamlin.

Campbell Wm. Pecatonica.

CAMPBELL ZENO A. Farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Durand Tp. in 1848; owns 253 acres; has held office of School Director and Road Commissioner; married Miss Catharine Hulse in 1865; she was born in this Tp.; has two children, Walton and Merton.

Carpenter A. B. wagon-maker; Pecatonica.

Carpenter G. clerk; Pecatonica.

Cense John, mason; Pecatonica.

CHAPMAN D. A. Farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Essex Co., N. Y., in 1827; came to this Co. in 1850; owns 209 acres of land; has been School Director many years; married Miss Elizabeth Worcester, in 1849; she was born in N. Y.; has seven children living, Martha S., Fidelia E., Mary F., Laratte, Louis A., Ellen I. and Grace; lost one son, Wilbur E.

CHALMERS JAS. Restaurant and Confectionery; warm meals at all hours; Rockford bread received daily; home-made pies, cakes, etc.; ice cream by the dish or quantity, and all kinds of fruits, nuts, canned goods, etc.; Pecatonica; born in N. Y., in 1842; came to this Co. in 1863; enlisted in the late war and served two years, in the 18th I. V. I.; mar-

ried Miss Frances Jones, in 1863; she was born in N. Y.; has four children, Harvey, Bell, Minnie and Aaron.

Chandler L. L. farmer; Sec. 33. P. O. Pecatonica.

Chandler W. S. farmer.

CLARK HENRY S. Farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Onondaga Co., N. Y., Jan. 1, 1841; parents came to this Co. when he was three years old; enlisted May 11, 1861; was mustered into the 15th I. V. I., Co. C, May 24, 1861; was in battle of Shiloh, siege of Corinth, battle of Hatchie, siege and battles of Vicksburg until its fall, second battle of Champion Hills, and Sherman's raid to Meridan; mustered out at Huntsville, Ala., May 24, 1864; came home; married Miss Louisa, daughter of Ezra S. and Pamela Cable, Aug. 18, 1864; has five children; Frank H., born July 23, 1865; Edith L., Feb. 14, 1867; Ezra J., Sept. 25, 1869; Amos C., Sept. 17, 1871; Mabel, Jan. 12, 1874; lives in the homestead of his father, James M. Clark, who is now in his 73d year, having only one other living child, John F., whose home is in Iowa; Henry S. owns 80 acres in Durand Tp., valued at \$4,000; Republican; Independent; has been Commissioner of Highways, Collector and School Director.

CLARK JAS. Retired Farmer; Pecatonica; born in Norfolk, England, in 1804; came to this country in 1836; lived in N. Y. three years, and came to this Co. in 1839; owns 120 acres; married Miss Phoebe Newton, in 1825; she was born in England, and died in 1874; has eight children living, John, Robert, James N., Franklin, Newell D., Duane O., Margaret and Elizabeth; lost two daughters, Martha and Emily; one son, Isaac, enlisted in the 74th I. V. I., and died from wounds received at the battle of Kenesaw Mountain.

Clark N. D. carpenter; Pecatonica.

Clark Richard, carpenter; Pecatonica.

Coffin R. B. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Pecatonica.

Colberg J. B. wagon-maker; Pecatonica.

Colburg John, wagon-maker; Pecatonica.

COLBY NATE L. of the Pecatonica News; born in Beloit, Wis., in 1854; came to this Co. in 1872; is associated with his brother under the name of Colby Brothers, as editors and publishers of the Pecatonica News.

COLBY W. A. Editor Pecatonica News; born in Fall River, Mass., in 1846; lived in Beloit, Wis., 25 years previous to his removal to this Co. in 1872; he is associated with his brother in editing and publishing the Pecatonica News, and at that time the only paper published in the Co. outside of Rockford; married Miss Millie B. Quaille, in 1873; she was born in N. Y.; have two children, Jessie and Effie.

COLBY BROS. Publishers and proprietors *Pecatonica News*, published every Saturday morning.

Cole Wm. organ artist; Pecatonica.

COLEMAN R. B. Grocer; Pecatonica; born in N. Y. in 1822; came to this Co. in 1839; owns 329 acres of land in this Co., and is the oldest house in trade in the town; married Miss Emily F. Thompson in 1847; she was born in Ohio; have one child, Lizzie.

Coleman A. L. teamster; Pecatonica.

Collison Augustus, farmer; P.O. Pecatonica.

Collison Chas. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Colvin P. patent right dealer; Pecatonica.

Constine Mike, laborer; Pecatonica.

Cook H. M. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Coolidge N. T. agricult'l imps.; Pecatonica.

Coon Chas. egg dealer; Pecatonica.

Corwin E. W. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Corwin S. A. brick manufacturer.

Cross Thomas, butcher; Pecatonica.

CROWLEY W. A. Hardware, Agricultural Implements, etc.; Pecatonica; born Vt. June, 1819; came to this Co. 1837; owns 240 acres, value \$55 per acre; has held office School Director, Collector and Town Trustee; married Miss Eliza N. Campbell 1841, born in Vt.; have seven children: Flavilla, Flora M., Laura, Wm. A., Eddie P., Newman, Sarah E.; established the first hardware store in Pecatonica in the autumn of 1854.

CROWLEY W. A. & SON, Dealers in Light and Heavy Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, Wood Stock and Agricultural Implements.

DANFORTH SYLVESTER, retired; Pecatonica.

Darrington W. retired; Pecatonica.

Davenport Thos. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Day W. G. carpenter; Pecatonica.

Dayly James, Pecatonica.

DeCote John, painter; Pecatonica.

DeCote Joseph, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

DETWILLER HENRY, Farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Pecatonica; born France 1823; came to this Co. 1871; owns 117 acres; married Miss Charlotte Bloch 1847, born in France; have eight children: Charlotte, Henry, Caroline, Katie, Minnie, Louisa, Sophia and Christine; lost one son and one daughter.

DIXON JOHN P. Livery Stable; Pecatonica; born Ohio 1830; came to this Co. 1850; married Miss H. L. Stevens 1855, born in N. Y.; has held offices Constable and Town Trustee.

DIXON JOSEPH, Grocer; Pecatonica; born England 1839; came to this Co. 1871; married Miss Jennie Clark, born

Syracuse, N. Y.; have one adopted daughter, Carrie.

Disbrow A. retired; Pecatonica.

Dolliver G. B. musician; Pecatonica.

Doty M. farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Pecatonica.

Dunbar H.S. mason and plasterer; Pecatonica.

EASON GILES, blacksmith; Pecatonica.

Eaton H. J. farmer; Sec. 36; P.O. Pecatonica.

Eddy David, retired; Pecatonica.

Edwards H. plasterer; Pecatonica.

Eggleston A. farm; Sec. 13; P.O. Pecatonica.

Eggleston O. farm; Sec. 13; P.O. Pecatonica.

Eggleston Wm. blacksmith; Pecatonica.

Elliot G. farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Pecatonica.

EMERY S. S. Druggist; Pecatonica; born Ohio 1836; came to this Co. 1839; associated in business with Z. A. Trull; has held office School Director 6 years, is President of the Board; married Miss Mary S. Hisey 1863, born in Springfield, O.; have six children: Estie B., Forest, Wilbur, Frank, Daisy and Charles.

EMERY & TRULL, Druggists and Pharmacutists.

Erwin James, track boss; Pecatonica.

Eveleth W. farmer; Sec. 14; P.O. Pecatonica.

FARWELL H. B. Attorney; Pecatonica; born Stephenson Co. 1845; came to this Co. 1860; has held offices of Justice of Peace and Police Magistrate; married Miss N. F. Fleming 1870, born in Durand Tp., this Co.; have one child, Birdena; lost one child.

FELTS A. M. Groceries, etc.; Pecatonica; born Durand Tp., this Co., 1837; owns 193 acres land; married Miss Flavilla Crowley 1863, born in this Co. May 5, 1841; have one child, Flora A.

Ferguson Marshal, farmer; P.O. Pecatonica.

Ferguson Monroe, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Fisk J. W. miller; Pecatonica.

FLEMING E. Contractor and Builder; Pecatonica; born in N. Y. in 1838; came to this Co. in 1867; owns 80 acres; married Miss Mary Conger in 1861; she was born in N. Y.; have four children: Fred, Isabella, Frank and Maud; he enlisted in the 9th N. Y. Heavy Artillery and served two years.

Floden John, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Floren Alfred, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Flowers L. D. cooper; Pecatonica.

Foster J. lime burner; S. 10; P.O. Pecatonica.

Foster N. T. lime burner; Sec. 10; P. O. Pecatonica.

Fowler R. M. barber; Pecatonica.

French Everett, retired; Pecatonica.

French F. photographer; Pecatonica.

FRENCH IRVIN, Dealer in Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Cedar Posts, Sash, Doors and Blinds, at lowest rates; come and see me; I sell only Michigan Lumber, best of Fencing and Common Lumber; any one in need of Window Blinds, or Door and Window Screens, will do well to call and see stock and samples; Pecatonica. Born in Ohio in 1833; came to this Co. in 1849; has held offices of Supervisor, School Trustee, etc.; married Miss Sarah Wittlesey, March 8, 1860; she was born in Ohio; have three children: Josephine, Nellie and Gertie.

Fuller T. W. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Funnel Geo. stock dealer; Pecatonica.

Funnel Jas. butcher; Pecatonica.

GARVER JOHN, farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Pecatonica.

GAFFIN HARVEY, Retired Farmer; Pecatonica; born in Upper Canada in 1829; came to this State in 1837, and to this Co. in 1873; owns 12 acres land; married Miss Mary West in 1855, who was born in N. Y.; have three children: James, Otha, Frances.

Garver M. L. farmer; Sec. 29.

Gill John, retired; Pecatonica.

Golly Andy, telegraph operator; Pecatonica.

Golly A. A. baker; Pecatonica.

Golly Thomas, horse dealer; Pecatonica.

Goodrich Chancey, Pecatonica.

GOODRICH LEWIS, Teacher; Pecatonica; born in N. Y. in 1840; came to this Co. in June, 1854; has been Principal of the School at this place over six years; married Miss Laura Campbell in Dec., 1872; she was born in Vt., and died July 16, 1876; has one child, Lewis.

Goodwell Ford, laborer; Pecatonica.

Gorham Geo. blacksmith; Pecatonica.

Gorman D.

GOUCHER HENRY B., M. D., Physician and Furniture Dealer; Pecatonica; born in O., Nov. 18, 1810; came to this Co. Dec. 25, 1855; married Miss A. McCormick in 1831; she was born in Penn., and died in 1860; he again married Mrs. Delia A. Walker in 1873; she was born in N. J.; has four children: William M., Nancy R. and Marceneus C. by former marriage; one daughter, Floretta Mabel, by second marriage.

Graves Frank, mason; Pecatonica.

Groves T. D. jeweler; Pecatonica.

GREEN ELBRIDGE, Farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Mass. in 1810; came to this Co. in 1855; married Miss Mary Ann Brewer in 1836; she was born in Mass.; have six children: Maria A., Sarah, George, Louisa, Emily, Leonard; lost one son and two daughters.

Green Ezra, retired; Pecatonica.

GUILFORD J. Sec. 28; P. O. Pecatonica; born in 1824; came to this Co. in 1824; came to 480 acres land; one of the oldest settlers of this town; Town Trustee; died in 1852; she was Guilford S. farmer

HAGGLUND Pecatonica.

Hallick A. M. farmer; Pecatonica.

Hallick Reuben, farmer; Pecatonica.

Hallick Wm. farmer; Pecatonica.

Hamilton C. farmer; Pecatonica.

HAMILTON Physician and Surgeon; born in Me. in 1828; came to this Co. in 1855; married Mary Horne in 1855; have three children: and Royal Grave

Hance Eugene, farmer; Pecatonica.

Hance Ogden, retired; Pecatonica.

Hance Royal, farmer; Pecatonica.

Hance Thomas, storekeeper; Pecatonica.

Harril John A. clerk; Pecatonica.

Harley Robert, butcher; Pecatonica.

Harrensten John, gardener; Pecatonica.

Hassel Fred, farmer; Pecatonica.

Hasting J. L. mason; Pecatonica.

HAUGHTON Blacksmith; born in Cheshire, N. H.; came with parents to this Co. in 1855; married Miss Anna and Lydia Sarver in 1855; born in Bradford; have five children: Lewis F., July 17, 1866; L. Edith A., June 1, 1868; I. V. I., from Cairo, June 12, 1868, valued at \$5,480; and religion; is a member of the School

Haughton C. farmer; Pecatonica.

Haughton J. farmer; Pecatonica.

HAUGHTON P. O. Pecatonica; born in 1838; came to this Co. in 1855; has 480 acres land; married in 1859; she was born in 1838; have three children: Effie H. and Hawbright Jos. retired; Pecatonica.

Henderson Alick, barber; Pecatonica.
 Henderson J. C. farmer; Sec. 33. P. O. Pecatonica.
 Hewit E. W. painter; Pecatonica.
 Hibbard Henry, carpenter; Pecatonica.
 Hibbard Wm. painter; Pecatonica.
 Hitchcock Geo. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.
 Hill E. railroad hand.
 Hill Webb, salesman; Pecatonica.
 Holemburg Gus, farmer; P.O. Pecatonica.
 Hobson W. farmer; Sec. 3; P.O. Pecatonica.
HOLLENBECK SILAS C. Farmer; Sec. 32; P.O. Pecatonica; born in Ohio in 1824; came to this Co. in 1845; owns 192 acres; holds offices of Supervisor and Road Commissioner; married Mary A. Reed in 1848; she was born in N. Y.; have three children: Francis A., Julia and Edward H.; lost one son.
 Holmes James, miller; Pecatonica.
 Hooker Geo. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.
 Hubbard Rev. G. B. clergyman.
 Hulse Enos, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.
 Hulse Jacob E. farmer; P.O. Pecatonica.
 Hulse J. S. stock dealer; Pecatonica.

JACKSON JOHN D. Cooper and General Auctioneer; Pecatonica; born in England in 1831; came to this Co. in 1854; has held office of Supervisor 2 years and School Director 9 years; married Miss Prudence Dutton in 1854; she was born in England; have ten children: Emma D., Linnia J., Edward S., Mary B., Nettie, Stella, Walter, Charles, Mabel, and J. D.; lost one daughter, Nellie.

JAYGAR OLIVER. Farmer; Sec. 31; P.O. Pecatonica; born in N. Y. in 1818; came to this State in 1837; was engaged in business as a painter for 25 years in Chicago; married Mrs. Maria Halstead in 1865, daughter of Elbridge Green, Esq.; have four children: Edward G., Laura B., Howard O. and Harry J.; owns 105 acres; his father settled in this place in 1838.

Johnson Wilson, farmer; P.O. Pecatonica.
 Jordan T. A., M. D., physician; Pecatonica.

JUDD CYRUS B. Farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Pecatonica; born in St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., in 1838; came to this Co. in 1854; owns 190 acres land; married Miss Maria Kellogg, Dec. 26, 1860; she was born in same place; have one daughter, Laura Belle; has been School Director 7 years.

Judd John B. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.
 Judd J. L. retired; Pecatonica.

KEATING JAMES, farmer; Sec. 16. P. O. Pecatonica.
 Keating J. H. farmer; Sec. 16. P. O. Pecatonica.

Keating Michael, farmer; Sec. 16. P. O. Pecatonica.
 Kendrick Rufus, butcher; Pecatonica.
 Kendrick T. H. butcher; Pecatonica.
 Kerr J. R. station agent; Pecatonica.
 Kerr Peter, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.
 Kerr Peter, Jr., fireman; Pecatonica.
 Keyes Geo. W. stationer; Pecatonica.
 Kidder B. F. farmer; Sec. 35; P.O. Pecatonica.

KIDDER L. L. Retired; Pecatonica; born in Ohio, in 1832; came to this Co. in 1861; owns 120 acres land; lived in California 10 years previous to his coming to this Co.; holds office of Assessor; married Miss Celia Searls, in 1866; she was born in Ohio; have two children, Nellie E. and Ernest R.; lost three.

Kirk Geo. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Pecatonica.
 Kling Gus, laborer; Pecatonica.
 Kling Joel, carpenter; Pecatonica.

KNOWLTON H. W. Banker; Pecatonica; born in Freeport, Stephenson Co., in 1839; came to this Co. in 1873, and established, in connection with his father and brothers, the present bank, of which he is Cashier; he married Miss Kate Alton, in 1862; she was born in Dunkirk, N. Y.

KNOWLTON BROS. Proprietors Pecatonica Bank; receive deposits, buy approved paper, buy and sell exchange, and do a general banking business.

Kurch Peter, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

LEE JAMES, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

LATHAM C. H., M. D. Physician; Pecatonica; born in Jo Daviess Co., in 1853; came to this Co. in 1876; he married Miss Lillie Underwood, in 1876; she was born in Mass.

Leland James, carpenter; Pecatonica.
 Linquist John, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.
 Lonburg Peter, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

LOVELESS ANDREW J. Blacksmith; Sec. 3; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Bradford Co., Pa., in 1833; married Miss Deborah C., daughter of Thomas and Hester Brown, of that Co., Sept. 29, 1860; came to this Co. in 1861; enlisted in 1st Ill. Lt. Art., Capt. J. Cheney, Aug. 15, 1862; served 3 years; was in battles of Atlanta, Jackson, Dalton, Pine Mountain, Peach Tree Creek, Buzzard Roost, Mission Ridge, Kenesaw Mountain, Jonesboro, and others through the campaign to the last battle of Nashville; was honorably discharged, at Chicago, July 15, 1865; has five children: Adrian, born Feb. 23, 1862; Amelia C., Aug. 11, 1867; Perley, Sept. 9, 1871; Andrew A., July 3, 1874; Susan, May 10, 1876; Independent in politics and religion.



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PECATONICA

Lynnyberg N. painter; Pecatonica.

MCCARTY JERRY, laborer; Pecatonica.

McDowell Thos. laborer; Pecatonica.

McFarland J. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

McFarland J. farm; Sec. 4; P.O. Pecatonica.

McLaughlin Pat. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Maguire Dr. veterinary surgeon; Pecatonica.

Maloney John, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Marks G. farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Pecatonica.

Marston C. A. clerk; Pecatonica.

Marston C. N. clerk; Pecatonica.

Martin Perry, teacher; Pecatonica.

Maryhen A. J. retired; Pecatonica.

Maynard A. S. butter dealer; Pecatonica.

Merrill John, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Milkes Thos. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Miln G. B. grocer; Pecatonica.

Milne Robert, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Miller A. G. retired; P. O. Pecatonica.

MILLER CHARLES W. Justice of the Peace; Collection, Insurance, and Real Estate; all business attended to with promptness and accuracy; Pecatonica; born in Oneida Co., N. Y., in 1842; came to this Co. in 1844; enlisted in 184th Ill. Inf. in the late war; has held office of Police Magistrate 4 years previous to his election of Justice of the Peace.

Miller Giles, retired; Pecatonica.

Miller Henry, Pecatonica.

Miller J. C.

Misson A. farmer; P.O. Pecatonica.

Misson Henry, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Mitchell Abraham, Street Com; Pecatonica.

Mitchell David, retired; Pecatonica.

Mitchell Wm. cooper; Pecatonica.

Morgan T. P. grain buyer.

Morse T. J. bridge builder; Pecatonica.

Mullican J. laborer; Pecatonica.

Murphy Mike, blacksmith; Pecatonica.

MYERS C. Farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Germany, in 1843; came to this country in 1857, and to this Co. in 1860; owns 135 acres; married Miss Rena Atwood, in 1868; has one child; lost four.

Myers Joseph, farmer.

NAGLE JACOB, farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Pecatonica.

Neigh Amos, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Nelsen G., Sr., retired; Pecatonica.

Nelson John, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

NEWELL D. Physician and Surgeon; born in Penn., in 1832; came to this state in 1856; to this Co. in 1867; practiced his profession for 20 years; married Miss

Hawkins in 1868 and died in 1881. Mrs. J. B. Thos. N. Y.; had one son, Albert Hawkins.

Newton G. A. shoemaker.

Newton H. B. painter.

Norton C. laborer.

O'BRIEN John

O'BRIEN JAMES Pecatonica House; the class style, is comfortable; is fitted up in good commodation and reasonable; good with the hotel; N. Y., in 1837; 1855; to this Co. Annie Simpson, have two children; lost one daughter.

O'Brien J. foreman.

Olin Dyer, carpenter.

Olin Norman, carpenter.

OLIVER GEORGE 23; P. O. Pecatonica; April 12, 1815; 1840; he owns 200 acres; Sarah Hill in England; have two children; James; lost five children.

Oliver G., Jr., farmer.

OLIVER JAMES Pecatonica Carriage Works. Fine Carriages, also general jobbing done; horse shoeing; iron work done at low as the lowest; in 1851; came to this Co. established in business.

Oliver J. farmer; Sec. 31.

PASH PETER, Pecatonica.

PADDOCK L. Pecatonica; born in this Co. in 1868; D. Perley in business in Hardware, Groceries, etc.; he married in 1870, who was born in this Co. has two children.

Past T. B.

Patridge E. C. farmer.

Patterson David, laborer.

Patterson W. R. merchant.

Perley B. D. merchant.

Perley E. D. farmer.

PERLEY PUTNAM Pecatonica; born in 1810; came to this Co. in 1832.

acres; has held offices of School Director, Assessor, and Justice of the Peace; also Treasurer of the school fund while living in Stephenson Co.; he married Miss Sarah P. Dow, in 1834, who was born in Mass., and died in 1847; he afterwards married Miss Hannah K. Morrill, in 1849; she was born in N. H.; has four children, Frederick P., Benjamin D., Ella E., and Joseph W.

PERLEY & PADDOCK, Dealers in Hardware, Groceries, Boots and Shoes.

Peterson Abram J. carpenter; Pecatonica.
 Peterson Andrew, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.
 Peterson Chas. laborer; Pecatonica.
 Peterson Gus. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.
 Peterson J. O. tailor; Pecatonica.
 Peterson John, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.
 Peterson Swan, laborer; Pecatonica.
 Pettibone E. D. blacksmith; Pecatonica.
 Plato A. merchant; Pecatonica.
 Plato Byron, salesman; Pecatonica.
 Plumb J. M. painter; Pecatonica.
 Pomeroy T. A. carpenter; Pecatonica.
 Prisler Geo. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

PRISLER JOSEPH, Farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Penn. in 1809; came to this Co. in 1848; owns 160 acres land; he married Elizabeth Johnson in 1845; she was born in Penn.; has one son, Geo. W.

Putney P. O. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

READ DANIEL, merchant; Pecatonica.

Read J. A.

Redlin Chas. laborer; Pecatonica.
 Redlin Wm. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.
 Richardson D. farm; S. 7; P. O. Pecatonica.
 Richardson P. farm; S. 7; P. O. Pecatonica.

ROBERTS WALTER, Confectionery and Restaurant; Pecatonica; born in N. Y.; came to this Co. in 1872; is associated in business with Geo. Lawson; style of firm, Roberts & Lawson.

ROBERTS & LAWSON, Restaurant and Confectionery.

Rodd John, laborer; Pecatonica.
 Rodd John, Jr. tailor; Pecatonica.
 Rogers Aaron, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.
 Rogers C. P. night watchman; Pecatonica.
 Rogers G. D. cabinet maker; Pecatonica.
 Rogers John, painter; Pecatonica.
 Rogers O. C. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.
 Rogers S. R. laborer; Pecatonica.
 Rork W. S. retired; Pecatonica.
 Rowley S. B. shoemaker; Pecatonica.
 Rundell S.
 Runion Geo. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Ryan John, carpenter; Pecatonica.

Ryan S. J. carpenter; Pecatonica.

SABIN S. cabinet maker and furniture dealer; Pecatonica.

SALISBURY FRANCIS, Farmer and Merchant; Pecatonica; born in N. Y., in 1822; came to this State in 1854; owns 253 acres land in this State, and 640 acres in Iowa; has held office of Supervisor; he married Miss Jane Scott in 1845, she was born in N. Y.; have six children, Mary, Frances, Franklin E., Jennie, Sarah and Douglass; lost one son and one daughter.

Salisbury Frank, grocer; Pecatonica.

SALISBURY & HARRENSTEIN, Dealers in Groceries, Boots and Shoes.

Salisbury Wm. stock buyer; Pecatonica.

Sanborn Geo. grain and stock dealer; Pecatonica.

SAUNDERS R. H. Farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Pecatonica; born in North Wilkes, Eng., in 1828; came to this Co. in 1849; owns 970 acres farming land and 261 acres timber; has been School Director many years; married Miss Emily Anyon, in 1850; she was born in London, Eng.; have ten children, Frederick R., Annie B., Marian C., Thos. H., Frank E., Walter S., Herbert E., Richard S., Alice E. and Geo. M.; lost one daughter, Florence.

Scanlon Pat, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Scott Robt. stock dealer; Pecatonica.

Segeistrom L. merchant; Pecatonica.

Seymour A. J. Lightning Cure mnfr.; Pecatonica.

SHANE JAS. J. Carpenter and Builder; Sec. 3; P. O. Pecatonica; born Wilmington, Will Co., May 24, 1847; came to this Co. in 1863; married Adeline, daughter of Samuel and Lydia Sarver, July 7, 1869; have two children, Emily Gemellah, born March 5, 1870; Elmer Ellsworth, March 21, 1877; Independent in religion and politics; went to Chicago after the great fire, worked there at his trade two years, and returned.

Shane Jos. carpenter; Pecatonica.

Shaver Harvey, laborer; Pecatonica.

SHEPARD C. C. Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Crockery and Glassware; Pecatonica; born in Mass. in 1835; came to this State in 1854; married Miss Elizabeth Palmer in 1854; she was born in N. Y., and died in 1855; holds office of Town Clerk.

Shepherd Frank, paper and rag dealer; Pecatonica.

Shepherd J. M. constable; Pecatonica.

Shepherd S. F. clerk; Pecatonica.

Sherman A. laborer; Pecatonica.

PECATONICA TOWNSHIP.

Simmon E. E. laborer; Pecatonica.

SIMMONS C. A. Farmer; Sec. 27; P.O. Pecatonica; born in Medina Co., O., in 1835; came to this Co. in 1853; owns 115 acres land; has held office of School Director; married Miss Mary A. Hutchins, in 1855; she was born in N. Y.; have six children, Calvin, Ellen, Stella, Anna, Austin and Fred.

Simmers Geo. painter; Pecatonica.

Smith H. R. laborer; Pecatonica.

SMITH ISAAC O. Farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Illinois, in 1844; came to this Co. same year; holds office of School Director; owns 40 acres land; he married Miss Mary Hulse, in 1869; she was born in this section; have three children, Mary Belle, Oscar B., and Chip A.

Sodders Henry, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Sprague Philander, laborer; Pecatonica.

Stenston Mike, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Stewart Geo. gardener; Pecatonica.

STEVENS C. C. Harness Maker; Justice of the Peace; collections, etc., promptly attended to; Pecatonica; born in N. Y., in 1832; came to this Co. in 1855; has held offices of Justice of the Peace, Town Trustee, etc.; married Miss Augusta Cleaveland, in 1854; she was born in N. Y.; have two children, Frank C. and Emma E.

STEVENS (C. C.) & SON, Harness Makers.

Stevens E. C. retired; Pecatonica.

Stevens F. C. harness maker; Pecatonica.

STITSEL D. A. Dealer in Hardware, Iron, &c.; Pecatonica; born in Penn., in 1828; came to this Co. in 1854; has held office of School Director; married Miss Mary N. B. Brown, in 1861; she was born in Mass.

Stockburger Dan. blacksmith; Pecatonica.

Stockberger Chris. farm; P. O. Pecatonica.

Stockberger Fred. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Stockberger F., Jr. blacksmith; Pecatonica.

Stork John, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

STRUNK PETER W. Carpenter and Builder; Pecatonica; born in Penn., in 1842; came to this Co. in 1863; enlisted in 143d I. V. I., and served till the close of the war; married Miss L. Rogers, in 1874; she was born in N. Y.

Swarts Phil. clerk; Pecatonica.

Swift E. D. carpenter; Pecatonica.

Swift Leonard, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

TAYLOR JOHN, farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Taylor Lyman, organ grinder; Pecatonica.

Terney Frank, blacksmith; Pecatonica.

THOMPSON ABRAHAM, Farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Pecatonica; born in

Ohio, in 1825; owns 100 acres School Director; Sept. 4, Conn.; have ten children, Ellen, Albert, William, Minnie, lost one son.

Thomson A. farm;

Thomson A. W. fa

Thomson J. M. far

Thomson J. W. ret

Tierney Wm. black

Tollman Fred. lab

Tollman Henry, la

TOWN O. C.

born in Penn., in the same year; and served 4 y Town Trustee and married Miss A. Cra in Ohio.

TRULL Z. A.

born in N. H., in Co. in 1850; is Emery & Trull Belden, in 1875 donia, N. Y.; tw Linnie.

Tuttle Henry, farm

TUTTLE ISA

84; P. O. Pecato 1820; came to th acres land; has l Town Trustee; n 1846, who was b have six childre , Hattie L., Dan George I.

VANANTWERP 83; P. O. Pec

Vanantwerp Geo. Pecatonica.

Vanantwerp Miron Pecatonica.

VAN DYKE

tonica; born in this State in 1841, has held offices Director, Supervisor and County Judge, Burbank in 1844 mont; has one cl wife of F. D. Gro

VAN ETTEN

Sec. 22; P. O. Pec Feb. 28, 1804; ca 1837; owns 162 ac of School Direct Fund; married M she was born in N living, Thomas, M daughter, Ruth.

Van Etten F. farm; Sec. 22; P. O. Pecatonica.

Van Kirk Geo. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Van Kirk W. B. farm; S. 18; P. O. Pecatonica.

VAN KIRK WM. P. Farmer; Sec. 13; P. O. Pecatonica; born in N. J., in 1816; came to this Co. in 1854; owns 90 acres land; married Miss Ann Moore in 1840; she was born in N. J.; has seven children living, Wm. B., Josephine, Geo. L., Mary A., Emma E., Charles M., and Walter B.; lost one daughter.

Vanort Fred, laborer; Pecatonica.

Vanort T. J. laborer; Pecatonica.

Vanvalkenberg Ad. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Vanvalkenberg E. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Vanvalkenberg H. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Van Vleck C. laborer; Pecatonica.

Van Vleck R. laborer; Pecatonica.

WALLIS WILLIAM, plasterer; Pecatonica.

WALLIS A. J. Druggist and Apothecary; Pecatonica; born in Rockford, Aug. 8, 1858; married Miss Ella Miller in 1875; she was born in Winnebago Co.

Warren Frank, laborer; Pecatonica.

Washburn Calvin, laborer; Pecatonica.

Waters J. W. veterinary surgeon; Pecatonica.

Waters Thos. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Waters Wesley, laborer; Pecatonica.

Watson Fred, farmer; Sec. 13. P. O. Pecatonica.

WATSON P. C. Farmer; Sec. 13; P. O. Pecatonica; born in N. Y. in 1808; came to this Co. in 1845; owns 280 acres land; has held office of School Director; married Miss Minerva Tefft in 1829; she was born in Washington Co., N. Y.; have three children, Frederick, Charles, Mary.

Wells A. L. farmer; Sec. 84.

Welles M. W. merchant; Pecatonica.

Welch Thos., Jr., carpenter; Pecatonica.

White H. farmer; Sec. 9.

Winchester John, butcher; Pecatonica.

Wing Wm. carpenter; Pecatonica.

WOLVEN JNO. W. Retired Farmer; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Green Co., N. Y., in 1830; came to this Co. in 1851; owns 862 acres land; has held office of School Trustee; married Miss Juliette Martin in 1855; she was born in N. Y.; has four children, Edwin J., Charles, Jessie, and Georgie.

Woodruff G. H. laborer; Pecatonica.

Woodruff H. B. mason; Pecatonica.

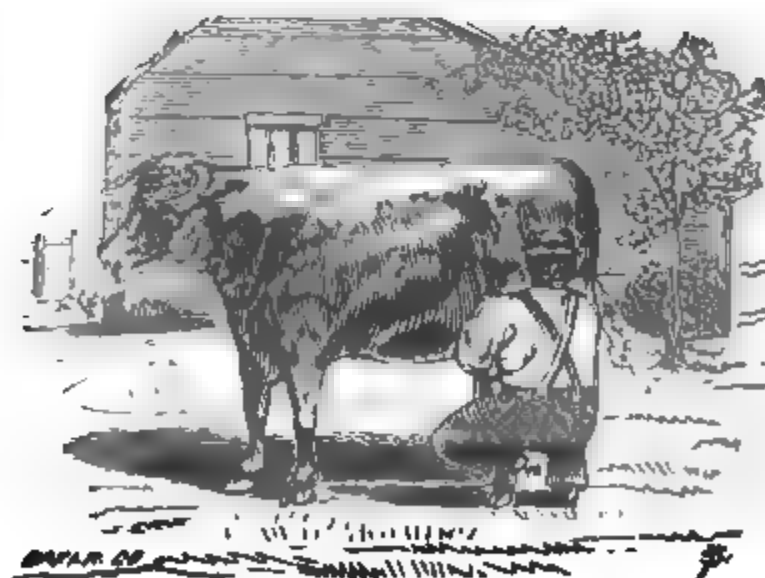
Woodruff J. P. laborer; Pecatonica.

Wynegar J. farm; Sec. 18; P. O. Pecatonica.

Wynegar L. C. farm; S. 18; P. O. Pecatonica.

YOUNG A. C. Pecatonica.

Young Henry, plasterer; Pecatonica.



SEWARD TOWNSHIP.

ANDREW A. B. farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Pecatonica.

Andrews David W. Sec. 4; P.O. Pecatonica.

BALLARD SABIN, Farmer and Stock Dealer; Sec. 8; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Rhode Island, in 1826; came to this Co. in 1866; owns 123 acres; married Hannah Withey, in 1850; she was born in Conn., and died in 1863; has one son, named Andrew.

Bebb M. S. farm; S. 34; P.O. Fountain Dale.

BENEDIOT MRS. F. Widow; Sec. 8; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Ohio, in 1834; came to this Co. in 1849; married Richard Benedict, Sept. 15, 1853; he was born in Onondaga Co., N. Y., in 1827; he died Aug. 31, 1877; has six children, J. Nettie, Ernest R., Marion A., Ralph D., Helen M., John E.

Benedict F. A. farm; Sec. 1; P.O. Pecatonica.

Benedict J. A. farm; Sec. 30; P.O. Pecatonica.

BENSON FRANCIS R. Farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Pecatonica; born in this Tp., in 1846; owns $\frac{1}{4}$ interest in estate of 173 acres; his father, William Benson, was one of the early settlers of this Tp., and was employed by Frink & Walker many years as Stage Driver; he died in 1864.

Bibbins W. H. farm; Sec. 2; P.O. Winnebago.

Braithwait J. farm; Sec. 31; P.O. Pecatonica.

BRIDGELAND A. Farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Elida; born in England, in 1816; came to this country in 1837; to this Co. in 1846; owns 320 acres; has held office of School Director for years; he married Miss Hannah Wright, in 1847; she was born in England; has six children, Mary, Sarah A., Ellen C., William, George D., Martha.

Brooks R. H. carpenter; Sec. 5; P. O. Pecatonica.

BROWN GEO. H. Farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Penn., in 1828; came to this Co. in 1856; owns 100 acres; he married Helen Kuney in 1855; she was born in Penn.; died in 1863; he married Sally Lutes, in 1864, who was born in Penn.; three children by first marriage, Ida E., Samuel S., John H.; five children by second marriage, Emma V., Georgianna, Myrtie R., C. Grant, and Freddie H.

Bubu G. H. farmer; Sec. 30.

Burdick L. L. farm; S. 12; P.O. Winnebago.

Burdick W. farm; Sec. 12; P.O. Winnebago.

Burk J. farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Pecatonica.

BURCH C. R. Farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Penn., in 1838; came to this Co. in 1859; owns 160 acres; en-

listed in the 15th war; has held c and Road Com Whittlesey, daughter, in 1863; have two children, phalet Chauncey Burtch N. E. farm Businga M. farmer

CALDWELL J. P. O. Pecatonica. Caldwell John.

Carson A. T. team

Clark J. T. farmer

Clark John, farmer

Clark Jonathan, Winnebago.

CLARK H. Sec. 4; P. O. Fount, in 1808; owns 57 acres in Walton, who was children living, E. Dell; lost to Alonzo Walton; 44th Regt., I. V. tered out as Major three years as A

CLARK SAMUEL 16; P. O. Pecatonica. England, in 1818; 1845; owns 98 $\frac{1}{2}$ Money, in 1835; his second wife, she was born in by first marriage Cleveland Albert, f

CLEVELAND Farmer; Sec. 19 in Washington C to this Co. in 185 office School Director, Curtis, in 1857; have one son, children.

CLEVELAND 28; P. O. Pecatonica. 1829; came to this Co. in 1859; owns 100 acres; has held c Road Commissioner; married Miss Jane was born in N. Albert, Maria, A

Clickman C. farm;

Clikeman Peterson,

Clikeman Peter, f Winnebago.

Cole S. W. mason;

COMLY CHARLES, Farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Penn., in 1814; came to this Co. in 1855; owns 360 acres; he married Miss Mary Ludwig, in 1836; she was born in Penn.; have eleven children, Lucy, Isabel, Maria, Caroline, Catharine, Mary, Thomas, Abraham L., Charles H., John B. and Edwin D.

Comly L. farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Pecatonica.

Comly T. farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Pecatonica.

Conger D. farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Pecatonica.

Conger F. farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Pecatonica.

CONGER JAMES, Farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Pecatonica; born in N. Y., in 1811; came to this Co. in 1866; owns 160 acres; married Miss Sarah Johnson, in 1838, who was born in N. Y.; has six children living, Mary, Ancy, David, Frank, Ira, and Katie.

Conover H. farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Pecatonica.

CONOVER MRS. SYLVIA, Widow; born in Conn., and removed to Stuben Co., N. Y., in 1820; came to this Co. in 1838; taught school in N. Y. 8 years; married Morris D. Pierce, in 1835; he was born in Utica, N. Y.; died March 18, 1844; in 1847, she married David Conover, who was born in Chambersburg, Penn.; he died in 1852; has one child, Mrs. Helen Fairchild, by first marriage, and one son, Henry, by second marriage; lost one son, Frederick, in the army.

Cooper John.

Copeland J. farm; S. 34; P. O. Fountain Dale.

Cummings E. farm hand; P. O. Winnebago.

Cummings H. farm hand; P. O. Winnebago.

DAUGHERTY P. C. farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Pecatonica.

DAUGHERTY JOHN T. Farmer; Sec. P. O. Pecatonica; born in Ohio, in 1822; came to this Co. in 1845; married Margaret Shores, in 1842; she was born in Penn.; died in —; he afterwards married Laura Gibbs, in 1855; she was born in N. Y.; had two children by first marriage, Nancy A. and John, and by second marriage two, Philetus C. and William O.

Daugherty W. farm; Sec. 6; P. O. Pecatonica.

DAY DUDLEY W. Farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Pecatonica; born in N. Y., in 1839; came to this Co. in 1858; enlisted in 15th Regt. I. V. I., and served three years, and was in the battles of Shiloh, Vicksburg, Jackson, and Hatchie, and the siege of Corinth; owns 102 acres; holds office of Assessor; Road Commissioner 7 years; School Director; he married Miss Rachel Scott, in 1864; she was born in Penn.; has two children, Mary A. and Lillian R.

Dooly B. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Pecatonica.

DOWLEN JOSHUA, Farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Indiana, 1825; came to this Co. in 1855; owns 60

acres; married Mrs. S. S. Weddel, in 1854; she was born in Indiana; Mrs. Dowlen had three children by former marriage.

Drake J. farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Pecatonica.

Dunkley E. farmer; Sec. 13; P. O. Winnebago.

Dunkley T. farmer; Sec. 13; P. O. Winnebago.

EASON JOSEPH, retired; Sec. 4; P. O. Pecatonica.

Eaton D. farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Pecatonica.

Eckman A. farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Pecatonica.

Eddy E. farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Pecatonica.

Eddy G. E. farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Pecatonica.

Elliott C. farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Elida.

ELLIOTT MITCHELL, Farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Elida; born in Perry Co., Penn., in 1810; lived in Ohio 23 years; came to this state in 1856; owns 160 acres; has held office of School Director; he married Miss Mary A. Linn, in 1833; she was born in Perry Co., Penn.; have six children, John L., Mary E., Charles, Thomas C., Mattie E., and Maggie; lost one son, Edward M., he enlisted in the 97th Regt. I. V. I.; was taken prisoner in Georgia, and was confined at Andersonville, where he died of starvation.

Elliott T. C. farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Elida.

FAULKNER JOSEPH, Farmer; Sec. 13; P. O. Winnebago.

FAULKNER SAMUEL, Farmer; 24; P. O. Winnebago; born in England, in 1833; came to this Co. in 1846; owns 300 acres; married Miss Sophia Hulett, in 1854; she was born in England; have seven children, Edward, Marshall, Elizabeth, Calvin, Etta, Henry, and Irving; lost two.

Fitzgerald E. farm; S. 32; P. O. Pecatonica.

FITZGERALD WM. Farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Ireland, in 1827; came to this country in 1842; owns 160 acres; enlisted in the Navy, and served 7 years; was at the storming of Vera Cruz; served 3 years under Commodore Perry, and was stationed on the Pacific Coast 4 years, under Commodore Jones; settled in Ills. after his discharge; enlisted in the late war, and served 8 years, and his discharge makes mention of 31 general engagements, among which are Vicksburg, Mission Ridge, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Marietta, etc.; he married Catharine Quinlan, in 1852; she was born in Ireland; have three children living, Eugene, John and Sarah; lost five sons and one daughter.

FLAGG GEO. W. Farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Mass., in 1825; came to this Co. in 1856; owns 112 acres, valued at \$8,000; has held offices of Constable, Collector, and School Director; married Miss Lestina Rugg, in 1850; she was born in Mass.; have two children,

SEWARD TOWNSHIP.

Henry and Lilian: lost one daughter, Clara, and one son, Elijah.

Flagg H. farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Pecatonica. Foilschow Charles, farm hand.

Fox J.H., collector; Sec. 8; P.O. Pecatonica. Frost G. R.

GAFFENEY PATRICK, farm hand; Sec. 28; P. O. Pecatonica.

Grady A. J. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

HAIRE JOHN, farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Fountain Dale

Halsey O.F. farm; Sec. 17; P.O. Pecatonica.

HAMILTON JACOB M. Farmer; Sec. 7; P.O. Pecatonica; born in N. Y., in 1822; came to this Co. in 1844; owns 256½ acres; held office of School Director; married Miss Sarah A. Derwent, Jan. 1, 1851; she was born in England; have seven children, William, Charles, Ella, Cora, Myron, Annie and Raymond; lost two, Mary and Edward.

Hamilton Wm. farm; S. 7; P.O. Pecatonica. Hayes Garrett.

Hench H. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Pecatonica.

Highbarger F. farm; S. 31; P. O. Pecatonica.

HIGHBARGER ISAAH, Farmer; Sec. 31; P.O. Pecatonica; born in Md., 1825; came to this Co. in 1845; owns 668 acres land; has held office of School Director; he married Miss Elizabeth Rhineheart in 1850; she was born in Md.; have seven children, Wm. F., Francis M., Mary C., Haywood H., Martha E., Ann E. and Leah M.

Highbarger W. farm; S. 31; P.O. Pecatonica.

Hillock E. farmer; Sec. 29; P.O. Pecatonica.

Hitchcock G. farm; Sec. 2; P.O. Pecatonica.

Hitchcock R. farm; Sec. 2; P.O. Pecatonica.

HITCHCOCK WM. S. P. Farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Pecatonica; born in N. Y., 1817; came to this Co. in 1854; owns 40 acres land; married Miss Martha Hudson in 1845; she was born in Canada East; has six children, Louise, Julia, Sophronia, George, Eva and Amanda; has served many years as Path Master.

HOISINGTON REV. CHESTER, Sec. 26; P. O. Winnebago; born in N. Y., in 1808; came to this Co. in 1844; owns 100 acres land; has held offices of Justice of the Peace and School Director; was licensed to preach as a minister in the M. E. Church in 1843; he was afterwards ordained at Dixon; he preached the first sermon in what is now known as the Hoisington Church; married Lucy Wheeler in 1830; she was born in Vt.

Holcomb A. H. farm; S. 21; P.O. Pecatonica.

Holcomb D. S. farm; S. 30; P.O. Pecatonica.

Holmes I. B. farm; S. 26; P. O. Winnebago.

Hooker Geo. W. farmer; P. O. Pecatonica.

Hudson Arthur, fa
Hudson T. farm; f

JAYNE WILLI

JONES SAM

P.O. Pecatonica
N. Y., 1821; cam
200 acres land;
Director; marri
in 1843; she wa
children living,
George, Flora,
Mary; lost one c

JONES WM.

Pecatonica; boi
N. Y., 1817; ca
owns 160 acres;
lor in 1852; sh
have three adopt
Jones W. farmer; f

KIDDER PERL
Winnebago.

KIRK SAMU

P. O. Pecatonic
came to this Co.
land; has hunter
where the depot
ried Miss Ann
she was born in
William J., Liz
Fannie E.

Kimbal Jos. farm;

LAGRANGE F
P. O. Pecatoni

LAMBERT J

er; Sec. 6; P.O. P
April 21, 1836; c
to this Co. in 187
married Miss Re
was born in Prov
children, Henry,
lin J.; he enliste
served three years

Leitts A. farmer; Se

Lincoln S. farmer; t

Lincoln W. farmer;

Lindly C. farmer; S

Lindly F. farmer; S

Lindly I. S. farm; S

Logan R. farmer; S

Lowry D. W. farm;

LOWRY MA

Sec. 9; P.O. Pecat
17, 1821; came t
owns 383 acres la
pervisor, and has
sioner and Scho
married Miss He
she was born in E
1868; he afterwa
Wright, who was
children living, b

M., Sarah E., David W., Clarence E.,
Albert H. and Alice J.

Lunberry P. J. farmer; Sec. 12.

McCULLOUGH J.

McDonald J. farm; Sec. 28; P.O. Pecatonica.

McDONALD LAWRENCE,
Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Pecatonica; born
in County Meath, Ireland, in 1833; came
to this Co. in 1854; owns 494 acres land;
has held office of Justice of the Peace 12
years, and School Director many years;
he married Miss Mary Williams in 1864;
she was born in Winnebago Co.; has
seven children, Elizabeth, Edward, John,
Julia, Mary, Charles and Emily.

McDonald R. farm; Sec. 28; P.O. Pecatonica.

McDonald Thos. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O.
Pecatonica.

McEchran M. farm; S. 36; P.O. Winnebago.

Mack S. farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Pecatonica.

Markham Jas. farm; S. 27; P.O. Pecatonica.

Markham J. farm; Sec. 27; P.O. Pecatonica.

MARSTON GEO. W. Farmer; Sec.
25; P. O. Winnebago; born in N. Y., in
1835; came to this Co. in 1845; he enlist-
in the 15th I. V. I., and was wounded at
the battle of Shiloh; has held office of
Collector; he married Miss Sarah Scott,
who was born in Penn., in 1842; have
five children, Anson M., Amos W., Chas.
L., Mary A. and George E.

Martin J. P. farm; Sec. 4; P.O. Pecatonica.

Meredith B. D. farmer; P. O. Winnebago.

Meredith J. C. farmer; P. O. Winnebago.

MEREDITH T. R. Retired Farmer;
Sec. 36; P. O. Elida; born in Penn., Sept.
25, 1815; came to this State in 1854, and
to this Co. in 1867; owns 232 acres land;
he married Nancy R. Bull, in 1845; she
was born in Perry Co., Penn.; have four
children, John C., David B., Jennie M.
and Sallie G.

Moon A. farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Winnebago.

Moon R. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Pecatonica.

Moore J. farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Winnebago.

Moore Jos. farm; Sec. 23; P. O. Winnebbgo.

MOORE WM. Farmer; Sec. 23; P. O.
Winnebago; born in Eng., in 1813; came
to this Co. in 1847; owns 360 acres land;
married Miss Mary Faulkner in 1840; she
was born in Eng.; have eight children,
William, Isabelle, Mary, Adeline, Susan,
James, Joseph and Bertha; lost four.

Moore W., Jr. farm; S. 15; P.O. Winnebago.

MORGAN THOS. Farmer; Sec. 18;
P. O. Pecatonica; born in Wales, in 1825;
came to this Co. in 1855; owns 80 acres
land; married Susanna Helman, in 1866;
she was born in Penn.; have five children,
Cora D., Wm. E., Chas. L., Ida M. and
Martha J.

Mosher C. S. retired.

Myers L. farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Pecatonica.

Myers S. farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Pecatonica.

Myers W. farmer; Sec. 31; P.O. Pecatonica.

NEELY WM. farmer; Sec. 16.

Newton Julian.

NEWTON PLINY (Z. Farmer; Sec.
12; P. O. Winnebago; born in Vt., in
1830; came to this Co. in 1853; owns 120
acres land; held office of School Director
12 years; married Miss Martha Phelps, in
1854; she was born in Ohio; have two chil-
dren, Julia and Almon; and one adopted
daughter, Augusta.

Newton W. farmer; Sec. 2.

OSTRANDER JOHN J. farmer; Sec.
20; P. O. Pecatonica.

PALMER W. L. laborer.

PETERSON CHAS. M. Farmer;
Sec. 4; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Swe-
den in 1817; came to this Co. in 1854;
owns 72 acres land; married Miss Johanna
Peterson in 1842; she was born in Swe-
den; have five children, Matilda, Sophia,
Emily, Louisa and Augusta; lost one son
and one daughter.

PFEIFER PHILIP, Farmer; Sec.
17; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Germany,
1816; came to this Co. in June, 1847; owns
60 acres land; holds office of Town Clerk
and has been School Director; he married
Miss Rosella Metcalf, in 1858; she was
born in N. Y.; have three children, Ida
R., Lizzie S. and Alice M.

Phelps J. W. farmer; P. O. Winnebago.

PHELPS SILAS M. Farmer; Sec.
13; P. O. Winnebago; born in Ohio, 1840;
came to this Co. in 1856; owns 160 acres
land; he enlisted in the 45th I. V. I., and
served three years; married Miss Louise
Chandler in 1864; she was born in N. Y.;
has two children, Carrie M. and Susan B.;
lost two: Amasa, aged 9 years; and Clar-
ence, aged 5 years.

RAFFERTY A. farmer; Sec. 32; P. O.
Pecatonica.

Rhinehart Calvin.

Roberts E. C. steam thresher; Sec. 30.

Rugg A. farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Pecatonica.

Ryan D. farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Pecatonica.

Ryan D., Jr. farm; Sec. 33; P.O. Pecatonica.

SARGENT DANIEL, farmer; Sec. 36; P.
O. Winnebago.

SARGENT CHARLES, Retired
Farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Winnebago; born
in N. H., 1800; came to this State 1842,
and to this Co. 1854; owns 180 acres;
married Ruth Mansur in 1825, born in



M. L. Lowry
SEWARD TP.

Lower Canada 1806, died 1864; six children: Daniel M., Charles P., Ruth, John, Maria and Isora A.; lost two, George and Hollis; John enlisted in the 8th I. V. C., and was mustered out as Capt. Co. M.

SCOTT A., M.D., Physician; Sec. 20; P.O. Pecatonica; born in Penn. 1820; came to this Co. 1857; owns 80 acres; has practiced medicine for 34 years; served in the late war as Surgeon of 158d I. V. I. until the regiment was mustered out; married Miss Harriet McCarty, born in Penn; have eight children: Sarah, Rachel, Mary, Charles, Martha, Julia, Hattie and Clara; lost one daughter, Mercy B.; has held offices of School Director, Road Commissioner and Town Clerk.

Scott H. W. farmer; Sec. 23; P.O. Winnebago.

Scott J. W. farm; Sec. 27; P. O. Winnebago.

Searls A. K. farm; Sec. 12; P.O. Winnebago.

Searls D. J. farm; Sec. 12; P.O. Winnebago.

Seaton F. farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Pecatonica.

Seaton Gilbert, farm; S. 2; P. O. Pecatonica.

Seaton W. farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Pecatonica.

Seaton W. T. farm; Sec. 2; P. O. Pecatonica.

Sheldon G. E. farm; S. 14; P.O. Winnebago.

Sheldon I. J. farm; S. 14; P. O. Winnebago.

Sheldon Jay, farm; Sec. 14; P.O. Winnebago.

Shimmin Carson.

Shimmin George, night watchman.

SHIMMIN JOHN S. Farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Pecatonica; born Isle of Man in 1819; came to this Co. Feb., 1837; owns 200 acres; has been member of the School Board 8 years; married Wilhelmina Love 1845, born in Penn.; have fourteen children: Emma, Katie, Carson, Almeda, George, William, Alice, Mary, Annie, Lucy, Mina, Eddie, Charles and Florence; lost two sons, Alba and Elmer.

Shimmin Wm. farm; Sec. 5; P.O. Pecatonica.

Short Robt. farmer; Sec. 16; P.O. Pecatonica.

SIMMONS OLIVER, Farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Pecatonica; born in N. Y. 1844; came to this Co. 1867; married Miss Nettie Benedict 1876, born in this Co.; enlisted in 65th O. V. I., and re-enlisted as veteran; mustered out in Texas in 1865.

Simpson Cyrus, Sec. 6.

Simpson H. W., Sec. 11.

Smiley Andrew, farmer; Sec. 26.

SMITH BENJAMIN, Farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Penn. 1819; came to this Co. 1857; owns 80 acres; married Ellen Bailey 1839, born in Penn.; have seven children: Anna, Maria, William H., Michael J., Mary E., George B., Lizzie and Benjamin Franklin; lost one daughter.

Smith G.

Smith G. H. farmer; Sec. 22; P.O. Winnebago.

Smith J. A.

SMITH R. C. Winnebago; born to this Co. 1855; Miss Kate Steward have six children: John, Lizzie and School Director.

Smith Wm. farmer

Snyder Bernard, farm

Spencer A. farm; S.

Spencer Geo. farm

Spencer Samuel, farm

SPIGIER GEO

P. O. Pecatonica

1818; came to the

acres land; has been

married Miss Lu

N. Y.; have seven

L., Mercy E., J.

Ancy and Annie;

Straw D. B. farmer;

Straw J. S. farmer;

Straw N. S. farmer;

Straw W. S. farmer;

Sweeney John, farm

TASKALL RICH

Tracy E. F. retired;

Tracy Geo. farmer;

TRAVER L.

Pecatonica; born

to this Co. 1864;

per acre; married

born in England

Charles H., Sarah

Eugene, Mary, L.

Fannie and Birdie

VANSTEN B.

Vestal F. farmer; S.

Vestal J. H. farm;

WALLACE CY

P. O. Pecatonica

Wallace Wm. J. farm

Waters D. farmer;

Welch J. P. farmer

WELLS A. A.

Pecatonica; born

78 acres; enlisted

ried Miss A. Hol

Co., and died 187

Wells A. J. farmer

Wells Benjamin E.

Wells C. E. farm;

WELLS JES

P. O. Pecatonica

to this State 184

416 acres; has been

married Aseneth

Y., died 1845;

Lovina Everett 1848, born in Penn.; four children by first marriage: Haskell R., Harris G., Eunice and Rhoda; by second marriage: Orrin C., Cyrus, Oscar, Sylvia, Jessie and Schuyler Colfax; one son, Bennet, enlisted in 15th I. V. I., died in service.

WELLS J. R. Farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Winnebago; born St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., 1837; came to this Co. 1841; owns 157 acres; holds office School Director; married Miss Adelle E. Clark 1870, born N. Y.; have two children: Ernest E., Gertrude.

Wells Orin C. farmer; P. O. Winnebago.

WHITMAN JOSHUA, Farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Winnebago; born N. Y. 1821; came to this Co. 1870; owns 80 acres; has held office School Director; married Miss L. F. Morehouse, born N. J.; have two children: John and Erastus.

WHITNEY DARWIN, Farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Winnebago; born Pa. 1824; came to this Co. 1845; owns 320 acres; has held office School Director; married Miss Laura Bigsby 1847, born in N. Y.; have five children: Wilbur F., Emerson, Sarah L., Newton E., Mary E.; lost two: Clara and Alta.

WHITTLESEY EDMUND, Farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Pecatonica; born Mass. 1814, removed to Ohio 1817; came

to this Co. 1835; owns 170 acres; has held office of Supervisor 20 years, Justice of Peace 30 years, Town Treasurer many years; one of oldest settlers; married Miss Susan Vance 1839, born Ohio; have three children: Mary O., Joseph H. and Edwin Vance; Mrs. Whittlesey's father, Joseph Vance, was the first actual settler in Seward Tp.

Whittlesey J. H. farm; S 8; P. O. Pecatonica.

WILSON L. A. Farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Pecatonica; born N. Y. 1816; lived in Ohio 35 years previous to his removal to Illinois 1858; married Miss Annie Moulton 1839, born N. Y.; have five children: Volney, Charles P., Sylvia, Francis and Lyman A.; Volney enlisted in 8th I. V. C., served 8 years; Charles P. enlisted in 152d Ill., and was a prisoner in Andersonville 7 months.

Wright E. F. clergyman.

Wright G. farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Pecatonica.

WRIGHT JOHN, Farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Pecatonica; born England 1828; came to this State 1844, to this Co. 1868; owns 240 acres; has held offices School Director and Road Commissioner; married Miss Matilda Hutchins 1855, born in Canada; have seven children: George, Charles, Alta, Elizabeth, Lottie, Robert and Baby



BURRITT TOWNSHIP.

AFFALBAROUGH JOS. blacksmith; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

Anderson John, Sec. 19; P. O. Pecatonica.

Andrew A. rents farm; Sec. 9; P. O. Rockford.

ANDREW ELLIS, Farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford; born in Lancashire, Eng., Nov. 21, 1838; came to this Co. with his father in 1844; owns 92 acres land, valued at \$3,000; married Ellen Rudd, Dec. 20, 1866; she was born in Hamburg, Erie Co., N. Y.; they have two children: Lewis Judson, born Jan. 2, 1869, and Charlie Austin, Oct. 3, 1870; Mrs. A. has been a member of the Baptist Church over 18 years; she, with the other members of the family, are now regular attendants of the M. E. Church, there being no Baptist Church in the community; Mr. A. was Constable for 4 years, and Road Master 2 years; was but 18 years of age when he came here with his father, and was in youth inured to the hardships incident to the life of the early settler; Mrs. Andrew came here with her father, Joel M. Rudd, in 1849; has ever since lived within half a mile of where she now resides.

Andrew Wm. farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Rockford.

Atkinson B. C. farm; Sec. 18; P. O. Rockford.

ATKINSON GEORGE A. Farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford; born in Burritt, June 23, 1848; married Martha E. Herrington, Oct. 25, 1871; she was born in Burritt, Nov. 6, 1849; they have two children: Emery D., born Aug. 25, 1872, and Freddie L., April 6, 1876; owns 80 acres land, valued at \$3,000; attend the M. E. Church; the parents of both were among the first settlers in this Co.; came here about 40 years ago; were surrounded by wild country—only one or two cultivated farms between here and Rockford.

ATKINSON JAS. Farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Rockford; born in Eng., May 15, 1826; came to this Co. in 1837; owns 86 acres land, valued \$5,000; married Ann Jannette Brady, Feb. 22, 1860; she was born in Burritt, Feb. 22, 1843; they have three children, two sons and one daughter: Dora O., born Dec. 10, 1860; Charles F., Jan. 8, 1869, and Willis C., Oct. 28, 1872; Mr. A. was 11 years of age when his father came to this Co.; was but one house between here and Rockford, and no road except the boundless prairie; has accompanied his father to Chicago with grain drawn in wagons; it usually took ten days to make the round trip, fording or ferrying the Rock river and other streams; the ferry-men at that time at Rockford were James Taylor and Giles A. Hard, Esq.

ATKINSON JOHN, Farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Rockford; born in England,

Dec. 14, 1814; can own 167 acres land; married Nancy L. she was born in W. 1822; came to this eight children living: John M., 32; George (twins), 29; Mary, 21; Candace Amel, 17; lost two, Thomas and David E., who I. V. I., Aug., 1862, paign after Bragg returned as far as I he died on the 2 other sons, Brown also in the service, I. V. I., and the last when Mr. A. first there were but two Rockford; had to the surrounding broken prairie; he missionary 14 years, 2, and Trustee for attend the M. E. Ch

ATWOOD ALI Sec. 18; P. O. Pecat May 10, 1849; owns at \$3,200; married 20, 1869; she was b 29, 1851; have two born Oct. 12, 1871, 12, 1875. Mr. Been settled in East Rock when it contained lived there ever since family attend the C Republican.

ATWOOD THO Sec. 18; P. O. Pecat Water, Vt., June 14 in 1840; owns 480 \$26,400; married May 4, 1847; she was in Bridgeport, Conn they have two children, born May 10, 1 Sept 13, 1855; lost Maria, Amos W. and was Supervisor for erecting building collected the pauper E. S. Cable, father of the early settlers of still resides, being n

BAILEY JOHN, f P. O. Rockford.

Bailey P. farmer; Sec

BAILEY WILL 28; P. O. Winnebago, Kent Co., R.

ried Amy W. Reynolds, June 5, 1836; she was born same place, Dec. 2, 1817; came to this Co. in 1854; have three children living: Roby Anna, married to Mr. Billsborough, and living in Iowa; Winfield S. and William H.; lost three: Archibald D., Mary E. and A. Dorrance; Mr. B. has been Assessor 1 year, Trustee 4, and School Director 6 or 7 years; came here when there were but few farms opened up in Laona and Burritt, mostly wild prairie; himself and family belong to the M. E. Church.

BAILEY WINFIELD S. Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Winnebago; born in R. I., Sept. 3, 1852; came to this Co. with his father in 1854; owns 80 acres land, valued at \$4,500; married Agnes Sillers, Sept. 21, 1871; she was born in Scotland, June 10, 1853; came to this Co. with her father same year, who settled in Guilford; he only lived one year after reaching this Co.; they have one son, Duncan Frederic, born Aug. 13, 1872; Mr. B. has been Overseer of Highways two terms; holds that position at present; his father was one of the first settlers in Laona.

BARKER HIRAM A. Farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Rockford; born in N. Y., Feb. 12, 1830; came to this Co. in 1850; owns 159 acres land, valued at \$7,500; married Isabel Atkinson, Dec. 24, 1849; she was born in England, May 8, 1831; came to this Co. in 1887; have one child by adoption, Etta G., born March 31, 1854; Mr. B. was in Co. L, 11th I. V. C.; enlisted Feb. 7, 1865; went to Memphis just in time to join the regiment in a scout after General Forrest, following him to Holly Springs, Jackson, and as far as Wolf river, being in the saddle nearly 48 hours; was out 10 days; after returning to Memphis, was put on duty patrolling the city for two weeks, occasionally scouting in various directions for a distance of 50 miles; Mr. B. has some very fine horses—a pair of draft horses, pair of roadsters, and two young stallions, and several others, all "Normans."

Barsby William, Sec. 3; P. O. Rockford.

Bate William, Sec. 9; P. O. Rockford.

Beach George, Sec. 30; P. O. Rockford.

BEACH JOHN H. Farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Rockford; born in Ohio, Dec., 1828; came to this Co. in 1853; owns 200 acres land, valued at \$10,000; married Mary Oviatt, Dec. 20, 1853; she was born in Hudson, Summit Co., O., Sept. 12, 1834; they have four children: George M., Frank H., Ida M. and Lilly M.; Mrs. B. died Feb. 24, 1873; he married Harriet M. Pate, Sept. 23, 1874, widow with one child, Walter C. Scott; she was born in Wis., Jan. 17, 1848; Mr. B. has been School Director ever since 1858, with the exception of 3 years; was very sparsely settled in this Co. when Mr. B. came here; only five houses between here and Rockford on the Wolf Grove road;

family attend Congregational Church; Republican.

Beatson D. farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford.

Bickford C. farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford.

Bickford J. M., Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford.

Billsborough B. L. farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Rockford.

Black John, renter; Sec. 24; P. O. Rockford.

BLEWFIELD JACOB, Farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford; born in Rockland Co., N. Y., June 9, 1818; married Rachel Springstead, April 21, 1838; she was born in same Co., Sept. 6, 1819; came to this Co. in 1855; owns 105 acres land, valued at \$7,000; they have nine children living: Mary Ann A., Sarah, Samuel A., Mary E., Matilda, Jacob, Delaphene, Charles and Hattie; lost two: Lottie, who died in California in 1874, aged 31; and Malinda, who died in Rockland Co., N. Y., in 1857, aged 2 years; Mr. B. has been a life-long Democrat—a war Democrat; himself and family are regular in attendance at M. E. Church; he is a prominent member of the I. O. O. F., having Tyled his lodge from the time of its establishment, seven years ago—a public spirited man and a good citizen.

Blewfield Jacob, Jr., Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford.

Bois Wm. farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Rockford.

BOOMER EDWARD H. Farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford; born in Newark, N. J., March 7, 1848; came to this Co. in 1857; owns 143 acres land, valued at \$6,000; married Celinda Weatherhead, Sept. 27, 1870; she was born in Harrison, June 1, 1852; they have four children: Willis J. born Nov. 12, 1871; Ellen May, June 27, 1874; and Ida and Ira (twins), March 10, 1876; James R. Weatherhead, father of Mrs. B., nearly 40 years ago was working by the month and breaking prairie in this Co.; married and settled on a farm in Harrison, which is still in his possession; Mr. B. enlisted Oct. 1, 1863, in Co. G, 13th Wis. Inf.; was with Gen. Thomas on the march from Chattanooga, was captured by a scouting party of rebels at Paint Rock Bridge, Ala.; was taken to Cahawba, thence to Andersonville, where he remained until April 17, 1865, when he was paroled for exchange; was mustered out June 13, 1865, at the close of the war; they are members of the M. E. Church; Republican.

Boshun Wm. wagon maker; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford.

Bracken J. farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Rockford.

BROWN MORTON A. Farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Winnebago; born in N. Y., April 20, 1842; came to this Co. in 1853; owns 160 acres land, valued at \$8,000; married Jane A. Houghton, Dec. 2, 1868; she was born in Durand, Dec. 14, 1848; they have four children, Mary J., Agnes, Nellie

A. and Thomas A.; Mr. B. was Justice of the Peace two years, and School Trustee eight years; himself and wife are members of the M. E. Church; he has been identified with Sabbath-schools since he was eleven years old; late years has been very zealous and active in organizing and superintending in different parts of the town; is rather extensively engaged in dairy; owns 47 cows; is president of and a stockholder in the Winnebago Creamery.

BROWN THOS. Farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Winnebago; born in England, Aug. 3, 1814; came to Oneida Co., N. Y., in 1827; married Almy Fuller, Jan. 12, 1841; she was born in Oneida Co., Oct. 28, 1821; they came to this Co. in 1853; owns 220 acres land, valued at \$12,000; they have one child living, Morton A., born April 20, 1842; he owns farm of 160 acres, adjoining; works both farms; lost one daughter, Mary Jane, born Sept. 15, 1844; died March 28, 1865; have an adopted son, Chas. W. Brown, whom they have raised from the age of seven months; Mrs. B. is in charge of the Burritt Bible Depository, and has been for six years; is Treasurer of the same, receiving all moneys collected and settling accounts with County Agent; are zealous and active members of the M. E. Church; Republican.

Burns T. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford.

Byrne L. farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Rockford.

CANNELL JOHN, farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Rockford.

Chapman S. farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Rockford.

CHAPMAN MOSES, Farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Rockford; born in England, Dec. 3, 1830; came to this Co. in 1855; owns 127 acres land, valued at \$7,000; married Alice Andrews, Nov. 18, 1862; she was born in England, Feb. 28, 1843; came to this Co. in 1851; they have six children, two sons and four daughters: Alice A., aged —; Clara Etta, 14; Ada Bell, 11; George Ellis, 9; Chas. B., 7; and Lulu May, 2; Mrs. C.'s father, Wm. Andrews, emigrated to this Co. when there was nothing but wild prairie; plenty of government land on the market from which Mr. A. selected a farm, on which he has ever since resided; Mr. Chapman was School Director for three years; they are members of the M. E. Church.

Coffin F. farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Rockford.

COFFIN HORACE A. Farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Rockford; born in Roscoe Tp., March 31, 1848; owns 90 acres land, valued at \$4,500; unmarried; his father, Henderson W. Coffin, came to this Co. in 1838, being one of the oldest settlers; was born Sept. 29, 1818; married Harriet Kinnear; she was born Nov. 18, 1822; they have eleven children living, Agnes, Julia M., Sylvester B., Esther, Wm. H.,

Horace A., Mary J., Emma B., Alfred, Fletcher and Rubie H.; Mr. C., Sr., made the brick for all the brick buildings in Roscoe and large quantities in Beloit, being one of the first to engage in that business in this Co.; his widow is still living in this Co. and is fifty-five years of age.

COMSTOCK LEVI, Farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford; born in Saratoga Co., N. Y., May 3, 1812; married Matilda Root, Oct., 1846; she was born in Berkshire Co., Mass.; they came to this Co. in 1859; owns 124½ acres, valued at \$7,500; they have four children, Franklin, Lewis A., Emma and Etta, three of whom are married and living in this tp.; Mr. C. has been School Director for six years; Republican.

Comstock A. farm; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford.

COMSTOCK FRANKLIN, Farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Rockford; born in N. Y., Jan. 12, 1842; owns 106 acres land, valued at \$4,500; married Minerva Franklin, Feb. 25, 1874; she was born in Durand, July 31, 1848; they have one child living, Mabel Irene, born March 11, 1875; lost one, Laura, born April 18, 1877; died May 12, 1877; Mrs. C. is a daughter of Chas. M. Franklin, who was among the first settlers of Durand; came there many years ago, passing through all the hardships of the early pioneer; he is now sixty-seven years of age; living on the same farm he opened up in early times.

CONKLIN JACOB B. Farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Rockford; born in Wayne Co., Penn., April 6, 1816; came to this Co. in 1839; owns 263 acres land, valued at \$16,000; married Hannah Ellis, Aug. 19, 1847; she was born in Canada, Jan. 25, 1825; came to this Co. in 1845; they have three children living, Jesse M., aged 24; Barna T., 17; and Cora Lina, 14; lost two, Amelia M., died Oct. 3, 1850, aged 4 months; and Alta Teressa, aged 1 year and 9 months; Mr. C. went over land to California in 1850; returned same year by water; started for Pike's Peak in 1859; reached the foot of the Rocky Mountains; heard unfavorable reports and returned; in 1865 he sold his farm in Harrison, and, with his family, started over land for Oregon; had several Indian scares; all of their horses stampeded; recovered all but two; had one of the party killed and scalped by the Indians within sight of the train; finally reached Oregon in safety; wintered there with his family, and returned in 1866 to this Co. and purchased the farm he now resides on; Liberal in politics.

Conklin J. farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Rockford.

Corbin L. J. farm; S. 33; P. O. Winnebago.

Corney C. farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Pecatonica.

Cowley P. farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Winnebago.

Cowley T. farm; Sec. 30; P. O. Winnebago.

Cox Chas. Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford.

COX HENRY A. Farmer (Renter); Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford; born Genesee Co., N. Y., June 6, 1851; came to this Co. when an infant, with his father, twenty-six years ago; lives on his father's farm of 154 acres; married Mary S. Merchant, March 8, 1876; she was born in Burritt, Jan. 29, 1858; they have one daughter, Ida Stella, born July 9, 1877; Mr. Cox is a prominent member of the I. O. O. F.; is a Republican; Mrs. C.'s father, Jas. Merchant, came to this Co. from Scotland 25 years ago; settled on a part of Sec. 23, where he lived, a good citizen, respected by all who knew him, until Jan. 29, 1874, when he came to his death while getting wood near the west line of Burritt, by the falling of a tree, which, striking him, caused instant death; he was a member of the Congregational Church; was a good Republican.

Cox Mark, Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford.

Cox Wm. J. farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford.

Crockett J. farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Harrison.

DAVIS G. B. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

Dean R. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Winnebago.

Dickinson G. farm; Sec. 27; P. O. Rockford.

DICKINSON WM. Farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Rockford; born in Yorkshire, Eng., July 23, 1821; married Ann Coward, May 12, 1844; she was born in same Co., Eng., Jan. 10, 1821; they came to this Co. in 1845; owns 235 acres land, valued at \$17,500; they have nine children living, Rebecca, Emily, Frederick W., Geo. W., Florence, William, Annie, Charles, and Theodore P.; lost one daughter, Lucy; died at the age of 2 years and seven months; Mr. D. was Commissioner of Highways one term; has been School Director for 20 years; is Liberal in political views; has passed through some lively scenes, one of which occurred 26 years ago; a tornado struck his farm, leveling his house, fences, etc. to the ground, smashing all the crockery, furniture, etc., the house contained, and leaving the family out in the wet.

Dobson J. P. farm; Sec. 10; P. O. Rockford.

Dobson Jos. farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Rockford.

Dobson L. farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Rockford.

Dow Alex. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford.

Dow Robt. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford.

Durno E. B. farm; Sec. 35; P. O. Rockford.

DURNO WM. Farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Rockford; born in Scotland, Oct. 20, 1801; married Jane Legge, Dec. 23, 1826; she was born in Cummington, Scotland, July 4, 1798; they came to this Co. in 1846; owns 150 acres land, valued at \$7,500; they have five children living, Elsie L., Clara Jane, John, George L., and Edwin B.; lost William, who fell at the

battle of Shiloh, April 6, 1862, fighting bravely for the old flag; he was a member of Company F, 45th I. V. I.; James, and Mary, their little daughter, they buried June 23, 1887; Mr. D. has been a deacon in the church for 16 years; they are both members of the First Baptist, Rockford; they are staunch Republicans, with a clear record.

Dyson Geo. farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Rockford.

Dyson Jas. farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Rockford.

EDDIE EDWARD, farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Rockford.

Eddie Geo. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Rockford.

Eddie Wm. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Rockford.

FAWCETT WILLIAM, farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Harrison.

Felch Eli L. farm; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford.

Felch H. H. farm; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford.

Fell Jas. farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford.

Fell Thos. farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Rockford.

FORBES JAMES, Farmer; Sec. 33;

P. O. Winnebago; born in Scotland, in 1822; came to Canada in 1833; married Petrina Kinghom, in 1845; she was born in Scotland, in 1820; they came to this Co. in 1852; owns 168 acres of land, valued at \$9,000; have six children living, Agnes D., David, William J., George, Wilson, and John; lost two, Robert and Dorothea; have one adopted daughter, Josephine; Mr. Forbes has been School Director for three years; they all belong to the First Presbyterian Church at Winnebago.

FRANKLIN GEORGE, Farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Rockford; born in Durand Tp., March 17, 1857; owns 80 acres of land, valued at \$4,000; unmarried; his father came to this Co. in 1837 or '38, and settled in Durand, where he has lived ever since, working hard and suffering all the privations and hardships of the early pioneer; has carted to Chicago, Mineral Point, and various other distant places, in order to find a market, Rockford at that time only containing a few houses; Mr. F. is a Republican; is a member of the M. E. Church.

Franklin Oscar, farm; S. 16; P. O. Rockford.

Furze John, farm; Sec. 18; P. O. Rockford.

GILLMORE JAMES, Sec. 32; P. O. Winnebago.

GAYLORD GEORGE, Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford; born in Ohio, Jan. 28, 1853; came to this Co. in 1857, with his father, when most of the farms now under cultivation were wild prairie; his father lived here thirteen years, then removed to Michigan, where he now resides; has nine children living, Marion, Margaret, Marietta, Mary, Minnette, May, Minerva, George,

and Charles; lost one son, Rice, aged 2 years; Mr. Gaylord, Jr., is a member of the I. O. O. F.

Glare F. rents farm; Sec. 5; P. O. Rockford.

GORDON GEORGE, Farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Rockford; born in Scotland, March 22, 1816; came to this Co. in 1855; owns 100 acres land, valued at \$4,000; married Jessie Burnett, in 1858; she was born in Scotland, May 30, 1831; they have six children living, George, Jane, James, Jessie, Mary, and Alexander; lost one, infant; Mr. Gordon and family are members of the Presbyterian Church.

GROVER EDWIN B. Farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford; born in Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., April 1, 1826; came to this Co. in 1837; owns 80 acres of land, valued at \$4,000; married Elizabeth Scott, June 22, 1850; she was born in Richland Co., Ohio, Feb. 14, 1830; came to this Co. in 1837; they have three children, Mary M., Cornelia E., and Ida L., aged respectively 26, 23, and 21; Mr. G. has held the position of Town Collector, Constable, and School Director, for several years each; Mr. and Mrs. G. and their three daughters are all members of the M. E. Church; Mr. G. is a staunch Republican; is also a prominent member of the I. O. O. F.

HARROLD SAMUEL, farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford.

HAMER ANN, Farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Rockford; widow of Andrew Hamer, who was born in England, in 1801; married Ann Dennis, in 1828; she was born in England, Dec. 9, 1809; they came to this Co. in 1851; owns 88 acres land, valued at \$4,500; Mr. H. died April 5, 1864; they have four children living: Jane, aged 47; Elizabeth L., 43; Mary, 41, and William E., 29; lost four: Robert, aged 1 year; Alice, 6 months; one infant; and Robert A., who enlisted, Sept. 9, 1861, in the 55th I. V. I., shared all the hardships and privations of his regiment, on marches, in scouts and battles, up to the 29th of May, 1863, when he fell, while with his regiment charging the works in front of Vicksburg; Mrs. H. was among the early settlers of this town; her three daughters are all married; one living in Kansas, another in Nebraska, and one in this Co.; she lives on the old farm, with her only son.

Hartley Thos. farm; Sec. 4; P. O. Rockford.

Hartley Thos. S. farm; S. 4; P. O. Rockford.

HEMENWAY CALVIN A. Farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford; born in Vermont, Jan. 13, 1823; came to this Co. in 1837; owns 216 acres land, valued at \$14,000; married Mrs. Elizabeth Rudd, Sept. 3, 1848; she was born in England, Dec. 18, 1827; they have five children living: Christina, born Aug. 21, 1851; Henry, March 26, 1856; Chester Leroy, May 18,

1858; Lydia Nora, July 10, 1862; and Rollo Asa, Dec. 15, 1869; lost four, Charles Louis, Flora, Leon Winfred, and Alice O.; Mr. H. was Town Clerk 12 years, Town Treasurer 14 years, Supervisor 5 years; has held various other minor offices, School Director, etc.; has been Superintendent of Sunday-school for 15 or 16 years; Mr. H.'s father came here in 1837, traveling all the way from Vermont in a two-horse wagon, bringing his family, consisting of nine persons; was only five families in Burritt when he arrived; Mr. H. was an Old Line Whig; is now a Republican; they are all members of the church.

Henry Wm. laborer; S. 22; P. O. Rockford.

Herrington Ira, farm; S. 8; P. O. Rockford.

HERRINGTON JESSE, Farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford; born in Farmer-ville, Canada, May 27, 1820; came to this Co. in October, 1838; owns 80 acres land, valued at \$3,200; married Mary W. Brown, Dec. 12, 1848; she was born in Belmont Co., Ohio, June 6, 1826; came to Illinois in 1839, to this Co. in 1846; they have six children: Martha E., born Nov. 8, 1849; Ira, May 29, 1852; May L., Oct. 26, 1855; Charlie L., July 25, 1860; Ella May, May 19, 1863; and Eugene B., March 24, 1867; Mr. H. came here when the Co. was very thinly settled; he worked on a farm by the month the first winter, near the mouth of the Pecatonica; in the spring he worked for Newton Cunningham, near Rockford, which at that time contained about twenty houses; has owned several tracts of land at different times; has occupied the farm where he now resides since 1849; has been Commissioner of Highways for 18 years, and School Director for several years; Simon Brown, the father of Mrs. H., came here in 1846, remained here two years, then returned to his old home, in Bond Co., where he died, in 1864, aged 86 years.

Higgenbottom Jas. Sec. 5; P. O. Rockford.

Higgenbottom Wm. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

Higgenbottom Wm. J. rents farm; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

HILL DONALD. Farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Rockford; born in Scotland, in 1850; came to this Co. in 1862; owns 96 acres land, valued at \$5,000; married Lola, daughter of Alfred A. Needham, and sister to Capt. F. M. Needham, of Rockford; she was born in Cleaveland, Ohio, Sept. 5, 1853; came to this Co. in 1855; became his wife Dec. 30, 1875; they have one daughter, Mary, born March 7, 1877.

HILTON FRANCIS. Farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford; born in England, June 11, 1818; married Milcah Hartly, in 1840; she was born in England, Nov. 5, 1815; came to this Co. in the fall of 1843; settled

first in Durand, then known as Howard; 18 months later came to Burritt, where he has lived ever since; owns 190 acres land, valued at \$8,000; have six children living, Rebecca, Edwin, Jane Amelia, Frank, William, and Mary; lost two, Nancy, aged 25, and Angelina, 9; Mr. H. was one of the old settlers of Burritt, only a few scattering cabins on the then wild prairie; has carted grain, with oxen, from here to Racine, Milwaukee, and Chicago, in order to find a market.

Hilton Frank, farm; Sec. 5; P. O. Rockford.
Hilton R. farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Rockford.
Hooker W. W. farm; Sec. 27; P. O. Rockford.
Hoyt G. W. rents farm; S. 27; P. O. Rockford.
Hunter D. J. farm; Sec. 31; P. O. Winnebago.
Hustand H. rents farm; S. 21; P. O. Rockford.

JENNINGS E. H. rents farm; Sec. 34; P. O. Rockford.

JENNINGS JOS. Farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Rockford; born in Hampshire, England, Oct. 11, 1811; married Amelia Smith, May 31, 1834; she was born in same place, in 1806; they came to this Co. in 1844; settled in Rockford, where Mrs. Jennings died in 1846; they had six children, two of whom are living, Berkett and Jabez, both in Iowa; lost four, Robert, Amelia, Isabella and Joseph; Mr. J. was married again to Mary E. Weldon, June 22, 1848; she was born at Keene, N. H.; took possession of the farm on which he now resides, in 1855; owns 855 acres land, valued at \$18,000; they have six children, Lauretta, Ernest H., Adelaide, Josephine, Minnie and Robert; Mr. Jennings is School Director, now serving his second term; the family attend the Presbyterian church at Winnebago; Jonathan Weldon, father of Mrs. J. was one of the oldest settlers of this Co.; only two houses where Rockford now stands, one on the east side, occupied by Mr. Haight, the other on the west side, by Mr. Kent, who ran the ferry; Mr. J. had two sons in the army during the war, both of whom were severely wounded; Berkett received a ball through his lungs.

Johnson Edgar, farm; Sec. 4; P. O. Rockford.
Jorden Emery, farm; Sec. 19; P. O. Rockford.

KEITH ADAM, JR., farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Winnebago.

Keith W. H. farm; Sec. 31; P. O. Winnebago.
Kessack J. farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Winnebago.
Kessack W. farm; Sec. 20; P. O. Winnebago.

KNAPP ASHLEY, Farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Rockford; born in McKean Co., Penn., Jan. 7, 1821; came to this Co. in Oct., 1842; owns 210 acres land, valued at \$15,000; married Mrs. Elizabeth Williams, daughter of the late Rev. Richard Herrington, of Kingville, Ontario, Dec. 31, 1844; she was born near Kingston, Canada,

April 4, 1817; came to this Co. July 4, 1839; have four children living, Lauretta, born Sept. 27, 1846; Aurilla F., Sept. 10, 1848; Lucretia, March 3, 1852; Warren Jesse, Sept. 21, 1856; Mrs. K. had four children by first marriage; two died in infancy, Henrietta and Erastus; Louisa died aged 23, and Richard, who was doing duty in an Iowa battery, died in St. Louis, of pneumonia; they lost one daughter, Lovina, who died at the age of eight years; Mr. K. has been Justice of the Peace 25 years, School Trustee 20 years and School Director for many years; was 22 years of age when he came to this Co.; the first winter, 1842-43, was the severest winter he has seen; snow commenced falling in November, and from that time the weather was very cold; snow was three or four feet deep; could cross the river on the ice as late as April 10; cut the timber and split rails at 50c per hundred; are all members of Baptist church.

KNAPP ELIZABETH JANE,

Widow; rents house on Mr. Felt's farm; Sec. 9; P. O. Rockford; her late husband, Elihu Knapp, who was born in Penn., in 1824, came to this Co. about 30 years ago; pre-empted 80 acres of land where E. S. Felch now lives; married Elizabeth J. Westbrook, June 6, 1847; she was born in Ohio, Oct. 17, 1826; have three children living; Chas. E., aged 29; Geo. E., 19; Clara Alice, 15; lost three, Leroy, aged 9; Irvia, 5; Mary Jane, 8 weeks; in 1856 they sold out and moved to Iowa, where Mr. K. died in 1863; Mrs. K. then returned to this Co., where she has lived ever since; Chas. E. was in the army during the latter part of the war; served one year, and was honorably discharged at Cairo at the close of the war.

KNAPP WM. Farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford; born in McKean Co., Penn., April 23, 1839; came to this Co. in 1854; owns 150 acres land, valued at \$7,500; married Martha Scott, March 16, 1864; she was born in Burritt Tp., Oct. 27, 1843; have five children living; Minnie, aged 12; Lula, 10; Chas. H., 7; Mabel, 6; Alberta, 3 months, the latter being the survivor of twins, the little boy, Albert, having died at the age of 2 months and 20 days; Mr. K. is now and has been for the past 8 years, Town Clerk; is also School Director, a position he has filled for the last 10 years; he is a prominent member of the Order of A. F. and A. M., Rockford; Mr. and Mrs. Kane are both members of the Methodist church.

Knight Jas. farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Rockford.

LIGHTFOOT RICHARD,

Farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford; born in England, Jan. 29, 1824; came to this Co. in 1851; owns 250 acres land, valued at \$12,000; married Susan Swindells, daughter of Wm. Statham, of Derbyshire,

Oct. 10, 1859; she was born in England, June 14, 1825; came to this Co. in 1857; had four children by first marriage, Wm. J., Margaret, Ann and Emma Jane; one by last marriage, Nathaniel; Mr. L. was School Director seven years and Pound Master five years; they all attend the Methodist church; Mr. L.'s brother died near Vicksburg, in 1863, in 95th regt. I. V. I.

LILLIE ELIJAH M. Farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford; born in Windham Co., Conn., Dec. 1, 1844; came to this Co. in 1858; owns 80 acres land, valued at \$4,000; married Mary M. Grover, Sept. 2, 1869; she was born in Burritt Tp., July 31, 1851; have two children, Leta May and Villa Pearl, aged respectively 5 and 8 years; Mr. and Mrs. Lillie are both members of the Methodist church.

LUDLEY WM. Farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford; born in Lincolnshire, England, in 1804; married Elizabeth Palmer, in 1844; came to this Co. about 1847; owns 86 acres of land, valued at \$5,000; have two children; Joseph, aged 31, and Adeline, 16; the former was in the service from 1861; was in the Lead Mine Regt., from Galena, which saw some of the hardest service; was in 18 different engagements in the Southwest; went with Sherman in his march to the sea; was honorably discharged at the close of the war; is now living in Iowa; Mr. L. was School Director for two years.

McCLISH JOHN, farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Rockford.

McCoy H. farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Winnebago.

McDOUGALL DAN. C. Farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Rockford; born in Scotland, March 22, 1830; married Jessie B. Patterson, June 1, 1851; came to this Co. same year; owns 90 acres land, valued at \$6,000; have five children living; Jane, aged 24; Kate, 22; John, 19; James, 15; Arthur, 12; lost their eldest son, Alonzo, born Dec. 7, 1856, died Feb. 13, 1858; Mr. McD. was three years Supervisor, Commissioner six years, Collector two years, Justice of the Peace one year, and is now Township Treasurer, all of which offices he has filled to the entire satisfaction of the public; has always been a Republican, but is rather inclined to the liberal party—Greenbacks; Mr. and Mrs. Mc. are modern Spiritualists.

McDougall J. farm; S. 28; P. O. Winnebago.

McMAHON HUGH, Sec. 28; P. O. Rockford; born in Ireland, Jan. 6, 1846; came to this Co. in 1853; owns 170 acres land, valued at \$8,000; married Ellen Barnes, Feb. 18, 1868; she was born in Kilkenny, Ireland, Dec., 1845; came to this Co. in 1852; have four children living, John Francis, James, George P. and Thomas Joseph; lost one son, David Hen-

ry, born May 29, 1870, died Feb. 28, 1871; Mr. Mc. was Sergeant in Co. A, 90th I. V. I., and Color Bearer of the regt.; enlisted in 1862; was with the army of the Southwest, and was in 21 of the principal battles, beginning with Vicksburg and ending with Bentonville, N. C., seeing all of Sherman's campaign and the Grand Review at Washington in 1865; Wm. Fleining, aged 10 years, a sister's son, has been living with Mrs. McMahon since he was a year old; her mother, aged 65, also resides with her; they are all members of the Catholic church.

McMahon T. farm; S. 30; P. O. Pecatonica.

McNamara J. farm; Sec. 28; P. O. Rockford.

McPherson J. farm; Sec. 12; P. O. Rockford.

McSweeney M. farm; Sec. 24; P. O. Rockford.

Marshall H. W. laborer; Sec. 32; P. O. Winnebago.

Michel J. B. farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford.

Milne A. farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford.

Milne Alex., Jr., farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford.

Milne F. farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Rockford.

Milne J. renter; Sec. 29; P. O. Winnebago.

Milne R. farm renter; S. 29; P. O. Winnebago.

Milne L. farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Winnebago.

Milne Wm. farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Rockford.

MINARD FRANK, Laborer; Sec. 17; P. O. Rockford; is a son of William Minard, who resides in Owen; farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Rockford; was born in Windham Co., Vermont, June 13, 1806; came to this Co. in 1871; owns 80 acres land; married Ann Glover, of Windham, Vermont, in 1834; they have nine children, three sons and six daughters; he is a Democrat; Frank makes his home at John Atkinson's, Burritt.

Montague J. renter; Sec. 4; P. O. Rockford.

MONKS RALPH, Farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Rockford; born in England, Oct. 22, 1834; came to this Co. in 1854; settled on the farm where he now resides; owns 136 acres land, valued at \$5,000; married Maria Irving, July 3, 1861; she was born in Glasgow, Scotland, Jan. 6, 1838; came to this country in 1847; settled in Mass.; removed to this Co. in 1863; they have seven children, James Irving, aged 15; Jennie G., 13; John A., 11; Willie H., 9; Mary, 5; Selina, 4, and George W., 7 months; Mrs. M.'s father was one of the early settlers of Burritt; wild prairie and but few houses between him and Rockford; Mr. M. is a Republican; the family attend the M. E. Church.

Moore J. farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Rockford.

Murphy D. renter; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford.

Murphy H. farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Rockford.

Murphy P. farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford.

NETTLETON JOHN, farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Rockford.

NEEDHAM ALFRED A. Farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Rockford; born in Wales, Mass.; married Eunice L. Moulton, in 1841; she was born in Wales, Mass., March 11, 1819; they came to this Co. in 1856; have five children living, Franklin M., aged 34; Horace M., 28; Mary E. and Maria S. (twins), 25, and Lola, 23; lost five, Frances and Henry died in Conn., Samuel died in Rockford from the effect of a scald, and Freddie and William A. at the farm in Burrill; Mr. Needham is an Iron Moulder; has followed the business 34 years, in Mass., Conn., N. Y., Ohio, and Ills.; was last employed as foreman of this branch in the extensive establishment of N. C. Thomson, Rockford, his son, the late Wm. A., attending to the farm in his absence; owns 810 acres land, valued at \$13,000.

O'BRIEN GEORGE, farmer; Sec. 80; P. O. Rockford.

O'Brien James, farm; S. 80; P. O. Rockford.

O'Brien John, farm; Sec. 80; P. O. Rockford.

O'Brien P. farmer; Sec. 80; P. O. Rockford.

Oliver J. farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Rockford.

PALMER CALEB, farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Pecatonica.

PALMER JOHN G. Farmer; Sec. 13; P. O. Rockford; born in England, June 9, 1824; married Mary Skinner, June 30, 1851; she was born in England, Nov. 8, 1827; came to this Co. in 1856; owns 96 $\frac{1}{4}$ acres land, valued at \$5,000; they have three children living, Edward, aged 25; James E., 18, and Elizabeth Alice, 16; lost one daughter, Sarah Jane, born Nov. 30, 1856, died Dec. 29, 1856; Mr. and Mrs. P. and two of their children are members of the M. E. Church; he is a Republican; during a tornado about 16 years ago, their house was unroofed, and one side of the roof carried in such a manner over a wheat field that it literally headed the grain for the distance of four rods; the other side was torn in pieces, and the shingles carried by the wind over two miles.

Penille R. farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Winnebago.

Pitcher B. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Winnebago.

Pitcher J. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Winnebago.

Potter M. farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Rockford.

RADFORD EDMUND, Farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Rockford; born in England, Dec. 10, 1832; came to this Co. in 1852; owns 97 $\frac{1}{2}$ acres land, valued at \$5,000; married Catherine Atkinson; she was born in Central Square, N. Y., Feb. 10, 1834; they have no children living; lost three in infancy; Mr. R. has never been on the jury nor in the witness box,

nor held any office in a period of 25 years that he has been a resident of Burrill; has always been a Democrat; Mrs. R.'s father was one of the pioneers of Harrison; came there in 1837, when there was only now and then a cabin on the prairie, and very few where Rockford now stands; died at his home in Harrison over 30 years ago.

Rearden D. farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Rockford.

RICHARDSON EDWIN B. Well Driller; Renter; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford; born in Canada, Oct. 30, 1841; came to this Co. in 1851; married Sarah N. Blewfield, Feb. 6, 1865; she was born in N. Y., Aug. 10, 1841; they have two children, Hattie May, born May 13, 1866, and Charles Edwin, Jan. 29, 1875; Mr. Richardson and family attend the M. E. Church; he is a member of the A. F. and A. M. Star of the East, Lodge No. 166, Rockford.

RILEY WILLIAM, Farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Winnebago; born in England, Aug. 16, 1835; came to this Co. in 1857; owns 805 acres land, valued at \$15,000; married Mrs. Charlotte Randerson, daughter of George Milnes, Dec. 25, 1860; she was born in England, March 15, 1826; married Joseph Randerson and came to this Co. in 1848; he died in 1859, leaving her with five children, George M., born July 17, 1849; Alice, Aug. 17, 1851; Mary H., Dec. 19, 1853; William H., March 1, 1856, and Joseph, Feb. 13, 1859; Alice and Mary have since died, aged respectively, 19 and 20; has three children by second marriage, John, born May 1, 1861; Deliah A., Sept. 3, 1864, and Minnie A., May 6, 1871; lost two infants; Mr. R. has been School Director for six years; is a member of Winnebago Lodge No. 745, A. F. and A. M.; Mrs. R. is a member of the M. E. Church; family attend same.

Roger J. farmer; Sec. 16.

Roger William, farmer; Sec. 16.

ROWE DANIEL I. Farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Winnebago; born in Stephentown, Rensselaer Co., N. Y., Aug. 20, 1819; married Phebe A. Johnson April 10, 1845; she was born at Sand Lake, same Co., Feb. 9, 1825; they came to this Co. June, 1852; settled in Laona, where they resided 17 years; went from there to Wis., where they stayed 1 year; returned to this Co. and took possession of the farm they now occupy, in 1869; they have four children, Elfred M., aged 20; Orcellia M., 23; Ellis J., 16, and Arlettie B., 9; Mr. R. was Justice of the Peace in Laona for 1 year, and School Director 6 years; is School Director here now and has been for 5 years; Mr. and Mrs. Rowe are members of the Free Will Baptist Church, in Laona; Republican.

ROST CHARLES, Farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Rockford; born in Sweden, Jan. 1, 1840; came to this Co. in 1868; owns 100

acres land, valued at \$5,000; married Caroline Ericson, in 1873; she was born in Sweden, July 31, 1836; they have one child, Charles Albert, born Feb. 15, 1874; they are both members of the Swedish Church, in Rockford; Mr. Rost came to country a poor man, and by hard work and economy has made himself the comfortable home he now owns; Republican.

RYAN DANIEL K. Farm Renter; Sec. 27; P. O. Rockford; born in County Clare, Ireland, Dec. 24, 1834; came to this Co. in 1866, bringing his wife, whom he married in N. Y., where he lived from 1848 till he removed to this Co.; she was born in County Louth, Ireland, Jan. 20, 1834; maiden name, Ann O'Conner; married Oct. 25, 1854; they have five children living, Maggie J., Mary A., Josephene, Frankie D. and Lillie C.; lost six, Mary E., James, Charlie, Henry, Sarah and John W.; Mr. and Mrs. R. and family all profess the Catholic faith; Mr. R. is Liberal in politics.

SARVER ALEX. Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

Sarver S. C. farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Rockford.

Scott Chas. farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Rockford.

SCOTT ELIZABETH, Widow; Sec. 6; P. O. Rockford; born in Columbiana Co., O., March 26, 1810; was married in June, 1827, to James Scott, a farmer; they came West and located on the Pecatonica, in this town, in 1838; husband died Dec. 28, 1865; had 13 children; has 26 grand children, and 6 great grand children; 8 of her children are living: Henry, Elizabeth, Polly, Martha, Sophia, James W., Milda M. and Charles F.; James W. is married to Miss Jane Stewart, of Owen Tp., and has two children: Edwin, born Aug. 10, 1834, and Ella May, June 4, 1866; Charles F. is married to Miss Drusilla, daughter of Charles Mortimore Franklin, an old settler of Durand, and has one daughter, Lena, born July 24, 1877. Mrs. S. owns 68 acres, valued at \$2,380; J. W. owns 105 acres, valued at \$3,150, and C. F. owns residence and 10 acres, valued at \$1,100; they are Independent in politics and religion. *Nota.*—They live in the extreme N. W. corner of Sec. 6, the line of Harrison and Burritt running through dwelling.

Scott Jas. W. farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Rockford.

Sharp Edw. farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Rockford.

SHIELDS HENRY, Farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Rockford; born in Burritt, Jan. 15, 1845; owns 80 acres land, valued at \$3,200; married Ellen Melissa Atkinson, March 17, 1868; she was born in Burritt, June 23, 1848; have two children living: Alonzo Martin, born Jan. 11, 1869, and Emma Amella, May 19, 1875; the parents of Mr. and Mrs. Shields came here 40 years ago, among the early settlers; Mr.

Atkinson still lives here; Mr. Shields, Sr., moved to Iowa two years ago, where he now resides; Mr. S. and wife attend the M. E. Church.

SILLARS JOHN, Rents Farm; Sec. 28; P. O. Rockford; born in Scotland, Dec. 14, 1849; came to this Co. with his father in 1853, who landed in Guilford with only 50 cents in his pocket; his mother's maiden name was Mary McDougal; she had three children: John, aged 28; Mary, 26, and Agnes, 24; Mr. Sillars died in 1854; his mother was married Feb. 24, 1870, to John Pitcher; owns 80 acres land, valued at \$4,000; attend the Presbyterian Church.

SMITH DANIEL, Farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Winnebago; born in Scotland in 1820; married Jennie Brown; she was born in Scotland in 1830; came to this Co. in 1860, from Ohio, where he had lived two years; owns 176 acres land, valued at \$11,000; have nine children: John, Margaret, James, Marion, Isabella, Jessie, Jane, Daniel and Lizzie; he is the owner of some very fine horses, seldom fails to carry off first premiums at the Co. Fairs; Republican; Mr. and Mrs. Smith and family are members of the Presbyterian Church.

SMITH JOHN J. Farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Winnebago; born in Argyllshire, Scotland, Aug. 13, 1833; came to this Co. in 1857; owns 140 acres land, valued at \$7,000; married Jane Greenlees, April 28, 1859; she was born in Scotland, Aug. 29, 1841; they have seven children; Mary J., Jessie L., Sarah J., Robert G., William G., Thomas A. and Nellie; Mr. S. has been School Director about 12 years; all members of First Presbyterian Church, Winnebago.

Snowdon E. farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford.

Southard C. farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Pecatonica.

Southard Eugene F. Sec. 30; P. O. Pecatonica.

SOUTHARD JEFFERSON, Farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Essex, N. Y., April 19, 1822; came to this Co. in 1843; owns 90 acres land, valued at \$5,000; married Sarah Oviatt, March 15, 1853; she was born in Hudson, Summit Co., O., Aug. 12, 1832; came to this Co. in 1844; she also owns 155 acres land, valued at \$6,000; they have five children living: Charles F., Eugene Freddie, Mary E., Albert L. and Eddie Grant; lost one in infancy; Mr. S. was Commissioner of Highways one year, and School Director one term; he came here when the country was wild; has killed dozens of deer and wolves, and caught in a trap the last wild turkey ever heard of on the Pecatonica; weighed 22 lbs.; the family attend the Congregational Church.

SWEET TRUMAN, Farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Rockford; born in Laona, Sept. 25, 1846; owns 80 acres land, valued at

\$3,000; married Martha J. Weatherhead, Dec. 6, 1866; she was born in Harrison, June 9, 1848; they have four children, Ira M., born March 5, 1868; Leilia I., Aug. 4, 1869; Willis J., June 21, 1872; and Mattie M., May 22, 1874; Mr. S. was a member of the 8th I. V. C.; enlisted Jan. 4, 1864; was in front of Washington when Gen. Early made a demonstration in that direction (Aug., 1864); was afterwards with Sheridan in the Valley; discharged July, 1865; Geo. W. Sweet, father of Truman, has often made the trip to Chicago and Milwaukee, with grain drawn by oxen; Rockford was then only a ferry.

Swindle Wm. farm; Sec. 21; P.O. Rockford.
Stewart A. farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Rockford.

STEWART DANIEL, Farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Rockford; born in Canada, Dec. 3, 1819; came to this Co. in 1841; owns 222 acres land, valued at \$11,000; married Matilda Herrington in 1838; she was born in Canada; died Dec., 1853; had four children; none now living; three died in infancy, and Jas. P. was killed near Atlanta, Ga., June 15, 1864; was Sergt. Co. E, 34th I. V. I.; was in battles of Shiloh, Pittsburg Landing, Stone River and several other important engagements; Mr. S. was married the second time to Beulah Herrington, in 1854; have three children, Alice, Arminda and Eldridge; was School Director three years; is a prominent charter member of the I. O. O. F. Burrill Lodge.

Stewart G. F. farmer; Sec. 2; P.O. Rockford.
Stewart Wm. farm; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford.

STOBBS CHAS. Farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Rockford; born in Yorkshire, Eng., March 6, 1837; came to this Co. in 1858; owns 90 acres land, valued at \$4,500; was married to Elizabeth Moate, Sept. 27, 1860, by the Rev. Sam'l Sloane, at his residence, in the town of Winnebago; she was born in England, Dec. 1, 1838; came to this Co. in 1844; they have five children living, Frankie T., aged 13; Isabel, 10; Arthur, 7; Elizabeth, 5; and Annie, 3; lost seven in infancy, three, named respectively Walter, George and Alfred; Mrs. S.'s father, Sam'l Moate, settled in Winnebago Co. when there were only a few houses in Rockford; a trip to Chicago consumed from a week to ten days; carted grain there, taking provisions along and sleeping in his wagon; sold for 35c to 45c for wheat; often came back in debt.

TAPE JOSEPH, farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Winnebago.

TESSIER ALFRED, Blacksmith; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford; born in Canada, Feb. 9, 1832; came to this Co. in 1857; owns 76 acres land, valued at \$5,000; married Amelia Mitchell, Jan. 4, 1859; she was born in Canada, May 17, 1842; they have five children living, four daughters

and one son: Laos Laura, born Feb. 13, 1860; Mary Estella, Nov. 20, 1862; Alfere, Sept. 9, 1864; Delphene, July 24, 1870; and Ida Amelia, Sept. 26, 1873; lost three: Lester, aged 1 year; Zillah May, aged 10; and Alfred, aged 7 months; Mr. T. has been School Director for three terms of three years each; he is a prominent member of the I. O. O. F.; himself, wife and two elder children are members of the M. E. Church; has always been a Republican.

TODD DANIEL, Farmer (Renter); Sec. 18; P. O. Rockford; born in Somerset Co., N. J., Oct. 6, 1851; came to this Co. in 1855; married Altie Compton, Sept. 23, 1875; she was born in Burrill Tp., March 12, 1859.

WALLACE CHAS. Painter and Grainer; P. O. Rockford; born in England, May 28, 1848; left the British line of battle ship "Agamemnon" in 1861; joined the U. S. N. in the capacity of first class boy on board the gun-boat "Pem-hina;" was in the battles of Forts Phillips and Jackson, also at capture of New Orleans; was promoted to first petty officer (Signal Q. M.) and had charge of a scout-boat and performed some gallant services, taking up torpedoes between Forts Sumter and Moultrie; was in the service till the close of the war; about ten years ago he was with a party trapping in the Walnut Creek country, Western Kan., between the Santa Fe and Smoky Hill route, when they were attacked by Indians, and of the whole party, all were killed except Mr. W. and one other; Mr. W. is a member of the M. E. Church, Rockford.

WATSON CHAS. H. Farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Rockford; born in Fredonia, N. Y., June 29, 1835; came to this Co. in 1845; owns 234 acres land, valued at \$12,000; married Elizabeth P. Brundige, Dec. 7, 1861; she was born in Batavia, N. Y., March 6, 1839; came to this Co. in 1861; they have six children living, Harry, aged 14; Frank P., 11; Chas. R., 8; Clark D., 6; Bert T., 4; and Lawrence, 1; lost one, born Nov. 5, 1867, died May 4, 1872; she was visiting some little playmates in the neighborhood, playing in the fields; they built a fire in the stubble, from which her clothes caught and she was so badly burned that she only lived five hours; Mr. W. was Town Trustee for three years; is now School Director; enlisted, Oct. 1, 1861, in Co. E, 52d I. V. I., as a private; was mustered out as First Lieut., July 14, 1865; was with Sherman in the Atlanta campaign and his March to the Sea, sharing the hardships of the march, and participating in the glory of the grand review in Washington; is a Republican.

WEMPLE EDWARD H. Carpenter; (Renter) Sec. 23; P. O. Rockford; born in Fonda, Montgomery Co., N. Y., Jan. 27, 1838; married Janet Beatson, Dec.

1, 1859; she was born in Scotland, April 7, 1841; they have two children living, Raymond G. and Wm. Wallace; lost one daughter, Edna H., died July 17, 1868, aged 2 years, 8 months, and 20 days; Mr. W. served nine months in the Union army, in Co. D, 74th I. V. I.; he now holds the office of Constable; his father came here in early days and was virtually the founder of what is now known as Wempleton, having made the first improvements, *i. e.* built a house and blacksmith shop, and was particularly instrumental in establishing the only church in the place; he died in Michigan, April 17, 1878, at the age of 76; Mr. and Mrs. W. are members of the M. E. Church.

Wemple E. farm; Sec. 10; P. O. Rockford.

Whitney J. farm; Sec. 13; P. O. Rockford.

WHITNEY THOS. J. Farmer; Sec. 13; P. O. Rockford; born in Herkimer Co., N. Y., Sept. 18, 1823; came to this Co. in 1844; owns 87 acres land, valued at \$6,000; married Ursula Blackinton, March 12, 1851; she was born in Ashtabula Co., Ohio, Jan. 22, 1834; came to this Co. in 1838; they have three children living: Frances A., born Jan. 24, 1852; Julius E., May 16, 1853; and Alvin P., Jan. 28, 1857; lost one, Lucius A., born March 25, 1855, died Oct. 6, 1871; Mr. W. served seven years as School Director; Mrs. W.'s father, Jesse N. Blackinton, settled in Roscoe in 1838, being one of the pioneers of that town; he was a surveyor, and had proba-

bly more to do with locating the lines of sections and farms in Roscoe than any other man in the Co.; he was also often employed as counsel by the citizens of that town in minor cases of law; he is now 80 years of age, and is residing in Mass.; left his old home in 1870.

WILCOX JOHN, Farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford; born in Cornwall, Eng., Dec. 27, 1825; came to this Co. in 1850; owns 844 acres land in Burritt, valued at \$15,000; 180 acres in Laona, valued at \$2,500; married Margaret Webber, March 8, 1855; she was born in Coombe, St. Nicholas, England, Feb. 24, 1833; came to this Co. in 1849; they have seven children: John W., aged 23; William H., 20; Mary S., 17; Herbert H., 15; Clarence L., 12; George L., 10; and Lillian M., 8; John W., the oldest son, has been in New Zealand for two years, with an uncle who has been a resident of that country forty years; Mr. W. was in 1852 ordained a Congregational minister, and has preached regularly ever since; has preached in this Co. for 22 years without salary, preferring to depend upon his own labor for support, yet feeling it a duty to minister to the spiritual need of a community who are destitute of regular preaching; Mrs. W. is a Christian lady, and zealous in every good work which will benefit the community; Mr. W. is the most extensive sheep raiser in this Co., having from five to six hundred head; he is a Republican.

Wood K. farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford.



HARRISON TOWNSHIP.

A MAN JACOB J.

Anderson Frank.

Arnold Smith K. rents farm; P. O. Harrison.

Armstrong James.

Aspland Sherman, laborer; P. O. Harrison.

ATKINSON JAMES, Farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Harrison; born in Harrison, Jan. 19, 1846; owns 60 acres land, valued at \$2,400; married Margaret E. Gaylord, Jan. 1, 1865; she was born in Ashtabula Co., O., in 1849; they have four children living: Lucy, born Nov. 26, 1866; George, Dec. 4, 1869; Elmer, Oct. 3, 1871; and Minnie, Sept. 8, 1875; lost one in infancy; Mr. A.'s father, Wm. Atkinson, came to this Co. 40 years ago, when all was wild prairie; Rockford contained but four or five houses; Mr. A. is serving his second term as School Director; he was in the 141st Regt. I. V. I.; was in service near 6 months; discharged; re-enlisted in 8th I. V. C.; was thrown from cars, disabled and rejected on that account.

Atkinson Thomas, Sec. 35; P. O. Harrison.

Atkinson Wm. farm; Sec. 35; P. O. Harrison.

B RIGGS B. F. laborer; Sec. 20; P. O. Durand.

Briggs M. S. laborer; Sec. 14; P. O. Harrison.

BODINE WILLIAM, Farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Durand; born in Canada in 1820; came to this Co. in 1840; owns 160 acres land; married Harriet S. Babcock in 1843; she was born in N. Y. in 1827; had two children: Harriet L. and George W. F.; the latter was a member of the 55th I. V. I.; died in hospital, and is buried at Nashville, Tenn.; Mrs. B. died in 1846; married second time to Francis E. Albright, of O., born in 1831; have eight children living: Martha Z., Jethro J., Charles S., Esther L., Isaac J., Laura E., Arthusa and Anna Louisa; lost three: Joseph C., Dorcus C. and Jacob; Mr. B. was ordained a minister in 1852 (Free Will Baptist); preached chiefly to the Otter Creek congregation in Leona; his health failed him and he gave up preaching.

Boyd John, Sec. 34; P. O. Harrison.

BOYD SAMUEL, Farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Harrison; born in Ireland, June 1, 1824; came to Monroe Co., N. Y., in 1849; remained there till 1863; came to this Co. and settled within $\frac{3}{4}$ of a mile of his present home; owns $5\frac{1}{4}$ acres land, valued at \$500; married Sarah Oliver, March 15, 1851; she was born in Ireland, Nov. 2, 1828; came to this Co. with Mr. Boyd; they have eight children living: Jane, Adam, John, Mary, Samuel, Sarah, Robert

and James; lost one son, William, died in infancy; Mr. and Mrs. B. and family are members of the M. E. Church.

Branning Chas. laborer; S. 14; P. O. Harrison.

BRANNING CHESTER I. Laborer; P. O. Harrison; born in Pike Co., Pa., Dec. 24, 1854; came to this Co. Nov. 22, 1876; makes his home with George F. Branning, who is a renter; Sec. 14; P. O. Harrison; born in Wayne Co., Penn., July 1, 1845; came to this Co. in 1887; married Mary J. Hagencamp, April 15, 1871; she was born in Potter Co., Penn.; have three children: Della, aged 5; India, 3, and Furnam, 2 years; the family attend the M. E. Church, of which Mrs. Branning is a member.

Branning Constantine, laborer; Sec. 14; P. O. Harrison.

Branning G. F., Sec. 14; P. O. Harrison.

Burbank Eli, farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Harrison.

Burbank Joel, farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Harrison.

Burbank T. farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Harrison.

BURTON LEVI, Post-Master; Harrison; born in Chautauqua Co., N. Y., Nov. 18, 1838; removed to Crawford Co., Penn., in 1840, where he remained until 1856; travelled in the West; finally settled here in 1859; was appointed Post-master in April, 1877; has a store in connection with the office; unmarried; is a prominent member of the A. F. and A. M. Lodge, No. 302, Durand; has filled (pro. tem.) several important positions in the lodge.

CARPENTER JOHN, farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Harrison.

Champion Abraham, rents farm; Sec. 23; P. O. Harrison.

CHAMPION ABRAHAM, Farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Harrison; born in England in 1814; married Elizabeth French in 1836; she was born same place in 1815; they have eight children: James, Charles, Abraham, Isaac, Jane and Henry, all married except the latter, and living in Harrison, except Charles, who resides in Chicago; Mr. C. came to this Co. in 1856; resided in Rockton two years; rented and farmed seven years; then bought the farm he now owns, 224 acres; Mrs. C. died in 1871; married, in 1872, Mrs. Sophia Diamond (maiden name Newman); she was born in London, Eng., in 1828; she had two children by first marriage: George and Mary Diamond.

Champion H. laborer; S. 23; P. O. Harrison.

Champion I. rents farm; S. 23; P. O. Harrison.

Champion Jas. farmer; P. O. Harrison.

Cleveland John T. Sec. 18; P. O. Durand.

Cleveland L. W. farm. S. 23; P. O. Harrison.

CLEMENT SYLVESTER, Carpenter; Harrison; born in Crawford Co., Penn., May 18, 1832; married Christiana Shepardson, March 8, 1855; she was born in Penn., Nov. 24, 1834; came to this Co. in 1855; owns property in Harrison valued at \$1,200; they have three children living: Anna Belle, born Jan. 25, 1856; Lincoln L., Sept. 26, 1861, and Nellie M., Aug. 14, 1870; lost one, Dan Sylvester, born June 17, 1858, died April 16, 1859; Mr. C. was Town Collector one year; has been Road Commissioner for 12 years; is a prominent member of the A. F. and A. M. Lodge, No. 74, Rockton; has filled (pro. tem.) all the stations except the East; enlisted as Orderly Sergt. Co. A, 74th I. V. I., in 1862; was mustered out as Captain, June 10, 1865; member of the M. E. Church.

Collins A. G., P. O. Harrison.

COLLINS HENRY, Jr., Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Harrison; born in England, July 11, 1838; came to this Co. in 1856; owns 80 acres land, valued at \$3,200; married Nancy Atkinson, Nov. 16, 1859; she was born in Harrison, April 9, 1844; they have five children living: Barney E., Jennie L., Alma Adell, Daisey Belle and Henry J.; lost two: Lilah R., aged 2, and Matie, 1 year old; Mr. C. has been School Director for 6 years; family attend the M. E. Church; Mrs. C. is a daughter of Wm. Atkinson, one of the pioneers of Harrison; opened up the farm he now lives on when all was wild land; could drive in any direction without encountering a fence; had to draw grain to Chicago with ox teams.

Collins Geo. stone-mason; P. O. Harrison.

Conklin A. rents farm; Sec. 35; P. O. Harrison.

CONKLIN DAVID, Farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Harrison; born in Damascus, Wayne Co., Penn., July 30, 1809; married Sarah Dexter in 1835; she was born in same town and Co. in 1817; they came to this Co. in 1839; owns 200 acres land; had five children: Mercy, died in Penn., aged 6 months; Benjamin, William and Mary died in Harrison, aged respectively 2 years, 2 months, and 11 years and 8 months; David, Jr., is living in Owen; was 26 years old the 4th day of July, 1877; married Gertie Lake; they have three children: Fred, Walter Dumont and Benjamin F.; Mrs. C. died Aug. 28, 1849; he married again Phoebe Drake, March 11, 1852; by second marriage they have three children living: Orin H., Albert D and Emma E.; lost one, Sarah, died in 1857; Mr. C. was Commissioner of Highways 3 years; Kent's was the only store in Rockford when he came here; Republican.

Conklin Orin H., Sec. 21; P. O. Harrison.

Cook Isaac, Sec. 28; P. O. Harrison.

Cook Sam. farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Harrison.

Cooney Arthur, farm; Sec. 20; P. O. Durand.

Cooney R. A. farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Durand.

Cook A. rents farm; Sec. 20; P. O. Harrison.

Coulter Geo. farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Durand.

Cowan Jas. laborer; P. O. Harrison.

Crowley Geo. farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Durand.

Cunningham Wm. Sec. 34; P. O. Harrison.

DELANEY JOHN, rents farm; Sec. 33; P. O. Harrison.

Diamond Geo. painter; Harrison.

Dickerson Jas. L. physician; Harrison.

Dobson Dan. farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Durand.

Douglass Henry, Sec. 35; P. O. Harrison.

Downie A. J. rents farm; S. 32; P. O. Durand.

Doyle P. farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Harrison.

EARLY W. C. carpenter; Harrison.

FISHER JAMES, laborer; Sec. 30; P. O. Durand.

Flint Azel, laborer; Sec. 8; P. O. Durand.

Flint Martin, farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Durand.

Fritz H. J. rents farm; Sec. 7; P. O. Durand.

GAMMOW HENRY, blacksmith; Harrison.

Gammow Chas. blacksmith; Harrison.

GANUNG SETH, Farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Durand; born in Livingston Co., N. Y., Jan. 7, 1816; married Mary L. Richards in 1842; had two children, John and Ada; Mrs. G. died in 1857; married Louisa Richards in 1859; she died in Jan., 1862; married third time, Oct. 13, 1865, to Mary Adams; had three children, Carrie M., Hattie L., and Seth Sumner; she died in 1870; has been School Director 12 years, and Road Master for a number of years; when he came here this part of the Co. was a wilderness; only three houses on the road between here and Rockford; has hauled grain with oxen from here to Chicago; sold wheat for 50c per bushel; deer and smaller game were plenty, of which Mr. G. has brought down his share; a huge black bear gave him a scare, one day, while working near the barn; was within a rod of him before discovered; he drove him off.

Gilmore Jas. laborer; Harrison.

Gilmore John, carpenter; Harrison.

Goakey A. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Shirland.

Goakey J. D. dairy farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Shirland.

Goodwin G. carpenter; Sec. 20; P. O. Durand.

GOODWIN JNO. Farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Harrison; born in Roscoe, in 1850; unmarried; owns 38 acres land, valued at \$1,600; his father, Silas Goodwin, came to this farm in 1853, with his wife and five children, Jane, John, Charles, Theresa and George; Jane died, aged 8 years, and George, aged 1; the father enlisted in the 12th I. V. C.; was with them nearly three

years; was taken sick and sent to the hospital, where he soon afterward died; Mr. G. went West when only 12 years old, and has been absent ever since, until last spring, when he returned, after having wandered through the mining districts of Montana, Idaho, Colorado, and parts of Dakota; has led the life of a miner since he was 18 years old, undergoing all of the dangers, trials, Indian fights, hairbreadth escapes, etc., incident to the life of a frontiersman.

Goodwin W. farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Durand.

Gratton Jos. farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Durand.

Gratton Robt. farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Durand.

HALSTEAD SAMUEL L. Sec. 27; P. O. Harrison.

HANMER JNO. Farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Harrison; born in Shropshire, England, March 22, 1824; married Harriet Lewis, June 22, 1846; she was born in same place, Jan. 8, 1826; came to this Co. in 1855; owns 94 acres of land; have six children living; John L., born June 1, 1858; Geo. E., Nov. 7, 1855; Orrin C., Dec. 18, 1857; Emma J., Oct. 19, 1860; Franklin R., Sept. 25, 1862; Edwin E., Dec. 25, 1867; lost three; Eliza died in England, Fannie in Cleveland, O., and Austin O. in this Co.; two brothers of Mrs. H. (Richard and Charles Lewis) were in the army; the former in the 74th I. V. I., was taken prisoner at Chicamauga, Sept. 20, 1863; sent South, transferred from one prison to another, Libby, Florence, Andersonville, etc., until he finally reached Savannah, Ga., where he died of neglect and exposure, in Oct., 1864; the latter was in the 29th Ind. V. I. till the close of the war.

Hawkins D. farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Durand.

Herrick A. laborer; Sec. 20; P. O. Durand.

Horsfall R. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Harrison.

JEWETT BRITAIN, farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Harrison.

JEWETT DAVID, Farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Harrison; born in Genesee Co., N. Y., Aug. 24, 1811; came to this Co. in 1837; settled here; built saw mill in Rockton where the water power is in that place; this was one of the first mills erected in this Co.; was engaged in the milling business about five years, then sold out and devoted his entire attention to farming; owns about 400 acres at Harrison; married Louisa R. Mosher, June 15, 1846; she died May 9, 1847; married again to Martha A. Rickhow, Oct. 5, 1853; she was born in Great Bend, Penn., March 5, 1831; have four children, Brittain, Nellie, Ellsworth and Fred; Mr. J. was Justice four years; was the first School Treasurer appointed for the town of Harrison, and held it 18 years; he laid out the village of Harrison in 1848; the family attend the Methodist church.

JEWETT JOHN R. Farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Harrison; born in Conn., Aug. 22, 1815; came to this Co. in 1838; owns 120 acres land; married Elizabeth M. Gilmour, May 22, 1850; she was born in Ky., Sept. 4, 1833; came here in 1847; have four children living, John R., George L., Robert B., and Abbie E.; lost two, Clara A. and Elizabeth C.; Mr. Jewett has been five times elected Justice of the Peace; was Commissioner of Highways three years, and School Director for quite a number of years; he left Buffalo to come to this Co. the same day the banks resumed specie payment after the panic of '36; he frequently worked for old Stephen Mack who was here with the Indians; kept a trading post at Mack's Pt., near the present site of Rockton; Mr. J. built the first bridge that ever spanned Rock river in this State.

KEEGAN WM. H. laborer; Sec. 19; P. O. Durand.

Kenyon D. laborer; Sec. 21; P. O. Harrison.

King Geo. rents farm; P. O. Harrison.

Kinney David, Sec. 26; P. O. Harrison.

KNAPP WM. Farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Harrison; born in Roxbury, Vt., Nov. 14, 1836; came to this Co. in 1846; owns 174 acres land; married Lois Ellis, Jan. 23, 1864; she was born in Canada, May 29, 1828; came to this Co. in 1846; married to James P. Conklin, who died in 1862, leaving Mrs. C. with three children, Amos E., Urzilla, and George H.; by second marriage she has two, Ada May and Fred Nathan; Mr. K. came here when 10 years old; all wild land, except now and then a farm; could drive in any direction for miles without encountering a fence; he is serving his second term as Overseer of highways.

KNIGHT MRS. ANN, Farming; Sec. 34; P. O. Harrison; born in Cumberland, Me., Aug. 6, 1816; maiden name was Winslow; married to Eldridge King, Sept. 6, 1839; had three children, Gilbert E., Almeda J., and Amanda J.; Mr. King died Jan. 4, 1844; was married to Peter Knight, June 24, 1847; they came to this Co. in 1854; owns 60 acres land, valued at \$1,800; have seven children, Charles H., Nathan H., Elzura J., James H., Sarah Ann, Elzora E., and Alta M.; Mr. Knight died July 11, 1867; Mrs. K.'s oldest son was in the 74th I. V. I.; was with the regt. in all the marches, battles, etc.; Mrs. Knight and family attend the Methodist church; she remembers when Harrison was wild prairie; plenty of wolves, deer and other game.

Knight Chas. rents farm; Sec. 34; P. O. Harrison.

Knight James, Sec. 34; P. O. Harrison.

Knight N. laborer; Sec. 34; P. O. Harrison.

LIGHTHEART HENRY, farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Harrison.

Lighthouse Lewis, laborer; Harrison.

LORD RUFUS, Farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Durand; born in Norwich, Conn., April 17, 1826; came to this Co. in 1846; owns 157 acres land; married Esther M. Campbell, Nov. 29, 1849; she was born in N. Y., June 20, 1825; have no children of their own; one adopted daughter, Mary J. Crowly, born in Howard (now Durand), May 31, 1855; was married Feb. 24, 1876, to Henry Fritz, born in Durand; farms Mr. Lord's place; Mr. L. landed in Rockford on the 5th day of August, 1846, which then only contained two stores on the east and two on the west side; the walls of Porter's drug store were being built; Mrs. Lord is the daughter of Delmont and Permelia Campbell, who came to Durand in 1847, where they resided until 1852, when Mrs. Campbell died, aged 51 years; Mr. C. died in 1863, aged 63; Mr. L. was Justice of the Peace 3 years, Trustee 6 years, and School Director for 15 years.

Long Andrew, laborer; Harrison.

Lovesee Edwin, physician; Harrison.

MCCOLLOUGH WILLIAM, farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Durand.

MCCOY MARTIN, Farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Durand; born in Penn., Feb. 23, 1813; married Sarah Chandler, March 30, 1837; she was born in Randolph Co., N.C., June 2, 1818; they came to this Co. in 1838; settled on the farm where he now resides; owns 185 acres land; have three children living: Ellen, now Mrs. Smith; Nancy Doolittle; her little son, Martin, lives with his grand parents; was born in March, 1865; Estella Rockstead, the youngest daughter, makes her home with her parents; has one child, Raymond De F.; her husband, Andrew Rockstead, was a member of the 74th I. V. I.; was in 37 engagements; was in Sherman's army until they reached Atlanta, then returned with Thomas to Franklin, Nashville, etc.; was mustered out at the close of the war.

McKearn James, Sec. 14; P. O. Harrison.

McMahon J. farm; Sec. 21; P. O. Harrison.

MAGEE IRVING W. Farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Durand; born in Cayuga Co., N. Y., April 4, 1836; moved to York, Sandusky Co., Ohio, in 1837; came to this Co. in 1841; his father settled in Durand, where he remained until 1875, when he died, at the age of 64; lived on the same farm over 34 years; his mother still resides on the old homestead; is 65 years old; is the mother of ten children; seven living; Julia A., Irving W., Martha, Lavina, Wilson, Alice, Nancy, and Minnie; lost three, William and Will Nathan; Eastman died in 1862, from wounds received in the battle of Fort Donelson; he was in the 11th I. V. I.; Irving came to the farm he now resides upon in 1860; owns 43 acres land; married Beruah Han-

ford, Oct. 22, 1859; she was born in Mich., Sept. 8, 1838; have two children, Permelia and William.

Machon Michael, P. O. Durand.

Marshall James, Sec. 34; P. O. Harrison.

Merchant Alva, laborer; Harrison.

MILLER CHRISTOPHER, Laborer; born in Monroe Co., N. Y., April 9, 1851; came to this Co. in 1868; son of Samuel Miller, formerly of Burritt, now living in Mich., aged 63; his mother died in N. Y., in 1867, aged 48; he makes his home with Robert Oliver, Sec. 36; P. O. Harrison; Mr. Oliver owns 162 acres land; married Jane Atkinson, of Harrison, in 1866; they have three children, William George, Robert C., and Guy T.; is Commissioner of Highways and Assessor; Mr. O. enlisted Sept. 9, 1861, in Co. C, 55th I. V. I., as a private; was promoted through the different grades until Nov. 1, 1864, when he received a commission as Capt., which he held until the close of the war; participated in 30 general engagements, beginning with Shiloh, following Sherman through his campaigns to the sea, finally ending with the battle of Bentonville, N. C., March 20 and 21, 1865, being under fire in all 120 days; and had the honor of leading Co. C, of the old and war-worn 55th through the Washington grand review, May 24, 1865; traveled 12,000 miles.

Moate Henry, farm; Sec. 30; P. O. Durand.

Moate Saml. farm; Sec. 30; P. O. Durand.

Moore P. merchant and hotel; Harrison.

Morey Albert, farm; Sec. 29; P. O. Durand.

MORRISON DANIEL, Farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Harrison; born in Scotland, Jan. 12, 1813; came to this Co. in 1846; was married June 6, 1857, to Mary Colgrove; they have two children: Nellie, born March 17, 1860, and Annie May, Oct. 23, 1861; the family attend the M. E. Church, of which Nellie is a member; Mr. M. superintended the building of Hanchett's dam, at Harrison; he enlisted in the 14th Ill. Cav., in February, 1863; was with Gen. Burnside in his raid to Tenn., over the Cumberland Mountains to Knoxville; there during the siege; skirmishing with Longstreet every day for about two months; followed him to Bristol, Va.; was with Gen. Stoneman in several actions in Georgia; was captured near Millidgeville, and kept prisoner for nearly five months, at Florence and Andersonville; was exchanged and mustered out in June, 1865.

OAKES HATFIELD, farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Harrison.

Oakes Horace, Sec. 21; P. O. Harrison.

OLIVER ADAM, Farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Harrison; born in Ireland, Feb. 2, 1825; married Mary Marshall, in 1852.

went to California, where she died, in 1857; had one child, Mary Jane; returned to New York, and married Agnes Marshall, June 17, 1858; she was born in Ireland, July 17, 1836; have seven children living: Libbie, born May 10, 1859; Annie L., Sept. 3, 1860; Ellen, Sept. 18, 1863; Martha, March 8, 1865; Hattie, April 18, 1866; Ida F., Feb. 5, 1868; and James R., Jan. 17, 1870; lost three: —, May 8, 1863; Robert, Sept. 17, 1862, and Nettie, Feb. 27, 1869; they all attend the Presbyterian Church; the mother of Mrs. Oliver (Mary Marshall), aged 93, resides with her; is very smart and active; has the use of all her faculties; can use her needle as deftly as any girl; is supposed to be the oldest person now living in Harrison.

Oliver Jas. rents farm; S. 25; P. O. Harrison.
Oliver Robert, Sec. 36; P. O. Harrison.

PALMER GEORGE W. Sec. 16; P. O. Harrison.

Palmer H. farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Harrison.
Panning Chas. J. Sec. 20; P. O. Harrison.

PARKER JOHN C. Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Harrison; born in Sangamon Co., Ill., May 20, 1826; came to this Co. in 1838; owns 60 acres land; married Elizabeth Scott, Aug. 17, 1848; she was born in Huron Co., Ohio, July 4, 1830; came here in 1839; they have three children living: Emily, born June 20, 1849; Almada, Jan. 1, 1854; and Charles Eugene, Jan. 2, 1869; lost one daughter, Amanda, in 1851, aged 9 months; when Mr. Parker came to this Co. there were four cabins beside his own in this town; one at Kilburn's Grove; there were five hundred Winnebago Indians at the mouth of Pecatonica (Rockton), where the veteran pioneer Stephen Mack had a trading house; was the first white settler in this Co.; Mr. P. worked one summer when he was a boy; Republican.

Patterson Fred. farm; Sec. 20; P. O. Durand.
Patterson J. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Harrison.

PATTERSON LEWIS, Farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Durand; born in Lower Canada, Feb. 16, 1818; married Emily Blackburn, in May, 1839; she was born in Ohio, March 5, 1821; came to this Co. in 1839; owns 120 acres land; they have two children living: Frederick W., born April 5, 1846, and Marion, Oct. 21, 1855; lost two sons in the army; John A. was wounded at the battle of Shiloh, and taken prisoner, where it is supposed he died, as he was not heard of afterward; George C. was killed at the battle of Franklin, Tenn.; was in Co. B, 72d I. V. A.; had served 2 years and 4 months; Mr. P. has been Justice of the Peace 15 years, served three terms as Collector, four as Assessor, and has been School Director for 20 years; the only surviving son, Fredric, married

Erdell Kilburn, in 1869; live with parents; have one child, Emily Kate; lost one, Alice.

Petett Henry, farm; Sec. 20; P. O. Durand.
PERRY ELIAS, Farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Rockford; born in Co. of Rutland, Eng., in 1827; came to N. Y. in 1854; was 6 months in Buffalo; lived a year in South Reading, Mass.; returned to England; came to this Co. in 1856; located where he now resides; Republican; Methodist; owns 151 acres, valued at \$4,530; married July 19, 1860, Mrs. Sophia, widow of Julius Sass; she was born in Prussia, in 1834; came to this Co. in 1856; maiden name was Schmidt; has one son, Wm. J. Sass, by first marriage; Mr. P. has no children.

Phillips Jerome, wagon maker; Harrison.
Phillips W. farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Harrison.
Plant Wm. farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Durand.
Prindle J. farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Durand.
Putnam S. C. renter; Sec. 21; P. O. Harrison.

RECOR HENRY, laborer; Sec. 19; P. O. Durand.

Recor P. laborer; Sec. 17; P. O. Durand.
Riley Wm. Sec. 34; P. O. Harrison.
Ruhl David, Sec. 35; P. O. Harrison.
Ruhl Luther, Sec. 35; P. O. Harrison.

SARVIN ROSS, P. O. Durand.

Sarvin Steward, P. O. Durand.
Scott Chas. farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Harrison.
Scott Geo. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Harrison.
Scott Jas. farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Harrison.
Scott Jno. farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Harrison.
Shepardson Josiah, Harrison.
Shepardson S. D. renter; Sec. 24; P. O. Harrison.

Sherman B. C. farm; S. 21; P. O. Harrison.
Sherman Benj. Sec. 21; P. O. Sherman.
Shumway C. laborer; S. 20; P. O. Harrison.
Smith Belden C. farmer; P. O. Harrison.
Smith F. farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Harrison.
Smith J. J. farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Durand.

SMITH RICHARD H. Merchant; Harrison; born in Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 17, 1806; came to Hancock Co., Ill., in 1839; married Mrs. Mary A. Gilman, in Nov., 1839; she was the daughter of John Woolfolk, of Louisville, Ky.; born in Carolina Co., Va., Oct. 16, 1808; mother of six children; two by first marriage, Elizabeth and Gabriella; and four by last, Annie and Mary (twins), Richard and Lawrence S.; only one now living; Mr. S. was Post-Master here 18 years, Town Clerk same; Trustee one term, and School Director a number of years; is a Republican.

Sniveley A. wagon maker; P. O. Harrison.

Snively Wm. renter; Sec. 27; P.O. Harrison.
 Sodaman W. farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Durand.
 Statker Jas. renter; Sec. 20; P. O. Durand.
 Strawn Mahlon, laborer; P. O. Durand.
 Swindle Chas. Sec. 33; P.O. Rockford.

TODD GEORGE, Sec. 25; P. O. Harrison.

TODD MRS. HANNAH P. (widow); Farming; Sec. 25; P. O. Harrison; maiden name was Vadakin; born in Wayne Co., Penn., Nov. 5, 1819; owns 166 acres land, valued at \$7,500; married Jonathan Todd, Jan. 17, 1847; he was born in N. J., April 20, 1826; came to this Co. in 1855; was an active and influential member of the M. E. Church; was instrumental in building the church situated on a part of his farm, which he donated for that purpose; died April 18, 1871; Mrs. Todd has four children, Milton I., born Sept. 6, 1847; Geo. R., March 8, 1849; Daniel D., Oct. 6, 1851; and Marilla Jane, May 15, 1855; she has been a member of the M. E. Church for 37 years; they have resided on the same farm for 22 years.

Todd Milton, Sec. 25; P. O. Harrison.

Torson Nere, farmer; P. O. Durand.

Tunison D. K. Sec. 33; P. O. Rockford.

Tunison Wm. Sec. 33; P. O. Rockford.

Tolman L. D. renter; Sec. 18; P. O. Durand.

URQUEHART WILLIAM.

VAN DYKE CORNELIUS, renter; Sec. 23; P. O. Harrison.

VAN SLYKE ISAAC, Blacksmith; Harrison; born in Dutchess Co., N. Y., July 10, 1818; moved to Fulton Co. in 1827; came west in 1839; stopped in Chicago which at that time was nothing but a mud hole; stopped with Mr. Hill, who kept the old yellow tavern on Lake street, where he was employed as a runner at the boat landing; left there the following year; came to this Co. in 1840, where he has remained ever since; married Philo Ann Cleaveland, Feb. 1850; she was born in Cataraugus Co., N. Y., Jan. 24, 1829; they have four children living, Martin C., Alice S., Jay I. and Eva Jane; lost one, in infancy; Mr. Van was Commissioner of Highways one term; has been School Director for a great many years; Democrat.

Van Wicklin C. laborer; S. 35; P.O. Harrison.

WAINRIGHT CHAS. laborer; Sec. 29; P. O. Durand.

Warren A. farmer; Sec 18; P. O. Durand.

Warren D. laborer; Sec. 19; P. O. Durand.

Watson F. farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Durand.

WEATHERHEAD JAS. R. Farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Durand; born in

Sullivan Co., N. H., Oct. 6, 1818; married Nancy Fisher, Dec. 10, 1843; they had six children; four living, Martha J. Sweet, Waite, Celina H. Boomer and Mary Ann.; lost two, Elizabeth and Lucinda; Mrs. W. died in 1857; he was married again to Mrs. Sophia A. Jones, daughter of David Baker, of Harrison; she was born in Onondaga Co., N. Y. Nov. 23, 1820; had three children by her first marriage; two living; two by second marriage, Minnie, aged 17; and Ettie, 15; Mr. W. was on the jury in 1844, the first jury ever empaneled in the old Court House; was on the McKuney trial; could not agree, consequently had to sleep three nights on the floor of the old Winnebago House.

Western C. farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Durand.

Whetherhead W. farm; S. 32; P. O. Durand.

White A. renter; Sec. 17; P. O. Durand.

White Geo. farm; Sec. 17; P. O. Durand.

WILLIAMS JAS. M. Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Harrison; born in Boston, Erie Co., N. Y., Nov. 14, 1820; came to this Co. in 1845; owns 415 acres land, valued at \$11,000; married Maria E. Bivens, March 6, 1851; she was born in London, Montgomery Co., Penn., Dec. 31, 1826; they have five children, Mary H., born Feb. 6, 1852; Alice C., June 22, 1854; Charles H., July 26, 1857; Orin, Feb. 26, 1859; Rilla A., Sept. 2, 1865; Mr. W. was Constable, Assessor and Collector the first year of the town's organization; been Assessor 15 years, and Commissioner of Highways 5 years; he once started to Chicago with 150 bushels of wheat and 10 barrels of flour, with four wagons and six yokes of oxen; was gone 20 days and brought back with him the burrs for Talcott's Mills at Rockton, weighing four tons.

WILLIAMS LUCIEN, Dairy Farm; P. O. Harrison; born in Onondaga Co., N. Y., June 21, 1821; married Mary E. Arnold, April 3, 1850; she was born in Royaltown, N. Y., Dec. 16, 1830; came to this Co. in 1852; owns about 800 acres land; have seven children living: Fannie A., born April 21, 1853; Ida M., Oct. 29, 1854; Rosamond, June 8, 1856; Evelyn T., March 3, 1863; Myra J., Nov. 9, 1866; Chas. L., Sept. 16, 1869; and Indiola, Jan. 5, 1872; lost three, Mary, Ella and Jessie; Mr. W. was Supervisor and Commissioner of Highways for two years; Town Treasurer for several years, and has held other minor offices; he is proprietor of the most extensive dairy in this Co.; milks 100 cows, and turns out about 20,000 pounds of butter annually; has an arrangement for churning by power; annually sells about 100 head of fine hogs, weighing in the aggregate, 30,000; the family attend the M. E. Church.

Winright —, laborer; Sec. 7; P. O. Durand.

WISHOP ANDREW, Farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Harrison; born in Scotland, Sept. 5, 1819; came to N. J. in 1841; married Isabella Hunter in 1843; she was born in Scotland, in 1819; five children, Mary H., Isabella, Andrew, Martin and John; lost two, David and Ellen; they came to this Co. in 1856; owns 180 acres land; Mrs. W. died in 1858; married again in 1863, to Mrs. Elizabeth Van Ausdale, daughter of Cornelius and Rachel Van Dyke, who reside with them; both over 80 years old; Mr. Wishop has

been School Director for 9 years, and was last spring elected Justice of the Peace; the family all belong to the M. E. Church; he is a Republican.

Wishop A. Sr. farm; Sec. 23; P. O. Rockford.

Wishop J. H. renter; Sec. 25; P. O. Harrison.

Woods J. farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Harrison.

Woods Wm. farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Harrison.

YOUNG THEODORE W. farmer; Sec. 85; P. O. Harrison.



DURAND TOWNSHIP.

ABEL GEORGE, rents farm; Durand.

Alexander A. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Durand.

Anderson F. farm laborer; S. 28; P. O. Durand.

Anderson Martin, painter; Durand.

ASHTON HON. ANDREW, Merchant; Durand; born in Argyle, Washington Co., N. Y., in 1832; went to California in 1852; worked 8 years in the gold mines; returned to N. Y.; went into mercantile business at Oswego; continued it 5 years; came to this town and entered business in 1861; married Miss Mary J. Johnson, a native of Oswego Co., N. Y., in 1862; has four children, Carrie M., Frank J., Willard H. and Bertha, aged respectively, 14, 10, 8, and 5 years; he represented the good people of this district in the 29th General Assembly; was re-elected in 1876, and is one of the independent members of whom his constituents can say, "Well done, thou good and faithful servant;" he is a believer, but independent in religion and politics.

Ashton W. J. grain dealer; Durand.

BALDWIN D. F. plasterer; Durand.

Baldwin E. bricklayer and plasterer; Sec. 24; P. O. Durand.

Baringham Delos W. Sec. 26; P. O. Durand.

Baringham J. farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Durand.

Baringham H. son of Matthew; Sec. 36; P. O. Durand.

Baringham J. D. Sec. 26; P. O. Durand.

Baringham Mat. farm; Sec. 36; P. O. Durand.

Baringham N. J. lives with father; Sec. 26; P. O. Durand.

Baringham Thos. lives with father, Matthew; Sec. 36; P. O. Durand.

BATES ALMAN B. Farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Durand; born in Hampshire Co., Mass., Aug. 22, 1826; his father died there, Nov. 8, 1828; his mother, with him and two other children, moved to St. Albans, Vt., in 1830; lived there until 1835; then in company with his uncle, Newman Campbell, they came West, traveling by wagon through a country sparsely populated, to Laporte, Ind.; Aug. 15, 1837, they arrived in this Co.; at that early day, clothing, groceries and other necessities, were not easily obtained here; the native talents and untiring industry of the widow and her children, were well tested in procuring food and raiment, and in making a home of their own; she, being an expert with the needle, did much of the sewing for the lady settlers, the boys doing the rough outside labor incident to a new

country, while their little sister, Laura J., afterwards wife of John Campbell, assisted the mother within; in 1842 their house, furniture and clothing were destroyed by fire; Chicago, Milwaukee and other distant places were their nearest markets, sometimes taking twelve days to make the round trip; the two boys were one night followed five miles by hungry wolves, that were kept at bay by their faithful dog; Mr. B. was married July 4, 1847, to Miss Sophia, daughter of William and Fanny Campbell, of St. Albans, Vt.; she was born Sept. 28, 1829; they have six children, Ellen A., Rollin W., Ovid B., Frank F., Carrie L., and Hattie May, aged 29, 26, 23, 21, 19, and 10 years; owns 112 acres, valued at \$5,600; Independent in religion and politics; was Path Master and School Director; his mother, who was the second wife of Wm. Sylvester, died March 7, 1853, in her 59th year, and is buried at Ft. Winnebago.

Bates A. J. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Durand.

Bates Charles.

Bates J. A. works for Jas. Kiley; Sec. 35; P. O. Durand.

Bates Rollin W. Sec. 22; P. O. Durand.

BECKER JACOB, Farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Durand; born in Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, Aug. 30, 1844; his parents came to Ill. in 1846, and settled in Stephenson Co.; he enlisted in 46th I. V. I., Co. C, Jan. 27, 1865; was in battle of Ft. Blakely, Ala.; discharged at Baton Rouge, Jan. 20, 1866; married, Feb. 25, 1868, to Miss Lydia, daughter of Ula and Carrie Garder; she was born in that Co., April 18, 1844; has five children; Oscar D., born Jan. 19, 1869; Carrie E., July 24, 1870; Jane M., Sept. 28, 1871; Walter A., Oct. 23, 1874; Mary H., Sept. 17, 1876; came to this Co. in 1872; owns 118 acres, valued at \$5,900, U. S. currency; Methodist; was Path Master and School Director.

BEEMER EDWARD A. Farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Durand; born in Morrow Co., O., June 6, 1848; moved with his parents to Wis. in 1856; came to this Co. in 1864; Sept. 22, 1869, married Miss Ellen A., daughter of Alman B. and Sophia Bates, of Durand; have two children, Willis E., born Oct. 4, 1871, and William A., Dec. 13, 1872; rents 80 acres from his father, William, who lives with him; his sister, Mary A., also lives with him; Democrat; Independent; land valued at \$4,000.

Beemer Wm. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Durand.

Best Albert, lives with father, R. Best; Sec. 19; P. O. Davis.

Best Erven, farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Davis.

Best J. N. farmer; Sec. 20; P.O. Davis.

Best Nich. farmer; Sec. 19; P.O. Davis.

Best Reuben, farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Davis.

BEST SIMON PETER, Farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Davis; born in Northampton Co., Penn., April 13, 1844; came with his parents to this Co. in 1855; married Miss Lizzie H., daughter of Jonathan and Lydia Matter, Feb. 13, 1868; has four children; Fernando, born Oct. 10, 1869; Arthur J., Dec. 7, 1870; Jacob E., Oct. 14, 1872; Wallace V., Aug. 22, 1874; owns 150 acres, value \$7,500; Republican; Evangelical; has been Path Master several years.

Best Wm. farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Davis.

Blake Milan, hardware merchant; Durand.

BLAKE BROS. Hardware Merchants and Dealers in General Groceries; Durand; are sons of John Blake, Esq., of Pecatonica Tp.; the senior partner, Milan A., served in the 184th I. V. I (100 days); is married to Miss Jane P. Eames, daughter of Mrs. D. W. Goodrich, and has three children, Ada, Lulu and Clair A., aged 7, 4 and 2; Andrew S. is married to Miss Emily, daughter of the late Wm. Crandall, M. D., of this town; has one son, Arthur C., born May 1, 1875; they succeeded H. Burrell & Bro., in Dec., 1872, in the old frame building, cor. of Center and Howard sts.; in 1876 they erected a two-story stone and brick building, 25 by 80 ft., having shops in basement fitted up for the manufacture of tinware, etc.; it is the most substantial, large and well arranged business house in the place; they appear to carry an extensive stock, and do a good business in hardware, stoves, agricultural implements and groceries; Republican; Independent; own real estate worth \$8,000.

Blake S. A. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Durand.

Bowen A. H. farm hand; S. 15; P.O. Durand.

Bowen Geo. laborer; Sec. 9; P. O. Durand.

Brannan M. farmer and lime burner; Sec. 21; P. O. Durand.

Bratt John, blacksmith; Durand.

Breed Rufus, laborer; Durand.

Brooks E. H. carpenter; Durand.

Burr Lewis, barber; Durand.

Byrne John, grocer; Durand.

CALDWELL G. W. physician; Durand.

CAMPBELL DAVID, Farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Durand; born on Grand Isle, Vt., March 24, 1815; only 12 years old when mother died; left paternal home soon after to seek his livelihood and independence; at 19, he went to Cambria, Niagara Co., N. Y., thence to LaPorte, Ind., thence to this Co., in 1836; located 160 acres; made improvements and a home; when 24, he returned to Vermont, where he remained during the winter of

1839-40; married Miss Erixa, daughter of Asa and Molly Barker, of Swan, Feb. 16, 1840; on the 19th, he, with his young wife, again turned his face towards the setting sun and departed for his home in the West, where they yet enjoy life in comparative ease and comfort; had six children, four are living, Zeno A., born Jan. 14, 1843; Adeline A., June 30, 1847; Arba Z., Nov. 27, 1852; Lois I., March 17, 1858; children are all married, living in their own homesteads; Mr. C. owns 168 acres, valued at \$7,000; Republican; Spiritualist; has been Assessor for nearly a quarter of a century; School Director and Commissioner.

Campbell E. S. farm; S. 28; P.O. Pecatonica.

CAMPBELL FRANK B. Farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Pecatonica; born in this Co., July 25, 1846; son of Jeremiah and Cynthia Campbell, natives of Vermont, who came to this Co. in 1836; he was married Dec. 29, 1870, to Miss Arabell, daughter of D. D. and Olive Adams, of Pecatonica Tp.; have one child, Irene B., born July 8, 1876; owns 490 acres land valued at \$20,000; Republican; Independent; has been Path Master and School Director.

CAMPBELL HEMAN, Farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Durand; born on Grand Isle, Vermont, Dec. 23, 1809; married, April 2, 1833, Miss Sophia Crampton, of Franklin Co., Vermont; came to this Co. in January, 1837; Republican; Universalist; owns 80 acres, valued at \$4,000; wife died in March, 1843; had five children, Lucretia (died in 1861), Sophronia, Elmina, Harriet, and Chester, who died in infancy; present wife, whom he married in 1845, was Mrs. Malinda, widow of Stephen Gillam, of Canada; her maiden name was Tennant; she was born on Long Island, June 9, 1809; issue by her, three children, Heman (killed at Kenesaw Mountain), Henry and Arminda; those living are married; Henry works the farm, together with 80 acres, worth \$4,000, which he owns; he is married to Miss Mary Doyle; is Republican; Independent; Mrs. C.'s five children by first husband are: Louisa, Ann, John, Sarah and Margaret Gillam.

Campbell H. farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Durand.

Campbell Ira, farmer; Sec. 29; P.O. Durand.

CAMPBELL JEREMIAH, Farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Pecatonica; born on Grand Isle, Vt., April 5, 1818; mother died when he was in his 10th year; left paternal roof, went to Wayne Co., N. Y., when 15; lived 4 years there; went to Oakland Co., Mich., thence to this town, in 1838; on June 29, 1839, married Miss Lois, daughter of Heman and Susan Hoyt, born at St. Albans, Vt., May 9, 1824; she died Feb. 17, 1842; on Oct. 19, 1843, he married her sister, Miss Cynthia E. Hoyt

born Nov. 11, 1828; has five children, Edward S. (son of Lois), born Dec. 11, 1840; Romeo H., Sept. 15, 1844 (lives in Iowa); Frank B., July 25, 1846; Emma L., June 10, 1852 (died April 15, 1864); and Eva M., Dec. 21, 1854; last four named are issue of present marriage; sold to his sons, E. S. and F. B., all his lands except 80 acres, valued at \$5,000, on which himself, wife, and accomplished daughter, Miss Eva, enjoy the comforts of a happy and splendid home; Republican; Universalist; has been School Trustee, Director, and Road Commissioner.

Campbell W. H. farm; S. 13; P. O. Durand.

CANON GEORGE B. Farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Davis, Stevenson Co.; born in Twinsburg, Summit Co., Ohio, Feb. 9, 1825; when 14 years old, went with his parents to Iowa; remained there one year; came to McDonough Co., Ill.; did not like the location; moved to this Co. in 1840; married Miss Harriet L., daughter of Wm. S. and Eliza Haynes, a native of Dutchess Co., N. Y., on Aug. 31, 1846; has four children, Walter S., born Aug. 29, 1847; Fidelia A., June 12, 1849; Wm. G., Dec. 28, 1851; Lillie M., Aug. 14, 1865; three eldest are married; owns 226 acres; wife owns 38 in this and 12 in Stevenson Co.; total, 276 acres; valued at \$11,040; enlisted in 74th I. V. I., Co. I, Aug. 15, 1862; was in battle of Perryville, and the Lancaster skirmish; was mustered out at Chicago, in July, 1865; honorably discharged; has been Overseer of Highways and some 18 years School Director; Republican; Independent.

Canon W. G. farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Davis.

Canon W. S. farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Davis.

Capron E. S. merchant tailor: Durand.

Carpenter Romeo, manufacturer buggies, wagons, etc., Durand.

Cleft Charles E. laborer; Durand.

Cleft Earl, butcher; Durand.

Cleft Minor, laborer; Durand.

COCHRAN ELDRIDGE, Farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Pecatonica; born in this Co., Feb. 6, 1840; educated at Oberlin College, O.; came home in 1858; enlisted in 74th I. V. I., Co. H., Aug. 3, 1862; mustered in at Camp Fuller; reported at Louisville, Ky.; went through campaign under Gen. Buel; in battle of Perryville; lay in camp at Nashville; fought at Stone River, Tullahoma and Stevenson; continuous marches and skirmishes from June 4 until battle of Chicamauga, in Sept.; retreated to Chattanooga; besieged there 4 weeks; fought two days at Mission Ridge and Lookout Mountain; was wounded; on forced march to Knoxville to reinforce army there; marched thence to Johnson's Mills; wintered there, foraging and milling flour; skirmished through Georgia campaign under Sherman; was at battles

of Rockyface, Resaca, Calhoun, Kennesaw, and Atlanta; back to Nashville in Gen. Thomas' corps; fought the rebels there under Hood; pursued them to Huntsville wintered there; thence to Knoxville; repairing railroad on North Carolina line when President was assassinated; back to Nashville for grand review; honorably discharged at Chicago, June 10, 1865; came home; married, Sept. 11, 1870, Minerva F., daughter of Peter and Anna M. Messenger; has five children living, Willard W., Elmer M., Dorie M., Willis E., and Moody L.; owns 400 acres, valued at \$20,000; Republican; Independent.

Cole Amasa, farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Durand.

COLE E. V. Farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Durand; born in Steuben Co., N. Y., Mch. 10, 1843; came to this Co. in 1866; purchased 118 acres in this town; taught school during the winter seasons; sent a substitute to army in the late war; married Miss Flora M., daughter of Wm. and Eliza A. Crowley, March 10, 1869; has two children: Chas. M., born Feb. 22, 1872; and Fern M., Jan. 18, 1876; owns 114 acres land, valued at \$6,840; Republican; Methodist; has been Path Master and School Director.

Cole Geo. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Durand.

COLE JOHN, Retired Farmer; Durand; born in Sussex Co., N. J., June 2, 1805; married, 1828, Miss Annie Van Sickle, born there, Dec. 29, 1810; went to Steuben Co., N. Y., in 1833; came to this Co. in 1866; owns house and six town lots in, and 41 acres north of village, all valued at \$3,500; Republican; Presbyterian; has seven children living: Mary J., Sarah E., Amasa C., Christian A., Edward V., Margaret S. and George P., aged respectively 48, 43, 39, 37, 34, 30 and 28 years; George P. lives on Sec. 21; owns 160 acres, valued at \$7,200; Republican; Independent; wife was Miss E. A. Colton; has one daughter, Edith, born June 9, 1860.

Cole John, farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Durand.

Corbon John, hog jobber; Durand.

COLTON ROBT. Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Durand; born in Nottinghamshire, Eng., Oct. 15, 1819; came to this Co. in 1845; married, Jan. 15, 1847, Miss Martha J., daughter of Kinsley and Lucinda Himes; wife died in April, 1858; same year, on Sept. 15th, married Mrs. Annie, daughter of Wm. and Sally Jane, and widow of Roswell Ranney; has by present wife, one son living, Wm. W.; and by first wife has four living daughters, Letitia C., Elizabeth L., Grace A. and Ann E.; his wife has two children by her first marriage, Emily L. and Amos D. Ranney; owns 320 acres, valued at \$16,000; Independent in religion and politics; has been School Director and Path Master.

Conley C. F. laborer; Durand.

CORWIN AMASA, Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Durand; born in this Co., April 27, 1849; enlisted in 184th I. V. I., Co. E, for 100 days; when time expired, he, with most of the regiment, volunteered to aid and participate in Gen. Sherman's great campaign; received a certificate for honorable and brilliant service, and the thanks of President Lincoln, dated at Washington, Dec. 16, 1864; married, Dec. 15, 1872, Miss Mary Ann, daughter of Wm. Fell, who was born in Pendel Hill, Lancashire, Eng., Aug. 6, 1806, and whose wife was Miss Sarah Barningham, a native of Yorkshire, Eng., to whom he was married in 1836; she died in 1868, leaving five children: James, Petheria, Thomas, Sarah A. and Mary Ann; he came to this Co. in 1849; is a retired farmer; lives with his son-in-law and youngest daughter, who have one child, Edna L., born June 9, 1875; both are Republicans; Independents; Mr. C. owns 81 acres, value \$4,050.

CORWIN MARQUIS L. Farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Pecatonica; born in this Co., Feb. 23, 1845; married, Feb. 26, 1865, to Fidelia A., daughter of George B. and Harriet L. Canon; has two children, Nettie M., born Dec. 26, 1866; Eva L., May 5, 1870; owns 77½ acres land, valued at \$4,000; Independent in politics and religion; has been Path Master and School Director.

Couse A. B. farm; Sec. 31; P. O. Pecatonica.

COWAN WM. DINSMORE, Farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Davis; born in Washington Co., N. Y., March 2, 1810; parents died when he was 17 years old; worked at farming until he was 23; went to Portage Co., O.; lived there five years; married Miss Susan Redner, a native of Orange Co., N. Y.; she was born Oct. 18, 1813; moved to Sandusky Co.; lived there 6 years; came to his present home in 1844; had six children: Frances A., born and died in Portage Co., O.; Theodore, born in Sandusky Co., Oct. 10, 1838; Maria and Sophia (twins), Sept. 23, 1842; Maria died at Chicago, while on the way to this place, March 2, 1844; Orlin D., Nov. 7, 1848; and Augusta H., Jan. 29, 1850; all his living children except the youngest are married; owns 45 acres, wife 40, and son Theodore 90 acres, all valued at \$10,000; Republican; Methodist.

Cravens Benj. teamster; Durand.

Crowder A. farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Durand.

Crowder H. farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Durand.

CROWDER PAUL, Farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Durand; born in Canada, July 14, 1809; married there, Feb. 7, 1832, Miss Ann Holland, who was born in Ireland, in 1812; came to this Co. and located on his present farm in 1851; owns 189 acres, value \$9,100; Democrat; Methodist; had nine children, of whom six are living: James G., Wm. G., Sarah M., Thomas E.,

Joseph H. and Paul E., aged respectively 44, 36, 33, 30, 28 and 24 years; all his children are married; his wife's father lost his way and was frozen to death in the forest of Canada.

Crowder T. farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Durand.

Crawford Alonzo E. Durand.

CROWE IRA E. Farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Durand; born in this Co., Dec. 23, 1844; enlisted in 158d I. V. I., Co. G; was mustered into service at Marengo; sent to Camp Fry, and thence to Tullahoma, Tenn.; was detailed to hospital duty and was Surgeon's clerk until discharge at Nashville, July 22, 1865; came home and married Miss Mary A., daughter of Patrick and Alice Harrigan, of this town, Jan. 12, 1875; has one son, Edward G., born July 8, 1876; owns 119 acres, valued at \$5,950; Democrat; Catholic; was School Director and Overseer of Highways.

Crows Jno. farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Durand.

Crowley W. A., Jr. farmer; Sec. 18.

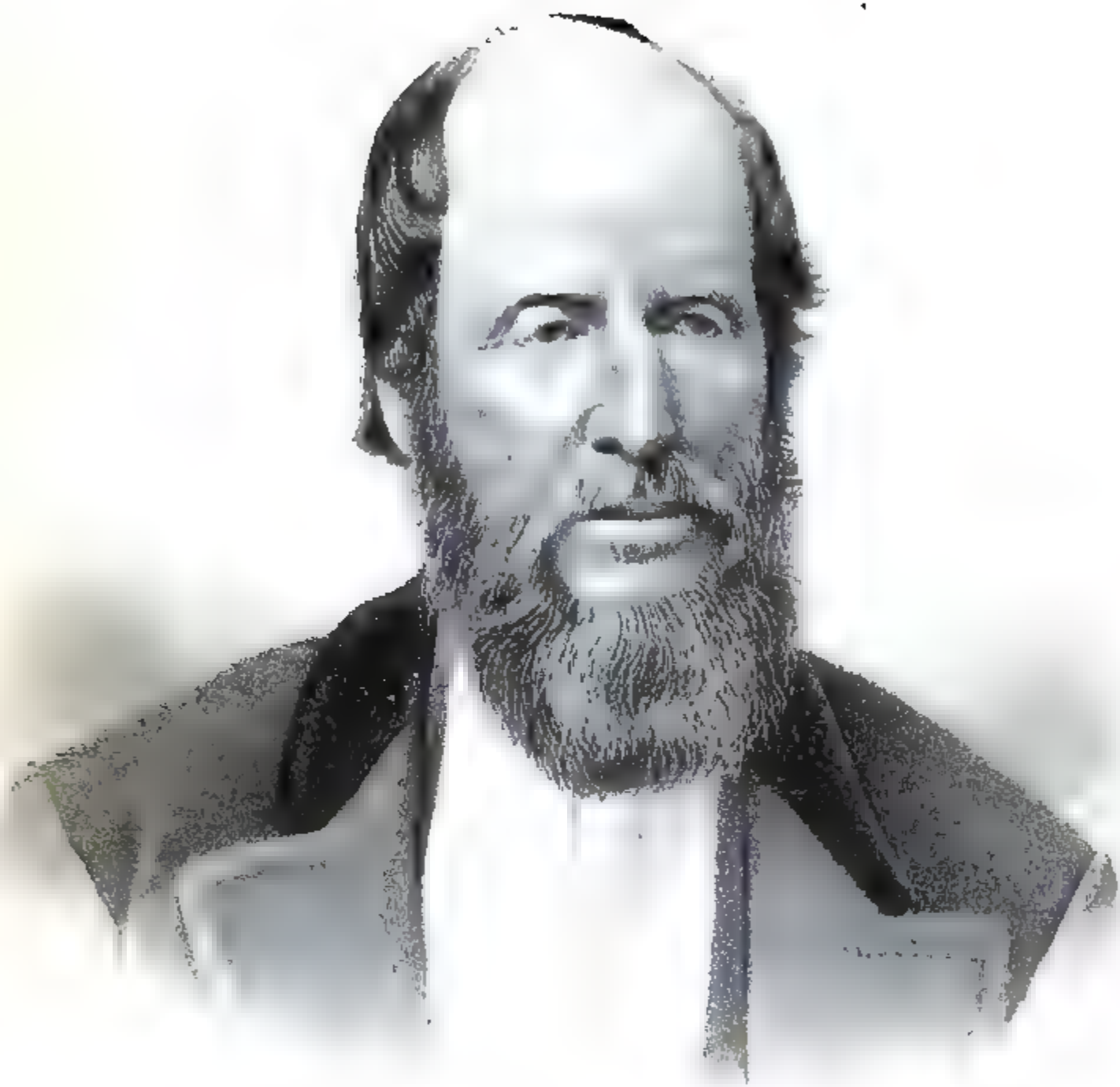
Crowley W. farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Durand.

DAUGHERTY PHILETUS C. renter; Sec. 29; P. O. Pecatonica.

Dale Lycurgus M. Sec. 31; P. O. Pecatonica.

DAVIES JOHN, Manufacturer of Boots and Shoes, Dealer in Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises and Gents' Furnishing Goods; Durand; born in Bridge End, Glamorganshire, South Wales, March 9, 1832; went to boot and shoe trade at 19 years of age; emigrated to Washington, D. C., in 1854; worked at trade there 18 months; in Chicago, 6 months, and at Rockford 15 months; came to this town and entered into business Oct. 12, 1857; married, Dec. 6, 1859, Miss Emily L., daughter of Solomon Webster, of Leona; has five daughters: Elizabeth P., born Sept. 19, 1860; Annie J., Jan. 22, 1863; Harriet E., June 24, 1866; Martha W., July 31, 1870; and Isabelle L., Aug. 8, 1873; wife died March 19, 1874, aged 35 years; married again, Sept. 2, 1875, Miss F. Louise, daughter of E. B. Capron, Esq.; no children; owns 40 acres adjoining village, his store building and two town lots, valued at \$4,000; Democrat, Methodist; carries a large and well-selected stock of goods, and certainly makes to order as elegantly-finished fine boots as any city can boast; keeps only the very best men on fine work, two of whom are Mr. W. Edmison, who has worked for him 16 years, and Mr. F. Friedl, 18 years.

DAY DANIEL, Farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Durand, born in Allegheny Co., Penn., Nov. 12, 1832, moved to Washington Co., Ohio, in 1842, in October, 1844, married Arbilla, daughter of Isaac and Hannah Lackey, of that Co.; in early life he followed boating on the Ohio and Mississippi; was pilot on these rivers several



David Campbell

DURAND TP.

years; served 28 days in National Guard, at Camp Putnam, during the Morgan raid through Ohio; and nearly 2 years in Forage Department, buying and delivering supplies to the Government; came to this Co. and settled on his present farm in April, 1865; has four children living: Abby, born Feb. 24, 1849; H. W., March 30, 1851; Judson, March 7, 1857, and D. L., Nov. 17, 1860; owns 230 acres, worth \$10,900; Independent; Liberal; serving second term as Commissioner of Highways; several years School Director.

DeGATES MARK, Carpenter and Builder; Sec. 28; P. O. Durand; is prepared to do all kinds of carpenter and joiner work, in the best and neatest manner, on reasonable terms; all work warranted; patronage solicited; born in Steuben Co., N. Y., Dec. 20, 1852; taught school several winters; married Miss Mary E. Smythe, of Allegheny Co., May 5, 1872; came to this Co. in 1866; has one daughter, Ellenora, born July 19, 1874; Republican; Independent; renter.

Derwent Chas. M. farm; S. 35; P. O. Durand.

Derwent Jno. H. farm; Sec. 35; P. O. Durand.

DERWENT SAMUEL, Farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Durand; born in Derbyshire, Eng., in 1819; was married at Mottram, Cheshire, in April, 1841, to Elizabeth Rowbotham; came to U. S. same year; to this Co. in 1842; has three children living: John H., born in this town, Jan. 18, 1852; Flora A., Oct. 24, 1853; Lilian M., Dec. 9, 1858; John H. is married to Mary, daughter of Henry and Eleanor Sarver; daughters are single and live with parents; owns 356 acres, valued at \$13,000; Independent in religion and politics; has served as Road Commissioner, Supervisor, and School Director; is Treasurer of Durand & Laona Township Insurance Company.

DERWENT THOMAS W. Farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Durand; born in Cheshire, Eng., in May, 1832; came to this Co. in 1842; owns 346 acres, valued at \$15,500; has lived 35 years in this town, where his father, John Derwent, died; he is not married; his mother superintends the household department, assisted by an amiable young lady, no relation; Mr. D. was 6 years School Director, and has served as Constable.

Derwent Wm. farm; Sec. 35; P. O. Durand.
Dowd Lewis.

Doyle Garry, laborer; Durand.

DOYLE MATTHEW, Retired Farmer; Durand; born in County Dublin, Ireland, in 1817; came to U. S. in 1835; lived two years in Orange Co., N. Y.; visited Ireland, traveled most of that country and England, returned to Orange Co., lived 5 years there, and in 1844 came to this Co.; owns a farm of 420 acres, 18

town lots and a good residence, valued at \$25,000; Democrat; Catholic; married Miss Martha Green, of Orange Co., N. Y., in 1844; no children.

Doyle Simon, laborer; Sec. 13; P. O. Durand.

Drake R. W. farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Durand.

Duke Chas. A. farm laborer; Sec. 13; P. O. Durand.

EDMISON WALLACE, boot and shoemaker; Durand.

Ely Fred. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Durand.

Evans Alphonzo, farm; S. 13; P. O. Durand.

Evans Alfred, farm; Sec. 13; P. O. Durand.

FELL WILLIAM, farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Durand.

Felts E. B. rents farm; Sec. 25; P. O. Durand.

FELTS ELIJAH, Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Durand; born in Wilks Co., N. C., June 23, 1810; married March 10, 1838, Miss Elsie, daughter of Imlah and Lucia Ball, of that Co.; came to his present farm in 1837; Republican; Baptist; owns 125 acres, valued at \$6,000; left the South because, should he be blessed with children and grow in riches, they might, under the influence of "the peculiar institution," become tyrannical, or, should poverty overtake them, they would be only "poor white trash," that could never rise; through sickness and other misfortunes, the journey North was long, tedious and trying, extending over three years, having had to sojourn in Indiana and Michigan; so weary were they when they reached this place, and so pleased with the beauty of its scenery, its cool and gushing spring, its grand old forest trees, and rich, undulating prairie, that they decided here to stop and live; they have been blessed with fourteen children; eleven are living, Susan A., Aaron M., Sarah J., Matilda, George W., Oliver, Edward B., Emeline, Orrilla M., Charles, and Florence A.; one, Matilda, who in early life became the wife of Mr. J. A. Fletcher, has a history; she has been known to the public for eight years as an orator and writer of great and diversified power of mind, enthusiastic in reforms, without being a fanatic, a disliker of extremists and sham reformers.

FELTS MRS. HESTER A. Widow; Sec. 25; P. O. Durand; born in Huron Co., Ohio, March 7, 1822; maiden name was Knight; her father died in Ohio; came to this Co. with her stepfather, Thomas Armstrong, in 1837; married at Rockford, Jan. 7, 1839, to Aaron Felts, born in North Carolina, March 6, 1802; he came here in 1836; died July 22, 1875; had eight children; five are living, Sarah A., Agnes M., Althe E., Wm. W., and Effie May; the last named two live with her; owns 100 acres, valued at \$5,000.

Felts Wm. W. Sec. 25; P. O. Durand.

Fergusson M. rents farm; Sec. 22; P. O. Pecatonica.

Fleming P. farm; Sec. 22; P. O. Pecatonica.

Fenner Wm. laborer; Durand.

FORSYTH GEO. W. Mechanic; Sec. 24; P. O. Pecatonica; born in N. Y. City, Aug. 15, 1839; was brought up to the jewelry business; came to this State and Co. in 1861; married Miss Elvira S., daughter of Nahum and Jane Foster, of Pecatonica, Feb. 22, 1871, has four children: Emma E., born Dec. 8, 1871; Irene E., June 5, 1873; Willard F., Nov. 16, 1874; and Myrtle, July 25, 1877; owns steam saw mill, and 3 acres land in the village of Elton valued at \$400, also part owner of mill property and 80 acres in Harrison Tp.; Independent in religion and politics; is School Director.

Foss W. A. retired farmer; Durand.

Franklin C. M. farm; Sec. 26; P. O. Durand.

Franklin M. farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Durand.

Fink J. W. farm laborer; Sec. 21; P. O. Pecatonica.

Friedl Frank, shoemaker; Durand.

FRITZ GEORGE, Farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Durand; born in Washington Co., Md., Nov. 22, 1818; came to this Co. in 1837; owns 209½ acres, valued at \$10,500; Democrat; Independent; was several years Justice of the Peace, and held other important offices; married Miss Cornelia Jane, daughter of Elijah Cleveland, of Chenango Co., N. Y., Jan. 1, 1840; she was born Nov. 29, 1818; they have four children living: George A., Ann C., Ellen A. and Henry J.; all married except Ellen A.; George A. enlisted in 74th I. V. I., Co. H., in Aug., 1862; was in battles of Stone River, Perryville and Murfreesboro; took sick, lay in hospital some time, was transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps, and finally mustered out at Louisville, Ky., in 1866.

Fritz G. A. farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Durand.

FURLONG MRS. MARY M. Widow; Sec. 18; P. O. Durand; born in Ind., May 5, 1828; came with her parents, Scott and Lovina Robb, to this Co. in 1836, and settled in this town; she married Wm. Furlong, a native of Co. Wexford, Ireland, in 1850; he had served five years in the regular army before he came to this Co. in 1846; during the late war he served in Co. B, 7th I. V. C., and after long service, fighting for his adopted country, he was, with eleven of his comrades, captured and died a prisoner at Florence, S. C.; Mrs. F. draws a pension, and owns 50 acres, valued at \$2,000; has three children: Scott L., born Nov. 30, 1851; John E., Dec. 15, 1853; Ada M., Jan. 14, 1860; sons are Republican; Independent.

Fyler W. E. clerk, Durand

GALARD JAMES, laborer; Durand.

Galard Michael, laborer; Durand.

GANOUNG ARTHUR H. Wagon-maker, Painter, and Farmer; Durand, born in Lima, Livingston Co., N. Y., Oct. 18, 1822; spent four years with his uncle learning painter's trade; went to Chicago in 1843; worked at house and cabinet painting till 1847; married, Oct. 5, 1845, Miss Nancy, daughter of John Underhill, of Lake Co.; came to this Co. in fall of 1847; have six children: George W., Helen L., Nancy J., Wm. L., James A. and Charles M., aged respectively, 27, 23, 21, 19, 16 and 14 years; Republican; Independent; owns 120 acres, town lots and shops, valued at \$7,000; makes and repairs wagons, buggies and democrats; does plain and ornamental painting; all kinds of blacksmithing, horseshoeing excepted.

Ganoung John, laborer; Durand.

Garrey M. J. farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Durand.

Gates Calvin, works for L. Gates; Sec. 21; P. O. Pecatonica.

GATES LORENZO, Farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Pecatonica; born in Union Co., O., in March, 1827, came with parents to this Co. in 1840; when a boy he hauled grain, dressed hogs and other products of father's farm to market at Chicago, Debuque, Mineral Point and Galena, sleeping many nights under Heaven's high arch, the broad prairie his bed, the wolves howling as if hungry for pork steak; was married Sept. 12, 1851, to Miss Nancy J., daughter of John and Margaret Thompson, of this town; have two children: Olus, born June 17, 1852; Clio, April 25, 1854. she is the wife of Lycurgus M. Dale; owns 228½ acres, valued at \$18,500; Republican; Independent; School Director.

Gates Mark D. carpenter and builder; Sec. 26; P. O. Durand.

Gates Olus, lives with father; Sec. 21.

Gillam J. M. farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Durand.

Goakey Thos. laborer; Sec. 18; P. O. Durand.

GOODRICH DAVID H. Farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Durand; born in Saratoga Co., N. Y., Feb. 19, 1814; married in 1837 to Miss Eliza Ann Wells, of Onondaga Co., to which place his parents had moved when he was 9 years old; he came to this Co. in June, 1838; owns 100 acres, valued at \$5,000; Republican; Independent, but firm believer, in religion; wife died in Aug., 1856; have had seven children, three only are living: Betsy, Wealthy and Allen; married again, in 1857, Mrs. Harriet, widow of Alonzo Ames, and daughter of Allen Bill, of Berkshire Co., Mass., where she was born Sept. 19, 1824; she had one child, Jane P. Ames, by first husband; issue of present marriage: Ella D. and Kate E. Goodrich, both single, his oldest child.

Henry J., served in 74th I. V. I.; was wounded at Kenesaw Mountain; died at Chattanooga in July, 1863.

GOODWIN LEVI H. Farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Durand; born in Essex Co., N. Y., in 1808; married, in 1828, Miss Sally Dudley, of Clinton Co., N. Y.; run saw-mill until he left there for this Co. in 1855; built his present house in 1861; owns now 30 acres, valued at \$1,400; Republican; Congregationalist; had six sons and six daughters; two sons were in the late war; Albert, in 74th I. V. I., was a prisoner in the South, released and died in Jefferson Barracks, Mo., June 6, 1865; James D. served in 55th I. V. I.; was wounded at Shiloh, and died at Cincinnati, May 5, 1862; only four of his children are living: Mary E., Alvira, Russel R. and Loderna C.; all married.

Goodwin T. well-digger; Durand.

GREEN CHARLES H. Farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Durand; born in Rockland, Co., N. Y., Jan. 7, 1848; came to this Co. in 1867; owns 40 acres, valued at \$2,000; Republican; Independent; married, Feb. 29, 1872; Miss Amanda, daughter of Herman and Malinda Campbell, of this town; had three children: Mary L., born May 20, 1873; Alvin, Feb. 17, (died March 8,) 1875; and boy (not named) born June 4, 1877.

GRISWOLD CHARLES E. Editor and Proprietor of *The Patriot*; Durand; born at Long Prairie, Minn., March 17, 1851; before he was a year old his parents, taking him, made the perilous journey, by canoe, down the Mississippi, through the then little trading post of St. Paul, to Fort Prairie Du Chien, thence by stage coach, rail, etc., to Vermont; after a short sojourn, went thence to Elkader, Clayton Co., Iowa; was brought up to farming until 18 years old, when his father sold out and took his family East, remained a year, came West again and bought a large farm in Osage, Mitchell Co., Iowa; when 18 years old, he entered a country printing office, worked 2 years, went to Chicago and worked a year under instructions in a job printing office; went to Sherman, Texas; became sick; returned to Iowa and was 12 months regaining health; came to Ill. in 1875; purchased of its owner the *Durand Enterprise*, published in a neighboring town, opened an office and fitted up a "sanctum" here, changing the name of the paper to *The Patriot*, having an original motto: "*No success without labor.*" He has now a very complete newspaper and job printing office, from which issues every Friday one of the best and liveliest local weeklies published in the West, with a steadily increasing advertising patronage and fast growing list of subscribers; in him the talent, energy and industry that insures

success seem to be united; he does nearly all his type-setting, writes all his spicy editorials, having only a boy to assist him after school hours; he is Notary Public; Republican; Independent; has been Secretary of Reform Lodge, No. 116, Good Templars, since its organization in June, 1877, and has recently been elected its L. D.

Gunderson J. farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Durand

HANFORD LEANDER B. saloon keeper; Durand.

Hanson Peter, laborer; Durand.

Hargraves R. farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Durand.

Hargraves Thos. lives with father, Richard; Sec. 24; P. O. Durand.

Harris E. farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Durand.

Hartley Everett C. son of William; Sec. 34; P. O. Durand.

Hartley Wm. farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Durand.

Hartley W. son of William; Sec. 34; P. O. Durand.

Harvey J. laborer; Durand.

HAUGHTON AARON, Sr. Farmer and Stone Mason; Sec. 35; P. O. Durand; born in Cheshire, Eng., in 1812; married Miss Harriet, daughter of Thomas and Hannah Derwent, a native of Derbyshire, Eng.; came to U. S. in 1841; sojourned a year at Rochester, N. Y.; came to this Co. in 1842; wife died Feb. 12, 1844; married Miss Mary A., daughter of Job and Elizabeth Barningham, in June, 1844; she died in Feb., 1857; his present wife was Mrs. Ruth, widow of Milo Hall and daughter of M. Bradley, of Vt.; had seven children by first wife, five of them are living, Thomas D., Aaron, Mary H., Nye and Samuel; by second wife had seven, three of whom are living, Sarah, Clara, and Henry; no issue by present wife; owns 190 acres, valued at \$7,000; he built the first all stone residence in this Co., where now there are many, that of his son, Thomas D., being among the best; has been Post Master, Path Master and School Director; Republican; Independent.

Haughton Henry, works farm and lives with T. D.; Sec. 36.

Haughton E. lives with father, T. D.; Sec. 36.

HAUGHTON THOMAS D. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 36; P. O. Durand; born in Cheshire, Eng., in 1832; emigrated in 1841; lived one year in Rochester, N. Y.; came to this Co. in 1842; married Miss Agnes, daughter of Henry and Eleanor Sarver, of Harrison Tp., in 1855; has three children, Everett, born Sept. 8, 1856; Emily H., Dec. 2, 1857; and Florence A., Dec. 18, 1859; owns 310 acres, valued at \$14,000; Independent in religion and politics; is School Director and has been several years.

Hayes Albert, butcher; Durand.

HERRING GEO. H. Farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Durand; born in Oxford Co., Maine, July 18, 1820; his father came with family to Rockford, in 1838; lived there a few months; moved to this farm same year; he (Geo. H.), on May 21, 1843, married Miss Lovina, daughter of David Campbell, of Cherry Valley; she died Dec. 29, 1854, leaving two sons, Simeon A. and Jerome C.; his present wife, whom he married May 1, 1855, was Miss Ann, daughter of Peter and Margery Mann; she was raised in Lewis Co., N. Y., educated at Lowville Academy, came West under patronage of Gov. Blaine, of Vt., in 1851, in the educational interests of the New England Woman's Literary and Missionary Society; children of this marriage are: Daniel M., Lettie J., Sybelle and Angeline F.; had penchant for the woods, the mines, and the frontiers; worked in the Wisconsin pineries; rafted on the Wisconsin and Mississippi; crossed the plains in 1849; erected a rancho on the Sacramento; was among the early gold hunters and miners; came home in 1852; off to Montana in 1866, taking a herd of cows; started dairy; lost most of them first winter; poor success; mined some; made but little and came home Jan. 1, 1870; owns 102 acres, valued at \$7,000; Greenbacker and Spiritualist.

Herring G. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Durand.

Herring J. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Durand.

Herring J. lives with father; Sec. 20; P. O. Durand.

Herring J. M. lives with father; single; Sec. 18; P. O. Durand.

HERRING JOHN R. Farmer; Sec. 13; P. O. Durand; born in Parsonsfield, Maine, in 1818; settled in this Co., June, 1838, owns a farm of 224 acres, which, with other real estate, is worth \$15,000 in 1878-9, assisted D. A. Spaulding, U. S. Deputy Surveyor in making government surveys in Ogle, DeKalb, Boone and Winnebago Counties, and for many years made most of the surveys in the N. W. part of this Co., was first Town Clerk of Durand, has been most of the time for 35 years Associate Justice and Justice of the Peace; a member of the Board of Supervisors of this Co. 7 years; and Chairman of the Board 1 year, Township Treasurer 35 years; laid out the village plat of Durand, in 1856, and was one of the Proprietors of the town, in 1853, he married Miss Nancy Grippen, of Winnebago; his children now living are John M., Mary and Eygel, his father, John Herring, living on Sec. 21, with his son, Granville was born at Gloucester, Maine, Feb. 9, 1788; when six weeks old moved to Norway, Maine, one of its first settlers married Miss Mercy H. Haskell, was a soldier in the war of 1812, after returning therefrom he became convinced that all

wars were unchristian and sinful, hence joined the Society of Friends; in 1838, he left his home, at Waterford, Maine, and came to Rockford, Illa.; in the fall of the year, moved to the (now) town of Durand with his family, consisting of three daughters and four sons; all since married—Julia H. to F. Kron, Mercy H. to P. B. Webster, Sybil T. to G. A. Pettingill see biographies of John R. and Geo. H. Granville's first wife was Barbara Jennwein, his present was Mariette Macey and Benjamin, who married Honor Pagra; all are Republicans; the father, who is said to be the oldest man in the Co., formerly belonged to the Liberty Party.

Herring J. R. Sec. 13; P. O. Durand.

Herring S. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Durand.
Hoffman Thos. mason; Durand.

HOFFSTAEDT FREDERICK

Farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Davis; born in Prussia, Dec. 6, 1821; was Inspector of farms there; came to New York in 1830, went to Milwaukee, thence to Beloit, from there went to the far West; worked as farm hand; came to this Co. and farmed on shares; married Miss Gertrude Houser, May 14, 1854; in 1856, moved to Minnesota; claimed 160 acres; lived there about 11 years; sold claim; returned here in 1867; purchased his farm, 140 acres, worth \$7,000; has seven children, Franklin N., born Aug. 2, 1856; Geo. E., May 10, 1858; Theresa L., Jan. 29, 1861; Addie W., Feb. 12, 1863; Frederick I., March 28, 1865; Ann E., Aug. 7, 1867; and David G., Oct. 28, 1869; Republican; Evangelican; wife and four children are church members.

HOOKE JAMES, Baker and Confectioner; Durand; keeps neatly furnished parlors and rooms, where he caters for ladies and gentlemen, serving them with oysters and every edible found in a first-class restaurant; was born in Wyandotte Co., Ohio, March 7, 1837, his father died in 1844; he moved to Green Co., Wis. in 1847, married Miss Elmira Straw in 1858; she was born in Wyandotte Co., O., May 8, 1841, she died Jan. 10, 1861, he married again, Feb. 5, 1863, Miss Arminda, daughter of John and Eliza Johnson, of this Tp. had one son by first marriage, Charles I., born Nov. 27, 1858, owns a good lot and business house, valued at \$1,000, Republican; Methodist, enlisted in 1861 I. V. I., Co. G., Feb. 14, 1865; did garrison duty at Tullahoma; lay in Memphis two months, mustered out Sept. 21, 1865, paid off at Springfield.

Horigan Henry, lives with father; Sec. 24 P. O. Durand.

Horigan James, farm; Sec. 23; P. O. Durand.

Horigan John, lives with father, Sec. 33, P. O. Durand.

Horigan P. farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Durand.

HOUSER MRS. ELIZABETH.

Widow; Sec. 20; P. O. Davis; born in Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, in 1794; her husband, Nicholas Houser, was born in 1790; they were married April 23, 1815; he died here, in June, 1872; came to this Co. in 1851; had eleven children, born in Germany; six are living, John, born June 9, 1821; Appolone, July 18, 1826; Gertrude, March 19, 1829; Catherine, Aug. 29, 1835; Anna Mary, Aug. 8, 1838; Theresia M., Oct. 15, 1841; she and the youngest two daughters own 100 acres, valued at \$6,000; Mr. H., in his native country, followed the coopering business; the family are Catholic.

Hoyt E. farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Durand.

Hoyt Heman, works for E. Campbell; Sec. 33; P. O. Durand.

Hoyt Nelson, Sec. 17; P. O. Durand.

Hoyt O. F. farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Durand.

HURD CHESTER A. Farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Durand; born in Litchfield Co., Conn., in 1820; learned tailoring trade in N. Y. City; lived there 18 years; married Miss Mary E. Harris, in 1842; lived 18 months in Beloit, Wis.; came to his present home in 1851; Republican; Independent; owns 54 acres, valued at \$2,160; has twelve children, George A., Francis H., Mary E., Eliza A., Alonzo R., Stephen N., Addison J., Eugene G., Charles E., Stella J., Emma A. and Edward D., all alive; George A. served in 74th Regt. I. V. I., from Aug., 1862, till war closed.

Hurd D. S. farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Durand.

Hurlbut L. R. painter; Durand.

Hurlbut T. R. painter; Durand.

INGERBERTSON JOHN, mason; Durand.

JACOBS O. H. Post Master; Durand.

JOHNSON JOHN A. Farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Durand; born in Essex Co., Mass., July 21, 1810; when 16 years old went to blacksmith trade, which he followed until 1870; married, Dec., 1833, Miss Eliza A., daughter of James and Betsey Pettingill; came to this Co. in 1837; built the first smithy erected north of the Pecatonic in this Co.; a very respectable settler, still living, sent his son to the shop with a horse to have the shoes sharpened; Mr. J. began to take them off; the youth demurred, saying: "My father don't want the shoes taken off, he wants them sharpened." "But I must heat them," replied Mr. J. "Well, you may," quoth the boy, "but be sure you do not burn his feet." Owns 176 acres, valued at \$7,040; Republican; Independent; has seven children, John F., Emily I., Arminda A., George J., Ruby M., Addie E., and Frank P.; one son, Charles E., served

in 55th and 153d I. V. I. Regts. I. V. I.; mustered out in Sept., 1865; died Nov. 17, 1872.

JOHNSON JOHN F. Farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Durand; born in Buffalo, Sept. 12, 1837; came to this Co. when two months old; worked at blacksmithing trade for his father, John A.; married, May 22, 1861, Miss Caroline M. Jayne, of this town; had two children, Elmer E., born Sept. 26, 1864, and Lula I., July 6, 1869; Elmer E. died March 2, 1866; rents 85 acres of his father; personal property, \$500; Republican; Independent.

Jones E. L. laborer; Sec. 10; P. O. Durand.

Jones John, carpenter; Durand.

JOSLIN GEORGE H. Stock Buyer; Durand; born in Surrey, N. H., Jan. 27, 1819; lived with his parents, who moved to Tioga Co., N. Y., until 1840; then visited this Co.; returned to N. Y.; taught school there and in Penn. during the winters of 1841, 1842 and 1843; farmed, and ran on the rivers in the summer; Dec. 3, 1842, he married Miss Eunice, daughter of Mathias and Sarah Olmstead, of Bradford Co., Penn.; moved to this Co. in 1844; farmed until 1850; went to California; remained one year; came back in 1851; farmed till 1869; sold the farm; visited relations in N. Y. and Penn., in 1870; permanently located at Durand, buying stock, and part of the time dealing in meat; owns real estate, valued at \$3,500; Republican; Independent; served one year a member of Board of Supervisors; two years Town Assessor, and four years a Justice of the Peace; has three children, Henry H., Julia E., and Nellie E., aged 34, 31 and 17 years; Henry H. was married, in Sept., 1869, to Miss Nellie Hall, of Rockford, and Julia E. to Mr. Martin Sarver, a merchant of Durand; Nellie E. is single; both son and son-in-law served in the late war, the former in the 55th Regt. I. V. I.; was in 28 engagements, among which were Shiloh, Vicksburg, Kenesaw Mountain, Atlanta and Jackson; was wounded at Shiloh, and was P. M. at Durand, in 1872 and 1873; resigned to engage in other business; the latter in 74th I. V. I., Co. H, fought at Perryville, Crab Orchard, and Murfreesboro, where he was wounded; after recovery was in Invalid Corps till close of war; he receives a pension; keeps an extensive grocery, dry goods and notion store; buys and ships butter, beans, eggs, green and dried fruits, etc; owns real estate valued at \$2,000, and carries an average stock of \$4,000; Republican; Independent.

Joslin Henry H. general business; Durand.

Judd J. buys and ships produce; Durand.

JUDD NELSON, Farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Durand; born in Sandusky Co., O., June 17, 1825; came with his parents to

this Co. in 1839; married July 18, 1848, to Miss Lucy M., daughter of Asa Hemenway; she was born in Vt., and died here June 8, 1878, leaving nine children, Edmond N., Maria L., Orin H., Emerson J. (now dead), Adelbert F., Adalede L., Emma R., Hattie L., and Frederick J., aged respectively, 28, 27, 25, 20, 18, 14, 11 and 4 years; was again married to Miss Elenora M., daughter of Wm. and Eveline Beemer, of this town, by whom he has two children, Eveline V., born Dec. 6, 1874, and Ernest J., April 13, 1876; owns 185 acres, valued at \$9,250; Republican; Methodist.

KILEY JAMES, farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Durand.

Kiley Wm. H. lives with father, Jas. Kiley; Sec. 35; P. O. Durand.

LEECH JOHN S. lives with father; Sec. 86; P. O. Durand.

LEECH JNO. Farmer; Sec. 86; P. O. Durand; born in Mosley, Lancashire, Eng., Aug. 7, 1824; was cotton spinner; came to U. S. in 1847; worked at his trade in R. I. and Mass.; came to this Co. in 1849; went back East; remained four years; married, Aug. 31, 1851, to Miss Elizabeth Higginbotham, at Portsmouth, N. H.; she was born at Oldham, Eng., April 27, 1823; returned and located on his present farm in 1853; owns 370 acres, valued at \$11,100; Independent; Episcopalian; had eight children; four are living; Levi, born Aug. 24, 1852; John S., Aug. 5, 1857; Allen, Nov. 2, 1864; Lizzie, June 24, 1866; was Path Master and School Director.

MCCALLAM THOS H. farm hand; Sec. 21; P. O. Durand.

McCrady J. rents farm, S. 15, P. O. Durand

McGraw J. rents farm, Sec. 25, P. O. Durand

McKay A. L. harness-maker; Durand.

Maham Chas. farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Durand.

Malowney Lewis, section boss; Durand.

MALOWNEY JNO. Was born in Co. Wexford, Ireland, July 4, 1784; lives in village of Durand, came to this Co. with his son, who is section boss on the W. U. R. R., in 1873

Marriner C. D. principal of school; Durand.

Martin Lewis, farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Durand.

Martin Jos. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Durand.

Martin Sam. farmer; Sec. 13; P. O. Durand.

MARSH COL. JASON, Attorney at Law, retired Sec. 25, P. O. Durand; born in Windsor Co., Vt., in March, 1807; had a common school and academic education, until he was 16 years old; he then went to Saratoga Co., N. Y., and began life teaching school; in 1825 went to Genesee, now Wyoming Co. where he continued teaching, and began to study law, in 1829 went to Adams in Jefferson Co.; continued

his studies and teaching until 1831; was then admitted and practiced till 1839; married in 1832, to Miss Harriet M., daughter of the then eminent Dr. John Stafford, of that town; came to this Co. in 1839, and located at Rockford, where he soon obtained reputation and a paying practice in this and adjoining counties, not only in the circuit, but also in the supreme court; he was somewhat conspicuously identified with every movement conducive to the growth and prosperity of the city until 1862, when he raised a regiment (74th I. V. I.), of which he was Colonel, commanding till fall of 1863, when, having been wounded at Mission Ridge, he became incapacitated, and came home to recuperate; supposing he was thoroughly recovered in a couple of months, he returned to his command, and was through campaign from Chattanooga to Atlanta, where the effects of his wound again rendering him unable longer to serve, he resigned, came home, and not being able to resume the practice of law, the Council appointed him City Clerk, in 1866, which office he creditably held for ten years; in 1876 he retired to his farm, where he seems to enjoy health, comfort and ease; his farm of 157 acres, valued at \$7,850, is managed by E. B. Phelps; Republican; Congregationalist.

Meinger A. farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Durand.

Meinger J. C. farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Durand.

Meinger Wm. farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Davis.

Messinger J. W. farmer; Sec. 29.

Messinger P. farmer and carpenter; Sec. 29; P. O. Davis.

Monteith J. D. S. carpenter and joiner; Durand.

More Andrew H. tinner; Durand.

Morey Abijah, grocer; Durand.

MORRIS LEWIS J. Farmer; Durand, born in this town, May 4, 1843; his father was a native of Penn., came to this Co. in 1841, and died here in 1857; Mr. M. married Miss Emeline E., daughter of Elijah Felts, in Nov., 1867, has one daughter, Arvilla Matilda, aged 8 years. he has never been 40 miles away from his birthplace; is Tax Collector and Justice of the Peace; owns 10 acres, valued at \$500; Republican; Independent in religion.

Myott H. J. farm; Sec. 34; P. O. Pecatonica.

Myott Sol. farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Durand.

NORMINGTON WM. Farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Durand; born in Essex Co., Mass., Sept. 21, 1829, he lived in New Haven, Conn., 12 years, came to this Co. 1848, after 3 years returned to Conn., came back in 1853, and married Miss Ann A. Archer, of Harrison Tp., March 31, owns 107 acres, valued at \$5,000, Independent in politics and religion, had ten children, eight are living; Clara L., Violetta F., Archer E., John, Arabella, Eva, Flavilla

and Star; aged as follows: 23, 18, 16, 14, 11, 9, 5, and 2 years; Clara E. is now a student at the Woman's Medical College, Chicago.

NORTON DAN. D. Owner and Proprietor of Norton House; Durand; born in Canada West, Dec. 15, 1842; came to this Co. with his parents in 1857; followed farming and stock dealing until he purchased the hotel, which he is making a success; he is single; the domestic affairs of the house are presided over by his sister, Miss Jane Norton, to whose efficiency and close attention in the culinary and other departments, the establishment owes much of the excellent reputation it bears, while "Dan" is deemed a cheerful, courteous and accommodating landlord; Democrat; Independent; owns real estate, valued at \$7,000.

NORTON OSCAR, Grocer; Durand; born in Oswego Co., N. Y., Oct. 4, 1837; came to this Co. in 1861; married July 18, 1862, to Miss Jane A., daughter of D. S. Richards, of this Co.; has six children, Charlie A., James O., Wm. B., Lottie L., Morton and Lawlence E., aged in order, 14, 13, 10, 6, 4, and 2 years; Republican; Independent; owns residence, store and 24 town lots, valued at \$3,000; keeps a well assorted stock of groceries, jewelry and notions; Mrs. N. carries on and does a fair business in fashionable Millinery.

OAKLEY LUKE, farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Durand.

Orth Philip, farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Davis.

Orvis T. Durand.

PARKER ELMON, Durand.

Parker John, Durand.

Parker S. J. Durand.

PARTCH ORVILLE H. Grocer; Durand; born in Addison Co., Vt., July 14, 1833; came to this State in 1846; to this town in 1858; enlisted in 55th I. V. I., Co. C, Sept. 9, 1861; was twice wounded, in battle of Shiloh; being disabled and unfit for service, was discharged in August, 1862; draws a pension; married, in May, 1869, Miss Georgiana Vermilyea; has no children; owns 40 acres land, store building and lot, valued at \$2,000; Republican; Independent; his brother, Geo. S., is his partner in the grocery and produce business.

PATTERSON ALMON, Physician and Surgeon; Durand; born in Ellisburg, Jefferson Co., N. Y., Nov. 7, 1820; moved with parents to Cuyahoga Co., Ohio, and lived eight years at Berea; came to this Co. in 1839; he and his father walked the whole distance from Berea Co., O., to Harrison Tp., each carrying a knapsack, and paying their last sixpence to the ferryman for crossing the Peconica river where the

Trask bridge now is; he went to work for \$15 per month, stipulating that he should receive enough in money to pay his letter postage; worked at rail-making, rafting and other heavy labor till 1847; saved a little, bought some books, borrowed others; was a close reader, hungry for information; entered on the study of medicine, under the late Doctor W. H. Crandall, and for two years made his home in the doctor's study, except when attending lectures at Rush Medical College, Chicago; money and credit being exhausted, and Dr. Crandall being absent in the East, he began to practice as physician; earned the first year \$1,500, \$36 of which he received in money, the rest in provisions, which to him in those days were acceptable, having been married, Jan. 2, 1848, to Miss Ruth A. Farnham, who was born in Oswego Co., N. Y., June 2, 1822; he has practiced here 20 years, made a reasonable competency; has two sons, Wilson A. and Watson G.; owns a good residence and 17 town lots, and his sons own 250 acres, the whole valued at \$15,000; he is Independent in politics and religion.

PATTERSON WILSON A. Son of Dr. Alman Patterson; Farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Durand; born in this town, Oct. 8, 1848; married, Nov. 22, 1871, by Rev. Jas. Hodges, the oldest minister of the Congregational Church now living in this Co., to Miss Phoebe E., daughter of John and Phoebe Van Sickle, of this place; she was born in Sussex Co., N. J., May 26, 1851; they have one daughter, Mattie May, born June 7, 1875; owns 130 acres land, valued at \$6,500; is Independent in religion and politics; Mrs. P. is a Methodist.

Pettingill G. H. farm; Sec. 22; P. O. Durand.

Pettingill J. F. farm; Sec. 15; P. O. Durand.

Pettingill Warren, Sec. 21; P. O. Durand.

Pettitt H. rents farm; Sec. 24; P. O. Durand.

Place David; Sec. 7.

Place John, farmer; Sec. 7.

Place J. R. farmer; Sec. 13; P. O. Durand.

Place Marsden, Sec. 7.

Prindle H. farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Durand.

RANEY A. D. farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Durand.

Randall Henry, horse dealer; Durand.

Reed G. M. rents farm; S. 25; P. O. Durand.

Richie Elmon.

Richie James.

Richie John.

Rieggie Jonas.

Rieggie Thos. W. Sec. 19; P. O. Davis.

Rickman G. laborer; Sec. 11; P. O. Durand.

Robb Perry, laborer; Durand.

Robb Wm. laborer; Durand.

Robinson O. F. Durand.
 Rolson H. J.
 Roxted Miles.
 Russell Morton, lumber dealer; Durand.

SACKETT ISAAC, laborer; Durand.

Barver A. rents farm; Sec. 14; P. O. Durand.
 Barver Raymer, farm; Sec. 24; P. O. Durand.
 Barver Martin, merchant; P. O. Durand.
 Barver Nathan, lives with mother; Sec. 15; P. O. Durand.
 Barver Wm. laborer; Sec. 14; P. O. Durand.
 Scales D. H. Sec. 23; P. O. Durand.
 Schoolcraft Jas. farm; Sec. 27; P. O. Durand.
 Selzer N. farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Davis.

SHIELDS JOSEPH W. Farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Durand; born in Canada, March 6, 1846; came to this Co. in 1852; renter; Republican; Seventh Day Adventist, married, Nov. 18, 1873, Miss Ada M. Staples, born in Elkhorn, Wis., April 25, 1858; has one daughter, Ethel B., born Nov. 21, 1876; he enlisted in 149d I. V. I., Co. F., May 1, 1863; did garrison duty at Memphis, and was mustered out at Chicago, Oct. 5, 1865.

Smith Jacob, farm; Sec. 11; P. O. Durand.
 Smith Jobe, farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Durand.
 Smythe Calvin, joiner and carpenter; Sec. 28; P. O. Durand.
 Stabeck Clement, farm; S. 17; P. O. Durand.
 Stabeck Thurston, farm; S. 17; P. O. Durand.
 Stalker Aug. farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Durand.
 Stalker Wm. laborer; Sec. 14; P. O. Durand.
 Staples D. B. laborer; Durand.
 Starr C. H. druggist; Durand.
 Stevens E. C. Express & R. R. Ag't; Durand.
 Steves John, miller; Durand.
 Stewart C. R. farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Durand.
 Stewart D. J. farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Durand.

SWENNINGSON HOGENS, Farmer and House Carpenter; Sec. 9; P. O. Durand; born in Norway, Jan. 28, 1821; came to this Co. in 1846; owns 80 acres, valued at \$4,000; Republican; Lutheran; married, April 13, 1849, Miss Marikan Aslakson; had six children, five of whom are living, Swenning, Halvor, Olaves, Karine Annette, Anne Tomine, Aslak; Swenning is married and lives in Mower Co., Minn.; in 1873, Mr. S. paid a visit to his mother, two brothers, two sisters, and other relatives, in his native land, where he met with that heartfelt welcome and joyful greeting known only to those near and dear relatives who have been 29 years separated by thousands of miles of bolsterous ocean from a loved and long remembered son and brother.

TERRY THOMAS, farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Durand.

Thayer Sam'l, farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Durand.
 Thompson John, farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Davis.
 Thore Nere, farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Durand.
 Thorne G. J. wagon-maker; Durand.

TOMBS JOSEPH, Merchant; Durand; born in Co. Antrim, Ireland, April 6, 1827; came to U. S. in 1835; lived in Deerfield, Mass., until 1848, when he came to this Co., and lived most of the time, until 1859, in Laona, where he served as Justice of the Peace; then settled permanently in this town and was elected to the same office in 1861, which office he held continuously until 1873; also served on the Board of Highway Commissioners 19 years; is Notary Public; married, in 1833, at the age of 28 years, Miss Emily H., daughter of Wm. Randall, Esq., of Laona; have three children: Frank W., Ralph H. and Helen H.; owns real estate worth \$12,000; Republican; Independent.

TRUE JAMES R. General Blacksmith; Durand; born in Lexington, Ky., June 24, 1820; his parents came to this State in 1824; moved to Mo. in 1827; father died there in 1829; mother and family returned to this State; she died at Springfield in 1835; he learned trade there, served 6 years; worked in Quincy, Galena, Milwaukee and Chicago; started business at Wheeling, Ill.; tried it 6 months; moved to Rockford in 1847; came to this town in 1848; carries on general blacksmithing and wagon-making; said to excel in horse-shoeing, owns residence, shop and 5 town lots, value \$1,500; Independent in politics and religion; was married at Chicago to Miss Abigail, daughter of John and Fattie Underhill, in 1845; she was a native of Chautauque Co., N. Y., and her father of Bristol, Eng.; she carries on Millinery and Fancy Goods business; keeps Hosiery, Zephyrs, Notions, etc.; gives special attention to bleaching, altering and repairing; have no children; adopted her niece, Miss Frances J. Smith, and employs other young lady assistants.

Truesdell Henry A. traveling photographer; Durand.

VAN SICKLE JOHN C. Farmer and breeder of pure blood "Poland China Pigs;" Sec. 21; P. O. Durand; born in Sussex Co., N. J., May 26, 1851; his parents came to this Co. in 1856; Independent; Methodist; owns 150 acres, valued at \$9,000; married Dec. 16, 1869, Miss Maria L., daughter of Nelson and Lucy M. Judd; have one daughter, Phoebe M., born June 19, 1871; their youngest child, Mertie L., died Feb. 6, 1876, aged 9 months and 15 days.

VAN TASSEL ASEL E. Undertaker and Furniture Dealer; Durand; keeps on hand a full line of household furniture, parlor and chamber sets, picture frames, looking glasses, etc., which he sells at low prices; born in Manlius, Onon-

daga Co., N. Y., Dec. 4, 1826; came to this town in 1858; was married Nov. 13, 1856, to Charlotte M., daughter of Elisha Ely, of Madison Co., N. Y., have had three children: Charlotte (dead); Amos H., born Jan. 6, 1863, and Frederick E., Jan. 30, 1869, are living; owns his residence, 15 town lots and store, valued at \$2,000; repairs and makes furniture to order; Republican; Presbyterian.

Van Valkenborg Henry, laborer; Durand.

Van Valzah S. B. physician; Durand.

Vincent Frank E. jeweler; Durand.

Vinton Henry, teamster; Durand.

VINTON OLIVER H. Town Constable; Durand; born in Onandaga Co., N. Y., July 8, 1833; came to this Co. in 1854; married, Sept. 2, 1858, Miss Maria E. Hodge; she was born in Otsego Co., N. Y., April 24, 1838; have six children: Ida E., Charles E., Eleanor W., Mary E., Herbert J. and Ralph E., aged respectively, 18, 16, 14, 12, 7 and 3 years; he is serving his fifth year as Constable; owns 9 acres in Howard's addition to Durand, valued at \$700; Republican; Independent.

WADE ORASTUS H. harness-maker; Durand.

Wagoner John, laborer; Durand.

Wagoner M. shoemaker; Durand.

Walker Geo. traveling agent; P. O. Durand.

Wallace Henry, farm; Sec. 12; P.O. Durand.

Wallace John, farmer; Sec. 13; P.O. Durand.

Warner James, retired farmer; Durand.

WEBSTER MINOR P. Farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Durand; born in McComb Co., Mich., in 1835; came to this Co. in 1851; Republican; Independent; owns 115 acres, valued at \$5,750; married, Sept. 26, 1858, Miss Susan M., daughter of Michael and Mary Bollman, of Lebanon Co., Pa.; has three children: Fletcher E., born April 23, 1861; Edith A., July 16, 1866 and Maud, Feb. 18, 1872; their first born Elmore M., died Feb. 3, 1860, aged 7 mo and 15 days.

Webster P. B. farm; Sec. 10; P. O. Durand.

Webster P. M. farm; Sec. 10; P. O. Durand.

WEISS REUBEN, Farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Davis; born in Northampton Co., Pa., Aug. 31, 1831; came to this Co., with parents, in 1853; located and lived 12 years on Sec. 29; bought his present farm in 1865; married, in 1858, Miss Matilda

Fink, of Stevenson Co., she died Sept. 26, 1865; July 5, 1866, married Mrs. Josephine, relict of I. I. Epley, and daughter of Jacob and Anna M. Becker, of Stevenson Co.; issue of first marriage, five children; four are living: Urius F., born Feb. 25, 1856; Zeno, May 15, 1858; Mary E., July 9, 1860; Sophia, June 26, 1862; and Franklin, Sept. 29, 1864 (decd); of present marriage: Ida N. (decd); Frank, born Oct. 11, 1868; Emma A., Oct. 10, 1869; and Lena L., Nov. 15, 1870; his mother, Mary, is in her 87th year, and lives with him; she is a devoted member of Evangelical Church; his father, Solomon, died Nov. 3, 1865; owns 250 acres, valued at \$15,000; Republican; Evangelical; was several years Path Master; is School Director.

Wescott Dan. laborer; S. 33; P. O. Durand.

Wheeler Franklin E. farm laborer; Durand.

WIKI LAWRENCE, Farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Davis; born in Hesse-Darmstadt, Ger., Aug. 10, 1833; came to this Co. in 1855; married, Sept. 10, 1856, Miss Mary A., daughter of Wm. and Eve Peth, of Stevenson Co.; she was born in New Jersey, Sept. 13, 1840; has one daughter, Mary J., born Jan. 3, 1858; owns 132 acres land, valued at \$11,000; Republican; Independent.

Winchester A. rents farm; Sec. 11; P.O. Durand.

Wise Thos. farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Davis.

Wood Emery, blacksmith; Durand.

Wood G. J. blacksmith; Durand.

YONE FRANK A. Saddler and Harness Maker; Durand; born in Prussia, Feb. 14, 1845; came to this State and located in Peru in 1851; came to this Co. in 1868; married, Oct. 20, 1870, Miss Mary, daughter of Michael Brannan, of this township; her parents emigrated from Ireland in 1843, and had only two children; the oldest, Thomas, served in the 12th Ill. Cav., and was drowned at sea, with many other soldiers, in 1865, while sailing on the ship North America from New Orleans to New York; Mr. Y. has four children: Mary S., born Sept. 17, 1871; Emma E., Jan. 31, 1873; Francis A., May 24, 1874; and Thomas M., May 4, 1876; owns 80 acres on Sec. 22, residence, shop, store, and two town lots, valued at \$6,500; Democrat; Catholic; said to be an excellent workman; makes a specialty of fine harness, fair in his dealings, warrants his work, and does a good business.

ROSCOE TOWNSHIP.

ADAMS H. C. painter.

ABBOTT A. S. Merchant; Roscoe; born in Albany Co., N. Y., Aug. 18, 1819; came to this Co. in 1845; owns property to the value of \$10,000; married Miss Phoebe Howland, in this Co., Roscoe Tp., April 19, 1854, she was born in Buffalo Co., N. Y., Dec. 24, 1833.

Allen E. farmer; Sec. 84; P. O. Roscoe.

Allen S. C. farmer; Sec. 84; P. O. Roscoe.

Atwood B. S. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Roscoe.

Atwood J. B. farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Roscoe.

Atwood Wm. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Roscoe.

Aylworth R. retired farmer; Roscoe.

BALDWIN E. A. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Roscoe.

Baldwin G. H. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Roscoe.

Baldwin T. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Roscoe.

Bauer H. A. farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Baxter Timothy.

Billings Thos. laborer.

Blackington Geo. farmer; Sec. 85.

Blackington H. H. farm; Sec. 36; P. O. Roscoe.

Blackington James, retired; P. O. Roscoe.

Blackington J. F. farmer; P. O. Roscoe.

Blackington Jesse, retired; P. O. Roscoe.

Blackington M. R. farm; S. 35; P. O. Roscoe.

Blackington Wm. farmer; P. O. Roscoe.

Blackington Wm. farmer; Sec. 85.

Blair S. A. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Roscoe.

Blake D. C.

Borth A. farmer.

Bowns Joseph, laborer; Roscoe.

Bradley Edwin, retired farmer.

BRADLEY J. A. Druggist; Roscoe; born in this Co., Roscoe Tp., April 28, 1845, owns property to the value of \$4,000; married Miss M. E. Smith, in this Co., Roscoe Tp., in April, 1870; have four children, Clara S., Louis Bristol, Helen Mabel, Maria.

Bradley L. B., M. D.; Roscoe.

BRADLEY W. H. Merchant; Roscoe; born in this Co., Roscoe Tp., in 1850; owns property to the value of \$4,000; married Miss C. M. Shaw, in this Co., Oct. 8, 1876; she was born in N. Y., in 1857; have one child, Frank.

Briggs D. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Roscoe.

BRIGGS KORAH, Farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Roscoe; born in Montgomery Co., N. Y., April 8, 1815; came to this Co. in 1842; owns 98 acres land; married Miss

T. A. Bonfey, in N. Y., in 1840; she was born in N. Y., Oct. 18, 1815.

Brown Fred C. farmer; P. O. Roscoe.

Brown J. W. farmer; P. O. Roscoe.

Brown L. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Roscoe.

Buchanan T. P. farm; S. 20; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Budd M. D. blacksmithing and jobbing. Roscoe.

Budd Wm. wagon and carriage maker; Roscoe.

Burden John, laborer; Roscoe.

Burtin W. G. farm; Sec. 10; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

CADY D. C. farmer.

Carey Howard, barber.

Carpenter J. farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Roscoe.

Carpenter N. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Roscoe.

Carroll J. renter; Sec. 8; P. O. Beloit.

Chenney J. renter; Sec. 14; P. O. Beloit.

Coffin S. B. farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Roscoe.

Collier Alexander.

COLE E. D. Farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Roscoe; born in Steuben Co., N. Y., Aug. 7, 1827; came to this Co. in 1846; owns 140 acres land; is Notary Public and Commissioner Highways.

Cornelius Geo. laborer; Roscoe.

Cox Chas. farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Cox Richard, farm; S. 12; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Cox Russell, farm; Sec. 12; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Crosby Lorain, laborer; Roscoe.

CROSS LEWIS, Farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Roscoe; born in this Co., Oct. 31, 1851; owns 166 acres land; married Miss Lydia Boon, in this Co., town of Roscoe, March 19, 1878; she was born in Elgin, this State, July 27, 1855.

CROSS HON. ROBERT J. (Deceased), whose portrait appears in this work, was born in Newburg, Orange Co., N. Y., on the first day of October, 1808, and during his years of minority resided mostly in Bethel, Sullivan Co., of that State.

When about 22 years of age, he, with a younger brother, decided to emigrate to the then far West, and going to Detroit, purchased a farm in Tecumseh, Lenawee Co., Mich., where he remained until 1830. He and his brother then sold out and removed to Coldwater, Mich., where they remained until June, 1835, when he came to his present residence in Winnebago Co., Illinois, where he continually resided until his death. The next year he married Miss Hannah Benedict, of Monroe Co., N. Y., who still survives him. At the time

Mr. Cross came to Roscoe, no land was in market and he was forced to purchase a squatter's right to his present farm, and as some of the land in Wisconsin was subject to entry in the Green Bay land district, he selected some along the Rock river from Janesville to Beloit, and on foot and alone he made his way to Green Bay, through an unbroken wilderness, and bought his land in Wisconsin. From thence *via* the lakes he returned to Detroit and Coldwater, and in the fall of that year became the occupant of the present homestead. Mr. Cross was essentially a pioneer—a man of strong frame of body, of unyielding tenacity for the right; even in boyhood the champion of the feeble, or those he deemed oppressed.

He was a stalwart oak, on whom could ever lean the feeble and the frail—as Minister E. B. Washburne declared, a "Noble Old Roman." A farmer all his life, and yet a firm, reliable business man, as a life constantly occupied in public affairs proved him to be. Yet he was ever as tender in heart as a little child, and his sympathy was even larger than his frame, or his purse; and truly was it said of him, "those who knew him best, loved him most."

During his residence of 36 years in this County, Mr. Cross was closely and intimately identified with its development, politically, socially and materially, never being backward in anything that would aid in its moral or religious advancement. A warm friend of education, he always lent a willing hand to aid in building school houses and establishing schools.

Mr. Cross assisted at the organization of the county, being a member of the election board for the first election ever held in it, August, 1836. He was elected by the County Commissioners in 1836, at their first meeting, County Treasurer, which position he held for three years. In 1846, he was elected by the Whigs as a Representative to the General Assembly for this county, and in 1847, by them as the colleague of Hon. Selden M. Church, a delegate to revise the Constitution of the State. In 1862, he was an independent candidate for the position of delegate to the Convention to again revise the Constitution, but was defeated by a small plurality. In 1869 he was unanimously nominated by the Republicans for member of the Convention that formed our present constitution, and was elected without opposition. Later he was nominated by the Republicans and elected one of the three members from Winnebago and Boone Counties to the General Assembly. In all these legislative bodies he has borne an honorable and conspicuous part.

In addition to this, Mr. Cross was Chairman of the Board of Supervisors several years, occupying that position at the time of his death.

He was also township School Fund Trustee for over thirty consecutive years, during which time the township never suffered loss from the funds being loaned on insufficient securities, as was the case in most townships.

He had five children, John, Margaret Louisa, William Henry, Marie Antoinette (deceased), and Lewis. The estimation in which he was held was manifest by delegations of the early settlers of the county, members of the Board of Supervisors and from the State Legislature, in attendance at his funeral.

Curtiss Harry B. machinist; Roscoe.

Curtiss John, physician; Roscoe.

Curtiss Wilbur A., Roscoe.

Cushman A. laborer; Sec. 14; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

DAVIDSON JOHN, shoemaker; Roscoe.

Degraff A. farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Roscoe.

DEGROFF PHILEMON, Farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Roscoe; born in N. Y. in 1811; came to this Co. in 1842; owns 37 acres land; married Miss M. Westrup, in this Co., Dec. 25, 1873; she was born in N. Y.

Dodge A. F. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Roscoe.

Dodge Almeron, Sec. 21; P. O. Roscoe.

Dodge L. B. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Roscoe.

Dunning A. C. farm; Sec. 8; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

ELLIS G. H., 2d, farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Ellis J. C. farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Ellis P. C. farmer; Sec. 13; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

FARRANT R. H. farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Fassett L. H. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Roscoe.

Fillingham E. J. farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Fillingham Chas. farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Fillingham I. farm; Sec. 9; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Fitch A. D. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Roscoe.

Fitch W. P. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Roscoe.

Fox C. D. farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Fox C. M. farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Fyler L. S. peddler; P. O. Roscoe.

GALEN JAS. laborer; Roscoe.

Galen Lawrence, laborer; Roscoe.

Garlick Byron, singing school teacher.

Garlick G. C.

Garrett G. W. farmer.

Glover B. F. farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Roscoe.

Goodwin H. farm; Sec. 14; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Grant John, farmer; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Grant J. H. farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Roscoe.

GRAVES A. Farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Beloit, Wis.; born in N. Y., Oct. 23, 1811; came to this Co. in 1837; owns 240 acres land; married Miss Mary E. Roberts, in Ohio, April 8, 1832; she was born in Vermont in 1811.

Graves B. F., Beloit, Wis.

Graves G. W. farmer; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Graves Homer, farmer; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Graves Horace, farmer.

Graves Orlando, farmer; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Graves Orrin, farmer; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Graves R. W. farm; Sec. 10; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Graves R. farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Graves W. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Griffith Serene, retired farmer; Roscoe.

GRISWOLD FRANCIS, Farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Roscoe; born in Ontario Co., N. Y., June 17, 1825; came to this Co. in 1854; owns 84 acres land; married Miss Cynthia Emeline Warner, in Lake Co., O.; she was born in Madison, O., Dec. 2, 1827; have seven children: Amie Eliza, Harriet, Warren, Ida, Anna, Melissa, Charles.

HARDY HARRIS, renter; P. O. Roscoe.

Harley Frederick, cabinet maker; Roscoe.

HARWOOD B. F. Retired Farmer; Roscoe; born in Herkimer Co., N. Y., Jan. 8, 1813; came to this Co. in 1843; owns 100 acres land; first wife was Miss Melissa Stone; present wife was Lydia Ostrander; she was born in Canada, May 1, 1815.

Hayward L. G. farm; S. 8; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Hayward M. W. farm; S. 8; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Hematstreet Jas. farm; S. 12; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Hill Marvin, blacksmith and wagon maker; Roscoe.

Hinkley A. B. trav. ag't; S. 28; P. O. Roscoe.

HOBART J. C. Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Roscoe; born in Cortland Co., N. Y., March 13, 1826; came to this Co. in 1867; owns 75 acres land; married Miss C. M. Wadsworth, in Rock Co., Wis., Dec. 12, 1851; she was born in Erie Co., N. Y., Nov. 14, 1825.

Holland Thos. laborer; Roscoe.

Holmes C. B. farm; Sec. 17; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Hopkins C. H. farmer; P. O. Roscoe.

Hopkins H. D. carpenter and joiner; Roscoe.

Hopkins J. C. farmer, P. O. Beloit, Wis.

IRISH JOSEPH, tailor; Roscoe

Irish Wm. miller, Roscoe

JEROME C. B. laborer; Roscoe.

Jones J. B., M. D. physician; Roscoe.

JONES JOHN R. Farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Beloit, Wis.; born in city of New York, Aug. 3, 1850; owns property to the value of \$1,600; married Miss Fannie Myers, in Beloit, Sept. 18, 1873; she was born in Penn., Dec. 11, 1854; have three children: Ada Frances, born Aug. 5, 1874; Nellie, Jan. 29, 1875; Mary Rachel, Jan. 30, 1877.

KENT FRANCIS SMITH, farmer; Sec. 84; P. O. Roscoe.

KENT GEORGE H. S. Farmer; Sec. 84; P. O. Roscoe; born in Erie Co., Penn., April 7, 1821; came to this Co. in 1844; owns 260 acres land; has held various town offices; married Miss Belinda V. Smith, in Roscoe, this Co., Sept. 14, 1858; she was born in Penn., Feb. 2, 1830; have four children: Francis Smith, born in this Co., July 17, 1854; Mary E., in this Co., Nov. 12, 1855; William Forest, in this Co., May 14, 1859; Ernestine, in this Co., Sept. 6, 1862.

Kent N. D. farmer; Sec. 84; P. O. Roscoe.

LATHROP GEORGE W. school teacher; Roscoe.

LATHROP SAMUEL, Proprietor of the Farmers Hotel, Roscoe, Ill.; born in Rutland Co., Vermont, Feb. 28, 1815; went from there to St. Thomas, Canada; lived there three years; from there he went to Ohio, where he married Miss Margaret Hays, Jan. 18, 1846; she was born in Penn., Oct. 6, 1821; they came to this Co. in 1846; have five children: Mary A. (now Mrs. Cliney), born Dec. 1, 1847; Esther Alice (now Mrs. Van Antwerp), Aug. 29, 1851; George W., Nov. 24, 1853; Annie Luella, Aug. 19, 1861; Fred. Delos, June 5, 1864.

Lawrence A. D. retired merchant; Roscoe.

Lee E. M. farmer; P. O. Roscoe.

Lee Geo. farmer; P. O. Roscoe.

Linderman J. H. farm; S. 1; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Lloyd Wm. farm; Sec. 24; P. O. Roscoe.

Lloyd Thos. farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Roscoe.

LOVE JABEZ, Farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Roscoe; born in this Co., in township of Harlem, May 16, 1854; owns 100 acres land; has held various offices in County Grange.

Love John, farmer, Sec. 36; P. O. Roscoe.

LOVEJOY N. J. Farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Roscoe; born in city of New York, Aug. 1, 1818; came to this Co. in Feb. 1837; owns 51 acres land; married Miss Louisa Wood, in this Co., Sept. 24, 1867; she was born in Hancock Co., Maine, July 7, 1828.

Lovese G. G. farmer; P. O. Roscoe.

Lovese G. W. farm, Sec. 29; P. O. Roscoe.

LOVESEE JOHN, Farmer; Sec. 35. P. O. Roscoe; born in England, in 1815.

ROSCOE TOWNSHIP.

came to this Co. in 1835; owns 130 acres land; married Miss Permelia McCrady, in this Co., in 1840; she was born in Canada, in 1821.

Lovesee L. D. farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Roscoe.

Lovesee Philo, farmer; Sec. 29.

Lovesee R. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Roscoe.

LOVESEE WM. Farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Roscoe; born in Berkshire, Eng., Aug. 8, 1818; came to this Co. in 1836; owns 160 acres land; married Miss Harriet Blackington, in Beloit, Wis., Aug. 27, 1847; she was born in Ohio, June 29, 1823; have seven children, Homer, Harriet, William, Emma, Collins, Ida, Edith.

Lovesee W. W. farm; Sec. 34; P. O. Roscoe.

Lundy W. N. physician; Roscoe.

LYFORD DUDLEY, Farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Roscoe; born in N. H., Nov. 6, 1835; came to this Co. in 1842; owns 680 acres land; married Miss Harley, in Rockton, this Co.; she was born in S. C.

Lyford J. G. farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Roscoe.

McAFFEE W. D. farmer; P. O. Roscoe.

McAFFEE JAS. Farmer; Secs. 29 and 32; P. O. Roscoe; born in Bradford Co., Pa., Aug. 18, 1827; came to this Co. in 1839; owns 128 acres land; enlisted in 74th I. V. I., as Sergeant, Aug. 11, 1862; was honorably discharged; married Miss M. L. Cross, in this Co., Roscoe Tp., March 22, 1866; she was born in this Co., Roscoe Tp., April 21, 1839.

McAFFEE JNO. Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Roscoe; born in Northumberland Co., Penn., in March, 1810; came to this Co. in 1838; owns 112 acres land; has held office of Supervisor two years; married Miss Adeline Alden, in Ogle Co., this State, in 1844; she was born in Bradford Co., Penn.

McCabe Jas. farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Roscoe.

McCabe Jas., Jr. farm; Sec. 27; P. O. Roscoe.

McMakin Peter, rents farm; P. O. Roscoe.

McMaster J. farm; Sec. 4; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

McMaster J. W. farm; S. 4; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

McSwegin D. farm; S. 22; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Manley G. F. farm; Sec. 24; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Marston A. farm; Sec. 12; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Marston P. farmer; Sec. 13; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Marston S. C. farm; Sec. 13; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Mathews E. farm; Sec. 15; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Mathews I. N. farm; Sec. 15; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Maynard A. M. Town Collector; Roscoe.

Messenger Austin, shoemaker; Roscoe.

Miller David.

Moore John, farmer; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Moore Wm. farmer; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Muchmore G. H. renter; P. O. Roscoe.

NICHOLS A. F. farmer; Sec. Beloit, Wis.

Nichols D. P. farm; S. 16; P. O. Be

Nichols L. farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Be

Nichols Phineas, farmer; Sec. 15; loit, Wis.

Nichols Phineas T. farmer; Sec. 1 Beloit, Wis.

Nilsson Isaac, renter; Sec. 35; P. O

PALMER N. P. wagon-maker; 1

Parkins Benj. renter; P. O. Roscoe.

Pepin Chas. farmer; P. O. Roscoe.

Peter John, retired farmer; P. O. R

Pierce D. A. peddler; Roscoe.

Pitt B. F. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Belc

Pitt S. R. farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Belc

Prentiss D. G., P. O. Roscoe.

RANSOM G. P., M. D.; Roscoe.

Ransom Wilmot L., M. D.; Roscoe.

RANDALL E. H. Dealer and Shoes; Roscoe; born in N. Y. came to this Co. in 1871; common ness here in Roscoe in 1873; own erty to the value of \$2,000; has he of Town Clerk one term.

Reed Frederick, laborer; Roscoe.

Reed Jefferson, laborer.

Reeves J. H. Methodist Preacher;

Renschle F. C. farm; S. 17; P. O. Belc

Renschle F. W. farm; S. 17; P. O. Belc

RHODES J. M. Farmer; S. P. O. Roscoe; born in this Co., Tp., Aug. 25, 1840; owns 107 ac has been Supervisor three terms; of the Peace two terms; is Sup and Justice of the Peace at prese ing; married Miss Louisa Love, Co., Aug. 25, 1864; she was born Co., in 1843; Mr. Rhodes enlisted Regt. I. V. I., Co. B., May 24, 186 in battles of Shiloh, Corinth, S Vicksburg, and numerous other ments.

RICHARDSON F. B. Farmer 22; P. O. Roscoe; was born in the May 8, 1837; owns 240 acres land; married Miss Libbie Gregory, in the Sept. 22, 1862; she was born in De Co., N. Y., Feb. 19, 1842.

RICHARDSON L. W. In Roscoe; born in Montgomery Co., Jan. 17, 1828; came to this Co. in owns property to the value of \$10, Inventor of the Diamond Plow, factured by N. C. Thomson, Ros married Miss Maria L. Jones, in Nov. 7, 1854; she was born in Cl Co., N. H., Oct. 26, 1834.

Richardson W. plow manufacturer; Roscoe.

Roberts James, miller; Roscoe.

Roberts Wm. miller; Roscoe.

SAGE H. L. harness maker.

SHELLENGER H. C. Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Roscoe; born in Ohio, April 30, 1839; came to this Co. in 1853; owns 77 acres land; enlisted in 74th Regt. I. V. I., Oct. 8, 1863; was honorably discharged in 1864; married Mary Lovesee, in this Co., Roscoe Tp., Dec. 25, 1867; she was born in this Co., June 28, 1841.

Scott Samuel, farmer; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Schaffer J. J. blacksmith; Roscoe.

Shaw Reuben, laborer; Roscoe.

Shaw W. H. farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Roscoe.

Sherwood C. L. farm; S. 10; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Sherwood C. farmer; S. 10; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

SMITH C. F. Farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Roscoe; born in Mich., May 30, 1845; came to this Co. in 1861; owns property to the value of \$1,000; enlisted in 74th Regt. I. V. I., in 1862; was in numerous engagements; was honorably discharged in June, 1865; married Miss Smith, in Roscoe, this Co., Nov. 25, 1867; she was born in this Co., Roscoe Tp., Aug. 13, 1847.

Smith C. L. farm; Sec. 24; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Smith Henry, laborer; Roscoe.

Smith John C. renter; Roscoe.

SMITH S. T. Farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Rockton; born in this Co., Rockton Tp., Feb. 21, 1851; owns property to the value of \$1,500; married Miss Mary Talcott, in this Co., Sept. 24, 1875; she was born in this Co., Sept. 24, 1852.

Spawn J. A. farmer; Roscoe.

Stevens Richard, stone mason.

STOCKWELL SANFORD J. Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Roscoe; born in Jefferson, N. Y., Jan. 20, 1840; came to this Co. in 1876; owns property to the

value of \$2,000; served three years in late war; was in battles of Bull's Run, Petersburg, and numerous other engagements; was honorably discharged in 1865; married Lydia J. Cox, in Beloit, Wis., Dec. 9, 1875; she was born in England, March 18, 1841.

Stover Benj. miller; Roscoe.

Sturtevant D. A. merchant; Roscoe.

Sturtevant Frank, clerk.

TAFT GEO. M. farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Roscoe.

Taft L. M. farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Roscoe.

Tiffany L. N. farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Rockton.

Tuttle G. M. farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

VARNEY JOHN E. harness maker; Roscoe.

Venent Cornelius, attorney at law; Roscoe.

WARNER EUGENE, laborer; Roscoe.

Watt R. shoemaker; Sec. 25; P. O. Roscoe.

WELCH A. D. Painter; Roscoe; born in this Co., Roscoe Tp., Feb. 19, 1850; married Miss Elizabeth Spurlin, in Grundy Co., Ia., May 10, 1875; she was born in Ohio.

Welch Chas. painter; Roscoe.

Welch P. M. wagon maker; Roscoe.

Westrip Jas. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Roscoe.

Whipple T. B. blacksmith; Roscoe.

Wickoff J. B. blacksmith, and wagon and carriage manufacturer; Roscoe.

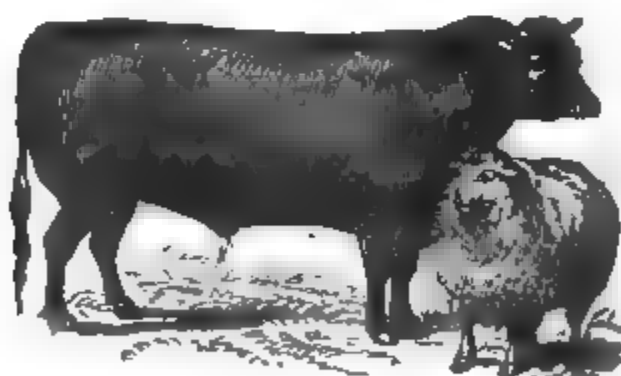
Wilmarth John, farmer

WILSON ERNEST H. Clerk; Roscoe; born in this Co., Roscoe Tp., Sept. 27, 1856, is Town Clerk, and Secretary of Roscoe Silver Cornet Band.

Woolsey J. E. farmer; P. O. Beloit.

Wood M. J. retired; P. O. Roscoe.

Wood S. O. farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Roscoe.



OWEN TOWNSHIP.

ANDERSON ABRAHAM, laborer; Sec. 18; P. O. Rockford.

ALBRANT A. Blacksmith; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford; born in Canada, Feb. 16, 1841; came to this Co. in 1872; Republican; Methodist; married Sarah Rosevear, of Rochester, N. Y., in 1869; Mrs. Albrant's mother, Mrs. Martha Rosevear, resides with them; she was born in Ontario Co., N. Y., in 1812; have two children: Willie, born April 11, 1870; Alta, Jan. 1, 1874.

Armstrong A., Jr., Sec. 10; P. O. Rockford.

Armstrong A. R. Sec. 10; P. O. Rockford.

Armstrong J. renter; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

Aspland G. renter; Sec. 2; P. O. Rockton.

Atkinson Charles, Sec. 6: P. O. Harrison.

ATKINSON JOHN M. Superintendent of County Poor House and Farm; Sec. 33; P. O. Rockford; born in Burritt Tp., in this Co., July 5, 1845; Republican; Liberal; has held office of Town Collector of town of Burritt; was in 11th Ill. Cav., Co. L; maiden name of wife was Minnie A. Douglas, born in N. Y. State; married in Feb., 1868; have three children: Ada, Elva and Kittie May.

Atwood John, Sec. 13; P. O. Rockford.

ATWOOD PATTEN, Farmer; farm and residence in Sectional District of Harlem; P. O. Rockton; born in New Hampshire, in January, 1805; married Anna Brooks, Feb. 26, 1826; she was born in Canada West, March 20, 1808; they came to Winnebago County in Dec., 1839; moved on the farm where they now reside in 1840; Mr. Atwood owns 230 acres of land; they have fourteen children, all married; their names are as follows: Henry B., Sally, Eliza, Lydia, William, Candace, Anna, Mary, Joseph B., Irena, Patten B., Harriet, John and Philip; ten of these are now living in this Co.; Mr. and Mrs. A. are members of the Baptist church.

BAKER DAVID, Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford.

Baker Wm., Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford.

Balis Nelson.

Barrett Charles, Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford.

Barnes H. renter; Sec. 28; P. O. Rockford.

Barnes Wm. renter; Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford.

Barrett C. L. renter; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford.

Black Chas., Jr., Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford.

Black Charles, Sec. 13; P. O. Rockton.

Black John, Sec. 1; P. O. Rockton.

Black William, P. O. Rockton.

Blake David, farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Rockford.

BLISS JAMES, Farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Rockford; born in Troy, N. Y., Jan. 22, 1822; came to this Co. in 1860; Republican; Baptist; owns 232 acres land; has held offices of Road Master and School Director; married Lydia E. Fife, of Mass.; she died in March, 1861; present wife was Ann M. Colton, born in Westfield, Mass., Aug. 22, 1831; married Jan. 27, 1863; have one child by former and one by present marriage: James Edward, born May 22, 1856; Ashland C., March 20, 1875.

Blomberg August, Sec. 20; P. O. Rockford.

Bomgarty Jos. renter; Sec. 20; P. O. Rockford.

Bolfield Charles, Sec. 7; P. O. Rockford.

Brewster J. W. farm; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

Brewster Joseph, Sec. 10; P. O. Rockford.

Brewster Jos., Jr., Sec. 10; P. O. Rockford.

Brown Chas. E. brick maker; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford.

BROWN GEORGE S. Farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Rockford; born in this Co. June 28, 1859; owns 199 acres land, value \$60 per acre; holds office of Road Commissioner of this town; was in army as teamster six months; maiden name of wife was Jennie Rogers; she was born in England, March, 1846; married Feb. 13, 1867; have three children: William, born Dec. 11, 1868; Flora, Aug. 16, 1870; Edith, Nov. 25, 1872.

BROWN MOWRY, Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford; born in Rhode Island, Jan. 29, 1814; came to this Co. in May, 1838; Republican; Liberal; owns 240 acres land; has held office of Justice of Peace; is among the oldest settlers; still owns and conducts the farm which he originally purchased from the government; married Lucy M. Pease, of Lyons, Wayne Co., N. Y.; she was born March 31, 1815; married Feb. 26, 1837; have had eleven children, five still living: George S., Charles E., Mary E., Henry A., Fred O., Richard E.

Bryden James W. Sec. 18; P. O. Rockford.

CAMPBELL JOHN, Sec. 12; P. O. Rockford.

Campbell J. C. renter; Sec. 10; P. O. Rockton.

Carr Thos. renter; Sec. 20; P. O. Rockford.

Clarke Geo. renter; Sec. 6; P. O. Rockton.

Clark John, renter; Sec. 6; P. O. Rockton.

Clark W. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockton.

CLIKEMAN MINER, Farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford; born in Schoharie Co., N. Y., Feb. 26, 1832; came to this Co. in 1862; Republican; Liberal; owns 260 acres land; maiden name of wife was Ann Elizabeth Allen, born in Albany Co., N.

Y.; married in 1852; have six children, Charles, Sidney, Austin, Verni, Adela and William.

Clikeman S. farmer, lives with his father: Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford.

Collender Jno. Sec. 19; P. O. Rockford.

Collins F. A. rents farm; S. 6; P. O. Harrison.

Compton W. Sec. 17; P. O. Rockford.

Conklin D. rents farm; Sec. 4; P. O. Harrison.

Crowley M. farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Rockford.

DAVIS ANDREW, laborer; Sec. 12; P. O. Rockford.

Downey Morris, farmer; Sec. 9.

EAKER A. B. fruit raiser; Sec. 27; P. O. Rockford.

Easterly E. O. Sec. 9; P. O. Rockford.

EGLESTON CHAS. W. Farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Rockford; born in Georgetown, O., Jan. 23, 1842; came to this Co. in 1874; Republican; Liberal; married Samaria J. Rodgers; she was born in N. Y.; have two children, George P., and Emma S.; was in 92d I. V. I., Co. A; served three years.

Ellis D. H. Sec. 6; P. O. Harrison.

FADER J. G. Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford.

Fader S. N. Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford.

Fairgrieve J. laborer; Sec. 2; P. O. Rockford.

Farmer B. rents farm; Sec. 6; P. O. Rockton.

FAVOR WADLEIGH, Farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Rockford; born in N. H. in 1806; came to this Co. in May, 1838; Republican; Liberal; owns 180 acres land; has held office of Assessor; maiden name of wife was Mary Bryning, born in London, England, in 1814; married in 1842.

Favor Walter, Sec. 8; P. O. Rockton.

Fleming Jno. farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Rockton.

Fleming Jno. Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford.

Fleming R. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockton.

Force William T.

Frazer F. rents farm; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford.

Furye Henry, Sec. 8; P. O. Rockton.

Furye R. C. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockton.

GILMORE WILLIAM.

Gleasant Geo. Sec. 1; P. O. Rockton.

Gleasant Philip, Sec. 11; P. O. Rockford.

Glover Jno. W. Sec. 4; P. O. Rockton.

Griffiths Geo. Sec. 4; P. O. Rockton.

GRIMES CHAS. and JOHN, Farmers; Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford; John Grimes was born in Rockford, March 6, 1858; Charles was born in same place, Oct. 6, 1856; both Democrats; Catholics.

HALLEY DAVID, Sec. 19; P. O. Rockford.

Halley D. W. Sec. 19; P. O. Rockford.

Halley E. R. lives with father; Sec. 4; P. O. Rockton.

Halley Robt. Sec. 18; P. O. Rockford.

Halley Wm. Sec. 20; P. O. Rockford.

HALLEY WM. Farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Rockton; born in Fifeshire, Scotland, June 4, 1818; came to this Co. in 1838; Republican; Liberal; owns 640 acres land; Mr. Halley was an early settler of this Co. and until 1860 engaged in merchant tailoring in Rockton; after this he became a farmer; holds the office of Supervisor of this Tp.; has also held offices of Justice of the Peace and Assessor; married Christian Mackie, born in Scotland, in 1846; have three children, William A., Hannah M. and Edwin R.

Halley W. A. lives with father; Sec. 4; P. O. Rockton.

Hanmer John C. rents farm; Sec. 19; P. O. Rockford.

Hanmer J. L. rents farm; Sec. 19; P. O. Harrison.

Harper J. rents farm; Sec. 6; P. O. Rockton.

Haske W. H.

Hatch Adelbert.

Hatch A. F. Sec. 25; P. O. Rockford.

Hatch D. R. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Rockford.

Hawkinson David, Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford.

Hawkinson J. farm; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford.

Higgins T. renter; Sec. 5; P. O. Rockford.

Hulett A. farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Rockton.

Hulett J. M. farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Rockton.

Hulett L. F. farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Rockton.

Hulett M. farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Rockton.

Hyatt Almond, Sec. 10; P. O. Rockford.

Hyatt C. W. farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Rockford.

JENSEN T. P. laborer; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford.

Johnson John, Sec. 16; P. O. Rockford.

Jordon R. Sec. 21; P. O. Rockford.

KELLY JAMES, rents farm; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford.

Kelly J. rents farm; Sec. 10; P. O. Rockton.

Kelly John, Jr., Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford.

Kebbe A. rents farm; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford.

Kebbis Wm.

KNAPP FREDERICK M. Farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Rockford; born in Albany, N. Y., Jan. 15, 1847; came to this Co. in 1845; owns 160 acres land, valued at \$85 per acre; married Ida M. Barrett, Sept. 1, 1868; she was born in N. Y.; have two children, George, born June 5, 1864; Fred, Feb. 4, 1866; Mr. Knapp's

mother, Electa P. Knapp, is living on Sec. 33; was born in Hamilton, Madison Co., N. Y., Feb. 17, 1804; owns 240 acres land; Mrs. Knapp is the widow of the late Jacob Knapp, who was a Baptist clergyman of distinction and a large land owner; he died March 2, 1874; Mrs. Knapp is mother of eight children; lost one at the battle of Kenesaw Mt.

LANDERS CHRISTOPHER, Sec. 27; P. O. Rockford.

Landers Thos.

LATHAM FRANCIS E. Farmer; Sec. 13; P. O. Rockford; born in Conn., Feb. 16, 1818; came to this Co. in 1854; Republican; Liberal; owns 269 acres land; has held the office of Supervisor of this Tp. for 14 years; also has been Commissioner of Highways; married Maria Zimmer; she was born in N. Y.; died July 31, 1872; has four children, Henry A., Sarah (now Mrs. R. D. Hatch), Abbie and Emma.

Latham H. A. rents farm; S. 24; P. O. Rockford.

Leahy Wm. Sec. 29; P. O. Rockford.

Lewis A. rents farm; Sec. 2; P. O. Rockford.

LEE JAMES B. Farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Harrison; born in Columbia Co., Penn., Nov. 23, 1803; came to this Co. in Sept., 1835; is the oldest settler in this Tp.; there were but two houses in Rockford when he came here; has held the office of Town Trustee; his first wife was Miranda Brayton; she was born in Canada, July 26, 1809; married July 28, 1829; she died Feb. 3, 1849; his present wife was Clara A. Henry; married May 27, 1863; have seven children living, Clarinda (now Mrs. John I. Fassett), Carsena (now Mrs. Norris Makepiece), Lucinda (now Mrs. Asahel Fassett), Clinton J., Ruth (now Mrs. Job Trenholm), Benjamin F., present Co. Clerk, Margaret J., now Mrs. Willis Stone.

Liddle George, Sec. 16; P. O. Rockford.

Liddle Thomas, Sec. 2; P. O. Rockton.

Liddle William, Sec. 12; P. O. Rockford.

LILLIE J. N. Farmer; lives on father's farm; Sec. 31; P. O. Rockford; born in Woodstock, Mass., Aug. 5, 1846; came to this Co. in 1858; Republican; Methodist; enlisted in 146th Regt. I. V. I.; served one year; married Caroline Beatson, Feb. 2, 1869; she was born in this Co.; have four children, Luman B., Elizabeth I., Herbert C., and Edward L.

Lillie Jared, Sec. 31; P. O. Rockford.

Lonergan John, Sec. 31; P. O. Rockford.

Lonergan Thomas, Sec. 31; P. O. Rockford.

McCARTY FLORENCE, Sec. 18; P. O. Rockford.

McClarren Peter, Sec. 16; P. O. Rockford.

McClaren Wm. Sec. 16; P. O. Rockford.

McGonigal Alex. Sec. 11; P. O. Rockford.

McGonigal W. rents farm; Sec. 36; P. O. Rockford.

McMICHAEL HUGH, Farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Rockford; born in Scotland, Feb. 6, 1832; came to this Co. in 1851; owns 163 acres land; married Mary Hill in March, 1863; she was born in Scotland; have five children: Agnes, Daniel, Lizzie, Hugh and John.

McMichael Malcom, Sec. 23; P. O. Rockford.

Mayes James, Sec. 2; P. O. Rockford.

MAYES WILLIAM, Farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford; born in Penn., Dec. 15, 1815; came to this Co. in 1856; Republican; Presbyterian; owns 160 acres land, valued at \$65 per acre; has held office of Road Commissioner for two terms, and Assessor two years; married Margaret Elliott, of Penn., in 1838; she was born April 9, 1817; have had six children, three still living: Rebecca A., James O. and Frances W.

Miller S. rents farm; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

Miller Wm. rents farm; Sec. 7; P. O. Harrison.

Miller Z. rents farm; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford.

MILNE ROBERT P. Farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Rockford; born in Burritt Tp., Oct. 22, 1846; Republican; Liberal; holds office of Collector; maiden name of wife was Mary Duffee, born in N. J., May 1, 1855; married Jan. 1, 1873; have one child, Una H., born Dec. 28, 1873.

Milton William, Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

MINARD CHARLES, Farmer; P. O. Rockford; born in N. H., Oct. 14, 1839; came to this Co. in 1858; owns 131 acres land, value \$60 per acre; married Susan Hocking, of England, in 1866; have five children: Anna, Ida, Jennie, Luis, Fred.

Minard Wm., Sec. 32; P. O. Rockford.

Moffatt John, Sec. 32; P. O. Rockford.

Montgomery Andrew, Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford.

Montgomery J. farm; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford.

Moore Wm. N.

Mulvaney W. Jas., Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford.

PARROTT WILLIAM, Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford.

Pashman G. rents farm; S. 22; P. O. Rockford.

Pashman J. H. rents farm; S. 22; P. O. Rockford.

Patterson Alexander, Sec. 9; P. O. Rockford.

Patterson James, Sec. 9; P. O. Rockford.

Patterson John N., Sec. 30; P. O. Rockford.

Pendergrast Patrick, Sec. 29; P. O. Rockford.

PHELPS EGBERT, Farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Rockford; born in this Co., April 20, 1837; Republican; Liberal; Mr. Phelps claims to be the oldest person now living in the Co. that was born here; he was in 17th Ill. Cav., Co. K, served two

years; married Mary E. Brown, who was born in this Co., Sept. 12, 1843, and married in Nov., 1868.

Powell Wm., Sec. 29; P. O. Rockford.

Price Wm. Sec. 19; P. O. Rockford.

Primes John.

Putnam B. F. Sec. 20; P. O. Rockford.

Putnam Marshal.

REED JAMES C., Sec. 31; P. O. Rockford.

Reeves Jas. W., Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford.

Richards O. L., Sec. 29; P. O. Rockford.

Richards S. S., Sec. 29; P. O. Rockford.

Riley Patrick.

ROSA JAMES, Renter; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockford; born in Cortland, N. Y., March 19, 1825; came to this Co. in 1876, maiden name of wife was Harriet Patten; she was born in N. Y. State; married in 1844, have four children: William J., Abram, Emma and Nellie.

Rotgar C. renter; Sec. 7; P. O. Harrison.

Rudd Cyrus, renter; Sec. 11; P. O. Rockton.

SAMPLE DAVID, farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Rockford.

SAMPLE WM. H. Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Rockford; born in Allegheny Co., Penn., Nov. 12, 1837; came to this Co. in 1871; owns 160 acres land, valued at \$70 per acre; Republican; Liberal; married Mrs Emma C. Couch, in 1870; she was born in Penn.; have three children; Mrs. Sample had one child by former marriage, and two by present marriage: Elizabeth, Pearl and Willie.

Sanders H. C. Sec. 8; P. O. Rockton.

SCHOONMAKER C. Farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Rockford; born in Montgomery Co., N. Y., Oct. 4, 1824; came to this Co. in March, 1857; Republican; Liberal; owns 208 acres land; has held the offices of Collector and Assessor; married Charity Derring, Aug. 19, 1848; she was born in Schoharie Co., N. Y., Jan. 5, 1827; have had four children; two living: David, born Oct. 31, 1849; Fred, born June 3, '69.

Schoonmaker David, S. 25; P. O. Rockford.

Seaverns Frank, Sec. 24; P. O. Rockford.

SEAVENS ISAAC W. Farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Rockford; born in Roxbury, Mass., Jan. 30, 1818; owns 245 acres land; came to this Co. in 1848; married Ann E. Titus; she was born in Rochester, N. Y.; married in 1842; have had eight children; lost two; Isaac W., now living in Chicago, Edwin M., living in Janesville, Frank, George, Isabella, now Mrs. Eddy, and Ella M., now Mrs. Dr. Taylor of Rockton; Frank Seaverns was born in this Co., Dec. 13, 1850; owns 185 acres land; has held the offices of Overseer of Highways and School Director; married

Lillie E. Willis; she was born in Penn.; married Sept. 22, 1875.

SIMPSON WILLIAM C. R. Farmer; lives with Robert P. Milne; Sec. 32; P. O. Rockford; born in Rockford township, in 1848; Republican; Liberal.

SMITH ARCHIBALD J. Farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Rockford; born in Scotland, Oct. 1, 1842; came to this Co. in 1862; owns 160 acres land, valued at \$65 per acre; married Mary A. Giffen; she was born in this Co.; married June 2, 1864; have five children, James A., Jennie, Mary, Alice, and Arthur.

Smith F. farm hand; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockton.

SMITH RICHARD, Rents Farm; Sec. 19; P. O. Rockford; born in Ireland; came to this Co. in 1865; Republican; Methodist preferred; married Margaret Scott, in 1868; she was also born in Ireland; have two children.

Söhner Edward, Sec. 29; P. O. Rockford.

Steward Alanson, Sec. 9; P. O. Rockford.

Steward E. farm; Sec. 28; P. O. Rockford.

Steward James, Sec. 31; P. O. Rockford.

Steward Minard, Sec. 15; P. O. Rockford.

Stryker J. B. rents farm; Sec. 5; P. O. Harrison.

Sweeney P. laborer; S. 18; P. O. Rockford.

TAIT WILLIAM, Sec. 32; P. O. Rockford.

Taylor S. B. farm; Sec. 23; P. O. Rockford.

Thomas G. C. Sec. 7; P. O. Rockford.

THOMAS ORVILLE P. Farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Harrison; born in Wayne Co., Penn., Dec. 17, 1837; came to this Co. in 1838; Republican; Liberal; owns 80 acres land; was in 74th I. V. I., Co. F; served three years; married Alice A. Carr, Dec. 2, 1870; she was born in N. Y. State; have one child, William A.

Thompson D. A. farm; S. 5; P. O. Rockton.

THOMPSON STEPHEN O. Farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Rockton; born in New Jersey, Aug. 15, 1818; came to this State in 1838; came to this Co. in 1842; Republican; Presbyterian preferred; owns 290 acres land; married Eliza Knapp; she was born in Putnam Co., N. Y., Aug. 17, 1818; married Nov. 29, 1845; have two children living, Emily, now Mrs. Luke T. Hulett, and Dudley A.; lost two.

Tittle M. laborer; Sec. 32; P. O. Rockford.

Truesdell Allen, Sec. 19; P. O. Rockford.

Truesdell J. W. brickmaker; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford.

Trimmer Chas. M. Sec. 4; P. O. Rockton.

TULLOCK GEORGE, Farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Rockford; born in Scotland, July 4, 1815; came to this Co. in 1841; Republican; Liberal; owns 231 acres land; Mr. Tullock is one of the old-

est settlers, having drawn wheat to Chicago and selling it at 50c per bushel, and has sold pork as low as \$1.25 per cwt., taking about six days to make the trip; has held the offices of Assessor and School Treasurer; married Mary A. Milne; she was born in Scotland, in 1823; married in 1845; have six children living, Maggie, William, Emma, Alonzo, Volney, and George; lost three.

Tullock Volney, farmer; Sec. 34; lives with father; P. O. Rockford.

Tullock Wm. farm; Sec. 34; P. O. Rockford.

Turney E. W. rents farm; S. 16; P. O. Rockford.

WEBB BURL. laborer; P. O. Rockford.

Whelan Matthew, Sec. 28; P. O. Rockford.

Wicks Walter, Sec. 17; P. O. Rockford.

WILDER EDWARD B. Farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Rockford; born in Keene, N. H., Nov. 20, 1833; came to this Co. in 1856; Republican; Congregationalist; owns 100 acres land, valued at \$55 per acre; first wife was Mary Williams, born in Maine; present wife was Edna E. Fowler; has two children by first marriage and three by second, Viola, Azel H., Lillian J., Charles, and Edward B.

Woodiess Alonzo, rents farm; Sec. 1; P. O. Rockton.



HARLEM TOWNSHIP.

ANDREW CHARLES, grain dealer; Argyle.

Andrew David, grain dealer; Argyle.

Andrew Hugh, merchant; Argyle.

Andrus Joel, farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Harlem.

Andrus Thos. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Harlem.

Armstrong A. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Harlem.

Armstrong F. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Harlem.

Armstrong Wilber; farm; S. 33; P. O. Harlem.

Armstrong W. D. farm; Sec. 32; P. O. Harlem.

Aspole Josiah, farm; Sec. 20; P. O. Roscoe.

Atwood B. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Harlem.

Atwood David, farm; S. 31; P. O. Rockford.

Atwood Jas. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Harlem.

Atwood S. G. farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Harlem.

BARRETT HARDING, rents farm; Sec. 20; P. O. Harlem.

Bartholomew E. S. farm; Sec. 30; P. O. Rockford.

Bartholomew Joy, farm; Sec. 30; P. O. Rockford.

Benedict Elias, farm; Sec. 9; P. O. Roscoe.

Brown Andrew; Sec. 18; P. O. Argyle.

BROWN EDWARD, Farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Argyle; born in Argyleshire, Scotland, Nov. 11, 1810, came to this country in 1834; located in Ohio, lived there 17 years; came to this Co. in 1851; owns 345 acres land, has held various township offices, married Miss Elizabeth Brown, in Hamilton Co., Ohio, she was born in Argyleshire, Scotland, Mr Brown has been Trustee of the Presbyterian Church for a number of years.

Brown Wm farm; Sec. 13; P. O. Argyle.

Brown Wm, Jr Sec. 13, P. O. Argyle.

BRUNER MALCOLM, Farmer; Sec. 23, P. O. Harlem, born in Essex Co., Canada, April 16, 1839; came to this Co. in 1849, owns 215 acres land, enlisted in 18th Wisconsin Inf., in September, 1861, served 4 months as private, 6 months as Sergeant, 6 months as 2d Lieutenant, 2 years and 6 months as Captain, was honorably discharged in 1865, was Secretary of the County Grange the first 3 years of its organization, married Adelia Swezey, in this Co., April 23 1868, she was born in New York, March 3, 1844.

BUCHANAN THOMAS, Farmer, Sec. 3, P. O. Roscoe, born in Canada, April 10, 1854, came to this Co. in 1857, owns property to the value of \$1800, married Miss Lydia Love, in this Co.; she was born in this Co., Jan. 16, 1856.

CAHOON EUGENE, rents farm; Sec. 17, P. O. Roscoe.

COLEMAN CHRISTOPHER C. Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Harlem; born in Vermont, July 25, 1825; came to this Co. in 1847; owns 200 acres land; married Abigail Danlley, in this Co., town of Harlem, in April, 1865; she was born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., Sept. 1, 1828.

Coleman D. C. farm; Sec. 28; P. O. Harlem.

COLLIER ALEXANDER, Farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Roscoe; born in N. Y., March 8, 1849; came to this Co. in 1860; owns property to the value of \$2,000; married Miss McMullen, in DeKalb Co., this State; she was born in DeKalb Co., this State, in 1849.

Colville Robert, farm; Sec. 26; P. O. Harlem.

Cummings A. B. farm; Sec. 8; P. O. Roscoe.

Cummings F. B. farm; Sec. 8; P. O. Roscoe.

DANLEY B. rents farm; Sec. 28; P. O. Harlem.

DOOLITTLE RUSSELL C. Farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Rockford; born in N. Y., Dec. 23, 1835; owns 100 acres land; enlisted in the 11th Ill. Cav., in 1864; was honorably discharged in 1865; has held various township offices; married Miss Ann Jane Arnold, in this Co., July 4, 1859; she was born in Canada, March 23, 1840.

DOOLITTLE P. S. Farmer, Sec. 19; P. O. Rockford; born in Erie Co., N. Y., Aug. 6, 1811, came to this Co. in 1837, owns 234 acres land, was one of the judges in the first election held in this township; has been Supervisor 2 years, and has held various other township offices, first wife was Angeline Knox, she was born in Oneida Co., N. Y.; present wife was Paulina Reynolds; she was born in Canada.

Douglas C. W. farm; Sec. 20; P. O. Harlem.

DOUGLAS WM. Farmer, Sec. 20, P. O. Harlem; born in Hancock Co., Me., June 21, 1836, came to this Co. in 1868, married Miss Sarah Wood, in Hancock Co., Me.; she was born in same Co. and State.

Dyer H. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Argyle.

EASTON DAVID, farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Harlem.

Easton Walter, farmer; Sec. 32, P. O. Harlem.

Edie Chas. rents farm; P. O. Harlem.

EDWARDS JOHN. M. Farmer, Sec. 28, P. O. Harlem, born in Vermont, Dec. 14, 1837, owns 45 acres land; married Miss Maggie Ryan, in this Co., June 3, 1870, she was born in N. Y., March 14, 1848, Mr. Edwards came to this Co. in 1847.

FABRICK ALANSON, farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Rockford.

Fabrick L. A. grain dealer; Harlem Station.

Ferguson A. farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Rockford

Ferguson H. farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Rockford.

FERGUSON WM. Farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Rockford; born in Campbelltown, Argyleshire, Scotland, May 15, 1813; came to Ohio in 1836; moved from there to this Co. in 1840; has been Supervisor two terms, Collector one term, Assessor eight terms; owns 400 acres land, well improved and within five miles of Rockford; married Miss Ellen Pickens, in Cincinnati, Ohio, Oct. 31, 1839; she was born in Scotland, Dec. 30, 1815.

GREENLEES JAMES, farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Argyle.

Greenlees P. farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Argyle.

Griffin Edwin; farmer; P. O. Argyle.

GOODHUE DAVID, Farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Roscoe; born in N. H., April 11, 1813; came to this Co. in 1845; owns 121 acres land; married Miss Eunice T. Durell in N. H.; she was born in N. H.

HALL JOHN L. farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Harlem.

Hall Henry, farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Harlem.

Hall L. F. rents farm; Sec. 21; P. O. Harlem.

Hardy Mike, laborer.

Harvey Daniel G. farmer; P. O. Argyle.

Harvey Wm. farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Argyle.

Haskins Amos, farmer; P. O. Harlem.

HASKIN CHAS. Farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Harlem; born in Berkshire Co., Mass., March 14, 1817; came to this Co. in 1841; owns 343 acres land; has held various township offices; married Miss Mary W. Atwood, in Jefferson Co., N. Y., Aug. 29, 1841; she was born in Berkshire Co., Mass., Nov. 21, 1819.

Howie R. farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Argyle.

Hurlburt R. S. farmer; P. O. Rockford.

HUTCHINS G. C. Farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Roscoe; born in N. Y., March 2, 1833; came to this Co. in 1839; owns 124 acres land; has been School Director 15 years; married Miss Mary Stein, in Iowa, July 4, 1859; she was born in Canada, March 16, 1842.

Hutchins Nat. farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Roscoe.

JACKSON WILLIAM, farmer; P. O. Argyle.

Jenks Edin, farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Roscoe.

Jenks W. farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Roscoe.

Johnson D. farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Roscoe.

JOHNSON JEREMIAH, Farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Harlem; born in N. J., Dec. 6, 1804; came to this Co. in 1837; owns 125 acres land; married Miss Julia

Doolittle, in N. Y., Feb. 13, 1830; she was born in N. Y., May 21, 1804.

Jones George, laborer.

Jones J. H. laborer.

KERR CHARLES, farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Roscoe

Kilburn S. S. farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Harlem.

LANDUS LEVEY, farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Harlem.

Landus R. farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Harlem.

LOVEJOY ANDREW J. Sec. 9; P. O. Roscoe; born in this Co., in town of Harlem; owns 215 acres land; also has Dry Goods and Notions wholesale house in Jacksonville, Morgan Co., Ill.; married Miss Eliza Wyman, in this Co., Aug. 27, 1867; she was born in this Co., July 12, 1846.

MCDONALD ALEXANDER, farmer; P. O. Argyle.

McDonald Andrew, farmer; P. O. Argyle.

McDonald D. farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Argyle.

McDonald James, farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Argyle.

McDonald John, farm; S. 14; P. O. Argyle.

McEachran John, farmer; P. O. Argyle.

McFarland Walter, farmer; P. O. Argyle.

McKay Alexander, farmer; P. O. Argyle.

McLarty Walter, farmer; P. O. Argyle.

McNeilly R. blacksmith; Harlem Station.

Mabie Eugene, farmer; P. O. Harlem.

Mabie Homer, farmer; P. O. Harlem.

MABIE PETER, Farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Roscoe; born in Delaware Co., N. Y., on Feb. 17, 1814; came to this Co. in 1843; owns 340 acres land; was Supervisor 12 years, and has held various other Tp. offices; first wife was Eliza Ann Chapel; she was born in Conn.; they were married in Ohio; present wife was Mary Sibley, of Berkshire Co., Mass.; they were married in Minneapolis, Minn.

Mabie R. farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Harlem.

Magoon C. farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Rockford.

Magoon W. farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Rockford.

MAGOON W. T. Farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Argyle; born in Lower Canada, March 24, 1810; came to this Co. in 1838; owns 160 acres land; married Emeline Higby, in Canada; she was born in Lower Canada, June 29, 1810.

Malott Theodore, farmer; Sec. 4.

Martin Morris M. school teacher.

Montgomery R. farm; Sec. 34; P. O. Harlem.

O'SHEA DANIEL, farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Harlem.

PARKER HUBERT, farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Harlem.

Parker J. S. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Harlem.
Perry David, renter; Sec. 31; P. O. Harlem.

PICKARD PALMER, Farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Harlem; born in N. Y., Jan. 5, 1820; came to this state in 1839; located in this Co. in 1844; owns 252 acres land; married Miss Lydia Atwood, in this Co., Sept. 29, 1847; she was born in Canada, March 23, 1880.

Picken Alexander, farmer; P. O. Argyle.

Picken Hugh, farmer; P. O. Argyle.

Picken James, farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Argyle.

Picken James, Jr., farm; Sec. 14; P. O. Argyle.

RALSTON ALEXANDER, retired farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Argyle.

Ralston Alex. C. farm; Sec. 15; P. O. Roscoe.

Ralston D. C. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Argyle.

RALSTON JOHN, Farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Rockford; born in Argyleshire, Scotland, Oct. 30, 1828; settled in Boone Co., this state, in 1842; came to this Co. in 1851; owns 104 acres in this Co., and 60 acres in Boone Co.; has held various Tp. offices; married Miss Jane Ralston, in Boone Co., this state; she was born in Scotland.

Ralston J. C. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Argyle.

Ralston R. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Harlem.

Ralston R., Jr., farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Harlem.

Ralston P. farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Harlem.

Ralston Peter, farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Roscoe.

Ralston T. farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Argyle.

Ralston Thos., Jr., farm; Sec. 14; P. O. Argyle.

Ralston W. farmer; P. O. Argyle.

Reid Alex. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Argyle.

Reid Alex., Jr., farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Argyle.

Reid Hugh, farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Argyle.

REID JAMES S. Farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Argyle; was born in this Co., town of Harlem, Nov. 12, 1840, owns 200 acres land, has held various Tp. offices, married Miss Mary Breckenridge, in this Co., June 27, 1867, she was born in Argyleshire, Scotland, Nov. 13, 1846, died June 14, 1876, James S. Reid's father (Hugh Reid) was born in Scotland, he came to this Co. in 1837, wife was Mary Howie; they were married in Scotland.

Rice V. B. farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Harlem.

Rogers Wm. laborer.

Rumelhart A. farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Harlem.

RUMELHART GREGORY, Farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Harlem; born in Germany, March 12, 1825, came to this Co. in 1852, owns 220 acres land; has held various township offices, married Miss Laura Ann Jewel, in Erie Co., Penn., June 14, 1849; she was born in Ludlow Co., Vt., Feb. 22, 1831.

Ryburn Jas. renter; Sec. 14; P. O. Argyle.

Ryan John, laborer.

Ryan Daniel, laborer.

SAMMONS AMOS, retired.

Sammons John, retired.

SAUNDERS IRA, Farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Rockford; born in Erie Co., N. Y., Nov. 2, 1843; came to this Co. in 1877, owns 148 acres land, within four miles of Rockford, and it is well improved; married Miss Amelia Welch, in Erie Co., N. Y., Oct. 9, 1864; she was born in Erie Co., N. Y., Nov. 8, 1846.

Sellers Dan'l, farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Argyle.

Sellers D. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Argyle.

Smith Alex. farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Argyle.

Smith Cornelius, farmer; P. O. Harlem.

Smith D. M. farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Argyle.

Smith D. P. farmer; P. O. Harlem.

Smith E. farmer; P. O. Harlem.

Smith Geo. G. farmer; P. O. Harlem.

Smith H. renter; Sec. 7; P. O. Roscoe.

SMITH JOHN, Farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Argyle; born in Argyleshire, Scotland, July 23, 1826; came to this Co. in 1842; owns 340 acres land; has been Supervisor three years, and has held various other offices since he has been in the Co.; married Miss Elizabeth Montgomery, in this Co.; she was born in Argyleshire, Scotland, in Jan., 1826.

SMITH ROBT. Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Argyle; born in Argyleshire, Scotland, Aug. 22, 1824; came to this Co. in 1842, owns 200 acres land; has held various offices; married Miss Greenliss, in this Co.; she was born in Argyleshire, Scotland.

Swarthout Isaac, merchant; Harlem Station.

TARMER JAMES, farmer; Sec. 13, P. O. Argyle.

Taylor A. farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Harlem.

Taylor Jas. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Harlem.

TAYLOR LYMAN, Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Harlem; born in Berkshire Co., Mass., Oct. 21, 1821; came to this Co. in 1840, owns 217 acres land, is Justice of the Peace, and has held various township offices; married Miss Eliza Bowman in this Co.; she was born in Scotland.

Taylor O. farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Harlem.

Throne N. farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Rockford.

Throne Wm. farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Argyle.

Thompson L. D. farm; Sec. 20; P. O. Harlem.

Tofflemire Jas. farm; Sec. 36; P. O. Rockford.

Tofflemire J. farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Rockford.

Tran Robert H.

Tripp John C. with D. A. Sturtevant & Co., Roscoe.

Turner Wm. laborer.

Tuthill John N. carpenter; Argyle.

Tuthill Wm. carpenter; Argyle.

WARNER FRED'K. W. farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Roscoe.

WARNER OLIN S. Farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Roscoe; born in this Co. Nov. 6, 1851; owns 125 acres land; his father, Walter Warner (now deceased), came to this Co. in 1838.

Waterson David, farmer; P. O. Harlem.

Waterson Daniel, Sec. 16; P. O. Roscoe.

Waterson J. farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Argyle.

Waterson T. J. farm; Sec. 16; P. O. Roscoe.

Watson J. D. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Argyle.

Wellington O. N. farm; S. 28; P.O. Harlem.

Wilder S. farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Harlem.

Wilder Seth C. farm; Sec. 29; P.O. Harlem.

Wollon Michael, retired; P. O. Harlem.

WOODWARD ALLEN, Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Rockford; born in Oneida Co., N. Y., April 12, 1838; came to this Co. in 1856; owns 153 acres land; married Mary Perry, in Oneida Co., N. Y., March 19, 1855; she was born in Oneida Co., N. Y., Nov. 1, 1832.

YOUNG C. B. farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Roscoe.

YOUNG A. H. Farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Roscoe; born in Oneida Co., N. Y., June 20, 1828; came to this Co. in 1854; owns 100 acres land; married Miss Birdsall, in Waterloo, Iowa, Jan. 29, 1865; she was born in Herkimer Co., N. Y., Nov. 9, 1837; have one child, Edith Lane, born in Harlem, this Co., June 22, 1868.



LAONA TOWNSHIP.

ADAMS D. E. farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Laona.

Adams E. N. farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Laona.

Adams Ellaha, Sec. 38; P. O. Durand.

Adams R. E. lives with father; Sec. 29; P. O. Laona.

Adleman Frank, renter; Sec. 32; P. O. Laona.

Anderson And. son of H. H. Anderson; Sec. 30; P. O. Laona.

Anderson H. H. farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Laona.

Anderson Holver, farm; Sec. 30; P. O. Laona.

Anderson Ole, son of H. H. Anderson; Sec. 30; P. O. Laona.

Anderson O. C.

Andrews J. P. Sec. 6; P. O. Durand.

BARKER G. C. renter; Sec. 30; P. O. Laona.

Barker N. D. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Laona.

Bartell Belona, laborer; Sec. 29; P. O. Laona.

Baker A. H. farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Durand.

Baker A. W. farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Durand.

Baker E. H. farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Durand.

Baker P. D. wheelwright; S. 8; P. O. Durand.

Belden Simeon; Sec. 2; P. O. Durand.

Belden T. T. P. O. Durand.

Bills Alson, Sec. 33; P. O. Laona.

Briggs T. H. Sec. 30; P. O. Laona.

Bristol Asher, P. O. Durand.

Bristol Ole, P. O. Durand.

Burgurson Holo, farm; Sec. 28; P. O. Durand.

CARTER C. H. farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Durand.

Chambers Henry, lives with daughter; Sec. 34; P. O. Durand.

Christinson John, farm; Sec. 29; P. O. Laona.

Cleavland Alex, lives with father, E. F. Cleavland; Sec. 2; P. O. Durand.

Cleavland A. D. renter; Sec. 3; P. O. Durand.

Cleavland E. F. farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Durand.

Cleavland L. V. farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Durand.

Cleavland R. L. farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Durand.

Cram T. B. farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Durand.

Cross F. P. school teacher; Sec. 30; P. O. Laona.

DAVIS OLIVER, laborer; Sec. 29; P. O. Laona.

Day A. W. laborer; Sec. 35; P. O. Laona.

Dean Carlos, farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Durand.

Dean Solon, laborer; Sec. 35; P. O. Durand.

Dickenson E. D. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Laona.

Dickinson F. laborer; Sec. 33; P. O. Laona.

Dolan John, farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Durand.

Dolan P. farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Durand.

Dunn Michael, Sec. 5; P. O. Laona.

ELIOT G. W. blacksmith and farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Laona.

Eliot Robert, renter; Sec. 31; P. O. Laona.

Eliot Seth, lab; Sec. 19; P. O. Laona.

FLINN JOHN, farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Durand.

Fox Mich. son of Thos; Sec. 25; P. O. Durand.

Fox Thomas, farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Durand.

GARNER CHARLES, farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Durand.

Gehr W. L. works for H. Randall; Sec. 33; P. O. Laona.

Gilbertson Jacob, carp; Sec. 19; P. O. Laona.

Gillman J. P. farrier and farmer; P. O. Durand.

HARTLEY GJELDSETH, Farmer; P. O. Durand; owns 78 acres of land valued at \$4,000; is a single man; born in Norway in 1857; came to this country in 1872, and to this county in 1875; Lutheran; Republican.

Hanford Philo, farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Durand.

Hartman John, rents from father Thomas Hartman; Sec. 31; P. O. Davis.

Hartman Thos. farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Davis.

Hartman T. T. Sec. 20; P. O. Laona.

Hartman Uriah, rents from father Thomas Hartman; Sec. 31; P. O. Davis.

Hill Augustus, farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Durand.

Holton C. A. farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Laona.

Holvorsen H. A. farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Laona.

JENESON C. H. farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Laona.

Jeneson H. S. farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Laona.

Johnson N. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Durand.

JOHNSON PETER, Farmer; P. O. Durand; owns 240 acres of land worth \$10,000, lying in Section 8; he was born in Norway, June 18, 1818; came to the U. S. in 1843, and to this county in 1844; he was married in 1848 to Aslong Peterson; she was born in Norway, Sept. 13, 1826; they have had seven children, four of whom are now alive: John F., aged 23, Fremont P., aged 20, Henry A., aged 18, Adelaide S., aged 15. Mr. Johnson has been Commissioner of Highways twelve years, Supervisor three years, and has been President of the Durand Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Co. since its organization; Lutheran; Independent.

Jones John, farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Durand.

Judd Lyman, farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Durand.

Judd Norman, farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Durand.

Judd Oliver, farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Durand.

KENDALL C. A. renter; Sec. 28; P. O. Durand.

Kendall W. H. renter; Sec. 28; P. O. Durand.

Kendall W. N. renter; Sec. 24; P. O. Durand.

Kinney Alson, farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Durand.

Kinney Wm. farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Durand.

Koehn N. H. renter; Sec. 4; P. O. Durand.

Kyes David, laborer; Sec. 25; P. O. Durand.

LENNON MICHAEL, farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Durand.

McDERMOTT JOHN, farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Durand.

McDonald Alex. farm; P. O. Durand.

Mansfield Wm. farm; Sec. 24; P. O. Durand.

Mattoon John, farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Laona.

Mayer August, farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Laona.

Mayer Henry, farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Laona.

Mayer Henry J. lives with father; Sec. 21; P. O. Laona.

Moore R. farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Durand.

Murray C. F. farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Laona.

Murray P. farm hand; Sec. 26; P. O. Durand.

Murray M. farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Durand.

NELSON ANDREW, farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Durand.

Norton Edward, rents from father, E. Norton; Sec. 33; P. O. Laona.

Norton E. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Laona.

Norton H. L. rents from father, E. Norton; Sec. 32; P. O. Durand.

Norton L. H. lives with father, E. Norton; Sec. 33; P. O. Laona.

PALLSON HOWELL, farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Davis.

PATTERSON NILES, Farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Durand; was born in this town, Dec. 23, 1853; owns 270 acres, valued at \$10,800; is independent in politics; a member and a trustee of the Lutheran church; is not married; his father, Niles Patterson, a native of Norway, came to this country in 1848; died May 25, 1873, in his 54th year; his mother, Mrs. Helga Patterson, now 68 years old, lives with him.

Patterson P. farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Durand.

PHIPPS ALLEN, farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Laona; was born in Iona county, Mich., in 1837; came to this county in 1844; owns 50 acres, valued at \$2,500; independent in politics and religion; was married Sept. 23, 1870, to Mrs. Eliza, widow of J. C. Bates and daughter of Wm. Randall, of this town; she was born in 1836; he has three step-children: Henry, Robert and Mary Bates; Mr. Phipps has crossed the plains to the Pacific slope several times, meeting with some exciting adventures and narrow escapes for life.

Phipps Homer, lives with father, Wm.; Sec. 4; P. O. Durand.

Phipps Samuel, renter; Sec. 34; P. O. Durand.

PHIPPS WM. Farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Durand; born at Niagara Falls, where his father was 4 years ferryman; in 1825, moved to Oakland Co., Mich.; lived there 6 years; in Iona Co., 11 years, came to this State and Co. in 1844; married, July 8, 1853, Miss Emily, daughter of Price B. Webster, of Durand; have seven children living: Homer A., Marriette, Viola, Price, Wm., Sarah E. and Emily V.; is an extensive hog breeder; owns 170 acres, valued at \$7,600; Independent in politics and religion; in 1860 "crossed the plains" to California, taking his family, a number of horses and horn cattle; returned the next year, coming by water to N. Y.; made a second trip across the plains with 42 horses; was 6 months on the way; sold them out at profit and came back; made a trip to Idaho in 1864, taking a drove of stock, which were all captured by the Indians before he reached his destination, saving only his life, clothes and a small sum of money; came back, and in 1876 again visited California, over the Pacific Railroad; owns a most beautiful Arab stallion and yearling colt; the former, 4 years old, is said to be the handsomest horse in the State; has been three terms Path Master and one term School Director.

Plunkett Wm. lives with niece; Sec. 27; P. O. Durand.

Powers Jas. farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Durand.

Putman Henry, farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Laona.

RANDALL FREMONT, son of Wm.; P. O. Laona.

Randall Wm. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Laona.

Randall Wm., Jr., farm; Sec. 32; P. O. Laona.

Ripley Chas. lives with mother; Sec. 4; P. O. Laona.

Ripley E. D. farms for mother; Sec. 4; P. O. Laona.

Robinson W. H. farm; Sec. 36; P. O. Durand.

Rosenkruns C. A. blacksmith; Sec. 33; P. O. Laona.

Rowley M. E. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Laona.

RUSSEL DEXTER, Farmer and Mason; P. O. Durand; born Aug. 22, 1841, in Cattaraugus Co., N. Y.; came to this Co. in 1857; married in 1853 to Hannah Sweet; she was born in Tomkins Co., N. Y.; died in 1869, leaving two children: Alice, aged 20, and Harriet, aged 18; Mr. Russel was in the army 3 years; Baptist preferred; Republican.

SACKET R. J. farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Durand.

Sammon J. rents farm; Sec. 23; P. O. Durand.

Selden E. A. farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Durand.

Shorb H. farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Durand.

Smith A. farmer; Sec. 84; P. O. Durand.
 Smith C. M. farmer; Sec. 84; P. O. Durand.
 Smith Clerk, farmer; Sec. 84; P. O. Durand.
 Smith F. P. farmer; Sec. 84; P. O. Durand.
 Straw Jesse, farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Durand.

TALLACKSON OLE, farmer; Sec. 85;
 P. O. Durand.

Tyler J. W. farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Durand.

VISIGAR JOHN, farmer; Sec. 25; P. O.
 Durand.

WALLAR B. F. farmer and school teach-
 er; Sec. 21; P. O. Laona.

Wallar F. P. laborer; Sec. 1; P. O. Durand.

Wallar G. E. farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Durand.

Wallar Geo., Jr., rents farm; Sec. 36; P. O.
 Durand.

Wallar R. P. renter; Sec. 8; P. O. Durand.

Wallar W. H. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Durand.

Wallar W. L. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Durand.

Warner J. S. farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Durand.

Webster Carr, works father's farm Sec. 2;
 P. O. Durand.

WEBSTER RIENZI, Farmer; P.
 O. Durand; owns 207 acres land, valued
 at \$8,000; born in 1837, in Wyoming Co.,
 N. Y.; came to this Co. in 1844; married
 in 1867 to Henrietta Van Sickle; she was
 born in N. J., in 1841; have one child,
 Phoebe P., aged five years; Mr. Webster
 has been Assessor, and is now Justice of
 the Peace; Episcopalian preferred; Re-
 publican.

Webster Solomon, farm; S. 2; P. O. Durand.
 Webster T. W. cattle dealer; Sec. 3; P. O.
 Durand.

Welch Edmund, farm; Sec. 25; P. O. Durand.

Welch Jas. lives with father; Sec. 25; P. O.
 Durand.

Welch Pat. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Durand.

Wentworth H. laborer; S. 86; P. O. Durand.

Wever Carlos, renter; Sec. 6; P. O. Durand.

YOUNG DAVID, farmer; Sec. 20; P. O.
 Laona.

Young Jacob, farmer; Sec. 85; P. O. Durand.

Young Orson, farmer; Sec. 85; P. O. Durand.

ZIMMERMAN GEO. farmer; Sec. 29;
 P. O. Laona.



WINNEBAGO TOWNSHIP.

ADES GEO. laborer; Winnebago.

Adams John, Methodist Pastor; Winnebago.

ALEXANDER DAVID B. Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, etc.; Winnebago; was born in Mifflin Co., Pa., July 27, 1838; at 21, he came West, stopping in Fairfield, Iowa, 1 year, when he returned to the oil regions in Pa., where, like many others, in 1860, he was immensely rich and then very poor; his ups and downs in this region would fill pages, so we hastily pass them, and find him next in the South, with E. C. Randolph & Co., Land Agents; after working for this firm, came to this Co., working in Rockford, in 1868, after which he moved to this village, where he is doing a good business; married Eunice M. Ray, Nov., 1870; she was born in Licking Co., Ohio.

ALWORTH RUBEN, Retired Farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Winnebago; was born in Sullivan, Oneida Co., N. Y., Oct. 14, 1814; at the age of 16, he left home, working by the month summers, and going to school winters for 7 years; about this time, he married, and bought 60 acres land, continuing on the same until 1843, when he started for the West, *via* Erie Canal, to Buffalo, and Cleveland, Ohio, where he remained until the following spring, when he came to this Co., arriving May 25, 1844; after working out for 2 years, he pre-empted 160 acres land, which he still owns; has been Post Master, School Director, and Justice of the Peace for many years; is one of the most influential men in the Co.; married Martha Bellows, Sept. 14, 1873; she was born in Unionville, Georgia Co., Ohio, Dec. 28, 1824.

ANDERSON DAVID J. Farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Elida; owns 80 acres land; learned the Blacksmith's trade, which he followed many years; he came to this Co. in 1850, bringing with him his widowed mother and her children; he is the oldest son of John Anderson, who died in June, 1850; Mr. Anderson did not have the "lightning express" of our day to bring him West, but came by water, *via* N. Y., Albany, Buffalo, Detroit, and Chicago, taking as many weeks as it would days now; elegant buildings adorn his farm, a home of happiness and comfort, where love and contentment reign supreme; married Elizabeth Forrester, who was born in Upper Augusta, Northumberland Co., Pa.; Nellie E., born Dec. 23, 1869, and died Jan. 4, 1873; Gertrude, born June 20, 1874, is the only child.

ANDERSON HENRY M. Farmer and Stock Dealer; P. O. Winnebago;

born in Hunterdon Co., N. J., May 8, 1838; came to this Co. in 1850, purchasing 141½ acres land in Sec. 30; married Anclia A. Conger, March 30, —; she was born in Wayne Co., N. Y., Oct. 5, 1850; she is a niece of David Conger, of LaSalle Co., and a cousin to Col. Morril, of same Co.; Mr. Anderson followed sailing 1 year, after which he turned his attention to farming, and buying horses and stock, disposing of them both in Eastern and Western markets; was a member of 17th I. V. C., commanded by Col. Beveridge; received an honorable discharge at Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas, in 1865; Guy, their oldest child, was born July 16, 1871, died Dec. 25, 1873; Sarah E., March 18, 1873, is the only child living.

ARMSTRONG JAS. Farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Winnebago; born in Huntingdon Co., Pa., March 18, 1838; when twenty years old he left home, coming to this Co., where he commenced life by working on a farm, at \$14 per month, for four years; on Aug. 15, 1862, he married Margaret Meredith, who was born in Perry Co., Pa., July 17, 1838; rented farms for six years; after which he bought their present home, of 87 acres, which is worth \$80 per acre; building substantial buildings and making other improvements; Lulu, Robert, and Maud, are their children.

BALDWIN ISAAC, laborer; Winnebago.

BANGS CLARENDON, Farmer and Seaman; Sec. 35; son-in-law of T. B. Hoyt; P. O. Rockford; born in Boston, Dec. 20, 1853; married Mary Josephine Hoyt, May 2, 1876; she was born in this Co., May 2, 1856; their only son, William Hoyt, was born July 29, 1877; Mr. Bangs came to this Co. in 1870; he is a seaman of no ordinary ability; commenced before the mast, and was raised to the important position of Master; at the request of his father and the influence of his devoted wife, he abandoned seafaring and took to farming.

BARKER ADDISON S. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 33; P. O. Elida; born in Chautauqua Co., N. Y., Feb. 21, 1821; came to this Co. in 1865; Republican; Baptist; owns 110 acres of land, worth \$70 per acre; married Eliza J. Kidder, in 1851; she died in 1865; had three children, Henry H., Clarence H., Freddy B.; married Christiana Davis, born in Canada, May 29, 1830; two children, Lettie M., Rosina E.; Mrs. Barker's father, Robert Davis, took an active part as one of the Reformers in the Patriot War in Canada.

Baker Henry, laborer; Winnebago.

BARRACK ANDREW J. Farmer and Carpenter, Sec. 22; P. O. Elida; rents his father-in-law's—John Swartz—farm; born in Perry Co., Pa., Jan. 5, 1843; came to this Co. in 1871; married Catherine Swartz, Dec. 2, 1871; she was born in Perry Co., Pa., Feb. 28, 1859; Mr. Barrack enlisted in the 87th Penn. V. I., serving 9 months; re-enlisted in the 208th Penn. V. I. remaining until the close of the war; was actively engaged in the battles at Petersburg, Fort Stedman, Five Forks, and Gettysburg; after the war Mr. B. took an extended trip throughout the West, looking at the land in Michigan, Missouri, Nebraska, and Ill.; the beautiful Prairie State won him as one of her subjects.

BARTON ROBINSON W. Weaver; Winnebago; born in Tioga Co., N. Y., Sept. 8, 1845; when only 16 years old he enlisted in the 109th N. Y. V. I., at the commencement of the war, serving until its close; he was three times wounded, and taken prisoner at Petersburg, July 30, 1864; incarcerated in the Danville prison three months, when he was paroled and returned to his regiment, completing his time in the service of his country; in 1872 he removed to Big Rapids, Mich., remaining until 1874; when he removed to Winnebago; has held the office of Town Collector; married M. M. Hilla, Dec. 25, 1871; she was born in Tioga Co., N. Y., Feb. 8, 1850.

BEATSON JOHN W. Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Elida; born in Scotland, April 20, 1839; came to this Co. in 1843; owns 120 acres land, valued at \$70 per acre; has been Collector of Burritt Tp.; married Jennie E. Van Alstyne, Dec. 14, 1865; she was born in Montgomery Co., N. Y., Oct. 16, 1846; have three children, Rosilla, Daisy and Maud; served three and one half years in 74th I. V. I., commanded by Col. Jason Marsh, and was honorably discharged; is a Republican and Presbyterian.

Beebe Geo. H. sewing machine agent; Winnebago.

Beecher C. Renter; Sec. 19; P. O. Winnebago.

BEECHER RANSON. Farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Rockford; born in Washington Co., Vt., May 23, 1831; married Sarah A. Drake, March 12, 1844; born in Rutland Co., Vt., June 4, 1820; have two children, Editha and Inez E.; Mr. Beecher came to Kendall Co. at an early day, taking up government land; has hauled wheat to Chicago; lived there seven years; sold out and came to this Co. in 1854; he now owns 202 acres of fine farming land.

BENHAM ALANSON J. Farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Winnebago; born in Onondaga Co., N. Y., Oct. 2, 1814; he came to this Co. with his father, who settled there from N. J.; his mother died when he was

eight years of age, and he was obliged to leave home for a time, after which his father was again married, when he returned home, moving with his parents to Cayuga and Tompkins Counties; at the age of 21, he started out for himself, by working by the month; while engaged in this occupation, he was married to Maria O. Farrell, Jan. 8, 1837; she was born in Onondaga Co., N. Y., April 12, 1816; he then moved to Canandaigua, Cayuga, Onondaga and Tompkins Counties; at the latter place, he bought his first farm, of 20 acres; sold out and went to Cayuga Co.; bought 101 acres of land; sold again, and moved to Scipio, and from there to Barry Co., Mich., residing there 14 years, when he removed to this Co. in 1868, buying his present home of 55 acres.

BENHAM GEO. E. Farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Winnebago; born in Aurelius, Cayuga Co., N. Y., Jan. 5, 1839; the history in this book, of A. J. Benham, his father, will indicate where he lived until he arrived at the age of 24, at which time he married Elizabeth Dickerson, Nov. 14, 1863; she was born in New York city, Nov. 29, 1840; with his young wife, he moved to Rutland, Mich., where he purchased 80 acres of land and improved it from a wild state; sold out and rented for two years, when he moved to this Co. in Feb., 18—, buying 80 acres of land where he now resides; is one of our best men and farmers in this Co.

BICKFORD ADDISON W. Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford; born in Orange Co., N. Y., Nov. 1, 1845; came to this Co. in Feb., 1868; owns 150 acres land; married Susie M. Dickey, Jan. 13, 1878; Florence May and Cora Alice are the names of their children; Mrs. B. was born in Orange Co., Vt., March 9, 1852; her father was an old settler of that Co.; Mr. B. first came to Burritt in this Co., residing there five years, when he removed to his present location.

Billsborough L. retired farmer; P. O. Winnebago.

Bird Frank, laborer; Winnebago.

Bird Joseph, farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Elida.

Bird T. W. farm; Sec. 16; P. O. Winnebago.

BIRKITT SMITH. Farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Winnebago; born in Alvingham, Lincolnshire, England, July 21, 1834; in May, 1854, he came to Canada, where he was engaged in shoemaking and other business until April, 1857, when he came to this Co.; although but four years in America, his principles of equity and justice were so inherent, and a patriotic devotion to his adopted country, prompted him to be among the first to offer himself in her service, enlisting in Co. G, 45th I. V. I., Sept. 17, 1861; was engaged in the battles of Donaldson, Shiloh, siege of

Corinth, Vicksburg and Jackson, Tenn.; honorably discharged in Chicago, July 20, 1865; married, Oct. 2, 1866, to Nettie Bird, who was born in North East, Erie Co., Pa., May 17, 1848; one son, John W.

Birtch John, farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Elida.

Bouton G. renter; Sec. 23; P. O. Winnebago.

BOUTON JOHN D. Farmer and Carpenter; Sec. 28; P. O. Winnebago; born in Conn., Sept. 8, 1808; came to this Co. in 1865; married Betsy Wheeler in 1830; she was born in N. Y., Sept. 8, 1810; they have six children; their daughter Emma is the only one residing with her parents; Mr. Bouton lost a good farm on account of its title, and has since purchased 25 acres which he has improved, and values it at \$100 an acre.

Braddock J. S. Presb. minister; P. O. Elida.

Bridgeman H. A. renter; Sec. 36; P. O. Rockford.

Briggs A. farm; Sec. 24; P. O. Winnebago.

Briggs B. W. farm; Sec. 24; P. O. Winnebago.

Briggs C. R. farm; Sec. 8; P. O. Winnebago.

BRIGGS GLEASON F. Retired Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Winnebago; born in Erie Co., N. Y., in 1825; in 1838 he came to this Co. with his parents, via Dixon, Grand De Tour and Doysville; Mr. Briggs commenced the struggle of life alone, by working by the month at a time when this Co. was thinly inhabited; he followed this occupation three years, and when the public lands came into market in 1840 he bought 40 acres from his earnings; from this start he has gradually grown in wealth, until he now owns 120 acres of land, and 20 acres in this village; married Rebecca A. Hunt, March 20, 1866; she was born in Hunterdon Co., N. J., Oct. 17, 1835.

Broodrick J. farm; Sec. 8; P. O. Winnebago.

Brown Fred. farm; Sec. 16; P. O. Winnebago.

Brown Fred. farm laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

Bunn J. E. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Winnebago.

Burdick Henry, laborer; Winnebago.

CANNIFORD WILLIAM E. Manufacturer of Pumps and Wind Mills; Winnebago; born in Ottery, St. Mary, Devonshire, England, Feb. 7, 1836; moved with his parents, when four years old, to Ebrington, Gloucestershire, Eng.; about 1852 he was apprenticed to learn the carpenter and joiner's trade; at the age of 21, his apprenticeship expiring, he went to London, remaining there until 1857, when he came to Ottawa, Canada, working at his trade until the fall of 1858, when he came to Whitewater, Wis.; in May, 1859, returned to London, taking passage on the *City of Baltimore*; here in Sept. 14, 1862, he married Mary Ann Gardner, of King's Lynn, Norfolkshire, Eng.; again in Oct. 22, 1862, he came via Liver-

pool and Quebec to Chicago; in May 5, 1863, he came to Rockford, where they remained until Feb. 1871, when they moved to Winnebago; engaged in his present business; has three children, Lizzie, William J. and Adah.

COLEMAN ALEXANDER, Farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Winnebago; born in Ireland in 1825; came to this Co. in 1864; owns 100 acres of land, valued at \$7,000; married Catherine Anderson, Sept. 9, 1875; she was born in N. J. in April, 1824; Amanda Anderson is Mrs. Coleman's only daughter, who was born March 22, 1860; John Coleman, son of Mr. Coleman, was born July 16, 1859; Mrs. Coleman can date her residence in this Co. 26 years ago.

Comstock Frank, laborer; Winnebago.

Comstock Thos. shoemaker; Winnebago.

COOLIDGE FREEDOM, Farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Winnebago; born in Oxford, now Androscoggin Co., Me., May 12, 1830, residing there with his parents until the year 1845, when he emigrated to this Co., where he married, March 13, 1862, Augusta J. Woods, who was born in Midston, Vt., Feb. 21, 1838; Mrs. C., before marriage, was identified in the educational interests of the country, having taught school eight years, and four years in this Co.; Mr. Coolidge commenced in this Co. by working by the month, and now owns a farm of 220 acres, on which he has made all the improvements; Aaron Coolidge, aged 84, and his mother, aged 81, have resided with him the past 18 years; Clarence, Edwin, Lelia, are his children; has been School Director of his district for several years.

COPELAND PHILANDER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon; Winnebago; born in Plymouth Co., Mass., March 6, 1817; came to this Co. in 1853; married Louisa Watkins, Sept. 6, 1836; she was born in Dutchess Co., N. Y., May 16, 1816; Mr. C. and his father could not agree relative to his future pursuit in life; consequently he left home at the age of 17, with one suit of clothes and \$5, with a determination to educate himself for the practice of medicine; he passed through many dark hours, but subsequently graduated at the State University of Michigan; he is the oldest Homœopathic Physician both in years and residence in the Co.; has rode over the prairie through rain, night and day, never being idle, and has not seen a sick day in 40 years; he has contributed to the erection of all the churches in the village, and all the public improvements; his religious and moral qualities are highly spoken of by his neighbors.

CORL HENRY W. Justice of Peace; Winnebago; born June 30, 1839, in Union Co., Pa.; when he was 7 years of age his father died, and his mother married again; he came to Freeport with his parents, in 1854, and the following year was appren-

ticed to a harness maker, at Monroe, Wis.; the burning of the establishment throwing him out of employment, he returned to Freeport, where he completed his trade, remaining there 4 years; after a year's work at Polo, he began business at Rock Grove, remaining there until March or April, 1868; enlisted in Co. B, 40th I. V. I., doing good service until the close of the war; returned to Rock Grove, and began business again, which he continued 2 years, then 8 years selling dry goods with Mr. Cramer, and came to this Co. in 1873; married Edith R. Seebold, Oct. 7, 1880; she was born in Union Co., Pa., Sept. 14, 1846.

CORL JAMES O. Member of the firm of Corl & Marston; Winnebago; born in Centre Furnice, Centre Co., Pa., June 21, 1856; came to this Co., April 7, 1869; married Miss Fannie Brown, May 8, 1877; she was born in St. Clair, Schuylkill Co., Pa., May 5, 1858; Mr. C. moved with his parents to Oakhall and Bowlsburg, and from the latter place to this Co.; Messrs. Corl and Marston are the only Manufacturers of and Dealers in Harness, Saddles and Collars in Winnebago; they are honest, prompt business men, whom the people respect and patronize.

CORL JOSEPH, Blacksmith; Winnebago; one of the firm of J. & N. Corl; was born in Union Co., Pa., March 2, 1835; his father died when he was 12 years old, when he went to Centre Co., Pa., working on a farm 1 year; returned to his native Co., learning his present trade with his brother; worked on a farm and then rented farm until 1857, when he started for the West, arriving in Freeport the same year; came to this Co. in 1858, where he has been a very successful man; married Harriet Porter, Oct., 1860; she was born in Huntington Co., Pa.; they have three children.

CORL NATHAN, Carriage Manufacturer; Winnebago; a member of the firm of J. & N. Corl; born in Union Co., Pa., Feb. 8, 1833; at the age of 23, he commenced business on his own account by starting a wood shop adjoining his father's blacksmith shop, continuing in this place and at this trade until the death of his father, when he lived on the home farm until it was sold, when he moved to this Co., in 1869, where he has been engaged in his present business; married Caroline Swann, Nov. 16, 1847; she was born in Union Co., Pa., Aug. 31, 1839; they have three children.

COWLES HORACE P. Retired Grain Dealer; Winnebago; born in Shenango Co., N. Y., Jan. 15, 1826; at an early period of his existence, he went with his parents to Geauga Co., Ohio, residing there about 18 years, after which he moved with his brother to Ingham Co., Mich.,

the Capital being located at Lansing the year following his coming to this Co.; he assisted in the survey of the grounds, and in building the capitol buildings; at the age of 23, he again returned to Geauga Co., Ohio, and married Sabrina L. Smith, July 10, 1849; she was born in Geauga Co., Ohio, Jan. 13, 1831; he went to Belvidere, residing one year, when he came to this Co., arriving in 1854; has been Supervisor 8 years, Justice of the Peace, Town Clerk and Town Treasurer.

Craig Robt. farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Elida.

Cralahan Michael, trackman; Winnebago.

Cross A. Methodist pastor; P.O. Winnebago.

CROSS PHILIP, Grocer and Attorney at Law; P. O. Winnebago; born in Onondaga Co., N. Y., July 15, 1831; when two years old, moved to Oakland Co., Mich.; resided there 12 years; in 1843 he went to Genesee Co., Mich., where he lived 4 years, when he sought a home in La Peer Co., Mich.; in 1852 he came to this Co., where he has been engaged in his professional work and in mercantile business; married Martha E. Pulman; she was born in Onondaga Co., N. Y., Dec. 18, 1841; Alice M., Francis J., Albert P., Jennie M. and Jennie R. are their children.

DALES WM. boot and shoe store; Winnebago.

DANIELS DENNIS O. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 23; P. O. Rockford; born in Ireland, Jan. 18, 1830; owns 80 acres land, valued at \$5,000; came to this country in 1826, and to this Co. in 1844; married for first wife Tirzah Powell, and for second, Sarah Sharp; she was born in England, Jan. 28, 1834; Freddy N., Grace and Duane are three pretty children; Mr. D. commenced a poor man, and now has a good home.

Darling W. L. farm lab; P. O. Winnebago.

Darling Jos. laborer; P.O. Winnebago.

Decota John, painter; P. O. Winnebago.

Delaney J. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

Delaney W. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

DICKEY ALONZO, Farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Rockford; born in Unity, N. H., Aug. 11, 1818; commenced life by transporting goods with team from Corinth, Vt., to Boston; being a careful and prudent man, he gathered together money sufficient to purchase a farm; sold out in Feb., 1869, and came to this Co.; married Mary A. Green, Jan. 1, 1846, who was born in Corinth, Vt., April 15, 1819; Winthrop G., their second son, was a commercial traveler, and died in Ohio while there on business; owns 140 acres land.

Dickey G. B. resides with father.

Donaldson Alonso, laborer; P. O. Elida.

Done Geo. R. laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

Doyle Thos. laborer; Winnebago.
 Drummond John, laborer; P.O. Winnebago.
 Drummond S. laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

EDWARDS HUGH R. Farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Winnebago; Republican; owns 120 acres land; married Julia C. Myrick, in March, 1864; born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., Feb. 7, 1836; she is beloved by her family and friends for her intellectual and moral worth; two children living: Edwin H., born March 12, 1867; Inez E., Sept. 29, 1868; George E., born Sept. 17, 1871, died Sept. 27, 1873; too much cannot be said of Mr. Edwards' army history, as he was a member of the 2d Ill. Cav.; that regiment being engaged in all the battles of the Tennessee, among which are Fort Henry and the famous battle of Hawley Springs, where Mr. E. with others of his regiment were surrounded and cut their way out; it would take pages to tell all the heroic acts of the 2d Cav. under Grant and Ord; Mr. E. served four years and six months.

ELLIS JAMES, Principal High School Winnebago; born in Lincolnshire, Eng., on the 9th of May, 1844; his father was a retail merchant and fancy baker; at the age of 7 James was sent to the Wesleyan Monotorial School, at Winterton, where he remained two years; in 1853 his father emigrated with his family to America, and landed in New York after a voyage of nearly seven weeks; pushing West as far as railroads were opened, they arrived in Rockford in June of the same year; after remaining in Rockford two years his father purchased a farm in Boone Co., Ill., to which he and his family removed; James worked on this farm and out by the month during the summer seasons, and attended district school during the winters, until 1862, when, at the age of 18, he enlisted into the army, and served during the war of the rebellion, in the 95th I. V. I.; after his discharge from the army he returned home, and worked his father's farm two years; he then determined to obtain a more liberal education, and, in December, 1867, entered the Sharon Normal and Scientific Institute, at Sharon, Wis.; he pursued his studies vigorously at Sharon nearly three years, part of the time teaching to obtain necessary funds, and keeping up with his classes; in 1870 he was appointed to the Principalship of the Public School at Capron, Ill.; the same year he married Miss Susan L. Bowman, of Leroy, Boone Co., Ill.; after remaining in Capron two years he resigned his position and entered the Illinois State Normal University, at Normal, Ill., as a student, where he graduated in 1875; the same year he was appointed Principal of the Public School at Winnebago, Ill., where he remained one year; he then removed to Boone Co. for one year, after

which he went to Winnebago; his wife, Susan, of Benjamin Leroy, Boone Co., and Mrs. K. one 4 and 1/2

ELLIS W. P. O. Winnebago, Mass., June 1852; married 1845; she was April 27, 1845 and learned which he was next brothers, in which he bought 80 children and laide J., El Fred. W., and

Edston E. H. Elston W. A.,

FALCONE 14; P. O.

FALCONE 15; P. O. W. June 29, 1881 Republican \$5,000; married 1867; she was Dec. 1, 1847 iam, Freddie of their child

FALCONE Sec. 15; P. O. land, Feb. 1, his father in this Co. his in the town 1855, when Robert now married Ann Scotland, Jr. bright little coner's father Falconer, a with her son

FAULKNER er; Winnebago 1812; married she was born 10, 1814; the until 1848, buying a far they resided moved to this of eleven child

Faulkner John Faulkner Sam Fish W. farmer Folsom C. H.

Francis J. renter; Sec. 4; P. O. Winnebago.
FREAR ABRAM, Deputy Sheriff; Winnebago; born in Oswego, Toga Co., N. Y., Jan. 9, 1835; at the age of 23 he left his native state, coming to Winnebago, in 1858; the same year he went to Pike's Peak, returning the same fall; Feb. 28, 1861, he was married to Elida E. Schoonmaker; she was born in Esperance, Schoharie Co., N. Y., June 1, 1842; during the 19 years Mr. Frear has lived in this Co. he has taken an active part in her interests, both social and political, having been an honored and efficient officer nine years.

GARDNER REV. THEO. A. Congregational Pastor; Winnebago.

GARDNER RICHARD, Farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Winnebago; born in England, Nov. 29, 1823, crossing the Atlantic in 1831, with his parents; came to this Co. in 1849; remained 8 years; removing to LaFayette Co., Wis., he remained 14 years; then returned to his present farm of 159 acres; married Abigail C. Swezey, in 1846; she was born in Norway, Herkimer Co., N. Y., Aug. 28, 1826; Mr. G. owns one of the finest farms in this Tp.

Gartock John, laborer; Elida.

Gearhart W. R. physician and Post Master; Winnebago.

Gillett Thomas, laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

GODDARD J. M. Farmer and School Teacher; Sec. 17; P. O. Winnebago, born in Franklin Co., Vt., July 7, 1828, came to Freeport, Ill., July 7, 1841, and removed to this Co. in 1855; owns 80 acres of land, about a quarter of a mile southwest from Winnebago; he is a pioneer School Teacher, and labors to promote the cause of learning; has been Principal of the High School in Winnebago and other schools in the Co. for 9 years, and has been teaching 28 years; is a Republican and Presbyterian; held the offices of School Director and Superintendent of Sabbath School; married Mary Blodgett, Sept. 10, 1862; they have two sons and one daughter, Charles Edwin, Henry Newel, and Mary Alice.

Goodrich N. W. clerk; Winnebago.

GORHAM ORANGE R. Farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Winnebago; born in Pittsford, Vt., July 18, 1837; came to this Co. in 1846; he is a cousin to the great inventor, M. L. Gorham; Orange commenced by working land on shares in this Co.; he has owned several farms, which he has conducted successfully; he is now the Business Manager of the estate of M. L. Gorham; being one of the old settlers of this Co. and an honorable man, he is highly spoken of by his neighbors; married Mary McDowell, March 11, 1863; she was born in Chillicothe, Ohio, Sept. 19, 1829.

GRIPPEN DENNIS W. Retired Farmer; Winnebago; was born in Woodstock, Madison Co., N. Y., April 18, 1808; and is one of the solid men of this Co., at the age of 21, he left home, his father then residing in Oneida Co.; residing on one piece of land for 16 years, when, like other energetic men, he came to this Co., via Erie Canal and the lakes, landing in Sheboygan, Wis., and over land to this place, arriving here in 1845; enlisted as First Lieutenant in 45th Regt. I. V. I., in 1861; again enlisted as First Lieutenant in 146th Regt. I. V. I., serving out his time; married for first wife Lydia Miller, born in Oneida Co., 1803; married second time Margaret Wallace, born Nov. 12, 1838, in Franklin Co., Ind.

GRIPPEN SPENCER C. Druggist, Winnebago; born in Oneida Co., N. Y., March 24, 1844; came to this Co. with his parents in Sept., 1845; at 23 he commenced life as a farmer, owning at one time a portion of the home farm; this he sold, and in the winter of 1871-2, clerked for a Mr. Shumway, who was keeping a drug store in this village; this store he bought, May 20, 1872; he has a beautiful store, 20x55, which is kept stocked with a full line of Drugs, Druggists' Sundries, Wall Paper, Paints and Oils; the firm is now Grippen & Mellen; Mr. G. married Margaret Hunter, in 1865; she was born in Shelby Co., Oct. 16, 1844.

HALL ALFRED, farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. ~~Winnebago~~

Hallowell Joel, Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford.

HARRIS AMOS C. Farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Winnebago; born in Albany Co., N. Y., Feb. 1, 1834; his father having fifteen children, was of necessity a very poor man, but the average wealth of his children is estimated at \$15,000; Amos married Mary J. Kellogg, in 1858; she was born in N. Y., Oct. 12, 1838; her mother, now 65 years old, resides with her daughter; Mr. H. came to this Co. in 1855, and worked in a machine shop in Rockford, and by this means collected together a little money to make a payment on a farm; started in life poor, and is a self-made man; has one child, Stewart, who is a bright boy.

Harris John, painter; P. O. Winnebago.

Hart Pat. farm; Sec. 10; P. O. Winnebago.

HATTON THOS. Carpenter; Winnebago; born in England, Sept. 16, 1821; came to this country when quite young, and resided in N. Y. until 1838, when he came to Chicago, residing there about three or four years; in 1841 he came to this Co., where he has been following his trade; married Angeline Williams, Aug. 18, 1849; she was born in Cataugus Co., N. Y., Jan. 28, 1828.

Hatton Thos., Jr. laborer; Winnebago.

Heart C. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

Heart John, farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Rockford.

Hennesey J. farm; Sec. 8; P. O. Winnebago.

HOBSON EDWARD B. Farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Winnebago; born in Canada, April 11, 1827; Democrat; owns 120 acres land, valued at \$10,000; came to this Co. in 1843; married Cornelia Ann Schoonmaker, April 28, 1857; she was born Nov. 26, 1837; Martha J., Mary Alice, Jacantha M., Gitty M., Henry, Thomas, Lillie, Harry, Lizzie L. and Charles E. are the names of their children; Mr. Hobson came from Chicago with a team, and is one of the old settlers of this Co.; he has always walked on the platform of never going into debt unless he knows he can pay, which has brought him a competence which few are able to enjoy.

HOLCOMB OLIVER T. Grain Dealer; Winnebago; born in Hartford, Conn., Dec. 31, 1818; when fourteen years old he moved with his parents to Geauga Co., Ohio, and were pioneer settlers in that Co.; here he lived, helping his father clear a new timbered farm (marrying in the meantime Jerusha E. Cowles, Sept. 6, 1840; she was born in Shenango Co., N. Y., Feb. 14, 1815), until 1851, when he came to this Co., settling in Burritt, buying a farm of 160 acres; he commenced here with nothing, mortgaging his first crop to secure a payment; has been engaged in the grain trade on the Mississippi and in this village several years.

HOLLENBECK E. Farmer; Secs. 7 and 8; P. O. Winnebago; born in Middleburg, Schoharie Co., N. Y., March 7, 1844; came to this Co. in 1857; Republican; Congregationalist; owns 88 acres land, worth \$6,000; married Mary A. Keep, in 1871; two children, Wallace K. and Herbert D.; during the twenty years Mr. Hollenbeck has been in this Co. he won for himself an enviable reputation; he holds an office in his church, which indicates his honesty in Christianity; Rev. John Keep, Mrs. H.'s father, is buried in this Co., and Mrs. Keep resides with her daughter.

Hollenbeck G. farm; S. 24; P. O. Rockford.

HOLLENBECK HENRY, Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 22; P. O. Winnebago; born in Schoharie Co., N. Y., Mar. 26, 1814; came to this Co. in 1857; owns 120 acres land, valued at \$8,000; married Eve Zimmer, in March, 1836; she was born in Schoharie Co., N. Y., Oct. 13, 1818; they have a family of eight children, one daughter residing in Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

HOLLENBECK JACOB, JR., Farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Winnebago; born in Middleburg, Schoharie Co., N. Y., Oct. 29, 1821; his father gave him a farm in

the above Co., where he resided fourteen years; came to this Co. in 1854; has been School Director; married Mary Warner, Sept. 10, 1840; she was born in Schoharie Co., Sept. 8, 1821; the names of their children are as follows: George, Catherine, William H. (drowned while at school in Beloit, Wis.), Jacob, Wells, Peter, Frank, Anna E., Fred. J., Wyley S., and Jacob A.

HOLLENBECK PETER, Farmer; P. O. Winnebago; resides on his father's (Jacob Hollenbeck) land; he was born March 13, 1851, in Schoharie Co., N. Y.; came to this Co. with his father in 1854; Republican; married Elmira Stafford, Dec. 15, 1871; she was born in Statesburg, Clinton Co., N. J., Jan. 24, 1847; Mr. H. was three years in the regular army, serving in the 21st, 17th and 10th, commanded by McCook; Burton, their only child, was born in August, 1872.

Holt E. H. P. O. Winnebago.

Holt G. W. farmer; P. O. Winnebago.

HOLT WILLIAM, (Deceased;) born Cherry Valley, Otsego Co., N. Y., July 12, 1795, and died May 14, 1876; at the age of 21, he married Louisa Vibbard; she was born in Otsego Co., N. Y.; when Mr. Holt was 14 years old, his parents moved to Buffalo, buying a farm where a portion of that city now stands; here he lived for 27 years; early in the spring of 1837, this pioneer started for Ill., at the season of the year when navigation was not fully opened, and walked the greater part of the way to Chicago; paying his passage to Dixon on the line of stages then running, he journeyed with them about two days, when the delays occasioned by their sticking in the mud disgusted him; he left them, coming on foot, *via* Doysville, to Westfield, in this Co., where his brother, David A. Holt, the oldest settler in this Tp., then lived; Gerucia and Abby S. are his daughters; Elijah H. and Grosvenor Williams are his respected sons, and reside in Winnebago.

HOUGHTON BETHUEL, Farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Rockford; born July 12, 1808, in Boston, Vt.; at a very early age he moved to N. H. with his father, Jonathan Houghton, where he lived until ten years old, when he went to live with his grandfather, where he remained until 21 years old; in about five years he moved to Vt., living there three years, when he came to this Co. in 1836; was engaged in the bakery business till 1845, when he bought his present home of 194 acres of land; married J. C. Morgan, Jan. 28, 1844; she was born in Ireland, Aug. 1, 1824, and died Oct. 22, 1869.

Houghton Chester, resides with his father; P. O. Rockford.

HOYT TIMOTHY B. Sec. 33; P. O. Elida; came to this Co. in 1836, settling

in another part of the Co. from where he now resides; he is a Republican and Congregationalist; born in St. Albans, Vt., Dec. 26, 1819; he started from Vt. at the age of 15, driving a team all the way to this Co. for a Mr. Campbell, who died in Ogle Co. recently; the hardships to be endured on such a trip for a boy of fifteen can better be imagined than described; in 1849 he married Abigail Blake, who was born in Georgia, Vt., April 10, 1829; they have six children, Jerome O., Casper W., Mary J., Estella G., Hattie J. and Herman J.; Mr. Hoyt has been severely afflicted with rheumatism and suffers untold miseries, but for all that his love of fun is prevailing; has a home of 145 acres land.

Hudson Arthur, resides with father, W. Hudson; P. O. Winnebago.

Hudson Horace, laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

Hudson R. resides with father, W. Hudson.

HUDSON WM. Farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Winnebago; Democrat; Methodist; born in England, Feb. 11, 1811; came to this Co. in 1844; married for his first wife Martha Valentine, in 1831; she died on their way to this country; married Elizabeth Bryant in 1862, who was born in 1836; Emeline S., their only daughter, is a very interesting appearing girl of 16; Mr. H. owns a beautiful farm of 80 acres, valued at \$7,000.

HUNTER DAVID E. Retired Farmer; Winnebago; born in Miami Co., O., May 10, 1826; leaving home when 16 years old, he learned the tanners' trade, following the same 3 years, after which he was engaged in farming with his brother until at the age of 25, when he went to California, mining gold 2 years; returning to his native town, he bought a farm and resided on the same until 1868, when he came to this Co., where he has been farming and other business; married first time Sarah J. Erwin, Feb. 29, 1853; she was born in Tyrone, Ireland, July 14, 1829; married second time Mary Mutchmore, March 8, 1859; she was born in Essex Co., N. J., Dec. 15, 1824.

Hunter J. G. carriage trimmer; Winnebago.

Hunter J. I. retired harness mkr; Winnebago.

Hunter P. farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Winnebago.

Hunter Wm. farmer; Winnebago.

JAGGER NELSON, laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

JACKSON JOHN A. Farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Winnebago; born in Bath, Summ't Co., O., June 4, 1843; when quite young he moved to Cleveland, O., with his parents, residing in that city and in East Cleveland 18 years and 9 months; came to this Co. in 1859, bringing his widowed mother, his brothers and sisters, whom he had cared for since the death of his father in 1852; married Camilla O. Lawrence,

Nov. 16, 1864; she was born in Addison, Oakland Co., Mich., Nov. 23, 1845; moved with her parents from Oxford, Mich., to this Co., and is the only daughter of P. T. Lawrence; Florence E. (deceased), Orin P., Elva M.; the last two their living children.

JACOBS CHARLES H. Retired Farmer; P. O. Winnebago; born in Spaford, Onondaga Co., N. Y.; his father was born in Guilford, Vt., April 24, 1823; married Cornelia O. Farrell; she was born in Onondaga Co., N. Y., Oct. 9, 1831; Mr. Jacobs, Sr., moved to Pribble, N. Y., where he lived about six years, when he moved to Onondaga Co.; married; after which he entered the ministry, joining the Methodist; in 1856 he came to this State, buying a farm in Ogle Co., continuing on the same two years, and then came to this Co., arriving in Dec., 1858; joining again the conference, he preached in Stephenson, McHenry and Lake Co., coming back to this village, where he died, Feb. 27, 1874.

John J. M. agr'l implements; Winnebago.

JONES ABRAHAM, Farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Winnebago; born in Canada, March 17, 1837; came to this Co. in 1852; Democrat; Episcopalian; owns 80 acres land, valued at \$6,400; married Mary A. Two, Feb. 22, 1866; she was born in Bedfordshire, Eng., June 29, 1829; Wilber, Joel and Lillie are the names of their three children; Joel Two, Mrs. Jones' first husband, died some years ago, leaving five children; Ada, aged 18, and Catherine 16, are his two youngest daughters.

JORDAN JERRIE, Furniture Dealer and Undertaking; Winnebago; born in Juniata, Penn., July 1, 1830; moved to Ogle Co. in 1852, where he lived four years, and then went to Kansas, where he joined the John Brown expedition, for which he was sentenced to State's prison five years; after serving six months of the time he, with others, was released by order of the Governor, when he came to Byron, where he enlisted in the 8th I. V. I., serving three years; was wounded near Fairfax; in 1869 he came to this Co.; married Ellen J. Linn; she was born in Perry Co., Penn.

KENNEDY JOS. laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

KERNS WM. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 22; P. O. Winnebago; born in Chester Co., Pa., Oct. 7, 1829; came to this Co. in 1854; owns 120 acres of land, on which he has erected good buildings; held office of School Director; married Sarah E. Myers, Feb. 17, 1859, who was born in Lancaster Co., Pa., January 12, 1831; her father was an old settler of Pa.; Mr. Kerns commenced life by renting farms, but, with honesty, frugality and

earnest labor, has acquired a goodly competence.

Kerr Wm. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford.

KIESTER D. MILTON, M. D. Physician and Surgeon; Winnebago; born in Westmoreland Co., Pa., Feb. 20, 1849; married Josie McKenzie, April 19, 1877; she was born in Penn.; at the age of 17, Dr. Kiester and his father not agreeing about his education, he left home, teaching in summers and going to school winters, until he commenced the study of medicine, resulting in his graduating at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, in 1875; has been practicing, since he graduated, in Iowa; he comes recommended by his class-mate, Dr. Spaulding, whose practice he takes Oct. 17, 1877.

King Wiley, laborer; Winnebago.

LANE FRED. resides with his father, W. H. Lane; P. O. Winnebago.

LANE WILLIAM H. Farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Winnebago; born in Guildhall, Essex Co., Vt., Jan. 8, 1843; when an infant his parents moved with him to Lancaster, N. H., where he lived 19 years; buying his time of his father, and with one suit of clothes and \$200 dollars he went to Boston, working by the month for Gov. Morton; here he was married, to Emily N. Weare, on Sept. 6, 1846; she was born in York Co., Maine, Feb. 25, 1820; they moved to Belfast, Maine, engaging in the marble business with his brother-in-law, J. A. Farley; in the spring of 1851 he came West, via the canal and lakes, to Chicago, first settling and buying 240 acres of land in Grant Co., Wis.; in 1853 he came to this Co., the year following buying his present farm, on which he has made all its improvements; has six children.

LAWRENCE PORTER J. Farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Winnebago; he, with his father, moved to Washington, Macomb Co., Mich., in 1835, from Onondaga Co., N. Y., where he was born, on Nov. 5, 1821; he lived in Washington, Mich., until he was 21, when he married, Jan. 1st, Martha M. Baldwin, who was born in Addison Co., Vt., May 14, 1819; with his young wife, moved to Addison, Oakland Co., Mich., residing there 4 years; then in Oxford 16 years; from the latter place they came to this Co., arriving here and buying their present home of 80 acres in 1863; they have but one daughter, who is Mrs. Camilla Jackson.

LAWRENCE WM. F. Retired Farmer; Winnebago; born in London, Eng., March 18, 1816; at the age of 16, he went to sea and was engaged as a seaman for three years; in 1835 he came to America with his parents, settling in Cleveland, Ohio, where he was married to Blanche Friend, April 4, 1837; she was born in

Devonshire, Eng., Feb. 14, 1816, and was one of the passengers of the ill-fated "Minerva," which was wrecked off Long Island Sound, in March, 1846; she was saved by wreckers; Mr. L. came from Cleveland to this Co. in 1865, settling five miles west of Rockford, where he now owns a good farm; have eight children; Newton, their oldest son, enlisted in the 74th I. V. I.

LEWIS DAVID C. Merchant; Winnebago; born in Huron Co., O., Feb. 4, 1828; moved when quite young to Detroit, Mich.; at the age of 10, he returned to Huron Co., Ohio, where he remained until he was 15; he went to St. Clair, Mich., where he resided 8 years; in 1845 he came to this Co.; commenced life on his own account at sixteen, and has been engaged in fishing, boat building, carpentering, farming and hotel keeping, until he commenced his present business in this village, in 1855; now owns a first-class dry goods store; from a poor fisher boy, he has risen to rank among the wealthiest men in this village; married Lucy Burtch in 1843; she was born in Canada West, Nov. 23, 1829; have two children, E. Chandler and Etta.

LIGGETT HENRY, Farmer; rents the Hall Farm; Sec. 1; P. O. Winnebago; born in Chester Co., Pa.; resided with his father, Jacob Liggett until 23 years of age, when he worked the homestead one year; went to Byron, Ogle Co., where he resided until the 22d of February last, when he came to his present location; married Martha Bunn, Nov. 26, 1874; she was born in Hunterdon Co., N. J., Sept. 12, 1854; they have two pretty children, Wm. B. and Lillie I.

LIGGETT JACOB, Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 27; P. O. Winnebago; born in Chester Co., Pa., Aug. 26, 1833; came to this Co. in 1854; March 27, 1849, he married Ann Ayers, who was born in Chester Co., Pa., Jan. 15, 1823; although Mr. L. came to Ill. when there were very few improvements, he has by industry and careful management acquired 200 acres of land; he is a man of sterling worth and beloved by his neighbors and family; he has eight children.

Linn John M., Presb. pastor; Winnebago.

LUTHER CHARLES D. Farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Winnebago; born in Millville, Mass., Aug. 29, 1851; married Mary L. VanAlstine, Oct. 18, 1873; she was born in Burrill, Ill., July 19, 1854; Mr. L. came to this Co. with his father in 1857; first settled in Rockford when he was about 6 years old, living there about 8 years; moved to Burrill, residing there 6 or 7 years, when they came to their present home; Louie H. and Alonzo T. are their only children.

LUTHER WILLIAM H. Retired Farmer; Winnebago; born in Swansea, Bristol Co., Mass., July 11, 1811, moved with his parents to Attleboro, and then to Mendon, Worcester Co., where he was employed as a boy of all work; at the age of 15 his employer, who was superintendent of the shops, let him learn the machinists' trade; worked for Dr. Wilder until he had earned \$500; loaned the same to his employer, who failed, and he lost it all; he afterwards built 254 looms in Worcester, for Hamilton Woolen Mills, and took charge of them in South Brady; moving to Lowell, Mass., he took charge of the mills that made the first shawls in America; afterwards bought half interest in mills at Springfield, Vt., when he sold out to his partner, going to Worcester Co., where, with two others, he bought a large mill, which, when repaired, cost \$40,000; through the rascality of a partner, all this property was lost, when he came to this Co. in 1858, and is now a wealthy man; married for first wife Ruth Darling in 1841; she died in 1856, married Luranda R. Turk, who was born in Acworth, N. J., March 7, 1837.

Lutz Geo. laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

MCCLAIN J. G. laborer; Winnebago.

McCann G. warehouse clk; P. O. Winnebago.

McDannell Wm. laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

McGEACHIE DUNCAN, Farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Rockford; born in Argyleshire, Scotland, May 24, 1828; after living in Scotland and with his father until 28 years of age, Mr. M. determined seeking a home in the new world; he accordingly left Glasgow and came via New York to Rockford, arriving there in 1852; went to Iowa and bought 200 acres land, and sold it in a short time, buying 112 acres in the northern part of this Co.; he afterwards bought his present farm of 800 acres, on which he has erected magnificent buildings; has been School Director, and Trustee of the Presbyterian Church, of which he is a member; married in Feb., 1858, Elizabeth Ralston, who was born in Scotland in Sept., 1828; Duncan, Lizzie, Ella, Maggie and Willie are their children.

McGEACHY JOHN, Farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Rockford; born in Scotland in 1835; Mr. M. worked by the month in Scotland until he was 23, after which he came to Canada, living there 6 months; then came to Boone Co., Ill., where he lived 5 years; thence to this Co., residing 8 years; returning to Boone, rented a farm, on which he worked six years; came to this Co. again, buying his present farm of 184 acres, married Martha Ralston in 1865; she was born in Scotland in 1833; have one child, William.

McGeachy N. farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Rockford.

McGeachie P. farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Rockford.

McNear Robt. farm; Sec. 6; P. O. Winnebago.
McQuaters Alexander, resides with brother; P. O. Rockford.

McQUATERS JOHN, Farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockford; born in Westchester Co., N. Y., Feb. 29, 1836, married Mary E. Hollenbeck, May 27, 1871; she was born June 7, 1846, in Schoharie Co., N. Y.; Mr. M. moved with his parents to Connecticut, where he resided eleven years; in 1852 moved to Norwich, and again to Blackstone, Mass., where he worked in woolen mills; came to Wisconsin in 1856, and to this Co. in 1866, coming all the way with an ox team; rented his present farm for three years, after which he bought it; his father died in Wis., April 12, 1866, his mother and brother Alexander still reside with him; has three children, Margaret A., Agnes E., and Henry.

Mack J. C. laborer; Winnebago.

Mahan John, rents farm; P. O. Winnebago.

Mandeville Frank, resides with S. B. Mandeville; P. O. Winnebago.

MANDEVILLE HENRY I. Farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Elida; born in Orange Co., N. Y., in 1793; married Peace Sprague, born in 1792; Henry D. was his eldest son, who died July 12, 1877; Adeline, Simon S., Daniel, Sarah, Katie P., Frank, and Fred., are the names of his living children; Mr. M. has been a helpless invalid for thirty years; his loving children sold their home in New York and came to this Co. Oct. 1, 1860, hoping to change the condition of their father's health; notwithstanding long nights of anxious, weary watching, and days filled with toil in attending to the wants of an invalid parent, these children, with Simon S. as manager and director, have secured and beautified 160 acres of land.

Mandeville Isaac, laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

Mandeville S. B. P. O. Winnebago.

Mandeville Thomas, resides with his father, W. A. Mandeville; P. O. Elida.

MANDEVILLE WILLIAM A. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 33; P. O. Elida; born in Elbridge, Onondaga Co., N. Y., Aug. 2, 1821; came to this Co. in September, 1846; Democrat; Congregationalist; owns 65 acres of land, worth \$4,500; married Adelia Chapel, in July, 1844; she was born in New London, Conn., Aug. 22, 1820, have three children, Charles E., Thomas Irving, Libbie E.; Mr. M. harvested from 80 acres 2,200 bushels of wheat in 1848, two-thirds of which he hauled to Chicago, Ill., Milwaukee and Janesville Wis.

MARCHANT ENOCH, Blacksmith; Winnebago; born in Tioga Co., N. Y., Feb. 24, 1826; from his native Co. he came to this in Oct., 1854; married Miranda Brown, April 16, 1850; she was born in

Tioga Co., N. Y., April 23, 1833; Mr. Marchant enlisted in the 156th I. V. I., serving his country with honor until the close of the war, when he was honorably discharged; he is one of ten sons his widowed mother sent to the army, an account of which is given in another part of this work.

MARGET JAMES. Farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Winnebago; born in Bedfordshire, England, Sept. 1, 1831; came to this Co. in 1855; Democrat; Presbyterian; owns 40 acres land, worth \$65 per acre; married Mary Ann Hewlett in Sept., 1851; she was born May 6, 1831; Lizzie A., Angelo J., Herschell G. and Louisa L. are their children, one of whom is married to David Sims; Mr. Marget was 23 days coming to N. Y. from England; first settled in Evansville, Ind., where he resided 2 years; not being suited with the country, he went by water to Cairo, then to St. Louis and Galena; took the stage for Rockford, and has made this Co. his permanent home ever since.

Mariner Frank E. son of G. H. Mariner; P. O. Winnebago.

MARINER GEORGE H. Farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Winnebago; born in Saco, Me., Sept. 16, 1818; at 6 years old he was left an orphan, and at his mother's request, who died two years previous, he was taken by a Mr. Rich, who removed to Livermore; here he lived until 21, when he left with \$75, working by the month for a Mr. Coolidge 2 years at \$12 per month; after being engaged in the dry goods trade in Livermore, he went to Boston, engaging in the bakery business with his brother-in-law; after 4 or 5 years he sold out, and ran a truck line until 1852, when he moved to this Co., buying a farm and building the first stone house in this township; married Mary J. Coolidge, Jan. 1, 1848; she was born in Livermore, Me., Jan. 28, 1820; have three children: Charles D., George E. and Frank E.

Marshall Benj. laborer; Winnebago.

MARSTON WM. Farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Winnebago; born in England, Jan. 12, 1825; married Sarah M. Peck, March 24, 1856; she was born in England, April 2, 1832; Mr. Marston, after living in nine different shires in England, like many other energetic men, came to this country in the ship Excelsior in 1850, stopping first in Janesville, Wis., where he lived three years; in 1853 he went to St. Paul, Minn., but returned to Janesville, Wis., when in 1857 he came to this Co., where he has since resided.

Martenus A. B. laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

Mellen Albert A. hardware; Winnebago.

MELLEN A. J. Farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Winnebago; born in Newfield, Tompkins Co., N. Y., April 24, 1835; came to this

Co. in March, 1857; Democrat; owns 220 acres land, valued at \$17,600; is School Director; married Flora M. Swan, Oct. 2, 1866; she was born in Newfield, N. Y., June 8, 1839; Alice, Fred. S. and S. Clarine are their three living children; Chas. W. died Sept. 30, 1868; when Mr. Mellen came to this Co., he had only \$15, but by manly and ennobling toil, he has beautified a lovely home; his house is situated on an eminence of land, giving one a fine view of the surrounding country.

Mellen Clark, mnfr. of butter; Winnebago.

MELLEN CHAS. H. Winnebago; Of the firm of Grippen & Mellen, Drug gists; born in Onondaga Co., N. Y. Dec. 11, 1839; moved to Cayuga Co., N. Y., when about three years old, where he was engaged in farming; came to this Co. in 1854, following the same business until June 1, 1877, when he bought an interest in a drug store, with the above partner; Mr. Mellen's honesty and integrity are well established in this Co.; married Annis St. John, Sept. 25, 1859; she was born in Cayuga Co., N. Y., in 1849; have two children, Elmer E. and Elida.

Mellen Erastus, retired farmer; Winnebago.

Meredith Geo. retired farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Winnebago.

Merryfield J. O. farm; S. 22; P. O. Winnebago.

MERRYFIELD JOSIAH P. Farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Winnebago; he is one of the oldest settlers in this Tp.; born in Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 17, 1821; started with his father from Buffalo, via the lakes, to Toledo, Ohio; then by land and teams to this Co., arriving here in 1836; married Jane Stewart, March 29, 1848; she was born in Ogdensburg, N. Y., Aug. 16, 1830; has a good home of 180 acres of choice land.

MILLER AMOS. (Deceased); died of disease contracted while in the South attending his son Cyrus, who was wounded in the arm; he was a man who possessed those qualities of mind and character which made him beloved by all who knew him; he was born in Oneida Co., N. Y., Nov. 4, 1809; came to this Co. in 1855; Josiah F., his youngest son, and an attorney at law, resides on the homestead with his mother; Richard and Thos. N., one a Congregationalist pastor and the other a physician, are two of Mr. Miller's promising sons; Mary E. is the only daughter; we cannot speak too highly of his friends and children, cherish too well the memory of this old settler.

MILLER AMOS E. Farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Winnebago; born in Vernon, Oneida Co., N. Y., Sept. 26, 1844; came to this Co. in March, 1855; Republican; Congregationalist; owns 65 acres of land, valued at \$4,900; married Lauretta Jennings, Dec. 23, 1869; she was born May 20, 1849;

Edeline E., born Dec. 23, 1870; Alice A., May 15, 1872; Jessie L., Dec. 25, 1873; these, their children, were all born in Winnebago; whatever this history could say of Mr. and Mrs. Miller, it would be a small tribute to their worth; long after they have passed away, like a wreath of mist at eve, the memory of their acts of kindness will be cherished in the hearts of those who knew them.

MILLER CYRUS A. Farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Winnebago; owns 80 acres land, worth \$6,500; born in Vernon, Oneida Co., N. Y., Feb. 17, 1839; married Ida D. Hobert, Sept. 5, 1872; she was born in Westford, Chittenden Co., Vt., Dec. 30, 1849; she is a lady of culture, having taught in the High School at Winnebago; Mr. Miller enlisted and served nearly three years in the 74th I. V. I.; was in the battles at Murfreesboro and Lookout Mountain; was severely wounded in the arm and honorably discharged.

MILLER HENRY H. Farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Winnebago; born in Oneida Co., N. Y., Oct. 28, 1840; moved to this Co. with his parents in 1855, who were poor, his father working land on shares; Henry with his other brothers has helped to amass a good fortune, which was amicably divided among them at the death of their father; Mr. M. has contributed largely to all the improvements of the township, and is known as an honorable and honest man; married Mary A. Pettis, Dec. 5, 1871; she was born in Oswego Co., N. Y., Oct. 29, 1848; Maud is the name of their only daughter.

Miller Josiah, P. O. Winnebago.

MILLS DAVID, Farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Winnebago; born in Albany Co., N. Y., July 4, 1811; came to this Co. in 1859; owns 180 acres land, worth \$11,000; married Ermelia Baylies, in 1835; she was born in Cato, N. Y., June 24, 1818; Mr. Mills resided with his father until 21 years old; worked by the month for \$10 per month; settled in Weedsport, N. Y., in mercantile business for six years; bought a farm in Cato, N. Y., lived there ten years, and then moved to this Co.

MITCHELL JOSEPH M. Farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Elida; born in Lebanon, N. J., Dec. 13, 1847; came to Winnebago Tp. in March, 1870; married Sarah Seal, Aug. 12, 1871; she was born in Lebanon, N. J., Aug. 18, 1847; they have three children: Lizzie S., born June 19, 1872; Nellie, Jan. 12, 1874, and Lydia, Oct. 10, 1875.

MITCHELL JOHN W. Farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Elida; Republican; born in Hunterdon Co., N. J., Jan. 6, 1844; owns 93 acres land; married Sarah A. Stryker, July 2, 1864; she was born Feb. 4, 1844; their children (Peter S., born Oct. 12, 1865; Mary L., May 7, 1867; Eva E., Jan. 1, 1874.) are being so guided in early life by their

parents that they may be an ornament in society; Mr. and Mrs. M. are earnest as well as honest workers in the Methodist Church, and are beloved by its pastor and society; Mr. M. served 9 months in the 31st N. J. V. I., and was honorably discharged.

Moore Job, laborer; Winnebago.

Moore J. W. laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

MOORE S. H. Farmer and Carpenter; Sec. 18; P. O. Winnebago; born in Fulton, Schoharie Co., N. Y., July 26, 1831; came to this Co. in 1855; Republican; Congregationalist; owns 120 acres land, worth \$8,400; married Catherine Hager in 1855; she was born in Cobleskill, N. Y., Oct. 23, 1828; the names of their children are: Elder, Ella, George, John, Nancy, Alice, Ralph and Minnie; the last died Dec. 10, 1876; Mr. M. is one of the trustees of his church, and beloved by all who know him; they have a beautiful house situated on an elevated portion of his farm, where love and happiness reign.

Morris John, tinsmith; P. O. Winnebago.

NEVENS W. H. farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Winnebago.

Nicalson J. farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Winnebago.

NYE WILLIAM, Farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Winnebago; born in Worcester Co., Mass., June 17, 1820; at the age of 22 he went to Norfolk Co., Mass., where, the following year, he married Eliza Daniels; 22 years ago he came to Cambridge, Henry Co., Ill., purchasing a farm, and returned to Mass.; after a lapse of 7 years he again returned to Cambridge, Ill., where he was engaged as a clerk in a mercantile house until 1871, when he sold his place and came to this Co., buying 25 acres of land; Mrs. Nye was born in Franklin, Norfolk Co., Mass., Feb. 8, 1827, and is sister of Rev. W. Daniels, A. M., of Chicago, who has lately written the life of Rev. D. L. Moody.

O'BRIEN DENNIS, laborer; Winnebago.

O'FARRELL D. McD. Retired Methodist Minister and Farmer; P. O. Winnebago; born in Onondaga Co., N. Y., Dec. 5, 1809; at the age of 16 he left home, learning the carriage maker's trade, which he followed until 23, when he entered the ministry, which profession he followed 15 years, when he was obliged to retire on account of health; buying a farm, he resided on the same for nearly 20 years; came to this place in 1873, where he has since resided; owns 240 acres land; married Adaline Whitney, Sept. 1, 1836; she was born in Cortland Co., N. Y.

Osborn Walter, laborer; Winnebago.

OSBORN WEBSTER, Farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Winnebago; owns 196 acres

WINNEBAGO TOWNSHIP.

land, valued at \$12,000; born in Oneida Co., N. Y., Nov. 18, 1841; married Lucinda Spencer, May 28, 1861; she was born in Penn., May 26, 1838; children: Rhoda, born Jan. 15, 1862; Willard L., July 18, 1864; Frank J., Nov. 5, 1866; Fred, Feb. 4, 1869; George, Sept. 21, 1870; Grace M., Nov. 7, 1871; Blanche A., Dec. 8, 1874; Fred died Feb. 12, 1869, and George, the day of his birth; these, his children, are beloved by all who know them; Mr. O. came to this Co. in 1846; started from Oneida Co. in a canal boat for Buffalo; thence to Chicago by boat, using a team and wagon to transport him to this Tp.; he is a man of intelligence and sterling worth, as is shown by his holding the highest offices of his Tp. for seven years; the second term of his district school was taught in his house.

PAHRLEY D. C. laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

PADDOCK WM. S. Farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Winnebago; is a nephew of Mrs. Eliza A. Burnett, and resides with that lady; his father is an old resident of this Co., coming here in 1844; he was born in Tompkins Co. N. Y., in 1817; married Selena Fox; she was born in Cataraugus Co., N. Y.; both parents are buried in this Co.; William is an unmarried man and beloved by all who know him.

Palmer A. F. laborer; Winnebago.

Parsons N. F. lumber dealer; Winnebago.

PATRICK JAS. Farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Winnebago; born in England, 1822; came to this Co. in 1846; owns 210 acres land; has held offices of School Director and Road Commissioner; married Miss Rachel Faulkner, in 1845; she was born in England, and died in 1861; in 1864 he married Clara Rundell, who was born in N. Y.; has six children, Lucy, Azubah M., Rachel F., Theron J., Martha E., and Edith E.; lost one daughter, Mary Edith.

Patton Wm. H. hardware; Winnebago.

POULTON ALFRED, Sec. 21; P. O. Winnebago; rents Mrs. Merrifield's farm; born in England, Dec. 16, 1827; came to this Co. in October, 1868; owns personal property valued at \$8,000; married Susannah M. Saunders, June 12, 1856; she was born in Milbourn, Willshire Co., Eng., Sept. 6, 1837; the names of their children are as follows: Madeline M., born Aug. 6, 1857; Elizabeth E., Oct. 3, 1858; Sarah A., May 21, 1860; Emily R., Nov. 8, 1863; Alfred C., Sept. 10, 1867; they were all born in East Court, England, except Alfred C., who was born in Cliff, Piper, England.

Pettis M. P. farm; S. 20; P. O. Winnebago.

Posson A. G. laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

POWELL LEWIS, Farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Winnebago; an old settler; born in

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sort is one of the intelligent young women of this county.

Roberts Ed. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Elida.

ROBERTS HENRY B. Retired Farmer; Winnebago; born in Perry Co., Pa., Oct. 28, 1820; moved with his parents to Juniata Co., Pa., and then to Huntingdon Co., where he lived about ten years; after teaching school winters and working on a farm summers he laid by money, which he invested in the mercantile trade with A. G. Miller, in Mechanicsville, Pa., in 1849; about this time his father died and he went back home, residing until 1853, when he came West, to Ottawa, Ill., where he bought a large tract of land in Farm Ridge Tp.; returned to Penn.; and again, in 1857, came to this Co., making it his permanent home; married Nancy J. Meradeth, Feb. 4, 1864; she was born in Perry Co., Pa., Jan. 7, 1845; have two children, Mattie and Jessie M.

Roberts Jonathan, farm; S. 33; P. O. Elida.

ROGERS HENRY B. Farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Winnebago; born in Cortland Co., N. Y., Dec. 23, 1839; came to this Co. in 1856; moved to California in 1864, and returned to this Co. in 1867; started in life without capital, and by dint of persevering has gained 146 acres land, and is regarded as one of the solid men of the Co.; he married, March 20, 1861; Sarah Derwent; she was born in England, in October, 1839; have seven children.

Rusyard Alfred, laborer; Winnebago.

Russell E. J. teacher; Winnebago.

SCHOONMAKER CHAS. S. Winnebago.

SCHOONMAKER HENRY, (Deceased;) was born in Albany, N. Y., April 16, 1808; for nearly 80 years he lived in this locality, working in an ax factory, and on his father's farm; in 1836, he married Mary Lown; 5 years later, the beauties and prospects of the prairie state were so graphically laid before him that he became convinced of its merits, and determined making it his future home; he accordingly gathered together all his scanty resources, and, with one team and wagon, came, via Buffalo and Detroit, to Rockford, where he camped over night, there being only two log houses where the prosperous city now stands; after looking for a suitable location, he settled near a place formerly called Westfield, in 1838; sometime during the year, he pre-empted 100 acres land, and in due time received the first government deed for the same ever given for land in this Tp.; always keeping in view that toil for daily bread and the necessities of life is manly and ennobling, he was able to leave a goodly inheritance to his children; on Aug. 30,

1872, he was suddenly called from earth, by being thrown from a wagon while after a load of hay; John Schoonmaker, his eldest son, was born in this Tp., April 2, 1842; owns 80 acres land in Sec. 37 married L. M. Posson, Feb. 18, 1868; she was born in Schoharie Co., N. Y., May 9, 1849; Ella, Fannie and Maggie are their children; Mr. S. served 5 months in the 74th I. V. I., and re-enlisted in the 3d Illinois Light Artillery, Co. G.; Charles Schoonmaker, the fourth son, married Katie Lown, Oct. 3, 1876; she was born in Oswego Co., N. Y., Dec. 16, 1855; Maggie Schoonmaker, an unmarried daughter, now resides on the old homestead with her mother, and was a favorite daughter of her father; no daughter cherishes the memory of a loved parent more than Maggie; this family's P. O. address is Winnebago.

SCHOONMAKER IRA, Blacksmith; Winnebago; born in Schoharie Co., N. Y., Aug. 1, 1832; moved with his parents to West Tp., Albany Co., N. Y., returning again to Schoharie Co., and after two years again moved to Schenectady, where he lived 12 years, when he moved to this Co., arriving in 1854; married Mary Mack, Sept. 14, 1863; she was born in Ulster, Tompkins Co., N. Y., Dec. 24, 1843; have five children; Mrs. S. is a member of the Methodist Church.

Schoonmaker John, Winnebago.

Schoonmaker William, renter on Sec. 30; P. O. Winnebago.

SEALS JOHN, Farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Elida; born in Hunterdon Co., N. J., and commenced life for himself by working for F. Martens, at \$3 per month, and then for another farmer 6 years and 6 months, at \$6 per month; after working at different places at \$9 per month, the highest wages then paid, he moved into the mountains, buying a farm at \$3,650; resided there six years; sold out for \$5,000, and came to this Co. April 5, 1855; after living on different farms, he bought 167 acres where he now resides; married his first wife, Jane Bellis, in 1846; she died in 1849; had two children, Sarah and Peter; Mr. S. has been School Director for 19 years, and one of the first Trustees of the Methodist Church in Elida; during 22 years' residence in this Co. has been regarded as an honorable man.

Seal Peter, renter; Sec. 34; P. O. Elida.

Searls S. I. renter; Sec. 7; P. O. Winnebago.

Schreiber J. shoemaker; P. O. Winnebago.

SHAMMO JOHN R. Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford; born in Perry Co., Pa., Oct. 16, 1847; came to this Co. in Oct., 1867; Democrat; owns 80 acres land, valued at \$60 per acre; married Laura J. Bell, March 11, 1874; she was born in Newark, Wis., Oct. 20, 1853; Charles A. is

their only child; Mr. S. lived in Ogle Co. 22 years.

Shaw Jacob, laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

Shaw Morris, laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

Shehan Jas. laborer; Winnebago.

Shehan P. renter; Sec. 26; P. O. Winnebago.

Sheldon C. G. farm; S. 15; P. O. Winnebago.

SHELDON EDWARD G. Farmer; P. O. Winnebago; born in Ohio, in 1827; came to this Co. in 1853; owns 240 acres land; has held offices of School Director and Road Commissioner; married Miss Aurenda M. Stinson, in 1848; she was born in N. Y.; have four children, Edwin M., Geo. E., Clarissa I., Mary J.

SHIELDS JAS. Farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Elida; born in Ireland, in 1833; came to this Co. in 1851; Democrat; Catholic; married Hannah Barry, in 1866; she was born in Cook Co., Ill., Feb. 22, 1844; have five children living: Christopher J., Rachel S., Jas. H., John B., and Mary R.; Geo. N. died March 20, 1874; Mr. S. owns 120 acres land, worth \$70 per acre; Mrs. Shields' father was an old settler of Ogle County.

Shilling Sam. book-keeper; P. O. Winnebago.

Shinn S. blacksmith; P. O. Winnebago.

Simpson H. hotel keeper; P. O. Winnebago.

SIMS H. W. Farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Winnebago; rents C. R. Briggs' land; born in Ogle Co., Ill., Nov. 30, 1847; came to this Co. Nov. 24, 1876; married Eliza A. Porter in March, 1875; she was born in Wis., Aug. 8, 1852; William James, born April 8, 1876, and Nathan P., July 9, 1877, are the names of their children; Mrs. Sims' father is one of the pioneer settlers of Wis., and Mr. Sims' father is one of the old settlers of Ogle Co. of this State, where he has reared a large and interesting family.

Smead Asa, farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Winnebago.

Smith Ed. farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Winnebago.

SMITH FRANK. Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockford; owns 160 acres land; born in Ireland in 1827; came to this Co. in 1855; married Sarah Kelly in 1859; she was born in Ireland; have one child living; Mr. Smith worked on a farm after arriving in the States, both in Mass. and N. Y.; came to Chicago; was there one year; then to Rockford; he now resides on a beautiful farm in this township.

Smith Jas. retired farmer; P. O. Winnebago.

Smith J. C. farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Winnebago.

SMITH MARK. Farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Winnebago; born in Marston, Eng., Oct. 11, 1826; owns 383 acres land, valued at \$36,000; married Elizabeth Faulkner, May 12, 1848; she was born in Marston, Eng., Feb. 16, 1831, and they moved to this country the same year; when Mr. Smith arrived in Rockford, where he lived 9

years, he had 93 cents; laying up a little money by working by the day, he went to Seward Tp., bought a farm and resided there 18 years, after which he came to this tp.; he is one of the wealthiest farmers in the Co.

Spalding A. E. physician; Winnebago.

SPOTTSWOOD ROBERT, Blacksmith; Elida; owns 25 acres land, and one house and lot in Byron; born in Scotland in 1817; sailed from Annon, Scotland, to Quebec, residing in Canada 12 years; moved to N. Y.; lived there 13 years; landed in the U. S. in 1830; came to this Co. in 1867; married Mary C. Graham in 1842; she was born in Scotland, June 19, 1817; children are: Catherine, Robert (both died when young), Robert, Catherine, Elizabeth, Margaret, Jennie, Mary C., Ellen; Robert, his only son, works at blacksmithing with his father; married Eleanor F. Ellis, June 30, 1875; one child, Mary J.

Stack John, laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

Steers A. R. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Elida.

Stephens I. M. carpenter; P. O. Winnebago.

Stiles E. G. Teacher; Winnebago.

STRAW HENRY L. Wagonmaker; Winnebago; born in this Co., March 17, 1844; married Catherine F. Byron, Sept. 26, 1869; she was born in Utica, Oneida Co., N. Y., Dec. 23, 1849; three children, Blanch K., Grace E. and Edna; Mr. Straw has been actively engaged in the wagon manufacturing business until recently, when he sold out to other parties.

Sullivan J. renter; Sec. 29; P. O. Winnebago.

Sullivan Pat'k, farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Elida.

Sucia D. H. blacksmith; Winnebago.

SWAN EDGAR L. Clerk; Winnebago; born in Schuyler Co., N. Y., Feb. 12, 1850; when 10 years old he moved with his parents to this Co., where he has been engaged in farming until the past two years, which have been given to clerking for his brother, M. M. Swan, of this village; married Florence H. Edson, Dec. 29, 1874; she was born in Rockford, Ill., Dec. 20, 1852; Mr. Swan is one of those affable, congenial men who are ever ready to take one by the hand with hearty welcome; Herbert E., a bright-eyed little boy nearly two years old, is their only child.

Swan J. farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Winnebago.

SWAN MARCUS M. Merchant; Winnebago; born in New Jersey, Feb. 8, 1848; came to this Co. with his parents in 1860; commenced the mercantile business in this village in 1868, with a brother, the firm continuing about four years; about 1872 Marcus bought out his brother, and has been the only proprietor ever since; with good business qualifications, fair and honorable dealing, he has won the confidence of all who know him;

keeps a full line in general goods, and has the largest trade of any house in Winnebago; makes a specialty of Butter and Eggs, shipping to all Eastern markets.

SWARTZ AMOS, Elida; Keeps the only general store, and is Postmaster of Elida, commonly known as Westfield; born in Perry Co., Pa., Dec. 25, 1850; came to this Co. in 1854; married Viola M. Craig, Dec. 9, 1875; she was born in this Co., July 7, 1852; Mr. Swartz keeps a good assortment of goods of all kinds, which he will sell to his customers as low as any store in Rockford; commenced business in Nov., 1875.

Swenzey A. S. farm; Sec. 7; P. O. Winnebago.

TANNER E. C. farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Winnebago.

Taughner James.

Taylor J. H. laborer; P. O. Winnebago.

Taylor S. W. renter; Sec. 20; P. O. Winnebago.

Taylor Samuel, renter; Sec. 20; P. O. Winnebago.

Temple J. H. renter; Sec. 32; P. O. Elida.

Thorn A. C. carpenter; P. O. Winnebago.

THORN HIRAM T. Dealer in Agricultural Implements; Winnebago; born in Taberg, Onondaga Co., N. Y., Oct. 14, 1844; at the age of 11, he came with his parents to this Co.; married Emma Benham, daughter of the distinguished A. J. Benham, Aug. 22, 1875; she was born in Hastings, Barry Co., Mich., Jan. 1, 1856; Mr. Thorn enlisted in the 12th I. V. C., in 1863, serving with honor until 1866; he is actively engaged in the agricultural implements trade, handling only first-class goods and selling at reasonable prices; he is a vocal and instrumental musician, of no ordinary abilities, being a leader of the Winnebago Silver Cornet Band.

Tracy L. D. farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Winnebago.

Treadwell T. carpenter; P. O. Winnebago.

Trittle F. C. U. S. detective; P. O. Winnebago.

TWO ALFRED, Farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Winnebago; lives on his mother's farm, Mrs. Mary A. Jones; born in England, Jan. 11, 1850; came to this Co. in 1855, and is the oldest son of Joel Two, one of the old settlers of this Co.; married Patience Kennedy; she was born in Canada, June 1, 1857; Ural J. and Lyman A. are their only children.

Two Samuel, mason; P. O. Winnebago.

UPDIKE DANIEL, laborer; P. O. Elida.

VANALSTINE JACOB G. Farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Winnebago; born in Montgomery Co., N. Y., April 6, 1814; he was a descendant of an old line of patriots, his father and their relatives help-

ing to defend our rights in the revolutionary war; at the age of 21, he left the parental roof, having in the meantime learned the carpenter's trade, with a stout heart and willing hands as his capital, working a portion of the time at his trade and at boating on the Erie canal until the year 1852, when he came to this Co., residing in Burritt 15 years, and then removing to his present location, where he has beautified a home of 105 acres land; married Margaret Coventry, July, 1843; she was born in Utica, N. Y., March 28, 1872; her father and brother have been in the practice of medicine 100 consecutive years, in Utica, N. Y.; have twelve children; John, their oldest son, enlisted in the 44th I. V. I., Aug., 1861, and was killed at the battle of Stone River in Dec., 1862.

VANSTON DAVID, Jr. Winnebago; of the firm of Prescott & Vanston; Meat Market; he was born in Upper Canada, March 25, 1834; came to this Co. with his parents in 1853; married Emily J. Hudson, March 30, 1871; she was born in Bardonia, Orleans Co., N. Y., Oct. 37, 1832; Mr. V. first settled in Seward Tp., where he followed farming; about 8 years since he bought an interest in the Market, and the firm is doing a prosperous business.

VANSTON SAMUEL, Farmer; Sec. P. O. Winnebago; born in Dublin, Feb. 22, 1822; he is a son of Major Vanston, of the English army; at the age of 20 he came to this country, sailing via the West Indies and landed in New Orleans; not suited here, he came to Peoria via St. Louis, where he lived three years with Bishop Chase; afterwards bought 80 acres land in Stark Co.; sold the same and came via La Salle, Ill., to this Co. in 1845; served in the late war in the 45th I. V. I.; was at the battle of Shiloh when Gen. W. H. W. Wallace was killed; married Mary A. Wallace, cousin of the above General; have adopted two children, Horace and Lulu Allen; the latter died 8 years ago.

WARNER EDWARD, renter; P. O. Winnebago.

WARNER JOSEPH D. Farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Winnebago; born in East Harden, Middlesex Co., Canada; he came to this Co. in 1848, built the first house in the village of Winnebago, on the ground where Lind's store now stands; was the first station agent at Winnebago, holding that office 13 years; Saturday nights he would arrange seats in the station house for a "handful of people" to hear the first Methodist preacher in this town, Barton Cartwright; he at one time bought about one-half of the land on which Winnebago is now built; he still owns a good house and lot in the village, and 80 acres; he was born May 15, 1811; raised a family of six children, and grandchildren and great-

grand-children live to bless a pioneer of this Co.

WARE EDWIN, Farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Rockford; born in Hancock, Hillsboro Co., N. H., Jan. 31, 1842; he came to this Co. in March, 1876; married Agnes McQuaters, Dec. 16, 1866; she was born in Tariffville, Conn., Jan. 6, 1845; Winifred A. and Ernest E. are their only children; Mr. Ware enlisted in the 18th N. H. V. I., serving 8 years; his Regt. planted the first U. S. infantry flag in Richmond.

Watson F. A. farm lab; P. O. Winnebago.

WATSON GEO. Farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Winnebago; born in Yorkshire, Eng., Jan. 14, 1821; came to this country in 1829; Congregationalist; owns 240 acres land, worth \$17,000; lived in N. Y. about 14 years, and other places about 6 years, when he moved to this Co.; came from Annsville, where he was married, to Ill.; married Marie C. Tygert, Feb. 1, 1847; she was born in Montgomery Co., N. Y., April 22, 1829; children are: James W., W. Henry, Frank A., S. Jennie, G. Lewis, Thos. B. A., Marion D., Erminie E.; Mr. W. owns one of the finest farms in this section of country, and is beloved by all who know him.

Watson Henry, farmer; P. O. Winnebago.

Watson Jas. farmer; P. O. Winnebago.

WELDON SPENCER S. Farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Rockford; in 1835 Mr. Weldon came from Keene, N. H., with his father, to Ottawa, La Salle Co., and

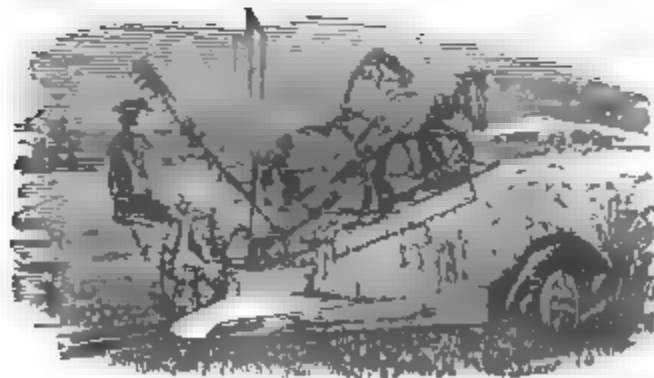
camped on Covel Creek, near that pioneer settler of La Salle Co., Joseph Ebersol; the next summer he came with his father to this Co., and has resided here ever since; the old log house they built in 1836 is still standing, in a remarkable degree of preservation; Mr. S. was born in Keene, N. H., in 1825; married Agnes Kelly, April 26, 1854; she was born in Scotland, in 1825; they are among the oldest living residents of this Tp.

Wells R. L. farm; Sec. 16; P. O. Winnebago.

Winslow E. W. station agt; P. O. Winnebago.

WRAY SAMUEL T. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 34; P. O. Elida; born in Perry Co., Pa.; came to this Co. in 1855; owns 100 acres land, worth \$5,000; Republican; Presbyterian; married Martha Scott, in 1871; she was born in Pa., in 1852; her father is an old settler of this Co., and a physician; have three children, Clara B., David C. and Clarence.

WRIGHT WM. L. Farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Elida; born in Yorkshire, England, July 14, 1826; owns 242 acres land; came to this Co. in 1845; resided in Ogle Co. 5 years, when he moved to the southern part of the State and lived there about 10 years; then he returned to this Co.; married Christina Gelger, in 1853; she was born June 5, 1834; Mr. Wright lived with his father until he was 27 years old, when he left and worked by the month in Byron, Ill.; from this he has risen to one of the wealthiest farmers in the Co.



ROCKTON TOWNSHIP.

A DAMS DARIUS, retired; Rockton.

Adams Isaac, merchant; Rockton.
 Armatage John, laborer; Rockton.
 Aspland George, renter; Rockton.
 Aspland James, speculator; Rockton.
 Aspland James, Jr., laborer; Rockton.
 Austin A. M. farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Rockton.
 Austin E. M. book keeper; Rockton.
 Austin H. farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Rockton.
 Austin W. W. farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Rockton.

AXE W. R. Machinist; Rockton; born in England, July 22, 1821; learned his trade in Sheffield, England; came to Providence, R. I., in 1842; worked at his trade there 13 years; came to this town in 1866, and in connection with Mr. Widdowson erected a foundry and machine shop, in 1867; married Olive P. Marshall, in N. Y., in 1848; she was born in Maine.

BACON JOHN, Farmer; Sec. 81; P. O. Rockton; born in Frankfort, Maine, on June 24, 1808; moved to Dutchess Co., N. Y., in 1836; lived there 4 years; came to this Co. in 1840, and it has since been his home; owns 240 acres land; married Ermina Seaver, in N. Y., Aug. 1837; she was born in Essex Co., N. Y., in 1815; died in this Co., May 27, 1863.

Baker Rufus, money loaner; Rockton.
 Baker Samuel, painter; Rockton.
 Baker William, blacksmith; Rockton.
 Bartholomew O. F. tinsmith; Rockton.
 Bartholomew S. tinsmith; Rockton.
 Bater H. E. miller; Rockton.
 Bates E. S. farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Rockton.
 Bellows Hiram, retired; Rockton.
 Bentley Caleb, attorney at law; Rockton.

BENTLEY FREDERICK J. Farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Rockton; born in Columbia Co., N. Y., June 22, 1822; came to this Co. with his father and brother, in 1846; his father and brother died 2 years afterwards in Chicago, with cholera; Mr. Bentley owns 200 acres land on Sec. 11, 40 acres on Sec. 9, 20 acres on Sec. 16; married Sarah Crandall, in Berlin, N. Y., Jan. 9, 1843; she was born in Berlin, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1823; have four children, Mary (now Mrs. C. A. Strickland), born in June, 1845; Alice H. (now Mrs. R. B. Meach), June 26, 1849; Wm. Northrup, Nov. 2, 1852.

Bentley W. farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Beloit, Wis.
 Benton George, mail carrier; Rockton.
 Benton John, farmer; P. O. Rockton.
 Beeby W. S. mail carrier; Rockton.

Bingham Allen, retired; Rockton.

Bingham Robert, laborer; Rockton.

BLACK EDWARD, Retired Farmer; Rockton; born in Ireland, March 5, 1844; moved to this country with his parents in 1855; came to this Co. in 1857, and it has since been his home; enlisted in 74th Regt. I. V. I., Co. A., in Aug., 1862; was promoted Second Sergeant for meritorious services; was in battles of Stone River, Murfreesboro, and all through to Atlanta; was honorably discharged in June, 1865; married Mary Chapman, in Rockford, this Co., March 5, 1869; she was born in this Co., July 13, 1845; they have three children, Clara, born Feb. 5, 1870; Eugene, Aug. 16, 1875; Frances, May 2, 1877.

Blake Amos, retired; Rockton.

Blake E. A. retired; Rockton.

Blish E. watchman; Rockton.

Bliss A. D. laborer; Rockton.

Blunt Thomas, farmer; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Boon Aaron, retired; Rockford.

Boon C. E. laborer; Rockton.

Boon Joseph, laborer; Rockton.

Boon S. S. stage driver; Rockton.

Bordman C. farmer; Sec. 81; P. O. Rockton.

Borthe A. laborer; Rockton.

Brown Amos, renter; Sec. 19; P. O. Rockton.

Bryden Charles, cooper; Rockton.

Burk Andrew, contractor; Rockton.

Burns John, laborer; Rockton.

Busher D. wheelwright; Rockton.

Butler D. S. lime kiln; Rockton.

Butler Robert, works with father; Rockton.

CALVIN JOHN, farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Rockton.

Cardell Edmon, retired; Rockton.

CARPENTER DAVID, Retired Farmer; P. O. Rockton; born in Berkshire Co., Mass., March 15, 1808; came to this Co. in 1836; owns 170 acres land; was one of the first Jurors that were selected in the Co.; was elected Supervisor several years; has been President of Board of Village Trustees last 5 years; has been Superintendent and Trustee of the Congregational Church 12 years; married Miss Julia M. Pettibone, in Saratoga Co., N. Y., March 7, 1836; they came to this place on their wedding tour; located here, and it has since been their home; Mrs. Carpenter was born in St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., July 15, 1814.

CARPENTER JOHN H. Born in Berkshire Co., Mass., May 19, 1797, and graduated at Williams College, in 1824.

and at the Berkshire Medical College in 1827. Soon after, he with his brother, George, purchased a hotel in Troy, N. Y., where they located, George attending to the affairs of the hotel and John H. practicing medicine. A few months later their property was destroyed by fire, and being only partially insured, involved them in debt. The Doctor soon after abandoned his profession, and becoming a stockholder in "The Brattleboro Typograph Co," of Vermont, engaged in selling one of their proposed works, "The Comprehensive Commentary," which, like most works of a similar nature, was sold by subscription in advance of publication. In 1836, he made a trip West, and located a claim on Rock River at the place now known as Rockton, and returning East, resumed his labors, selling "The Commentary." In this work he was eminently successful, being instrumental in putting into circulation five thousand sets of "The Comprehensive Commentary," in five states, viz: Fifteen hundred in Mass. and Conn., about the same number in Kentucky and Indiana, and two thousand in Illinois. But the company who proposed to publish the work failed, so he was not made very rich by his efforts in that direction. He next engaged for several years in the agency of the American Bible Society, both in Wisconsin and Illinois, although continuing to reside at his old homestead in Rockton, where he carried on the farm by proxy, never having been married; has been a member of the Congregational Church in Rockton for some forty years, and a Deacon for nineteen years, and has been a contributor to most of the benevolent objects of the day, and has been especially active in the cause of temperance and antislavery, and above all the support of true and genuine Christianity, which requires us to do good to all and evil to none.

Carpenter T. M. Rockton.

CARR CALER, Farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Beloit, Wis.; born in Columbia Co., N. Y., July 18, 1820; moved from there to Mich., in 1842; lived there until 1852; California two years; moved to Iowa in the spring of 1856; came from there to this Co., in 1860; owns 100 acres land; married Cinderella Lewis, Oneida Co., N. Y., Nov. 1, 1847; she was born in N. Y., Nov. 6, 1820.

CARR CHAS. E. Farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Beloit, Wis.; born in Iona, May 27, 1837; came to this Co. in 1860; married Miss Julia Sanders, in Beloit, Wis., March 10, 1877; she was born in N. Y., May 24, 1856.

Case E. laborer; Rockton.

Case Edwin, wagon maker; Rockton.

Chamberlin W. C. farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Chamberlin J. F. farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

CHAPMAN EDM. Farmer and Fruit Grower; Secs. 32 and 20; P. O. Rockton, born in N. Y., Sept. 17, 1809; moved to Michigan in 1833; lived there 8 years; moved back to N. Y.; stayed there 8 months; came to this Co. in 1842; has held various township offices; owns 162 acres land; there are 1,200 apple trees on it; many of them are bearing; first wife was Gertrude Jones; they were married in Michigan; present wife was Mary Wallace; they were married in Janesville, Wis.

Chapman Edom, Jr., renter; Sec. 33; P. O. Rockton.

Chapman H. renter; Sec. 33; P. O. Rockton.

CHASE J. E. Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockton; born in Franklin Co., N. Y., Dec. 25, 1830; came to this Co. in 1845; has been School Director 9 years; first wife was Jane Newton; present wife was Matilda Jane Vandenburg; they were married in Clinton, Iowa; she was born in Canada.

CHENEY O. A. Farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Beloit, Wis.; born in Erie Co., N. Y., April 6, 1833; moved with his parents to Rock Co., Wis., in the fall of 1841; here he learned the carriage trade; in 1856 he entered the Milton Academy; stayed there 2 years; taught school from time of leaving until 1861, when he enlisted in 18th Wis. Regt., Co. H, V. I.; served 8 years and 3 months; was honorably discharged; returned home; was admitted to the Wisconsin and Iowa Bar in 1866, and practiced law several years; in 1869 he purchased the *Boone County Advertiser*, and under his management it became one of the most vigorous of the Republican papers in the State of Iowa, in advocating the election of Gen. U. S. Grant for President of the United States; he sold this office in 1873; in 1873 he purchased half interest in town site of Rock Rapids, Ia.; bought an office and published the *Rock Rapids Review*; in this paper he strongly advocated the re-election of Grant; he has ever been an earnest worker in the Republican party, and opposed to all laws favoring human bondage, and has on several occasions stumped different parts of the State of Iowa in behalf of the party that carried us safely through to victory in the dark night of war; he was honored with various offices of trust during his residence in that State; he married Miss Nellie M. Saxe, in Janesville, Wis., Dec. 6, 1864; she was born in Greene Co., N. Y., Oct. 7, 1839.

Clark C. C. miller; Rockton.

Clark E. N. farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Clark John, miller; Rockton.

Clark Pat. retired; Rockton.

Clover Charles, prop. meat market; Rockton.

CLOVER JOHN L. Proprietor Meat Market; Rockton; born in England, Jan. 21, 1839, moved to this Co. with his parents in 1844; married Emily Shores, in Beloit, Wis., Oct. 2, 1862; she was born April 5, 1841; Mr. Clover's father, John Clover, came to this Co. in 1844; was one of the principal contractors in the building of the N. W. R. R.; also one of the contractors in the building of the W. U. R. R.

Coanix H. laborer; Rockton.

Cochran E. retired; Rockton.

Collor Abram, wagon maker; Rockton.

Collor Wm. B. works in grist mill; Rockton.

Colyer Ed. farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Rockton.

Comstock Chas. mail agent; Rockton.

Comstock Joseph, laborer; Rockton.

Comstock N. R. barber; Rockton.

COMSTOCK R. H. Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockton; born in Middlesex Co., Conn., June 14, 1815; learned trade of carpenter and joiner; when a boy, helped build the first depot in Ann Arbor, Mich.; drove from there to this place with ox team in 1839; made the trip in 14 days; helped build the first house put up on Randolph street, Chicago; also worked on the first warehouse built in Morris, Ill.; owns 89 acres land; married Hannah Horton in Morris, this State, Jan. 10, 1848; she was born in Jefferson Co., Ind., March 21, 1828.

Comstock W. W. book-keeper; Rockton.

Conklin H. W. farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Rockton.

Coons T. M. retired; Rockton.

Cooper J. C. retired; Rockton.

Cotteral Pat. laborer; Rockton.

COWEN JAMES S. Merchant; Rockton; born in Canada West, Dec. 15, 1835; came to this Co. in 1848; enlisted in 74th Regt., I. V. I., Co. A; was commissioned Second Lieutenant of Co. A, 74th Regt., March 2, 1863; was commissioned First Lieutenant, Nov. 16, 1864; the rank of Captain by brevet was conferred on him, April 20, 1865, for gallant and meritorious service at the battles of Stone River, Mission Ridge, Franklin and Nashville, Tenn., and in the Atlanta campaign; has been married twice; present wife was Sarah M. Lester.

Cowan Wm. merchant; Rockton.

Cowles J. W. prop. mills; Rockton.

Crawford C. M. blacksmith; Rockton.

Crawford J. J. teamster; Rockton.

Crawford W. P. gardener; P. O. Rockton.

Crimmins J. C. carriage trimmer; Rockton.

Cristin Wm. laborer; Rockton.

Orittenden L. retired; Rockton.

Crosby Jas. works in paper mill; Rockton.

Cumings Ira, mail carrier; Rockton.

Curry John, laborer; Rockton.

DARLIN E. O. mechanic; Rockton.

Davis E. J. carpenter and joiner; Rockton.

Davy M. laborer; Rockton.

Deen J. W. retired; Rockton.

Dewey H. D. laborer; Rockton.

Dickinson T. broom-maker; Rockton.

Dickinson Wells, broom-maker; Rockton.

Dougherty Jas. J. paper-maker; Rockton.

DOUGLASS JAMES N. Sexton; Rockton; born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., March 11, 1834; moved with his parents to Kaine, Wis.; lived there ten years; came to this Co. in 1853; married Miss Veness, in Beloit, Wis., Jan. 25, 1854; she was born in England, and came to this Co. with her parents in 1839.

Doyle John, laborer; Rockton.

Dresser Frederick, retired; Rockton.

Druynols J. E. retired farmer; Rockton.

ELLIS GEORGE, proprietor blacksmith shop; Rockton.

Enos —, retired; Rockton.

Enos L. G. retired; Rockton.

Enos S. C. retired; Rockton.

Erkenback James, miller; Rockton.

FACKERILL HENRY, laborer; Rockton.

Fackerill H. C. laborer; Rockton.

FAIRCHILDS DANIEL, Farmer; P. O. Rockton; born in this town, Feb. 4, 1848; married Miss Diema Springer, in Beloit, Wis., Feb. 11, 1863; she was born in Hancock Co., Maine, June 12, 1852; Mr. Fairchilds' father, Daniel Fairchilds, Sr., settled in this Co. in 1830.

Fairchilds E. farm; S. 14; P. O. Rockton.

Fairchilds H. farmer; Sec. 14, P. O. Rockton.

FAIRCHILD LEWIS, Farmer; Sec. 14; P. O. Rockton; born in St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., Aug. 7, 1825; came from there to Beloit, Wis., in 1855; thence to Winnebago Co., in 1860; owns 236 acres land; is School Director; married Miss Lucinda Hurd, in St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., Oct. 10, 1847; she was born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., in October, 1824; have four children: Melvin, born July 12, 1848; Emma, Jan. 1, 1850; Henry, Nov. 23, 1852; Mary, Dec. 12, 1857, died Sept. 4, 1877; Alice, Oct. 16, 1865; his oldest son, Melvin, enlisted in 43d Wis. Inf., Co. G., re-enlisted in September, 1864; was honorably discharged in June, 1865.

Farmer H. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Rockton.

FARMER WILLIAM, Farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Rockton; born in this town, July 14, 1842; married Miss Alma Martin; she was born in Vermont; Mr.

Farmer has been Road Commissioner a number of years; owns 140 acres land.

Favor O. rents farm; Sec. 24; P.O. Rockton.
Feakins George, miller; Rockton.

FLETCHER B. F. Millwright; P. O. Rockton; born in Caledonia Co., Vt., June 21, 1812; he helped manufacture the first pair of Fairbanks Scales that were made; has worked manufacturing them several years in St. Jonesburg, Vt., and Canada, and has sold them in a number of the Western and Southern States; he also built and fitted machinery in several of the first mills put up in this Co.

Forester Chester, gunsmith; Rockton.

Forester E. J. Yankee notions peddler; Rockton.

Forester Judson, peddler; Rockton.

Forward George, teamster; Rockton.

Forward Jonah, butcher; Rockton.

Forward William, teamster; Rockton.

Freed H. B. machine tender in paper mill.

GAGON JOHN, farmer; P. O. Rockton.

Gammon Roscoe, propr meat mkt; Rockton.

Gammon T. W. laborer.

Gaton George, farmer; S. 7; P. O. Rockton.

Gates B. B. miller; Rockton.

Gavin John, laborer; Rockton.

Glazier Henry, laborer; Rockton.

Gleaseman F. farm; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockton.

Gleaseman J. farm; Sec. 31; P. O. Rockton.

Gleaseman V. farm; Sec. 22; P.O. Rockton.

Glover Thomas, painter; P. O. Rockton.

Goodwin A. P. retired farmer; Rockton.

Graham Henry, farm; S. 32; P. O. Rockton.

GRAHAM HENRY, Farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Rockton; born in Penn., Dec. 20, 1823; learned the trade of mason there, and worked at it a number of years in Pittsburg, New Orleans, and Cincinnati; came to Beloit, Wis., in 1845; lived there seven years; he then came to this Co., which has since been his home; owns 200 acres land; has held various offices; first wife was Melissa Shurtleff; they were married in Janesville, Wis., in 1850; she was born in Canada, in 1830, died in 1856; married present wife (maiden name Ellen Foster) in Edwardsburg, Mich., in 1858; she was born in Huron Co., Ohio, March 8, 1831; Mr. Graham had three brothers in the army, one of whom was killed at the battle of Fort Donelson.

Gray Robt. farmer; P. O. Rockton.

Graves E. L. retired; Rockton.

Graves H. retired; Rockton.

GRAVES WARREN H. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 17; P.O. Rockton; born in N. Y., Oct. 29, 1839; owns 191

acres land; enlisted in 80th N. Y. I. V. I., Co. H, in June, 1861; was honorably discharged in 1863; was in several battles and skirmishes; married Clara E. Farnsworth, in Beloit, Wis., Jan. 21, 1867; she was born in Eaton, Canada, Sept. 27, 1832; have had three children: Walter Thomas, born July 24, 1871; Nettie Clara, Oct. 27, 1874; Stephen Henry, June 11, 1868, died June 21, 1868.

Green Jas. laborer; Rockton.

Greenley M. P. laborer; Rockton.

Gridley J. C. retired; Rockton.

GRIFFITH JNO. Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockton; born in Wales, Jan. 4, 1816; came to Cincinnati in 1836; went from there to St. Louis; lived there three years; came to this Co. in 1840; owns 230 acres land; married Miss Catherine Webber, in this town, March 1, 1860; she was born in England.

Griffith W. farm; Sec. 8; P. O. Shirland.

Groat Henry, carpenter; Rockton.

HANAWAY JAS. fireman; Rockton.

Harper David, laborer; Rockton.

Harper Thos. miscellaneous; Rockton.

Hart A. T. laborer; Rockton.

Hays Pat. mechanic; Rockton.

Haywood —, merchant; Rockton.

Heath W. H. mechanic; Rockton.

Hennesey Michael, laborer; Rockton.

HERRICK A. B. Farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Rockton; born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., April 26, 1820; came to this Co. in 1845; owns 210 acres land; married Lydia Ann Young, in Rockton, in 1846; she was born in Buffalo, N. Y., in 1828.

Herrick Chas. farmer; Sec. 27; P.O. Ogle.

Herrick P. M. farm; Sec. 27; P. O. Rockton.

HERSEY SAMUEL, Farmer; Sec. 7; P.O. Rockton; born in Oxford Co., Me., July 27, 1814; came to this Co. in May, 1838; owns 80 acres land; first wife was Hannah Cole; they were married in Beloit, Sept. 2, 1842; she was born in Oxford Co., Me.; she died April 29, 1853; had three children by this marriage: Horatio, born in Rockton, Dec. 14, 1843; he enlisted, Jan. 4, 1864, in 9th I. V. C., Co. I; was killed in battle of Campbellville, Tenn., Nov. 24, 1864; Henry Osgood, born in Rockton, Oct. 25, 1847; the third son died in infancy; present wife was P. H. Talcott; they were married in Rockton, May 17, 1854; she was born in Rome, N. Y., March 4, 1822; the children of present wife are: Thos. Arthur, born April 17, 1855; he lost his right arm in a threshing machine when 16 years old; since then he has taught school; Ida Maria, born July 7, 1857; Mary Emma, Aug. 22, 1860; Harriet Adaline, June 20, 1864.

Hewitt F. J. mechanic; Rockton.
 Hickey Jas. farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Shirland.
 Hicks W. G. renter; Sec. 34; P. O. Rockton.
 Hill B. B. gunsmith; Rockton.
 Hipwell W. farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Shirland.
 Hollenbeck G. cooper and mason; Rockton

HOLLISTER GEO. H. born in Marshfield, Washington Co., Vt. Dec. 18, 1822, where he remained till 1850, when he removed to Rockton, Winnebago Co., Ill., where he has since resided; was elected Supervisor of Rockton for four consecutive years; held the office of Postmaster for seven years; has held the office of Township Treasurer of School Fund for 16 years; in July, 1875, was appointed State Commissioner of Public Charities, by Gov. Beveridge, which he held till 1877, when he resigned, being elected a member of the State Legislature which position he still occupies; Mr. H.'s principal business has been farming ?? and Real Estate; married Miss Elizabeth H. Pettibone, in 1852, who died Sept. 20, 1880, leaving one son, Harry L.; married Miss Fannie E. Hooker, Dec. 11, 1881; have four children: Willie C, born Nov. 18, 1863; Fred, Aug. 21, 1865; Mary B., Jan. 29, 1871; Fannie, Sept. 11, 1878.

Holmes T. S. laborer; Rockton.

HOOVER DR. HARLEY, (Deceased), whose portrait appears in this work, was born in Hartford, Conn., Dec. 9, 1792, being descended in direct line from Rev. Thos. Hooker. He early selected the study of medicine, and thoroughly and devotedly fitted himself to practice this profession. Located, when a young man, at Syracuse. In Feb., 1827, he was united in marriage to Miss Mary Beardslee, of Auburn, N. Y., where he afterwards resided until in 1839, when he removed to the "far west," intending to locate in Marshall, Mich. On his arrival there, the cholera was sweeping off the inhabitants of that place at a fearful rate. He dared not stop with his young family, and so pushed on toward the setting sun. Providence directed his steps to Rockton, Winnebago Co., Ill., (then called Pecatonica,) bearing a letter of introduction to Deacon Pettibone. Here he located and remained till his death, which occurred March 16, 1867, aged 74 years. Dr. Hooker was a physician of extensive and successful practice, widely known and greatly respected. He was a man of strong religious principles, a devout and consistent member of the Congregational Church, and in his practice as a physician and in his private walks of life, he ever adorned his Christian profession. Six children were born to him: Wm. Chellis, born Sept. 18, 1829; Jas Hart, June 23, 1830, died in Sacramento, Cal., July 15, 1874; Edward Payson, Sept. 1, 1831; Mary J. L., Aug. 29, 1833;

Geo. Rudd, Sept. 24, 1835, died in Rockton, Aug. 18, 1874; Frances E., Sept. 12, 1838. He lived to see his sons and daughters attain to man and womanhood, occupying honorable positions in society, illustrating the value of wise and virtuous parental precept and example.

Howard Jos. laborer; Rockton.
 Howard Michael, Rockton.
 Hudson David, blacksmith; Rockton.
 Hudson J. W. blacksmith and farm; Rockton.
 Huff J. A. laborer; Rockton.
 Hughs John, laborer; Rockton.
 Hugins G. carpenter; Rockton.
 Humphrey J. H. merchant; Rockton.
 Hunt Robt. laborer; Rockton.
 Hunt W. J. laborer; Rockton.
 Hutchinson David, farmer; Rockton.

JACKMAN P. D. farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Rockton.

James E. J. farmer; P. O. Rockton.

Jeffres A. laborer; Sec. 33; P. O. Rockton.

JENISON A. P. Farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Rockton; born in Wyoming Co., N. Y., March 2, 1835; owns 197 acres land in Wis.; enlisted in 6th N. Y. V. C., Oct. 16, 1861; was promoted Corporal; was honorably discharged in June, 1863; was in battles of Chancellorville, Gettysburg, South Mountain, Smithfield, and others; was wounded in skirmish at Deep Bottom, on James river; married Annie A. Davison, in N. Y., March 6, 1856; she was born in N. Y., June 28, 1836; have one child living, Hathaia E., born in N. Y., July 6, 1860.

Jessup C. farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Rockton.

JESSUP SILAS, Farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Rockton; born in N. Y., May 22, 1818; came to Ogle Co., this State, in 1843; came to this Co. in 1857; owns 200 acres land; married Mary Calender, in Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 25, 1845; she was born in N. Y., April 25, 1814; have two children living: Mary, born Sept. 6, 1843; Calender, April 25, 1850; lost two, Elizabeth and Henry.

Jinkens J. H. laborer; Rockton.

Jinkens Seth L. foreman sorting room; Rockton.

Johnson D. farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Shirland.

Johnson E. farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Shirland.

Johnson Jas. farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Rockton.

Johnson Wm. farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Rockton.

Jones A. C. laborer; Rockton.

Jones H. B. retired farm; Sec. 16; Rockton.

KEELEY PHILLIP, laborer; Rockton.

KELLEY R. B. Farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Beloit, Wis.; born in Saratoga Co., N.

Y., in 1816; moved from there to Iowa in 1850; lived there ten years; was in Quartermaster's Department, in the service of the Government, four years; went to Wisconsin in 1863; lived there until 1874, when he came to this Co.; married Maria Perry, in New York, in 1839; she was born in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1822; Mr. Kelley owns 80 acres land.

Kimball J. laborer; Rockton.

Kincade L. A. laborer; Rockton.

Kincade N. B. restaurant and bakery; Rockton.

Kinsley E. blacksmith; Rockton.

Kinsley William, blacksmith; Rockton.

KIPP DAVID G. Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Rockton; born in Greene Co., N. Y., Nov. 22, 1838; came to this Co. in 1860; enlisted in 74th I. V. I. Co. B, in September, 1862; honorably discharged in 1865; was in battles of Stone River, Mission Ridge, Kenesaw, and others; was severely wounded in left arm, left leg and head in the battle of Kenesaw.

LAKE V. A. Grain and Coal Dealer; Rockton; born in Canada, Feb. 9, 1824; came to this Co. in 1843; has held various township offices; married Miss S. M. Taft, in Wisconsin, Oct. 25, 1850; she was born in Ohio, Feb. 26, 1826; she moved with her parents to this Co. in 1836.

Lally John, Rockton.

Lamb Chas. farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Shirland.

Lamb D. C. farmer; Sec. 20; P. O. Rockton.

Lappin Martin, retired; Rockton.

Lawrence Luther, retired; Rockton.

Lawshe Wm. propr New England House, Rockton.

Lynch Thos. farm; Sec. 35; P. O. Rockton.

Lyon J. G. farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Shirland.

MCCARTHY FLORENCE, Rockton.

McConnel J. C. laborer; Rockton.

McCue Michael, laborer; Rockton.

McDonald James, laborer; Rockton.

McGrath E. laborer; Rockton.

McKay J. R. laborer; Rockton.

McKay W. W. speculator; Rockton.

MELARON DUNCAN, Farmer; Sec. 20, P. O. Rockton; born in Perthshire, Scotland, in 1847; came to this State in 1860; to this Co. in the spring of 1877; married Jennie Millinle, in Rockford; she was born in Scotland.

McMickin Jas. laborer; S. 34; P. O. Rockton.

Magilton William, retired; Rockton.

Maher James, mechanic; Rockton.

Mallums Robert, cooper; Rockton.

Manchester Thomas, agent; Rockton.

Mannard T. farmer; P. O. Rockton.

Manning C. D. retired; Rockton.

MANNING C. L. R. Harness Maker; Rockton; born in Ontario, Canada, Feb. 19, 1821; came to this Co. in 1848; holds the office of Justice of the Peace, and has been School Director seven years; married Miss Jane Baker, in Ontario, Canada; she was born in St. Lawrence Co., N. Y.; had one son (Chas. Dewey Manning.) in the army; he enlisted in the 9th I. V. C. in 1862.

Manning F. R. harness maker.

MARTIN C. B. Farmer; P. O. Rockton; born in Washington Co., Vermont, July 18, 1832; came to this Co. in 1851; has been Town Collector and Constable for the last fourteen years; has been Deputy Sheriff five years; married Miss Mary C. Cardell, in this town and Co., in October, 1855; she was born in Washington Co., Vermont, in 1854.

MARTIN EDWIN, Farmer; P. O. Rockton; born in Washington Co., Vermont, April 25, 1821; came to this Co. in 1851; owns 150 acres land, on Secs. 19, 5, and 29; owns one block of town property; has been School Director several terms; married Miss Caroline B. Wheeler, in Vt., Jan. 1, 1846; she was born in Vermont, July 2, 1827.

Martin G. W. clerk; Rockton.

Martin E. W. retired; Rockton.

Maxon —, laborer; Rockton.

Maxon A. laborer; Rockton.

Maxon A. B. laborer.

MEECH RICHARD B. Farmer; Sec. 16; P. O. Rockton; born in Canada, Jan. 2, 1840; came to this Co. in 1857; owns 160 acres land; married Alice H. Bentley, in Beloit, Wis., Jan. 20, 1869; she was born in Rockton, Jan. 20, 1849; have two children, Freddie Arthur, born Aug. 22, 1871; Nellie, Oct. 4, 1876.

Merrill F. W. merchant; Rockton.

MERRILL J. A. Telegraph Operator; Rockton; born in this town and Co., Nov. 6, 1857; his father, F. W. Merrill, came to this Co. in 1843; is engaged in the mercantile business; he married Miss Harriet S. Hollister, in Grafton Co., N. H., Aug. 20, 1844; she was born in N. H., March 31, 1825.

Merrill William, clerk, Rockton.

MERRITT J. B. Superintendent of the Winnebago Paper Mill; Rockton; was born in Oneida Co., N. Y., Dec. 27, 1830; came to this Co. in 1857, is Supervisor; this is the third term that he has represented his town in the Co. Board; has held various other offices; married Miss Frances E. Mellen, in the town of Roscoe, this Co.; she was born in N. Y.

Miller Geo. renter; Sec. 23; P. O. Rockton

Miller Lewis, farmer; Rockton.

Miller M. farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockton.
 Miller M. M. renter; Sec. 18; P. O. Rockton.
 Miller R. C. renter; Sec. 22; P. O. Rockton.
 Mills Wm. retired, Rockton.
 Moffatt G. E. renter; Sec. 34; P. O. Rockton.
 Moffatt G. N. renter; Sec. 34; P. O. Rockton.
 Moffatt R. N. renter; Sec. 34; P. O. Rockton.
 Montane K. D. L. merchant; Rockton.

MOODY EDMUND W. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 21; P. O. Rockton; born in Niagara Co., N. Y., Oct. 1, 1830; moved with his parents to Racine, Wis., in 1847; came from there to this Co. in 1850; owns 250 acres land; married Charlotte M. Fader, in town of Owen, this Co., April 8, 1856; she was born in Canada, in 1830.

Moody S. C. farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Rockton.

Moran John, laborer; Rockton.

More Jas. laborer; Rockton.

Morgan Josiah, laborer; Rockton.

Morril E. laborer; Rockton.

Morrison Michael, section boss; Rockton.

MORSE JOHN, Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 10; P. O. Rockton; born in Maine, April 25, 1826; came to this Co. with his parents in 1838; owns 850 acres land; Mr. Morse was among the first settlers in this Tp.

MORSE L. B. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 11; P. O. Beloit, Wis.; born in Lewis Co., N. Y., July 26, 1831; moved from there to Rock Co., Wis., in 1856; lived there two years; thence to Winnebago Co., Wis.; lived there ten years; thence to this Co. in 1858; owns 225 acres land; married Marietta Carter, in Lewis Co., N. Y., July 7, 1855; she was born in Lewis Co., N. Y., Jan. 15, 1836; have four children: Cordon L., born March 11, 1859; Sarah, March 17, 1861; Frank, Feb. 7, 1864; Iva Nellie, July 7, 1868.

Morse Phillip, painter; Rockton.

MOSS CHAS. Farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Rockton; born in Troy, N. Y., Sept. 20, 1842; moved with his parents to this Co. in 1852; went to Cal. in 1863; lived there until the spring of 1868, when he returned; married Viola Smith, in N. Y. city, in the fall of 1868; she was born in this Co., in 1845; his father, Wm. Moss, was born in England; came to N. Y. at an early age, and married Betsey Bates, in Troy, N. Y.; she was born in Warren Co., N. Y.

MYRON THOS. Carpenter and Farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockton; born in Berkshire Co., Mass., Feb. 18, 1837; moved to this Co. with his parents in 1854; owns 80 acres land; first wife was Ida L. Humphrey; they were married in Beloit, Wis.; she was born in Beloit, in 1854; died Aug. 2, 1874; had one child by this marriage, Maude Ida, born July 27, 1874; present

wife was Sophia Leavitt Martin; they were married in Rockton, June 20, 1871, she was born in Washington Co. Vt., June 16, 1857; Mr. Carpenter's father, Thos. Carpenter, was born in Williamstown, Mass., April 13, 1801, came to this Co. in 1854; married Ann Graves, in N. Y., Feb. 12, 1829; she was born in N. Y., June 13, 1799; he died in this town, Jan. 20, 1874.

NEWELL D. peddler; Rockton.

Newell Jason, laborer; Rockton.

NEWTON ALANSON S. (Deceased;) born in Windsor, Windsor Co., Vt. Aug. 1, 1795; died July 4, 1877; came to Beloit, Wis., in 1844, and to Rockton, Winnebago Co., Ill., in 1848, where he has since resided; married Miss Polly Prentice, May 8, 1818; she died Dec. 5, 1830; married Miss Eunice Palmer, July 17, 1831; she died in April, 1877; has had seven children: Leonard H., born July 1, 1821; Mary A., March 15, 1825; Polly J., Sept. 3, 1829; Chas. A., April 28, 1832; Albert S., May 26, 1834; Hiram P., Jan. 25, 1837; Chauncey D., Sept. 17, 1841. Miss Mary Coyle has been as one of the family since she was 14 years old, and was regarded as an heir to the estate in its final settlement by will; Mr. Newton was an honored and upright man, and held in high esteem by all who knew him, as a model of consistency; he had been a member of the Masonic fraternity for over 60 years.

NEWTON CHAUNCEY D. Professor of Penmanship; Rockton; born in N. Y., Sept. 17, 1841; came to this Co. with his parents in 1846; married Miss Mary E. Towne, in Mich., Feb. 27, 1867, she was born in Oneida Co., N. Y., Sept. 22, 1848.

Northrup H. S. butcher; Rockton.

ORR R. C. machine tender in paper mill.

Osborn Henry, mechanic; Rockton.

Osborn R. C. mechanic; Rockton.

Osgood S. W. retired; Rockton.

PADFIELD E. retired; Rockton.

PACKARD W. F. Carpenter and Builder; Rockton, born in Portland, Me., July 31, 1821; came to this Co. in 1838, located in this town, and it has since been his home; he has been Constable 6 years; married Miss Julia Adams in this town, Jan. 1, 1852; she was born in Tompkins Co., N. Y., Sept. 13, 1824; Mrs. Packard's father, the Rev. Wm. Adams, was born in Norwich, Conn.; he married Sophia C. Farnsworth, in Madison Co., N. Y.; she was born in Berkshire Co., Mass.; they came to this Co. in 1837.

Patton M. H. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Roscoe.

PECK G. D. Farmer and Stock Dealer; Sec. 9; P. O. Rockton; born in N. Y., Feb. 5, 1841; came to this State in 1867; to this Co. in 1868; owns 100 acres land; married Anna White, in Rochester Co., N. Y., Oct. 22, 1864; she was born in N. Y., Feb. 18, 1845; have five children: Asa, born July 31, 1865; Willie, Sept. 16, 1866; Jeannie Estelle, Nov. 27, 1868; Carrie, March 18, 1873, died Aug. 19, 1874; Frank H., June 2, 1874; Cora May, Jan. 27, 1876.

Pennock H. machine tender paper mill; Rockton.

Peper Jas. mechanic; Rockton.

PETTIBONE CHAUNCEY, Rockton; Foreman in Lumber Yard of Peeter & Keeler, of Beloit, Wis.

PHELPS W. A. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 17; P. O. Rockton; born in Allegany (now Wyoming) Co., N. Y., April 6, 1825; came to this Co. in 1849; owns 460 acres land; has held offices of Commissioner of Highways and School Director for a number of years; is a member of Methodist Episcopal Church; has held the position of Class Leader, Trustee and Sabbath-school Superintendent; married Miss Mary Jane Lippitt, in Crawford Co., Penn., Jan. 13, 1858; she was born in Allegany Co., N. Y., Sept. 2, 1822; have seven children living, one dead: Byron Wesley, born in N. Y.; Mary P., now Mrs. Miller, born in this Co.; Willie H., Carrie, Hattie Estella, Geo. Harvey, and Rosa Luella, all in this Co.

Phillips Benj. farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Rockton.

Pohl Fred, mechanic; Rockton.

Pomeroy S. A. renter; Sec. 28; P. O. Rockton.

POWELL E. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 17; P. O. Shirland; born in Stark Co., Ohio, Feb. 15, 1839; came to this Co. in 1865; owns 158 acres land; enlisted in the 115th Ohio Vol. Inf., Co. I, Aug. 15, 1862; was in the battle of Murfreesboro; served on detached duty part of the time; was honorably discharged, July 6, 1865; is class-leader in Methodist Church; married Nancy Gary, Aug. 5, 1862; she was born in Ohio, April 24, '43.

Props S. rents farm; S. 34, P. O. Rockton.

QUINN JOHN, mechanic; Rockton.

RANDALL JNO. works in paper mill; Rockton.

Ratchford N. D. retired; Rockton.

Richardson C. B. farm; S. 16; P. O. Rockton.

ROBERTSON CHAS. W. Retired Farmer; P. O. Rockton; born in N. H., March 16, 1812; came to this State in 1838; located in Montgomery Co.; lived there until 1860, when he moved to this Co., which has since been his home, owns

128 acres land on Sec. 19; married Mary Fairbanks, in Montgomery Co., this State, April 29, 1839; she was born in Townsend, Mass., July 6, 1814; she came to this State in 1838.

Rockwood J. B. pattern-maker.

ROE C. T. REV. Bapt. Minister; Rockton; born Durham, Eng., May 1, 1835; came to this country in 1851; to this Co. in 1859; was ordained minister here, and had pastoral charge of the Baptist Church in this place seven years; has been P. M. five years; married Miss Clara E. Manard, in this town, July 21, 1864; she was born in Greenbush, Canada, March 8, 1846; have one child, Charles Manard, born in this town, Oct. 15, 1869.

Rosenberg Adam, painter; Rockton.

Royden George, merchant; Rockton.

Royden W. C. merchant; Rockton.

SEARLS F. D. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Shirland.

SEAMAN WM. Farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Rockton; born in Canada, June 25, 1847; came to this Co. in 1852; married Miss Hattie Smith, in Beloit, Wis., Nov. 4, 1869; she was born in the town of Rockton, this Co., Nov. 20, 1847.

Sheslin John, stock dealer; Rockton.

Shibley William, stock dealer; Rockton.

SHORES AARON, Carpenter and Joiner, Contractor and Builder; Rockton; born in Ontario Co., N. Y., June 2, 1806; came to this Co. in 1846; is one of the present Board of Town Trustees; married Jane Horton, in Penn.; she was born in Bradford Co., Penn.

Shores O. B. carpenter; Rockton.

SHURLIFF ORVIS, Farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Rockton; born in Canada, Oct. 29, 1817; came to this Co. in 1846; owns 90 acres land; married Miss Sarah Smith, in Beloit, June 25, 1854; she was born in Canada, June 20, 1832, have had six children: Chauncey Josiah, born May 22, 1855; Wm. Smith, Oct. 22, 1857, died in 1863; Lucy and Eliza, both born April 2, 1865; Jno. Orvis, Oct. 22, 1868; Lathrop Ezra, June 13, 1870; Orvis Smith, May 30, 1876.

Shutley Orvis, dealer; Rockton.

Smith Frank, blacksmith; Rockton.

Smith William, laborer; Rockton.

Snyder A. A. painter; Rockton.

Sperry C. farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Springer F. A. shoemaker; Rockton.

Steavans Henry, rents farm; P. O. Rockton.

Steavans J. F. farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Shirland.

Steavans S. C. farmer; S. 8; P. O. Shirland.

Sticklor John, laborer; Rockton.

Sticklor Thomas, rents farm; P. O. Rockton.

Stiles A. G. blacksmith; Rockton.

STILES E. L. Agent Northwestern Union Telegraph Office; Rockton; born in Susquehanna Co., Penn., Aug. 8, 1820; came to this Co. in September, 1845; has been agent for the Northwestern Union twenty-one years; is Town Clerk; married Miss Marantha Catron, in Susquehanna Co., Penn., in June, 1841; she was born in 1817.

Stiles O. T. works in paper mill; Rockton.

Strickland C. A. retired; Rockton.

SWAN JAMES, Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Rockton; born in Hillsborough Co., N. H., July 9, 1818; came to this State in 1865; to this township in 1871; owns 191 acres land; first wife was Elizabeth P. White; they were married in Hillsborough Co., N. H., March 17, 1846; she was born in Hillsborough Co., June 24, 1817; died Oct. 14, 1856; married present wife, Mary W. Grant, in Hillsborough Co., N. H., Jan. 30, 1861; she was born in Hillsborough Co., Feb. 13, 1823; children by first wife are, James W., born June 18, 1849, died Sept. 12, 1850; Annie W., born April 30, 1853, died April 10, 1863; Elizabeth P., born June 5, 1856; one child by present wife, Nancy L., born Nov. 26, '61.

TALCOTT CHARLES, farmer; P. O. Rockton.

TALCOTT EMELINE, (Maiden name McConnell) born in New Jersey, Dec. 10, 1817; she came to this Co. in 1839; husband was Walter Henry Talcott; they were married in this Co., Oct. 1, 1845; he was born at Rome, N. Y., Feb. 18, 1814; he located in this Co. in 1835; he was identified at an early day with the anti-slavery movement, and was uncompromising in his hostility to slavery and all the laws favoring it; he was firmly attached to the Liberty party from its organization; he assisted in organizing the first Congregational Church in this place, consisting of fourteen members, five of whom were of the Talcott family; he died in this town Dec. 9, 1870.

TALCOTT SYLVESTER, Farmer; P. O. Rockton; born at Rome, Oneida Co., N. Y., Oct. 14, 1810; when he became of age he removed to Horse Heads, Chemung Co., N. Y., where he engaged in the mercantile business; he moved to this Co. in 1836; in connection with his father and brothers, took up Government lands; built and run the first grist mills in the Co.; carried on farming, etc.; he was elected Justice of the Peace at the organization of this Co.; acted as ministerial officer for the first couple that were married in this Co.; was elected Supervisor several years; united with the Congregational Church in 1850, and was elected Trustee several years; in 1854 he was interested in the manufacture of the Manny

Reaper and Mower; he was identified with the anti-slavery party in this Co. in 1844; he was a member of the convention, convened in Buffalo, N. Y., which nominated James G. Burney as candidate for President of the United States; he acted with the Liberty party until it became a part of the Republican party, which politically swept the country at the election of Abraham Lincoln as President of the United States; although past the age subjecting him to the draft, he paid and sent a substitute, who represented him in the army of the United States during the war; married Miss Mary Westlake, in the town of Rockton, this Co., June 10, 1841; she was born in New York, Sept. 26, 1820.

TALCOTT MAJ. THOS. B. Farmer; P. O. Rockton; born in Hebron, Conn., April 17, 1806; moved to Horseshed, Chemung Co., N. Y., and engaged in the mercantile business; came to this Co. in 1845; the Co. was then comparatively a wilderness; there were not more than half a dozen families in the territory now represented by Winnebago, Boone and Stephenson counties; Chicago was a small village, and all the north half of the State was included in one Congressional District; Major Talcott was elected one of the first County Commissioners, and, in connection with Wm. E. Dunbar and Simon P. Doty, organized this Co., Aug. 1, 1836; he was elected to the State Senate in the fall of 1849, and represented Winnebago, Boone and McHenry Counties four years; he has also held various Tp. offices since he has been in the Co.; married Sophia E., daughter of Asa Willard and Lucy Whiting, in this Co., June 5, 1843; she was born in Oneida Co., N. Y., Nov. 11, 1824; she is a descendant of the Rev. Samuel Whiting, D. D., and Elizabeth St. John, his wife, who came to America in 1636, and through whom her genealogy is traced back to William the Conqueror, in two distinct lines.

Taylor Calvin, teamster; Rockton.

Taylor C. S. physician; Rockton.

Taylor J. B. machine tender; Rockton.

TAYLOR JOHN G. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 20; P. O. Shirland; born in Canada West; moved to this Co. with his parents in 1837; owns 240 acres land; married Frances Gleason, in this Co., town of Rockton, April 19, 1857; she was born in Rutland Co., Vt., Dec. 4, 1823; he enlisted in 74th I. V. I., Co. D, in Nov., 1864; was honorably discharged in 1865; he was one of the first settlers in this part of the Co.

Thayer E. D. retired farmer; Rockton.

Thayer W. W. retired; Rockton.

Thomas J. W. farm; Sec. 31; P. O. Rockton.

THOMAS WM. M. Farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Harrison; born in Wayne Co.,

Penn., Nov. 9, 1806; came to this Co. in 1833; has held various town offices; owns 104½ acres land; married Eliza Conklin, in Wayne, Penn., Nov. 18, 1828; Mrs. T. was born in Wayne Co., Penn., Jan. 25, 1811; have had nine children: Sallie M., born May 11, 1831, died Dec. 5, 1837; Adaline E., now Mrs. Preston, April 21, 1833; John C., Oct. 27, 1835; he enlisted in 74th I. V. I., Co. F, in Aug. 1862, and served until close of war; Orville P., Dec. 17, 1837; enlisted same time as brother and served same length of time; Chauncey E., Jan. 5, 1841; Hannah Louisa, May 14, 1843, died Dec. 23, 1845; Wm. Henry, Jan. 23, 1845; Moses, Oct. 10, 1848, died Aug. 30, 1849; Susie H., Nov. 17, 1850.

Thurstam L. retired; Rockton.

Toale Albert, engineer; Rockton.

Trask Chester H. laborer; Rockton.

TRUMAN JOS. C. Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Rockton; born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., Nov. 25, 1828; came to this Co. in 1853; owns 140 acres land; has been consecutively elected Town Assessor for the last 11 years; married Mary A. Hollister, in Hartford Co., Conn., March 12, 1851; she was born in Hartford Co., Conn., Sept. 28, 1832; have three children: Burdette C., born Dec. 13, 1858; Lizzie May, July 18, 1860; Fred C., Jan. 23, 1872.

VALLENTINE CHAS. clerk; Rockton.

VENESS E. J. Merchant; Rockton; born in Oneida Co., N. Y., Jan. 21, 1837; moved to this Co. with his parents in 1839; engaged in the mercantile business here in 1850; has held various town offices; married Mary, daughter of Lloyd and Mary Stearns, who came to Chicago in 1833; they were married in this town, Nov. 5, 1862; she was born in DeKalb Co., this State, Feb. 3, 1841.

Veness James, retired; Rockton.

VENESS J. G., M. D. Rockton; born in England, May 18, 1823; moved with his parents to this Co. in 1839; has been engaged in practicing medicine last 16 years; has been Justice of the Peace 4 years, Village Trustee 3 years; married Catherine J. Butler, in Boone Co., this State, Aug. 12, 1848; she was born in Erie Co., N. Y.

VENESS JAMES W. Mason and Brick Layer; Rockton; born in England, May 22, 1825; moved to this Co. with his parents in 1839; has been Village Trustee two terms; was elected Justice of the Peace last April; married Susana Legg, in Boone Co., this State, Feb. 3, 1853; she was born in Canada, Oct. 8, 1830.

Veness Thos. retired; Rockton.

WAITE D. V., M. D.; Rockton.

Waite E. S. merchant; Rockton.

Waite E. Smith, retired farmer; Rockton.

Wallace D. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Rockton.

Wallace S. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Rockton.

Wallace S. Jr., farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Rockton.

Ward James, Jr., laborer; Rockton.

WARREN MRS. MARY E. Rockton; daughter of Henry and Ruth A. Shibley; born in N. Y., Jan. 6, 1846; moved to this Co. with her parents in 1855; married Geo. W. Warren, in this Co., July 2, 1862; he was born in N. Y., Aug. 17, 1844; died in this place Aug. 16, 1874; Mrs. Warren's father, Henry Shibley, was extensively engaged in the manufacturing and mercantile business in this town; he was elected Supervisor in 1864; married Ruth A. Slighter, in N. Y., April 2, 1844; she was born in N. Y., Aug. 12, 1823; they moved to this Co. in 1855; Mr. Shibley died in this town, Sept. 27, 1865.

Waxham F. E. retired; Rockton.

Wead D. T. manufacturer; Rockton.

Webb John, baker; Rockton.

WEBBER H. A. Manufacturer; Rockton; born in England, Aug. 19, 1839; moved to this Co. with his parents in 1849; has been engaged in manufacturing a number of years; is one of the inventors of the Webber Reaper and Mower, of which mention is made in Biographies of John Webber and Wm. Webber; he is also inventor of the Webber Automatic Gate, which we mention in Biography of John Webber; this Gate was patented by him in 1876, and is at present manufactured by him and John Webber; it is fast taking the lead wherever introduced, and is claimed by competent judges as being the best Gate manufactured in this or any other country; married Sarah A. Kennedy, in Trumbull Co., O., in 1867; Mr. Webber enlisted in the first company that was raised in this town, and was elected Treasurer of the Company.

WEBBER H. J. Farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Rockton; was born in England, in 1848; moved to this Co. with his parents, in 1849; married Miss Clara Piper, in Rockton, Nov. 17, 1869; she was born in England, Dec. 27, 1846; Mr. Webber owns 200 acres land.

WEBBER JOHN, Farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Rockton; was born in England, Feb. 25, 1836; moved to this Co. with his parents, in 1849; owns 251 acres land; manufactures the Webber Reaper and Mower; this machine is the invention of him and his brother William; it was patented by them in Dec., 1857; this reaper was the first two-horse light draught machine invented, making a six-foot cut and reaping fifteen acres grain as a common day's work with one team; he also manufactures a new Gate, the invention of

H. A. Webber, and patented in 1876; it is claimed that this is capable of taking the lead of all others, wherever introduced; he married Sarah Aplin, in England, March 7, 1865; she was born in Wilshire, England, April 15, 1836.

WEBBER T. H. Farmer and Stock Raiser; Sec. 36; P. O. Rockton; born in England, Dec. 31, 1844; moved to this Co. with his parents, in 1849; married Miss Katurah Piper, in Rockton, this Co., May 4, 1871; she was born in England; they have one child living, Maude E., born Feb. 5, 1872; Mr. Webber owns 240 acres land, which is well improved.

WEBBER WILLIAM, Manufacturer; Rockton; born in England, Sept. 20, 1834; moved to this Co. with his parents, in 1849, has been engaged in manufacturing since 1856; is principal inventor of the Webber Reaper and Mower, patented by him and H. A. Webber, in Dec., 1857; this was the first light draught Reaper and Mower making a six-foot cut that was ever invented; one of these machines, after being run two seasons, was awarded first premium at the Iowa State Fair; their machines have invariably taken first premium wherever exhibited; this machine possesses numerous advantages over all others, and is

undoubtedly the best Reaper manufactured; he married Miss Mary E. Smith, in this town, in 1860; she was born in this Co., in 1842.

Webber William, Jr., Rockton.

Whalen James, laborer; Rockton.

Whalen John, laborer; Rockton.

Wheeler D. R. retired farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Wheeler G. W. farm; S 12; P.O. Beloit, Wis.

White Silas, hotel keeper; Rockton.

White Silas, Jr., renter; Rockton.

Whitmore S. F. Rockton.

Whitney D. L. farmer; P. O. Rockton.

Widdowson S. W. moulder; Rockton.

Widdowson Samuel, moulder; Rockton.

Willmot C. B. farmer; Sec. 16; P.O. Rockton.

Willson R. J. painter; Rockton.

Winsor J. W. farmer; Sec. 30; P.O. Rockton.

Witherell S. C. laborer; Rockton.

Woolsey John, retired; Rockton.

Wright Pat. laborer; Rockton.

YOUNG SAMUEL, retired farmer; Rockton.

ZAHN S. W. retired; Rockton.



SHIRLAND TOWNSHIP.

ADAMS MIKE, farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Shirland.

AUSTIN HENRY S. Farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Shirland; born in Oxford Co., Maine, May 1, 1812; moved to Rockton, in this Co., in 1838; lived there three years; thence to this town, in 1841; this town has since been his home; he was elected Commissioner of Highways at the organization of the township, consequently he was the first Commissioner of Highways elected in this township; at the expiration of this office he was elected Assessor four consecutive terms, at the end of which he was elected Tp. Supervisor ten years in succession; two years after he was again elected Supervisor one term; he has held various other offices; married Eliza Packard, in Oxford Co., Maine, Nov. 10, 1835; she was born in Oxford Co., Jan. 23, 1817; have seven children: Arendon, born May 15, 1837; Henry S., Jr., Nov. 1, 1838; William W., April 29, 1841; Silas A., Aug. 23, 1843; Mary (now Mrs. J. Evans), Dec. 10, 1845; Lizzie M. (now Mrs. Leffingwell), Oct. 17, 1849; Charles Edgar, Feb. 23, 1856.

Austin John, farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Shirland.

BABCOCK J. M. carpenter; Shirland.

Barber G. H. farm; Sec. 33; P. O. Shirland.

Bates J. M. farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Shirland.

Beedell L. P. farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Shirland.

BEMENT JOHN, Farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Shirland; born in Oneida Co., N. Y., March 1, 1808; came to this Co. in 1852; has been Town Clerk three years; married Miss Roxie Williams, in N. Y., in 1868; she was born in N. Y., in March, 1830; have nine children living; Mr. Bement owns 140 acres land, which is well improved.

Bennett Edward, farmer; P. O. Shirland.

Bennett F. farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Shirland.

Bennett George, farmer; P. O. Shirland.

Bennett John, farmer; P. O. Shirland.

Bennett John, Jr., farmer; P. O. Shirland.

BOSWELL THOMAS H. Merchant; Shirland; was born in Potsdam, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., Sept. 26, 1835; came from there to Chicago, in 1857; lived there two years; thence to this Co., in 1859; he has held various township offices; has been P. M. here last nine years; has also been express agent here a number of years; married Sarah D. Coon, in Potsdam, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., March 22, 1859; she was born in Westfield, Vermont; have four children: Lydia P., born March 8, 1862; Charles T., Sept.

21, 1863; Harriet C., July 25, 1866; George E., Dec. 23, 1869.

Boyden L. farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Shirland.

Boyden O. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Shirland.

Brennan John, laborer; Shirland.

Brown B. F. farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Shirland.

BROWN BENJAMIN F. Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Shirland; born in Monroe Co., N. Y., Oct. 11, 1829; came to this State in 1852; to this Co. in 1865; enlisted in the 4th Wisconsin Battery, in September, 1861; was promoted Lieut. in 1864; was honorably discharged July 4, 1865; was in every battle that the regiment was; owns 60 acres land; married Catherine Kelly, in Monroe Co., N. Y., Feb. 23, 1849; she was born in Devonshire, Eng., Aug. 6, 1838; have three children: Emma Jane, born April 8, 1850; James Henry, Sept. 18, 1852; Lillie, March 8, 1856; Mr. Brown has been Town Collector two years.

Brown Jas. farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Shirland.

CARD LEVI, farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Shirland.

CARD G. N. Farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Shirland; born in Nova Scotia, in 1817; owns 130 acres land; was one of the first settlers in this Tp., coming to this Co. in 1837; married Miss Nora Seaton, of this town; her father also came here in 1837.

CLOVER HENRY W. Farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Shirland; born in Lincolnshire, Eng., Sept. 24, 1841; came to this Co. in 1844; owns 80 acres land; has held various offices; married Dorothy H. Seaton, in Shirland, Nov. 10, 1870; she was born in this town, Feb. 14, 1850; Mrs. Clover's father was one of the early settlers of this Co.

Colby Eben, renter; Sec. 27; P. O. Shirland.

COLTON MRS. ABIGAIL, (Maiden name McKinstry;) Sec. 12; P. O. Shirland; born in Conn., Nov. 29, 1805; first husband was Geo. Seaton; they were married in April, 1830; he was born in Oneida Co., N. Y., in 1803; died July 4, 1857; they came to this Co. in 1838; were one of the first families that settled in this Tp.; second husband was Oliver C. Colton, of N. H.; he died in Jan., 1873; Mrs. Colton owns 125 acres land.

CONKLIN HENRY W. Farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Rockton; born in Wayne Co., Penn., June 24, 1827; came to this Co. in 1839; the country was at that time comparatively unsettled; owns 179 acres land; held the office of Town Collector two years; also various other Tp. offices; married Alvalina Grover, in Juda, Wis., Nov.

28, 1856; she was born in Chautauqua Co., N. Y., Feb. 24, 1833; have had five children: Dorsey Tyler, born in Harrison, in this Co., Oct. 16, 1857; Lemi Henry, in Harrison, March 8, 1859; Jas. B., in Harrison, Aug. 12, 1863; Rosa E., in Oregon, Oct. 17, 1865; Eva E., in Rockton, Jan. 25, 1874.

Cooper Chas. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Shirland.
Cooper Geo. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Shirland.
Curran Thos. farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Shirland.
Curran Jas. farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Shirland.

DAMOTH J. W. farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Shirland.

Darling Frank, butcher; Shirland.
Darling S. A. farm; Sec. 27; P. O. Shirland.
Denel G. farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Shirland.
Denel Wm. farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Shirland.
Domer John, farmer; Sec. 1; P. O. Shirland.

ELLIOTT SAMUEL, farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

FICKES MILES, farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Shirland.

FICKES SEBASTIAN, Farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Shirland; born in York Co., Penn., Dec. 25, 1818; moved with his parents to Ohio in 1833; thence to this Co. in 1846; owns 215 acres land; first wife was Caroline E. Seeley; they were married in Ohio, April 5, 1845; she was born in N. Y.; died in 1863; present wife was Sarah Case; they were married in Mich., in 1870; she was born in Vt.

Fleming John, laborer; Shirland.

GISHWILLER JOHN, depot agent; Shirland.

GOLDY B. D. Farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Shirland; born in N. Y., Aug. 8, 1839; came to this Co. with his parents in 1850; owns 110 acres land; enlisted in Co. D, 74th I. V. C., in Aug., 1862; served until close of war, and was honorably discharged; was in battles of Spring Hill, Franklin, Nashville, Perryville, and all through the Atlanta campaign; married Miss Harriet Stillwell, in Beloit, Wis.; she died in Nov., 1869.

Goldy S. T. farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Shirland.

Guptill A. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Shirland.

Guptill C. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Shirland.

GUPTILL J. B. Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Shirland; born in Hancock Co., Me., Nov. 1, 1822; came to this Co. in 1845; owns 220 acres land; married Emily Warren, in Beloit, Wis., Oct. 29, 1851; she was born in N. Y., in 1833.

HALL W. F. B. glove maker; Shirland.

Hauseman Geo. laborer; Shirland.

HABLEY WM. Farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Shirland; born in N. Y. city, Nov. 9, 1835; went with his parents to S. C., when two years old; lived there eight years; came from there to this Co. in 1847; owns 136 acres land; has been Town Clerk nine years; Supervisor two years; married Fidelia Miller, in Beloit, Wis.; she was born in Vt., Feb. 28, 1838; have had four children: Henry Willis, born in Rockton, Feb. 21, 1860; Edwin, in Shirland, Aug. 23, 1862, died Aug. 23, 1863; Freddie, in Shirland, Oct. 10, 1864, died May 17, 1865; Mary Ella, in Shirland, Sept. 28, 1866.

HAWLEY GEO. Farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Shirland; born in Bradfordshire, England, March 16, 1825; came to this Co. in 1854; owns 120 acres land; married Alice Roffe, in Rockford, June 27, 1857; she was born in England, July 30, 1834; have two children: Mary Ann, born Dec. 8, —; Emma Elizabeth, Feb. 20, 1861.

Henry A. G. farmer; P. O. Shirland.

Henry Wm. farmer; P. O. Shirland.

HODGKINS JOHN H. Apiarist; P. O. Shirland; born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., May 29, 1826; went from there to Ind. in 1841; thence to this Co. in 1842; ran saw mill and flour mill in town of Harrison, this Co., a number of years; established the first lumber yard in Shirland; owns 20 acres land; has held various town offices; first wife was Julia A. Hoyt; they were married in Byron, this State, in 1850; she was born in Niagara Co., N. Y.; died in 1861; present wife was Mary A. Pope; were married in Newark, Wis., in 1864; she was born in N. Y., April 27, 1837; had one child by first wife, Franklin, born in 1852, died Aug. 10, 1854.

Hull A. farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Shirland.

Hull Byron, farmer; P. O. Shirland.

HULL W. W. Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Shirland; born in N. Y., April 19, 1835; came to this Co. in 1855; owns 94 acres land; is Town Supervisor at present writing; has been Assessor two years, Constable four years; enlisted in 47th I. V. I., Co. B, in Sept., 1864; was honorably discharged in June, 1865; was in battles of Columbia, Spring Hill, Franklin, Nashville and in several skirmishes; married Elizabeth Ann Stillwell, in Beloit, Wis., Dec. 8, 1855; she was born in N. Y., Nov. 21, 1838; have five children living.

KELLY JOHN, laborer; Shirland.

Keeney-D. farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Shirland.

KEENEY JULIUS, Farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Shirland; born in Oneida Co., N. Y., Feb. 8, 1808; came to this Co. in 1838; owns 200 acres land; was elected Road Commissioner at the organization of the Co.; married Miss Esther Ann Seaton, in this town, Jan. 7, 1841; she

was born in Oneida Co., N. Y., Aug. 22, 1821; she came to this Co. with her parents, in 1838; have had six children, Amelia, born April 24, 1843, died Sept. 11, 1870; Olive, Dec. 19, 1844; Onor, Jan. 4, 1847, died March 7, 1848; Virgil W., Dec. 31, 1848; Dexter, Feb. 26, 1853; Alvia, July 6, 1860.

Keeney V. farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Shirland.

Kethan Nelson, shoemaker; Shirland.

Kizer E. S. cheese maker; Shirland.

LARISON WILLIAM, Farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Shirland; born in Shirland, April 15, 1851; owns 175 acres land; married Charlotte G. Early, in Beloit, Wis., July 17, 1869; she was born in Albany, N. Y., March 17, 1851; have four children, Frank, born June 10, 1872; Willie, March 8, 1874; Freddie May 5, 1875; Eddie, Nov. 11, 1877.

LEFFINGWELL ALDEN, Farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Beloit, Wis.; born in Ashtabula Co., Ohio, Feb. 10, 1825; came to this Co. with parents, in 1842; owns 120 acres land in Wis., 165 acres in this Co.; first wife was Adeline Reckhow; they were married in Wis.; she was born in Mich., and died in 1865; present wife, Gertrude Lee; they were married in Beloit, in 1870; she was born in N. Y., in 1840.

LEFFINGWELL BIRD, Farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Shirland; was born in Ohio, Oct. 10, 1835; moved to this Co. with his parents, in 1838; owns 125 acres land; enlisted in 74th Regt. I. V. I., Sept. 4, 1862; was mustered out March 4, 1863; re-enlisted in 147th I. V. I.; served until close of war, and was honorably discharged; married Jane Munro, in Beloit, Wis., May 15, 1857; she was born in Troy, N. Y., March 15, 1839; have had four children, Carrie, born Nov. 18, 1860; Gertie, Sept. 11, 1868; Homer, Feb. 2, 1872; William, in 1862, and died in Oct., 1865.

LEFFINGWELL WILLIAM S. Farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Beloit, Wis.; born in Ohio, Sept. 5, 1822; came to this Co. in 1845; owns 80 acres land; enlisted in 74th Regt. I. V. I., in Sept., 1861; was honorably discharged in 1866; was wounded at Battle of Stone River.

LOPER JOHN, Sec. 35; P. O. Shirland; born in Canada, Jan. 28, 1854; came to this Co. in spring of 1877.

McCULOW JAMES, Farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Shirland.

McCulow P. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Shirland.

Manson George, farmer; P. O. Shirland.

Manson James, farmer; P. O. Shirland.

Manson Nicklas, retired farmer; Shirland.

Manson William, trapper; Shirland.

Meuret Geo. farmer; P. O. Shirland.

Miller A. B. farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Shirland.

MILLER ALEXANDER, Farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Shirland; born in Caledonia Co., Vt., March 18, 1808; came to this Co. in 1844; owns 80 acres land; married Mary Mackie, in Newbury, Vt., March 7, 1833; she was born in Scotland, March 5, 1810; have ten children living.

Miller E. G. farmer; P. O. Shirland.

Miller F. P. farmer; P. O. Shirland.

Minard D. blacksmith; Shirland.

Monan Thos. section boss; Shirland.

NYE FRED, farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Shirland.

NYE JOHN H. Farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Shirland; born in New Bradford, Mass., Dec. 30, 1823; came to this Co. in 1854; owns 111 acres land, Secs. 1, 12, and 18; has held the office of Town Clerk 3 years, Collector 3 years; enlisted in 74th Regt. I. V. I., in August, 1862, as Second Lieutenant; was promoted First Lieutenant March 20, 1863; was appointed Quartermaster with rank of First Lieutenant, in May, 1864; was honorably discharged, June 10, 1865; married Miss Susan Perry, in Oneida Co. N. Y., Oct. 26, 1845; she was born in Oneida Co., N. Y., Dec. 29, 1822; have had five children, Celia, born Aug. 11, 1847, died Sept. 15, 1849; Hovey B., May 14, 1851; Fred T., April 29, 1855; Celia S., Sept. 17, 1858; John W., March 1, 1862.

PACKARD CHARLES, farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Shirland.

Packard E. A. merchant; Shirland.

PACKARD JOB, Grain and Lumber Dealer; P. O. Shirland; born in Oxford Co., Maine, April 26, 1818; came from there here in spring of 1838; owns 200 acres land; has been Collector 5 years, Assessor 1 year; has held various other offices; was one of the organizers of Congregational Church in this town, of which himself and family are members; also organized school house in District 46; Mr. P. commenced business here in 1874, his previous occupation being that of farmer; married Miss Hadassah Austin, in Rockton, Nov. 10, 1840; she was born in Oxford Co., Maine, Dec. 10, 1819; have had six children, five of whom are living.

Pearce B. F. renter; P. O. Shirland.

Perry G. B. farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Shirland.

Pettibone F. B. farm; Sec. 26; P. O. Shirland.

Pettibone G. C. farm; Sec. 26; P. O. Shirland.

PETTIBONE SYLVESTER, Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Shirland; born in St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., Dec. 18, 1812; moved from N. Y. to Detroit, Mich., in 1838; went from there back to St. Lawrence Co., N. Y.; thence to this Co. in 1850; was elected Justice of the Peace in 1854; held this office until spring of 1877, when

he was elected Notary Public; owns 96 acres land; married Eliza Craig, in St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., Jan. 26, 1843; she was born in Vermont, Sept. 23, 1810; have five children: Amos, born Dec. 20, 1843; he enlisted in 74th Regt., I. V. I., in Aug., 1863; served until close of war; was honorably discharged; Sarah (now Mrs. A. Porter), Feb. 8, 1846; Laura Imogene, March 26, 1848; George Cady, April 21, 1850; Frank Briggs, in 1853.

PHELPS B. W. Farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Shirland; born in N. Y., July 21, 1849; moved to this Co. with his parents when 3 months old; owns 233 acres land; married Miss Emma McMakin, in this town, March 22, 1871; she was born in Greenville, S. C., March 20, 1849; have one child, Cora, born in Rockton, this Co., March 23, 1872.

POLLOCK W. H. Farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. Shirland; born in St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., Sept. 25, 1844; came to this Co. in 1866; owns $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. land; maiden name of wife was Phoebe Lippit; they were married in Shirland, Dec. 7, 1870; she was born in Shirland, Feb. 28, 1844; Mrs. Pollock's father, Dr. J. W. Lippit, came to this Co. in 1838, and was the first physician in this town.

Pomeroy G. H. farm; Sec. 26; P. O. Shirland.
Pomeroy K. H. farm; Sec. 26; P. O. Shirland.

POMEROY N. H. Farmer; Sec. 23; P. O. Shirland; born in Somerset Co., Me., May 6, 1806; moved from there to Beloit, Wis., in 1848; lived there until 1851, when he came to this Co., which has since been his home; owns 130 acres land; has been married twice; present wife was Miss Pomeroy.

RABBOTT JOSEPH, farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Shirland.

RECKHOW WILLISTON, Farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. Shirland; born in Susquehanna Co., Penn.; moved to this Co. with his parents in 1838; owns 160 acres land; has been Justice of the Peace 8 years, Town Clerk 2 years; has also represented this Tp. in Co. Board 2 years; married Miss Margaret Miller in Beloit, Wis., Dec. 24, 1857; she was born in Vt., Oct. 4, 1840; have had four children: Frank, born March 9, 1859, died when 6 months old; Mary, Dec. 1, 1860; William, Feb. 23, 1864; Lewis Miller, Feb. 22, 1868.

Reckhow Wm. farm; Sec. 34; P. O. Shirland.
Rie B. laborer; Shirland.

ROSS IRA, Farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Shirland; born in Rutland Co., Vt., March 6, 1827; came to this Co. in 1853; owns 136 acres land; married Mary Pike, in Beloit, Wis., in 1856; she was born in Rutland Co., Vt., March 7, 1824; have three children: Emma Jane, born Sept. 2, 1857; Levi, May 8, 1860; J. Charles, Dec. 22, 1862.

SEATON JOHN, farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Shirland.

SEATON GEORGE G. Farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Shirland; born in Oneida Co., N. Y., Sept. 5, 1827; moved to this Co. with his parents in 1838; owns 200 acres land; has held various Tp. offices; married Miss Sarah Sharpe, in Rockton, this Co., Oct. 18, 1854; she was born in Steuben Co., N. Y., June 6, 1832; have two children: Mary Alice, born Aug. 17, 1857; Arthur David, April 8, 1866; Arlow Seaton, father of G. G. Seaton, erected the first cabin in what is now known as Shirland Tp. in this Co.

Seaton W. W. farmer; Shirland.

Shears J. C. M. farmer; P. O. Shirland.

Simonds John, farm; Sec. 26; P. O. Shirland.

SIMONDS RICHARD, Farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Shirland; born in Devonshire, England, Oct. 25, 1826; came from there to Ohio, in 1837; thence to this Co., in 1866; owns 140 acres land; has been Road Commissioner two terms; School Director nine years; married Harriet M. Cormony, in Ohio, Feb. 25, 1847; she was born in Maryland, Aug. 8, 1828; have had eight children, six of whom are living.

STEELE E. W. Retired Farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Shirland; born in Richfield Co., Conn., Oct. 29, 1805; married Miss L. Johnson, in Ohio, in 1830; she was born in Franklin Co., Vermont, Oct. 18, 1805; they came to this Co. in 1842; she died June 1, 1859; had seven children: Orange, born Dec. 25, 1831; he enlisted in the 74th Regt. I. V. I.; died in service, Nov. 5, 1864; Fayette G., born Aug. 28, 1833; Henry Martin, Sept. 30, 1834; Wolcott, July 16, 1836; Martha, April 2, 1841; Almon Camden, Aug. 18, 1843; enlisted in the 74th I. V. I., Sept., 1861; served until close of war; Almar, Jan. 9, 1846, died Sept. 24, 1865.

STEELE F. G. Farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Shirland; born in Ashtabula Co., Ohio, Aug. 28, 1833; came to this Co., with his parents, in 1842; owns 265 acres land; has been Assessor four years, Commissioner of Highways six years; Tp. Trustee a number of years; has held various other offices; married Mary A. Chandler, in Clinton, Wis., Jan. 1, 1868; Mrs. C. was born in Herkimer Co., N. Y., July 14, 1844; have three children: Alma, born Feb. 1, 1872; Fayette G., Dec. 21, 1873; Verna, Sept. 10, 1876.

Stilwell B. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Shirland.

Stilwell C. farmer; P. O. Shirland.

STILWELL SAMUEL, Farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Shirland; born in Oneida Co., N. Y., Nov. 18, 1808; came to this Co. in 1846; owns 180 acres land; has been Justice of the Peace four years, Road Commissioner three years; has held

various school offices; married Annie Miller, in N. Y., Nov. 15, 1882; she was born in Madison Co., N. Y., March 20, 1816; have had nine children: William, born Aug. 2, 1834; Hiram, April 28, 1836, enlisted in 74th I. V. I., in August, 1862, and was killed at the battle of Kenesaw; Elizabeth, Nov. 31, 1839, married W. W. Hull; Harriet, in 1844, died Nov. 5, 1859; Samuel, Jr., April 28, 1849; Mary (now Mrs. L. Leffingwell), Sept. 8, 1854; Emma, August, 1857; two died in infancy, were not named.

STILWELL SAMUEL, JR. Farmer; Sec. 27; P. O. Shirland; born in this Co., April 28, 1849; married Sevilla Waltz, in Newark, Wis., June 4, 1872; she was born in Sauk Co., Wis., Sept. 18, 1851.

Stilwell T. farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Shirland.

SWEET R. C. Farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Shirland; born in Erie Co., N. Y., Nov. 26, 1831; came from there to Greene Co., Wis., in April, 1855; thence, in the autumn of 1855, to the town of Rockton; resided there ten years; thence to Shirland, where he purchased 80 acres land, which is well improved; was elected Supervisor in 1875, married Miss Lucinda M. Southworth, in Rockton, Oct. 29, 1857; she was born in Erie Co., N. Y., Feb. 1, 1832; have one daughter, Mary L., born in Rockton, Sept. 14, 1859.

WAGER SAMUEL C. Farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Shirland; born in Canada, Dec. 9, 1834; came to this Co. in 1848; owns 180 acres land; married Emma Eliza, daughter of Lemuel and Martha S. Fiske, in this town (Shirland), Jan. 1, 1862; she was born in this town (Shirland), Nov. 21, 1842; have two children: Herbert Lee, born Sept. 18, 1868; Mabel Augusta, May 27, 1865; Lemuel Fiske, father of Mrs. A. G. and S. C. Wager, was born in Mass., July 28, 1812; came to this Co. in 1837; was one of the first settlers in this township; he and his family being zealous members of the Congregational Church, he took an active part in the organization of the first Congregational Church in this place; he also held various town and church offices from the time of his settlement until the time of his death, which occurred April 26, 1877; wife was Martha S. Maxom; they were married in Indiana, July 26, 1836; she was born in Conn., Nov. 17, 1809, and died Oct. 26, 1870.

WAGER A. G. Farmer; Sec. 35; P. O. Shirland; born in Wis., Oct. 5, 1849; came to this Co. with his parents in 1850; owns 180 acres land; married Amelia, daughter of Lemuel and Martha S. Fiske, in this Tp., March 6, 1872; she was born at her present place of residence, April 24, 1840;

have one child, Florence Amelia, born Jan. 27, 1873.

Weary J. S. insurance agent; Shirland.

Weacott M. farm; Sec. 36; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

Weacott S. farm; Sec. 36; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

WILL ROBT. Farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Shirland; born in Kincardenshire, Scotland, July 10, 1835; moved to this Co. with his parents in 1848; owns 121 acres land; married Lydia Stokes, in this town, Sept. 27, 1869; she was born in Erie Co., N. Y., March 28, 1842; have had four children: Nellie, born Aug. 15, 1870, died Sept. 24, 1870; Arthur, Feb. 11, 1872; Walter, Dec. 18, 1873, died Feb. 1, 1875; Katie, March 16, 1876.

Wilson J. farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Shirland.

WOOD ELLERY, Farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Shirland; born in this town, March 28, 1852; married Miss Hattie Blood, in Beloit, Wis., Oct. 12, 1874; she was born in Penn., in 1850; have one child, Winnie, born in Rockford, March 28, 1876.

Wood O. retired farmer; Shirland.

Woodward C. farm; S. 6; P. O. Beloit, Wis.

WOODWARD JACOB H. Farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Beloit, Wis.; born in Vt., Jan. 22, 1820; went from there to Mass. in 1837; thence to N. Y. in 1839; thence to Penn. in 1841; from there he came to Boone Co., this State, in 1845; moved to this Co. in 1846, and it has since been his home; owns 106 acres land; has held various offices; married Mary A. Gould, in Cook —, July, 1852; she was born in Berkshire Co., Mass., in Feb., 1826; have three children: Samuel Courtney, born April 1, 1855; Chas. Carroll, July 12, 1859; Fonetta Adell, July 18, 1861.

YALE JAS. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Shirland.

Yale E. L. farmer; Sec. 33; P. O. Shirland.

ZAHN NICHOLAS, Farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Shirland; born in Lorraine, France, Nov. 15, 1815; came from there to Ohio in 1828; thence to this Co. in 1845; owns 157 acres land; has been Town Collector three years, and has held various other Tp. and church offices; married Susan Cormoney, in Ohio, Sept. 4, 1838; she was born in Md., March 17, 1828; have had eight children: Eliza Jane, born in 1840; Horace, Dec. 24, 1842; enlisted in 3d Col. V. C.; died in the service, Nov. 14, 1864; Sanford, Sept. 4, 1845; John W., Jan. 4, 1848; he married Emma Clover, in Rockton, Dec. 24, 1874; she was born in Rockton, Feb. 17, 1855; Mary Alice, Aug. 28, 1850, died Nov. 15, 1860; Frank Emory, April 22, 1856; Hettie Ann, Sept. 4, 1858, died Dec. 21, 1865; Willie Foster, Sept. 28, 1865.

Zahn John, farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Shirland.

TOO LATES.**CHERRY VALLEY TOWNSHIP.****CHAMBERLIN ALFRED A.**

Justice of the Peace; P. O. Cherry Valley. Born in Barton, Orleans Co., Vt., March 20, 1807. Came to Winnebago Co. in the spring of 1844.

Purchased Cherry Valley Mill in 1850, and has resided in Cherry Valley from that time to the present. Mr. Chamberlin has served the people faithfully in various official capacities, as Assessor, Collector and Justice of the Peace, having held one or more of these responsible positions constantly since his residence in the town. His hair is whitened by the frosts of 70 winters, and at this time the venerable subject of this notice is hale and hearty, with faculties keenly alive to passing events. Never has been under the care of a physician. Always voted Whig and Republican tickets. Loyal to the government of the United States, and generous toward his fellow men.

He was married Sept. 25, 1834, at Byron, New York, to Miss Nancy Elizabeth Munger, who was born in Springfield, Mass., Sept. 30, 1803. They have had six children: Marion T. Chamberlin, born at Byron, N. Y., Jan. 29, 1836; Hazen Chamberlin, born at Grand Detour, Ill., Jan. 13, 1839, died April 15, 1840; Emma S. Chamberlin, born at Grand Detour, Ill., Nov. 13, 1842; Thyrza F. Chamberlin, born at Aurora, Ill., Oct. 27, 1847; Dwight A. Chamberlin, born at Rockford, Ill., June 2, 1849; Charles Sumner Chamberlin, born at Cherry Valley, Ill., Sept. 24, 1855, died Sept. 15, 1860. Marion T. Chamberlin graduated at the Rockford Seminary in July, 1858, and was married to John L. Loop, Esq., of Belvidere, Ill., the following October. Emma S. Chamberlin—E. B. Day—Oct. 9, 1860; she was married again, Nov. 15, 1870, to Capt. Geo. M. Wells, of Laketon, Mich. Thyrza F. Chamberlin, married, Aug. 5, 1873, Geo. W. Bridgeman, a young attorney of ability and worth, whose home is in Michigan. D. A. Chamberlin, with whom his father and mother now reside, married Lillia E. Thomas, June 29, 1870, at St. Joseph, Mich.

DeGRAFF ABRAM F. Carpenter and Joiner; P. O. Cherry Valley; born in Glenville, Schenectady Co., N. Y., Nov. 2, 1828; served an apprenticeship at his trade in the city of Brooklyn; attended Plymouth Church regularly, enjoying the convincing eloquence and matchless oratory of one of America's greatest speakers, Dr. H. W. Beecher, for four years; came to Winnebago Co. in 1854; married, Aug. 13, 1863, Miss Sarah A. Potter, whose birthplace was Hadley, Lapier Co., Mich.,

April 8, 1838; have three children; Louisa T., born Oct. 13, 1864; Anna G., Aug. 26, 1866; Mary F., April 1, 1872; Mr. DeGraff has in his possession at the present time an old Dutch Bible, published in Rotterdam, Holland, in 1710, bound with brass plates and hinges, owned by his ancestors; also some old accounts kept by his great-grandfather, on English paper bearing the royal stamp which suggested the idea of the famous "Stamp Act," the news of which swept over America like a thunder-cloud, causing the just indignation and wrath of a grief-stricken people; his grandfather passed through the terrible ordeal of the Revolution; his great-grandfather and a son were captured by the Indians, in 1746, and carried to Canada, where the old man died, at Quebec, in June, 1748; the son having escaped returned through the dense forests, on foot, to N. Y.; the house from which they were taken remains to this day, in Schenectady Co.; he has a distinct history of the genealogy of his forefathers back to the first colonies sent out under the Dutch East India Company, which furnished Sir Henry Hudson the vessel in which he sailed up the noble river which bears the name of Hudson, on whose delightful banks there are so many beautiful homes to-day.

HALE MISS JOSEPHINE,

Teacher; P. O. Cherry Valley; daughter of Alfred E. and Harriet Hale; born Dec. 5, 1854. Mr. Hale, the father of the subject of this sketch, came from Conn. to Winnebago Co., Oct., 1839; during his life was known as an active and influential man in the political affairs of his country; was loyal to the government, and no less remarkable for his admirable social qualities than for his intellectual abilities. As a companion, he was the delight of his friends, to whom he was faithful, and none ever had better or truer—they loved him from the beginning to the last. He served the people faithfully in various official capacities, and in 1860 was elected to the Legislature of the State, serving his constituency ably and honestly two years; during this time the war of the rebellion broke out, and Mr. Hale was always ready to render material aid to the administration, comforting and cheering the Union Army at the same time; was appointed Assistant U. S. Marshal, the responsible duties of which he discharged faithfully and well. After the return of peace to our land, he lived in the retirement of his home, with his interesting family until Nov. 3, 1870, when he died suddenly of heart disease. He did

not know that the silver cord was loosened, and that the golden bowl was breaking at the fountain, but he was resigned, feeling that He who gave has the right to take away in His own good time and manner. Miss Josephene Hale was educated under the eye of her intelligent mother, and is now a teacher in the Cherry Valley Graded School, a position which she has filled with ability for five years.

HUSSEY DAVID G. Physician and Surgeon, Elgin st., Cherry Valley; born in Noble Co., Ohio, Dec. 6, 1842; came to Cherry Valley in the spring of 1866; graduate of Chicago Medical College, class of 1867; married Mary E. Mackey, in August, 1865; she was born in Washington Co., Ohio; they have one child, Dexter Selvayn, born June 8, 1868; the Dr. served in the Union army as First Lieutenant.

KEITH LEWIS, Whose portrait appears in this work, was born May 2, 1826, in Morgan Co., Ohio. His great-grandfather came from Holland to America about fifteen years before the Revolution, and settled in New Lancashire, Pa. Here he engaged in the smithing business for many years, when he moved to Huntingdon Co., where he died in 1810. He had served as blacksmith in the Revolutionary war. Mr. Keith's grandfather, Peter, was a blacksmith and farmer, and moved to Morgan Co., Ohio, in 1814, and had a family of twelve children. He came to Rockford, Winnebago Co., Ill., in 1836, at that time containing only two or three houses, and located on the east side of the river, just below the present site of the water power. He died, aged 81 years, 4 months. His father was born in 1801, in Huntingdon Co., Pa. Came to Morgan Co., Ohio, with father, in 1814. July 6, 1842, came to Laporte, Ind., and built a cabin on the same lot on which his residence now stands.

His family consists of nine sons and five daughters, all of whom are married and still living. He married first, Mary Spencer, by whom he had four sons, the youngest of whom is the subject of this sketch, being only twelve days old at the time of his mother's death. His second wife was Nancy O'Hara, and by her he had ten sons and daughters. His third was Mrs. Nancy H. Jessup. His children are as follows: Joseph married Jane Bunker; Elisha married Amanda Thomberg; Peter married Sarah J. Thornton; Lewis married Catherine Brown; Bolsar married Catherine Banks; Mary married Henry Crane; Julia A. married Lewis Parker; Maria married Edward Cox; E. Wesley married Sarah Prian; Dennis T. married Catherine Earnest; Francis M. married Martha McLane; Margaret married Geo. Huckens; W. Riley married Sarah Crane; Ariadna married Amos Taylor. On the first day of

March, 1837, Mr. K. landed in Winnebago Co., after a fourteen days' journey from Laporte, Ind., a distance of 150 miles, during which time snow fell to the depth of one foot. He was at that time ten years of age, and came with friends to live with his grandfather, who died the following year, since which time he has been emphatically the architect of his own fortune. With no one to depend upon, he has by the native energy of his character, wrought out a handsome fortune, owning 1,400 acres of land in this vicinity, and 1,000 in Iowa, with the necessary additional means for managing such a property. He also conducts a mercantile business in Cherry Valley. His first wife was Catherine Brown, from Ohio; she died in 1862, leaving three children: Lewis W., Luther L. and Roswell C. Married Miss Louisa M. Farley, from Ohio, in 1864; have two children; Julia Florence, born July 14, 1869; Estella, March 31, 1871.

ROCKFORD CITY.

BELL THOMAS, Clerk of Winnebago Co.; born in Scotland, May 20, 1847; came to this country in 1851; to Marion Co., this State, in 1855, where, in February, 1862, he enlisted in Co. H., 60th Regt. I. V. I.; was wounded in battle, near Marietta, Georgia, July 4, 1864; discharged June 29, 1865, and settled in Rockford, Winnebago Co.; married Miss Priscilla C. Patterson, Nov. 21, 1868; three children, William, Alice and Robert.

BOWLAND WM. L. Librarian of the Public Library of the City of Rockford, P. O. Block; resides 312 E. State st.

TALCOTT CAPT. WILLIAM, (Deceased), was born in Gilead, Conn., March 6, 1774, where he remained until 1810, when he emigrated with his family to Rome, Oneida Co., N. Y., where he remained in agricultural pursuits; during the war of 1812 to '15 the militia of Oneida Co. was called out and stationed at Sacket's Harbor, N. Y., under the command of Gen. Winfield Scott, at which time Capt. Talcott held a lieutenant's commission in a company which belonged to the 157th Regiment of the State Militia; In 1835, together with his oldest son, Thomas B., he explored what was then "The Great West," making the trip with a horse and buggy, (it being prior to the age of railroads) and selected a location at the junction of the Rock and Pecatonica Rivers, now known as Rockton, Winnebago Co., Ill., to which place he removed his family in 1837, there being then only two white families in the Co.; he erected mills which were for a long time the pioneer mills of the Co., and when customers came with grists even from Fort Winnebago; always anxious to lay good foundations for the religious in-

terests of society, early after the arrival of his family, on the 23d of March, 1838, he assisted in organizing the first Congregational church there, consisting of fourteen members, of which five were of the Talcott family and some years afterwards, after the church had erected a meeting house, he gave the society a bell. On the records of the church for June 12, 1855, is found the following:

"On motion Resolved: That for the donation of a bell by William Talcott, he is entitled to the thanks of this church and society, and the clerk is directed to enter this resolution upon the records."

Subsequently at a town meeting a vote of thanks was also passed and it was ordered that his name be inscribed on the bell at the expense of the town; he was identified with the anti-slavery movement from the first, and when it developed into a political organization; and at the great National Convention of the Liberty Party, at Buffalo, N. Y., in 1844, nominated James G. Birney for the Presidency; he was one of seven who voted the ticket in the Co. of Winnebago, Ills., which in 1860 was the Banner Co. of the U. S., giving a larger per cent. of its votes for the lamented, martyred President Lincoln than any county in the nation; he continued to maintain an intense interest in the absorbing public issues of the day, through the most significant periods of the war, and had the happiness of believing before he passed away, Sept. 2, 1864, that the struggle would terminate as it has in favor of Freedom and the Union.

TALCOTT WALTER HENRY, (Deceased), was born at Rome, Oneida Co., N. Y., Feb. 13, 1814, where he remained with his parents till October, 1835, when he emigrated to Ill. in company with his father and brothers and located at the junction of the Rock and Pecatonica Rivers, in Winnebago Co.; he traveled on foot from Chicago, through the then almost uninhabited country west of the lake, and was obliged to camp out two nights on the way, encamping the third night near where Beloit, Wis., was subsequently located. Chicago was for a long time the nearest post-office, and the customary way to get letters was for some one of the settlers of the neighborhood to go with an ox team, and bring out the mail to the settlement; at that age of the world every letter cost a quarter of a dollar for postage, and it was then more difficult to get "the quarter" than it is now to get "a quarter eagle."

He was identified early with the anti-slavery movement, being always uncompromising in his hostility to slavery, and all the laws favoring it, and firmly attached to the Liberty Party from its first organization. October 1, 1845, he married Emeline McConnell, formerly of Chemung County,

New York; his business relations were connected with his father, and brothers Thomas B., Wait and Sylvester Talcott, until his death, which occurred at Rockton, Ill., Dec. 9, 1870; his oldest son, Dwight L. Talcott, at the time the Rebellion broke out, was nearing the age at which so many of the young men of the country were permitted to enlist into the Union army, to jeopard their lives, and in many, many cases to lose them, that our noble government might be perpetuated, and make possible "our wonderful Centennial Exhibition" in 1876.

Dwight Lewis Talcott enlisted in the Union army, at the age of 17½ years, at Belvidere, Boone Co., Ill., Jan. 3, 1864; was a member of Co. I, 9th Regt. Ill. Vol. Cav.; was provost guard in Fort Pickering, near Memphis, Tenn., until March 18, 1864, when he came home with the regiment on "veteran furlough;" acted as courier and orderly to Capt. J. W. Harper until the following fall. Harper commanded the regiment and afterward the brigade. The regiment traveled, by railroad, steamboat, and marches, over 30,000 miles, and scoured the States of Missouri, Arkansas, Tennessee, Alabama, and Mississippi, from end to end. The following is a list of the principal battles in which he took part: Pontotoc, Miss., July 12, 1864; Tupelo, July 15 and 16, 1864; Old Town Creek, Miss., July 16, 1864; Tallahatchie, Aug. 10, 1864; Abbyville, Miss., Aug. 12, 1864; Hurricane Creek, Aug. 13, 1864; Oxford, Miss., Aug. 14, 1864; Savannah, Tenn., Oct. 14, 1864; Shoal River, Ala., Nov. 6, 10, 11, 16, 18 and 19, 1864; Lawrenceburg, Tenn., Nov. 21, 1864; Pulaski, Tenn., Nov. 23, 1864; Campbellsville, Tenn., Nov. 24, 1864, which was Thanksgiving day of that year.

The night of July 11, 1864, he saved a comrade from falling into the clutches of two rebels who were crawling upon him. The same night was the only man of eight that stood to his post and maintained his ground until help arrived, the rest breaking for camp when the pickets were attacked.

At Old Town Creek, July 16, 1864, the stock of his gun was hit by a spent ball while loading; in the same fight the breach of the gun burst while firing.

Near Abbyville, while scouting, shot at two negroes, mistaking them for guerrillas, happily missed them and discovered the mistake.

At White Station, Miss., in the fall of 1864, while outside of the picket lines with a comrade, gathering wild fruit, discovered several bushwhackers coming who had not seen them, but caught sight of them as they jumped for their horses, and they had a race for life, running their horses all the way to camp, something over a mile, the bushwhackers in pursuit,

the bullets whistling around them all the time, but reached the lines in safety.

While out foraging one day rode into a crowd of guerrillas, taking them for our men, as they had on our uniforms. As they were busy about their breakfast, soon slipped their company, without their discovering "the Yankee."

Was in the saddle on one occasion over forty-eight hours, stopped three times to feed horses, and marched 200 miles.

In the fight at Shoal River crossed the river three times while under a heavy fire from the enemy, they being located on high bluffs, the water fairly boiling from the force of the bullets, which fell as thick as hailstones. On another occasion got placed between two fires, that of the rebels and of the Union troops.

Nov. 19 were surrounded by the enemy, and retreat across the river being impossible, cut an outlet and escaped, passing down, by file, a steep, miry bank, obliquely, 200 feet. The mortification and apparent chagrin of the rebels, when they found their prey had unexpectedly escaped their snare, was made known by hideous yells, such as only rebels can make.

At Lawrenceburg had some very close calls from the bullets of the enemy, but came out without a scratch.

At Campbellsville, while retreating, as the road passed through a narrow gorge, the enemy attempted to cut the command in two. Being ordered to hold the gap at all hazards, the regiment had scarcely dismounted when a heavy fire was received from a brigade of the enemy. Not a particle daunted, they advanced until it became a hand-to-hand conflict. The company of which he was a member lost twenty-four men in as many minutes, and all were killed or wounded but four, who were taken prisoners, he being one of the four. When captured he had 200 rounds of ammunition, which were not given up with gun and belt, but kept from the enemy and destroyed. Was soon stripped of hat, boots, gloves, knife, and spurs, and was searched by the rebels five or six times during the first night. One of them found some photographs of his parents, which he begged the privilege of keeping, but, with an oath, they were tossed into the fire. For eight days had no food except the corn picked up where the horses had been fed. Were kept at Fort Columbia, Tenn., for fifteen days, living on less than an ear of corn a day. Dec. 17, 1864, after Hood's defeat at Nashville, started for Southern prisons; marched to Iuka, Miss., thence by rail, via Corinth and Jackson, Miss., Montgomery, Ala., and Macon, Ga., to Andersonville. The prisoners being crowded into box cars, with neither room to sit or lie down, from two to six died in each car every day. Arriving at Andersonville, saw 200 prisoners

joining the rebel army, taking the oath of the Southern Confederacy, and drawing clothing and rations. The future looked dark to the new arrivals, but they took new courage when they found that not a native-born American was in the lot. In the prison met fellow-prisoners, mere walking skeletons, covered with filth and vermin. Had no protection from the weather in the shape of clothing but the few rags they were allowed to keep. Had no wood, no food, no wholesome water, not even pure air to breathe, for the odor of the stockade was detected before it was reached. A railing around the inside, about one rod from the stockade, constituted the "dead line," which to touch or pass was "death." Receiving no notice of it, came near being shot within an hour after arrival, by an attempt to pass under it, but was pulled back and saved by a comrade. Burrowed in the ground for several weeks, taking a severe cold, became sick, lost flesh very rapidly, and could hardly crawl. Had not any medical treatment, nor had any of the prisoners, so far as known, and no religious privileges. The prisoners seemed crazed by their condition, and the stronger preyed upon the weaker. The prison covered about thirty acres, and part of the time was densely crowded. Sometimes two wagon-loads of dead bodies were hauled out in one day. Twenty-eight per cent. of all the prisoners received died in the prison. Their last resting-place was called the "bone-yard," by their fellow-prisoners, for they were generally mere skeletons, and died from starvation. Having the scurvy, accompanied with diarrhoea, became so weak were necessarily transferred to another stockade, called a hospital, about one-fourth as large as the former, surrounded on three sides by wet, swampy land, very little, if any, better than the big stockade. Here were some old, worn-out tents to help protect from the weather. The rations were some better, but insufficient, received some medical treatment, but had no chance to wash or keep clean.

The keeper of the prison was Captain Henry Wirz (a native of Switzerland), usually called by the prisoners "The Old Dutch Captain." He was a tool and a murderer in the hands of prominent rebels, dealing out with an unsparing hand all the horrors of disease, pollution and death, that he possibly could, and was vulgar and profane in the extreme.

A pack of blood-hounds was kept at the prison to track and catch escaped prisoners, and their yelping cries were often heard as they started on the track of the fugitives.

March 18, 1865, came a day of deliverance to 1,000 of the prisoners, still leaving 7,000. He, being nearly dead, was al-

lowed the choice to go or stay, decided to go. Many of his comrades begged of him to give them his place, saying "you can never live to get home." To their earnest entreaties his reply was, "I may not live to get home, but I wish to die as near home and God's country (as we call the North) as I can." He was about the twenty-third man of the one thousand called out. Although weak and scarcely able to stand, how he ever got to the station, one mile distant, God only knows, for at every attempt to walk he reeled and fell, but most of the times nearer the objective point; so by rolling, crawling and dragging himself along, after six hours' struggle, reached the desired goal. Started in box cars for Vicksburg, Miss., with plenty of hard crackers and pork, the first food of the kind he had seen or tasted since he was taken prisoner. After twelve days' travel arrived at the Big Black River, twenty miles east of Vicksburg, where they were paroled, March 30, 1865. Never before did the flag of the stars and stripes have so much significance as it floated in the breeze. It was a touching sight to see the men, with tearful eyes, gazing at that precious emblem of freedom. Many of the men who had been buoyed up with hope and excitement, now found themselves weak and perfectly helpless. At Vicksburg they were placed on a hospital steamboat, reaching Jefferson Barracks, Missouri, April 8, 1865, when, for the first time in four months, he had on a pair of shoes and a hat, being still weak and unable to walk or sit up. His father, who went to bring him home, found him in the hospital, April 11th, and started for home on the 14th, picking him up and carrying him in his arms to the cars, as he would a child, the merest skeleton of his former self, weighing only seventy-five pounds, just about one-half as much as when he entered the service, his weight then being one hundred and forty-seven. He was covered with scurvy sores, some so large as the palm of the hand, and hip bones badly protuberant. Arrived at home April 15th, the day the news of President Lincoln's assassination

was received. Was confined to his bed several weeks, and the cough he had contracted hung around him for fifteen months. His hair fell out, and his skin, which was of a yellow clay color, did not appear healthy for a long time; could not partake of food with salt in it, or highly seasoned, for over two months, and was unable to do manual labor of any kind for over a year. He received his discharge June 5, 1865, at Chicago, Ill., and also a notice from the War Department, dated June 20th, that he was duly exchanged.

In the spring of 1872, he settled in Osage, Mitchell Co., Iowa, where he now resides (1876), engaged in farming.

ROCKTON TOWNSHIP.

CARPENTER MYRON THOS.

Farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Rockton; born in Berkshire Co., Mass., Feb. 18, 1837; moved to this Co. with his parents in 1854; owns 80 acres land; first wife was Ida L. Humphrey; they were married in Beloit, Wis.; she was born in Beloit, in 1854; died Aug. 2, 1874; had one child by this marriage, Maude Ida, born July 27, 1874; present wife was Sophia Leavitt Martin; they were married in Rockton, June 20, 1877; she was born in Washington Co. Vt., June 16, 1857; Mr. Carpenter's father, Thos. Carpenter, was born in Williamstown, Mass., April 13, 1801; came to this Co. in 1854; married Ann Graves, in N. Y., Feb. 12, 1829; she was born in N. Y., June 13, 1799; he died in this town, Jan. 20, 1874.

CONKLIN HENRY W. Farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Rockton; born in Wayne Co., Penn., June 24, 1827; came to this Co. in 1839; the country was at that time comparatively unsettled; owns 179 acres land; held the office of Town Collector two years; also various other Tp. offices; married Alvalina Grover, in Juda, Wis., Nov. 28, 1856; she was born in Chautauqua Co., N. Y., Feb. 24, 1833; have had five children: Dorsey Tyler, born in Harrison, in this Co., Oct. 16, 1857; Lemi Henry, in Harrison, March 8, 1859; Jas. B., in Harrison, Aug. 12, 1863; Rosa E., in Oregon, Oct. 17, 1865; Eva E., in Rockton, Jan. 25, 1874.

ERRATA.

Page 235, twenty-third line from top, "Tinder," should be Tinker.

Page 239, first line of second paragraph, "Zorley," should be Zarley. This mistake occurs wherever the name Zarley appears.

Page 251, last line of first paragraph, "Halin," should read Hulin.

Page 256, third line from top, "James P.," should be James B. Martyn.

Page 539, biography Alva Beamer, date when he was born should be 1887, instead of "1880."

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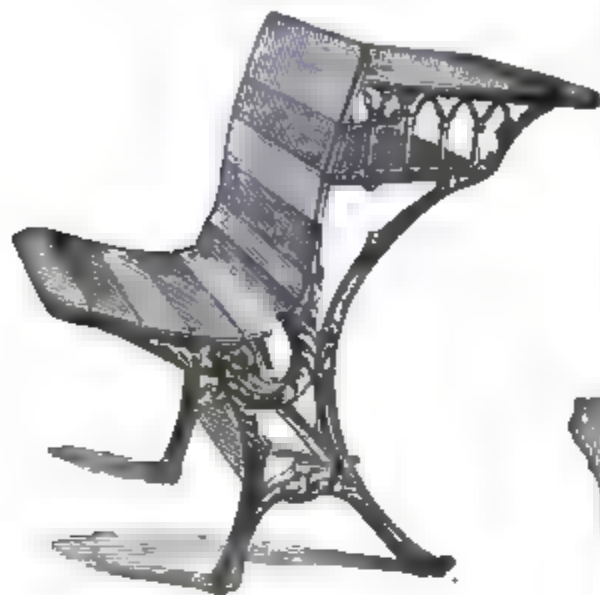
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5th Gustavus Adolphus Hanksinon
6th Mary (Dunham) Hanksinon Jones
7th Grace L. Jones.

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